

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition with Rubi V 4.17.3

4-Trig-functions/4.2-Cosine/89-4.2.2.1-a+b-cos<sup>m</sup>-c+d-cos<sup>n</sup>

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 932 ]. This is test number [ 89 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 13.3.1 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 932 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	99.68 ( 929 )	0.32 ( 3 )
Maple	91.63 ( 854 )	8.37 ( 78 )
Fricas	72.42 ( 675 )	27.58 ( 257 )
Maxima	34.87 ( 325 )	65.13 ( 607 )
Mupad	33.26 ( 310 )	66.74 ( 622 )
Giac	30.15 ( 281 )	69.85 ( 651 )
Sympy	10.84 ( 101 )	89.16 ( 831 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

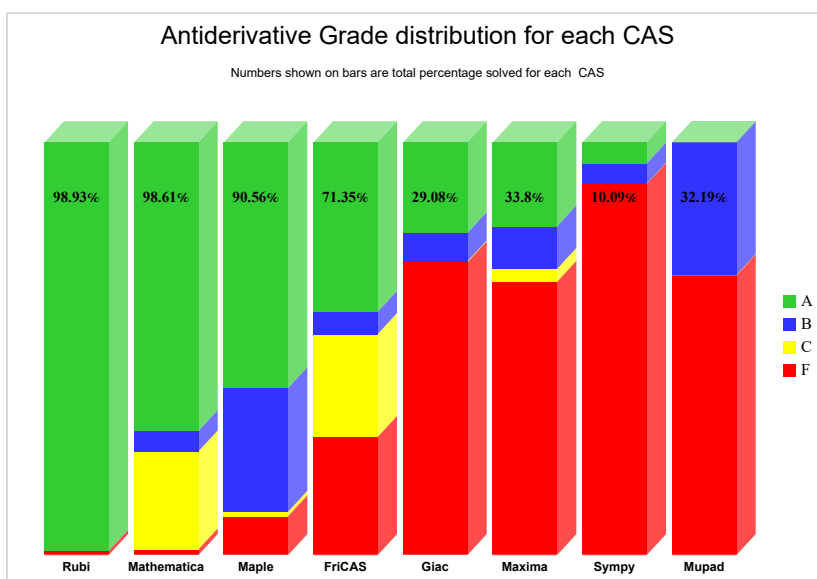
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

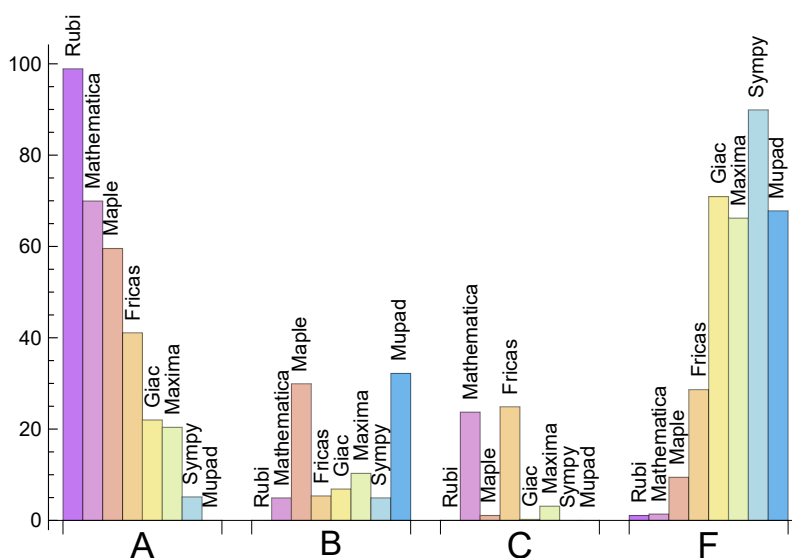
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	98.927	0.000	0.000	1.073
Mathematica	69.957	4.936	23.712	1.395
Maple	59.549	29.936	1.073	9.442
Fricas	41.094	5.365	24.893	28.648
Giac	21.996	6.867	0.215	70.923
Maxima	20.386	10.300	3.112	66.202
Sympy	5.150	4.936	0.000	89.914
Mupad	0.000	32.189	0.000	67.811

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima

and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	3	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	78	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	257	76.26	23.74	0.00
Maxima	607	89.95	2.80	7.25
Mupad	622	0.00	100.00	0.00
Giac	651	89.09	9.52	1.38
Sympy	831	48.38	51.62	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

## 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Fricas	0.24
Rubi	0.76
Maxima	1.35
Mathematica	2.87
Giac	2.90
Sympy	6.37
Mupad	14.55
Maple	15.48

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Rubi	156.60	1.01	131.00	1.01
Fricas	205.82	1.63	161.00	1.33
Sympy	223.22	2.51	129.00	1.75
Mathematica	234.01	1.44	133.00	0.96
Mupad	402.21	2.47	102.00	1.07
Maple	430.47	2.17	194.00	1.63
Giac	820.91	5.71	116.00	1.23
Maxima	6483.49	48.36	127.00	1.47

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

## 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

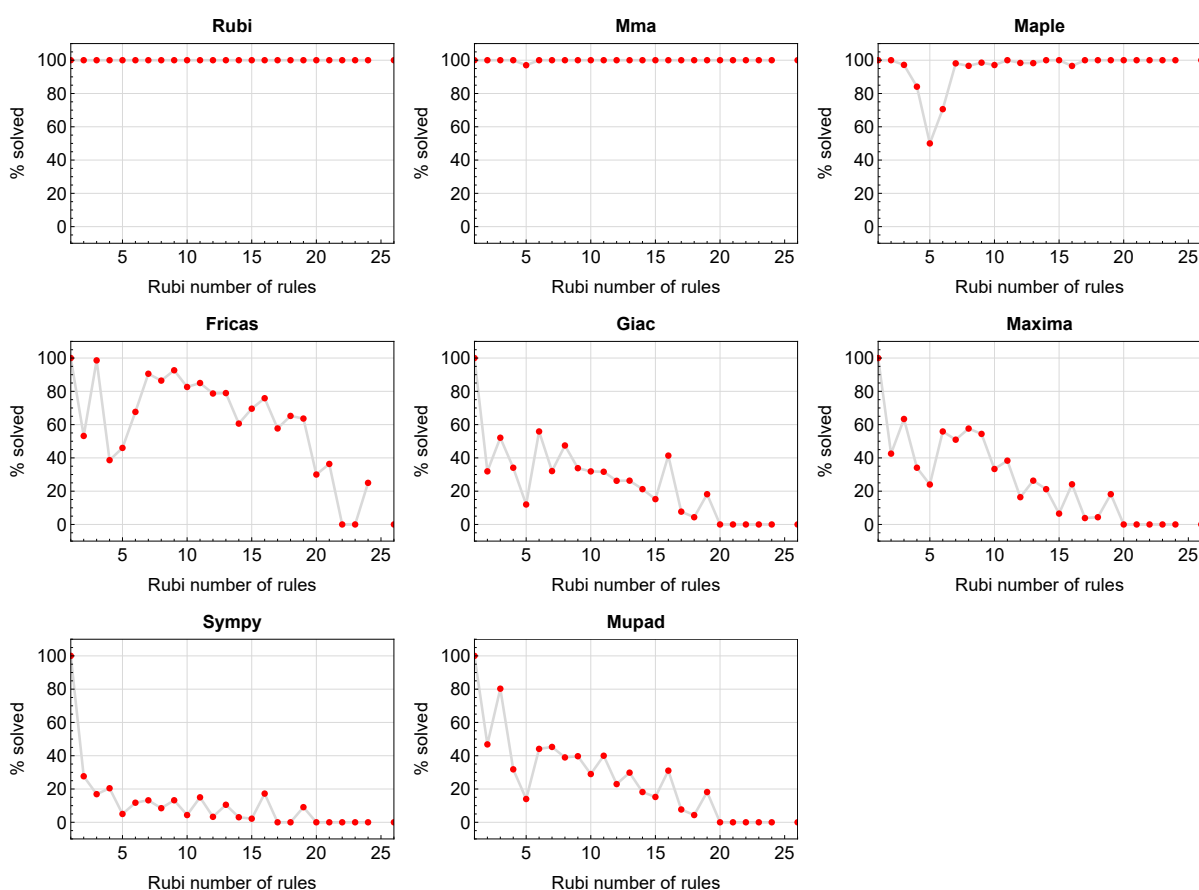


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used



## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

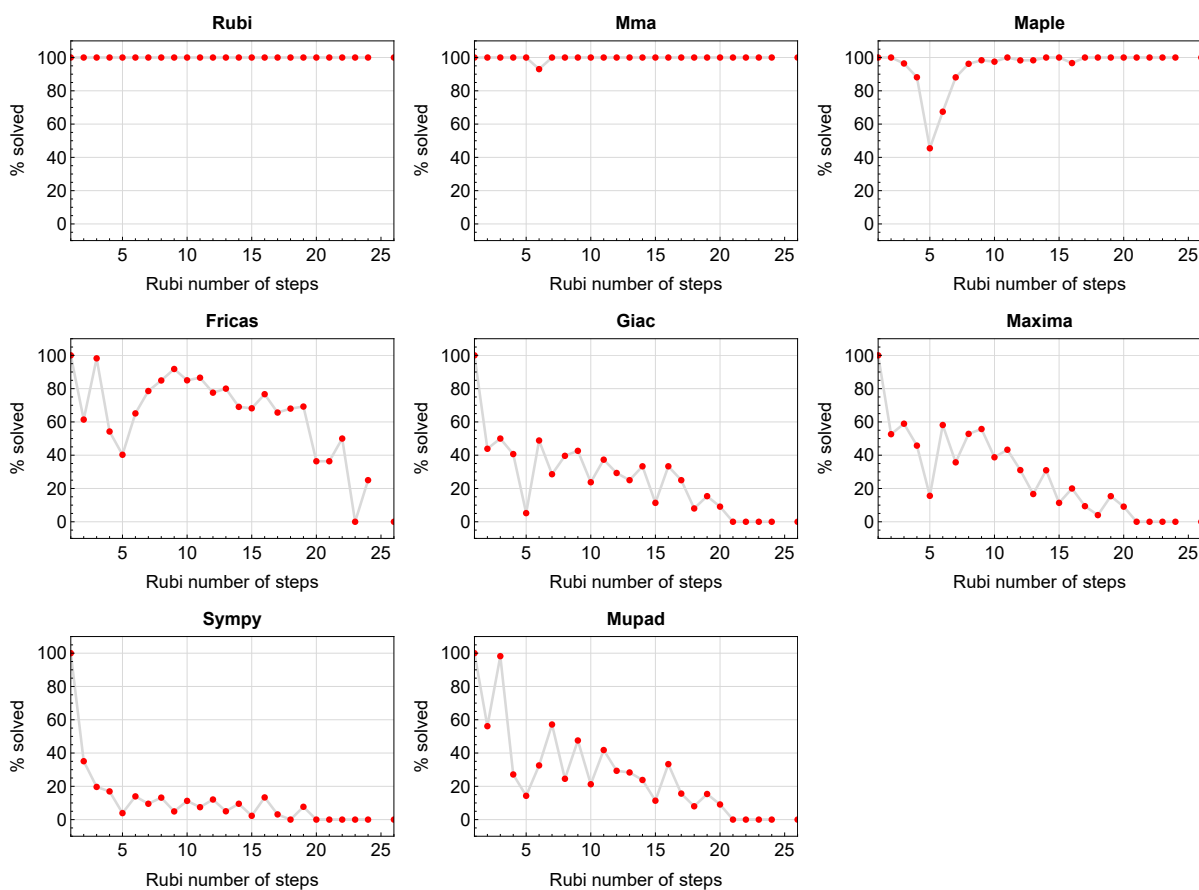


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

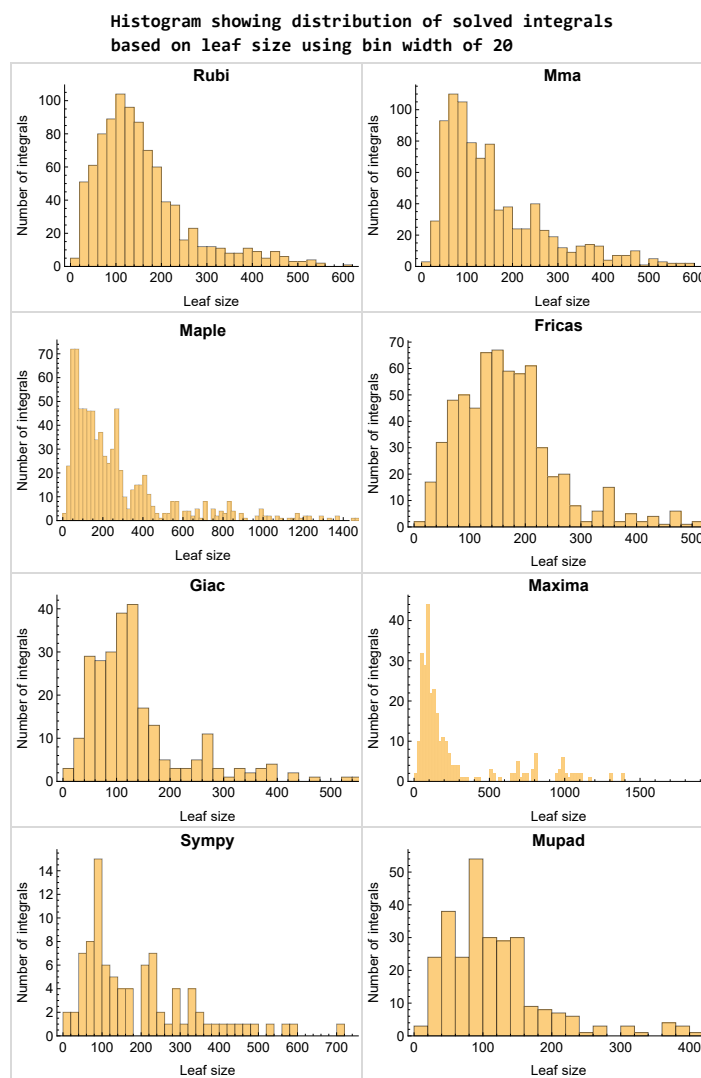


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

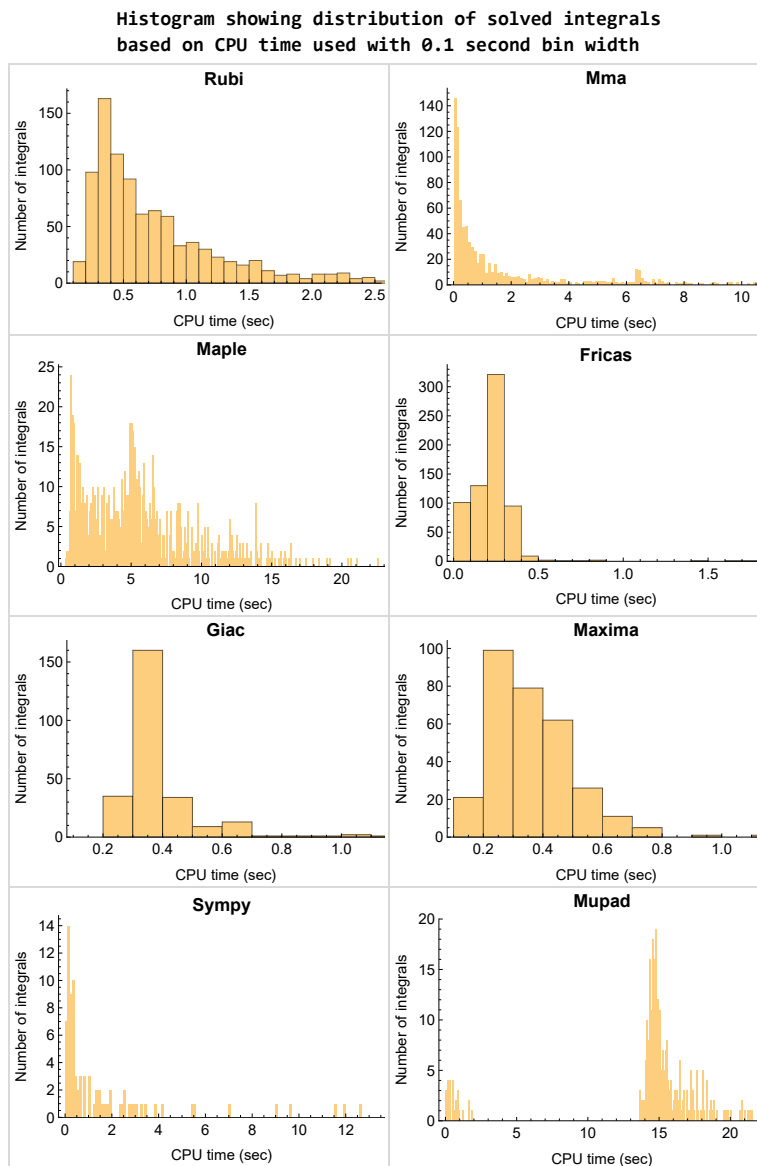


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following gives the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time.

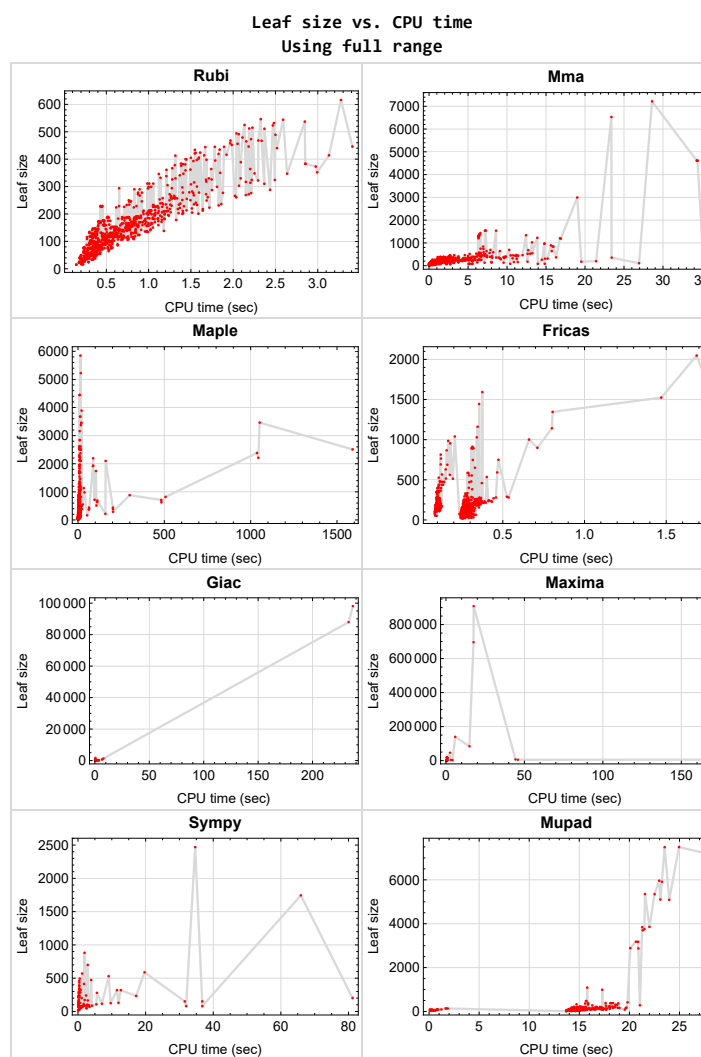


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

**Rubi** {}

**Mathematica** {}

**Maple** {}

**Maxima** {}

**Fricas** {}

**Sympy** {}

**Giac** {}

**Mupad** {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

**Rubi** {}

**Mathematica** {117, 146, 147, 148, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 161, 162, 167, 169, 195, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 228, 229, 230, 232, 235, 236, 237, 242, 243, 249, 250, 253, 257, 258, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 369, 373, 374, 379, 380, 386, 387, 610, 618, 638, 676, 677, 678, 679, 721, 724, 734, 735, 751, 755, 757, 763, 764, 765, 766, 773, 774}

**Maple** {126, 392, 631, 632, 638, 639, 732, 739, 746, 747, 752, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each `integrate` call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the `integrate` command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### 1.14.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

### 1.14.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

### 1.14.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```



### 1.14.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

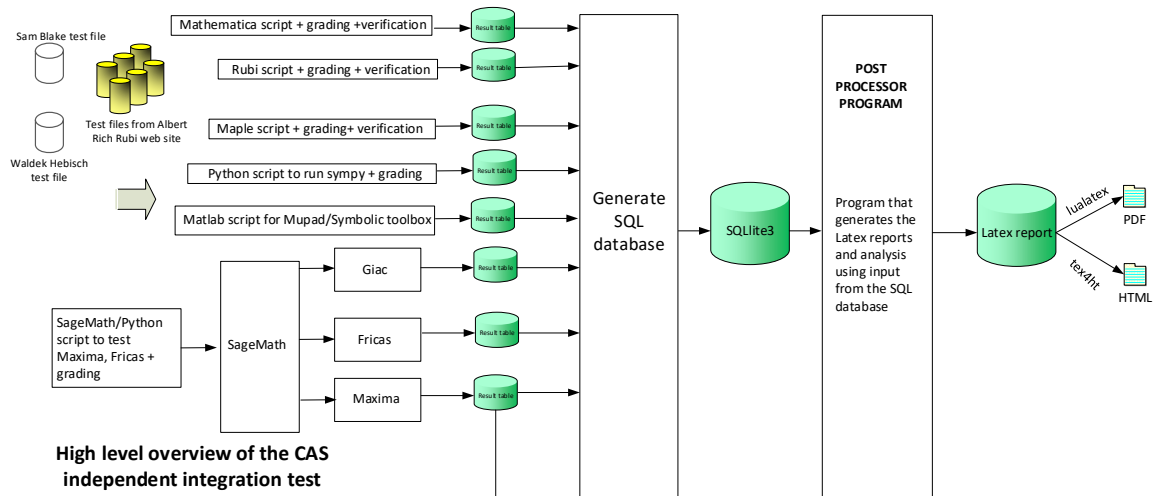
The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer, 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer, Leaf size of result.
4. integer, Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number, CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string, The integral in Latex format
7. string, The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string, The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string, The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer, 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String, The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String, The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String, Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer, 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer, Number of steps used.
16. integer, Number of rules used.
17. integer, Integrand leaf size.
18. real number, Ratio, Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String, The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

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June 27, 2013  
Design v0.01

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	33
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results . . . . .	267

## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

2.1.1	Rubi . . . . .	21
2.1.2	Mma . . . . .	22
2.1.3	Maple . . . . .	24
2.1.4	Fricas . . . . .	25
2.1.5	Maxima . . . . .	26
2.1.6	Giac . . . . .	28
2.1.7	Mupad . . . . .	29
2.1.8	Sympy . . . . .	30

### 2.1.1 Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544,

545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### 2.1.2 Mma

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 48, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 137, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 231, 232, 233, 234, 238, 239, 240, 241, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 259, 260, 261, 262, 266, 267, 268, 272, 273, 274, 300, 313, 327, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 364, 370, 375, 376, 381, 382, 383, 388, 389, 390, 391, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433,

434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 500, 501, 502, 503, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 619, 620, 621, 622, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 632, 633, 634, 639, 647, 650, 651, 656, 657, 661, 663, 668, 669, 671, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 769, 770, 771, 772, 775, 776, 777, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 789, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**B grade** { 28, 37, 38, 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 59, 60, 61, 62, 69, 70, 71, 80, 81, 91, 92, 586, 644, 645, 646, 648, 649, 652, 653, 654, 655, 658, 659, 660, 662, 670, 676, 677, 678, 679, 721, 734, 768, 773, 774, 788, 790 }

**C grade** { 117, 118, 119, 120, 128, 129, 130, 136, 138, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 228, 229, 230, 235, 236, 237, 242, 243, 249, 250, 257, 258, 263, 264, 265, 269, 270, 271, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 371, 372, 373, 374, 377, 378, 379, 380, 384, 385, 386, 387, 392, 393, 459, 491, 492, 498, 499, 504, 505, 506, 507, 514, 515, 521, 522, 528, 529, 535, 536, 537, 544, 545, 552, 553, 559, 560, 609, 610, 616, 617, 618, 623, 624, 625, 631, 635, 636, 637, 638, 640, 641, 642, 643, 664, 665, 666, 667, 672, 673, 674, 675, 778 }

**F normal fail** { 288, 289, 290 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

### 2.1.3 Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 104, 105, 106, 107, 112, 113, 114, 115, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 131, 132, 133, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 146, 147, 149, 150, 153, 154, 155, 160, 161, 162, 163, 167, 168, 169, 170, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 182, 183, 184, 186, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 197, 198, 199, 200, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 246, 247, 249, 250, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 301, 302, 303, 307, 308, 309, 310, 314, 315, 316, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 328, 329, 330, 331, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 490, 497, 504, 509, 510, 511, 513, 516, 517, 518, 520, 525, 527, 528, 533, 534, 535, 543, 546, 547, 548, 549, 554, 555, 556, 561, 564, 565, 572, 578, 583, 584, 605, 627, 628, 648, 650, 651, 656, 657, 658, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 666, 667, 668, 669, 672, 673, 674, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 700, 701, 703, 704, 708, 710, 711, 712, 715, 716, 733, 753, 754, 755, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 791, 792, 793, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886 }

**B grade** { 100, 101, 102, 103, 108, 109, 110, 111, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 127, 128, 129, 130, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 144, 145, 148, 151, 152, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 171, 172, 173, 180, 185, 187, 188, 196, 201, 208, 209, 222, 223, 233, 234, 235, 241, 245, 248, 251, 252, 261, 271, 285, 291, 292, 298, 299, 300, 304, 305, 306, 311, 312, 313, 317, 327, 332, 486, 487, 488, 489, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 512, 514, 515, 519, 521, 522, 523, 524, 529, 530, 531, 532, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 544, 545, 551, 552, 553, 558, 559, 560, 562, 563, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 574, 575, 576, 577, 580, 581, 582, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 629, 630, 631,

632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 649, 652, 653, 654, 655, 659, 665, 670, 671, 675, 690, 691, 697, 698, 699, 702, 705, 706, 707, 709, 713, 714, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 778, 794, 804, 805, 811, 812, 818, 819, 825, 826, 832, 833, 839, 840, 841 }

**C grade** { 32, 41, 42, 89, 126, 526, 550, 557, 573, 579 }

**F normal fail** { 221, 288, 289, 290, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 676, 677, 678, 679, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 787, 788, 789, 790, 795, 796, 797, 798, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## 2.1.4 Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 133, 138, 139, 140, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 286, 287, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 463, 464, 468, 469, 472, 480, 778, 779, 780, 782, 784, 785, 791, 792, 793, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886 }

**B grade** { 7, 8, 19, 101, 108, 109, 127, 128, 129, 134, 135, 136, 137, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 234, 235, 261, 283, 284, 285, 411, 412, 423, 456, 462, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 781, 783, 786, 869 }



**C grade** { 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 486, 487, 488, 489, 493, 494, 495, 496, 500, 501, 502, 503, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 516, 517, 518, 519, 523, 524, 525, 526, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 554, 555, 556, 557, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 794, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841 }

**F normal fail** { 288, 290, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 497, 513, 514, 515, 520, 521, 522, 551, 552, 553, 558, 559, 560, 595, 596, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 787, 788, 789, 790, 795, 796, 797, 798, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 289, 490, 491, 492, 498, 499, 504, 505, 506, 507, 527, 528, 529, 535, 536, 537, 544, 545, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 676, 677, 678, 679, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 735, 742 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### 2.1.5 Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 104, 105, 106, 107, 112, 113, 114, 115, 121, 210, 212, 218, 219, 220, 346, 348, 353, 354, 355, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 780, 793, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 866, 867, 868, 869, 873, 874, 875, 876, 880, 881, 882, 883 }

**B grade** { 40, 42, 46, 50, 51, 52, 101, 102, 103, 109, 110, 111, 117, 118, 119, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 128, 134, 135, 137, 143, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 221, 222, 223, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 347, 349, 350, 351, 352, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 396, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 848, 849, 856, 857, 864, 865, 870, 871, 872, 877, 878, 879, 884, 885, 886 }

**C grade** { 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 261, 262, 278, 279, 280, 281, 285, 286, 287, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371 }

**F normal fail** { 100, 108, 116, 127, 136, 144, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 197, 224, 225, 231, 232, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 259, 260, 275, 276, 277, 282, 283, 284, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 366, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 787, 788, 789, 790, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 120, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 139, 140, 141, 142, 145, 258, 386, 602, 724, 725, 786 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 138, 196, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481,

482, 483, 484, 485, 601, 778, 779, 791, 792 }

## 2.1.6 Giac

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 127, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 202, 203, 204, 205, 266, 267, 268, 272, 273, 274, 281, 339, 340, 341, 342, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 428, 429, 430, 431, 433, 434, 438, 439, 440, 441, 443, 444, 450, 451, 452, 454, 457, 459, 460, 462, 463, 464, 465, 467, 468, 470, 471, 472, 476, 478, 480, 779, 780, 783, 785, 786, 793, 842, 843, 844, 850, 851, 858 }

**B grade** { 7, 8, 18, 19, 126, 223, 265, 271, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 432, 435, 436, 437, 442, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 453, 455, 456, 458, 461, 466, 469, 473, 474, 475, 477, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 778, 781, 782, 784, 791, 792 }

**C grade** { 212, 219 }

**F normal fail** { 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 206, 207, 209, 213, 214, 222, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 242, 243, 249, 250, 257, 258, 261, 262, 263, 264, 269, 270, 288, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 343, 344, 345, 349, 351, 352, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 373, 374, 379, 380, 386, 387, 397, 398, 399, 400, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731,

732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 787, 788, 789, 790, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 208, 210, 211, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 224, 225, 231, 232, 238, 239, 240, 241, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 259, 260, 289, 346, 347, 348, 350, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 366, 372, 375, 376, 377, 378, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 603 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 144, 145, 401, 402 }

## 2.1.7 Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 99, 124, 125, 126, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 202, 203, 204, 205, 210, 211, 212, 218, 219, 220, 221, 266, 267, 268, 272, 273, 274, 339, 340, 341, 342, 346, 347, 348, 353, 354, 355, 396, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 524, 525, 526, 548, 549, 550, 555, 556, 557, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 780, 781, 782, 783, 785, 786, 791, 792, 793, 794, 822, 823, 842, 843, 844, 845, 850, 851, 852, 853, 858, 859, 860, 861, 866, 867, 868, 873, 874, 875, 880, 881, 882 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 95, 96, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, }

183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 206,  
 207, 208, 209, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233,  
 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253,  
 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 269, 270, 271, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279,  
 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299,  
 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319,  
 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 343,  
 344, 345, 349, 350, 351, 352, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369,  
 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389,  
 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493,  
 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513,  
 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536,  
 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 551, 552, 553, 554, 558, 559, 560, 582, 583,  
 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603,  
 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623,  
 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643,  
 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663,  
 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 690, 691, 692, 693,  
 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713,  
 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733,  
 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753,  
 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773,  
 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 784, 787, 788, 789, 790, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803,  
 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 824, 825,  
 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 846, 847, 848, 849,  
 854, 855, 856, 857, 862, 863, 864, 865, 869, 870, 871, 872, 876, 877, 878, 879, 883, 884, 885, 886,  
 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906,  
 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926,  
 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

### 2.1.8 Sympy

**A grade { 2, 4, 6, 7, 17, 47, 48, 56, 57, 58, 65, 66, 67, 68, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87,  
 88, 89, 93, 94, 404, 406, 408, 410, 420, 421, 429, 431, 440, 441, 793, 843, 844, 845, 852, 853, 867,  
 868, 875 }**

**B grade { 1, 3, 5, 13, 14, 15, 16, 23, 24, 25, 26, 33, 34, 35, 43, 44, 45, 46, 53, 54, 55, 63, 64, 72, 82,  
 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 417, 418, 419, 428, 430, 438, 439, 452, 453, 454, 464, 780, 781, 782, 783,  
 791 }**

**C grade { }**

**F normal fail** { 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 36, 37, 38, 39, 49, 50, 51, 52, 59, 60, 61, 62, 69, 70, 71, 79, 80, 81, 90, 91, 92, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 106, 107, 108, 115, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 142, 143, 144, 145, 148, 149, 150, 156, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 185, 186, 187, 188, 194, 195, 196, 197, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 207, 208, 209, 210, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 239, 240, 241, 242, 246, 247, 248, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 301, 302, 303, 308, 309, 310, 315, 316, 318, 319, 320, 321, 325, 326, 327, 328, 332, 333, 334, 343, 344, 345, 351, 352, 363, 364, 365, 366, 369, 370, 371, 372, 374, 375, 376, 399, 400, 401, 402, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 432, 433, 434, 435, 442, 443, 444, 445, 455, 456, 457, 458, 465, 466, 467, 468, 475, 476, 477, 484, 485, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 495, 496, 497, 503, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 542, 543, 544, 545, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 563, 564, 565, 571, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 611, 612, 613, 614, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 632, 633, 634, 635, 639, 640, 641, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 701, 702, 703, 709, 710, 711, 713, 714, 715, 716, 719, 720, 721, 722, 725, 726, 727, 733, 734, 735, 741, 742, 752, 753, 754, 755, 758, 759, 760, 771, 772, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 801, 802, 803, 823, 824, 825, 826, 832, 833, 846, 869, 870, 876, 877, 889, 890, 901, 902, 903, 904, 908, 909, 910, 911, 913, 914, 915, 916, 921, 922, 923, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 31, 32, 40, 41, 42, 95, 96, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 131, 132, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 181, 182, 183, 184, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 198, 204, 205, 206, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 224, 230, 231, 237, 238, 243, 244, 245, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 268, 274, 275, 281, 282, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 298, 299, 300, 304, 305, 306, 307, 311, 312, 313, 314, 317, 322, 323, 324, 329, 330, 331, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 367, 368, 373, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 427, 436, 437, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 486, 493, 494, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 516, 523, 530, 531, 538, 539, 540, 541, 546, 547, 554, 561, 562, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 608, 609, 610, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 631, 636, 637, 638, 642, 643, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 689, 690, 691, 697, 698, 699, 700, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 712, 717, 718, 723, 724, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 756, 757, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 773, 774, 792, 799, 800, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819,

820, 821, 822, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 847, 848, 849,  
850, 851, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 871, 872, 873, 874, 878,  
879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900,  
905, 906, 907, 912, 917, 918, 919, 920, 924, 925, 926, 927 }

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	75	73	84	75	216	92	107
N.S.	1	1.04	0.66	0.64	0.74	0.66	1.89	0.81	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.138	2.449	0.221	0.271	0.343	0.309	16.482

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	93	65	64	69	64	168	77	93
N.S.	1	1.01	0.71	0.70	0.75	0.70	1.83	0.84	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.101	2.254	0.242	0.335	0.228	0.331	16.631

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	81	73	53	57	53	144	62	79
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	0.70	0.75	0.70	1.89	0.82	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.065	2.191	0.220	0.277	0.167	0.320	17.686



Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	55	57	40	46	42	92	47	55
N.S.	1	1.02	1.06	0.74	0.85	0.78	1.70	0.87	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.071	1.662	0.225	0.261	0.120	0.308	14.560

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	32	29	34	29	66	31	50
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.76	0.89	0.76	1.74	0.82	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.048	0.714	0.217	0.263	0.100	0.301	15.134

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	26	16	15	17	17	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	1.07	1.00	1.13	1.13	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.146	0.003	0.333	0.243	0.256	0.059	0.304	13.686

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	29	28	36	49	43	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.81	1.75	2.25	3.06	2.69	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.007	1.144	0.233	0.268	2.511	0.337	13.698

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	30	38	60	0	63	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.25	1.58	2.50	0.00	2.62	1.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.008	1.781	0.220	0.277	0.000	0.324	13.797

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	48	47	47	58	74	0	80	75
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	1.00	1.23	1.57	0.00	1.70	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.011	2.257	0.242	0.278	0.000	0.337	14.610

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	64	60	60	70	88	0	96	102
N.S.	1	1.02	0.95	0.95	1.11	1.40	0.00	1.52	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.103	2.284	0.212	0.271	0.000	0.341	16.521

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	90	56	73	95	99	0	110	130
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	0.86	1.12	1.16	0.00	1.29	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.129	2.684	0.231	0.257	0.000	0.321	17.611

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	102	65	83	107	110	0	124	158
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	0.82	1.06	1.09	0.00	1.23	1.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.199	2.496	0.232	0.261	0.000	0.307	19.005

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	73	75	121	89	343	106	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.58	0.94	0.69	2.66	0.82	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.155	2.974	0.233	0.268	0.370	0.307	16.985

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	61	64	95	76	221	89	105
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	0.62	0.92	0.74	2.15	0.86	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.075	2.761	0.217	0.264	0.254	0.342	17.331

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	53	55	83	63	211	72	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.63	0.95	0.72	2.43	0.83	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.084	2.258	0.221	0.259	0.183	0.309	17.201

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	75	41	42	61	49	107	54	61
N.S.	1	1.32	0.72	0.74	1.07	0.86	1.88	0.95	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.055	1.422	0.225	0.254	0.126	0.306	13.706

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	34	31	45	36	78	38	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.69	1.00	0.80	1.73	0.84	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.083	0.701	0.227	0.252	0.092	0.301	14.395

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	47	44	43	53	0	79	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.29	1.26	1.56	0.00	2.32	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.026	1.226	0.213	0.254	0.000	0.330	14.234

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	28	44	49	76	0	79	56
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.29	1.44	2.24	0.00	2.32	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.017	1.887	0.219	0.257	0.000	0.329	14.195

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	54	70	88	83	0	90	83
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.30	1.63	1.54	0.00	1.67	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.011	2.236	0.210	0.256	0.000	0.340	14.145

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	66	75	85	96	0	106	112
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.14	1.29	1.45	0.00	1.61	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.219	3.313	0.245	0.262	0.000	0.352	15.599

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	58	112	145	111	0	122	141
N.S.	1	1.00	0.60	1.17	1.51	1.16	0.00	1.27	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.297	2.931	0.217	0.263	0.000	0.354	16.990

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	73	75	143	89	379	106	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.58	1.11	0.69	2.94	0.82	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.112	3.378	0.230	0.260	0.385	0.332	16.744

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	63	66	117	76	272	88	105
N.S.	1	1.00	0.60	0.63	1.11	0.72	2.59	0.84	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.086	2.467	0.204	0.254	0.271	0.319	17.432

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	93	51	53	94	63	224	71	89
N.S.	1	1.09	0.60	0.62	1.11	0.74	2.64	0.84	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.080	2.311	0.240	0.255	0.195	0.330	17.364

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	44	42	70	50	121	55	63
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.67	1.11	0.79	1.92	0.87	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.102	1.619	0.218	0.280	0.126	0.328	14.110

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	81	59	67	65	0	100	88
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.00	1.14	1.10	0.00	1.69	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.408	1.308	0.214	0.269	0.000	0.371	14.531

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	211	55	64	91	0	80	57
N.S.	1	1.00	4.40	1.15	1.33	1.90	0.00	1.67	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	1.078	2.257	0.224	0.301	0.000	0.447	14.895

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	50	80	99	98	0	100	88
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	1.36	1.68	1.66	0.00	1.69	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.025	2.544	0.341	0.263	0.000	0.430	14.626

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	94	111	98	0	106	112
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.31	1.54	1.36	0.00	1.47	1.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.228	3.446	0.238	0.254	0.000	0.367	16.088

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	93	123	156	111	0	122	141
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.32	1.68	1.19	0.00	1.31	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.314	3.794	0.240	0.267	0.000	0.409	16.968

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	114	145	179	124	0	138	170
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.27	1.57	1.09	0.00	1.21	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.433	4.074	0.242	0.252	0.000	0.355	18.351

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	73	75	165	89	434	106	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.59	1.30	0.70	3.42	0.83	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.128	3.733	0.220	0.252	0.391	0.359	16.436

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	117	63	66	128	76	280	89	105
N.S.	1	1.15	0.62	0.65	1.25	0.75	2.75	0.87	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.091	2.794	0.316	0.243	0.277	0.349	17.628

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	56	55	106	63	224	72	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.64	0.63	1.22	0.72	2.57	0.83	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.139	2.109	0.223	0.254	0.196	0.306	17.281



Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	91	70	89	80	0	116	93
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.96	1.22	1.10	0.00	1.59	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.750	2.447	0.270	0.255	0.000	0.370	13.996

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	241	82	85	105	0	129	117
N.S.	1	1.00	3.30	1.12	1.16	1.44	0.00	1.77	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	2.997	2.186	0.233	0.321	0.000	0.359	14.568

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	272	91	110	111	0	129	115
N.S.	1	1.00	3.73	1.25	1.51	1.52	0.00	1.77	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	3.459	2.970	0.251	0.264	0.000	0.379	14.792

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	61	96	120	110	0	116	117
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.32	1.64	1.51	0.00	1.59	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.029	3.296	0.298	0.275	0.000	0.349	14.642

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	96	135	182	111	0	122	141
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.41	1.90	1.16	0.00	1.27	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	1.276	3.954	0.273	0.298	0.000	0.377	17.745

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	111	156	190	124	0	138	170
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.41	1.71	1.12	0.00	1.24	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	1.574	4.382	0.239	0.272	0.000	0.380	19.710

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	136	136	178	270	137	0	154	199
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.31	1.99	1.01	0.00	1.13	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	3.760	4.540	0.264	0.278	0.000	0.381	18.603

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	119	173	67	217	79	882	101	98
N.S.	1	1.01	1.47	0.57	1.84	0.67	7.47	0.86	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	0.842	0.805	0.315	0.260	1.934	0.341	16.481

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	93	143	54	176	70	570	88	70
N.S.	1	0.99	1.52	0.57	1.87	0.74	6.06	0.94	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.743	0.780	0.490	0.321	1.225	0.329	14.751

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	117	43	133	57	325	73	89
N.S.	1	1.00	1.54	0.57	1.75	0.75	4.28	0.96	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.722	0.761	0.316	0.256	0.817	0.328	14.376

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	42	89	31	92	46	129	58	66
N.S.	1	0.98	2.07	0.72	2.14	1.07	3.00	1.35	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.474	0.735	0.309	0.259	0.560	0.381	14.916

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	69	23	49	37	27	28	23
N.S.	1	1.00	2.38	0.79	1.69	1.28	0.93	0.97	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.141	0.717	0.315	0.248	0.359	0.360	14.640

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	17	17	23	22	20	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.77	1.05	1.00	0.91	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.012	0.699	0.214	0.243	0.297	0.356	14.196

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	103	46	75	65	0	54	31
N.S.	1	1.00	2.71	1.21	1.97	1.71	0.00	1.42	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.282	0.868	0.220	0.322	0.000	0.438	14.482

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	54	188	74	119	97	0	84	67
N.S.	1	1.02	3.55	1.40	2.25	1.83	0.00	1.58	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.783	0.933	0.231	0.254	0.000	0.319	14.798

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	84	244	105	162	112	0	101	95
N.S.	1	1.01	2.94	1.27	1.95	1.35	0.00	1.22	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	1.167	0.992	0.243	0.260	0.000	0.320	14.756

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	101	368	132	205	124	0	114	96
N.S.	1	0.98	3.57	1.28	1.99	1.20	0.00	1.11	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	3.134	1.044	0.208	0.270	0.000	0.314	14.585

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	136	115	77	207	108	700	108	135
N.S.	1	1.10	0.93	0.62	1.67	0.87	5.65	0.87	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	0.528	0.872	0.309	0.257	2.879	0.332	14.881

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	120	107	66	164	99	413	95	113
N.S.	1	1.05	0.94	0.58	1.44	0.87	3.62	0.83	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.423	0.789	0.353	0.306	1.774	0.454	14.579

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	97	55	118	90	201	79	91
N.S.	1	1.06	1.21	0.69	1.48	1.12	2.51	0.99	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.450	0.791	0.304	0.255	1.080	0.319	14.330

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	61	87	36	72	80	56	50	35
N.S.	1	1.07	1.53	0.63	1.26	1.40	0.98	0.88	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.256	0.703	0.313	0.256	0.650	0.303	14.215

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	54	36	31	47	51	48	31	30
N.S.	1	0.98	0.65	0.56	0.85	0.93	0.87	0.56	0.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.079	0.677	0.232	0.242	0.491	0.298	14.362

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	54	53	31	46	49	44	31	30
N.S.	1	0.98	0.96	0.56	0.84	0.89	0.80	0.56	0.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.036	0.629	0.238	0.245	0.427	0.304	14.060

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	67	152	62	98	114	0	77	43
N.S.	1	1.02	2.30	0.94	1.48	1.73	0.00	1.17	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.437	0.900	0.227	0.325	0.000	0.332	14.080

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	89	239	92	145	146	0	106	92
N.S.	1	1.10	2.95	1.14	1.79	1.80	0.00	1.31	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	1.073	0.839	0.250	0.297	0.000	0.312	14.369

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	125	292	120	190	162	0	122	122
N.S.	1	1.05	2.45	1.01	1.60	1.36	0.00	1.03	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.803	1.590	1.052	0.279	0.273	0.000	0.322	14.364

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	145	343	152	234	172	0	135	153
N.S.	1	1.09	2.58	1.14	1.76	1.29	0.00	1.02	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	2.911	1.261	0.240	0.262	0.000	0.329	14.297

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	167	127	77	184	135	473	113	137
N.S.	1	1.09	0.83	0.50	1.20	0.88	3.09	0.74	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.745	2.026	0.838	0.332	0.267	3.889	0.313	14.301

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	124	107	66	137	126	240	96	113
N.S.	1	1.04	0.90	0.55	1.15	1.06	2.02	0.81	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.882	0.488	0.785	0.308	0.252	2.377	0.315	14.279

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	106	108	51	92	116	75	68	81
N.S.	1	1.10	1.12	0.53	0.96	1.21	0.78	0.71	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	0.816	0.808	0.318	0.269	1.362	0.308	14.227

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	85	46	45	67	75	68	46	45
N.S.	1	1.02	0.55	0.54	0.81	0.90	0.82	0.55	0.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.130	0.707	0.232	0.245	1.035	0.307	14.536

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	87	44	31	47	73	48	31	30
N.S.	1	1.05	0.53	0.37	0.57	0.88	0.58	0.37	0.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.074	0.837	0.575	0.295	0.808	0.305	14.316



Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	87	65	45	67	75	63	46	45
N.S.	1	1.05	0.78	0.54	0.81	0.90	0.76	0.55	0.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.056	0.659	0.229	0.234	0.687	0.293	14.604

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	107	201	75	119	158	0	94	58
N.S.	1	1.10	2.07	0.77	1.23	1.63	0.00	0.97	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	0.550	0.894	0.228	0.254	0.000	0.331	14.175

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	123	286	105	165	190	0	122	111
N.S.	1	1.10	2.55	0.94	1.47	1.70	0.00	1.09	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.895	1.129	1.025	0.344	0.259	0.000	0.322	14.306

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	170	343	135	211	206	0	139	141
N.S.	1	1.09	2.20	0.87	1.35	1.32	0.00	0.89	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	1.103	2.914	1.102	0.289	0.259	0.000	0.322	14.377

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	202	137	88	204	171	530	128	159
N.S.	1	1.10	0.74	0.48	1.11	0.93	2.88	0.70	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	1.006	6.175	0.934	0.356	0.266	9.079	0.321	14.851

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	171	135	77	158	162	280	112	137
N.S.	1	1.14	0.90	0.51	1.05	1.08	1.87	0.75	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	1.193	1.664	0.830	0.327	0.267	5.596	0.337	14.974

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	142	117	64	112	152	95	83	102
N.S.	1	1.12	0.92	0.50	0.88	1.20	0.75	0.65	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.958	3.187	0.650	0.330	0.269	3.261	0.343	14.835

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	121	56	57	87	99	88	59	58
N.S.	1	1.06	0.49	0.50	0.76	0.87	0.77	0.52	0.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	1.227	0.692	0.248	0.258	2.401	0.320	15.080

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	118	56	58	87	99	87	59	58
N.S.	1	1.05	0.50	0.52	0.78	0.88	0.78	0.53	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.877	0.777	0.258	0.252	1.890	0.317	14.941

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	120	56	57	87	99	85	59	58
N.S.	1	1.07	0.50	0.51	0.78	0.88	0.76	0.53	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.163	0.780	0.230	0.243	1.585	0.307	14.939

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	120	77	56	87	99	83	59	58
N.S.	1	1.07	0.69	0.50	0.78	0.88	0.74	0.53	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.120	0.630	0.228	0.283	1.431	0.297	15.283

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	135	185	88	139	202	0	110	83
N.S.	1	1.12	1.54	0.73	1.16	1.68	0.00	0.92	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.850	0.901	1.026	0.229	0.265	0.000	0.333	14.901

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	159	341	118	186	234	0	139	130
N.S.	1	1.18	2.53	0.87	1.38	1.73	0.00	1.03	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	1.115	3.376	1.065	0.249	0.260	0.000	0.326	14.974

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	203	455	148	231	250	0	155	160
N.S.	1	1.10	2.46	0.80	1.25	1.35	0.00	0.84	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	1.370	6.781	1.271	0.329	0.261	0.000	0.337	15.503

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	250	143	98	224	207	588	145	181
N.S.	1	1.11	0.64	0.44	1.00	0.92	2.61	0.64	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	1.274	8.033	0.997	0.339	0.257	19.695	0.346	15.425

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	220	149	88	178	198	320	129	159
N.S.	1	1.15	0.78	0.46	0.93	1.04	1.68	0.68	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	1.496	7.982	0.743	0.324	0.268	11.539	0.432	15.056

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	196	127	77	132	188	116	100	125
N.S.	1	1.17	0.76	0.46	0.79	1.12	0.69	0.60	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	1.248	7.118	0.713	0.309	0.258	7.073	0.420	14.852

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	176	66	71	107	123	107	72	127
N.S.	1	1.14	0.43	0.46	0.69	0.79	0.69	0.46	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.953	2.737	0.738	0.222	0.247	5.436	0.425	14.121

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	159	66	57	87	123	87	59	58
N.S.	1	1.08	0.45	0.39	0.59	0.84	0.59	0.40	0.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.845	2.694	0.843	0.221	0.300	4.125	0.434	14.414

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	147	66	45	67	123	68	46	45
N.S.	1	1.06	0.47	0.32	0.48	0.88	0.49	0.33	0.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	2.261	0.818	0.261	0.250	3.418	0.358	14.012

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	153	66	57	87	123	85	59	58
N.S.	1	1.07	0.46	0.40	0.61	0.86	0.59	0.41	0.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	0.224	0.767	0.263	0.253	3.037	0.438	14.056

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	153	89	69	107	123	102	72	127
N.S.	1	1.07	0.62	0.48	0.75	0.86	0.71	0.50	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.117	0.780	0.213	0.247	2.758	0.388	14.571

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	181	211	101	159	246	0	126	99
N.S.	1	1.18	1.38	0.66	1.04	1.61	0.00	0.82	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	1.089	1.622	1.112	0.246	0.269	0.000	0.437	14.541

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	200	393	131	206	278	0	155	149
N.S.	1	1.19	2.34	0.78	1.23	1.65	0.00	0.92	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	1.442	5.518	1.174	0.302	0.289	0.000	0.443	14.776

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	249	507	160	251	294	0	171	179
N.S.	1	1.11	2.26	0.71	1.12	1.31	0.00	0.76	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	1.678	7.091	1.223	0.257	0.266	0.000	0.415	14.231

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	211	76	83	127	147	129	85	75
N.S.	1	1.15	0.41	0.45	0.69	0.80	0.70	0.46	0.41
time (sec)	N/A	1.244	5.085	0.742	0.233	0.253	11.966	0.422	15.305

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	204	76	84	127	147	124	85	151
N.S.	1	1.16	0.43	0.48	0.72	0.84	0.70	0.48	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	1.095	5.085	0.869	0.227	0.250	9.672	0.414	14.791

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	179	92	97	79	72	0	117	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.58	0.61	0.50	0.46	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	0.202	0.971	0.391	0.243	0.000	0.659	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	138	80	84	65	62	0	96	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.66	0.69	0.53	0.51	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.096	0.797	0.365	0.243	0.000	0.619	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	97	68	71	51	52	0	75	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.79	0.83	0.59	0.60	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.064	0.917	0.439	0.303	0.000	0.484	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	54	58	36	40	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.04	0.64	0.71	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.046	0.776	0.388	0.261	0.000	0.547	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	29	43	20	32	0	30	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.65	0.77	1.23	0.00	1.15	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.020	0.942	0.373	0.242	0.000	0.372	14.123



Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	50	182	0	146	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	4.92	0.00	3.95	0.00	1.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.035	1.415	0.000	0.270	0.000	0.381	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	79	383	1170	140	0	104	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	6.18	18.87	2.26	0.00	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.071	1.221	0.402	0.263	0.000	0.422	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	101	94	551	2642	155	0	131	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.92	5.40	25.90	1.52	0.00	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.122	1.560	4.163	0.265	0.000	0.438	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	142	109	717	5115	165	0	154	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	5.20	37.07	1.20	0.00	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	0.224	1.779	45.833	0.264	0.000	0.425	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	182	93	99	84	78	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.57	0.61	0.52	0.48	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.837	0.165	0.714	0.388	0.263	0.000	0.681	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	131	81	86	69	67	0	100	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.70	0.74	0.59	0.58	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	0.106	0.867	0.385	0.254	0.000	0.428	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	91	67	71	53	55	0	77	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.78	0.83	0.62	0.64	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.063	0.970	0.393	0.246	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	55	58	38	44	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.98	0.64	0.75	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.041	0.772	0.408	0.309	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	65	209	0	127	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	3.17	0.00	1.92	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.058	1.335	0.000	0.255	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	81	385	1314	146	0	107	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	5.92	20.22	2.25	0.00	1.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.079	1.370	0.413	0.251	0.000	0.329	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	104	97	551	3216	162	0	134	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.92	5.20	30.34	1.53	0.00	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.159	1.557	0.931	0.317	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	145	110	718	5542	173	0	158	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.76	4.99	38.49	1.20	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.669	0.236	1.901	164.443	0.267	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	227	107	112	111	101	0	156	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.53	0.55	0.55	0.50	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.104	0.314	5.543	0.356	0.264	0.000	1.757	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	165	95	99	94	88	0	132	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.65	0.68	0.64	0.60	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.684	0.192	2.147	0.470	0.308	0.000	0.809	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	125	84	86	77	75	0	108	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.72	0.74	0.66	0.65	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.146	1.163	0.372	0.265	0.000	0.442	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	93	71	73	60	62	0	84	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.80	0.82	0.67	0.70	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.068	0.885	0.342	0.257	0.000	0.356	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	101	89	246	0	147	0	120	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.91	2.51	0.00	1.50	0.00	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.279	1.973	0.000	0.276	0.000	0.386	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	99	217	432	10847	164	0	135	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.36	4.70	117.90	1.78	0.00	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.545	5.580	6.561	0.673	0.270	0.000	0.375	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	108	267	551	3667	170	0	140	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.52	5.20	34.59	1.60	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	6.367	27.530	3.255	0.280	0.000	0.526	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	148	284	717	6703	183	0	166	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.97	4.98	46.55	1.27	0.00	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.739	6.465	96.056	44.297	0.270	0.000	0.416	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	189	388	882	0	196	0	192	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.13	4.85	0.00	1.08	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.925	6.688	299.260	0.000	0.266	0.000	0.422	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	127	83	86	77	75	0	108	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.70	0.72	0.65	0.63	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.161	0.983	0.371	0.250	0.000	0.443	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	199	112	194	696204	153	0	141	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.64	1.11	4001.17	0.88	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.082	0.228	1.163	17.570	0.293	0.000	0.577	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	154	101	183	908518	143	0	139	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.72	1.31	6489.41	1.02	0.00	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.789	0.170	1.293	17.657	0.257	0.000	0.415	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	112	84	132	19437	131	0	103	97
N.S.	1	1.08	0.81	1.27	186.89	1.26	0.00	0.99	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.095	1.414	0.662	0.265	0.000	0.360	14.229

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	53	120	18948	122	0	100	60
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	1.64	259.56	1.67	0.00	1.37	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.032	1.223	0.575	0.312	0.000	0.341	0.128

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	40	56	90	126	0	93	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.22	1.96	2.74	0.00	2.02	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.008	0.441	0.352	0.262	0.000	0.298	14.131

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	65	226	0	164	0	121	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	2.66	0.00	1.93	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.040	1.639	0.000	0.271	0.000	0.343	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	117	192	466	18435	236	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.78	4.31	170.69	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.855	1.746	0.548	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	159	360	677	0	251	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.45	4.61	0.00	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.907	1.261	1.802	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	206	385	883	0	263	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	2.13	4.88	0.00	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.182	1.416	2.039	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	199	118	265	0	184	0	167	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.64	1.45	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.085	0.264	1.159	0.000	0.268	0.000	1.139	0.000



Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	154	110	234	0	174	0	101	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.76	1.61	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.793	0.193	1.264	0.000	0.261	0.000	0.689	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	109	100	173	0	164	0	145	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.95	1.65	0.00	1.56	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.133	1.561	0.000	0.255	0.000	0.464	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	54	140	46532	154	0	116	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	1.82	604.31	2.00	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.077	1.283	2.590	0.250	0.000	0.375	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	63	138	15721	153	0	112	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.79	204.17	1.99	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.048	1.105	1.142	0.254	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	120	227	290	0	254	0	137	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.99	2.54	0.00	2.23	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	1.266	1.948	0.000	0.265	0.000	0.359	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	152	103	567	139280	286	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.72	3.94	967.22	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.887	0.338	1.684	5.926	0.308	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	200	841	807	0	302	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	4.55	4.36	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.175	6.928	1.809	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	199	123	242	0	208	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.67	1.32	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.088	0.422	1.425	0.000	0.268	0.000	3.304	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	155	113	208	0	198	0	161	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.78	1.43	0.00	1.37	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.798	0.306	1.398	0.000	0.256	0.000	2.120	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	113	104	174	0	188	0	138	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.97	1.63	0.00	1.76	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.269	1.276	0.000	0.263	0.000	1.090	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	112	65	174	0	188	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.61	1.63	0.00	1.76	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.170	1.289	0.000	0.262	0.000	0.643	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	112	65	174	84332	188	0	129	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.61	1.63	788.15	1.76	0.00	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.106	1.308	14.940	0.259	0.000	0.340	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	156	279	325	0	298	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.94	2.26	0.00	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.864	4.764	1.749	0.000	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	190	731	601	0	330	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	4.20	3.45	0.00	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.160	6.972	1.693	0.000	0.271	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	117	241	270	0	148	0	0	87
N.S.	1	1.05	2.17	2.43	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	4.640	8.852	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	15.493

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	89	232	219	0	137	0	0	80
N.S.	1	1.02	2.67	2.52	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	3.560	6.664	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.167

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	62	222	225	0	125	0	0	53
N.S.	1	1.02	3.64	3.69	0.00	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	3.194	5.078	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.134

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	155	150	0	107	0	0	27
N.S.	1	1.00	4.43	4.29	0.00	3.06	0.00	0.00	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	1.333	2.605	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	14.942

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	58	209	148	0	156	0	0	60
N.S.	1	1.02	3.67	2.60	0.00	2.74	0.00	0.00	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	3.235	3.096	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	15.552

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	85	247	368	0	175	0	0	87
N.S.	1	1.02	2.98	4.43	0.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	4.506	4.266	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	15.316

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	113	477	384	0	188	0	0	87
N.S.	1	1.02	4.30	3.46	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	6.318	6.212	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	15.449

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	255	260	0	175	0	0	136
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	1.77	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	5.277	12.147	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	15.070

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	245	272	0	162	0	0	129
N.S.	1	1.00	2.02	2.25	0.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	4.736	9.442	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	14.544

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	235	250	0	149	0	0	104
N.S.	1	1.00	2.47	2.63	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	3.865	7.076	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	14.623

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	224	228	0	134	0	0	59
N.S.	1	1.00	3.34	3.40	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	3.856	3.940	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	14.886

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	112	185	0	97	0	0	82
N.S.	1	1.00	2.55	4.20	0.00	2.20	0.00	0.00	1.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.264	4.041	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	14.903

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	111	371	0	187	0	0	109
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	4.08	0.00	2.05	0.00	0.00	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	0.218	4.827	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	14.961

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	114	386	0	202	0	0	114
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	3.19	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.282	7.274	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	15.266

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	255	260	0	175	0	0	206
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	1.77	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	6.712	12.954	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	15.005

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	245	272	0	162	0	0	143
N.S.	1	1.00	2.02	2.25	0.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	5.460	10.527	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	14.746

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	233	250	0	148	0	0	104
N.S.	1	1.00	2.56	2.75	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	5.014	5.943	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	13.916

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	146	172	0	180	0	0	104
N.S.	1	1.00	1.60	1.89	0.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.401	5.967	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	14.643



Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	139	371	0	187	0	0	126
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	4.08	0.00	2.05	0.00	0.00	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.323	6.454	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	14.487

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	138	386	0	200	0	0	154
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	3.30	0.00	1.71	0.00	0.00	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.437	7.484	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	15.240

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	140	439	0	215	0	0	145
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	2.99	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.644	10.407	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	15.566

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	271	273	0	188	0	0	221
N.S.	1	1.00	1.57	1.58	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	3.087	15.950	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	15.027

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	255	260	0	175	0	0	223
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	1.77	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	5.935	12.700	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	15.160

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	245	272	0	162	0	0	146
N.S.	1	1.00	2.02	2.25	0.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	5.784	9.147	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	15.011

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	157	194	0	194	0	0	149
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	1.63	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.936	8.785	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	15.017

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	98	186	292	0	125	0	0	145
N.S.	1	1.00	1.90	2.98	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.688	8.245	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	15.024

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	169	386	0	202	0	0	202
N.S.	1	1.00	1.40	3.19	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.663	8.786	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	15.642

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	171	439	0	215	0	0	199
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	2.99	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	1.042	10.460	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	15.673

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	132	315	229	0	208	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.46	1.79	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	1.859	5.279	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	104	289	215	0	198	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.89	2.15	0.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	1.346	4.191	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	76	264	199	0	186	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	3.67	2.76	0.00	2.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	2.196	3.261	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	75	256	198	0	184	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	3.66	2.83	0.00	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	1.000	2.405	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	76	257	200	0	184	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	3.67	2.86	0.00	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	1.070	1.704	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	100	297	253	0	236	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	3.09	2.64	0.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	1.791	2.536	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	128	332	413	0	258	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.68	3.33	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.571	2.910	3.731	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	174	148	283	0	288	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.92	1.77	0.00	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.840	0.944	6.383	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	147	136	270	0	278	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.99	1.96	0.00	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.775	0.614	6.199	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	118	128	257	0	268	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.14	2.29	0.00	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	0.496	5.039	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	119	114	257	0	268	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.05	2.36	0.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.665	0.384	3.260	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	71	188	0	150	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	3.30	0.00	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.278	2.901	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	118	304	257	0	268	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.79	2.36	0.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	2.415	1.870	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	142	334	405	0	318	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.46	2.98	0.00	2.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.796	2.370	3.289	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	171	364	413	0	338	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.25	2.55	0.00	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.808	4.964	4.549	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	226	175	296	0	364	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.85	1.43	0.00	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.129	2.101	11.214	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	198	166	283	0	354	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.92	1.56	0.00	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.076	1.338	10.449	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	170	157	270	0	344	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.01	1.74	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.946	1.290	10.244	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	170	146	270	0	344	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	1.74	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.906	1.021	9.678	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	170	146	270	0	344	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	1.74	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.900	1.081	4.295	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	170	139	270	0	344	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.90	1.74	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.888	2.240	4.188	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	170	304	268	0	344	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.96	1.73	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.913	4.941	2.309	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	194	364	555	0	394	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.01	3.07	0.00	2.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.080	2.442	4.149	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	222	394	453	0	414	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.90	2.19	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.120	2.834	5.208	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	158	105	180	1921	108	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.68	1.17	12.47	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.687	0.230	11.510	0.581	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	115	91	145	1059	98	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.78	1.25	9.13	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.137	11.604	0.465	0.263	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	77	108	791	88	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.50	10.99	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.063	11.620	0.436	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	50	72	146	119	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.95	3.95	3.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.034	4.028	0.409	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	39	42	98	49	0	58	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.17	2.72	1.36	0.00	1.61	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.034	5.368	0.359	0.255	0.000	0.352	14.471

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	51	52	190	61	0	87	82
N.S.	1	1.00	0.66	0.68	2.47	0.79	0.00	1.13	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.060	4.066	0.369	0.259	0.000	0.475	14.767

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	120	61	62	237	71	0	116	132
N.S.	1	1.04	0.53	0.54	2.06	0.62	0.00	1.01	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.080	5.248	0.336	0.272	0.000	0.449	16.181

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	163	71	72	283	81	0	143	415
N.S.	1	1.07	0.46	0.47	1.85	0.53	0.00	0.93	2.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.665	0.118	4.549	0.366	0.246	0.000	0.548	19.816

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	161	106	181	1942	114	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.66	1.13	12.14	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.711	0.245	11.908	0.594	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	118	92	146	1080	103	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.77	1.22	9.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.147	11.744	0.470	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	79	152	803	90	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	2.03	10.71	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.069	13.854	0.450	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	85	144	997	109	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.89	13.12	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.102	5.444	0.468	0.291	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	52	53	125	62	0	0	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.64	0.65	1.54	0.77	0.00	0.00	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.072	5.233	0.354	0.256	0.000	0.000	15.377

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	123	62	63	217	73	0	0	133
N.S.	1	1.02	0.51	0.52	1.79	0.60	0.00	0.00	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	0.097	4.949	0.354	0.265	0.000	0.000	16.402

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	166	72	73	263	86	0	87931	157
N.S.	1	1.03	0.45	0.45	1.63	0.53	0.00	546.16	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	0.146	5.291	0.331	0.262	0.000	233.170	19.641

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	208	182	218	7450	137	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	1.09	37.25	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.954	2.992	12.294	0.758	0.271	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	165	182	183	1964	124	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.14	1.14	12.28	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.760	2.869	12.504	0.561	0.302	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	121	182	172	1106	111	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.52	1.43	9.22	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	2.802	13.842	0.471	0.277	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	117	182	162	973	127	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.60	1.42	8.54	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.588	2.779	13.943	0.500	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	122	356	170	1395	131	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.02	1.44	11.82	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	8.943	5.563	0.480	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	127	64	65	151	81	0	0	135
N.S.	1	1.05	0.53	0.54	1.25	0.67	0.00	0.00	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.140	5.093	0.335	0.272	0.000	0.000	16.351

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	165	74	75	243	94	0	98101	163
N.S.	1	1.02	0.46	0.47	1.51	0.58	0.00	609.32	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	5.183	5.492	0.336	0.291	0.000	237.097	18.395

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	212	84	85	289	107	0	0	279
N.S.	1	1.05	0.42	0.42	1.44	0.53	0.00	0.00	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.925	5.206	5.270	0.357	0.267	0.000	0.000	21.049

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	B	A	F	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	51	0	121	50	0	0	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	0.00	3.18	1.32	0.00	0.00	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.067	0.000	0.329	0.271	0.000	0.000	0.627

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	50	72	146	119	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.95	3.95	3.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.050	4.896	0.388	0.275	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	55	83	420	164	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.45	2.18	11.05	4.32	0.00	2.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.124	3.370	0.410	0.291	0.000	0.501	0.000

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	184	151	178	0	155	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.88	1.04	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.004	0.201	12.770	0.000	0.354	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	137	122	141	0	143	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.95	1.10	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.699	0.119	12.043	0.000	0.330	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	89	108	698	89	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.14	7.35	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.071	3.732	0.700	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	51	67	522	159	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.20	9.32	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.036	4.497	0.706	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	180	130	665	132	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.94	1.40	7.15	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	1.552	5.281	0.652	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	139	473	158	818	145	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	3.61	1.21	6.24	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	7.163	5.850	0.650	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	187	1540	180	1006	157	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	9.11	1.07	5.95	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.874	8.592	5.849	0.654	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	132	135	169	0	135	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.07	1.34	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.810	0.169	12.564	0.000	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	91	106	133	0	125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.25	1.56	0.00	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.582	0.120	12.858	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	101	108	689	70	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.87	2.00	12.76	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.101	2.635	0.674	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	49	61	505	54	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.81	2.26	18.70	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.035	4.221	0.663	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	178	132	648	121	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.87	2.13	10.45	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	1.271	4.940	0.584	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	102	471	156	801	134	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	4.81	1.59	8.17	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	6.446	4.826	0.574	0.313	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	142	1538	174	989	146	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	11.48	1.30	7.38	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.696	7.169	5.379	0.586	0.288	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	182	212	240	0	192	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.22	1.38	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.978	0.305	11.473	0.000	0.365	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	140	158	204	0	182	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.18	1.52	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.714	0.332	3.315	0.000	0.353	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	118	131	0	145	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	1.35	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.213	3.483	0.000	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	106	181	0	146	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.87	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.386	4.203	0.000	0.292	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	139	247	196	0	171	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.80	1.43	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	6.605	5.566	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	187	589	223	0	185	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	3.33	1.26	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.907	8.234	4.680	0.000	0.296	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	230	217	344	0	236	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.01	1.61	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.266	0.704	12.741	0.000	0.429	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	186	191	330	0	226	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.10	1.90	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.991	0.535	3.850	0.000	0.433	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	143	149	196	0	180	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.09	1.43	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.541	3.629	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	143	122	195	0	178	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.89	1.42	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	0.741	3.357	0.000	0.295	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	143	134	229	0	180	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.98	1.67	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.603	0.849	5.670	0.000	0.306	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	187	506	260	0	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.86	1.47	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.892	7.206	5.649	0.000	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	235	639	287	0	219	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.94	1.32	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.194	9.073	5.452	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	278	256	448	0	280	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.01	1.76	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.594	1.104	12.472	0.000	0.535	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	234	230	378	0	270	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.07	1.77	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.284	1.009	3.923	0.000	0.444	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	191	176	260	0	214	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.99	1.47	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	1.791	3.605	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	191	148	260	0	214	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.84	1.47	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.877	1.273	3.737	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	191	149	260	0	214	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.84	1.47	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.884	1.819	3.240	0.000	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	191	148	277	0	214	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.84	1.56	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.874	1.451	5.661	0.000	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	235	559	324	0	239	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.58	1.49	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.183	7.760	5.442	0.000	0.294	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	279	694	351	0	253	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	2.70	1.37	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.463	10.280	5.859	0.000	0.298	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	239	190	350	0	248	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.88	1.61	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.159	5.541	3.894	0.000	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	239	158	350	0	248	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.73	1.61	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.176	1.438	3.502	0.000	0.308	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	30	34	306	31	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.88	2.12	19.12	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.020	1.480	0.505	0.259	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	32	40	323	105	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.98	7.88	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.014	1.464	0.566	0.273	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	186	152	1063	155	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	1.18	8.24	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	0.762	12.560	0.426	0.306	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	152	120	795	142	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.79	1.41	9.35	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.530	12.954	0.410	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	125	79	148	155	0	122	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.60	1.65	3.08	3.23	0.00	2.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.418	4.548	0.363	0.303	0.000	0.454	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	40	40	82	42	0	62	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.08	2.22	1.14	0.00	1.68	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.033	5.457	0.300	0.247	0.000	0.400	14.265

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	52	51	174	52	0	90	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.66	0.65	2.20	0.66	0.00	1.14	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.330	5.577	0.307	0.252	0.000	0.442	14.732

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	123	62	63	221	64	0	120	158
N.S.	1	1.04	0.53	0.53	1.87	0.54	0.00	1.02	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.402	5.448	0.306	0.268	0.000	0.487	15.966

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	181	154	1305	124	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.59	1.35	11.45	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.286	13.344	0.399	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	155	122	966	111	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.15	1.69	13.42	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.334	13.254	0.400	0.299	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	124	81	221	64	0	119	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.35	2.19	5.97	1.73	0.00	3.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.174	4.746	0.355	0.261	0.000	0.605	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	39	41	75	41	0	59	31
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.17	2.14	1.17	0.00	1.69	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.026	5.497	0.301	0.255	0.000	0.608	14.709

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	51	53	164	51	0	87	84
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.71	2.19	0.68	0.00	1.16	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.161	4.403	0.303	0.255	0.000	0.631	14.631

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	117	61	65	209	63	0	117	156
N.S.	1	1.04	0.54	0.58	1.87	0.56	0.00	1.04	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.188	5.573	0.307	0.260	0.000	0.663	15.422

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>C</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	197	256	203	0	226	0	779	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.38	1.10	0.00	1.22	0.00	4.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.997	1.112	12.350	0.000	0.272	0.000	6.911	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	150	228	169	0	212	0	581	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.62	1.20	0.00	1.50	0.00	4.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.725	0.917	13.858	0.000	0.277	0.000	1.009	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	161	116	0	162	0	269	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.50	1.08	0.00	1.51	0.00	2.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.518	2.077	0.000	0.261	0.000	0.670	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	118	80	209	144	0	162	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.03	1.38	3.60	2.48	0.00	2.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.472	5.992	0.428	0.291	0.000	0.567	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	157	85	351	152	0	279	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.65	0.89	3.69	1.60	0.00	2.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.531	5.449	0.405	0.291	0.000	0.696	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	142	171	102	504	165	0	235	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.27	0.76	3.73	1.22	0.00	1.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	0.471	4.721	0.413	0.286	0.000	0.689	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	191	218	120	692	177	0	265	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.26	0.69	4.00	1.02	0.00	1.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.877	0.745	6.346	0.437	0.285	0.000	0.787	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	166	255	194	0	239	0	747	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.58	1.20	0.00	1.48	0.00	4.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	0.441	13.829	0.000	0.261	0.000	6.634	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	124	227	159	0	225	0	560	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.92	1.35	0.00	1.91	0.00	4.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.368	13.240	0.000	0.264	0.000	0.937	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	160	116	0	170	0	266	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.88	1.36	0.00	2.00	0.00	3.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.170	2.118	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.583	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	110	84	248	84	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.34	1.79	5.28	1.79	0.00	3.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.191	5.845	0.382	0.275	0.000	0.484	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	152	85	400	144	0	264	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.83	1.02	4.82	1.73	0.00	3.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.272	5.570	0.384	0.301	0.000	0.559	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	125	170	100	563	157	0	232	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.39	0.82	4.61	1.29	0.00	1.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.293	4.636	0.405	0.272	0.000	0.537	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	153	268	384	0	188	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.77	2.54	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.749	1.257	9.734	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	125	255	368	0	167	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.07	2.99	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.864	8.435	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	98	124	148	0	124	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.28	1.53	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.569	0.551	3.839	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	141	150	0	107	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.88	2.00	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.586	3.627	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	102	140	225	0	125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.39	2.23	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.926	5.655	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	129	224	219	0	145	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.76	1.72	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	0.739	6.652	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	157	198	270	0	156	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.31	1.79	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.777	1.603	9.768	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	159	261	386	0	202	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.62	2.40	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.978	1.472	20.620	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	250	371	0	179	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.91	2.83	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.858	1.064	19.145	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	48	185	0	77	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	2.89	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.708	5.010	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	127	228	0	134	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	2.13	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.706	1.190	5.629	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	136	250	0	157	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.85	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	1.465	8.363	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	163	149	272	0	170	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	1.69	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.978	1.692	10.485	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	279	439	0	215	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.49	2.35	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	2.126	64.021	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	259	386	0	200	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.65	2.46	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	1.494	64.270	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	157	371	0	179	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	2.83	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	1.387	62.794	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	135	172	0	148	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.31	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	1.390	7.908	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	137	250	0	156	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.91	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	1.306	6.865	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	146	272	0	170	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.69	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	2.209	11.248	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	156	260	0	183	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.39	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	2.622	12.571	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	271	439	0	215	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.45	2.35	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	2.668	202.273	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	278	386	0	202	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	2.40	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	3.663	202.294	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	70	292	0	121	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	2.47	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.471	2.179	202.988	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	150	194	0	162	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.22	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	3.027	10.709	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	146	272	0	170	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.69	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	3.028	11.147	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	156	260	0	183	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.39	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	3.238	16.315	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	168	285	413	0	248	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.74	2.52	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.826	2.515	5.166	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	140	256	253	0	196	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.88	1.86	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	1.597	3.144	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	116	180	200	0	184	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.64	1.82	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	0.921	2.104	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	115	181	198	0	184	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.65	1.80	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	0.912	2.932	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	116	311	199	0	186	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.78	1.78	0.00	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.632	1.472	3.441	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	144	312	215	0	207	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.23	1.54	0.00	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.756	3.073	4.520	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	172	341	229	0	217	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.03	1.36	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.815	2.221	5.244	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	211	287	413	0	328	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.42	2.04	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.128	2.010	9.834	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	182	252	405	0	278	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.43	2.30	0.00	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.029	1.181	3.487	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	159	242	257	0	277	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.62	1.72	0.00	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.890	1.084	2.584	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	98	188	0	150	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	2.44	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.538	3.280	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	159	239	257	0	277	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.60	1.72	0.00	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.901	1.262	3.717	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	158	259	257	0	277	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.70	1.69	0.00	1.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.893	1.661	4.526	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	187	257	270	0	287	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.44	1.52	0.00	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.046	1.634	5.271	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	214	271	283	0	297	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.36	1.42	0.00	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.092	1.883	5.860	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	234	363	555	0	354	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.64	2.51	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.351	1.853	4.375	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	210	274	268	0	353	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.41	1.37	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.227	1.782	2.813	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	210	363	270	0	353	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.86	1.38	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.234	1.619	4.513	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	210	363	270	0	353	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.86	1.38	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.202	1.737	4.796	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	210	272	270	0	353	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.39	1.38	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.221	2.304	5.168	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	210	378	270	0	353	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.94	1.38	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.221	2.059	5.615	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	238	285	283	0	363	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.29	1.28	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.374	2.353	5.571	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	184	71	72	283	81	0	143	163
N.S.	1	1.20	0.46	0.47	1.85	0.53	0.00	0.93	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.832	0.139	6.550	0.327	0.266	0.000	0.401	18.852

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	141	61	62	237	71	0	116	134
N.S.	1	1.23	0.53	0.54	2.06	0.62	0.00	1.01	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	0.087	6.084	0.314	0.269	0.000	0.397	1.859

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	98	51	52	190	59	0	87	84
N.S.	1	1.27	0.66	0.68	2.47	0.77	0.00	1.13	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.068	6.507	0.346	0.269	0.000	0.370	0.825

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	39	40	98	40	0	58	43
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.11	2.72	1.11	0.00	1.61	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.045	5.780	0.316	0.258	0.000	0.388	0.301

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	70	88	146	119	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	1.54	2.56	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.065	6.852	0.365	0.284	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	93	97	108	791	88	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.05	1.17	8.60	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.093	14.159	0.407	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	136	111	145	1059	108	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.07	7.79	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	0.178	14.202	0.433	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	187	72	73	263	86	0	0	221
N.S.	1	1.16	0.45	0.45	1.63	0.53	0.00	0.00	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.829	0.177	5.970	0.319	0.270	0.000	0.000	18.006

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	144	62	63	217	73	0	0	135
N.S.	1	1.19	0.51	0.52	1.79	0.60	0.00	0.00	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	0.117	6.283	0.316	0.285	0.000	0.000	1.695

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	102	52	53	125	60	0	0	91
N.S.	1	1.26	0.64	0.65	1.54	0.74	0.00	0.00	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.090	4.945	0.319	0.268	0.000	0.000	0.813

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	97	85	150	997	91	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.89	1.56	10.39	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.130	6.610	0.434	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	96	99	117	803	90	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.04	1.23	8.45	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.107	15.563	0.425	0.268	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	139	112	146	1080	112	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.80	1.04	7.71	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.716	0.205	14.245	0.429	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	182	126	179	1942	123	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.70	0.99	10.79	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.884	0.353	14.720	0.533	0.272	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	233	84	85	289	107	0	0	306
N.S.	1	1.16	0.42	0.42	1.44	0.53	0.00	0.00	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	1.112	5.580	1.563	0.322	0.273	0.000	0.000	18.609

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	186	74	75	243	94	0	0	227
N.S.	1	1.16	0.46	0.47	1.51	0.58	0.00	0.00	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.910	5.519	1.375	0.320	0.262	0.000	0.000	18.307

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	148	64	65	151	81	0	0	137
N.S.	1	1.22	0.53	0.54	1.25	0.67	0.00	0.00	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.752	0.199	1.156	0.312	0.264	0.000	0.000	1.667



Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	143	404	181	1395	128	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.93	1.31	10.11	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.746	6.194	1.310	0.445	0.271	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	138	202	168	973	111	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.51	1.25	7.26	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.730	1.967	16.283	0.426	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	142	202	154	1106	120	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.44	1.10	7.90	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.729	1.953	16.027	0.432	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	186	202	183	1964	133	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.12	1.02	10.91	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.923	2.000	14.777	0.538	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	229	202	216	7450	146	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.92	0.98	33.86	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.113	2.035	13.831	0.703	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	163	1540	182	989	130	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	10.00	1.18	6.42	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.820	7.271	5.937	0.561	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	123	473	166	801	114	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	4.01	1.41	6.79	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.620	6.451	6.408	0.559	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	83	178	138	648	86	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.17	1.68	7.90	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	1.317	5.883	0.545	0.297	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	68	77	505	39	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.45	1.64	10.74	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.082	5.918	0.580	0.271	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	75	171	108	689	70	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.80	1.82	1.15	7.33	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.553	4.446	0.597	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	112	257	133	0	125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.90	2.06	1.06	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.697	0.656	13.543	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	208	1542	188	1006	141	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	8.16	0.99	5.32	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.996	7.214	6.083	0.604	0.296	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	160	475	168	818	125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	3.15	1.11	5.42	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.720	6.456	6.797	0.595	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	114	180	136	665	98	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.59	1.20	5.88	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	1.543	6.069	0.583	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	76	71	83	522	144	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.36	1.27	1.48	9.32	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.070	6.867	0.630	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	116	173	108	698	89	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.65	1.03	6.65	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.638	0.343	3.976	0.596	0.290	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	158	259	141	0	143	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.54	0.84	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.839	0.425	13.815	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	208	591	233	0	161	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	3.00	1.18	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.003	6.998	6.635	0.000	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	160	249	202	0	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.59	1.29	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.752	6.310	6.533	0.000	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	118	99	139	0	126	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	1.19	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.359	6.103	0.000	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	118	140	131	0	125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.20	1.12	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	0.294	4.331	0.000	0.291	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	161	248	203	0	182	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.43	1.17	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.890	4.669	4.755	0.000	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	203	243	240	0	201	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.14	1.12	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.121	4.705	15.046	0.000	0.349	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	256	641	297	0	195	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.70	1.25	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.314	7.374	6.395	0.000	0.301	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	208	508	266	0	170	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.58	1.35	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.020	6.535	6.128	0.000	0.294	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	164	131	202	0	169	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.83	1.29	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	0.681	6.546	0.000	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	164	122	195	0	167	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.78	1.24	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.774	0.477	4.358	0.000	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	164	164	188	0	169	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.04	1.20	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.786	0.500	4.306	0.000	0.277	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	207	373	306	0	235	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.74	1.43	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.167	1.867	4.557	0.000	0.412	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	251	412	344	0	245	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.62	1.35	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.435	2.497	14.710	0.000	0.414	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	300	696	361	0	229	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.51	1.30	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.616	7.864	6.681	0.000	0.292	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	256	561	330	0	204	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.37	1.39	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.328	6.639	6.649	0.000	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	212	153	266	0	203	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.78	1.35	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.045	2.481	6.224	0.000	0.302	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	212	125	260	0	203	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.63	1.32	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.033	0.796	4.577	0.000	0.300	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	212	153	250	0	203	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.78	1.27	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.027	2.506	4.630	0.000	0.292	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	212	196	250	0	203	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.99	1.27	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.043	2.854	3.997	0.000	0.290	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	255	454	401	0	279	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.79	1.58	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.464	6.944	4.382	0.000	0.458	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	299	460	448	0	289	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.56	1.52	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.819	2.683	15.022	0.000	0.525	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	260	163	312	0	237	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.69	1.32	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.321	2.936	4.416	0.000	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	260	396	314	0	237	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.67	1.32	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.343	6.061	4.173	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	51	0	121	41	0	0	44
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	0.00	3.18	1.08	0.00	0.00	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.082	0.000	0.302	0.277	0.000	0.000	14.664

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	294	282	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.298	1.636	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	229	167	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.858	0.900	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	170	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	111	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.171	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	160	141	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	0.409	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	234	188	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.766	1.942	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	153	135	100	105	97	286	122	175
N.S.	1	1.02	0.90	0.67	0.70	0.65	1.91	0.81	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.196	3.052	0.194	0.274	0.671	0.313	17.245

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	127	89	90	94	86	238	107	154
N.S.	1	0.99	0.70	0.70	0.73	0.67	1.86	0.84	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.119	2.934	0.200	0.265	0.483	0.305	17.379

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	78	80	84	75	216	92	115
N.S.	1	1.04	0.68	0.70	0.74	0.66	1.89	0.81	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.087	2.571	0.206	0.261	0.344	0.297	14.309

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	93	89	69	69	64	168	77	115
N.S.	1	1.01	0.97	0.75	0.75	0.70	1.83	0.84	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.089	2.679	0.203	0.256	0.241	0.286	18.031

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	81	73	57	57	53	144	62	75
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	0.75	0.75	0.70	1.89	0.82	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.084	2.678	0.208	0.254	0.182	0.278	14.194

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	55	57	44	46	42	92	47	55
N.S.	1	1.02	1.06	0.81	0.85	0.78	1.70	0.87	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.043	1.812	0.203	0.252	0.116	0.292	14.051

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	35	32	34	29	66	31	31
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.84	0.89	0.76	1.74	0.82	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.066	0.802	0.197	0.249	0.087	0.288	14.373

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	26	16	15	17	17	15	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	1.07	1.00	1.13	1.13	1.00	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.145	0.018	0.583	0.183	0.252	0.054	0.268	13.692

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	29	28	36	49	43	57
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.81	1.75	2.25	3.06	2.69	3.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.004	1.315	0.189	0.274	2.525	0.287	13.888

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	30	38	60	0	63	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.25	1.58	2.50	0.00	2.62	1.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.006	2.211	0.213	0.284	0.000	0.296	13.814

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	48	47	47	58	74	0	105	81
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	1.00	1.23	1.57	0.00	2.23	1.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.008	2.986	0.199	0.271	0.000	0.295	14.658

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	64	60	60	70	88	0	122	111
N.S.	1	1.02	0.95	0.95	1.11	1.40	0.00	1.94	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.117	3.061	0.199	0.289	0.000	0.296	16.442

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	90	59	73	95	99	0	164	150
N.S.	1	1.06	0.69	0.86	1.12	1.16	0.00	1.93	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.151	3.071	0.201	0.286	0.000	0.291	16.755

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	102	94	83	107	110	0	178	180
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.82	1.06	1.09	0.00	1.76	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	0.225	3.284	0.205	0.298	0.000	0.302	17.205

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	131	123	112	120	110	343	127	143
N.S.	1	0.87	0.82	0.75	0.80	0.73	2.29	0.85	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.561	0.275	3.465	0.289	0.268	0.370	0.287	14.390

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	113	85	95	94	86	221	102	117
N.S.	1	1.02	0.77	0.86	0.85	0.77	1.99	0.92	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.152	3.874	0.203	0.269	0.250	0.292	14.089

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	93	86	75	82	77	211	82	93
N.S.	1	0.92	0.85	0.74	0.81	0.76	2.09	0.81	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.170	2.718	0.207	0.259	0.182	0.293	14.965



Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	76	59	61	60	52	107	60	72
N.S.	1	1.07	0.83	0.86	0.85	0.73	1.51	0.85	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.275	1.945	0.197	0.257	0.116	0.275	14.685

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	46	43	44	40	78	43	42
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.86	0.88	0.80	1.56	0.86	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.114	0.954	0.197	0.249	0.090	0.273	14.409

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	46	43	42	52	0	78	73
N.S.	1	1.00	1.39	1.30	1.27	1.58	0.00	2.36	2.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.023	1.521	0.203	0.280	0.000	0.307	14.450

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	32	43	48	74	0	77	181
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.30	1.45	2.24	0.00	2.33	5.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.063	2.367	0.195	0.260	0.000	0.295	14.686

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	67	69	87	93	0	127	99
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.17	1.47	1.58	0.00	2.15	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.008	3.077	0.191	0.263	0.000	0.302	15.289

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	87	71	74	84	100	0	178	141
N.S.	1	1.09	0.89	0.92	1.05	1.25	0.00	2.22	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.546	0.156	4.016	0.190	0.274	0.000	0.305	17.132

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	102	82	111	144	133	0	258	184
N.S.	1	0.93	0.75	1.01	1.31	1.21	0.00	2.35	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.198	3.764	0.211	0.259	0.000	0.321	18.044

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	128	90	110	132	136	0	272	221
N.S.	1	0.95	0.67	0.81	0.98	1.01	0.00	2.01	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.675	0.394	4.334	0.201	0.281	0.000	0.330	18.544

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	173	159	135	145	132	393	150	380
N.S.	1	1.02	0.94	0.79	0.85	0.78	2.31	0.88	2.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	0.518	4.427	0.220	0.267	0.367	0.299	15.875

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	189	130	113	119	110	284	124	319
N.S.	1	1.05	0.72	0.63	0.66	0.61	1.58	0.69	1.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	0.426	3.545	0.208	0.264	0.260	0.312	15.867

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	129	100	102	95	84	233	96	279
N.S.	1	1.07	0.83	0.84	0.79	0.69	1.93	0.79	2.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.345	2.627	0.290	0.271	0.179	0.292	16.293

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	93	80	67	72	66	128	72	77
N.S.	1	1.22	1.05	0.88	0.95	0.87	1.68	0.95	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.185	2.005	0.199	0.273	0.126	0.291	14.439

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	74	105	73	69	72	0	137	123
N.S.	1	1.01	1.44	1.00	0.95	0.99	0.00	1.88	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.389	1.570	0.223	0.272	0.000	0.310	14.793

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	69	88	57	66	94	0	129	97
N.S.	1	1.01	1.29	0.84	0.97	1.38	0.00	1.90	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.533	2.686	0.203	0.272	0.000	0.305	14.828

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	80	55	82	101	112	0	143	136
N.S.	1	1.01	0.70	1.04	1.28	1.42	0.00	1.81	1.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.125	3.592	0.191	0.271	0.000	0.314	14.491

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	115	70	96	113	126	0	205	157
N.S.	1	1.06	0.64	0.88	1.04	1.16	0.00	1.88	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.724	0.182	4.371	0.227	0.266	0.000	0.310	16.338

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	130	90	125	158	140	0	330	224
N.S.	1	0.98	0.68	0.94	1.19	1.05	0.00	2.48	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.819	0.319	4.997	0.199	0.298	0.000	0.315	17.994

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	156	120	148	181	170	0	367	260
N.S.	1	0.92	0.71	0.88	1.07	1.01	0.00	2.17	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.888	0.570	4.909	0.249	0.278	0.000	0.355	17.674

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	247	223	181	176	192	171	495	197	476
N.S.	1	0.90	0.73	0.71	0.78	0.69	2.00	0.80	1.93
time (sec)	N/A	1.219	0.709	5.947	0.201	0.275	0.519	0.313	15.709

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	246	156	153	170	150	459	168	214
N.S.	1	1.05	0.66	0.65	0.72	0.64	1.95	0.71	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.927	0.623	4.313	0.186	0.264	0.391	0.318	14.464

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	183	133	125	133	121	301	134	363
N.S.	1	1.08	0.78	0.74	0.78	0.71	1.77	0.79	2.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	0.607	3.735	0.201	0.280	0.274	0.301	15.577

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	145	104	101	111	96	240	107	123
N.S.	1	1.06	0.76	0.74	0.81	0.70	1.75	0.78	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.353	2.433	0.195	0.266	0.195	0.285	14.748

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	110	128	98	95	98	0	212	158
N.S.	1	1.03	1.20	0.92	0.89	0.92	0.00	1.98	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	0.553	2.617	0.200	0.276	0.000	0.316	14.752

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	116	119	87	90	116	0	170	150
N.S.	1	1.02	1.04	0.76	0.79	1.02	0.00	1.49	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.804	0.889	2.476	0.192	0.263	0.000	0.308	14.551

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	174	96	115	130	0	177	152
N.S.	1	1.00	1.61	0.89	1.06	1.20	0.00	1.64	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.827	2.001	3.341	0.182	0.276	0.000	0.337	14.529

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	118	77	109	125	138	0	221	185
N.S.	1	1.03	0.67	0.95	1.09	1.20	0.00	1.92	1.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.842	0.231	4.248	0.191	0.269	0.000	0.337	14.883

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	165	101	147	187	163	0	360	245
N.S.	1	1.07	0.66	0.95	1.21	1.06	0.00	2.34	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	1.047	0.344	4.676	0.214	0.272	0.000	0.337	18.016

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	183	125	162	195	182	0	461	304
N.S.	1	0.97	0.66	0.86	1.04	0.97	0.00	2.45	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	1.178	0.503	6.155	0.209	0.261	0.000	0.327	18.752

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	206	154	209	275	217	0	592	370
N.S.	1	0.93	0.69	0.94	1.24	0.98	0.00	2.67	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	1.273	0.654	6.021	0.195	0.279	0.000	0.363	18.890

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	218	153	256	0	479	0	393	474
N.S.	1	1.13	0.79	1.33	0.00	2.48	0.00	2.04	2.46
time (sec)	N/A	1.262	0.633	1.319	0.000	0.307	0.000	0.292	15.665

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	165	122	179	0	400	0	249	203
N.S.	1	1.11	0.82	1.21	0.00	2.70	0.00	1.68	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.851	0.398	1.176	0.000	0.292	0.000	0.299	15.341

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	120	97	138	0	334	0	177	168
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	1.25	0.00	3.04	0.00	1.61	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.302	1.179	0.000	0.284	0.000	0.297	15.565



Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	79	72	97	0	269	1744	126	190
N.S.	1	1.04	0.95	1.28	0.00	3.54	22.95	1.66	2.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.204	0.980	0.000	0.281	65.916	0.283	14.407

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	58	65	0	223	320	240	99
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.10	0.00	3.78	5.42	4.07	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.090	0.835	0.000	0.286	12.669	0.301	14.596

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	48	44	0	175	172	78	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.90	0.00	3.57	3.51	1.59	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.024	0.891	0.000	0.282	1.983	0.309	14.513

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	102	83	0	278	0	119	99
N.S.	1	1.00	1.50	1.22	0.00	4.09	0.00	1.75	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.199	0.941	0.000	0.316	0.000	0.291	15.068

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	88	115	123	0	382	0	153	324
N.S.	1	1.04	1.35	1.45	0.00	4.49	0.00	1.80	3.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.455	1.231	0.000	0.312	0.000	0.317	14.723

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	130	238	192	0	459	0	211	1087
N.S.	1	1.09	2.00	1.61	0.00	3.86	0.00	1.77	9.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	0.942	1.579	0.000	0.372	0.000	0.315	15.792

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	174	258	252	0	535	0	286	991
N.S.	1	1.11	1.64	1.61	0.00	3.41	0.00	1.82	6.31
time (sec)	N/A	1.122	1.826	1.529	0.000	0.402	0.000	0.337	17.283

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	266	276	176	257	0	747	0	333	3852
N.S.	1	1.04	0.66	0.97	0.00	2.81	0.00	1.25	14.48
time (sec)	N/A	1.550	0.907	1.523	0.000	0.316	0.000	0.311	22.001

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	225	144	218	0	651	0	262	3751
N.S.	1	1.36	0.87	1.31	0.00	3.92	0.00	1.58	22.60
time (sec)	N/A	1.085	0.721	1.565	0.000	0.330	0.000	0.310	21.497

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	176	113	178	0	554	0	847	3180
N.S.	1	1.14	0.73	1.15	0.00	3.57	0.00	5.46	20.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.737	0.637	1.199	0.000	0.310	0.000	0.372	20.653

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	133	103	143	0	470	0	175	2872
N.S.	1	1.23	0.95	1.32	0.00	4.35	0.00	1.62	26.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.403	0.999	0.000	0.295	0.000	0.315	20.892

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	96	83	114	0	321	0	135	99
N.S.	1	1.13	0.98	1.34	0.00	3.78	0.00	1.59	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.265	0.959	0.000	0.273	0.000	0.311	15.171

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	97	84	114	0	320	2470	135	99
N.S.	1	1.13	0.98	1.33	0.00	3.72	28.72	1.57	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.171	0.829	0.000	0.280	34.660	0.293	14.363

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	143	146	164	0	592	0	198	2886
N.S.	1	1.21	1.24	1.39	0.00	5.02	0.00	1.68	24.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	0.400	1.490	0.000	0.466	0.000	0.311	20.080

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	175	163	205	0	750	0	332	3176
N.S.	1	1.13	1.05	1.32	0.00	4.84	0.00	2.14	20.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.955	0.857	1.734	0.000	0.473	0.000	0.327	20.860

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	228	285	273	0	899	0	293	3699
N.S.	1	1.05	1.31	1.26	0.00	4.14	0.00	1.35	17.05
time (sec)	N/A	1.410	3.814	1.826	0.000	0.712	0.000	0.316	21.327

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	277	499	330	0	1001	0	368	3843
N.S.	1	1.03	1.85	1.22	0.00	3.71	0.00	1.36	14.23
time (sec)	N/A	1.879	6.481	2.063	0.000	0.660	0.000	0.341	21.276

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	325	199	306	0	1161	0	1735	5962
N.S.	1	1.08	0.66	1.02	0.00	3.87	0.00	5.78	19.87
time (sec)	N/A	1.687	1.613	1.881	0.000	0.346	0.000	0.500	22.974

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	258	177	266	0	1029	0	354	5350
N.S.	1	1.17	0.80	1.20	0.00	4.66	0.00	1.60	24.21
time (sec)	N/A	1.186	1.223	1.385	0.000	0.341	0.000	0.321	21.552

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	224	149	233	0	913	0	319	5102
N.S.	1	1.25	0.83	1.30	0.00	5.10	0.00	1.78	28.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.821	0.945	1.443	0.000	0.314	0.000	0.322	23.091

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	175	115	180	0	587	0	250	203
N.S.	1	1.17	0.77	1.21	0.00	3.94	0.00	1.68	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.546	1.157	0.000	0.285	0.000	0.317	17.064

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	159	115	191	0	555	0	271	207
N.S.	1	1.19	0.86	1.43	0.00	4.14	0.00	2.02	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.347	1.081	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.317	16.757

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	159	113	182	0	585	0	251	203
N.S.	1	1.20	0.85	1.37	0.00	4.40	0.00	1.89	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.305	1.168	0.000	0.289	0.000	0.296	16.627

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	226	192	251	0	1142	0	344	5090
N.S.	1	1.24	1.05	1.38	0.00	6.27	0.00	1.89	27.97
time (sec)	N/A	1.055	0.948	1.669	0.000	0.800	0.000	0.316	23.975

Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	268	205	292	0	1346	0	380	5347
N.S.	1	1.16	0.88	1.26	0.00	5.80	0.00	1.64	23.05
time (sec)	N/A	1.545	3.014	2.045	0.000	0.805	0.000	0.335	22.513

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	305	330	427	360	0	1524	0	801	5910
N.S.	1	1.08	1.40	1.18	0.00	5.00	0.00	2.63	19.38
time (sec)	N/A	2.085	6.522	2.439	0.000	1.470	0.000	0.348	23.246

Problem 478	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	364	240	395	0	1593	0	563	7494
N.S.	1	1.19	0.78	1.29	0.00	5.19	0.00	1.83	24.41
time (sec)	N/A	1.767	4.081	2.253	0.000	0.374	0.000	0.377	24.952

Problem 479	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	305	227	361	0	1445	0	531	7247
N.S.	1	1.22	0.91	1.44	0.00	5.78	0.00	2.12	28.99
time (sec)	N/A	1.232	2.034	1.749	0.000	0.355	0.000	0.354	27.411

Problem 480	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	267	158	281	0	893	0	399	378
N.S.	1	1.20	0.71	1.27	0.00	4.02	0.00	1.80	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	1.105	1.372	0.000	0.321	0.000	0.351	18.097

Problem 481	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	245	162	290	0	893	0	427	381
N.S.	1	1.19	0.79	1.41	0.00	4.33	0.00	2.07	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.804	1.024	1.385	0.000	0.309	0.000	0.328	18.372

Problem 482	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	233	164	293	0	891	0	427	382
N.S.	1	1.21	0.85	1.53	0.00	4.64	0.00	2.22	1.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.741	0.833	1.331	0.000	0.315	0.000	0.344	17.617

Problem 483	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	226	159	280	0	895	0	399	378
N.S.	1	1.23	0.86	1.52	0.00	4.86	0.00	2.17	2.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.710	0.673	1.230	0.000	0.310	0.000	0.312	18.194



Problem 484	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	315	274	379	0	1815	0	554	7235
N.S.	1	1.25	1.09	1.51	0.00	7.23	0.00	2.21	28.82
time (sec)	N/A	1.571	2.106	2.319	0.000	1.729	0.000	0.348	27.374

Problem 485	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	364	416	421	0	2048	0	587	7490
N.S.	1	1.18	1.35	1.37	0.00	6.65	0.00	1.91	24.32
time (sec)	N/A	2.224	6.575	2.624	0.000	1.686	0.000	0.378	23.520

Problem 486	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	278	214	827	0	474	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	3.13	0.00	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.424	0.904	7.526	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 487	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	213	180	665	0	436	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.87	3.21	0.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.029	0.666	6.686	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 488	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	163	137	452	0	398	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	2.79	0.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	0.453	5.452	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 489	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	170	0	355	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.98	0.00	6.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.035	3.005	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 490	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	81	194	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.775	13.944	3.468	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 491	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	212	307	622	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.56	3.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.657	14.873	4.964	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 492	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	269	393	977	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.50	3.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.187	5.681	5.456	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 493	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	330	262	995	0	516	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.83	3.17	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.715	1.057	8.671	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 494	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	266	214	827	0	474	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.83	3.21	0.00	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.321	0.883	7.814	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 495	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	205	174	663	0	438	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.87	3.33	0.00	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.016	0.614	6.557	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 496	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	158	134	450	0	398	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	2.87	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.760	0.359	4.679	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 497	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	179	107	249	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.60	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.167	26.932	4.426	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 498	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	223	363	740	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.74	3.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.753	16.283	5.118	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 499	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	272	386	980	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.51	3.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.199	5.854	6.467	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 500	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	389	268	1140	0	561	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.72	3.07	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.131	0.987	14.836	0.000	0.176	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 501	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	318	263	995	0	514	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	3.23	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.681	1.027	10.019	0.000	0.194	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 502	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	260	214	827	0	474	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.86	3.32	0.00	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.277	0.671	7.885	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 503	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	203	177	662	0	437	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	3.36	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.027	0.498	6.553	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 504	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	231	379	528	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.71	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.849	1.095	6.062	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 505	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	236	390	960	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.76	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.857	1.465	10.753	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 506	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	288	395	1134	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.46	4.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.385	1.843	33.461	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 507	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	352	434	1742	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.34	5.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.020	2.666	103.948	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 508	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	257	211	824	0	474	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.86	3.35	0.00	1.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.326	0.787	7.396	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 509	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	153	92	275	0	148	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.67	1.99	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.755	0.282	5.999	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 510	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	115	81	253	0	138	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.77	2.41	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	0.182	3.357	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 511	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	83	69	231	0	128	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	2.96	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.096	2.727	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 512	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	137	0	108	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	5.96	0.00	4.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.042	3.663	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 513	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	41	158	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	3.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.101	2.309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 514	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	105	157	350	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.65	3.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.765	10.874	3.777	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 515	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	141	194	408	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.44	3.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.007	0.901	4.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 516	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	155	114	276	0	148	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.81	1.97	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.754	0.266	7.311	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 517	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	117	104	253	0	138	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.97	2.36	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.561	0.231	5.154	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 518	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	94	231	0	128	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.18	2.89	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.115	3.546	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 519	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	44	138	0	106	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.83	5.75	0.00	4.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.050	3.814	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 520	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	61	159	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	3.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.111	3.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 521	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	108	178	351	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.82	3.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.763	0.970	4.613	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 522	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	144	237	408	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.72	2.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.008	1.416	5.865	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 523	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	227	182	665	0	439	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.85	3.09	0.00	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.088	0.753	5.593	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 524	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	169	137	453	0	398	0	0	116
N.S.	1	1.02	0.83	2.75	0.00	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.815	0.538	4.109	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	14.342

Problem 525	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	86	220	0	355	0	0	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	1.80	0.00	2.91	0.00	0.00	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.593	2.301	3.405	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	14.600

Problem 526	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	78	0	146	0	0	52
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.37	0.00	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.021	0.922	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	14.557

Problem 527	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	58	166	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.169	2.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 528	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	218	310	532	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.50	2.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.647	15.204	3.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 529	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	276	518	710	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.93	2.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.179	6.374	3.667	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 530	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	326	326	242	1285	0	687	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	3.94	0.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.717	1.028	6.158	0.000	0.161	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 531	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	266	197	743	0	630	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.77	2.89	0.00	2.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.253	0.740	5.738	0.000	0.151	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 532	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	200	159	530	0	567	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.85	2.85	0.00	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.945	0.594	5.251	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 533	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	182	137	373	0	527	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.81	2.19	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.840	0.417	3.541	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 534	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	83	217	0	482	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	2.05	0.00	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.131	3.013	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 535	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	184	402	376	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	2.28	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.124	3.773	4.447	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 536	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	310	441	898	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.59	3.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.381	2.700	6.441	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 537	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	345	373	466	1546	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.35	4.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.973	4.585	8.819	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 538	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	436	440	272	1688	0	1040	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.62	3.87	0.00	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.523	1.525	12.064	0.000	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 539	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	345	350	237	1295	0	954	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.69	3.75	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.872	1.254	10.288	0.000	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 540	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	297	188	911	0	867	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.67	3.24	0.00	3.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.415	1.003	9.852	0.000	0.157	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 541	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	263	272	175	850	0	814	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.67	3.23	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.243	0.919	8.480	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 542	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	253	154	746	0	765	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.63	3.07	0.00	3.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.154	0.770	7.803	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 543	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	231	158	489	0	692	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.71	2.21	0.00	3.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.066	0.609	5.956	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 544	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	347	464	849	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.45	2.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.580	3.231	9.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 545	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	380	414	517	1324	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.36	3.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.172	5.220	12.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 546	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	308	189	616	0	985	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.67	2.18	0.00	3.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.461	0.923	7.513	0.000	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 547	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	121	81	231	0	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.73	2.08	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	0.254	3.845	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 548	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	83	70	231	0	128	0	0	78
N.S.	1	1.06	0.90	2.96	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.154	2.600	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.092

Problem 549	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	43	155	0	108	0	0	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	3.04	0.00	2.12	0.00	0.00	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.101	2.286	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	14.495

Problem 550	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	23	0	54	0	0	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	2.35	0.00	0.00	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	0.048	0.440	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	14.816

Problem 551	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	138	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	5.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.107	1.839	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 552	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	110	158	350	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.56	3.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.734	0.786	2.526	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 553	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	134	195	408	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.42	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.984	0.890	3.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 554	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	123	102	254	0	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.90	2.25	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	0.254	4.359	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 555	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	94	232	0	128	0	0	78
N.S.	1	1.06	1.18	2.90	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.191	2.926	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.086

Problem 556	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	60	158	0	106	0	0	52
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	2.98	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.109	2.282	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	15.075

Problem 557	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	44	54	0	52	0	0	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.83	2.25	0.00	2.17	0.00	0.00	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.051	0.524	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.097

Problem 558	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	45	139	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.80	5.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.126	1.745	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 559	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	113	179	351	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.72	3.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.757	1.030	2.894	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 560	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	137	236	408	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.69	2.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.979	1.302	3.447	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 561	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	117	77	290	0	148	0	0	87
N.S.	1	1.05	0.69	2.61	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.400	9.743	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	15.231

Problem 562	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	89	66	262	0	137	0	0	80
N.S.	1	1.02	0.76	3.01	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.192	7.898	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	15.098

Problem 563	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	62	53	229	0	125	0	0	53
N.S.	1	1.02	0.87	3.75	0.00	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.104	6.597	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.178

Problem 564	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	35	152	0	107	0	0	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.34	0.00	3.06	0.00	0.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.078	3.369	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.232

Problem 565	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	58	51	150	0	156	0	0	60
N.S.	1	1.02	0.89	2.63	0.00	2.74	0.00	0.00	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.136	4.349	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	15.478

Problem 566	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	85	65	397	0	175	0	0	87
N.S.	1	1.02	0.78	4.78	0.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.306	6.824	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	15.617

Problem 567	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	113	95	502	0	188	0	0	87
N.S.	1	1.02	0.86	4.52	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.248	9.332	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	15.756

Problem 568	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	158	113	398	0	195	0	0	135
N.S.	1	0.99	0.71	2.49	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.749	0.797	17.908	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	15.230

Problem 569	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	130	98	362	0	180	0	0	128
N.S.	1	0.96	0.73	2.68	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.613	0.639	10.986	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	15.164

Problem 570	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	102	79	357	0	162	0	0	102
N.S.	1	1.01	0.78	3.53	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.402	9.503	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	15.364

Problem 571	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	64	283	0	147	0	0	76
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	3.93	0.00	2.04	0.00	0.00	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.577	7.045	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	14.717

Problem 572	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	62	202	0	178	0	0	81
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	2.97	0.00	2.62	0.00	0.00	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.438	6.907	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	15.294

Problem 573	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	96	73	420	0	198	0	0	108
N.S.	1	1.01	0.77	4.42	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.00	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	0.664	8.408	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	15.576

Problem 574	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	126	124	633	0	223	0	0	113
N.S.	1	0.93	0.92	4.69	0.00	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.503	11.749	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	15.457

Problem 575	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	186	137	470	0	227	0	0	178
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	2.42	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.843	1.002	13.529	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	14.771

Problem 576	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	158	110	421	0	205	0	0	146
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	2.65	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.788	0.777	12.034	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	14.575

Problem 577	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	117	84	412	0	185	0	0	125
N.S.	1	1.01	0.72	3.55	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.668	0.571	9.484	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	14.750

Problem 578	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	127	86	303	0	214	0	0	124
N.S.	1	1.02	0.69	2.44	0.00	1.73	0.00	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.673	0.601	8.831	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	15.140

Problem 579	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	121	85	558	0	222	0	0	128
N.S.	1	1.01	0.71	4.65	0.00	1.85	0.00	0.00	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.675	1.093	9.727	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	15.466



Problem 580	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	141	125	711	0	244	0	0	156
N.S.	1	0.95	0.84	4.77	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.775	0.936	12.050	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	15.553

Problem 581	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	182	177	820	0	270	0	0	147
N.S.	1	0.94	0.91	4.23	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.837	0.905	14.691	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.000	16.465

Problem 582	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	123	158	552	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.41	4.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.891	11.380	5.135	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 583	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	81	227	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.08	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	10.404	4.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 584	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	48	188	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	3.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.158	2.918	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 585	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	29	150	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	5.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.150	2.174	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 586	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	195	354	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.53	4.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	1.959	3.900	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 587	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	138	210	425	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.64	3.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.187	2.818	5.968	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 588	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	235	266	1070	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.09	4.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.549	1.251	17.418	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 589	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	182	251	815	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.36	4.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.103	1.238	17.084	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 590	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	156	194	794	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.19	4.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.972	2.208	5.815	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 591	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	136	229	713	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.55	4.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.932	2.605	5.603	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 592	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	150	238	612	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.52	3.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.049	2.334	4.747	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 593	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	205	278	847	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.28	3.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.475	1.784	6.607	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 594	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	261	294	981	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.05	3.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.042	2.273	9.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 595	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	348	354	2194	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.02	6.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.261	2.160	87.674	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 596	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	287	309	1935	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.10	6.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.740	1.922	88.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 597	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	272	284	1914	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.08	7.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.679	1.435	86.514	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 598	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	250	272	1836	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.11	7.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.531	1.352	9.605	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 599	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	241	291	1736	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.16	6.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.577	1.880	8.228	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 600	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	261	301	1176	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	4.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.746	1.812	6.320	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 601	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	328	322	334	1965	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.02	5.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.311	2.658	11.478	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 602	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	395	383	349	2101	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.88	5.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.877	3.732	15.663	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 603	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	438	435	429	1688	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.98	3.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.880	7.175	7.062	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 604	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	384	314	1085	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.85	2.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.332	5.867	6.418	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 605	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	137	181	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	1.233	8.260	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 606	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	203	770	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	3.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.660	2.221	10.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 607	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	272	247	1179	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	4.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.869	5.472	12.654	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 608	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	338	453	2105	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.38	6.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.227	10.464	12.110	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 609	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	389	406	1304	2499	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	3.35	6.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.641	6.333	16.384	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 610	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	508	511	1189	2311	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.34	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.336	16.899	8.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 611	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	433	446	437	1946	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.01	4.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.158	7.427	7.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 612	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	375	381	339	1363	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.90	3.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.445	5.196	9.362	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 613	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	346	357	1016	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.06	3.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.101	8.605	10.740	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 614	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	278	256	1450	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	5.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.920	3.255	12.161	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 615	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	326	399	2104	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	6.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.273	9.805	13.863	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 616	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	398	1302	2499	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.36	6.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.746	6.331	15.871	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 617	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	454	465	1368	3454	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	3.01	7.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.223	6.431	18.996	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 618	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	506	523	1203	2568	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.38	5.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.476	16.788	8.334	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 619	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	443	452	329	2232	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.74	5.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.061	4.361	10.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 620	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	445	458	462	2508	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.04	5.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.976	11.992	10.914	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 621	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	392	393	328	2211	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	5.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.502	4.624	12.265	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 622	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	338	341	386	2373	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.14	7.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.407	7.799	14.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 623	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	395	1302	2499	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	3.36	6.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.820	6.365	16.335	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 624	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	454	468	1368	3454	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.01	7.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.343	6.479	18.321	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 625	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	522	537	1431	3891	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.74	7.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.869	6.572	21.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 626	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	379	424	224	834	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.59	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.708	4.084	8.934	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 627	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	130	145	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.918	7.706	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 628	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	170	111	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.56	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	1.236	8.486	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 629	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	224	211	658	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	2.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.641	3.953	11.278	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 630	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	278	339	1184	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.24	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.915	9.646	13.138	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 631	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	465	494	1201	2526	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.58	5.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.083	6.337	9.310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 632	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	413	282	1036	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.73	2.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.402	9.194	9.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 633	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	266	290	196	783	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.74	2.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.847	3.647	6.676	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 634	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	290	202	750	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.76	2.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.902	4.254	10.474	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 635	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	311	1233	1228	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	4.33	4.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.018	6.355	12.915	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 636	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	376	1269	2618	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	3.55	7.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.449	6.360	14.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 637	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	433	445	1314	3372	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.03	7.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.924	6.418	16.783	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 638	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	497	525	1282	4445	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.58	8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.176	6.369	9.722	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 639	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	361	277	2129	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.81	6.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.277	4.267	9.306	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 640	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	359	378	1273	2614	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	3.55	7.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.316	6.330	8.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 641	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	400	1296	2841	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	3.40	7.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.440	6.292	11.185	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 642	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	398	423	1321	3675	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	3.32	9.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.583	6.404	13.490	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 643	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	473	491	1351	5224	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.86	11.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.081	6.444	15.914	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 644	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	131	103	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.09	3.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	9.556	7.877	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 645	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	156	95	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	6.24	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.752	6.780	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 646	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	143	107	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.55	1.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	1.714	7.702	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 647	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	72	121	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.47	2.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	1.482	7.794	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 648	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	140	104	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.41	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	1.164	7.247	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 649	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	144	113	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.40	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	1.436	7.540	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 650	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	144	112	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.71	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	1.039	7.300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 651	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	153	126	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.87	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	1.435	7.385	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 652	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	150	111	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.78	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.459	7.248	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 653	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	158	97	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.36	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.359	6.589	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 654	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	145	109	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.26	3.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.517	6.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 655	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	74	117	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.74	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.205	6.842	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 656	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	154	116	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.92	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.537	7.545	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 657	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	146	106	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.78	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.456	6.398	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 658	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	160	96	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.58	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.565	4.673	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 659	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	155	118	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.58	1.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.436	6.838	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 660	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	175	128	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.27	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	12.626	6.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 661	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	140	118	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.87	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.719	5.674	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 662	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	201	130	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.03	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	1.623	6.706	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 663	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	155	149	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	1.498	6.592	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 664	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	128	130	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.75	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	1.070	6.726	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 665	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	128	140	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.71	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.747	5.622	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 666	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	135	144	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.36	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.825	7.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 667	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	126	158	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.659	6.820	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 668	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	194	139	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.96	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.624	6.914	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 669	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	142	120	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.226	6.783	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 670	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	203	132	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.64	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.737	5.402	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 671	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	156	142	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.97	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.421	6.503	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 672	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	130	148	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.386	6.620	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 673	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	130	160	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.237	7.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 674	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	140	129	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.82	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.180	6.322	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 675	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	128	144	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.71	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.337	5.941	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 676	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	176	4614	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	26.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	34.420	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 677	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	176	4613	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	26.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	34.326	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 678	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	176	4605	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	26.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	34.377	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 679	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	176	4608	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	26.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	34.392	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 680	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	23	0	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	0.92	0.00	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	122.063	0.694	1.341	0.805	0.000	22.414	16.167

Problem 681	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	23	0	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	0.92	0.00	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	55.730	0.502	0.821	1.055	0.000	23.568	15.362

Problem 682	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	23	24	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	33.042	0.579	0.790	0.768	102.892	20.086	15.245

Problem 683	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	23	24	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	24.782	0.559	0.788	0.992	2.462	18.687	15.243

Problem 684	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	23	24	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	15.107	0.620	0.775	0.505	1.003	18.064	15.896

Problem 685	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	44	26	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	1.76	1.04	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	13.959	0.694	0.807	0.372	0.559	19.508	16.235

Problem 686	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	44	26	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	1.76	1.04	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.320	0.578	0.804	0.348	1.263	19.047	14.698

Problem 687	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	46	26	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	1.84	1.04	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	101.449	0.540	0.834	0.344	9.844	20.043	16.782

Problem 688	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	46	26	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	1.84	1.04	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	83.833	0.573	0.822	0.321	23.652	19.521	14.684

Problem 689	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	21	23	46	0	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.84	0.92	1.84	0.00	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	103.350	0.431	0.827	0.373	0.000	19.321	16.491

Problem 690	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	153	97	502	0	188	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	3.32	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.725	0.397	22.510	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 691	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	125	85	397	0	167	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.69	3.23	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	0.276	20.420	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 692	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	98	71	150	0	124	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.73	1.55	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	0.201	5.717	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 693	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	52	152	0	107	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	2.03	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.231	4.858	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 694	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	102	76	229	0	125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.75	2.27	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.246	7.762	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 695	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	129	88	262	0	145	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.69	2.06	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.393	8.597	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 696	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	157	99	290	0	156	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.66	1.92	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.772	0.561	9.770	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 697	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	194	139	689	0	235	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.70	3.44	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.157	0.931	112.041	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 698	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	166	126	633	0	223	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.72	3.62	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.964	1.185	111.078	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 699	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	136	93	513	0	190	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.69	3.80	0.00	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	0.490	106.691	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 700	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	83	202	0	146	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	1.87	0.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.730	0.747	8.490	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 701	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	87	283	0	147	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	2.53	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.719	0.618	8.316	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 702	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	142	100	357	0	170	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.71	2.53	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.863	0.852	10.214	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 703	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	170	120	362	0	191	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.69	2.07	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.004	1.079	12.079	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 704	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	198	135	398	0	203	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.68	1.99	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.208	1.437	13.890	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 705	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	218	191	820	0	270	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.82	3.50	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.397	1.248	506.964	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 706	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	181	134	711	0	244	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	3.76	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.236	1.377	482.095	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 707	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	161	106	630	0	214	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.66	3.94	0.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.029	1.012	483.020	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 708	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	167	108	303	0	182	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.65	1.83	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.074	0.906	8.457	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 709	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	157	106	412	0	193	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.68	2.64	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.007	0.816	9.709	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 710	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	194	132	421	0	216	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.66	2.12	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.250	1.228	11.241	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 711	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	222	159	470	0	238	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.68	2.01	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.392	1.532	13.290	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 712	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	201	165	425	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.88	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.657	35.183	11.163	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 713	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	116	83	354	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.71	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	14.833	3.503	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 714	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	63	150	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	3.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.277	1.816	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 715	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	74	47	188	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.51	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	0.240	2.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 716	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	176	227	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.980	19.526	3.782	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 717	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	178	196	552	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.14	3.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.333	21.422	3.933	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 718	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	341	324	294	981	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	2.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.593	4.854	37.465	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 719	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	266	351	847	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.27	3.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.036	2.777	5.975	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 720	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	213	297	612	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.37	2.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.442	5.340	4.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 721	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	203	574	713	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.76	3.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.417	6.408	5.332	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 722	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	211	250	794	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.12	3.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.385	3.403	5.528	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 723	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	233	319	815	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.30	3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.590	3.830	6.506	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 724	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	455	446	747	2101	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.64	4.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.495	6.599	160.230	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 725	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	388	383	532	1965	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.37	5.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.946	6.049	10.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 726	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	324	341	1176	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.06	3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.284	5.355	5.524	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 727	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	317	314	395	1736	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.25	5.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.249	3.709	8.232	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 728	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	303	429	1836	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	6.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.055	4.998	8.523	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 729	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	319	317	280	1914	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.88	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.150	3.554	9.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 730	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	369	359	353	2115	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.96	5.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.457	23.410	10.359	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 731	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	293	261	1201	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.84	3.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.970	14.474	11.341	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 732	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	250	215	770	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.80	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.772	4.531	9.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 733	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	146	181	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	1.510	8.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 734	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	431	405	2995	1069	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	6.95	2.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.509	19.003	6.164	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 735	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	498	456	837	1655	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.68	3.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.015	15.953	7.518	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 736	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	427	419	441	2509	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.03	5.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.876	11.054	15.277	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 737	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	347	345	2114	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	5.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.405	8.106	13.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 738	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	317	299	291	1469	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	4.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.045	4.896	11.981	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 739	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	397	367	639	1016	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.61	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.327	15.736	10.266	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 740	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	435	402	322	1362	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.74	3.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.594	9.097	8.994	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 741	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	493	467	845	1916	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.71	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.335	15.845	7.583	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 742	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	568	532	961	2265	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.69	3.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.570	14.804	8.304	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 743	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	494	489	521	3464	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.05	7.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.538	12.638	1052.186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 744	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	427	416	387	2509	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.91	5.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.965	9.851	1590.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 745	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	378	362	376	2383	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.99	6.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.558	9.551	1036.659	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 746	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	452	414	377	2211	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.83	4.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.712	9.618	1044.133	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 747	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	505	479	421	2508	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.83	4.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.113	11.190	10.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 748	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	503	473	421	2232	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.84	4.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.248	8.072	9.309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 749	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	566	544	970	2526	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.71	4.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.674	14.793	9.098	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 750	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	638	616	1226	3159	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.92	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.324	13.883	10.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 751	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	299	322	1202	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.03	3.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.020	10.703	12.187	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 752	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	245	296	658	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.12	2.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.760	11.238	10.203	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 753	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	103	111	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.813	7.814	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 754	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	136	146	137	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	1.714	7.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 755	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	474	445	235	820	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.50	1.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.814	5.159	7.859	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 756	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	505	468	678	1689	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.34	3.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.999	12.713	8.534	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 757	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	397	397	440	2618	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	6.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.578	11.415	12.458	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 758	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	332	369	1228	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.14	3.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.194	7.424	11.515	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 759	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	311	237	750	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.77	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.049	6.229	9.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 760	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	311	235	783	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.77	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.993	2.619	6.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 761	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	447	434	893	1036	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.00	2.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.559	15.624	8.918	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 762	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	525	515	1025	2526	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.95	4.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.241	13.206	8.872	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 763	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	513	512	546	5849	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	11.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.173	13.243	13.994	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 764	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	438	444	525	3675	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.20	8.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.690	12.965	11.878	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 765	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	421	421	471	2841	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	6.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.539	11.201	9.684	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 766	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	399	399	455	2614	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	6.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.449	10.780	7.944	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 767	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	382	382	359	2129	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	5.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.441	5.653	8.396	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 768	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	557	546	1335	4445	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.40	7.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.357	12.430	9.520	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 769	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	330	330	242	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.311	1.099	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 770	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	247	197	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.806	0.545	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 771	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	175	168	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.222	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 772	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	112	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 773	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	190	6534	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	34.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	23.382	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 774	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	294	7214	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	24.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.651	28.598	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 775	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	282	222	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.506	0.537	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 776	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	194	159	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.916	0.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 777	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	107	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 778	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	47	65	0	30	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.81	2.50	0.00	1.15	0.00	2.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.101	2.118	0.000	0.307	0.000	0.343	0.000

Problem 779	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	64	63	0	32	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.97	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.098	1.268	0.000	0.321	0.000	0.336	0.000

Problem 780	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	29	26	45	24	87	30	25
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.70	1.22	0.65	2.35	0.81	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.088	0.795	0.214	0.292	0.097	0.297	14.611

Problem 781	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	27	34	144	70	333	88	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.31	5.54	2.69	12.81	3.38	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.496	3.221	0.222	0.312	0.344	0.324	14.500

Problem 782	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	29	143	27	114	1370	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.04	5.11	0.96	4.07	48.93	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.807	5.983	0.449	0.308	1.694	7.946	14.649

Problem 783	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	27	30	115	56	80	47	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.15	4.42	2.15	3.08	1.81	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.503	0.951	0.224	0.275	0.818	0.303	14.141

Problem 784	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	45	48	92	36	0	80	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.61	1.71	3.29	1.29	0.00	2.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.075	2.315	0.376	0.274	0.000	0.321	0.000

Problem 785	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	33	43	19040	36	0	33	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	1.65	732.31	1.38	0.00	1.27	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.028	2.096	0.603	0.286	0.000	0.304	14.710

Problem 786	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	48	0	68	0	48	85
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.71	0.00	2.43	0.00	1.71	3.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.056	3.460	0.000	0.285	0.000	0.700	19.538

Problem 787	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	164	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.557	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 788	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	304	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	3.487	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 789	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	133	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.383	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 790	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	254	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	1.988	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 791	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	70	64	77	0	194	233	281	93
N.S.	1	1.11	1.02	1.22	0.00	3.08	3.70	4.46	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.148	0.902	0.000	0.301	17.197	0.305	14.595

Problem 792	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	23	0	22	0	50	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.05	0.00	1.00	0.00	2.27	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	0.225	0.846	0.000	0.269	0.000	0.295	14.610

Problem 793	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	31	37	52	43	56	72	74
N.S.	1	1.04	0.66	0.79	1.11	0.91	1.19	1.53	1.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.084	1.019	0.287	0.293	1.041	0.287	14.308

Problem 794	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	58	171	0	359	0	0	56
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.95	0.00	6.19	0.00	0.00	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.042	5.168	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	14.542

Problem 795	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	259	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	1.523	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 796	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	253	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	1.413	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 797	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	226	189	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.461	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 798	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	226	188	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.469	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 799	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	186	100	299	0	162	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.60	1.78	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.757	0.696	8.566	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 800	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	152	91	271	0	151	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.65	1.95	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.285	6.955	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 801	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	115	75	238	0	139	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.69	2.20	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.153	5.516	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 802	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	84	55	161	0	119	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.69	2.01	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.136	4.773	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 803	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	117	73	215	0	170	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.70	2.05	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	0.406	5.150	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 804	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	152	85	403	0	189	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.62	2.96	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.629	0.413	6.514	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 805	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	188	107	576	0	202	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.63	3.41	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.787	0.615	8.326	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 806	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	186	103	301	0	165	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.61	1.78	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.745	0.457	8.392	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 807	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	148	88	273	0	153	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.63	1.95	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	0.101	6.963	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 808	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	117	76	240	0	140	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.68	2.14	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	0.054	5.895	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 809	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	86	57	163	0	119	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.69	1.96	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.045	5.002	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 810	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	117	73	217	0	171	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	1.97	0.00	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	0.461	5.147	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 811	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	152	87	404	0	192	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.62	2.87	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	0.342	6.386	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 812	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	188	107	577	0	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.61	3.32	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.775	0.550	8.298	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 813	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	182	100	301	0	171	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.58	1.76	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.692	0.107	9.010	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 814	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	150	89	273	0	157	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.61	1.88	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	0.146	8.884	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 815	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	119	78	240	0	142	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.67	2.07	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.056	15.668	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 816	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	86	54	163	0	119	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	1.92	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.459	0.391	53.232	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 817	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	117	73	217	0	173	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.65	1.94	0.00	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.371	158.889	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 818	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	152	87	406	0	196	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.61	2.84	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.376	2.429	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 819	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	188	102	579	0	211	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.58	3.29	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	0.665	3.174	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 820	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	186	101	298	0	165	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.58	1.72	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.722	0.667	7.524	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 821	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	152	88	270	0	154	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.61	1.88	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.413	6.289	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 822	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	119	78	237	0	142	0	0	94
N.S.	1	1.05	0.69	2.10	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.067	5.129	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.290

Problem 823	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	54	160	0	122	0	0	48
N.S.	1	1.00	0.66	1.95	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.037	3.629	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.347

Problem 824	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	115	73	214	0	173	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.69	2.02	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	0.286	5.145	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 825	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	152	84	406	0	192	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.62	3.01	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.239	6.363	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 826	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	188	101	579	0	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.60	3.45	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.765	0.409	8.488	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 827	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	186	104	301	0	165	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.59	1.71	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.750	0.626	8.567	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 828	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	152	88	273	0	154	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.60	1.86	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	0.639	6.761	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 829	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	119	75	240	0	142	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.65	2.07	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.406	5.583	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 830	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	86	57	163	0	122	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	1.92	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.040	4.540	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 831	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	113	76	217	0	173	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.68	1.94	0.00	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	0.141	4.831	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 832	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	150	87	406	0	192	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.62	2.90	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.117	6.595	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 833	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	188	104	579	0	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.61	3.39	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	0.239	8.145	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 834	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	186	104	301	0	165	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.59	1.71	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.733	0.884	8.294	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 835	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	152	91	273	0	154	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.62	1.86	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.593	0.633	7.046	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 836	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	119	78	240	0	142	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.67	2.07	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.465	5.699	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 837	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	86	57	163	0	122	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	1.92	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.038	4.594	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 838	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	117	76	217	0	173	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.68	1.94	0.00	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.059	4.664	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 839	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	148	87	406	0	192	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.61	2.84	0.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	0.097	6.412	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 840	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	186	104	579	0	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.60	3.35	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.758	0.098	8.424	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 841	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	184	104	579	0	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.59	3.29	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.036	8.385	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 842	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	104	81	91	93	252	0	278	105
N.S.	1	0.60	0.47	0.53	0.54	1.47	0.00	1.62	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.404	5.223	0.481	0.363	0.000	3.404	16.238

Problem 843	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	78	69	74	68	230	202	194	92
N.S.	1	0.57	0.51	0.54	0.50	1.69	1.49	1.43	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.281	4.900	0.417	0.326	81.203	2.583	16.086

Problem 844	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	61	57	55	40	204	165	142	79
N.S.	1	0.62	0.58	0.56	0.41	2.08	1.68	1.45	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.224	5.025	0.410	0.343	2.901	1.878	14.954

Problem 845	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	38	42	39	40	181	80	0	35
N.S.	1	0.64	0.71	0.66	0.68	3.07	1.36	0.00	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.036	4.966	0.368	0.341	1.354	0.000	0.319

Problem 846	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	39	40	52	92	210	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.67	0.87	1.53	3.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.026	4.677	0.375	0.357	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 847	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	47	50	57	120	205	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.74	0.84	1.76	3.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.037	5.058	0.421	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 848	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	71	65	103	716	225	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.61	0.96	6.69	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.084	5.139	0.617	0.339	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 849	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	87	76	122	957	253	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.52	0.84	6.60	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	0.222	4.929	0.719	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 850	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	105	81	92	100	261	0	279	106
N.S.	1	0.59	0.46	0.52	0.56	1.47	0.00	1.58	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.365	5.076	0.466	0.351	0.000	3.459	16.238

Problem 851	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	79	69	75	74	237	0	195	93
N.S.	1	0.56	0.49	0.54	0.53	1.69	0.00	1.39	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.231	5.034	0.447	0.351	0.000	2.590	1.226

Problem 852	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	62	58	56	43	209	151	0	50
N.S.	1	0.61	0.57	0.55	0.43	2.07	1.50	0.00	0.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.033	4.899	0.443	0.320	31.582	0.000	0.549

Problem 853	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	39	42	40	40	184	80	0	36
N.S.	1	0.64	0.69	0.66	0.66	3.02	1.31	0.00	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.048	5.104	0.364	0.341	31.981	0.000	14.774

Problem 854	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	40	40	53	95	212	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.65	0.85	1.53	3.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.031	4.959	0.439	0.383	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 855	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	48	50	58	123	208	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.71	0.83	1.76	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.043	4.567	0.547	0.358	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 856	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	72	65	104	747	232	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.59	0.95	6.79	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.079	4.993	0.548	0.371	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 857	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	88	77	123	992	260	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.52	0.83	6.66	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.013	5.112	0.538	0.346	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 858	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	107	81	94	110	279	0	278	108
N.S.	1	0.57	0.43	0.50	0.59	1.49	0.00	1.49	0.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.396	5.095	0.510	0.357	0.000	3.702	15.839

Problem 859	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	81	69	77	82	251	0	0	64
N.S.	1	0.55	0.47	0.52	0.55	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.994	5.217	0.484	0.347	0.000	0.000	0.763

Problem 860	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	64	57	58	47	219	0	0	52
N.S.	1	0.60	0.53	0.54	0.44	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.268	5.108	0.471	0.343	0.000	0.000	14.910

Problem 861	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	41	42	42	40	190	0	0	38
N.S.	1	0.63	0.65	0.65	0.62	2.92	0.00	0.00	0.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.059	4.914	0.445	0.318	0.000	0.000	0.373

Problem 862	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	42	40	55	99	216	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.61	0.83	1.50	3.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.049	4.920	0.402	0.360	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 863	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	50	60	127	214	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.68	0.81	1.72	2.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.060	4.875	0.488	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 864	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	74	65	106	803	242	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.56	0.91	6.92	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.109	4.719	0.440	0.340	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 865	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	90	76	125	1060	274	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.48	0.80	6.75	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.222	5.031	0.443	0.367	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 866	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	78	69	74	68	236	0	0	95
N.S.	1	0.57	0.51	0.54	0.50	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.418	5.041	0.430	0.348	0.000	0.000	16.110

Problem 867	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	61	57	55	40	210	151	0	82
N.S.	1	0.62	0.58	0.56	0.41	2.14	1.54	0.00	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.350	4.762	0.415	0.313	36.742	0.000	0.902



Problem 868	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	38	42	39	40	187	80	0	61
N.S.	1	0.64	0.71	0.66	0.68	3.17	1.36	0.00	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.033	5.020	0.395	0.338	1.431	0.000	0.593

Problem 869	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	39	40	52	92	215	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.67	0.87	1.53	3.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.027	4.914	0.413	0.368	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 870	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	47	50	57	125	211	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.74	0.84	1.84	3.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.034	5.027	0.419	0.331	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 871	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	71	65	103	722	231	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.61	0.96	6.75	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.060	5.033	0.421	0.344	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 872	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	87	76	122	957	259	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.52	0.84	6.60	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.113	5.042	0.424	0.343	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 873	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	81	69	77	68	236	0	0	95
N.S.	1	0.55	0.47	0.52	0.46	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.505	5.014	0.417	0.368	0.000	0.000	15.809

Problem 874	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	64	57	58	40	210	0	0	82
N.S.	1	0.60	0.53	0.54	0.37	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.346	4.952	0.415	0.335	0.000	0.000	0.829

Problem 875	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	41	42	42	40	187	80	0	61
N.S.	1	0.63	0.65	0.65	0.62	2.88	1.23	0.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.043	4.902	0.371	0.346	36.756	0.000	0.510

Problem 876	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	42	40	55	92	215	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.61	0.83	1.39	3.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.032	5.212	0.384	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 877	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	50	60	133	211	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.68	0.81	1.80	2.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.042	5.048	0.409	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 878	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	74	65	106	739	231	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.56	0.91	6.37	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	0.060	4.837	0.443	0.349	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 879	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	90	76	125	983	259	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.48	0.80	6.26	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.118	5.118	0.439	0.330	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 880	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	81	72	77	68	236	0	0	95
N.S.	1	0.55	0.49	0.52	0.46	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.775	5.200	0.422	0.369	0.000	0.000	16.106

Problem 881	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	64	60	58	40	210	0	0	82
N.S.	1	0.60	0.56	0.54	0.37	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.463	4.760	0.411	0.370	0.000	0.000	0.742

Problem 882	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	41	45	42	40	187	0	0	61
N.S.	1	0.63	0.69	0.65	0.62	2.88	0.00	0.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.040	4.957	0.362	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.521

Problem 883	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	42	43	55	92	215	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.65	0.83	1.39	3.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.034	4.964	0.386	0.396	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 884	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	50	60	133	211	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.68	0.81	1.80	2.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.042	5.105	0.418	0.356	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 885	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	74	65	106	757	231	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.56	0.91	6.53	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.069	5.110	0.444	0.389	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 886	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	90	76	125	1033	259	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.48	0.80	6.58	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.141	5.222	0.434	0.338	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 887	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	94	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 888	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 889	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 890	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 891	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	121	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 892	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	123	94	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 893	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	94	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 894	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 895	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 896	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	121	87	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 897	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	121	88	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 898	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	121	88	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 899	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	94	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 900	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 901	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	85	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 902	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	85	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 903	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 904	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 905	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	94	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 906	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 907	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	85	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 908	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 909	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 910	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	123	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 911	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	160	130	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 912	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	120	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 913	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.164	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 914	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	112	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 915	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	137	109	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 916	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	140	109	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 917	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 918	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 919	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 920	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.233	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 921	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.175	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 922	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.171	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 923	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	133	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.208	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 924	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.177	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 925	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.175	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 926	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.165	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 927	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	171	140	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 928	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.199	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 929	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.199	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 930	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 931	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.198	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 932	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	173	140	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.222	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. The column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [508] had the largest ratio of [1.2857099999999999]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	12	11	1.04	19	0.579
2	A	10	9	1.01	19	0.474
3	A	10	9	1.07	19	0.474
4	A	8	7	1.02	19	0.368
5	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
6	A	1	1	1.00	10	0.100
7	A	4	4	1.00	17	0.235
8	A	7	6	1.00	19	0.316
9	A	9	8	1.02	19	0.421
10	A	9	8	1.02	19	0.421
11	A	11	10	1.06	19	0.526
12	A	11	10	1.01	19	0.526
13	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
14	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
15	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
16	A	4	4	1.32	19	0.211
17	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
18	A	6	6	1.00	19	0.316
19	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
20	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
21	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
22	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
23	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
24	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
25	A	5	5	1.09	19	0.263
26	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
27	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
28	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
29	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
30	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
31	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
32	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
33	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
34	A	5	5	1.15	19	0.263
35	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
36	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
37	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
38	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
39	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
40	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
41	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
42	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
43	A	12	11	1.01	21	0.524
44	A	10	9	0.99	21	0.429
45	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
46	A	7	7	0.98	21	0.333
47	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
48	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
49	A	5	5	1.00	19	0.263
50	A	10	9	1.02	21	0.429
51	A	12	11	1.01	21	0.524
52	A	12	11	0.98	21	0.524
53	A	14	13	1.10	21	0.619
54	A	6	6	1.05	21	0.286
55	A	12	12	1.06	21	0.571
56	A	7	7	1.07	21	0.333

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
57	A	4	4	0.98	19	0.211
58	A	4	4	0.98	12	0.333
59	A	7	7	1.02	19	0.368
60	A	12	11	1.10	21	0.524
61	A	13	12	1.05	21	0.571
62	A	15	14	1.09	21	0.667
63	A	8	8	1.09	21	0.381
64	A	15	15	1.04	21	0.714
65	A	11	11	1.10	21	0.524
66	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
67	A	6	6	1.05	19	0.316
68	A	6	6	1.05	12	0.500
69	A	9	9	1.10	19	0.474
70	A	15	14	1.10	21	0.667
71	A	15	14	1.09	21	0.667
72	A	11	11	1.10	21	0.524
73	A	16	16	1.14	21	0.762
74	A	14	14	1.12	21	0.667
75	A	12	12	1.06	21	0.571
76	A	9	9	1.05	21	0.429
77	A	8	8	1.07	19	0.421
78	A	8	8	1.07	12	0.667
79	A	12	12	1.12	19	0.632
80	A	16	15	1.18	21	0.714
81	A	18	17	1.10	21	0.810
82	A	13	13	1.11	21	0.619
83	A	19	19	1.15	21	0.905
84	A	16	16	1.17	21	0.762
85	A	13	13	1.14	21	0.619
86	A	13	13	1.08	21	0.619
87	A	11	11	1.06	21	0.524
88	A	10	10	1.07	19	0.526
89	A	10	10	1.07	12	0.833
90	A	14	14	1.18	19	0.737

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
91	A	19	18	1.19	21	0.857
92	A	20	19	1.11	21	0.905
93	A	16	16	1.15	21	0.762
94	A	16	16	1.16	21	0.762
95	A	11	11	1.13	23	0.478
96	A	9	9	1.13	23	0.391
97	A	7	7	1.13	23	0.304
98	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
99	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
100	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
101	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
102	A	8	7	0.99	23	0.304
103	A	10	9	1.03	23	0.391
104	A	13	13	1.12	23	0.565
105	A	9	9	1.13	23	0.391
106	A	6	6	1.06	21	0.286
107	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
108	A	8	7	1.00	21	0.333
109	A	7	6	1.00	23	0.261
110	A	9	8	0.98	23	0.348
111	A	11	10	1.01	23	0.435
112	A	14	14	1.12	23	0.609
113	A	11	11	1.13	23	0.478
114	A	8	8	1.08	21	0.381
115	A	6	6	1.04	14	0.429
116	A	9	8	1.03	21	0.381
117	A	9	8	1.08	23	0.348
118	A	9	8	1.02	23	0.348
119	A	11	10	1.03	23	0.435
120	A	13	12	1.04	23	0.522
121	A	8	8	1.07	14	0.571
122	A	17	16	1.14	23	0.696
123	A	14	13	1.10	23	0.565
124	A	9	8	1.08	23	0.348

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
125	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
126	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
127	A	8	7	1.00	21	0.333
128	A	10	9	1.08	23	0.391
129	A	13	12	1.08	23	0.522
130	A	16	15	1.14	23	0.652
131	A	17	16	1.09	23	0.696
132	A	14	13	1.06	23	0.565
133	A	9	8	1.04	23	0.348
134	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
135	A	6	5	1.00	14	0.357
136	A	11	10	1.05	21	0.476
137	A	14	13	1.06	23	0.565
138	A	17	16	1.08	23	0.696
139	A	17	16	1.09	23	0.696
140	A	14	13	1.07	23	0.565
141	A	9	8	1.06	23	0.348
142	A	8	7	1.05	21	0.333
143	A	8	7	1.05	14	0.500
144	A	14	13	1.08	21	0.619
145	A	17	16	1.09	23	0.696
146	A	9	9	1.05	21	0.429
147	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
148	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
149	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
150	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
151	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
152	A	9	9	1.02	21	0.429
153	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
154	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
155	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
156	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
157	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
158	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
159	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
160	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
161	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
162	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
163	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
164	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
165	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
166	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
167	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
168	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
169	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
170	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
171	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
172	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
173	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
174	A	10	10	1.03	23	0.435
175	A	10	10	1.04	23	0.435
176	A	8	8	1.06	23	0.348
177	A	7	7	1.07	23	0.304
178	A	8	8	1.09	23	0.348
179	A	10	10	1.04	23	0.435
180	A	10	10	1.03	23	0.435
181	A	12	12	1.09	23	0.522
182	A	13	13	1.07	23	0.565
183	A	10	10	1.05	23	0.435
184	A	11	11	1.09	23	0.478
185	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
186	A	10	10	1.08	23	0.435
187	A	12	12	1.04	23	0.522
188	A	13	13	1.06	23	0.565
189	A	16	16	1.09	23	0.696
190	A	15	15	1.09	23	0.652
191	A	13	13	1.10	23	0.565
192	A	13	13	1.10	23	0.565

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
193	A	14	14	1.10	23	0.609
194	A	13	13	1.10	23	0.565
195	A	13	13	1.10	23	0.565
196	A	15	15	1.07	23	0.652
197	A	15	15	1.07	23	0.652
198	A	10	9	1.03	25	0.360
199	A	8	7	0.99	25	0.280
200	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
201	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
202	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
203	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
204	A	6	6	1.04	25	0.240
205	A	8	8	1.07	25	0.320
206	A	12	11	1.01	25	0.440
207	A	10	9	0.98	25	0.360
208	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
209	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
210	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200
211	A	7	7	1.02	25	0.280
212	A	9	9	1.03	25	0.360
213	A	13	12	1.04	25	0.480
214	A	11	10	1.03	25	0.400
215	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
216	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
217	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
218	A	7	7	1.05	25	0.280
219	A	9	9	1.02	25	0.360
220	A	11	11	1.05	25	0.440
221	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
222	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
223	A	4	3	1.00	28	0.107
224	A	14	13	1.08	25	0.520
225	A	11	10	1.07	25	0.400
226	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
227	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
228	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
229	A	9	8	1.06	25	0.320
230	A	12	11	1.11	25	0.440
231	A	14	13	1.05	23	0.565
232	A	11	10	1.07	23	0.435
233	A	8	7	1.00	23	0.304
234	A	4	3	1.00	23	0.130
235	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
236	A	9	8	1.04	23	0.348
237	A	12	11	1.06	23	0.478
238	A	14	13	1.05	25	0.520
239	A	11	10	1.04	25	0.400
240	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
241	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
242	A	10	9	1.01	25	0.360
243	A	13	12	1.06	25	0.480
244	A	17	16	1.07	25	0.640
245	A	14	13	1.07	25	0.520
246	A	10	9	1.04	25	0.360
247	A	10	9	1.04	25	0.360
248	A	10	9	1.04	25	0.360
249	A	13	12	1.06	25	0.480
250	A	16	15	1.08	25	0.600
251	A	20	19	1.09	25	0.760
252	A	17	16	1.09	25	0.640
253	A	13	12	1.08	25	0.480
254	A	13	12	1.08	25	0.480
255	A	13	12	1.08	25	0.480
256	A	13	12	1.08	25	0.480
257	A	16	15	1.08	25	0.600
258	A	19	18	1.09	25	0.720
259	A	16	15	1.10	25	0.600
260	A	16	15	1.10	25	0.600

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
261	A	4	3	1.00	15	0.200
262	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
263	A	8	7	1.00	26	0.269
264	A	6	5	1.00	26	0.192
265	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
266	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
267	A	4	4	1.00	26	0.154
268	A	6	6	1.04	26	0.231
269	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
270	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
271	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
272	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
273	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
274	A	6	6	1.04	25	0.240
275	A	13	12	1.06	26	0.462
276	A	10	9	1.06	26	0.346
277	A	8	7	1.00	26	0.269
278	A	4	3	1.00	26	0.115
279	A	7	6	1.00	26	0.231
280	A	9	8	1.05	26	0.308
281	A	12	11	1.10	26	0.423
282	A	13	12	1.03	25	0.480
283	A	10	9	1.05	25	0.360
284	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
285	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
286	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
287	A	9	8	1.02	25	0.320
288	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
289	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
290	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
291	A	13	13	1.01	21	0.619
292	A	11	11	1.02	21	0.524
293	A	11	11	1.01	21	0.524
294	A	9	9	1.00	21	0.429

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
295	A	11	11	1.01	21	0.524
296	A	11	11	1.02	21	0.524
297	A	13	13	1.04	21	0.619
298	A	17	17	0.99	23	0.739
299	A	15	15	1.00	23	0.652
300	A	9	9	1.00	23	0.391
301	A	13	13	1.00	23	0.565
302	A	15	15	1.00	23	0.652
303	A	17	17	1.01	23	0.739
304	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
305	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
306	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
307	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
308	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
309	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
310	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
311	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
312	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
313	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
314	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
315	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
316	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
317	A	14	14	1.02	23	0.609
318	A	14	14	1.03	23	0.609
319	A	12	12	1.05	23	0.522
320	A	11	11	1.05	23	0.478
321	A	12	12	1.04	23	0.522
322	A	14	14	1.03	23	0.609
323	A	14	14	1.02	23	0.609
324	A	17	17	1.04	23	0.739
325	A	16	16	1.03	23	0.696
326	A	15	15	1.07	23	0.652
327	A	9	9	1.00	23	0.391
328	A	15	15	1.07	23	0.652

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
329	A	14	14	1.04	23	0.609
330	A	17	17	1.05	23	0.739
331	A	16	16	1.07	23	0.696
332	A	19	19	1.06	23	0.826
333	A	17	17	1.08	23	0.739
334	A	18	18	1.08	23	0.783
335	A	17	17	1.08	23	0.739
336	A	18	18	1.08	23	0.783
337	A	17	17	1.08	23	0.739
338	A	19	19	1.08	23	0.826
339	A	10	10	1.20	25	0.400
340	A	8	8	1.23	25	0.320
341	A	6	6	1.27	25	0.240
342	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
343	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
344	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
345	A	10	9	1.00	25	0.360
346	A	11	11	1.16	25	0.440
347	A	9	9	1.19	25	0.360
348	A	7	7	1.26	25	0.280
349	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
350	A	10	9	1.01	25	0.360
351	A	12	11	0.99	25	0.440
352	A	14	13	1.01	25	0.520
353	A	13	13	1.16	25	0.520
354	A	11	11	1.16	25	0.440
355	A	9	9	1.22	25	0.360
356	A	11	10	1.04	25	0.400
357	A	11	10	1.03	25	0.400
358	A	11	10	1.01	25	0.400
359	A	13	12	1.03	25	0.480
360	A	15	14	1.04	25	0.560
361	A	14	13	1.06	23	0.565
362	A	11	10	1.04	23	0.435

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
363	A	8	7	1.01	23	0.304
364	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
365	A	10	9	0.80	23	0.391
366	A	13	12	0.90	23	0.522
367	A	14	13	1.10	25	0.520
368	A	11	10	1.06	25	0.400
369	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
370	A	6	5	1.36	25	0.200
371	A	10	9	1.10	25	0.360
372	A	13	12	0.94	25	0.480
373	A	15	14	1.06	25	0.560
374	A	12	11	1.02	25	0.440
375	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
376	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
377	A	13	12	0.93	25	0.480
378	A	16	15	0.95	25	0.600
379	A	18	17	1.08	25	0.680
380	A	15	14	1.06	25	0.560
381	A	12	11	1.04	25	0.440
382	A	12	11	1.04	25	0.440
383	A	12	11	1.04	25	0.440
384	A	16	15	0.97	25	0.600
385	A	19	18	0.99	25	0.720
386	A	21	20	1.08	25	0.800
387	A	18	17	1.08	25	0.680
388	A	15	14	1.08	25	0.560
389	A	15	14	1.08	25	0.560
390	A	15	14	1.08	25	0.560
391	A	15	14	1.08	25	0.560
392	A	19	18	1.00	25	0.720
393	A	22	21	1.02	25	0.840
394	A	18	17	1.10	25	0.680
395	A	18	17	1.10	25	0.680
396	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
397	A	12	12	0.97	21	0.571
398	A	10	10	0.99	21	0.476
399	A	6	6	0.98	21	0.286
400	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
401	A	6	6	1.03	21	0.286
402	A	9	9	1.02	21	0.429
403	A	14	13	1.02	19	0.684
404	A	12	11	0.99	19	0.579
405	A	12	11	1.04	19	0.579
406	A	10	9	1.01	19	0.474
407	A	10	9	1.07	19	0.474
408	A	8	7	1.02	19	0.368
409	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
410	A	1	1	1.00	10	0.100
411	A	4	4	1.00	17	0.235
412	A	7	6	1.00	19	0.316
413	A	9	8	1.02	19	0.421
414	A	9	8	1.02	19	0.421
415	A	11	10	1.06	19	0.526
416	A	11	10	1.01	19	0.526
417	A	12	11	0.87	21	0.524
418	A	11	10	1.02	21	0.476
419	A	10	9	0.92	21	0.429
420	A	5	5	1.07	19	0.263
421	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
422	A	6	6	1.00	19	0.316
423	A	6	6	1.00	21	0.286
424	A	9	8	1.00	21	0.381
425	A	11	10	1.09	21	0.476
426	A	11	10	0.93	21	0.476
427	A	13	12	0.95	21	0.571
428	A	14	13	1.02	21	0.619
429	A	8	8	1.05	21	0.381
430	A	7	7	1.07	19	0.368

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
431	A	4	4	1.22	12	0.333
432	A	8	8	1.01	19	0.421
433	A	9	9	1.01	21	0.429
434	A	8	8	1.01	21	0.381
435	A	11	10	1.06	21	0.476
436	A	14	13	0.98	21	0.619
437	A	13	12	0.92	21	0.571
438	A	17	16	0.90	21	0.762
439	A	11	11	1.05	21	0.524
440	A	9	9	1.08	19	0.474
441	A	6	6	1.06	12	0.500
442	A	12	12	1.03	19	0.632
443	A	10	10	1.02	21	0.476
444	A	11	11	1.00	21	0.524
445	A	12	12	1.03	21	0.571
446	A	14	13	1.07	21	0.619
447	A	16	15	0.97	21	0.714
448	A	17	16	0.93	21	0.762
449	A	17	16	1.13	21	0.762
450	A	14	13	1.11	21	0.619
451	A	10	9	1.09	21	0.429
452	A	10	9	1.04	21	0.429
453	A	6	5	1.00	19	0.263
454	A	4	3	1.00	12	0.250
455	A	7	6	1.00	19	0.316
456	A	11	10	1.04	21	0.476
457	A	13	12	1.09	21	0.571
458	A	16	15	1.11	21	0.714
459	A	17	16	1.04	21	0.762
460	A	13	12	1.36	21	0.571
461	A	10	9	1.14	21	0.429
462	A	8	7	1.23	21	0.333
463	A	7	6	1.13	19	0.316
464	A	8	7	1.13	12	0.583

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
465	A	9	8	1.21	19	0.421
466	A	12	11	1.13	21	0.524
467	A	15	14	1.05	21	0.667
468	A	18	17	1.03	21	0.810
469	A	16	15	1.08	21	0.714
470	A	13	12	1.17	21	0.571
471	A	10	9	1.25	21	0.429
472	A	10	9	1.17	21	0.429
473	A	9	8	1.19	19	0.421
474	A	11	10	1.20	12	0.833
475	A	11	10	1.24	19	0.526
476	A	14	13	1.16	21	0.619
477	A	17	16	1.08	21	0.762
478	A	16	15	1.19	21	0.714
479	A	13	12	1.22	21	0.571
480	A	11	10	1.20	21	0.476
481	A	12	11	1.19	21	0.524
482	A	12	11	1.21	19	0.579
483	A	13	12	1.23	12	1.000
484	A	14	13	1.25	19	0.684
485	A	16	15	1.18	21	0.714
486	A	18	18	1.05	23	0.783
487	A	15	15	1.03	23	0.652
488	A	12	12	1.01	21	0.571
489	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
490	A	9	9	1.00	21	0.429
491	A	18	18	1.08	23	0.783
492	A	21	21	1.03	23	0.913
493	A	21	21	1.05	23	0.913
494	A	18	18	1.03	23	0.783
495	A	15	15	1.03	21	0.714
496	A	12	12	1.01	14	0.857
497	A	14	14	1.00	21	0.667
498	A	18	18	1.07	23	0.783

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
499	A	21	21	1.07	23	0.913
500	A	24	24	1.05	23	1.043
501	A	21	21	1.03	23	0.913
502	A	18	18	1.04	21	0.857
503	A	15	15	1.03	14	1.071
504	A	18	18	1.04	21	0.857
505	A	18	18	1.06	23	0.783
506	A	21	21	1.07	23	0.913
507	A	24	24	1.09	23	1.043
508	A	18	18	1.04	14	1.286
509	A	13	13	1.11	23	0.565
510	A	11	11	1.10	23	0.478
511	A	8	8	1.06	21	0.381
512	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
513	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
514	A	12	12	1.11	23	0.522
515	A	13	13	1.04	23	0.565
516	A	13	13	1.11	23	0.565
517	A	11	11	1.09	23	0.478
518	A	8	8	1.06	21	0.381
519	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
520	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
521	A	11	11	1.10	23	0.478
522	A	15	15	1.04	23	0.652
523	A	15	15	1.06	23	0.652
524	A	12	12	1.02	23	0.522
525	A	9	9	1.00	21	0.429
526	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
527	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
528	A	18	18	1.06	23	0.783
529	A	21	21	1.03	23	0.913
530	A	18	18	1.00	23	0.783
531	A	15	15	1.04	23	0.652
532	A	12	12	1.08	23	0.522

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
533	A	12	12	1.07	21	0.571
534	A	7	7	1.00	14	0.500
535	A	14	14	1.05	21	0.667
536	A	21	21	1.12	23	0.913
537	A	24	24	1.08	23	1.043
538	A	21	21	1.01	23	0.913
539	A	18	18	1.01	23	0.783
540	A	15	15	1.06	23	0.652
541	A	15	15	1.03	23	0.652
542	A	15	15	1.04	21	0.714
543	A	15	15	1.05	14	1.071
544	A	21	21	1.08	21	1.000
545	A	24	24	1.09	23	1.043
546	A	18	18	1.09	14	1.286
547	A	11	11	1.09	23	0.478
548	A	7	7	1.06	23	0.304
549	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
550	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
551	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
552	A	12	12	1.09	23	0.522
553	A	15	15	0.98	23	0.652
554	A	11	11	1.09	23	0.478
555	A	8	8	1.06	23	0.348
556	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
557	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
558	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
559	A	11	11	1.09	23	0.478
560	A	14	14	0.98	23	0.609
561	A	9	9	1.05	21	0.429
562	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
563	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
564	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
565	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333
566	A	7	7	1.02	21	0.333

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
567	A	9	9	1.02	21	0.429
568	A	13	13	0.99	23	0.565
569	A	11	11	0.96	23	0.478
570	A	9	9	1.01	23	0.391
571	A	7	7	1.00	23	0.304
572	A	7	7	1.00	23	0.304
573	A	9	9	1.01	23	0.391
574	A	11	11	0.93	23	0.478
575	A	13	13	0.96	23	0.565
576	A	13	13	0.99	23	0.565
577	A	11	11	1.01	23	0.478
578	A	11	11	1.02	23	0.478
579	A	11	11	1.01	23	0.478
580	A	13	13	0.95	23	0.565
581	A	13	13	0.94	23	0.565
582	A	12	12	1.10	23	0.522
583	A	8	8	1.05	23	0.348
584	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
585	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
586	A	10	10	1.00	23	0.435
587	A	15	15	1.08	23	0.652
588	A	15	15	0.96	23	0.652
589	A	12	12	0.98	23	0.522
590	A	12	12	0.96	23	0.522
591	A	12	12	0.92	23	0.522
592	A	12	12	0.96	23	0.522
593	A	15	15	0.94	23	0.652
594	A	18	18	0.93	23	0.783
595	A	18	18	1.01	23	0.783
596	A	15	15	1.02	23	0.652
597	A	15	15	1.03	23	0.652
598	A	15	15	1.02	23	0.652
599	A	15	15	0.96	23	0.652
600	A	15	15	1.00	23	0.652

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
601	A	18	18	0.98	23	0.783
602	A	21	21	0.97	23	0.913
603	A	14	14	0.99	25	0.560
604	A	12	12	1.04	25	0.480
605	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
606	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200
607	A	8	8	1.00	25	0.320
608	A	11	11	1.03	25	0.440
609	A	14	14	1.04	25	0.560
610	A	17	17	1.01	25	0.680
611	A	17	17	1.03	25	0.680
612	A	11	11	1.02	25	0.440
613	A	8	8	1.03	25	0.320
614	A	8	8	1.00	25	0.320
615	A	11	11	1.00	25	0.440
616	A	14	14	1.03	25	0.560
617	A	17	17	1.02	25	0.680
618	A	17	17	1.03	25	0.680
619	A	14	14	1.02	25	0.560
620	A	13	13	1.03	25	0.520
621	A	11	11	1.00	25	0.440
622	A	11	11	1.01	25	0.440
623	A	14	14	1.02	25	0.560
624	A	17	17	1.03	25	0.680
625	A	20	20	1.03	25	0.800
626	A	15	15	1.12	25	0.600
627	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
628	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
629	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200
630	A	8	8	1.01	25	0.320
631	A	13	13	1.06	25	0.520
632	A	10	10	1.07	25	0.400
633	A	7	7	1.09	25	0.280
634	A	7	7	1.09	25	0.280

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
635	A	8	8	1.09	25	0.320
636	A	11	11	1.05	25	0.440
637	A	14	14	1.03	25	0.560
638	A	14	14	1.06	25	0.560
639	A	10	10	1.06	25	0.400
640	A	10	10	1.05	25	0.400
641	A	10	10	1.05	25	0.400
642	A	11	11	1.06	25	0.440
643	A	14	14	1.04	25	0.560
644	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
645	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
646	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
647	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
648	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
649	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
650	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
651	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
652	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
653	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
654	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
655	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
656	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
657	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
658	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
659	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
660	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
661	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
662	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
663	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
664	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
665	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
666	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
667	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
668	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
669	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
670	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
671	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
672	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
673	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
674	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
675	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
676	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
677	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
678	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
679	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
680	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
681	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
682	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
683	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
684	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
685	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
686	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
687	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
688	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
689	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
690	A	13	13	1.01	21	0.619
691	A	11	11	1.02	21	0.524
692	A	11	11	1.01	21	0.524
693	A	9	9	1.00	21	0.429
694	A	11	11	1.01	21	0.524
695	A	11	11	1.02	21	0.524
696	A	13	13	1.04	21	0.619
697	A	19	19	0.97	23	0.826
698	A	17	17	0.95	23	0.739
699	A	15	15	1.01	23	0.652
700	A	13	13	1.00	23	0.565

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
701	A	13	13	1.00	23	0.565
702	A	15	15	1.01	23	0.652
703	A	17	17	0.97	23	0.739
704	A	19	19	0.99	23	0.826
705	A	20	20	0.93	23	0.870
706	A	18	18	0.96	23	0.783
707	A	16	16	1.01	23	0.696
708	A	16	16	1.01	23	0.696
709	A	16	16	1.01	23	0.696
710	A	18	18	0.97	23	0.783
711	A	20	20	0.95	23	0.870
712	A	20	20	1.07	23	0.870
713	A	13	13	0.99	23	0.565
714	A	6	6	1.00	23	0.261
715	A	9	9	0.80	23	0.391
716	A	14	14	1.00	23	0.609
717	A	17	17	1.03	23	0.739
718	A	23	23	0.95	23	1.000
719	A	20	20	0.96	23	0.870
720	A	17	17	0.98	23	0.739
721	A	17	17	0.98	23	0.739
722	A	17	17	0.95	23	0.739
723	A	17	17	0.95	23	0.739
724	A	26	26	0.98	23	1.130
725	A	23	23	0.99	23	1.000
726	A	20	20	1.01	23	0.870
727	A	20	20	0.99	23	0.870
728	A	20	20	1.00	23	0.870
729	A	20	20	0.99	23	0.870
730	A	13	13	0.97	25	0.520
731	A	10	10	0.94	25	0.400
732	A	7	7	0.93	25	0.280
733	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
734	A	14	14	0.94	25	0.560

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
735	A	16	16	0.92	25	0.640
736	A	16	16	0.98	25	0.640
737	A	13	13	0.95	25	0.520
738	A	10	10	0.94	25	0.400
739	A	10	10	0.92	25	0.400
740	A	13	13	0.92	25	0.520
741	A	19	19	0.95	25	0.760
742	A	19	19	0.94	25	0.760
743	A	19	19	0.99	25	0.760
744	A	16	16	0.97	25	0.640
745	A	13	13	0.96	25	0.520
746	A	13	13	0.92	25	0.520
747	A	15	15	0.95	25	0.600
748	A	16	16	0.94	25	0.640
749	A	19	19	0.96	25	0.760
750	A	22	22	0.97	25	0.880
751	A	10	10	0.95	25	0.400
752	A	7	7	0.93	25	0.280
753	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
754	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
755	A	17	17	0.94	25	0.680
756	A	15	15	0.93	25	0.600
757	A	13	13	1.00	25	0.520
758	A	10	10	1.02	25	0.400
759	A	9	9	1.01	25	0.360
760	A	9	9	1.02	25	0.360
761	A	12	12	0.97	25	0.480
762	A	15	15	0.98	25	0.600
763	A	16	16	1.00	25	0.640
764	A	13	13	1.01	25	0.520
765	A	12	12	1.00	25	0.480
766	A	12	12	1.00	25	0.480
767	A	12	12	1.00	25	0.480
768	A	16	16	0.98	25	0.640

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
769	A	10	10	1.00	21	0.476
770	A	8	8	0.99	21	0.381
771	A	7	7	0.98	21	0.333
772	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
773	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
774	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
775	A	16	16	1.00	21	0.762
776	A	13	13	0.97	21	0.619
777	A	8	8	1.00	19	0.421
778	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
779	A	6	5	1.00	19	0.263
780	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
781	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
782	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
783	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
784	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
785	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
786	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
787	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
788	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
789	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
790	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
791	A	6	5	1.11	28	0.179
792	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
793	A	4	4	1.04	21	0.190
794	A	5	5	1.00	28	0.179
795	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
796	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
797	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
798	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
799	A	12	12	1.11	31	0.387
800	A	10	10	1.09	29	0.345
801	A	9	9	1.06	23	0.391
802	A	8	8	1.05	29	0.276

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
803	A	10	10	1.11	31	0.323
804	A	10	10	1.12	31	0.323
805	A	12	12	1.11	31	0.387
806	A	12	12	1.10	29	0.414
807	A	9	9	1.06	23	0.391
808	A	10	10	1.04	29	0.345
809	A	8	8	1.04	31	0.258
810	A	10	10	1.06	31	0.323
811	A	10	10	1.08	31	0.323
812	A	12	12	1.08	31	0.387
813	A	11	11	1.06	23	0.478
814	A	10	10	1.03	29	0.345
815	A	10	10	1.03	31	0.323
816	A	8	8	1.01	31	0.258
817	A	10	10	1.04	31	0.323
818	A	10	10	1.06	31	0.323
819	A	12	12	1.07	31	0.387
820	A	12	12	1.08	31	0.387
821	A	10	10	1.06	31	0.323
822	A	10	10	1.05	29	0.345
823	A	7	7	1.00	23	0.304
824	A	10	10	1.08	29	0.345
825	A	10	10	1.13	31	0.323
826	A	12	12	1.12	31	0.387
827	A	12	12	1.06	31	0.387
828	A	10	10	1.03	31	0.323
829	A	10	10	1.03	31	0.323
830	A	8	8	1.01	29	0.276
831	A	9	9	1.01	23	0.391
832	A	10	10	1.07	29	0.345
833	A	12	12	1.10	31	0.387
834	A	12	12	1.06	31	0.387
835	A	10	10	1.03	31	0.323
836	A	10	10	1.03	31	0.323

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
837	A	8	8	1.01	31	0.258
838	A	10	10	1.04	29	0.345
839	A	9	9	1.03	23	0.391
840	A	12	12	1.08	29	0.414
841	A	11	11	1.05	23	0.478
842	A	11	10	0.60	33	0.303
843	A	9	8	0.57	33	0.242
844	A	3	3	0.62	33	0.091
845	A	2	2	0.64	33	0.061
846	A	5	5	0.65	33	0.152
847	A	8	7	0.69	33	0.212
848	A	10	9	0.66	33	0.273
849	A	10	9	0.60	33	0.273
850	A	11	10	0.59	33	0.303
851	A	9	8	0.56	33	0.242
852	A	3	3	0.61	33	0.091
853	A	2	2	0.64	33	0.061
854	A	5	5	0.65	33	0.152
855	A	8	7	0.69	33	0.212
856	A	10	9	0.65	33	0.273
857	A	10	9	0.59	33	0.273
858	A	11	10	0.57	33	0.303
859	A	9	8	0.55	33	0.242
860	A	3	3	0.60	33	0.091
861	A	2	2	0.63	33	0.061
862	A	5	5	0.64	33	0.152
863	A	8	7	0.68	33	0.212
864	A	10	9	0.64	33	0.273
865	A	10	9	0.57	33	0.273
866	A	9	8	0.57	33	0.242
867	A	3	3	0.62	33	0.091
868	A	2	2	0.64	33	0.061
869	A	5	5	0.65	33	0.152
870	A	8	7	0.69	33	0.212

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
871	A	10	9	0.66	33	0.273
872	A	10	9	0.60	33	0.273
873	A	9	8	0.55	33	0.242
874	A	3	3	0.60	33	0.091
875	A	2	2	0.63	33	0.061
876	A	5	5	0.64	33	0.152
877	A	8	7	0.68	33	0.212
878	A	10	9	0.64	33	0.273
879	A	10	9	0.57	33	0.273
880	A	9	8	0.55	33	0.242
881	A	3	3	0.60	33	0.091
882	A	2	2	0.63	33	0.061
883	A	5	5	0.64	33	0.152
884	A	8	7	0.68	33	0.212
885	A	10	9	0.64	33	0.273
886	A	10	9	0.57	33	0.273
887	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
888	A	5	5	1.03	29	0.172
889	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
890	A	5	5	1.04	29	0.172
891	A	5	5	1.08	31	0.161
892	A	5	5	1.05	31	0.161
893	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
894	A	5	5	1.03	29	0.172
895	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
896	A	5	5	1.04	29	0.172
897	A	5	5	1.08	31	0.161
898	A	5	5	1.05	31	0.161
899	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
900	A	5	5	1.03	29	0.172
901	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
902	A	5	5	1.04	29	0.172
903	A	5	5	1.08	31	0.161
904	A	5	5	1.05	31	0.161

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
905	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
906	A	5	5	1.03	29	0.172
907	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
908	A	5	5	1.04	29	0.172
909	A	5	5	1.08	31	0.161
910	A	5	5	1.05	31	0.161
911	A	5	5	1.02	29	0.172
912	A	5	5	1.03	29	0.172
913	A	5	5	1.03	27	0.185
914	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
915	A	5	5	1.04	27	0.185
916	A	5	5	1.07	29	0.172
917	A	5	5	1.04	29	0.172
918	A	5	5	1.03	29	0.172
919	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
920	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
921	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
922	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
923	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
924	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
925	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
926	A	5	5	1.03	31	0.161
927	A	5	5	1.01	31	0.161
928	A	5	5	1.02	31	0.161
929	A	5	5	1.02	31	0.161
930	A	5	5	1.02	31	0.161
931	A	5	5	1.02	31	0.161
932	A	5	5	1.01	31	0.161

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	324
3.2	$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	331
3.3	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	337
3.4	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	343
3.5	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	349
3.6	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	354
3.7	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	358
3.8	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	363
3.9	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	368
3.10	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	374
3.11	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	380
3.12	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	387
3.13	$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	394
3.14	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	400
3.15	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	406
3.16	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	411
3.17	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	417
3.18	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$	422
3.19	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	427
3.20	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	432
3.21	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	437
3.22	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	442
3.23	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	448
3.24	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	454
3.25	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	460
3.26	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	466
3.27	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$	471
3.28	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	476

3.29	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	482
3.30	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	487
3.31	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	493
3.32	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	499
3.33	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	505
3.34	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	511
3.35	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	517
3.36	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$	522
3.37	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	527
3.38	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	533
3.39	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	539
3.40	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	545
3.41	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	551
3.42	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$	557
3.43	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	563
3.44	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	571
3.45	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	578
3.46	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	584
3.47	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	590
3.48	$\int \frac{1}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	595
3.49	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	599
3.50	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	604
3.51	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	610
3.52	$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	617
3.53	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	624
3.54	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	633
3.55	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	639
3.56	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	646
3.57	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	652
3.58	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	657
3.59	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	662
3.60	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	668
3.61	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	675
3.62	$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	683
3.63	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	691
3.64	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	698

3.65	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	706
3.66	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	713
3.67	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	719
3.68	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	725
3.69	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	730
3.70	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	737
3.71	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	745
3.72	$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	754
3.73	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	762
3.74	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	771
3.75	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	779
3.76	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	786
3.77	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	792
3.78	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	798
3.79	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	804
3.80	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	811
3.81	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	820
3.82	$\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	830
3.83	$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	839
3.84	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	850
3.85	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	859
3.86	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	867
3.87	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	875
3.88	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	882
3.89	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	889
3.90	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	896
3.91	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	904
3.92	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$	915
3.93	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$	926
3.94	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$	935
3.95	$\int \cos^4(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	944
3.96	$\int \cos^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	951
3.97	$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	958
3.98	$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	963



3.99	$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$	968
3.100	$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$	972
3.101	$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	977
3.102	$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	983
3.103	$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	990
3.104	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	997
3.105	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1005
3.106	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1011
3.107	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1016
3.108	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$	1021
3.109	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1027
3.110	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1034
3.111	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1041
3.112	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1049
3.113	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1058
3.114	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1065
3.115	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1071
3.116	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$	1076
3.117	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1082
3.118	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1089
3.119	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1097
3.120	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	1105
3.121	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	1113
3.122	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1119
3.123	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1128
3.124	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1136
3.125	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1143
3.126	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1149
3.127	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1154
3.128	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1160
3.129	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1167
3.130	$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1175
3.131	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1184
3.132	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1193
3.133	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1200
3.134	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1206

3.135	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1212
3.136	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1218
3.137	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1225
3.138	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1234
3.139	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1244
3.140	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1252
3.141	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1259
3.142	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1265
3.143	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1271
3.144	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1277
3.145	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1285
3.146	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx)) dx$	1296
3.147	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx)) dx$	1303
3.148	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx)) dx$	1309
3.149	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1315
3.150	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1320
3.151	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1326
3.152	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1332
3.153	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	1340
3.154	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	1346
3.155	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	1352
3.156	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1357
3.157	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1362
3.158	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1367
3.159	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1373
3.160	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 dx$	1378
3.161	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 dx$	1384
3.162	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1390
3.163	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1395
3.164	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1400
3.165	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1406
3.166	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1412

3.167	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$	1418
3.168	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$	1424
3.169	$\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1430
3.170	$\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1436
3.171	$\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1442
3.172	$\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1447
3.173	$\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1453
3.174	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$	1459
3.175	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$	1466
3.176	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$	1473
3.177	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$	1479
3.178	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$	1485
3.179	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$	1491
3.180	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$	1498
3.181	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1505
3.182	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1513
3.183	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1521
3.184	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1528
3.185	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1535
3.186	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1540
3.187	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1547
3.188	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	1555
3.189	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1564
3.190	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1574
3.191	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1583
3.192	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1591
3.193	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1599
3.194	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1607
3.195	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1615
3.196	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1623

3.197	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	1632
3.198	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	1641
3.199	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	1648
3.200	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	1654
3.201	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1660
3.202	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1665
3.203	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1669
3.204	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1675
3.205	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1681
3.206	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$	1688
3.207	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$	1696
3.208	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1703
3.209	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1709
3.210	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1715
3.211	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1720
3.212	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1726
3.213	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$	1733
3.214	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$	1741
3.215	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1749
3.216	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1756
3.217	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1763
3.218	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1770
3.219	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1776
3.220	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1783
3.221	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{4}}(c+dx)} dx$	1791
3.222	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)}} dx$	1796
3.223	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e+fx)}} dx$	1801
3.224	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1807
3.225	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1815
3.226	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1822

3.227	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1829
3.228	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1834
3.229	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1841
3.230	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1848
3.231	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1856
3.232	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1864
3.233	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1871
3.234	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1878
3.235	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1883
3.236	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1890
3.237	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1897
3.238	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1905
3.239	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1913
3.240	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1920
3.241	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1926
3.242	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1932
3.243	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1939
3.244	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1946
3.245	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1955
3.246	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1963
3.247	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1969
3.248	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1975
3.249	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1981
3.250	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1989
3.251	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	1998
3.252	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2010
3.253	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2019
3.254	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2027
3.255	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2034
3.256	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2041

3.257	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2048
3.258	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2057
3.259	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$	2067
3.260	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$	2075
3.261	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx$	2084
3.262	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(x)}} dx$	2089
3.263	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	2094
3.264	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	2101
3.265	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2107
3.266	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2112
3.267	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2117
3.268	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2122
3.269	$\int \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2128
3.270	$\int \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx$	2134
3.271	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2140
3.272	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2145
3.273	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2149
3.274	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2154
3.275	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2160
3.276	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2169
3.277	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2177
3.278	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2183
3.279	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2188
3.280	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2194
3.281	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2201
3.282	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2209
3.283	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2218
3.284	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2226
3.285	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2232
3.286	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2237

3.287	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2243
3.288	$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	2251
3.289	$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx$	2256
3.290	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx$	2261
3.291	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2266
3.292	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2274
3.293	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2282
3.294	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	2289
3.295	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2295
3.296	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2302
3.297	$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2309
3.298	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2316
3.299	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2325
3.300	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2333
3.301	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	2339
3.302	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2346
3.303	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2354
3.304	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2362
3.305	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2368
3.306	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2374
3.307	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2380
3.308	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	2386
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2392
3.310	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2398
3.311	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2404
3.312	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2410
3.313	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2416
3.314	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2421
3.315	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	2427
3.316	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2433
3.317	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	2439
3.318	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	2447
3.319	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	2455
3.320	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2462
3.321	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2469

3.322	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2476
3.323	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2484
3.324	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	2492
3.325	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	2501
3.326	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	2510
3.327	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2518
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2524
3.329	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2532
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2540
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2549
3.332	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	2558
3.333	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	2568
3.334	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2577
3.335	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2586
3.336	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2595
3.337	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2604
3.338	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2613
3.339	$\int \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2623
3.340	$\int \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2630
3.341	$\int \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2636
3.342	$\int \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2642
3.343	$\int \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	2647
3.344	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2652
3.345	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2658
3.346	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2665
3.347	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2672
3.348	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2678
3.349	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2684
3.350	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	2691
3.351	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2698
3.352	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2705
3.353	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2713
3.354	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	2721



3.355	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$	2728
3.356	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx$	2735
3.357	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$	2743
3.358	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$	2750
3.359	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2757
3.360	$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2765
3.361	$\int \frac{\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2773
3.362	$\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2782
3.363	$\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2790
3.364	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2797
3.365	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2802
3.366	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2809
3.367	$\int \frac{\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2816
3.368	$\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2825
3.369	$\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2833
3.370	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2840
3.371	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2846
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2853
3.373	$\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2861
3.374	$\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2869
3.375	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2876
3.376	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2882
3.377	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2888
3.378	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2896
3.379	$\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2905
3.380	$\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2915
3.381	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2924
3.382	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2931
3.383	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2938
3.384	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2945

3.385	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2954
3.386	$\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2965
3.387	$\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2977
3.388	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2986
3.389	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	2994
3.390	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	3002
3.391	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$	3010
3.392	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$	3018
3.393	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$	3029
3.394	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$	3044
3.395	$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$	3054
3.396	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx$	3063
3.397	$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	3068
3.398	$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	3076
3.399	$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	3083
3.400	$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3089
3.401	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3094
3.402	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3099
3.403	$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3106
3.404	$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3114
3.405	$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3121
3.406	$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3128
3.407	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3135
3.408	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3141
3.409	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3147
3.410	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$	3152
3.411	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	3156
3.412	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	3161
3.413	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	3166
3.414	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	3172
3.415	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	3178
3.416	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	3184
3.417	$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	3191
3.418	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	3199
3.419	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	3206
3.420	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	3213

3.421	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$	3219
3.422	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$	3224
3.423	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	3229
3.424	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	3235
3.425	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	3241
3.426	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	3248
3.427	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	3255
3.428	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	3263
3.429	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	3272
3.430	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	3280
3.431	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$	3286
3.432	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$	3292
3.433	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	3299
3.434	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	3306
3.435	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	3312
3.436	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	3320
3.437	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	3329
3.438	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	3338
3.439	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	3348
3.440	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	3357
3.441	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$	3365
3.442	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$	3372
3.443	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	3380
3.444	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	3387
3.445	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	3395
3.446	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	3404
3.447	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	3413
3.448	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$	3423
3.449	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3434
3.450	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3444
3.451	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3452
3.452	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3459
3.453	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3466
3.454	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3472
3.455	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3478
3.456	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3484
3.457	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3491
3.458	$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3499

3.459	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3508
3.460	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3518
3.461	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3527
3.462	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3535
3.463	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3542
3.464	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3548
3.465	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3555
3.466	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3562
3.467	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3571
3.468	$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	3581
3.469	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3592
3.470	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3603
3.471	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3612
3.472	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3620
3.473	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3627
3.474	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3634
3.475	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3642
3.476	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3651
3.477	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	3661
3.478	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3673
3.479	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3685
3.480	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3696
3.481	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3705
3.482	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3713
3.483	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3721
3.484	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3729
3.485	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$	3740
3.486	$\int \cos^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3752
3.487	$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3762
3.488	$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3771
3.489	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	3779
3.490	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec(c+dx) dx$	3784
3.491	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	3790
3.492	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	3800
3.493	$\int \cos^3(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$	3812

3.494	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	3823
3.495	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	3833
3.496	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	3842
3.497	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$	3850
3.498	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	3858
3.499	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	3868
3.500	$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	3881
3.501	$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	3892
3.502	$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	3902
3.503	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	3911
3.504	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$	3920
3.505	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	3930
3.506	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	3941
3.507	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	3954
3.508	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	3968
3.509	$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$	3977
3.510	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$	3985
3.511	$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$	3992
3.512	$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$	3998
3.513	$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$	4003
3.514	$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	4008
3.515	$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	4015
3.516	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx$	4024
3.517	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$	4032
3.518	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx$	4039
3.519	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$	4045
3.520	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$	4050
3.521	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	4055
3.522	$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	4062
3.523	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4071
3.524	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4080
3.525	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4088
3.526	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4095
3.527	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4100
3.528	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4105
3.529	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4115
3.530	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4126
3.531	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4137

3.532	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4146
3.533	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4154
3.534	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4161
3.535	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4167
3.536	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4175
3.537	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4187
3.538	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4200
3.539	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4212
3.540	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4223
3.541	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4232
3.542	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4241
3.543	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4250
3.544	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4259
3.545	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	4271
3.546	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	4284
3.547	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4294
3.548	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4301
3.549	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4307
3.550	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4312
3.551	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4317
3.552	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4321
3.553	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4329
3.554	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4338
3.555	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4345
3.556	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4351
3.557	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4356
3.558	$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4361
3.559	$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4365
3.560	$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4373
3.561	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	4382
3.562	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	4389
3.563	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	4395
3.564	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4400

3.565	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4405
3.566	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4411
3.567	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4417
3.568	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	4424
3.569	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	4432
3.570	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	4440
3.571	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4447
3.572	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4453
3.573	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4459
3.574	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4466
3.575	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 dx$	4473
3.576	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 dx$	4482
3.577	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4491
3.578	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4499
3.579	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4507
3.580	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4515
3.581	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4524
3.582	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	4533
3.583	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	4540
3.584	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	4546
3.585	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$	4551
3.586	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$	4555
3.587	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$	4562
3.588	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4571
3.589	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4580
3.590	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4588
3.591	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4596
3.592	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4604
3.593	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4612
3.594	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	4622
3.595	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4633

3.596	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4644
3.597	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4654
3.598	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4664
3.599	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4673
3.600	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4682
3.601	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4692
3.602	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	4703
3.603	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	4715
3.604	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	4725
3.605	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4734
3.606	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4739
3.607	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4745
3.608	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4753
3.609	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4762
3.610	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$	4772
3.611	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$	4784
3.612	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4795
3.613	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4804
3.614	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4812
3.615	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4820
3.616	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4829
3.617	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4839
3.618	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$	4851
3.619	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4863
3.620	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4873
3.621	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4883
3.622	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4892
3.623	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4901
3.624	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	4911



3.625	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$	4923
3.626	$\int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4936
3.627	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4946
3.628	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4951
3.629	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4956
3.630	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	4962
3.631	$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4970
3.632	$\int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4980
3.633	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4988
3.634	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	4995
3.635	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	5002
3.636	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	5010
3.637	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	5019
3.638	$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	5029
3.639	$\int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	5039
3.640	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	5047
3.641	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	5056
3.642	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	5065
3.643	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	5074
3.644	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{2+3 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5084
3.645	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-2+3 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5089
3.646	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5093
3.647	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5098
3.648	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{3+2 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5103
3.649	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5108
3.650	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-3+2 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5113
3.651	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5118
3.652	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{2+3 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5123
3.653	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-2+3 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5128
3.654	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5133
3.655	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5137
3.656	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{3+2 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5141

3.657	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5146
3.658	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5151
3.659	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5156
3.660	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5161
3.661	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5166
3.662	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5171
3.663	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5176
3.664	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5181
3.665	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5186
3.666	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5191
3.667	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5196
3.668	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5201
3.669	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5206
3.670	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5211
3.671	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5216
3.672	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5221
3.673	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5226
3.674	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5231
3.675	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5236
3.676	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$	5241
3.677	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$	5247
3.678	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$	5253
3.679	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$	5259
3.680	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5265
3.681	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5269
3.682	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5273
3.683	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5277
3.684	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5281

3.685	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5285
3.686	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5289
3.687	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5293
3.688	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5297
3.689	$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5301
3.690	$\int (A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5305
3.691	$\int (A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5313
3.692	$\int (A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5320
3.693	$\int (A+B\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	5327
3.694	$\int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5333
3.695	$\int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5340
3.696	$\int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5347
3.697	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5354
3.698	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5363
3.699	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5372
3.700	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5380
3.701	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	5387
3.702	$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5394
3.703	$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5402
3.704	$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5411
3.705	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5420
3.706	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5430
3.707	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5439
3.708	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5448
3.709	$\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	5457
3.710	$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5466
3.711	$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5475
3.712	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$	5485
3.713	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$	5495
3.714	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$	5502
3.715	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5507
3.716	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5513
3.717	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5520

3.718	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	5529
3.719	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	5540
3.720	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	5550
3.721	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5559
3.722	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5568
3.723	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5577
3.724	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	5587
3.725	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	5601
3.726	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	5613
3.727	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5624
3.728	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5635
3.729	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5646
3.730	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5656
3.731	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5665
3.732	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5673
3.733	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	5680
3.734	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5685
3.735	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5695
3.736	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5706
3.737	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5716
3.738	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5725
3.739	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5733
3.740	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	5741
3.741	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5750
3.742	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5762
3.743	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5775
3.744	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5787
3.745	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5797
3.746	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5806
3.747	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$	5815
3.748	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$	5825
3.749	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5836
3.750	$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5848

3.751	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5861
3.752	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5869
3.753	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	5876
3.754	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5881
3.755	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5886
3.756	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5897
3.757	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	5908
3.758	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	5917
3.759	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	5925
3.760	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5932
3.761	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5939
3.762	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5949
3.763	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	5960
3.764	$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	5970
3.765	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	5980
3.766	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$	5989
3.767	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	5998
3.768	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6007
3.769	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4 dx$	6019
3.770	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 dx$	6026
3.771	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 dx$	6032
3.772	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6038
3.773	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	6043
3.774	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	6048
3.775	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^m(c+dx) dx$	6053
3.776	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^m(c+dx) dx$	6061
3.777	$\int (a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^m(c+dx) dx$	6068
3.778	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}} dx$	6073
3.779	$\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} dx$	6078
3.780	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx)) \left(-\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c+dx)\right) dx$	6083
3.781	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \left(-\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c+dx)\right) dx$	6088
3.782	$\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^n \left(-\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c+dx)\right) dx$	6093
3.783	$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$	6099

3.784	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx$	6104
3.785	$\int \frac{B+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6109
3.786	$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3}+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6115
3.787	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6120
3.788	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6125
3.789	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	6130
3.790	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6135
3.791	$\int \frac{\frac{bE}{a}+B \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$	6140
3.792	$\int \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(b+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$	6146
3.793	$\int \frac{3+\cos(c+dx)}{2-\cos(c+dx)} dx$	6151
3.794	$\int \frac{aB+bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6156
3.795	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6162
3.796	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6168
3.797	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	6174
3.798	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6180
3.799	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6186
3.800	$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6193
3.801	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6200
3.802	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	6206
3.803	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	6212
3.804	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	6219
3.805	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	6226
3.806	$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6234
3.807	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6241
3.808	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	6248
3.809	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	6255
3.810	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	6261
3.811	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	6268
3.812	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	6275
3.813	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$	6283
3.814	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	6290
3.815	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	6297
3.816	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	6304
3.817	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	6310
3.818	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	6317
3.819	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	6324
3.820	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6332

3.821	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6339
3.822	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6346
3.823	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6353
3.824	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6359
3.825	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6366
3.826	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6373
3.827	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6381
3.828	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6388
3.829	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6395
3.830	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6401
3.831	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6407
3.832	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6413
3.833	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6420
3.834	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6428
3.835	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6435
3.836	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6442
3.837	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6448
3.838	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6454
3.839	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6460
3.840	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6467
3.841	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	6475
3.842	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6483
3.843	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6490
3.844	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6497
3.845	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6503
3.846	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6508
3.847	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6513
3.848	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6519
3.849	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6526
3.850	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6534
3.851	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6541
3.852	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6547

3.853	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6552
3.854	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6557
3.855	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6562
3.856	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6568
3.857	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6575
3.858	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6582
3.859	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6589
3.860	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6595
3.861	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6600
3.862	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6605
3.863	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6610
3.864	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6616
3.865	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	6623
3.866	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6630
3.867	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6636
3.868	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6641
3.869	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6646
3.870	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6651
3.871	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6657
3.872	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	6664
3.873	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6672
3.874	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6678
3.875	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6683
3.876	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6688
3.877	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6693
3.878	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6699
3.879	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	6706
3.880	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6713



3.881	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6719
3.882	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6724
3.883	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6729
3.884	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6734
3.885	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6740
3.886	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	6747
3.887	$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6754
3.888	$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6759
3.889	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6764
3.890	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	6769
3.891	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	6774
3.892	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	6779
3.893	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6784
3.894	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6789
3.895	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6794
3.896	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	6799
3.897	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	6804
3.898	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	6809
3.899	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6814
3.900	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6819
3.901	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6824
3.902	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6829
3.903	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6834
3.904	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	6839
3.905	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	6844
3.906	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	6849
3.907	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	6854
3.908	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	6859
3.909	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	6864
3.910	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	6869
3.911	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6874
3.912	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6879
3.913	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6884
3.914	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$	6889
3.915	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	6894

3.916	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \dots$	6899
3.917	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \dots$	6904
3.918	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \dots$	6909
3.919	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \dots$	6914
3.920	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \dots$	6919
3.921	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \dots$	6924
3.922	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \dots$	6929
3.923	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \dots$	6934
3.924	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \dots$	6939
3.925	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \dots$	6944
3.926	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \dots$	6949
3.927	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \dots$	6954
3.928	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \dots$	6959
3.929	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \dots$	6964
3.930	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \dots$	6969
3.931	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx \dots$	6974
3.932	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots$	6979

### 3.1 $\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.1.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{5a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{5a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{2a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 5/16*a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/16*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/24*a*cos(d*x+c)^3
*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a*s
in(d*x+c)^5/d
```

#### 3.1.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(960 \sin(c + dx) - 640 \sin^3(c + dx) + 192 \sin^5(c + dx) + 5(60c + 60dx + 45 \sin(2(c + dx))) + 9 \sin(4(c + dx)))}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(960*Sin[c + d*x] - 640*Sin[c + d*x]^3 + 192*Sin[c + d*x]^5 + 5*(60*c + 60*d*x + 45*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 9*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + Sin[6*(c + d*x)])))/(960*d)`

### 3.1.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^5(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^6(c + dx) dx + a \int \cos^5(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx - \frac{a \int (\sin^4(c + dx) - 2 \sin^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx - \frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& a \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} + \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + (2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Sin[c + d*x]^5/5))/d) + a*((Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) + (5*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4))/6)`

### 3.1.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.1.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(60dx + \sin(6dx+6c) + 120 \sin(dx+c) + 45 \sin(2dx+2c) + 20 \sin(3dx+3c) + 9 \sin(4dx+4c) + \frac{12 \sin(5dx+5c)}{5})a}{192d}$
derivativedivides	$a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
default	$a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d}$
risc	$\frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{5a \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{a \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{a \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{3a \sin(4dx+4c)}{64d} + \frac{5a \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{15a \sin(2dx+2c)}{64d}$
norman	$\frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{27a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8d} + \frac{107a \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24d} + \frac{283a \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20d} + \frac{133a \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20d} + \frac{39a \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8d} + \frac{5a \left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192*(60*d*x+sin(6*d*x+6*c)+120*sin(d*x+c)+45*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+20*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+9*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+12/5*sin(5*d*x+5*c))*a/d
```

### 3.1.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{75 a dx + (40 a \cos(dx + c)^5 + 48 a \cos(dx + c)^4 + 50 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 64 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 75 a \cos(dx + c))}{240 d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/240*(75*a*d*x + (40*a*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 48*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 50*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 64*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 75*a*cos(d*x + c) + 128*a)*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

---

3.1.  $\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

### 3.1.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{5ax \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15ax \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{5ax \cos^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{5a \sin^5(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \cos^6(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^5(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{16d} + \frac{8a^2 \cos^6(c+dx)}{16d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a) \cos^5(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((5*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*a*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 8*a*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 4*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 11*a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)*cos(c)**5, True))`

### 3.1.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{64(3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a - 5(4 \sin(2dx + 2c)^3 - 60dx - 60c - 9 \sin(4dx + 4c) - 48 \sin(2dx + 2c))a}{960d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/960*(64*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a - 5*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a)/d`



### 3.1.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5}{16} ax + \frac{a \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{a \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{3 a \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{5 a \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{15 a \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{5 a \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/16*a*x + 1/192*a*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/80*a*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 3/64*a*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 5/48*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 15/64*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 5/8*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### 3.1.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5 a x}{16} + \frac{5 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11}}{8} + \frac{39 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{8} + \frac{133 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{20} + \frac{283 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{20} + \frac{107 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{24} + \frac{27 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} \bigg/ d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^6$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(5*a*x)/16 + ((27*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (107*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/24 + (283*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/20 + (133*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/20 + (39*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/8 + (5*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11)/8)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^6)`

## 3.2 $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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### 3.2.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{2a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `3/8*a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

### 3.2.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(480 \sin(c + dx) - 320 \sin^3(c + dx) + 96 \sin^5(c + dx) + 15(12(c + dx) + 8 \sin(2(c + dx)) + \sin(4(c + dx))))}{480d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(480*Sin[c + d*x] - 320*Sin[c + d*x]^3 + 96*Sin[c + d*x]^5 + 15*(12*(c + d*x) + 8*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + Sin[4*(c + d*x)])))/(480*d)`

### 3.2.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^4(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^5(c+dx) dx + a \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx + a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{a \int (\sin^4(c+dx) - 2 \sin^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 24

$$a \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + (2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Sin[c + d*x]^5/5))/d) + a*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4`

### 3.2.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.2.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a(180dx+300 \sin(dx+c)+6 \sin(5dx+5c)+15 \sin(4dx+4c)+50 \sin(3dx+3c)+120 \sin(2dx+2c))}{480d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{\frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}}{5} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{d} + a \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{\frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}}{5} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{d} + a \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d}$
risch	$\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{5a \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{a \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{a \sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{5a \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{a \sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{13a \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4d} + \frac{19a (\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{6d} + \frac{116a (\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{15d} + \frac{13a (\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{6d} + \frac{3a (\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{4d} + \frac{15ax (\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{8}}{(1 + \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^5}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/480*a*(180*d*x+300*sin(d*x+c)+6*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+15*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+50*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+120*sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d
```

### 3.2.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 adx + (24 a \cos(dx + c)^4 + 30 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 32 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 45 a \cos(dx + c) + 64 a) \sin(dx + c)}{120 d}$$

---

3.2.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{120}*(45*a*d*x + (24*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*a*cos(d*x + c) + 64*a)*sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.2.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3ax \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3ax \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{8a \sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} + \frac{4a \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{3a \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{8d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a) \cos^4(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*a*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 8*a*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 3*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)*cos(c)**4, True))`

### 3.2.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{32(3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a + 15(12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a}{480 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{480}*(32*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*\sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\sin(d*x + c))*a + 15*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a)/d$

---

3.2.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

### 3.2.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3}{8} ax + \frac{a \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{a \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{5 a \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{a \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{5 a \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*a*x + 1/80*a*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/32*a*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 5/48*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 5/8*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### 3.2.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3 a x}{8} + \frac{\frac{3 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2}\right)^9}{4} + \frac{13 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2}\right)^7}{6} + \frac{116 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2}\right)^5}{15} + \frac{19 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2}\right)^3}{6} + \frac{13 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2}\right)}{4}}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(3*a*x)/8 + ((13*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4 + (19*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/6 + (116*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15 + (13*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/6 + (3*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/4)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^5)`

### 3.3 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.3.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `3/8*a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.3.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3a(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d} + \frac{a \sin(4(c + dx))}{32d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(3*a*(c + d*x))/(8*d) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (a*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (a*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d) + (a*Sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(32*d)`



### 3.3.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^3(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx + a \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{a \int (1 - \sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a\left(\frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a\left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a\left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.3.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a + a \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$a \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + a*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*SIN[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)`

### 3.3.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.3.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a(36dx+3\sin(4dx+4c)+8\sin(3dx+3c)+24\sin(2dx+2c)+72\sin(dx+c))}{96d}$
derivativedivides	$a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}$
parts	$\frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{3a \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{a \sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{a \sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{a \sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{13a \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4d} + \frac{31a \left( \tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{12d} + \frac{49a \left( \tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{12d} + \frac{3a \left( \tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{4d} + \frac{3ax \left( \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{\left( 1 + \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)^2} + \frac{9ax \left( \tan^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{4 \left( 1 + \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)^4}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/96*a*(36*d*x+3*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+8*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+24*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+72*sin(d*x+c))/d`

### 3.3.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{9adx + (6a \cos(dx + c))^3 + 8a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 9a \cos(dx + c) + 16a \sin(dx + c)}{24d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*(9*a*d*x + (6*a*cos(d*x + c))^3 + 8*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 9*a*cos(d*x + c) + 16*a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### 3.3.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3ax \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3ax \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{2a \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c)}{8d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a) \cos^3(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*a*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 2*a*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)*cos(c)**3, True))`

### 3.3.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{32 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a - 3(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8 \sin(2dx + 2c))a}{96d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(32*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a - 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a)/d`

**3.3.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3}{8} ax + \frac{a \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{a \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{12 d} + \frac{a \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{3 a \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/8*a*x + 1/32*a*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/12*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3/4*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.3.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3 a x}{8} + \frac{3 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{4} + \frac{49 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{12} + \frac{31 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{12} + \frac{13 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4} d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^4$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(3*a*x)/8 + ((13*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4 + (31*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 + (49*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 + (3*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^4)`

### 3.4 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.4.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.4.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (a*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (a*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d)`

### 3.4.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx + a \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{a \int (1 - \sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $a*(x/2 + (\cos[c + d*x]*\sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (a*(-\sin[c + d*x] + \sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d$

### 3.4.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n-1)/2}], x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[(n-1)/2, 0]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$



### 3.4.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a(6dx+\sin(3dx+3c)+3\sin(2dx+2c)+9\sin(dx+c))}{12d}$
risch	$\frac{ax}{2} + \frac{3a\sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{a\sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{a\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{2+\cos^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{d} + a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{2+\cos^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{d} + a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
parts	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
norman	$\frac{a\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{3a\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4a\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} + \frac{3ax\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2} + \frac{3ax\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2} + \frac{ax\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2}$ $\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*a*(6*d*x+sin(3*d*x+3*c))+3*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+9*sin(d*x+c))/d`

### 3.4.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{3adx + (2a\cos(dx+c))^2 + 3a\cos(dx+c) + 4a\sin(dx+c)}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*a*d*x + (2*a*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 3*a*cos(d*x + c) + 4*a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.4.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{ax \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{2a \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a \cos(c) + a) \cos^2(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 2*a*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)*cos(c)**2, True))`**3.4.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a - 3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(4*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a - 3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a)/d`**3.4.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax + \frac{a \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12d}$$

$$+ \frac{a \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{3a \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*x + 1/12*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3/4*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### 3.4.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(a*x)/2 + (2*a*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (a*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (a*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d)`

### 3.5 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.5.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	352
3.5.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	353

#### 3.5.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.5.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(2(c + dx) + 4 \sin(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(2*(c + d*x) + 4*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d)`

### 3.5.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3213}$$

$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{ax}{2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*x)/2 + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

#### 3.5.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

### 3.5.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{a(2dx+4\sin(dx+c)+\sin(2dx+2c))}{4d}$	29
risc	$\frac{ax}{2} + \frac{a\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$	32
derivativedivides	$a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a\sin(dx+c)$ $d$	38
default	$a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a\sin(dx+c)$ $d$	38
parts	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{a\sin(dx+c)}{d}$	40
norman	$\frac{a\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + ax\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{3a\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{ax\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$	82

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a*(2*d*x+4*sin(d*x+c)+sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d`

### 3.5.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{adx + (a \cos(dx + c) + 2a) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*d*x + (a*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.5.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{ax \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a \cos(c) + a) \cos(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)*cos(c), True))`

**3.5.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a + 4 a \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a + 4*a*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.5.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax + \frac{a \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{a \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*x + 1/4*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.5.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + 3a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(a*x)/2 + (3*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^2)`



## 3.6 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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### 3.6.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d`

### 3.6.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{a \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{a \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[a + a*Cos[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (a*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (a*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d`

### 3.6.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + ax$$

input `Int[a + a*Cos[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

#### 3.6.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### 3.6.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
risch	$ax + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
parallelrisch	$ax + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
parts	$ax + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(dx+c)+a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	21
norman	$\frac{ax+ax\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}}{1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$	50

input `int(a*cos(d*x+c)*a,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d`

### 3.6.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{adx + a \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+a*cos(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*d*x + a*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.6.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + a \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x \cos(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+a*cos(d*x+c),x)`

output `a*x + a*Piecewise((sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c), True))`

### 3.6.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{a \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+a*cos(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.6.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{a \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+a*cos(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.6.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int(a + a*cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `a*x + (a*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.7 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

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3.7.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	361
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3.7.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	361
3.7.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	362

#### 3.7.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = ax + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

output `a*x+a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d`

#### 3.7.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = ax + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d`

### 3.7.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$a \int \sec(c + dx) dx + ax$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$a \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + ax$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + ax$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d`

#### 3.7.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
;/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.7.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(dx+c)+a\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$	29
default	$\frac{a(dx+c)+a\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$	29
parts	$\frac{a\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{a(dx+c)}{d}$	31
parallelrisch	$\frac{a(dx+\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})+1)-\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1))}{d}$	36
risch	$ax + \frac{a\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{a\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$	42
norman	$\frac{ax+ax(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{1+\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})} + \frac{a\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})+1)}{d} - \frac{a\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1)}{d}$	71

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a*(d*x+c)+a*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))
```

### 3.7.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 36 vs.  $2(16) = 32$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2adx + a \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1)}{2d}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(2*a*d*x + a*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1))/d
```

**3.7.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = ax + a \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x \tan(c) \sec(c)}{\tan(c) + \sec(c)} + \frac{x \sec^2(c)}{\tan(c) + \sec(c)} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\tan(c + dx) + \sec(c + dx))}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `a*x + a*Piecewise((x*tan(c)*sec(c)/(tan(c) + sec(c)) + x*sec(c)**2/(tan(c) + sec(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (log(tan(c + d*x) + sec(c + d*x))/d, True))`

**3.7.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{(dx + c)a + a \log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((d*x + c)*a + a*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.7.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 43 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \frac{(dx + c)a + a \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|) - a \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((d*x + c)*a + a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)))/d`



**3.7.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = ax + \frac{2a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `a*x + (2*a*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`

### 3.8 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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3.8.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	366
3.8.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	366
3.8.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	366
3.8.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	367
3.8.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	367

#### 3.8.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.8.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.8.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + a \int \sec(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{a \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

3.8.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 4254 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

3.8.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+a \tan(dx+c)}{d}$	30
default	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+a \tan(dx+c)}{d}$	30
parts	$\frac{a \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$	32
risch	$\frac{2ia}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$	59
parallelrisch	$\frac{a(-\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1) \cos(dx+c)+\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})+1) \cos(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c))}{d \cos(dx+c)}$	60
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2a \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{d} - \frac{2a(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{d}}{(1+\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1)} + \frac{a \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})+1)}{d} - \frac{a \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1)}{d}$	101

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.8.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

output `1/d*(a*ln(sec(d*x+c))+tan(d*x+c))+a*tan(d*x+c))`

### 3.8.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2a \sin(dx + c)}{2d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*a*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.8.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2, x))`

### 3.8.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 2a \tan(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(a*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 2*a*tan(d*x + c))  
/d`

### 3.8.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 63 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))/d`

### 3.8.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 a \operatorname{atanh} \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{2 a \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(2*a*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (2*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 1))`

### 3.9 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.9.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.9.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

### 3.9.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + a \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{a \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a*Tan[c + d*x])/d + a*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))`

### 3.9.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.9.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	s
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \tan(dx+c) + a \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$	4
default	$\frac{a \tan(dx+c) + a \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$	4
parts	$\frac{a \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(dx+c)}{d}$	4
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left( (-1 - \cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + (1 + \cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(2dx+2c) \right) a}{2d(1 + \cos(2dx+2c))}$	9
risc	$-\frac{ia(e^{3i(dx+c)} - 2e^{2i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)} - 2)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} + \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} - \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d}$	9
norman	$\frac{3a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{a \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2d} + \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2d}$ $\frac{1}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2}$	1

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a*tan(d*x+c)+a*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))`

### 3.9.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(2a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sin(dx + c)}{4d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/4*(a*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(2*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.9.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3, x))`

### 3.9.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx+c) - 1) \right) - 4a \tan(dx+c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(a*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 4*a*tan(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.9.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 3 a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/2*(a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))) - 2*(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2)/d$

### 3.9.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)} + \frac{a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input  $\text{int}((a + a*\cos(c + d*x))/\cos(c + d*x)^3,x)$

output  $(3*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)) + (a*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d$

### 3.10 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

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3.10.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	374
3.10.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	375
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3.10.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	377
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3.10.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	378
3.10.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	379

#### 3.10.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.10.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a*(Tan[c + d*x] + Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

**3.10.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx + a \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{a \int (\tan^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `a*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (a*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

### 3.10.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.10.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) - a\left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) - a\left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a\left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia(3e^{5i(dx+c)} - 12e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3e^{i(dx+c)} - 4)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} - \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{3a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{5a \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} + \frac{a \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} - \frac{a \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3} - \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2d} + \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2d}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{a\left(3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(3dx+3c) + 9 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(dx+c) - 3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(3dx+3c) - 9 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(dx+c)\right)}{6d(\cos(3dx+3c)+3 \cos(dx+c))}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-a*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))`

### 3.10.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3a \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(4a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3a \cos(dx + c) + 2a) \sin(dx + c)}{12d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*a*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(4*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

---

3.10.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$



**3.10.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4, x))`

**3.10.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx+c) - 1) \right)}{12d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(4*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a - 3*a*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`

**3.10.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 3a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 3a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 4a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + 9a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^3}}{6d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/6*(3*a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(3*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)/d$

### 3.10.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{4a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 3a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output  $(a*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (3*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - (4*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(d*(3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))$

### 3.11 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.11.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `3/8*a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.11.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{a(9 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (9 \sec(c + dx) + 6 \sec^3(c + dx) + 8(3 + \tan^2(c + dx))))}{24d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(a*(9*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(9*Sec[c + d*x] + 6*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 8*(3 + Tan[c + d*x]^2))))/(24*d)`

**3.11.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^5(c+dx) dx + a \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx - \frac{a \int (\tan^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `-((a*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + a*((Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)`

### 3.11.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
  Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
  && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
  /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.11.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)+a\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4}-\frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8}\right)\tan(dx+c)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)+a\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4}-\frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8}\right)\tan(dx+c)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8}\right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4}-\frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8}\right)\tan(dx+c)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8}\right)}{d}-\frac{a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia(9e^{7i(dx+c)}+33e^{5i(dx+c)}-48e^{4i(dx+c)}-33e^{3i(dx+c)}-64e^{2i(dx+c)}-9e^{i(dx+c)}-16)}{12d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^4}-\frac{3a\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{8d}+\frac{3a}{8d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{a\left(9(-\cos(4dx+4c)-4\cos(2dx+2c)-3)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+9(\cos(4dx+4c)+4\cos(2dx+2c)+3)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)\right)}{24d(\cos(4dx+4c)+4\cos(2dx+2c)+3)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{13a\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d}+\frac{2a\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d}+\frac{3a\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d}+\frac{10a\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d}-\frac{3a\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^4}-\frac{3a\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-a*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+a*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(
d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

**3.11.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{9 a \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 9 a \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(16 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 9 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8 a \cos(dx + c) + 6 a) \sin(dx + c)}{48 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/48*(9*a*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 9*a*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(16*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 9*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**3.11.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^5(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**5, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**5, x))`

**3.11.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a - 3a \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{48 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{48}(16*(\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3*\tan(dx + c))*a - 3*a*(2*(3*\sin(dx + c)^3 - 5*\sin(dx + c))/(\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2*\sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - 3*\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3*\log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)))/d$

### 3.11.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{9a \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 9a \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(9a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^7 - 49a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 31a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 9a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1\right)^2}}{24d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{24}(9*a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 9*a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(9*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 49*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 31*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 9*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4/d$

### 3.11.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{4} + \frac{49a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{12} - \frac{31a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{12} + \frac{13a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)} + \frac{3a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`



output  $((13*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4 - (31*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 + (49*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 - (3*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4)/(d*(6*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1)) + (3*a*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d)$

### 3.12 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.12.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{2a \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `3/8*a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+2/3*a*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a*tan(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.12.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{a(45 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (120 + 45 \sec(c + dx) + 30 \sec^3(c + dx) + 80 \tan^2(c + dx) + 24 \tan^4(c + dx)))}{120d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output  $(a*(45*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(120 + 45*Sec[c + d*x] + 30*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 80*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + 24*Tan[c + d*x]^4)))/(120*d)$

### 3.12.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^6(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^6(c + dx) dx + a \int \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx + a \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx - \frac{a \int (\tan^4(c + dx) + 2 \tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & \frac{a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - a(-\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `-((a*(-Tan[c + d*x] - (2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Tan[c + d*x]^5/5))/d) + a*((Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)`

### 3.12.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.12.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - a \left( - \frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4 \sec^2(dx+c)}{15} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - a \left( - \frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4 \sec^2(dx+c)}{15} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a \left( - \frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4 \sec^2(dx+c)}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia(45e^{9i(dx+c)} + 210e^{7i(dx+c)} - 640e^{4i(dx+c)} - 210e^{3i(dx+c)} - 320e^{2i(dx+c)} - 45e^{i(dx+c)} - 64)}{60d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^5} + \frac{3a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{8d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{13a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} - \frac{a \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{12d} - \frac{137a \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{30d} - \frac{167a \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{30d} + \frac{17a \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{12d} - \frac{3a \tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{8 \left( \left( - \frac{45 \cos(dx+c)}{32} - \frac{45 \cos(3dx+3c)}{64} - \frac{9 \cos(5dx+5c)}{64} \right) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \left( \frac{45 \cos(dx+c)}{32} + \frac{45 \cos(3dx+3c)}{64} + \frac{9 \cos(5dx+5c)}{64} \right)}{3d(\cos(5dx+5c) + 5 \cos(3dx+3c) + 10)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-a*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))`

3.12.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

**3.12.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 a \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 45 a \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(64 a \cos(dx + c)^4 + 45 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 32 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 30 a \cos(dx + c) + 24 a) \sin(dx + c)}{240 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/240*(45*a*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 45*a*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(64*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 45*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 30*a*cos(d*x + c) + 24*a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`**3.12.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sec^6(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^6(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**6, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**6, x))`**3.12.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a - 15 a \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx + c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx + c))}{\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c)) \right)}{240 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{240}*(16*(3*\tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\tan(d*x + c))*a - 15*a*(2*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*\sin(d*x + c))/(\sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d$

### 3.12.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 45 a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 45 a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^9 - 130 a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^7 + \dots \right)}{120 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{120}*(45*a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 45*a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(45*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 130*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 464*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 190*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 195*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5)/d$

### 3.12.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3 a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4 d}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{3 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{4} - \frac{13 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{6} + \frac{116 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{15} - \frac{19 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{6} + \frac{13 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} - 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output  $(3*a*atanh(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d) - ((13*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4 - (19*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/6 + (116*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15 - (13*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/6 + (3*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/4)/(d*(5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} - 1))$



### 3.13 $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.13.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{11a^2x}{16} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{11a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{11a^2 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a^2 \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{4a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `11/16*a^2*x+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+11/16*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+11/24*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-4/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

### 3.13.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(660dx + 1200 \sin(c + dx) + 465 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 200 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 75 \sin(4(c + dx)) + 24 \sin(5(c + dx)))}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(660*d*x + 1200*Sin[c + d*x] + 465*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 200*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 75*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 24*Sin[5*(c + d*x)] + 5*Sin[6*(c + d*x)]))/(960*d)`

### 3.13.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^2 \cos^6(c + dx) + 2a^2 \cos^5(c + dx) + a^2 \cos^4(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{4a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} +$$

$$\frac{11a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{11a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{11a^2 x}{16}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

---

3.13.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

```
output (11*a^2*x)/16 + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (11*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]
)/(16*d) + (11*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(24*d) + (a^2*Cos[c + d*x]
^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) - (4*a^2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x
]^5)/(5*d)
```

### 3.13.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e +
f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.13.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(132dx + \sin(6dx + 6c) + 240 \sin(dx + c) + 93 \sin(2dx + 2c) + 40 \sin(3dx + 3c) + 15 \sin(4dx + 4c) + \frac{24 \sin(5dx + 5c)}{5}) a^2}{192d}$
risch	$\frac{11a^2x}{16} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(5dx+5c)}{40d} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(4dx+4c)}{64d} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(3dx+3c)}{24d} + \frac{31a^2 \sin(2dx+2c)}{16d} + \frac{11a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{16d}$
derivativdivides	$a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d}$
default	$a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d}$
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{11a^2x}{16} + \frac{53a^2 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{8d} + \frac{87a^2 (\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{8d} + \frac{501a^2 (\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{20d} + \frac{331a^2 (\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{20d} + \frac{187a^2 (\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{24d} + \frac{11a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{16d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192*(132*d*x+sin(6*d*x+6*c)+240*sin(d*x+c)+93*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+40*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+15*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+24/5*sin(5*d*x+5*c))*a^2/d
```

### 3.13.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{165 a^2 dx + (40 a^2 \cos(dx + c))^5 + 96 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 110 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 128 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 165 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 256 a^2 \sin^2(dx + c)}{240 d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/240*(165*a^2*d*x + (40*a^2*cos(d*x + c))^5 + 96*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 110*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 128*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 165*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 256*a^2*sin^2(d*x + c))/d
```

---

3.13.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

### 3.13.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{5a^2x \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15a^2x \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{3a^2x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{15a^2x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{3a^2x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^2 \cos^4(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((5*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 15*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 5*a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 3*a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 5*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 16*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 5*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 8*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 3*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 11*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d) + 2*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**2*cos(c)**4, True))`

### 3.13.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{128 (3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a^2 - 5 (4 \sin(2dx + 2c)^3 - 60dx - 60c - 9 \sin(4dx + 4c) - 48 \sin(2dx + 2c))a^2 + 30(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8 \sin(2dx + 2c))a^2}{960d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/960*(128*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a^2 - 5*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2 + 30*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2)/d`

---

3.13.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$



### 3.14 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.14.1	Optimal result . . . . .	400
3.14.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	400
3.14.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	401
3.14.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	402
3.14.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	403
3.14.6	Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	403
3.14.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	404
3.14.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	404
3.14.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	405

#### 3.14.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2x}{4} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a^2 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `3/4*a^2*x+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/4*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-a^2*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.14.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(60dx + 110 \sin(c + dx) + 40 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 15 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 5 \sin(4(c + dx)) + \sin(5(c + dx)))}{80d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(a^2(60dx + 110\sin[c + dx] + 40\sin[2(c + dx)] + 15\sin[3(c + dx)] + 5\sin[4(c + dx)] + \sin[5(c + dx)]))/(80d)$

### 3.14.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3236$$

$$\int (a^2 \cos^5(c + dx) + 2a^2 \cos^4(c + dx) + a^2 \cos^3(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3a^2 x}{4}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2,x]$

output  $(3a^2x)/4 + (2a^2\sin[c + dx])/d + (3a^2\cos[c + dx]*\sin[c + dx])/(4d) + (a^2\cos[c + dx]^3*\sin[c + dx])/(2d) - (a^2\sin[c + dx]^3)/d + (a^2\sin[c + dx]^5)/(5d)$





### 3.14.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^2 dx + (4 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 12 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 24 a^2) \sin(dx + c)}{20 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/20*(15*a^2*d*x + (4*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 12*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 24*a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.14.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^2 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3a^2 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^2 x \cos^4(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{8a^2 \sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} + \frac{4a^2 \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{3a^2 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^2 \cos^3(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/4 + 3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/4 + 8*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 3*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 2*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(4*d) + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**2*cos(c)**3, True))`

**3.14.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{16 (3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a^2 - 80 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^2 + 15 (1}{240 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/240*(16*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a^2 - 80*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^2 + 15*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2)/d`**3.14.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3}{4} a^2 x + \frac{a^2 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{16 d} + \frac{3 a^2 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{16 d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{2 d} + \frac{11 a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*a^2*x + 1/80*a^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/16*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 3/16*a^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/2*a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 11/8*a^2*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.14.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2x}{4} + \frac{\frac{3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{2} + 7a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \frac{72a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{5} + 9a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \frac{13a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(3*a^2*x)/4 + (9*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 + (72*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/5 + 7*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7 + (3*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/2 + (13*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/2)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^5)`

### 3.15 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.15.1	Optimal result . . . . .	406
3.15.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	406
3.15.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	407
3.15.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	408
3.15.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	408
3.15.6	Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	409
3.15.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	409
3.15.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	410
3.15.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	410

#### 3.15.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{7a^2x}{8} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{7a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^2 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `7/8*a^2*x+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+7/8*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.15.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(84dx + 144 \sin(c + dx) + 48 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 16 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 3 \sin(4(c + dx)))}{96d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(84*d*x + 144*Sin[c + d*x] + 48*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 16*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d)`

### 3.15.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^2 \cos^4(c+dx) + 2a^2 \cos^3(c+dx) + a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{2a^2 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{\frac{7a^2 x}{8}} + \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} +$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(7*a^2*x)/8 + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (7*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) - (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.15.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.15.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^2(84dx+144\sin(dx+c)+3\sin(4dx+4c)+16\sin(3dx+3c)+48\sin(2dx+2c))}{96d}$
risch	$\frac{7a^2x}{8} + \frac{3a^2\sin(dx+c)}{2d} + \frac{a^2\sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{a^2\sin(3dx+3c)}{6d} + \frac{a^2\sin(2dx+2c)}{2d}$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{2a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + a^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{2a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + a^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \frac{1}{d} + \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
norman	$\frac{7a^2x}{8} + \frac{25a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} + \frac{83a^2 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} + \frac{77a^2 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} + \frac{7a^2 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} + \frac{7a^2x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2} + \frac{21a^2x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^4}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/96*a^2*(84*d*x+144*sin(d*x+c)+3*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+16*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+48*sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d
```

### 3.15.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{21 a^2 dx + (6 a^2 \cos(dx + c))^3 + 16 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 21 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 32 a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{24 d}$$

---

3.15.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{24}*(21*a^2*d*x + (6*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 16*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + 32*a^2)*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.15.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^2x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a^2x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{a^2x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^2x \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{a^2x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^2 \cos^2(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 4*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 5*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 2*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**2*cos(c)**2, True))`

### 3.15.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{64 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^2 - 3(12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^2 - 24(2 - \cos(2 dx + 2 c))}{96 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output 
$$\frac{-1/96*(64*(\sin(dx + c))^3 - 3*\sin(dx + c))*a^2 - 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2 - 24*(2*d*x + 2*c + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2}{d}$$

### 3.15.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{7}{8} a^2 x + \frac{a^2 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{6 d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{2 d} + \frac{3 a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)^2*(a+a*cos(dx+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{7}{8} a^2 x + \frac{1}{32} a^2 \sin(4 dx + 4 c) / d + \frac{1}{6} a^2 \sin(3 dx + 3 c) / d + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c) / d + \frac{3}{2} a^2 \sin(dx + c) / d$$

### 3.15.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{7 a^2 x}{8} + \frac{7 a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{4} + \frac{77 a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{12} + \frac{83 a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{12} + \frac{25 a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4} \frac{1}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4}$$

input `int(cos(c + dx)^2*(a + a*cos(c + dx))^2,x)`

output 
$$\frac{7*a^2*x}{8} + \frac{((83*a^2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 + (77*a^2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 + (7*a^2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4 + (25*a^2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4}{d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^4}$$

### 3.16 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.16.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `a^2*x+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.16.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(12dx + 21 \sin(c + dx) + 6 \sin(2(c + dx)) + \sin(3(c + dx)))}{12d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(12*d*x + 21*Sin[c + d*x] + 6*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d)`

### 3.16.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3123} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^2 x}{2} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (2*((3*a^2*x)/2 + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/3`

#### 3.16.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3123 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a^2 + b^2)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[2*a*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/d), x] - Simp[b^2*Cos[c + d*x]*(Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.16.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^2(12dx+21 \sin(dx+c)+\sin(3dx+3c)+6 \sin(2dx+2c))}{12d}$
risch	$a^2x + \frac{7a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2dx+2c)}{2d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + \frac{2a^2(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{d} + a^2 \sin(dx+c)$
default	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + \frac{2a^2(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{d} + a^2 \sin(dx+c)$
parts	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2a^2(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{d}$
norman	$\frac{a^2x+a^2x(\tan^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \frac{6a^2 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{d} + \frac{16a^2(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3d} + \frac{2a^2(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{d} + 3a^2x(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 3a^2x(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{(1+\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^3}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*a^2*(12*d*x+21*sin(d*x+c)+sin(3*d*x+3*c)+6*sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d`

**3.16.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2 dx + (a^2 \cos(dx + c))^2 + 3a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 5a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(3*a^2*d*x + (a^2*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 3*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 5*a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.16.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 x \sin^2(c + dx) + a^2 x \cos^2(c + dx) + \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^2 \cos(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2 + a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/d + a**2*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**2*cos(c), True))`

**3.16.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^2 - 3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^2 - 6a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(2*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^2 - 3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2 - 6*a^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.16.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{a^2 \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2dx + 2c)}{2d} + \frac{7a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a^2*x + 1/12*a^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/2*a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 7/4*a^2*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.16.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + (5*a^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (a^2*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (a^2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.17 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.17.1	Optimal result . . . . .	417
3.17.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	417
3.17.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	418
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3.17.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	421

#### 3.17.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2x}{2} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `3/2*a^2*x+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.17.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(6(c + dx) + 8 \sin(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(6*(c + d*x) + 8*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d)`



### 3.17.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {3042, 3123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3123}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^2 x}{2}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(3*a^2*x)/2 + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

#### 3.17.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3123 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a^2 + b^2)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[2*a*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/d), x] - Simp[b^2*Cos[c + d*x]*(Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

### 3.17.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^2(6dx+8\sin(dx+c)+\sin(2dx+2c))}{4d}$	31
risch	$\frac{3a^2x}{2} + \frac{2a^2\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^2\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$	39
parts	$a^2x + \frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2\sin(dx+c)}{d}$	50
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2a^2\sin(dx+c) + a^2(dx+c)}{d}$	52
default	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2a^2\sin(dx+c) + a^2(dx+c)}{d}$	52
norman	$\frac{\frac{3a^2x}{2} + \frac{5a^2\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{3a^2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + 3a^2x\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{3a^2x\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$	94

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^2*(6*d*x+8*sin(d*x+c)+sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d`

### 3.17.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2dx + (a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 4a^2) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(3*a^2*d*x + (a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 4*a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.17.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + a^2 x + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**2*x + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 2*a**2*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`**3.17.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^2}{4 d} + \frac{2 a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*x + 1/4*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2/d + 2*a^2*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.17.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3}{2} a^2 x + \frac{a^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{2 a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*a^2*x + 1/4*a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 2*a^2*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.17.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2 x}{2} + \frac{3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + 5a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `(3*a^2*x)/2 + (3*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 + 5*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^2)`

### 3.18 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.18.1	Optimal result . . . . .	422
3.18.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	422
3.18.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	423
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3.18.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	425
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3.18.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	425
3.18.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	426
3.18.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	426

#### 3.18.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = 2a^2x + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `2*a^2*x+a^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.18.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = 2a^2x + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `2*a^2*x + (a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a^2*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (a^2*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d`

### 3.18.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3225, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3225} \\
 & \int (2 \cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) a^2+a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & a^2 \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 2a^2 x \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 2a^2 x \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 2a^2 x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `2*a^2*x + (a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.18.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3225 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(d*f)), x] + Simp[1/d Int[Simp[a^2*d - b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.18.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)+2a^2(dx+c)+a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)+2a^2(dx+c)+a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^2 \left(2dx + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \sin(dx+c)\right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2a^2(dx+c)}{d}$
risc	$2a^2x - \frac{ia^2e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{ia^2e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{2a^2x + \frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + 4a^2x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 2a^2x \left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + \frac{a^2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^2*sin(d*x+c)+2*a^2*(d*x+c)+a^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))`

---

3.18.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$

**3.18.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 dx + a^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(4*a^2*d*x + a^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*a^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.18.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx \right.$$

$$\left. + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx \right.$$

$$\left. + \int \sec(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x), x))`

**3.18.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx + c)a^2 + a^2 \log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c)) + a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$



input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*(d*x + c)*a^2 + a^2*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)) + a^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.18.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 79 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx + c)a^2 + a^2 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|) - a^2 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|) + \frac{2a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*(d*x + c)*a^2 + a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))/d`

### 3.18.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = 2a^2 x + \frac{a^2 (2 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})) + \sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `2*a^2*x + (a^2*(2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) + sin(c + d*x)))/d`

### 3.19 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.19.1	Optimal result . . . . .	427
3.19.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	427
3.19.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	428
3.19.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	429
3.19.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	429
3.19.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	430
3.19.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	430
3.19.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	430
3.19.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	431

#### 3.19.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a^2 x + \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `a^2*x+2*a^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.19.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a^2 \left( x + \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `a^2*(x + (2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + Tan[c + d*x]/d)`

### 3.19.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^2 \sec^2(c + dx) + 2a^2 \sec(c + dx) + a^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + a^2 x$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `a^2*x + (2*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

#### 3.19.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.19.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(dx+c)+2a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2(dx+c)+2a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^2(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
risch	$a^2x + \frac{2ia^2}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{2a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{2a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^2(dx \cos(dx+c)-2 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))-1) \cos(dx+c)+2 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))+1) \cos(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$\frac{a^2x(\tan^4(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))+a^2x(\tan^6(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))-a^2x-\frac{2a^2 \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{d}-\frac{4a^2(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{d}-\frac{2a^2(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{d}-a^2x(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{(1+\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))^2(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))-1)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^2*(d*x+c)+2*a^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+a^2*tan(d*x+c))`

### 3.19.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 dx \cos(dx + c) + a^2 \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a^2 \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(a^2*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + a^2*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.19.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)*  
*2*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2, x))`

**3.19.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ = \frac{(dx + c)a^2 + a^2(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + a^2 \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((d*x + c)*a^2 + a^2*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + a^2  
*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.19.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 79 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ = \frac{(dx + c)a^2 + 2a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 2a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1}}{d}$$

---

3.19.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((d*x + c)*a^2 + 2*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 2*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))/d`

### 3.19.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a^2 x + \frac{4 a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{2 a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + (4*a^2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (2*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 1))`

## 3.20 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.20.1	Optimal result . . . . .	432
3.20.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	432
3.20.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	433
3.20.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	434
3.20.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	434
3.20.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	435
3.20.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	435
3.20.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	436
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### 3.20.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `3/2*a^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+2*a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

### 3.20.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

### 3.20.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\
 & \int (a^2 \sec^3(c + dx) + 2a^2 \sec^2(c + dx) + a^2 \sec(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

#### 3.20.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.20.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+2a^2 \tan(dx+c)+a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+2a^2 \tan(dx+c)+a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia^2(e^{3i(dx+c)}-4e^{2i(dx+c)}-e^{i(dx+c)}-4)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2d} - \frac{3a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2d}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{a^2 \left( 3 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \cos(2dx+2c) - 3 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) \cos(2dx+2c) - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 3 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) - 3 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) \right)}{2d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{5a^2 \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{7a^2 \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{3a^2 \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d}}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^2} - \frac{3a^2 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right)}{2d} + \frac{3a^2 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right)}{2d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+2*a^2*tan(d*x+c)+a^2*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

### 3.20.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(4 a^2 \cos(dx + c) - 3 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2)}{4 d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.20.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

output  $1/4*(3*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(4*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^2)$

### 3.20.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)*2*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3, x))`

### 3.20.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) + \log(\sin(dx+c)-1) \right) - 2a^2(\log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - \log(\sin(dx+c)-1))}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(a^2*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 2*a^2*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 8*a^2*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.20.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 5a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1\right)^2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(3*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(3*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2/d`**3.20.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 - 5a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `(3*a^2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (3*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 - 5*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)`

## 3.21 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.21.1	Optimal result . . . . .	437
3.21.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	437
3.21.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	438
3.21.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	439
3.21.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	439
3.21.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	440
3.21.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	440
3.21.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	441
3.21.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	441

### 3.21.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `a^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+2*a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+a^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^2*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

### 3.21.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

### 3.21.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^2 \sec^4(c + dx) + 2a^2 \sec^3(c + dx) + a^2 \sec^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.21.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.21.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c) + 2a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c) + 2a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{2ia^2 (3e^{5i(dx+c)} - 3e^{4i(dx+c)} - 12e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3e^{i(dx+c)} - 5)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{3 \left( \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + \left( -\cos(dx+c) - \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) - \sin(dx+c) \right)}{d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3\cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$-\frac{\frac{6a^2 \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} - \frac{20a^2 \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{8a^2 \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{4a^2 \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} - \frac{2a^2 \left( \tan^9 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d}}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right)^3} + \frac{a^2 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^2*tan(d*x+c)+2*a^2*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-a^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)
```

### 3.21.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2 (5 a^2 \cos(dx + c))^2}{6 d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

---

3.21.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(5*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.21.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4, x))`

### 3.21.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^2 - 3 a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{6 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(2*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^2 - 3*a^2*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 6*a^2*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.21.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 - 8a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + 9a^2\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1\right)^3}}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(3*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(3*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 8*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3/d`**3.21.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{16a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 6a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `(2*a^2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (2*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 - (16*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + 6*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))`



### 3.22 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.22.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{7a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{7a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^2 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `7/8*a^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+2*a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+7/8*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+2/3*a^2*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.22.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2(21 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (21 \sec(c + dx) + 6 \sec^3(c + dx) + 16(3 + \tan^2(c + dx))))}{24d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(a^2*(21*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(21*Sec[c + d*x] + 6*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 16*(3 + Tan[c + d*x]^2))))/(24*d)`

### 3.22.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\
 & \int (a^2 \sec^5(c + dx) + 2a^2 \sec^4(c + dx) + a^2 \sec^3(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{7a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{7a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{8d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(7*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(8*d) + (2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (7*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.22.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.22.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - 2a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + a^2 \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - 2a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + a^2 \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia^2 (21 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 45 e^{5i(dx+c)} - 96 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 45 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 128 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 21 e^{i(dx+c)} - 32)}{12d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^4} + \frac{7a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{8d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^2 \left( 21(-\cos(4dx+4c) - 4\cos(2dx+2c) - 3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 21(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4\cos(2dx+2c) + 3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \right)}{24d(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4\cos(2dx+2c) + 3)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{25a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} + \frac{67a^2 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} - \frac{7a^2 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6d} + \frac{25a^2 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6d} + \frac{35a^2 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} - \frac{7a^2 \left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^4}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^2*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-2*a^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+a^2*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

### 3.22.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{21 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 21 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(32 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 21 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 16 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 6 a^2) \sin(dx + c)}{48 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/48*(21*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 21*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(32*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 21*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 16*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

### 3.22.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \sec^5(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**5, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)*2*sec(c + d*x)**5, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**5, x))`

**3.22.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{32 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^2 - 3 a^2 \left( \frac{2 (3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{48 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/48*(32*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^2 - 3*a^2*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 12*a^2*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`**3.22.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{21 a^2 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 21 a^2 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 21 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^7 - 77 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 + 83 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 75 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^4}}{24 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*(21*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 21*a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(21*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 77*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 83*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 75*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4)/d`

**3.22.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{7a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{4} - \frac{77a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{12} + \frac{83a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{12} - \frac{25a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`output `(7*a^2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d) - ((83*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 - (77*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 + (7*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4 - (25*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4)/(d*(6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1))`

### 3.23 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.23.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{23a^3x}{16} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{23a^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{23a^3 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a^3 \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{7a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 23/16*a^3*x+4*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+23/16*a^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+23/24*a^3
*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-7/3*a^3*sin(d
*x+c)^3/d+3/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)^5/d
```

### 3.23.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(1380dx + 2520 \sin(c + dx) + 945 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 380 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 135 \sin(4(c + dx)) + 36 \sin(5(c + dx)))}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(1380*d*x + 2520*Sin[c + d*x] + 945*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 380*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 135*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 36*Sin[5*(c + d*x)] + 5*Sin[6*(c + d*x)])/(960*d)`

### 3.23.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^3 \cos^6(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^5(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^4(c + dx) + a^3 \cos^3(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{3a^3 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{7a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} +$$

$$\frac{23a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{23a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{23a^3 x}{16}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`



```
output (23*a^3*x)/16 + (4*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (23*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]
)/(16*d) + (23*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(24*d) + (a^3*Cos[c + d*x]
^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) - (7*a^3*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (3*a^3*Sin[c + d*x
]^5)/(5*d)
```

### 3.23.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e +
f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.23.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(276dx + \sin(6dx+6c) + 504 \sin(dx+c) + 189 \sin(2dx+2c) + 76 \sin(3dx+3c) + 27 \sin(4dx+4c) + \frac{36 \sin(5dx+5c)}{5}) a^3}{192d}$
risch	$\frac{23a^3x}{16} + \frac{21a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{9a^3 \sin(4dx+4c)}{64d} + \frac{19a^3 \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{63a^3 \sin(2dx+2c)}{32d} + \frac{27a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{16d}$
derivativdivides	$a^3 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{3a^3 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
default	$a^3 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{3a^3 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \left( \frac{\cos^4(dx+c)}{3} + \frac{4 \cos^2(dx+c)}{3} + \frac{8}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
norman	$\frac{23a^3x}{16} + \frac{105a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8d} + \frac{211a^3 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8d} + \frac{969a^3 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20d} + \frac{759a^3 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20d} + \frac{391a^3 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24d} + \frac{27a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{16d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/192*(276*d*x+sin(6*d*x+6*c)+504*sin(d*x+c)+189*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+76*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+27*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+36/5*sin(5*d*x+5*c))*a^3/d`

### 3.23.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{345 a^3 dx + (40 a^3 \cos(dx+c))^5 + 144 a^3 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 230 a^3 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 272 a^3 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 345 a^3 \cos(dx+c) + 544 a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{240 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/240*(345*a^3*d*x + (40*a^3*cos(d*x + c))^5 + 144*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 230*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 272*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 345*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 544*a^3*sin(d*x + c))/d`

---

3.23.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$

### 3.23.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{5a^3 x \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15a^3 x \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{9a^3 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{15a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{9a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^3 \cos^3(c) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((5*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 9*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 15*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 9*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 5*a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 9*a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 5*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 8*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**5/(5*d) + 5*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 4*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 9*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 2*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 11*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d) + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 15*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**3*cos(c)**3, True))`

### 3.23.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{192 (3 \sin(dx + c))^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c) a^3 - 5 (4 \sin(2dx + 2c))^3 - 60 dx - 60 c - 9 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/960*(192*(3*sin(d*x + c))^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a^3 - 5*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3 - 320*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^3 + 90*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3/d`

**3.23.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{23}{16} a^3 x + \frac{a^3 \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{3 a^3 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{9 a^3 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{19 a^3 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{63 a^3 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{21 a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `23/16*a^3*x + 1/192*a^3*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 3/80*a^3*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 9/64*a^3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 19/48*a^3*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 63/64*a^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 21/8*a^3*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.23.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{23 a^3 x}{16} + \frac{\frac{23 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11}}{8} + \frac{391 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{24} + \frac{759 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{20} + \frac{969 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{20} + \frac{211 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{8} + \frac{105 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^6}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(23*a^3*x)/16 + ((211*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/8 + (969*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/20 + (759*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/20 + (391*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/24 + (23*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11)/8 + (105*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^6)`

### 3.24 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.24.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{13a^3x}{8} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{13a^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{3a^3 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{5a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^3 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `13/8*a^3*x+4*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+13/8*a^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/4*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-5/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.24.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{a^3(780dx + 1380 \sin(c + dx) + 480 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 170 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 45 \sin(4(c + dx)) + 6 \sin(5(c + dx)))}{480d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(a^3(780d^2x + 1380\sin[c + dx] + 480\sin[2(c + dx)] + 170\sin[3(c + dx)] + 45\sin[4(c + dx)] + 6\sin[5(c + dx)]))/(480d)$

### 3.24.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3236$$

$$\int (a^3 \cos^5(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^4(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^3(c + dx) + a^3 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{5a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{13a^3 x}{8}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^3,x]$

output  $(13a^3x)/8 + (4a^3\sin[c + dx])/d + (13a^3\cos[c + dx]*\sin[c + dx])/(8d) + (3a^3\cos[c + dx]^3*\sin[c + dx])/(4d) - (5a^3*\sin[c + dx]^3)/(3d) + (a^3*\sin[c + dx]^5)/(5d)$

3.24.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

3.24.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^3(780dx+1380 \sin(dx+c)+6 \sin(5dx+5c)+45 \sin(4dx+4c)+170 \sin(3dx+3c)+480 \sin(2dx+2c))}{480d}$
risch	$\frac{13a^3x}{8} + \frac{23a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{17a^3 \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(2dx+2c)}{d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5} + 3a^3 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5} + 3a^3 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx+c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{13a^3x}{8} + \frac{51a^3 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4d} + \frac{133a^3 \left( \tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{6d} + \frac{416a^3 \left( \tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{15d} + \frac{91a^3 \left( \tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{6d} + \frac{13a^3 \left( \tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{4d} + \frac{65a^3}{4d} \frac{1}{\left( 1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/480*a^3*(780*d*x+1380*sin(d*x+c)+6*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+45*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+170*
sin(3*d*x+3*c)+480*sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d
```

3.24.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

### 3.24.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{195 a^3 dx + (24 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 90 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 152 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 195 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 304 a^3)}{120 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/120*(195*a^3*d*x + (24*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 90*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 152*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 195*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 304*a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.24.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{9a^3 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{9a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{9a^3 x \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{a^3 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{8a^3 \sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} + \frac{4a^3}{15d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^3 \cos^2(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((9*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 9*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 9*a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 8*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 9*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 2*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/d + a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 15*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**3*cos(c)**2, True))`



**3.24.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{32 (3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a^3 - 480 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^3 + 45 (12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8 \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3 + 120(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3}{480d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/480*(32*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a^3 - 480*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^3 + 45*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3 + 120*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3)/d`**3.24.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{13}{8} a^3 x + \frac{a^3 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a^3 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{17 a^3 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^3 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} + \frac{23 a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `13/8*a^3*x + 1/80*a^3*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 3/32*a^3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 17/48*a^3*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + a^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 23/8*a^3*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.24.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{13 a^3 x}{8} + \frac{13 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{4} + \frac{91 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{6} + \frac{416 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{15} + \frac{133 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{6} + \frac{51 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4}$$

$$d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^5$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(13*a^3*x)/8 + ((133*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/6 + (416*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15 + (91*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/6 + (13*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/4 + (51*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^5)`

### 3.25 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.25.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{15a^3x}{8} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{15a^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `15/8*a^3*x+4*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+15/8*a^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-a^3*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.25.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{a^3(60dx + 104 \sin(c + dx) + 32 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 8 \sin(3(c + dx)) + \sin(4(c + dx)))}{32d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(60*d*x + 104*Sin[c + d*x] + 32*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + Sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(32*d)`

### 3.25.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3124, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^3 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3124} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int (\cos^3(c+dx)a^3+3 \cos^2(c+dx)a^3+3 \cos(c+dx)a^3+a^3) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{a^3 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{5a^3 x}{2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}{4d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3*sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*((5*a^3*x)/2 + (4*a^3*sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*a^3*cos[c + d*x]*sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) - (a^3*sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)))/4`

3.25.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3124 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

3.25.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^3(60dx + \sin(4dx+4c) + 8\sin(3dx+3c) + 32\sin(2dx+2c) + 104\sin(dx+c))}{32d}$
risch	$\frac{15a^3x}{8} + \frac{13a^3\sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{a^3\sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{a^3\sin(3dx+3c)}{4d} + \frac{a^3\sin(2dx+2c)}{d}$
derivativedivides	$a^3 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c) + 3a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
default	$a^3 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c) + 3a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^3\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{a^3(2 + \cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{15a^3x}{8} + \frac{49a^3 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4d} + \frac{73a^3 \left( \tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{4d} + \frac{55a^3 \left( \tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{4d} + \frac{15a^3 \left( \tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{4d} + \frac{15a^3x \left( \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) \right)}{2} + \frac{45a^3}{(1 + \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^4}$

3.25.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{32}a^3(60dx + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(3dx + 3c) + 32\sin(2dx + 2c) + 104\sin(dx + c))/d$

### 3.25.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15a^3 dx + (2a^3 \cos(dx + c))^3 + 8a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 24a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{8}(15a^3 dx + (2a^3 \cos(dx + c))^3 + 8a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 24a^3 \sin(dx + c))/d$

### 3.25.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^3 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^3 x \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a^3 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^3 \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^3 \cos(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 2*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/d + 5*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + a**3*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**3*cos(c), True))`

**3.25.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{32 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^3 - (12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8 \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3 - 24(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3 - 32a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{32d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/32*(32*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^3 - (12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3 - 24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3 - 32*a^3*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.25.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{15}{8} a^3 x + \frac{a^3 \sin(4dx + 4c)}{32d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(3dx + 3c)}{4d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(2dx + 2c)}{d} + \frac{13a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `15/8*a^3*x + 1/32*a^3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/4*a^3*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + a^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 13/4*a^3*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.25.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{15 a^3 x}{8} + \frac{15 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{4} + \frac{55 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{4} + \frac{73 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{4} + \frac{49 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{1}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^4}$$

3.25.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output  $(15*a^3*x)/8 + ((73*a^3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/4 + (55*a^3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/4 + (15*a^3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4 + (49*a^3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4) / (d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^4)$



### 3.26 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.26.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{5a^3x}{2} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `5/2*a^3*x+4*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/2*a^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.26.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{a^3(30c + 30dx + 45 \sin(c + dx) + 9 \sin(2(c + dx)) + \sin(3(c + dx)))}{12d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(30*c + 30*d*x + 45*Sin[c + d*x] + 9*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d)`

### 3.26.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {3042, 3124, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^3 dx$$

↓ 3124

$$\int (a^3 \cos^3(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^2(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos(c + dx) + a^3) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{5a^3 x}{2}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(5*a^3*x)/2 + (4*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) - (a^3*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.26.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3124 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.26.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^3(30dx+\sin(3dx+3c))+9\sin(2dx+2c)+45\sin(dx+c)}{12d}$
risch	$\frac{5a^3x}{2} + \frac{15a^3\sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{a^3\sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{3a^3\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + \frac{3a^3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3a^3\sin(dx+c) + a^3(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + \frac{3a^3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3a^3\sin(dx+c) + a^3(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$a^3x + \frac{a^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{3a^3\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{5a^3x}{2} + \frac{11a^3\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{40a^3\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} + \frac{5a^3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{15a^3x\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2} + \frac{15a^3x\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2} + \frac{5a^3x}{2}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*a^3*(30*d*x+sin(3*d*x+3*c))+9*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+45*sin(d*x+c))/d`

### 3.26.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 dx + (2 a^3 \cos(dx + c))^2 + 9 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 22 a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{6 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/6*(15*a^3*d*x + (2*a^3*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 9*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 22*a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.26.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^3 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + a^3 x + \frac{2a^3 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c)}{d} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^3 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**3*x + 2*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 3*a**3*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`

### 3.26.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3 x - \frac{(\sin(dx + c))^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c)}{3d} a^3$$

$$+ \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3}{4d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^3*x - 1/3*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^3/d + 3/4*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3/d + 3*a^3*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.26.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{5}{2} a^3 x + \frac{a^3 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{12 d} + \frac{3 a^3 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{15 a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `5/2*a^3*x + 1/12*a^3*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3/4*a^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 15/4*a^3*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.26.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{5 a^3 x}{2} + \frac{11 a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3 d} + \frac{a^3 \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3 d} + \frac{3 a^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2 d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(5*a^3*x)/2 + (11*a^3*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (a^3*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (3*a^3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d)`

### 3.27 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.27.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{7a^3x}{2} + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `7/2*a^3*x+a^3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.27.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^3(14dx - 4 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 4 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 12 \sin(c + dx))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(a^3*(14*d*x - 4*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 4*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 12*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d)`

### 3.27.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^3 \cos^2(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos(c + dx) + a^3 \sec(c + dx) + 3a^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{7a^3 x}{2}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(7*a^3*x)/2 + (a^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (3*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a^3*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

#### 3.27.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.27.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^3 \left( 14dx + \sin(2dx+2c) + 12 \sin(dx+c) + 4 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) - 4 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right)}{4d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 3a^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3a^3(dx+c) + a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 3a^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3a^3(dx+c) + a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{3a^3(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{7a^3x}{2} - \frac{3ia^3e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{3ia^3e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)+i})}{d} - \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)-i})}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{7a^3x}{2} + \frac{7a^3 \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{12a^3 \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} + \frac{5a^3 \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} + \frac{21a^3x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{2} + \frac{21a^3x \left( \tan^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{2} + 7a^3x}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^3}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*a^3*(14*d*x+sin(2*d*x+2*c)+12*sin(d*x+c)+4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))/d
```

### 3.27.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{7a^3 dx + a^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + (a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 6a^3) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")
```



output  $\frac{1}{2}(7a^3dx + a^3\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a^3\log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + (a^3\cos(dx + c) + 6a^3)\sin(dx + c))/d$

### 3.27.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = a^3 \left( \int 3 \cos(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int 3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int \sec(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x), x))`

### 3.27.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3 + 12(dx + c)a^3 + 4a^3 \log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c)) + 12a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}((2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3 + 12(dx + c)a^3 + 4a^3\log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c)) + 12a^3\sin(dx + c))/d$

**3.27.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{7(dx + c)a^3 + 2a^3 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1|) - 2a^3 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) - 1|) + \frac{2(5a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 + 7a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 + 1)^2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(7*(d*x + c)*a^3 + 2*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 2*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(5*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 7*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2/d`**3.27.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{7a^3 x}{2} + \frac{2a^3 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}))}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{5a^3 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3 + 7a^3 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{d \left( \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^4 + 2 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x),x)`output `(7*a^3*x)/2 + (2*a^3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (5*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 + 7*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 1))`

### 3.28 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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3.28.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	480

#### 3.28.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = 3a^3x + \frac{3a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
output 3*a^3*x+3*a^3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.28.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\begin{aligned} &\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{8} a^3 (1 + \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( 3x - \frac{3 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d} \right. \\ &\quad + \frac{3 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d} + \frac{\cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{\cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d} \\ &\quad + \frac{\sin(\frac{dx}{2})}{d (\cos(\frac{c}{2}) - \sin(\frac{c}{2})) (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))} \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{\sin(\frac{dx}{2})}{d (\cos(\frac{c}{2}) + \sin(\frac{c}{2})) (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output  $(a^3(1 + \cos[c + dx])^3 \sec^2\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)^6 (3x - (3 \log[\cos\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)] - \sin\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)) / d + (3 \log[\cos\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)] + \sin\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)) / d + (\cos[dx] \sin[c]) / d + (\cos[c] \sin[dx]) / d + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) / (d(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)) (\cos\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right))) + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) / (d(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)) (\cos\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)))) / 8$

### 3.28.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\ & \int (a^3 \cos(c + dx) + a^3 \sec^2(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec(c + dx) + 3a^3) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{3a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + 3a^3 x \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output  $3a^3x + (3a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]]) / d + (a^3 \sin[c + dx]) / d + (a^3 \tan[c + dx]) / d$

### 3.28.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.28.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)+3a^3(dx+c)+3a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)+3a^3(dx+c)+3a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{3a^3(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^3(6dx \cos(dx+c)-6 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))-1) \cos(dx+c)+6 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))+1) \cos(dx+c)+2 \sin(dx+c)+\sin(2dx+2c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)}$
risch	$3a^3x - \frac{ia^3e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{ia^3e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{2ia^3}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} - \frac{3a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{-3a^3x - \frac{4a^3 \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{d} - \frac{8a^3(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{d} - \frac{4a^3(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{d} - 6a^3x(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})) + 6a^3x(\tan^6(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})) + 3a^3x}{(1+\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))^3(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1)}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3*sin(d*x+c)+3*a^3*(d*x+c)+3*a^3*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+a^3*tan(d*x+c))
```

---

3.28.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

**3.28.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6 a^3 dx \cos(dx + c) + 3 a^3 \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 a^3 \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2 a^3 \sin(dx + c)}{2 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*(6*a^3*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(a^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`**3.28.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a^3 \left( \int 3 \cos(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right.$$

$$+ \int 3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$+ \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$\left. + \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2, x))`

**3.28.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6(dx + c)a^3 + 3a^3(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 2a^3 \sin(dx + c) + 2a^3 \tan(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(6*(d*x + c)*a^3 + 3*a^3*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 2*a^3*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a^3*tan(d*x + c))/d`**3.28.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(dx + c)a^3 + 3a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{4a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 - 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(3*(d*x + c)*a^3 + 3*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 4*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 1))/d`**3.28.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = 3a^3 x + \frac{6a^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{4a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 1\right)}$$

3.28.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `3*a^3*x + (6*a^3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (4*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))  
/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 1))`



### 3.29 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.29.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a^3 x + \frac{7a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{3a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `a^3*x+7/2*a^3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+3*a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.29.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a^3 \left( x + \frac{7 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{\sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `a^3*(x + (7*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))`

### 3.29.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^2(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec(c + dx) + a^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{7a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{3a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} + a^3 x$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `a^3*x + (7*a^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (3*a^3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^3*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

#### 3.29.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.29.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3(dx+c)+3a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+3a^3 \tan(dx+c)+a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3(dx+c)+3a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+3a^3 \tan(dx+c)+a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{a^3(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
risch	$a^3 x - \frac{ia^3(e^{3i(dx+c)} - 6e^{2i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)} - 6)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{7a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d} + \frac{7a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^3(2dx \cos(2dx+2c) + 7 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \cos(2dx+2c) - 7 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \cos(2dx+2c) + 2dx + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 7 \ln(2d(1 + \cos(2dx+2c)))}{2d(1 + \cos(2dx+2c))}$
norman	$\frac{a^3 x + a^3 x \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a^3 x \left( \tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a^3 x \left( \tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{7a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{16a^3 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{d} + \frac{6a^3 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3*(d*x+c)+3*a^3*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+3*a^3*tan(d*x+c)+a^3*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

### 3.29.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 a^3 dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + 7 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 7 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1)}{4 d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.29.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

output  $1/4*(4*a^3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 7*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(6*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)$

### 3.29.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a^3 \left( \int 3 \cos(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int 3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3, x))`

### 3.29.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{4(dx + c)a^3 - a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right) + 6a^3(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1))}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/4*(4*(d*x + c)*a^3 - a^3*(2*\sin(d*x + c)/(\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 6*a^3*(\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 12*a^3*\tan(d*x + c))/d$

**3.29.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx + c)a^3 + 7a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 7a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(5a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 7a^3\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*(d*x + c)*a^3 + 7*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 7*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(5*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 7*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2/d`**3.29.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a^3 x + \frac{7a^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{5a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 - 7a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `a^3*x + (7*a^3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (5*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 - 7*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1))`

### 3.30 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

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3.30.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	492

#### 3.30.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $5/2*a^3*\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(d*x+c))/d+4*a^3*\tan(d*x+c)/d+3/2*a^3*\sec(d*x+c)*\tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^3*\tan(d*x+c)^3/d$

#### 3.30.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output  $(5*a^3*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (4*a^3*\operatorname{Tan}[c + d*x])/d + (3*a^3*\operatorname{Sec}[c + d*x]*\operatorname{Tan}[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a^3*\operatorname{Tan}[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)$

### 3.30.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^3 \sec^4(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^2(c + dx) + a^3 \sec(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{5a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(5*a^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (4*a^3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (3*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a^3*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.30.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.30.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+3a^3 \tan(dx+c)+3a^3 \left(\frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) - a^3 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{(\sec^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+3a^3 \tan(dx+c)+3a^3 \left(\frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) - a^3 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{(\sec^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^3 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{(\sec^2(dx+c))}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \left(\frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia^3(9e^{5i(dx+c)} - 18e^{4i(dx+c)} - 48e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9e^{i(dx+c)} - 22)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{5a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} - \frac{5a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{a^3 \left(15 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(3dx+3c) - 15 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(3dx+3c) + 45 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(dx+c) - 45 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(dx+c)\right)}{6d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3 \cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{11a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{59a^3 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^3 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{14a^3 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{5a^3 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} - \frac{5a^3 \left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+3*a^3*tan(d*x+c)+3*a^3*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))-a^3*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)
```

3.30.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$



**3.30.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 15 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(22 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 9 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 2 a^3) \sin(dx + c)}{12 d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/12*(15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*
log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(22*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 9*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 2
*a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**3.30.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = a^3 \left( \int 3 \cos(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right.$$

$$+ \int 3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$+ \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$\left. + \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)
```

```
output a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)
)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) +
Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4, x))
```

**3.30.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^3 - 9 a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{12 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(4*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^3 - 9*a^3*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 6*a^3*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 36*a^3*tan(d*x + c))/d`**3.30.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 15 a^3 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 15 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 40 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)}{6 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(15*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 15*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(15*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 40*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 33*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)/d`

**3.30.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{5a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{40a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 11a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `(5*a^3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (5*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 - (40*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + 11*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))`

### 3.31 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.31.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{15a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{15a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
output 15/8*a^3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+4*a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+15/8*a^3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+a^3*tan(d*x+c)^3/d
```

#### 3.31.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{15a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{15a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output  $(15a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/(8d) + (4a^3 \tan[c + dx])/d + (15a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx] \tan[c + dx])/(8d) + (a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx])/(4d) + (a^3 \tan[c + dx]^3)/d$

### 3.31.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^3 \sec^5(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^4(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) + a^3 \sec^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{15a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{15a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{8d}$$

input  $\operatorname{Int}[(a + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx])^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^5, x]$

output  $(15a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/(8d) + (4a^3 \tan[c + dx])/d + (15a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx] \tan[c + dx])/(8d) + (a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx])/(4d) + (a^3 \tan[c + dx]^3)/d$

3.31.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

3.31.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c) + 3a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - 3a^3 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + a^3 \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c) + 3a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - 3a^3 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + a^3 \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{3a^3 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{ia^3 (15 e^{7i(dx+c)} - 8 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 23 e^{5i(dx+c)} - 72 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 23 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 88 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 15 e^{i(dx+c)} - 24)}{4d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4} - \frac{15a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^3 \left( 15(-\cos(4dx+4c) - 4 \cos(2dx+2c) - 3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 15(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4 \cos(2dx+2c) + 3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \right)}{8d(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4 \cos(2dx+2c) + 3)}$
norman	$\frac{49a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} + \frac{37a^3 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d} - \frac{17a^3 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} - \frac{5a^3 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{47a^3 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} + \frac{5a^3 \left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d} + \frac{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^4}{d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3*tan(d*x+c)+3*a^3*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-3*a^3*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+a^3*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

3.31.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

**3.31.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 15 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(24 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 15 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 2 a^3) \sin(dx + c)}{16 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/16*(15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(24*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`**3.31.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`output `Timed out`**3.31.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^3 - a^3 \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{16 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{16} \cdot (16 \cdot (\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3 \cdot \tan(dx + c)) \cdot a^3 - a^3 \cdot (2 \cdot (3 \cdot \sin(dx + c))^3 - 5 \cdot \sin(dx + c)) / (\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - 3 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - 12 \cdot a^3 \cdot (2 \cdot \sin(dx + c) / (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 16 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(dx + c) / d$

### 3.31.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 15 a^3 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 15 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^7 - 55 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 + 73 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 49 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^4}}{8 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{8} \cdot (15 \cdot a^3 \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 1)) - 15 \cdot a^3 \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) - 1))) - 2 \cdot (15 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^7 - 55 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 73 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 - 49 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)) / (\tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^2 - 1)^4 / d$

### 3.31.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{4 d} - \frac{\frac{15 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^7}{4} - \frac{55 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^5}{4} + \frac{73 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^3}{4} - \frac{49 a^3 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{4}}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^8 - 4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^6 + 6 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^4 - 4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`



output  $(15a^3 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d) - ((73a^3 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/4 - (55a^3 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/4 + (15a^3 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4 - (49a^3 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4)/(d*(6*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1))$

### 3.32 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

3.32.1	Optimal result . . . . .	499
3.32.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	499
3.32.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	500
3.32.4	Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	501
3.32.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	502
3.32.6	Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	502
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3.32.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	503
3.32.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	504

#### 3.32.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{13a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{13a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{3a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{5a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `13/8*a^3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+4*a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+13/8*a^3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/4*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+5/3*a^3*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a^3*tan(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.32.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{13a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{13a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{3a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{5a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output  $(13a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/(8d) + (4a^3 \tan[c + dx])/d + (13a^3 \sec[c + dx] \tan[c + dx])/(8d) + (3a^3 \sec[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx])/(4d) + (5a^3 \tan[c + dx]^3)/(3d) + (a^3 \tan[c + dx]^5)/(5d)$

### 3.32.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3236$$

$$\int (a^3 \sec^6(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^5(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^4(c + dx) + a^3 \sec^3(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{13a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{5a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{13a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{8d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output  $(13a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/(8d) + (4a^3 \tan[c + dx])/d + (13a^3 \sec[c + dx] \tan[c + dx])/(8d) + (3a^3 \sec[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx])/(4d) + (5a^3 \tan[c + dx]^3)/(3d) + (a^3 \tan[c + dx]^5)/(5d)$

### 3.32.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.32.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
risch	$-\frac{ia^3(195e^{9i(dx+c)}+750e^{7i(dx+c)}-720e^{6i(dx+c)}-2320e^{4i(dx+c)}-750e^{3i(dx+c)}-1520e^{2i(dx+c)}-195e^{i(dx+c)}-304)}{60d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) - 3a^3\left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c) + 3a^3\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - 3s\right)}{d}}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) - 3a^3\left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c) + 3a^3\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - 3s\right)}{d}}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3\left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^3\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{3a^3}{d}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{51a^3\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} - \frac{193a^3\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} + \frac{31a^3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60d} - \frac{857a^3\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60d} - \frac{1127a^3\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60d} + \frac{481a^3\left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60d}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^5}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{a^3\left(975\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\cos(3dx+3c)-975\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)\cos(3dx+3c)+1950\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\cos(dx+c)\right)}{d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-1/60*I*a^3*(195*\exp(9*I*(d*x+c))+750*\exp(7*I*(d*x+c))-720*\exp(6*I*(d*x+c))-2320*\exp(4*I*(d*x+c))-750*\exp(3*I*(d*x+c))-1520*\exp(2*I*(d*x+c))-195*\exp(I*(d*x+c))-304)/d/(\exp(2*I*(d*x+c))+1)^5+13/8*a^3/d*\ln(\exp(I*(d*x+c))+I)-13/8*a^3/d*\ln(\exp(I*(d*x+c))-I)}$$

### 3.32.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{195 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 195 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(304 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 195 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 152 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 90 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 24 a^3) \sin(dx + c)}{240 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{1/240*(195*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^5*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 195*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^5*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(304*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 195*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 152*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 90*a^3*\cos(d*x + c) + 24*a^3)*\sin(d*x + c)}{(d*\cos(d*x + c))^5}$$

### 3.32.6 SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.32.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 (3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c)) a^3 + 240 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^3 - 40 a^3 \log(\tan(dx + c) + 1) + 40 a^3 \log(\tan(dx + c) - 1)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/240*(16*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a^3 + 240*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^3 - 40*a^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 40*a^3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1) - 60*a^3*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`**3.32.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{195 a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 195 a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2 \left(195 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 - 910 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 1664 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 1330 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 765 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right)^5}{120 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/120*(195*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 195*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(195*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 910*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 1664*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 1330*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 765*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5)/d`

**3.32.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{13 a^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4 d} - \frac{\frac{13 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{4} - \frac{91 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{6} + \frac{416 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{15} - \frac{133 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{6} + \frac{51 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} - 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`output `(13*a^3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d) - ((416*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15 - (133*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/6 - (91*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/6 + (13*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/4 + (51*a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4)/(d*(5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10 - 1))`

### 3.33 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.33.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{49a^4x}{16} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{49a^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{41a^4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a^4 \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{4a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 49/16*a^4*x+8*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+49/16*a^4*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+41/24*a^4
*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-4*a^4*sin(d*x
+c)^3/d+4/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)^5/d
```



### 3.33.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(2940dx + 5280 \sin(c + dx) + 1905 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 720 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 225 \sin(4(c + dx)) + 48 \sin(5(c + dx)))}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a^4*(2940*d*x + 5280*Sin[c + d*x] + 1905*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 720*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 225*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 48*Sin[5*(c + d*x)] + 5*Sin[6*(c + d*x)])/(960*d)`

### 3.33.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^4 \cos^6(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^5(c + dx) + 6a^4 \cos^4(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^3(c + dx) + a^4 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{4a^4 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{4a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{41a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{49a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{49a^4 x}{16}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

---

3.33.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

```
output (49*a^4*x)/16 + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (49*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]
)/(16*d) + (41*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(24*d) + (a^4*Cos[c + d*x]
^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) - (4*a^4*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/d + (4*a^4*Sin[c + d*x]^5)
/(5*d)
```

### 3.33.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e +
f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.33.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(588dx + \sin(6dx+6c) + 1056 \sin(dx+c) + 381 \sin(2dx+2c) + 144 \sin(3dx+3c) + 45 \sin(4dx+4c) + \frac{48 \sin(5dx+5c)}{5}) a^4}{192d}$
risch	$\frac{49a^4x}{16} + \frac{11a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(5dx+5c)}{20d} + \frac{15a^4 \sin(4dx+4c)}{64d} + \frac{3a^4 \sin(3dx+3c)}{4d} + \frac{127a^4}{192d}$
derivativdivides	$a^4 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{4a^4 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
default	$a^4 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{4a^4 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
parts	$a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d} + \frac{4a^4(2 + \cos(dx+c))}{d}$
norman	$\frac{49a^4x}{16} + \frac{207a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8d} + \frac{1471a^4 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24d} + \frac{1967a^4 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20d} + \frac{1617a^4 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20d} + \frac{833a^4 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192*(588*d*x+sin(6*d*x+6*c)+1056*sin(d*x+c)+381*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+144*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+45*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+48/5*sin(5*d*x+5*c))*a^4/d
```

### 3.33.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{735 a^4 dx + (40 a^4 \cos(dx + c))^5 + 192 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 410 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 576 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 735 a^4 \cos(dx + c) + 1152 a^4}{240 d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/240*(735*a^4*d*x + (40*a^4*cos(d*x + c))^5 + 192*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 410*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 576*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 735*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 1152*a^4)*sin(d*x + c)/d
```

---

3.33.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

**3.33.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 434 vs.  $2(121) = 242$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{5a^4 x \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15a^4 x \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{9a^4 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{15a^4 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{9a^4 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^4 \cos^2(c) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((5*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 9*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/4 + 15*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 9*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 5*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 9*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/4 + a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 5*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 32*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 5*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 16*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 9*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 8*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 11*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d) + 4*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 15*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(4*d) + 4*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**4*cos(c)**2, True))`

**3.33.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{256 (3 \sin(dx + c))^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c) a^4 - 5 (4 \sin(2dx + 2c))^3 - 60 dx - 60 c - 9 \sin(dx + c)}{16}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/960*(256*(3*\sin(dx + c)^5 - 10*\sin(dx + c)^3 + 15*\sin(dx + c))*a^4 - 5*(4*\sin(2*dx + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 - 1280*(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3*\sin(dx + c))*a^4 + 180*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 + 240*(2*d*x + 2*c + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4)/d$

### 3.33.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{49}{16} a^4 x + \frac{a^4 \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{20 d} + \frac{15 a^4 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{3 a^4 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{4 d} + \frac{127 a^4 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{11 a^4 \sin(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)^2*(a+a*cos(dx+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $49/16*a^4*x + 1/192*a^4*\sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/20*a^4*\sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 15/64*a^4*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 3/4*a^4*\sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 127/64*a^4*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 11/2*a^4*\sin(dx + c)/d$

### 3.33.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{49 a^4 x}{16} + \frac{49 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11}}{8} + \frac{833 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{24} + \frac{1617 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{20} + \frac{1967 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{20} + \frac{1471 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{24} + \frac{207 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{1}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^6}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output  $(49*a^4*x)/16 + ((1471*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/24 + (1967*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/20 + (1617*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/20 + (833*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/24 + (49*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11)/8 + (207*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8)/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^6)$

### 3.34 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.34.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{7a^4x}{2} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{7a^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{8a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^4 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `7/2*a^4*x+8*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+7/2*a^4*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+a^4*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-8/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.34.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{a^4(840dx + 1470 \sin(c + dx) + 480 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 145 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 30 \sin(4(c + dx)) + 3 \sin(5(c + dx)))}{240d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a^4*(840*d*x + 1470*Sin[c + d*x] + 480*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 145*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 30*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 3*Sin[5*(c + d*x)])/(240*d)`

**3.34.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3124, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \int (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \int \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3124} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \int (\cos^4(c+dx)a^4 + 4 \cos^3(c+dx)a^4 + 6 \cos^2(c+dx)a^4 + 4 \cos(c+dx)a^4 + a^4) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \left( -\frac{4a^4 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{27a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{35a^4 x}{8} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (4*((35*a^4*x)/8 + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (27*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) - (4*a^4*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)))/5`

3.34.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3124 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

3.34.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^4(840dx+3\sin(5dx+5c)+30\sin(4dx+4c)+145\sin(3dx+3c)+480\sin(2dx+2c)+1470\sin(dx+c))}{240d}$
risch	$\frac{7a^4x}{2} + \frac{49a^4\sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{a^4\sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{a^4\sin(4dx+4c)}{8d} + \frac{29a^4\sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{2a^4\sin(2dx+2c)}{d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos^4(dx+c)+\frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{5} + 4a^4\left(\frac{\left(\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8}\right) + 2a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos^4(dx+c)+\frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{5} + 4a^4\left(\frac{\left(\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8}\right) + 2a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos^4(dx+c)+\frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{a^4\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4a^4\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c))}{d}$
norman	$\frac{7a^4x}{2} + \frac{25a^4\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{158a^4\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} + \frac{896a^4\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{15d} + \frac{98a^4\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d} + \frac{7a^4\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{35a^4x}{d} + \frac{35a^4c}{d} + \frac{35a^4}{d} \frac{1}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

3.34.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$



input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{240}a^4(840d^2x+3\sin(5d^2x+5c)+30\sin(4d^2x+4c)+145\sin(3d^2x+3c)+480\sin(2d^2x+2c)+1470\sin(d^2x+c))/d$

### 3.34.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{105a^4dx + (6a^4\cos(dx+c)^4 + 30a^4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 68a^4\cos(dx+c)^2 + 105a^4\cos(dx+c) + 166a^4)\sin(dx+c)}{30d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{30}(105a^4dx + (6a^4\cos(dx+c)^4 + 30a^4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 68a^4\cos(dx+c)^2 + 105a^4\cos(dx+c) + 166a^4)\sin(dx+c))/d$

### 3.34.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs.  $2(95) = 190$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^4x\sin^4(c+dx)}{2} + 3a^4x\sin^2(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx) + 2a^4x\sin^2(c+dx) + \frac{3a^4x\cos^4(c+dx)}{2} + 2a^4x\cos^2(c+dx) \\ x(a\cos(c)+a)^4\cos(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/2 + 3*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/2 + 2*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 8*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 3*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 4*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3/d + a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(2*d) + 6*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 2*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/d + a**4*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**4*cos(c), True))`

### 3.34.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{8(3 \sin(dx + c))^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c)a^4 - 240(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^4 + 15(1$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/120*(8*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a^4 - 240*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^4 + 15*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 + 120*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 + 120*a^4*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.34.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{7}{2}a^4x + \frac{a^4 \sin(5dx + 5c)}{80d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^4 \sin(4dx + 4c)}{8d} + \frac{29a^4 \sin(3dx + 3c)}{48d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^4 \sin(2dx + 2c)}{d} + \frac{49a^4 \sin(dx + c)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $7/2*a^4*x + 1/80*a^4*\sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/8*a^4*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 29/48*a^4*\sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 2*a^4*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 49/8*a^4*\sin(d*x + c)/d$

### 3.34.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{7a^4 x}{2} + \frac{7a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \frac{98a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{3} + \frac{896a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{15} + \frac{158a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 25a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output  $(7*a^4*x)/2 + ((158*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + (896*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15 + (98*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/3 + 7*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9 + 25*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^5)$

### 3.35 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.35.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{35a^4x}{8} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{27a^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{4a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `35/8*a^4*x+8*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+27/8*a^4*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-4/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.35.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{a^4(420c + 420dx + 672 \sin(c + dx) + 168 \sin(2(c + dx)) + 32 \sin(3(c + dx)) + 3 \sin(4(c + dx)))}{96d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a^4*(420*c + 420*d*x + 672*Sin[c + d*x] + 168*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 32*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d)`

### 3.35.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {3042, 3124, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3124} \\
 & \int (a^4 \cos^4(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^3(c + dx) + 6a^4 \cos^2(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos(c + dx) + a^4) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{4a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{27a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{35a^4 x}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(35*a^4*x)/8 + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (27*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) - (4*a^4*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.35.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3124 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTri
g[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.35.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^4(420dx+672\sin(dx+c)+3\sin(4dx+4c)+32\sin(3dx+3c)+168\sin(2dx+2c))}{96d}$
risch	$\frac{35a^4x}{8} + \frac{7a^4\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^4\sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{a^4\sin(3dx+3c)}{3d} + \frac{7a^4\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
derivativedivides	$a^4 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right) + \frac{4a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + 6a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \dots$
default	$a^4 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right) + \frac{4a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + 6a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \dots$
parts	$a^4x + \frac{a^4 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{6a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{4a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
norman	$\frac{35a^4x}{8} + \frac{93a^4 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4d} + \frac{511a^4(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{12d} + \frac{385a^4(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{12d} + \frac{35a^4(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{4d} + \frac{35a^4x(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{2} + \frac{105a^4x}{2} + \frac{105a^4c}{2} + \frac{105a^4}{2} \frac{1}{(1+\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^4}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/96*a^4*(420*d*x+672*sin(d*x+c)+3*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+32*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+168*si
n(2*d*x+2*c))/d
```

### 3.35.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^4 dx + (6 a^4 \cos(dx + c))^3 + 32 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 81 a^4 \cos(dx + c) + 160 a^4 \sin(dx + c)}{24 d}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.35.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

output  $1/24*(105*a^4*d*x + (6*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 81*a^4*\cos(d*x + c) + 160*a^4)*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.35.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^4 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a^4 x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + 3a^4 x \sin^2(c+dx) + \frac{3a^4 x \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + 3a^4 x \cos^2(c+dx) + a^4 x + \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^4 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**2 + a**4*x + 3*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 8*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 5*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 4*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/d + 4*a**4*sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`

### 3.35.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 x - \frac{4(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^4}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{(12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^4}{32 d}$$

$$+ \frac{3(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^4}{2 d} + \frac{4 a^4 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $a^4*x - 4/3*(\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*\sin(d*x + c))*a^4/d + 1/32*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4/d + 3/2*(2*d*x + 2*c + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4/d + 4*a^4*\sin(d*x + c)/d$

**3.35.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{35}{8} a^4 x + \frac{a^4 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{3 d} + \frac{7 a^4 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{7 a^4 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `35/8*a^4*x + 1/32*a^4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/3*a^4*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 7/4*a^4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 7*a^4*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.35.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{35 a^4 x}{8} + \frac{35 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{4} + \frac{385 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{12} + \frac{511 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{12} + \frac{93 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4} \frac{1}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^4}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `(35*a^4*x)/8 + ((511*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 + (385*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 + (35*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4 + (93*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^4)`



### 3.36 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.36.1	Optimal result . . . . .	522
3.36.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	522
3.36.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	523
3.36.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	524
3.36.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	524
3.36.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	525
3.36.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	525
3.36.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	526
3.36.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	526

#### 3.36.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = 6a^4x + \frac{a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{7a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `6*a^4*x+a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+7*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+2*a^4*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.36.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^4(72dx - 12 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 12 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 81 \sin[3(c + dx)])}{12d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(a^4*(72*d*x - 12*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 12*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 81*Sin[c + d*x] + 12*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(12*d)`

### 3.36.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\
 & \int (a^4 \cos^3(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^2(c + dx) + 6a^4 \cos(c + dx) + a^4 \sec(c + dx) + 4a^4) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{a^4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{7a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} + 6a^4 x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `6*a^4*x + (a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (7*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (2*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (a^4*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.36.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.36.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^4 \left( 72dx + \sin(3dx+3c) + 12 \sin(2dx+2c) + 81 \sin(dx+c) + 12 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) - 12 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right)}{12d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \left( 2 + \cos^2(dx+c) \right) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 4a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 6a^4 \sin(dx+c) + 4a^4(dx+c) + a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))$
default	$\frac{a^4 \left( 2 + \cos^2(dx+c) \right) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 4a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 6a^4 \sin(dx+c) + 4a^4(dx+c) + a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{a^4 \left( 2 + \cos^2(dx+c) \right) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{4a^4(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{6a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{d}$
risch	$6a^4 x - \frac{27ia^4 e^{i(dx+c)}}{8d} + \frac{27ia^4 e^{-i(dx+c)}}{8d} + \frac{a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{d} - \frac{a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{6a^4 x + \frac{18a^4 \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{130a^4 \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{106a^4 \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{10a^4 \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} + 24a^4 x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 36}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^4}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/12*a^4*(72*d*x+sin(3*d*x+3*c)+12*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+81*sin(d*x+c)+12*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-12*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))/d
```

### 3.36.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 a^4 dx + 3 a^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 a^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2 (a^4 \cos(dx + c))^2 + 6 a^4 \cos(dx + c)}{6 d}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output  $1/6*(36*a^4*d*x + 3*a^4*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a^4*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*a^4*\cos(d*x + c) + 20*a^4)*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.36.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = a^4 \left( \int 4 \cos(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int 6 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int 4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^4(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx + \int \sec(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `a**4*(Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(6*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(1*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x), x))`

### 3.36.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{(\sin(dx + c))^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c)a^4 - 3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^4 - 12(dx + c)a^4 - 3a^4 \log(\sec(dx + c))}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*((sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^4 - 3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 - 12*(d*x + c)*a^4 - 3*a^4*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)) - 18*a^4*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.36.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{18(dx + c)a^4 + 3a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{2\left(15a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 38a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + 27a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{3d}}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(18*(d*x + c)*a^4 + 3*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(15*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 38*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 27*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^3/d`**3.36.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = 6a^4 x + \frac{20a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^4 \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x),x)`output `6*a^4*x + (20*a^4*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (2*a^4*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (a^4*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (2*a^4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.37 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.37.1	Optimal result . . . . .	527
3.37.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	528
3.37.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	528
3.37.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	530
3.37.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	530
3.37.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	531
3.37.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	531
3.37.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	532
3.37.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	532

#### 3.37.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{13a^4 x}{2} + \frac{4a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `13/2*a^4*x+4*a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+4*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^4*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d`

### 3.37.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{64} a^4 (1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( 26x - \frac{16 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d} + \frac{16 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d} + \frac{16 \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{\cos(2dx) \sin(2c)}{d} + \frac{16 \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d} + \frac{\cos(2c) \sin(2dx)}{d} + \frac{4 \sin(\frac{dx}{2})}{d (\cos(\frac{c}{2}) - \sin(\frac{c}{2})) (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))} + \frac{4 \sin(\frac{dx}{2})}{d (\cos(\frac{c}{2}) + \sin(\frac{c}{2})) (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(26*x - (16*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/d + (16*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/d + (16*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (Cos[2*d*x]*Sin[2*c])/d + (16*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d + (Cos[2*c]*Sin[2*d*x])/d + (4*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(d*(Cos[c/2] - Sin[c/2]))*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]) + (4*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(d*(Cos[c/2] + Sin[c/2]))*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/64`

### 3.37.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.37.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sec^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\
& \int (a^4 \cos^2(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos(c + dx) + a^4 \sec^2(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec(c + dx) + 6a^4) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{4a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{13a^4 x}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(13*a^4*x)/2 + (4*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (4*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a^4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.37.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`



### 3.37.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 4a^4 \sin(dx+c) + 6a^4(dx+c) + 4a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + a^4 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 4a^4 \sin(dx+c) + 6a^4(dx+c) + 4a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + a^4 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{6a^4(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^4 \left( 52dx \cos(dx+c) - 32 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \cos(dx+c) + 32 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) \cos(dx+c) + 9 \sin(dx+c) + \sin(3dx+3c) \right)}{8d \cos(dx+c)}$
risc	$\frac{13a^4 x}{2} - \frac{ia^4 e^{2i(dx+c)}}{8d} - \frac{2ia^4 e^{i(dx+c)}}{d} + \frac{2ia^4 e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} + \frac{ia^4 e^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8d} + \frac{2ia^4}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{4a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)})}{d}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{13a^4 x}{2} - \frac{11a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{24a^4 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{10a^4 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{8a^4 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{5a^4 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{39a^4 x}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^4 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^4*(1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+4*a^4*sin(d*x+c)+6*a^4*(d*x+c)+4*a^4*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+a^4*tan(d*x+c))`

### 3.37.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{13a^4 dx \cos(dx + c) + 4a^4 \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 4a^4 \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 8a^4 \sin(dx + c) + 2a^4 \sin^2(dx + c)}{2d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(13*a^4*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 4*a^4*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 4*a^4*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a^4)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.37.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = a^4 \left( \int 4 \cos(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right. \\
+ \int 6 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\
+ \int 4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\
+ \int \cos^4(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\
\left. + \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `a**4*(Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(6*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2, x))`

**3.37.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\
= \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^4 + 24(dx + c)a^4 + 8a^4(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 16a^4 \sin(dx + c) + 4a^4 \tan(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 + 24*(d*x + c)*a^4 + 8*a^4*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 16*a^4*sin(d*x + c) + 4*a^4*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.37.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{13(dx + c)a^4 + 8a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 8a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{4a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1} + \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(13*(d*x + c)*a^4 + 8*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 8*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 4*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1) + 2*(7*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2/d`

**3.37.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{13a^4 x}{2} + \frac{8a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{-5a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + 2a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + 11a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(-\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(13*a^4*x)/2 + (8*a^4*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (2*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 - 5*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 + 11*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 1)`

### 3.38 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.38.1	Optimal result . . . . .	533
3.38.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	534
3.38.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	535
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#### 3.38.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = 4a^4 x + \frac{13a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `4*a^4*x+13/2*a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+4*a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^4*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

**3.38.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{64} a^4 (1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( 16x \right. \\ \left. - \frac{26 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{26 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d} + \frac{4 \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{4 \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{d (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{16 \sin(\frac{dx}{2})}{d (\cos(\frac{c}{2}) - \sin(\frac{c}{2})) (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{d (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{16 \sin(\frac{dx}{2})}{d (\cos(\frac{c}{2}) + \sin(\frac{c}{2})) (\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(16*x - (26*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/d + (26*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/d + (4*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (4*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d + 1/(d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2) + (16*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(d*(Cos[c/2] - Sin[c/2])*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) - 1/(d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2) + (16*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(d*(Cos[c/2] + Sin[c/2])*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])))`

### 3.38.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\
 & \int (a^4 \cos(c + dx) + a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^2(c + dx) + 6a^4 \sec(c + dx) + 4a^4) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{13a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} + 4a^4 x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `4*a^4*x + (13*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (4*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

#### 3.38.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.38.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \sin(dx+c)+4a^4(dx+c)+6a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+4a^4 \tan(dx+c)+a^4 \left(\frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4 \sin(dx+c)+4a^4(dx+c)+6a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+4a^4 \tan(dx+c)+a^4 \left(\frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \left(\frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{6a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{a^4 \left(-13(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 8dx \cos(2dx+2c) + 13 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(2dx+2c) + 8dx + 13 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)\right)}{2d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
risc	$4a^4 x - \frac{ia^4 e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{ia^4 e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} - \frac{ia^4 (e^{3i(dx+c)} - 8e^{2i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)} - 8)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{13a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d} + \frac{13a^4 \ln(e^{-i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d}$
norman	$\frac{4a^4 x + \frac{11a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{31a^4 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{22a^4 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{10a^4 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{17a^4 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{5a^4 \left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}}{1}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^4*sin(d*x+c)+4*a^4*(d*x+c)+6*a^4*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+4*a^4*tan(d*x+c)+a^4*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

### 3.38.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^4 dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + 13 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 13 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1)}{4 d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output  $1/4*(16*a^4*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 13*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 13*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(2*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + a^4)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)$

### 3.38.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a^4 \left( \int 4 \cos(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int 6 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int 4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^4(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `a**4*(Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(6*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**3, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3, x))`

### 3.38.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{16(dx + c)a^4 - a^4 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right) + 12a^4(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 4a^4 \sin(dx + c) + 16a^4 \tan(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/4*(16*(d*x + c)*a^4 - a^4*(2*\sin(d*x + c)/(\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 12*a^4*(\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 4*a^4*\sin(d*x + c) + 16*a^4*\tan(d*x + c))/d$



**3.38.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(dx + c)a^4 + 13a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 13a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{4a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + 1} - \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(8*(d*x + c)*a^4 + 13*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 13*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 4*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1) - 2*(7*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 9*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2)/d`**3.38.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= 4a^4 x + \frac{13a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{5a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + 2a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 - 11a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(-\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `4*a^4*x + (13*a^4*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (2*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 + 5*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 - 11*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))`

### 3.39 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.39.1	Optimal result . . . . .	539
3.39.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	539
3.39.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	540
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3.39.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	543

#### 3.39.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = a^4 x + \frac{6a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{7a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $a^4*x+6*a^4*\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(d*x+c))/d+7*a^4*\tan(d*x+c)/d+2*a^4*\sec(d*x+c)*\tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^4*\tan(d*x+c)^3/d$

#### 3.39.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = a^4 \left( x + \frac{6 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{7 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output  $a^4*(x + (6*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + d*x]])/d + (7*\tan[c + d*x])/d + (2*\sec[c + d*x]*\tan[c + d*x])/d + \tan[c + d*x]^3/(3*d))$

### 3.39.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3236} \\
 & \int (a^4 \sec^4(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) + 6a^4 \sec^2(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec(c + dx) + a^4) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{6a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{7a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d} + a^4 x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `a^4*x + (6*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (7*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (2*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

#### 3.39.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.39.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{a^4(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{6a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4(dx+c)+4a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+6a^4 \tan(dx+c)+4a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4(dx+c)+4a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+6a^4 \tan(dx+c)+4a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$a^4 x - \frac{4ia^4(3e^{5i(dx+c)} - 9e^{4i(dx+c)} - 21e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3e^{i(dx+c)} - 10)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{6a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{d} - \frac{6a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{18 \left( \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + \left( -\cos(dx+c) - \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) - \frac{dx \cos(dx+c)}{6} \right)}{d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3 \cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$\frac{a^4 x \left( \tan^{12} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + a^4 x \left( \tan^{14} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - a^4 x - \frac{18a^4 \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} - \frac{140a^4 \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} - \frac{50a^4 \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{40a^4}{3d}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a^4/d*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+a^4/d*(d*x+c)+2*a^4*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+6*a^4/d*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+6*a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

### 3.39.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^4 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 9a^4 \cos(dx+c)^3 \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - 9a^4 \cos(dx+c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx+c)+1)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

---

3.39.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{3}(3a^4d^3x^3\cos(d^2x+c)^3 + 9a^4\cos(d^2x+c)^3\log(\sin(d^2x+c)+1) - 9a^4\cos(d^2x+c)^3\log(-\sin(d^2x+c)+1) + (20a^4\cos(d^2x+c)^2 + 6a^4\cos(d^2x+c) + a^4)\sin(d^2x+c))/(d^3\cos(d^2x+c)^3)$

### 3.39.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = a^4 \left( \int 4 \cos(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int 6 \cos^2(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int 4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^4(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `a**4*(Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(6*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4, x))`

### 3.39.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{(\tan(dx+c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx+c))a^4 + 3(dx+c)a^4 - 3a^4 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) + \log(\sin(dx+c)-1) \right)}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*((tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^4 + 3*(d*x + c)*a^4 - 3*a^4*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 6*a^4*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 18*a^4*tan(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.39.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(dx + c)a^4 + 18a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 18a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(15a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^5}{3d}}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(3*(d*x + c)*a^4 + 18*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 18*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(15*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 38*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 27*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)/d`

### 3.39.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= a^4 x + \frac{12 a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{10 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{76 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 18 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output  $a^4x + (12a^4 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (10a^4 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 - (76a^4 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + 18a^4 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d(3 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))$

### 3.40 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

3.40.1	Optimal result . . . . .	545
3.40.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	545
3.40.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	546
3.40.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	547
3.40.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	548
3.40.6	Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	548
3.40.7	Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	548
3.40.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	549
3.40.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	549

#### 3.40.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{35a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{27a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 35/8*a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+8*a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+27/8*a^4*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+4/3*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^3/d
```

#### 3.40.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{35a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{27a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```



output  $(35a^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/(8d) + (8a^4 \tan[c + dx])/d + (27a^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx] \tan[c + dx])/(8d) + (a^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx])/(4d) + (4a^4 \tan[c + dx]^3)/(3d)$

### 3.40.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3236$$

$$\int (a^4 \sec^5(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^4(c + dx) + 6a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^2(c + dx) + a^4 \sec(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{35a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{27a^4 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{8d}$$

input  $\operatorname{Int}[(a + a \cos[c + dx])^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^5, x]$

output  $(35a^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/(8d) + (8a^4 \tan[c + dx])/d + (27a^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx] \tan[c + dx])/(8d) + (a^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx])/(4d) + (4a^4 \tan[c + dx]^3)/(3d)$

### 3.40.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_)+(b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*sin[e+f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n}, x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.40.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
parts	$a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) + \frac{4a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} - \dots$
derivativedivides	$a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c)) + 4a^4 \tan(dx+c) + 6a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - 4a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \dots$
default	$a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c)) + 4a^4 \tan(dx+c) + 6a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) - 4a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \dots$
risch	$-\frac{ia^4 (81 e^{7i(dx+c)} - 96 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 105 e^{5i(dx+c)} - 480 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 105 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 544 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 81 e^{i(dx+c)} - 160)}{12d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^4} + \frac{35}{4d} \dots$
parallelrisc	$a^4 \left( 105(-\cos(4dx+4c) - 4\cos(2dx+2c) - 3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 105(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4\cos(2dx+2c) + 3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \right) \dots$
norman	$\frac{93a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} + \frac{605a^4 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} + \frac{5a^4 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} - \frac{515a^4 \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} + \frac{125a^4 \left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12d} + \frac{133a^4 \left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} \dots$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^4/d*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+4*a^4/d*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))-4*a^4/d*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+3*a^4*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+4*a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

---

3.40.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

**3.40.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 105 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(160 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 81 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 32 a^4 \cos(dx + c) + 6 a^4) \sin(dx + c)}{48 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/48*(105*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 105*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(160*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 81*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 32*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a^4)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**3.40.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.40.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{64 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^4 - 3 a^4 \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{48 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{48}(64(\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3\tan(dx + c))a^4 - 3a^4(2(3\sin(dx + c))^3 - 5\sin(dx + c))/(\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2\sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - 3\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3\log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - 72a^4(2\sin(dx + c))/(\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) + 24a^4(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 192a^4\tan(dx + c))/d$

### 3.40.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^4 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 105 a^4 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 105 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^7 - 385 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 + 511 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 279 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{24 d}}{24 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{24}(105a^4\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 105a^4\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2(105a^4\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 385a^4\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 511a^4\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 279a^4\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4/d$

### 3.40.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{35 a^4 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{4 d} - \frac{\frac{35 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^7}{4} - \frac{385 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^5}{12} + \frac{511 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^3}{12} - \frac{93 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{4}}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^8 - 4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^6 + 6 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^4 - 4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `(35*a^4*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d) - ((511*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 - (385*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 + (35*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4 - (93*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4)/(d*(6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1))`

### 3.41 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.41.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{7a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{7a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
7/2*a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+8*a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+7/2*a^4*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+a^4*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+8/3*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^5/d
```

#### 3.41.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{7a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{7a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(7*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (8*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (7*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (8*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d)`

### 3.41.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3236$$

$$\int (a^4 \sec^6(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^5(c + dx) + 6a^4 \sec^4(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) + a^4 \sec^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{7a^4 \arctanh(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{7a^4 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(7*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (8*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (7*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (8*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d)`





**3.41.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 105 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(166 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 105 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 68 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 30 a^4 \cos(dx + c) + 6 a^4) \sin(dx + c)}{60 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/60*(105*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 105*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(166*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 105*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 68*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 30*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a^4)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`**3.41.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`output `Timed out`**3.41.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a^4 + 120(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a^4 - 15 \tan(dx + c)a^4}{60 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/60*(4*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a^4 + 120*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^4 - 15*a^4*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 60*a^4*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 60*a^4*tan(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.41.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^4 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 105 a^4 \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 105 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^9 - 490 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^7 + 896 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 790 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + 375 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{30 d}}{30 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/30*(105*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 105*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(105*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 490*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 896*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 790*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 375*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5)/d`

### 3.41.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{7 a^4 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{7 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^9 - \frac{98 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^7}{3} + \frac{896 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^5}{15} - \frac{158 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^3}{3} + 25 a^4 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^{10} - 5 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^8 + 10 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^6 - 10 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^4 + 5 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

---

3.41.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

output  $(7*a^4*atanh(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - ((896*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15 - (158*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 - (98*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/3 + 7*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9 + 25*a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/d*(5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} - 1)$

### 3.42 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$

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3.42.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	558
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3.42.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	562
3.42.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	562

#### 3.42.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{49a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{16d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{49a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{41a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a^4 \sec^5(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 49/16*a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+8*a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+49/16*a^4*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+41/24*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^5*tan(d*x+c)/d+4*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+4/5*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^5/d
```

### 3.42.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{49a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{16d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{49a^4 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{41a^4 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a^4 \sec^5(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]`

output `(49*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(16*d) + (8*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (49*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(16*d) + (41*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(24*d) + (a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^5*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d) + (4*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/d + (4*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d)`

### 3.42.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^7(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int (a^4 \sec^7(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^6(c + dx) + 6a^4 \sec^5(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^4(c + dx) + a^4 \sec^3(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{2009} \\ \frac{49a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{16d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{4a^4 \tan^3(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{8a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \\ \frac{a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec^5(c+dx)}{6d} + \frac{41a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{24d} + \frac{49a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{16d} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]`

output `(49*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(16*d) + (8*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (49*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(16*d) + (41*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(24*d) + (a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^5*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d) + (4*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/d + (4*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d)`

### 3.42.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`



output  $1/480*(735*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^6*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 735*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^6*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(1152*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^5 + 735*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 576*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 410*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 192*a^4*\cos(d*x + c) + 40*a^4)*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^6)$

### 3.42.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**7,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.42.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 270 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{128 (3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c)) a^4 + 640 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^4 - 5 a^4 (2 (15 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 40 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 33 \sin(dx + c)) / (\sin(dx + c)^6 - 3 \sin(dx + c)^4 + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - 15 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 15 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 180 a^4 (2 (3 \sin(dx + c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx + c)) / (\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 120 a^4 (2 \sin(dx + c) / (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/480*(128*(3*\tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\tan(d*x + c))*a^4 + 640*(\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*\tan(d*x + c))*a^4 - 5*a^4*(2*(15*\sin(d*x + c)^5 - 40*\sin(d*x + c)^3 + 33*\sin(d*x + c))/(\sin(d*x + c)^6 - 3*\sin(d*x + c)^4 + 3*\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - 15*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 15*\log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 180*a^4*(2*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*\sin(d*x + c))/(\sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 120*a^4*(2*\sin(d*x + c)/(\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d$

---

3.42.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$



**3.42.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{735 a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 735 a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(735 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^{11} - 4165 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 + 9702 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 - 11802 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 7355 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 3105 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right)^6}{d} 240 d$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/240*(735*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 735*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(735*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 - 4165*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 9702*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 11802*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 7355*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3105*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^6/d`**3.42.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{49 a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{8 d}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{49 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11}}{8} - \frac{833 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{24} + \frac{1617 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{20} - \frac{1967 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{20} + \frac{1471 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{24} - \frac{207 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8}}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{12} - 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} + 15 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 20 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^7,x)`output `(49*a^4*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(8*d) - ((1471*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/24 - (1967*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/20 + (1617*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/20 - (833*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)/24 + (49*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11)/8 - (207*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8)/(d*(15*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 20*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 15*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 - 6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^12 + 1))`

### 3.43 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.43.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{15x}{8a} - \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{ad} + \frac{15 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8ad} + \frac{5 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4ad} - \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))} + \frac{4 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3ad}$$

```
output 15/8*x/a-4*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+15/8*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+5/4*cos(d*x+c)^3*
sin(d*x+c)/a/d-cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))+4/3*sin(d*x+c)^3
/a/d
```

#### 3.43.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(360dx \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 360dx \cos\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 552 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 168 \sin\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 120 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right)$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

output  $(\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*(360*d*x*\text{Cos}[(d*x)/2] + 360*d*x*\text{Cos}[c + (d*x)/2] - 552*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] - 168*\text{Sin}[c + (d*x)/2] - 120*\text{Sin}[c + (3*d*x)/2] - 120*\text{Sin}[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 40*\text{Sin}[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 40*\text{Sin}[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 5*\text{Sin}[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 5*\text{Sin}[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 3*\text{Sin}[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 3*\text{Sin}[5*c + (9*d*x)/2]))/(384*a*d)$

### 3.43.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3246, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5}{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3246} \\ & -\frac{\int \cos^3(c+dx)(4a - 5a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{\int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (4a - 5a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & -\frac{4a \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx - 5a \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{4a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - 5a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\ & -\frac{4a \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} - 5a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.43.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{5a \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{4a(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& -\frac{5a\left(\frac{3}{4}\int \cos^2(c+dx)dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{4a(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{5a\left(\frac{3}{4}\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{4a(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& -\frac{5a\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{4a(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{24} \\
& -\frac{\frac{4a(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d} - 5a\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^4(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))) - ((-4*a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d - 5*a*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)/a^2`

## 3.43.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3246 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*d*(n - 1) - a*c*n + (b*c*(n - 1) - a*d*n)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.43.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{180dx + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (-221 + 3 \cos(4dx + 4c) - 2 \cos(3dx + 3c) + 38 \cos(2dx + 2c) - 82 \cos(dx + c))}{96ad}$
derivativedivides	$-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-\frac{25(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{4} - \frac{115(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{12} - \frac{109(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{12} - \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4}}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^4}$
default	$-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-\frac{25(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{4} - \frac{115(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{12} - \frac{109(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{12} - \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4}}{da}$
risch	$\frac{15x}{8a} + \frac{7ie^{i(dx+c)}}{8ad} - \frac{7ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{8ad} - \frac{2i}{da(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)}{32ad} - \frac{\sin(3dx+3c)}{12ad} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)}{2ad}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{15x}{8a} - \frac{11 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} - \frac{95(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{6da} - \frac{86(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{3da} - \frac{155(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{6da} - \frac{45(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{4da} - \frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} + \frac{75}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^5}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/96*(180*d*x+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-221+3*cos(4*d*x+4*c)-2*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+3*8*cos(2*d*x+2*c)-82*cos(d*x+c)))/a/d`

### 3.43.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{45 dx \cos(dx + c) + 45 dx + (6 \cos(dx + c)^4 - 2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 13 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 19 \cos(dx + c) - 64) \sin(dx + c)}{24 (ad \cos(dx + c) + ad)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/24*(45*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 45*d*x + (6*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 13*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 19*cos(d*x + c) - 64)*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.43.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 882 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((45*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) + 180*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) + 270*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) + 180*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) + 45*d*x/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) - 24*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) - 246*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) - 374*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) - 314*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) - 66*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d) - 12*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(24*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**8 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 144*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 96*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 24*a*d))`

### 3.43.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\frac{21 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{109 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{115 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{75 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{a + \frac{4 a \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{6 a \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{4 a \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)^8}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^8}} - \frac{45 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{12 \sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

12 d

---

3.43.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/12*((21*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 109*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 115*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 75*\sin(d*x + c)^7/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/(a + 4*a*\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 6*a*\sin(d*x + c)^4/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 4*a*\sin(d*x + c)^6/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + a*\sin(d*x + c)^8/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^8) - 45*\arctan(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a + 12*\sin(d*x + c)/(a*(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d$$

### 3.43.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\frac{45(dx+c)}{a} - \frac{24 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a} - \frac{2(75 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7 + 115 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 109 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 21 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)^4} a}{24 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1/24*(45*(d*x + c)/a - 24*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a - 2*(75*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 115*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 109*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 21*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^4*a)}{d}$$

### 3.43.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{15x}{8a} - \frac{\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{ad} - \frac{\frac{25 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^7}{4} + \frac{115 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^5}{12} + \frac{109 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3}{12} + \frac{7 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{4}}{ad \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)^4}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`



output  $(15*x)/(8*a) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/(a*d) - ((7*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/4 + (109*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/12 + (115*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/12 + (25*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/4)/(a*d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^4)$

### 3.44 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.44.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{3x}{2a} + \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{4 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

output `-3/2*x/a+4*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-3/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))-4/3*sin(d*x+c)^3/a/d`

#### 3.44.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-36dx \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 36dx \cos\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 69 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 21 \sin\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 18 \sin\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{48ad}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(-36*d*x*Cos[(d*x)/2] - 36*d*x*Cos[c + (d*x)/2] + 69*Sin[(d*x)/2] + 21*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] + 18*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] + 18*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 2*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 2*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] + Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] + Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2]))/(48*a*d)`

**3.44.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3246, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3246} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos^2(c+dx)(3a - 4a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (3a - 4a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & -\frac{3a \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx - 4a \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - 4a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{4a \int (1 - \sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} + 3a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{3a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{4a(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3a\left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{4a\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 24 \\
& -\frac{\frac{4a\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} + 3a\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) - (3*a*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) + (4*a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3)/d)/a^2`

### 3.44.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



**3.44.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{9dx\cos(dx+c) + 9dx - (2\cos(dx+c)^3 - \cos(dx+c)^2 + 7\cos(dx+c) + 16)\sin(dx+c)}{6(ad\cos(dx+c) + ad)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/6*(9*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 9*d*x - (2*cos(d*x + c)^3 - cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*cos(d*x + c) + 16)*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.44.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 570 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{9dx\tan^6\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{6ad\tan^6\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)+18ad\tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)+18ad\tan^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)+6ad} - \frac{27dx\tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{6ad\tan^6\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)+18ad\tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)+18ad\tan^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)+6ad} \\ \frac{x\cos^4(c)}{a\cos(c)+a} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

```
output Piecewise((-9*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6/(6*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*
tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a*d) - 27*d*x*tan(c/2
+ d*x/2)**4/(6*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*
a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a*d) - 27*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(6*a*d*tan(c
/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 +
6*a*d) - 9*d*x/(6*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 +
18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a*d) + 6*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(6*a*d*tan(c/2
+ d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6
*a*d) + 48*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(6*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2
+ d*x/2)**4 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a*d) + 50*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**
3/(6*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2
+ d*x/2)**2 + 6*a*d) + 24*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(6*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 1
8*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a*d), Ne(d, 0))
, (x*cos(c)**4/(a*cos(c) + a), True))
```

### 3.44.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{16 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{a + \frac{3 a \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 a \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6}} - \frac{9 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

$3d$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/3*((9*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 16*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c)
+ 1)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a + 3*a*sin(d*x + c)^2/(
cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*a*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + a*sin(d*x
+ c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6) - 9*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a
+ 3*sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d
```

**3.44.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{9(dx+c)}{a} - \frac{6 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a} - \frac{2 \left(15 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 16 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 9 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)\right)}{\left(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1\right)^3 a}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(9*(d*x + c)/a - 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a - 2*(15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 16*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^3*a))/d`**3.44.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{15 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)}{4} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{5c}{2} + \frac{5dx}{2}\right)}{12} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{7c}{2} + \frac{7dx}{2}\right)}{24} - \frac{3x}{2a}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `((15*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (3*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/4 - sin((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2)/12 + sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2)/24)/(a*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (3*x)/(2*a)`



### 3.45 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.45.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3x}{2a} - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad} + \frac{3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `3/2*x/a-2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+3/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.45.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(12dx \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12dx \cos\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 20 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 4 \sin\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 3 \sin\left(c + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)\right)}{16ad}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(12*d*x*Cos[(d*x)/2] + 12*d*x*Cos[c + (d*x)/2] - 20*Sin[(d*x)/2] - 4*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] - 3*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] - 3*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] + Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2]))/(16*a*d)`

### 3.45.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3246, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3246} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(c+dx)(2a - 3a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(2a - 3a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3213} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{3ax}{2}}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) - ((-3*a*x)/2 + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (3*a*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/a^2`

3.45.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3246 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*d*(n - 1) - a*c*n + (b*c*(n - 1) - a*d*n)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

3.45.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{6dx + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)(-7 + \cos(2dx + 2c) - 2\cos(dx + c))}{4ad}$
derivativedivides	$-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-3\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^2}$
default	$-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-3\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{2a} + \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2ad} - \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2ad} - \frac{2i}{da(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)}{4ad}$
norman	$\frac{3x}{2a} - \frac{2\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} - \frac{7\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da} - \frac{6\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da} - \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} + \frac{9x\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2a} + \frac{9x\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2a} + \frac{3x\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^3}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(6*d*x+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-7+cos(2*d*x+2*c)-2*cos(d*x+c)))/a/d`

3.45.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.45.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 dx \cos(dx + c) + 3 dx + (\cos(dx + c)^2 - \cos(dx + c) - 4) \sin(dx + c)}{2(ad \cos(dx + c) + ad)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 3*d*x + (cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) - 4)*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.45.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.28

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3dx \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2ad \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 4ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2ad} + \frac{6dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2ad \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 4ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2ad} + \frac{3dx}{2ad \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 4ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2ad} \\ \frac{x \cos^3(c)}{a \cos(c) + a} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(2*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*a*d) + 6*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(2*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*a*d) + 3*d*x/(2*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*a*d) - 2*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(2*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*a*d) - 10*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(2*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*a*d) - 4*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(2*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*a*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**3/(a*cos(c) + a), True))`

**3.45.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}}{a + \frac{2 a \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}} - \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-((sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a + 2*a*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) - 3*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a + sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`**3.45.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\frac{3(dx+c)}{a} - \frac{2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a} - \frac{2 \left(3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)\right)}{\left(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1\right)^2 a}}{2 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(3*(d*x + c)/a - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a - 2*(3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*a))/d`**3.45.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)(c+dx)}{2} + 3 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 2 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{a d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `-(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - (3*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(c + d*x))/2 + 3*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 2*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(a*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))`

### 3.46 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.46.1	Optimal result . . . . .	584
3.46.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	584
3.46.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	585
3.46.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	587
3.46.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	587
3.46.6	Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	588
3.46.7	Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	588
3.46.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	589
3.46.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	589

#### 3.46.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{ad} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{ad(1 + \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `-x/a+sin(d*x+c)/a/d+sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.46.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 89 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(-2dx \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 2dx \cos\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(c + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(2c + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4ad}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(-2*d*x*Cos[(d*x)/2] - 2*d*x*Cos[c + (d*x)/2] + 5*Sin[(d*x)/2] + Sin[c + (d*x)/2] + Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] + Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2]))/(4*a*d)`

### 3.46.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3225, 25, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx)+a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3225} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{x - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{x - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{x - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)}}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`



output  $\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(a*d) - (x - \text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))) / a$

### 3.46.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinear} \text{ Q}[u, x]$

rule 3127  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot \sin[(c + d \cdot x)])^{-1}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 3214  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot \sin[(e + f \cdot x)])/(c + d \cdot \sin[(e + f \cdot x)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(x/d), x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(c + d * \text{Sin}[e + f*x]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 3225  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot \sin[(e + f \cdot x)])^2/(c + d \cdot \sin[(e + f \cdot x)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b^2)*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/(d*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/d \text{ Int}[\text{Simp}[a^2*d - b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]/(c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

### 3.46.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{-dx + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)(\cos(dx+c)+2)}{ad}$	31
derivativedivides	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da}$	56
default	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da}$	56
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2ad} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2ad} + \frac{2i}{da(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)}$	66
norman	$\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{x}{a} + \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} + \frac{4(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{da} - \frac{2x(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{a} - \frac{x(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{a}}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^2}$	112

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(-d*x + \tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) * (\cos(d*x + c) + 2) / a/d$

### 3.46.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{dx \cos(dx + c) + dx - (\cos(dx + c) + 2) \sin(dx + c)}{ad \cos(dx + c) + ad}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-(d*x*cos(d*x + c) + d*x - (\cos(d*x + c) + 2)*\sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)$

**3.46.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + ad} - \frac{dx}{ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + ad} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + ad} + \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + ad} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^2(c)}{a \cos(c) + a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((-d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*d) - d*x/(a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(a*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**2/(a*cos(c) + a), True))`

**3.46.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a} - \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right)(\cos(dx+c)+1)} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(2*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a - 2*sin(d*x + c)/((a + a*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) - sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

**3.46.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\frac{dx+c}{a} - \frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a} - \frac{2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)a}}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-((d*x + c)/a - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*a))/d`**3.46.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + (-c - dx) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{a d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(c + d*x) + 2*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(a*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))`

### 3.47 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.47.1	Optimal result . . . . .	590
3.47.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	590
3.47.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	591
3.47.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	592
3.47.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	592
3.47.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	593
3.47.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	593
3.47.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	593
3.47.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	594

#### 3.47.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `x/a-sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.47.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs.  $2(29) = 58$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx \\ &= -\frac{\sin(c+dx) \left( \arcsin(\cos(c+dx))(1+\cos(c+dx)) + \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \right)}{ad\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(1+\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Sin[c + d*x]*(ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

**3.47.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx)+a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\ & \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\ & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `x/a - Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.47.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

---

3.47.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
rule 3214 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d
*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

### 3.47.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{dx - \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{ad}$	23
risch	$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2i}{da(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)}$	29
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da}$	32
default	$\frac{-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da}$	32
norman	$\frac{\frac{x}{a} + \frac{x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$	75

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (d*x-tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/a/d
```

### 3.47.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{dx \cos(dx+c) + dx - \sin(dx+c)}{ad \cos(dx+c) + ad}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (d*x*cos(d*x + c) + d*x - sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)
```

**3.47.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos(c)}{a \cos(c) + a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((x/a - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(a*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)/(a*cos(c) + a), True))`**3.47.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(2*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a - sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`**3.47.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{dx+c}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `((d*x + c)/a - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a)/d`

---

3.47.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$



**3.47.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{a d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `x/a - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/(a*d)`

### 3.48 $\int \frac{1}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.48.1	Optimal result . . . . .	595
3.48.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	595
3.48.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	596
3.48.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	597
3.48.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	597
3.48.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	597
3.48.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	598
3.48.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	598
3.48.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	598

#### 3.48.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.48.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{ad}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1), x]`

output `Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/(a*d)`

### 3.48.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx$$

↓ 3127

$$\frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1),x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

#### 3.48.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

**3.48.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}$	17
default	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}$	17
norman	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}$	17
parallelrisc	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}$	17
risc	$\frac{2i}{da(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)}$	23

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d/a*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)`**3.48.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sin(dx + c)}{ad \cos(dx + c) + ad}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`**3.48.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a \cos(c) + a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(a*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x/(a*cos(c) + a), True))`

### 3.48.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sin(dx + c)}{ad(\cos(dx + c) + 1)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*(cos(d*x + c) + 1))`

### 3.48.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{ad}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(a*d)`

### 3.48.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad}$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/(a*d)`

### 3.49 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.49.1	Optimal result . . . . .	599
3.49.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	599
3.49.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	600
3.49.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	601
3.49.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	602
3.49.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	602
3.49.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	602
3.49.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	603
3.49.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	603

#### 3.49.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{ad} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a/d-sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.49.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{ad(1 + \cos(c + dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + Sec[c/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2])/ (a*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.49.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {3042, 3226, 3042, 3127, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3226} \\
 & \frac{\int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{\int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(a*d) - Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

## 3.49.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3226 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

## 3.49.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da}$	46
default	$\frac{-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da}$	46
parallelrisc	$\frac{-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da}$	46
norman	$-\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{ad} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{ad}$	58
risc	$-\frac{2i}{da(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{da} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{ad}$	65

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d/a*(-tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))`



**3.49.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\cos(dx+c)+1)\log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - (\cos(dx+c)+1)\log(-\sin(dx+c)+1) - 2\sin(dx+c)}{2(ad\cos(dx+c)+ad)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*((cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`**3.49.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`**3.49.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}+1\right)}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}-1\right)}{a} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a - log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a - sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

**3.49.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a} - \frac{\log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a} - \frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a - log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))  
/a - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a)/d`**3.49.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{a d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `(2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(a*d)`

### 3.50 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.50.1	Optimal result . . . . .	604
3.50.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	604
3.50.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	605
3.50.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	607
3.50.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	607
3.50.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	608
3.50.7	Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	608
3.50.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	609
3.50.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	609

#### 3.50.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{ad} + \frac{2 \tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `-arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a/d+2*tan(d*x+c)/a/d-tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.50.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \right)}{ad(1 + \cos(c + dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(Sec[c/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2] + Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + Sin[d*x]/((Cos[c/2] - Sin[c/2])*(Cos[c/2] + Sin[c/2])*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))))/a*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])`

---

3.50.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.50.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3247, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3247} \\
 & -\frac{\int -((2a - a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int (2a - a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2a - a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx - a \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & -\frac{2a \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{a^2} - a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{a^2} - a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.50.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-(Tan[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))) + (-((a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d) + (2*a*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/a^2`

### 3.50.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3247 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d/(a*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*(a*n - b*(n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.50.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1} + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da}$	74
default	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1} + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da}$	74
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(dx+c) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(dx+c) + 2 \cos(dx+c) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{ad \cos(dx+c)}$	82
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} - \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}}{\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{ad} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{ad}$	93
risc	$\frac{2i(e^{2i(dx+c)} + e^{i(dx+c)} + 2)}{da(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{da} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{ad}$	98

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d/a*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-1/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))`

### 3.50.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c)) \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - (\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c)) \log(-\sin(dx+c))}{2(ad\cos(dx+c)^2 + ad\cos(dx+c))}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/2*((\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))*\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))*\log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 2*(2*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sin(dx + c))}{a*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + a*d*\cos(dx + c)}$$

### 3.50.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)**2/(a+a*cos(dx+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + dx)**2/(cos(c + dx) + 1), x)/a`

### 3.50.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}+1\right)}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}-1\right)}{a} - \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a - \frac{a \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right)(\cos(dx+c)+1)} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)^2/(a+a*cos(dx+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-(\log(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)/a - \log(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) - 1)/a - 2*\sin(dx + c)/((a - a*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2)*(\cos(dx + c) + 1)) - \sin(dx + c)/(a*(\cos(dx + c) + 1)))}{d}$$

**3.50.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)+1\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)-1\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)}{a} + \frac{2\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2-1\right)a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a - log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a + 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a))/d`**3.50.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\left(a-a\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^2\right)} - \frac{2\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{ad} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `(2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a - a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)) - (2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a*d) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/(a*d)`



### 3.51 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.51.1	Optimal result . . . . .	610
3.51.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	610
3.51.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	611
3.51.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	614
3.51.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	614
3.51.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	615
3.51.7	Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	615
3.51.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	615
3.51.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	616

#### 3.51.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{3\arctanh(\sin(c+dx))}{2ad} - \frac{2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad} + \frac{3 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 3/2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a/d-2*tan(d*x+c)/a/d+3/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d
       -sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.51.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-4 \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-6 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + 6\right)\right) + 6$$


---

```
input Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(-4*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + \text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(-6*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 6*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) + (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])^{(-2)} - (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])^{(-2)} - (4*\text{Sin}[d*x])/((\text{Cos}[c/2] - \text{Sin}[c/2])*(\text{Cos}[c/2] + \text{Sin}[c/2])*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])))))/(2*a*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))$

### 3.51.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3247, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3247} \\
 & -\frac{\int -((3a - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int (3a - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx - 2a \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.51.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - 2a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4254 \\
& \frac{\frac{2a \int \frac{1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} + 3a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}}{a^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 24 \\
& \frac{3a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{3a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{3a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-2*a*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*a*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/a^2`

### 3.51.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3247 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d/(a*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*(a*n - b*(n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.51.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-3 \cos(2dx+2c)-3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+(3 \cos(2dx+2c)+3) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)-2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)(1+2 \cos(2dx+2c)+\cos(dx+c))}{2ad(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
derivativedivides	$-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^2}+\frac{3}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}-\frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{2}-\frac{1}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)^2}+\frac{3}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}$
default	$-\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^2}+\frac{3}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}-\frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{2}-\frac{1}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)^2}+\frac{3}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}$
norman	$\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}+\frac{5\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da}-\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{da}-\frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{2ad}+\frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{2ad}$
risch	$-\frac{i\left(3 e^{4i(dx+c)}+3 e^{3i(dx+c)}+5 e^{2i(dx+c)}+e^{i(dx+c)}+4\right)}{da\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)^2\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)}+\frac{3 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}{2ad}-\frac{3 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}{2da}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*((-3*cos(2*d*x+2*c)-3)*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+(3*cos(2*d*x+2*c)+3)*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-2*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(1+2*cos(2*d*x+2*c)+cos(d*x+c)))/a/d/(1+cos(2*d*x+2*c))`

### 3.51.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(\cos(dx+c)^3+\cos(dx+c)^2) \log(\sin(dx+c)+1)-3(\cos(dx+c)^3+\cos(dx+c)^2) \log(-\sin(dx+c)+1)}{4(ad \cos(dx+c)^3+ad \cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(3*(cos(d*x+c)^3+cos(d*x+c)^2)*log(sin(d*x+c)+1)-3*(cos(d*x+c)^3+cos(d*x+c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x+c)+1)-2*(4*cos(d*x+c)^2+cos(d*x+c)-1)*sin(d*x+c))/(a*d*cos(d*x+c)^3+a*d*cos(d*x+c)^2)`

---

3.51.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

### 3.51.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`

### 3.51.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right) - \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a} + \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a - 2*a*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a + 3*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a + 2*sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

### 3.51.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a} + \frac{2 \left(3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right)^2 a}}{2d}$$

3.51.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a - 3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a + 2*(3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a))/d`

### 3.51.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{ad} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{d \left( a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a \right)}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `(3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a*d) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/(a*d) - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(a - 2*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4))`

### 3.52 $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.52.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{3\arctanh(\sin(c+dx))}{2ad} + \frac{4 \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{4 \tan^3(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

```
output -3/2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a/d+4*tan(d*x+c)/a/d-3/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d-sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))+4/3*tan(d*x+c)^3/a/d
```

#### 3.52.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 368 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) (6 \sec(\frac{c}{2}) \sin(\frac{dx}{2}) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \sec(c) \sec^3(c+dx) (9 \cos(2c+3dx) \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}$$



input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] * (6 * \text{Sec}[c/2] * \text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] * \text{Sec}[c] * \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^3 * (9 * \text{Cos}[2*c + 3*d*x] * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 9 * \text{Cos}[4*c + 3*d*x] * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 27 * \text{Cos}[d*x] * (\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]])) + 27 * \text{Cos}[2*c + d*x] * (\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) - 9 * \text{Cos}[2*c + 3*d*x] * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - 9 * \text{Cos}[4*c + 3*d*x] * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 48 * \text{Sin}[d*x] - 12 * \text{Sin}[2*c + d*x] - 6 * \text{Sin}[c + 2*d*x] - 6 * \text{Sin}[3*c + 2*d*x] + 20 * \text{Sin}[2*c + 3*d*x])) / (3 * a * d * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))$

### 3.52.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3247, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3247} \\
 & - \frac{\int -((4a - 3a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int (4a - 3a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4a - 3a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.52.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4a \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx - 3a \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{4a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - 3a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
& \frac{-\frac{4a \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1)d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} - 3a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{-3a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{-3a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{-3a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{-3a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4a(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) + (-3*a*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*a*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/a^2`

## 3.52.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3247 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d/(a*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*(a*n - b*(n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`
- rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`
- rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.52.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
norman	$\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{da} + \frac{25(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{3da} - \frac{8(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{da}}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3} + \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2ad} - \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2ad}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} + \frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{5}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2} - \frac{1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}}{da}$
default	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} + \frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{5}{2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2} - \frac{1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}}{da}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(27 \cos(dx+c) + 9 \cos(3dx+3c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + (-27 \cos(dx+c) - 9 \cos(3dx+3c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 44 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6ad(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3 \cos(dx+c))}$
risch	$\frac{i(9 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 9 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 24 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 24 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 39 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 7 e^{i(dx+c)} + 16)}{3da(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2ad} + \frac{3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2ad}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(1/d/a*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7 - 4/d/a*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) + 25/3/d/a*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3 - 8/d/a*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5) / (\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3 + 3/2/a/d*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) - 1) - 3/2/a/d*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) + 1)$

### 3.52.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{9(\cos(dx+c)^4 + \cos(dx+c)^3) \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - 9(\cos(dx+c)^4 + \cos(dx+c)^3) \log(-\sin(dx+c)+1)}{12(ad\cos(dx+c)^4 + ad\cos(dx+c)^3)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)), x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $-1/12*(9*(\cos(d*x+c)^4 + \cos(d*x+c)^3)*\log(\sin(d*x+c)+1) - 9*(\cos(d*x+c)^4 + \cos(d*x+c)^3)*\log(-\sin(d*x+c)+1) - 2*(16*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 7*\cos(d*x+c)^2 - \cos(d*x+c) + 2)*\sin(d*x+c)) / (a*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + a*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3)$

3.52.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

### 3.52.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`

### 3.52.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{16 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right) - \frac{9 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a} + \frac{9 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a} + \frac{6 \sin(dx+c)}{a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(2*(9*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 16*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a - 3*a*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*a*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 - a*sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6) - 9*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a + 9*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a + 6*sin(d*x + c)/(a*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

**3.52.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{9 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{9 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a} + \frac{2 \left(15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 16 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 9 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right)^3 a}$$


---


$$6d$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(9*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a - 9*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a - 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a + 2*(15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 16*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3*a))/d`**3.52.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad} - \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{ad} - \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{16 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{ad \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)^3}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/(a*d) - (3*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a*d) - (3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - (16*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(a*d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 1)^3`

### 3.53 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.53.1	Optimal result . . . . .	624
3.53.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	624
3.53.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	625
3.53.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	628
3.53.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	629
3.53.6	Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	630
3.53.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	631
3.53.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	631
3.53.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	632

#### 3.53.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{5x}{a^2} + \frac{12 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2 d} - \frac{5 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{a^2 d} - \frac{10 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2 d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{4 \sin^3(c+dx)}{a^2 d}$$

output

```
-5*x/a^2+12*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d-5*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d-10/3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-4*sin(d*x+c)^3/a^2/d
```

#### 3.53.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \left( 60 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (24 + 33 \cos(c+dx) + 6 \cos^2(c+dx) - \cos^3(c+dx)) \right)}{3a^2 d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} (1 + \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sin[c + d*x]*(60*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + (24 + 33*Cos[c + d*x] + 6*Cos[c + d*x]^2 - Cos[c + d*x]^3 + Cos[c + d*x]^4)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(3*a^2*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

### 3.53.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2 \cos^3(c+dx)(2a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(2a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(2a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{2 \left( \int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(5a^2-6a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.53.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \cos^2(c+dx) (5a^2 - 6a^2 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (5a^2 - 6a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3(5a^2 \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx - 6a^2 \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx)}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3(5a^2 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - 6a^2 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx)}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{6a^2 \int (1 - \sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} + 5a^2 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( 5a^2 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{6a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( 5a^2 \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{6a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.53.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{6a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} + 5a^2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right)}{a^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{\frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (2*((5*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + (3*(5*a^2*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) + (6*a^2*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d))/a^2))/(3*a^2)`

### 3.53.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.53.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
parallelrisch	$43 \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{14 \cos(2dx+2c)}{129} - \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{129} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{258} + \frac{73}{86} \right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sec^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 40dx$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + 9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{8 \left( -\frac{5 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{2} - \frac{10 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3} - \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2} \right)}{\left( 1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)^3} - 20 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
default	$-\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + 9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{8 \left( -\frac{5 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{2} - \frac{10 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3} - \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2} \right)}{\left( 1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)^3} - 20 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
risch	$-\frac{5x}{a^2} + \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{4da^2} - \frac{15ie^{i(dx+c)}}{8a^2d} + \frac{15ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{8a^2d} - \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{4da^2} + \frac{2i(15e^{2i(dx+c)} + 27e^{i(dx+c)} + 14)}{3da^2(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{\sin(3d)}{12a}$
norman	$-\frac{5x}{a} + \frac{21 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} + \frac{143 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3da} + \frac{521 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{6da} + \frac{230 \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3da} + \frac{185 \left( \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{6da} + \frac{11 \left( \tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3da} + \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(43*(cos(d*x+c)+14/129*cos(2*d*x+2*c)-1/129*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+1/258*cos(4*d*x+4*c)+73/86)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-40*d*x)/a^2/d`

### 3.53.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{15 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 30 dx \cos(dx+c) + 15 dx - (\cos(dx+c)^4 - \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 33 \cos(dx+c) + 24) \sin(dx+c)}{3(a^2 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 a^2 d \cos(dx+c) + a^2 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/3*(15*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 30*d*x*cos(d*x+c) + 15*d*x - (cos(d*x+c)^4 - cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 33*cos(d*x+c) + 24)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x+c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.53.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 700 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 700, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{30dx \tan^6\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^6\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 18a^2d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 18a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} - \frac{90dx \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^6\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 18a^2d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 18a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} \\ \frac{x \cos^5(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-30*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 90*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 90*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 30*d*x/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 24*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 138*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 160*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 63*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**6 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 18*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**5/(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`

**3.53.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{20 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right)}{a^2 + \frac{3a^2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6}} + \frac{27 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{60 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^2} \Big/ 6d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(4*(9*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 20*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a^2 + 3*a^2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*a^2*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + a^2*sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6) + (27*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 60*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^2)/d`

**3.53.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{30(dx+c)}{a^2} - \frac{4 \left( 15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 20 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 9 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) \right)}{\left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^3 a^2}}{a^6} + \frac{a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 27 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a^6} \Big/ 6d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(30*(d*x + c)/a^2 - 4*(15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 20*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^3*a^2) + (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 27*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d`

**3.53.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 28\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 60\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 40\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 16\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 30\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `-(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 28*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 60*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 40*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 16*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 30*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(6*a^2*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)`

### 3.54 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.54.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{7x}{2a^2} - \frac{16 \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d} + \frac{7 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a^2d} - \frac{8 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

output `7/2*x/a^2-16/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d+7/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d-8/3*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2`

#### 3.54.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \left( -84 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (-32 - 43 \cos(c+dx) - 6 \cos^2(c+dx) + 3 \cos^3(c+dx)) \right)}{6a^2d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} (1 + \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`



output  $(\text{Sin}[c + d*x]*(-84*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + (-32 - 43*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] - 6*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]))/(6*a^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)})$

### 3.54.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(3a-5a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(3a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(16a^2-21a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx + \frac{8 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)}}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(16a^2-21a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{a^2} dx + \frac{8 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)}}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3213} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{16a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{21a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{21a^2 x}{2}}{3a^2} + \frac{8 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.54.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((8*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + ((-21*a^2*x)/2 + (16*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (21*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/a^2)/(3*a^2)`

### 3.54.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.54.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-163 \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{12 \cos(2dx+2c)}{163} - \frac{3 \cos(3dx+3c)}{163} + \frac{140}{163} \right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sec^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + 168dx}{48a^2d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-10 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 6 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + 14 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}{2da^2}$
default	$\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-10 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 6 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + 14 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}{2da^2}$
risch	$\frac{7x}{2a^2} - \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{8da^2} + \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{a^2d} - \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{a^2d} + \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8da^2} - \frac{2i(12e^{2i(dx+c)} + 21e^{i(dx+c)} + 11)}{3da^2(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{7x}{2a} - \frac{13 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} - \frac{149 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{6da} - \frac{100 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3da} - \frac{18 \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{da} - \frac{17 \left( \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{6da} + \frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da} + 14}{a \left( 1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)^4}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/48*(-163*(cos(d*x+c)+12/163*cos(2*d*x+2*c)-3/163*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+140/163)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+168*d*x)/a^2/d`

### 3.54.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{21 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 42 dx \cos(dx+c) + 21 dx + (3 \cos(dx+c)^3 - 6 \cos(dx+c)^2 - 43 \cos(dx+c) - 32) \sin(dx+c)}{6(a^2d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2d \cos(dx+c) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(21*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 42*d*x*cos(d*x+c) + 21*d*x + (3*cos(d*x+c)^3 - 6*cos(d*x+c)^2 - 43*cos(d*x+c) - 32)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x+c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.54.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 413 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{21dx \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} + \frac{42dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} + \frac{21dx}{6a^2d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} \\ \frac{x \cos^4(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((21*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 42*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 21*d*x/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 19*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 71*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 39*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 12*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**4/(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`

### 3.54.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= - \frac{6 \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{a^2 + \frac{2a^2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}} + \frac{21 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{42 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^2}$$

$6d$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/6*(6*(3*\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 5*\sin(dx + c)^3/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^3)/(a^2 + 2*a^2*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + a^2*\sin(dx + c)^4/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4) + (21*\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) - \sin(dx + c)^3/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 42*\arctan(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1))/a^2)/d$$

### 3.54.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{21(dx+c)}{a^2} - \frac{6\left(5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + 1\right)^2 a^2} + \frac{a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 21 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a^6}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)^4/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1/6*(21*(dx + c)/a^2 - 6*(5*\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c))/((\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*a^2) + (a^4*\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^3 - 21*a^4*\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d$$

### 3.54.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 22 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 30 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6 a^2 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}$$

input `int(cos(c + dx)^4/(a + a*cos(c + dx))^2,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(\sin(c/2 + (dx)/2) - 22*\cos(c/2 + (dx)/2)^2*\sin(c/2 + (dx)/2) - 30*\cos(c/2 + (dx)/2)^4*\sin(c/2 + (dx)/2) + 12*\cos(c/2 + (dx)/2)^6*\sin(c/2 + (dx)/2) + 21*\cos(c/2 + (dx)/2)^3*(c + dx))/(6*a^2*d*\cos(c/2 + (dx)/2)^3}$$

### 3.55 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.55.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

```
output -2*x/a^2+4/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d+2*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2
```

#### 3.55.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \left( 48 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (23 + 28 \cos(c+dx) + 3 \cos(2(c+dx))) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \right)}{6a^2d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} (1+\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

```
output (Sin[c + d*x]*(48*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + (23 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(6*a^2*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

### 3.55.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{a \cos(c+dx)-2a \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & -\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{a} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.55.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2\left(3a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & -\frac{2\left(3a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3214 \\
 & -\frac{2\left(3a\left(\frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx\right) - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & -\frac{2\left(3a\left(\frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx\right) - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3127 \\
 & -\frac{2\left(3a\left(\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}\right) - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) - (2*((-2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + 3*a*(x/a - Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))))/(3*a^2)`

### 3.55.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



### 3.55.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{12dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} - \frac{12dx}{6a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} + \frac{14 \tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} + \frac{27 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6a^2d} \\ \frac{x \cos^3(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-12*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - 12*d*x/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 14*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d) + 27*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(6*a**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 6*a**2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**3/(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`

### 3.55.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{24 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{12 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^2 + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right)(\cos(dx+c)+1)}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*((15*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 24*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^2 + 12*sin(d*x + c)/((a^2 + a^2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

**3.55.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{12(dx+c)}{a^2} - \frac{12 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)a^2} + \frac{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 15 a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^6}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(12*(d*x + c)/a^2 - 12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*a^2) + (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 15*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d`**3.55.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 16 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 12 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (c + dx)}{6 a^2 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `-(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 16*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 12*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 12*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(c + d*x))/(6*a^2*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)`

### 3.56 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.56.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{5 \sin(c + dx)}{3a^2d(1 + \cos(c + dx))} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

output `x/a^2-5/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))+1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2`

#### 3.56.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx) \left( 12 \arcsin(\cos(c + dx)) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + (4 + 5 \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} \right)}{3a^2d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} (1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sin[c + d*x]*(12*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + (4 + 5*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^2*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

**3.56.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3237, 25, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3237} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{2a-3a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2a-3a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2a-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - 3x}{3a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx - 3x}{3a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} - 3x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (-3*x + (5*a*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))/(3*a^2)`

### 3.56.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3237 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(a*m - b*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.56.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 6dx - 9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6a^2d}$	36
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2da^2}$	46
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2da^2}$	46
risc	$\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{2i(6e^{2i(dx+c)} + 9e^{i(dx+c)} + 5)}{3da^2(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^3}$	53
norman	$\frac{\frac{x}{a} + \frac{x(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{a} - \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} - \frac{17(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{6da} - \frac{7(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{6da} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da} + \frac{2x(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{a}}{a\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$	133

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+6*d*x-9*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/a^2/d`

### 3.56.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3dx\cos(dx+c)^2 + 6dx\cos(dx+c) + 3dx - (5\cos(dx+c) + 4)\sin(dx+c)}{3(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 3*d*x - (5*cos(d*x + c) + 4)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`



**3.56.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d} - \frac{3\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2a^2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\cos^2(c)}{(a\cos(c)+a)^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((x/a**2 + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*d) - 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(2*a**2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**2/(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`**3.56.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{9\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}}{a^2} - \frac{12\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^2} \frac{1}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*((9*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 12*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^2)/d`**3.56.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{6(dx+c)}{a^2} + \frac{a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 9a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{a^6} \frac{1}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(6*(d*x + c)/a^2 + (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 9*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d`

**3.56.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 - 9 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6 dx}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 - 9*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 6*d*x)/(6*a^2*d)`

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

3.57.1	Optimal result	652
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3.57.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	653
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### 3.57.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2+a^2 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `-1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))`

### 3.57.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{(1+2 \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((1 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a^2*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

**3.57.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

## 3.57.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

## 3.57.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 3\right)}{6a^2d}$	31
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da^2}$	32
default	$-\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da^2}$	32
risch	$\frac{2i\left(3e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} + 2\right)}{3da^2\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^3}$	47
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3da} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a}$	76

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3)/a^2/d`

**3.57.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{(2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sin(dx + c)}{3 (a^2 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 a^2 d \cos(dx + c) + a^2 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`**3.57.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2a^2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(2*a**2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)/(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`**3.57.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{3 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(3*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a^2*d)`

**3.57.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^2*d)`**3.57.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 3\right)}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `-(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3))/(6*a^2*d)`

### 3.58 $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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3.58.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	661

#### 3.58.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2+a^2 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.58.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-2), x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(3*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(3*a^2*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`



### 3.58.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-2), x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

## 3.58.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

## 3.58.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3\right)}{6a^2d}$	31
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da^2}$	32
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da^2}$	32
risch	$\frac{2i(3e^{i(dx+c)}+1)}{3da^2(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)^3}$	36
norman	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da}$	42

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3)/a^2/d`

**3.58.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{(\cos(dx + c) + 2) \sin(dx + c)}{3(a^2 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2a^2 d \cos(dx + c) + a^2 d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`**3.58.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2a^2 d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{(a \cos(c) + a)^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(2*a**2*d), N e(d, 0)), (x/(a*cos(c) + a)**2, True))`**3.58.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{3 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(3*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a^2*d)`

**3.58.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^2*d)`**3.58.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 3\right)}{6 a^2 d}$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 3))/(6*a^2*d)`

### 3.59 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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3.59.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	662
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3.59.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	665
3.59.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	666
3.59.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	666
3.59.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	667
3.59.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	667

#### 3.59.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{a^2 d} - \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{3a^2 d(1 + \cos(c + dx))} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^2/d-4/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2`

#### 3.59.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 152 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(6 \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3a^2 d(1 + \cos(c + dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(-2*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(6*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) + \text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 8*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + \text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Tan}[c/2]))/(3*a^2*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2)$

### 3.59.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) a + a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a^2 \sec(c + dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{d(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \sec(c + dx) dx - \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{d(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{d(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.59.  $\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{4\sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)}}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d - (4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))) / (3*a^2)`

### 3.59.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.59.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2da^2}$	62
default	$\frac{-\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2da^2}$	62
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{6a^2d}$	62
norman	$\frac{-\frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da}}{a} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da^2} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^2d}$	82
risch	$-\frac{2i\left(3e^{2i(dx+c)} + 9e^{i(dx+c)} + 4\right)}{3da^2\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^3} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}{da^2} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - i\right)}{a^2d}$	89

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d/a^2*(-1/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+2*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))`

### 3.59.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1 \right) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 \left( \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1 \right) \log(-\cos(dx + c) + 1)}{6 \left( a^2 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 a^2 d \cos(dx + c) + a^2 d \right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`



output  $1/6*(3*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(4*\cos(d*x + c) + 5)*\sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)$

### 3.59.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

### 3.59.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}}{a^2} - \frac{6 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^2} + \frac{6 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/6*((9*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + \sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 6*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^2 + 6*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^2)/d$

**3.59.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{6 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1|)}{a^2} - \frac{6 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) - 1|)}{a^2} - \frac{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 + 9a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{a^6}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(6*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^2 - 6*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^2 - (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d`**3.59.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{9 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}) - 12 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})) + \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3}{6a^2 d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`output `-(9*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 12*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(6*a^2*d)`

### 3.60 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.60.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{a^2d} + \frac{10 \tan(c + dx)}{3a^2d} - \frac{2 \tan(c + dx)}{a^2d(1 + \cos(c + dx))} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

output `-2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^2/d+10/3*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d-2*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2`

#### 3.60.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = 2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 14 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 6 \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right) \left( 2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(2*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 14*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 6*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(2*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - 2*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + \text{Sin}[d*x]/((\text{Cos}[c/2] - \text{Sin}[c/2])*(\text{Cos}[c/2] + \text{Sin}[c/2])*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]))*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])) + \text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Tan}[c/2]))/(3*a^2*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2)$

### 3.60.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3245$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(2a-a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(2a-a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{2a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3457$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int (5a^2-3a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

---

3.60.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2 - 3a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{5a^2 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx - 3a^2 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{5a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - 3a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{-\frac{5a^2 \int 1 d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} - 3a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{\frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - 3a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{\frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*Tan[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (2*((-3*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + ((-3*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (5*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/a^2))/(3*a^2)`

## 3.60.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`
- rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.60.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + 5 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} - 4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1} + 4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right)}{2da^2}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + 5 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} - 4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1} + 4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right)}{2da^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(dx+c) - 6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(dx+c) + 7 \left(\sec^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\cos(dx+c) + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)}{2}\right)}{3a^2 d \cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$-\frac{9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} + \frac{7 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3da} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da} + \frac{2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^2 d} - \frac{2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{da^2}$
risch	$\frac{4i \left(3 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 9 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 11 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 12 e^{i(dx+c)} + 5\right)}{3da^2 \left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^3 \left(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1\right)} + \frac{2 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - i\right)}{a^2 d} - \frac{2 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}{da^2}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d/a^2*(1/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-2/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))`

### 3.60.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{3 (\cos(dx + c))^3 + 2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 (\cos(dx + c))^3 + 2 \cos(dx + c)}{3 (a^2 d \cos(dx + c))^3 + 2 a^2 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.60.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output 
$$-1/3*(3*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2*\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))*\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2*\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))*\log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (10*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 14*\cos(dx + c) + 3)*\sin(dx + c))/(a^2*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + a^2*d*\cos(dx + c))$$

### 3.60.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)**2/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + dx)**2/(cos(c + dx)**2 + 2*cos(c + dx) + 1), x)/a**2`

### 3.60.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{15 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{12 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^2} + \frac{12 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a^2} + \frac{12 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^2 - \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right)(\cos(dx+c)+1)}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)^2/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$1/6*((15*\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + \sin(dx + c)^3/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 12*\log(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)/a^2 + 12*\log(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) - 1)/a^2 + 12*\sin(dx + c)/((a^2 - a^2*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(dx + c) + 1)))/d$$



**3.60.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{12 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^2} - \frac{12 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^2} + \frac{12 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1)a^2} - \frac{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 15 a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^6}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(12*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^2 - 12*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^2 + 12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^2) - (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d`**3.60.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3}{6a^2d} - \frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}))}{a^2d}$$

$$- \frac{2 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{d(a^2 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^2 - a^2)} + \frac{5 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{2a^2d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`output `tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3/(6*a^2*d) - (4*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^2*d) - (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - a^2)) + (5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(2*a^2*d)`

### 3.61 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.61.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{7 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^2d} - \frac{16 \tan(c+dx)}{3a^2d} + \frac{7 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^2d} - \frac{8 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

```
output 7/2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^2/d-16/3*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d+7/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d-8/3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2
```

#### 3.61.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -2 \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 40 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 3 \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \right) \left( -14 \log \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] * (-2 * \text{Sec}[c/2] * \text{Sin}[(dx)/2] - 40 * \text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2]^2 * \text{Sec}[c/2] * \text{Sin}[(dx)/2] + 3 * \text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2]^3 * (-14 * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]]) + 14 * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]] + (\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2])^{(-2)} - (\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2])^{(-2)} - (8 * \text{Sin}[dx]) / ((\text{Cos}[c/2] - \text{Sin}[c/2]) * (\text{Cos}[c/2] + \text{Sin}[c/2]) * (\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]) * (\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2])) - 2 * \text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] * \text{Tan}[c/2]) / (3 * a^2 * d * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + dx])^2)$

### 3.61.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5a - 3a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) a + a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5a - 3a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{\int (21a^2 - 16a^2 \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d(\cos(c + dx) + 1)} - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.61.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{21a^2 - 16a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{21a^2 \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx - 16a^2 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{21a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - 16a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
& \frac{\frac{16a^2}{d} \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx)) + 21a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{21a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{16a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{21a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{16a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{21a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{16a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{21a^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{16a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $-1/3*(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2) + ((-8*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))) + ((-16*a^2*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/d + 2*1*a^2*(\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(2*d))/a^2)/(3*a^2)$

### 3.61.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*\sin[e_* + f_*x])^m * (c_* + d_*\sin[e_* + f_*x]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{m+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3245  $\text{Int}[(a_* + b_*\sin[e_* + f_*x])^m * (c_* + d_*\sin[e_* + f_*x])^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^2*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m * (c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{n+1} / (a*f*(2*m+1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(2*m+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{m+1} * (c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n * \text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) - a*d*(2*m+n+2) + b*d*(m+n+2)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerSQ}[2*m, 2*n] || (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 3457  $\text{Int}[(a_* + b_*\sin[e_* + f_*x])^m * (A_* + B_*\sin[e_* + f_*x])^n * (c_* + d_*\sin[e_* + f_*x])^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m * (c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{n+1} / (a*f*(2*m+1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(2*m+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{m+1} * (c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n * \text{Simp}[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n+1)) + A*(b*c*(m+1) - a*d*(2*m+n+2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m+n+2)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2^{(-1)}] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*m] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2*n] || \text{EqQ}[c, 0])$

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.61.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} + \frac{5}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} + 7 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \frac{\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} - 7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
default	$-\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} + \frac{5}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} + 7 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \frac{\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} - 7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
parallelrisc	$\frac{(-42 \cos(2dx+2c) - 42) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + (42 \cos(2dx+2c) + 42) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - 60 \left(\sec^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos(dx+c) - \sin(dx+c)\right)}{12a^2 d(1 + \cos(2dx+2c))}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{13 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} + \frac{71 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6da} - \frac{19 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6da} - \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da}}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2 a} - \frac{7 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a^2 d} + \frac{7 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2da^2}$
risc	$-\frac{i(21 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 63 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 98 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 126 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 97 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 75 e^{i(dx+c)} + 32)}{3da^2 (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 (e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{7 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2da^2} - \frac{7 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2da^2}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d/a^2*(-1/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^2+5/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+7*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-1/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^2+5/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-7*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))`

### 3.61.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{21(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 2\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2) \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - 21(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 2\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2) \log(\sin(dx+c)-1) - 2*(32\cos(dx+c)^3 + 43\cos(dx+c)^2 + 6\cos(dx+c) - 3)*\sin(dx+c)}{12(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c)^3 + a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/12*(21*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 21*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(32*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 43*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.61.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

### 3.61.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{6\left(\frac{3\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{5\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}\right) + \frac{21\sin(dx+c)}{a^2\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{21\log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}+1\right)}{a^2} + \frac{21\log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}-1\right)}{a^2}}{a^2 - \frac{2a^2\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a^2\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}}$$

$6d$

3.61.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/6*(6*(3*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 5*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a^2 - 2*a^2*\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a^2*\sin(d*x + c)^4/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) + (21*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + \sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 21*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^2 + 21*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^2/d$$

### 3.61.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{21 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^2} - \frac{21 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^2} + \frac{6 \left( 5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)}{\left( \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1 \right)^2 a^2} - \frac{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 21 a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^6}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{6d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$1/6*(21*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^2 - 21*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^2 + 6*(5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^2) - (a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 21*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6/d$$

### 3.61.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{7 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^2 d} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{6 a^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{d \left( a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a^2 \right)}$$

$$- \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2 a^2 d}$$



input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `(7*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^2*d) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3/(6*a^2*d) - (3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + a^2)) - (7*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(2*a^2*d)`

### 3.62 $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.62.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{5\arctanh(\sin(c+dx))}{a^2d} + \frac{12 \tan(c+dx)}{a^2d} - \frac{5 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a^2d} - \frac{10 \sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{4 \tan^3(c+dx)}{a^2d}$$

output

```
-5*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^2/d+12*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d-5*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d-10/3*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+4*tan(d*x+c)^3/a^2/d
```

#### 3.62.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{960 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(960*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(-3*Sin[(d*x)/2] + 155*Sin[(3*d*x)/2] - 153*Sin[c - (d*x)/2] + 21*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] - 135*Sin[2*c + (d*x)/2] + 25*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] + 45*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 85*Sin[3*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 99*Sin[c + (5*d*x)/2] + 21*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 33*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 45*Sin[4*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 57*Sin[2*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 18*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 24*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 15*Sin[5*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 24*Sin[3*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 11*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 13*Sin[5*c + (9*d*x)/2]))/(48*a^2*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

### 3.62.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2(3a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{(3a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{3a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.62.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3457 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int 3(6a^2 - 5a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int (6a^2 - 5a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{6a^2 - 5a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 3227 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{3(6a^2 \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx - 5a^2 \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{3(6a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - 5a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 4254 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{6a^2 \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} - 5a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 2009 \\
\frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( -5a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{6a^2 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow 4255
\end{array}$$

---

3.62.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left( \frac{3 \left( -5a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{6a^2 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{3 \left( -5a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{6a^2 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{3 \left( -5a^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{6a^2 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (2*((-5*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + (3*(-5*a^2*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (6*a^2*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/a^2))/(3*a^2)`

### 3.62.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.62.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + 9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} + \frac{3}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{10}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} - 10 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \frac{1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}\right)}{2da^2}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + 9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} + \frac{3}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{10}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} - 10 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \frac{1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}\right)}{2da^2}$
norman	$-\frac{21 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2da} + \frac{80\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3da} - \frac{23\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da} + \frac{4\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da} + \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da} + \frac{5 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^2d} - \frac{1}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)a}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(90 \cos(dx+c) + 30 \cos(3dx+3c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + (-90 \cos(dx+c) - 30 \cos(3dx+3c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 95\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3dx}{2} + \frac{3c}{2}\right)\right)}{6a^2d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3 \cos(dx+c))}$
risch	$\frac{2i(15 e^{8i(dx+c)} + 45 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 85 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 135 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 153 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 155 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 99 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 57 e^{i(dx+c)} + 24)}{3a^2d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^3}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{2}d/a^2*(1/3*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+9*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2/3/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^3+3/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^2-10/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-10*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-2/3/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^3-3/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^2-10/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+10*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))$$

### 3.62.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{15 (\cos(dx + c))^5 + 2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 15 (\cos(dx + c))^5 + 2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)}{6(a^2d \cos(dx + c) + a^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.62. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

output `-1/6*(15*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^3)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^3)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(24*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 33*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.62.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

### 3.62.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{20 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right)}{a^2 - \frac{3a^2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} - \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6}} + \frac{\frac{27 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3}}{a^2} - \frac{30 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^2} + \frac{30 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a^2}$$

$6d$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(4*(9*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 20*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a^2 - 3*a^2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*a^2*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 - a^2*sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6) + (27*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/a^2 - 30*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^2 + 30*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^2)/d`



**3.62.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{30 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^2} - \frac{30 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^2} + \frac{4 \left( 15 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 20 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 9 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)}{\left( \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1 \right)^3 a^2} - \frac{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{6d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(30*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^2 - 30*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^2 + 4*(15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 20*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3*a^2) - (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 27*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^6)/d`**3.62.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{6a^2d} - \frac{10 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^2d}$$

$$- \frac{10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{40 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - a^2 \right)} + \frac{9 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2a^2d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`output `tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3/(6*a^2*d) - (10*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^2*d) - (6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - (40*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3 + 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(d*(3*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - a^2)) + (9*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(2*a^2*d)`

### 3.63 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.63.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{13x}{2a^3} - \frac{152 \sin(c+dx)}{15a^3d} + \frac{13 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a^3d} - \frac{\cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{11 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{76 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{15d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `13/2*x/a^3-152/15*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d+13/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-11/15*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-76/15*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.63.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^6(c+dx) \sin^7\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(12480 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (4303 + 60 \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)})\right)}{15a^3d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/15*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[c + d*x]^6*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^7*(12480*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + (4303 + 6006*Cos[c + d*x] + 1856*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 90*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] - 15*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/ (a^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.63.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(4a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(4a-7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(33a^2-43a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.63.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



## 3.63.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.63.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1001 \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{928 \cos(2dx+2c)}{3003} + \frac{15 \cos(3dx+3c)}{1001} - \frac{5 \cos(4dx+4c)}{2002} + \frac{331}{462} \right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sec^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{160 a^3 d} + \frac{13dx}{2}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} + \frac{8 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3} - 31 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-28 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 20 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + 52 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}{4d a^3}$
default	$-\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} + \frac{8 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{3} - 31 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-28 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 20 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + 52 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}{4d a^3}$
risch	$\frac{13x}{2a^3} - \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{8da^3} + \frac{3ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2da^3} - \frac{3ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2da^3} + \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8da^3} - \frac{2i(150e^{4i(dx+c)} + 525e^{3i(dx+c)} + 745e^{2i(dx+c)} + 15da^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5)}{15da^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$
norman	$\frac{13x}{2a} - \frac{51 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} - \frac{721 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{12da} - \frac{6613 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{60da} - \frac{1165 \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{12da} - \frac{475 \left( \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{12da} - \frac{59 \left( \tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{12da}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `13/160*(-77*(cos(d*x+c)+928/3003*cos(2*d*x+2*c)+15/1001*cos(3*d*x+3*c)-5/2002*cos(4*d*x+4*c)+331/462)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+80*d*x)/a^3/d`

### 3.63.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{195 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 585 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 585 dx \cos(dx+c) + 195 dx + (15 \cos(dx+c)^4 - 45 \cos(dx+c)^3 - 479 \cos(dx+c)^2 - 717 \cos(dx+c) - 304) \sin(dx+c)}{30 (a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx+c) + a^3 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/30*(195*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 585*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 585*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 195*d*x + (15*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 45*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 479*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 717*cos(d*x + c) - 304)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.63.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs.  $2(143) = 286$ .

Time = 3.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{390dx \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{60a^3d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 120a^3d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 60a^3d} + \frac{780dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{60a^3d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 120a^3d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 60a^3d} + \frac{390dx}{60a^3d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 120a^3d} \\ \frac{x \cos^5(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^3} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((390*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) + 780*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) + 390*d*x/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) - 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) + 34*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) - 388*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) - 1310*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d) - 765*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(60*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 120*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 60*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**5/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`

### 3.63.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{60 \left( \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{a^3 + \frac{2a^3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}} + \frac{465 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{40 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{780 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^3}$$

$$60d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/60*(60*(5*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 7*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a^3 + 2*a^3*\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a^3*\sin(d*x + c)^4/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) + (465*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 40*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 780*\arctan(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^3)/d}$$

### 3.63.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{390(dx+c)}{a^3} - \frac{60\left(7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + 1\right)^2 a^3} - \frac{3 a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 40 a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 465 a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a^{15}}}{60 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1/60*(390*(d*x + c)/a^3 - 60*(7*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*a^3) - (3*a^12*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 40*a^12*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 465*a^12*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^15}{d}$$

### 3.63.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 46 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 508 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 420 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6}{60 a^3 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{-(3*\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 46*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 508*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 420*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 120*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 390*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(c + d*x))/(60*a^3*d*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)}$$

---

3.63. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$



### 3.64 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.64.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{3x}{a^3} + \frac{9 \sin(c + dx)}{5a^3d} - \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^3 + a^3 \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `-3*x/a^3+9/5*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-3/5*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.64.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx) \left( 120 \arcsin(\cos(c + dx)) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + (24 + 57 \cos(c + dx) + 39 \cos^2(c + dx) + 5 \cos^3(c + dx)) \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \right)}{5a^3d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} (1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(\text{Sin}[c + d*x]*(120*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + (24 + 57*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 39*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + 5*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]))/(5*a^3*d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(7/2)})$

### 3.64.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2(a-2a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{3 \left( \int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx)(2a^2 - 3a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2a^2-3a^2\cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2a^2-3a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3447 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 \cos(c+dx)-3a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3a^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3502 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{a^2} - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{5a^2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{5a^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3214
\end{array}$$

---

3.64.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{5a^2 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \right) - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{5a^2 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx \right) - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{5a^2 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - (3*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-3*a*Sin[c + d*x])/d + 5*a^2*(x/a - Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))))/a^2))/(5*a^2)`

### 3.64.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.64.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{243 \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{26 \cos(2dx+2c)}{81} + \frac{5 \cos(3dx+3c)}{243} + \frac{58}{81} \right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sec^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 3dx}{a^3 d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} \right) - 2 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + 17 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{8 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 24 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d a^3}$
default	$\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} \right) - 2 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + 17 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{8 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 24 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{3x}{a^3} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2da^3} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2da^3} + \frac{4i(15e^{4i(dx+c)} + 50e^{3i(dx+c)} + 70e^{2i(dx+c)} + 45e^{i(dx+c)} + 12)}{5da^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$
norman	$-\frac{3x}{a} + \frac{25 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} + \frac{45 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{2da} + \frac{591 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{20da} + \frac{81 \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{5da} + \frac{51 \left( \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{20da} - \frac{3 \left( \tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{\left( 1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)^4 a^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/80*(81*(cos(d*x+c)+26/81*cos(2*d*x+2*c))+5/243*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+58/81)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-80*d*x/a^3/d`

### 3.64.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{15 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 45 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 45 dx \cos(dx+c) + 15 dx - (5 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 39 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 57 \cos(dx+c) + 24) \operatorname{in}(dx+c)}{5(a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx+c) + a^3 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/5*(15*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 45*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 45*d*x*cos(d*x+c) + 15*d*x - (5*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 39*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 57*cos(d*x+c) + 24)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x+c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.64.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{60dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 20a^3d} - \frac{60dx}{20a^3d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 20a^3d} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 20a^3d} - \frac{9 \tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 20a^3d} + \frac{7}{20a^3d} \\ \frac{x \cos^4(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-60*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(20*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 20*a**3*d) - 60*d*x/(20*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 20*a**3*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(20*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 20*a**3*d) - 9*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(20*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 20*a**3*d) + 75*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(20*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 20*a**3*d) + 125*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(20*a**3*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 20*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**4/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`

### 3.64.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{40 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^3 + \frac{a^3 \sin^2(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) (\cos(dx+c)+1)} + \frac{\frac{85 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{10 \sin^3(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{\sin^5(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{a^3} - \frac{120 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^3}}{20d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/20*(40*sin(d*x + c)/((a^3 + a^3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (85*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 120*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^3)/d`

---

3.64.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

**3.64.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{60(dx+c)}{a^3} - \frac{40 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)a^3} - \frac{a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 10 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 85 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{15}}}{20 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/20*(60*(d*x + c)/a^3 - 40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*a^3) - (a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 10*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 85*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^15)/d`**3.64.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 12 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 96 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 40 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20 a^3 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 12*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 96*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 40*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 60*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(c + d*x))/(20*a^3*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)`



### 3.65 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.65.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{7 \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{29 \sin(c+dx)}{15d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output x/a^3-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+7/15*sin(d*x+c)/a/d
/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-29/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.65.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^6(c+dx) \sin^7\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(480 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + 4(38+51 \cos(c+dx))\right)}{15a^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]
```

```
output (-4*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[c + d*x]^6*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^7*(480*ArcSin[Cos[c +
d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + 4*(38 + 51*Cos[c + d*x] + 16*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])
*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(15*a^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

### 3.65.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 25, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2a-5a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a \cos(c+dx)-5a \cos^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-5a \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3498} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{-14a^2-15a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{14a^2-15a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.65.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{\int \frac{14a^2 - 15a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow \text{3214} \\
\frac{29a^2 \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - 15ax}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{29a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx - 15ax}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow \text{3127} \\
\frac{\frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - 15ax}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((-7*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (-15*a*x + (29*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (3*a^2)) / (5*a^2)`

### 3.65.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214  $\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b \sin(e + f x))}{(c + d \sin(e + f x))}, x] := \text{Simp}[b(x/d), x] - \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(c + d \sin(e + f x)), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 3244  $\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b \sin(e + f x))^m (c + d \sin(e + f x))^n}{(a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + f x))^{n-2}}, x] := \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d) \cos(e + f x) (a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + f x))^{n-2} / (a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + f x))^{n-2} \text{Simp}[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n)) \sin(e + f x), x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 3447  $\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b \sin(e + f x))^m (A + B \sin(e + f x))}{(c + d \sin(e + f x))}, x] := \text{Int}[(a + b \sin(e + f x))^m (A*c + (B*c + A*d) \sin(e + f x) + B*d \sin(e + f x)^2), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 3498  $\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b \sin(e + f x))^m (A + B \sin(e + f x) + C \sin(e + f x)^2)}{(a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} (a + b \sin(e + f x))}, x] := \text{Simp}[(A*b - a*B + b*C) \cos(e + f x) (a + b \sin(e + f x))^m / (a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} \text{Simp}[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1) \sin(e + f x), x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

### 3.65.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+20\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+60dx-105\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{60a^3d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}+\frac{4\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-7\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+8\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4da^3}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}+\frac{4\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-7\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+8\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4da^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^3}-\frac{2i\left(45e^{4i(dx+c)}+135e^{3i(dx+c)}+185e^{2i(dx+c)}+115e^{i(dx+c)}+32\right)}{15da^3\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^5}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{x}{a}+\frac{x\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a}-\frac{7\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da}-\frac{59\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{12da}-\frac{43\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{10da}-\frac{9\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{10da}+\frac{11\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60da}-\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{60da}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3a^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/60*(-3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+20*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+60*d*x-105*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/a^3/d`

### 3.65.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15dx\cos(dx+c)^3+45dx\cos(dx+c)^2+45dx\cos(dx+c)+15dx-(32\cos(dx+c)^2+51\cos(dx+c)+22)\sin(dx+c)}{15(a^3d\cos(dx+c))^3+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)+a^3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(15*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^3+45*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2+45*d*x*cos(d*x+c)+15*d*x-(32*cos(d*x+c)^2+51*cos(d*x+c)+22)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)+a^3*d)`

**3.65.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{3a^3d} - \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4a^3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^3(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Piecewise((x/a**3 - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(20*a**3*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(3*a**3*d) - 7*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(4*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**3/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`**3.65.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{105 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{20 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{a^3} - \frac{120 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*((105*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 20*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 120*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^3)/d`**3.65.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{60(dx+c)}{a^3} - \frac{3a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 - 20a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + 105a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{a^{15}}}{60d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(60*(d*x + c)/a^3 - (3*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 20*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 105*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^15)/d`

**3.65.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\frac{32 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4}{15} - \frac{13 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2}{30} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20}}{a^3 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `x/a^3 - (sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/20 - (13*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/30 + (32*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/15)/(a^3*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)`

### 3.66 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.66.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{8 \sin(c + dx)}{15ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{7 \sin(c + dx)}{15d(a^3 + a^3 \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-8/15*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+7/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.66.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{(2 + 6 \cos(c + dx) + 7 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{15a^3d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((2 + 6*Cos[c + d*x] + 7*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(15*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`



**3.66.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3237, 25, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3237} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3a-5a\cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3a-5a\cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3a-5a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\frac{8a\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{5a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\frac{8a\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{5a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\frac{8a\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{7\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}}{5a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((8*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (7*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (5*a^2)`

### 3.66.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3237 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(a*m - b*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

**3.66.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{5} - \frac{2(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4da^3}$	45
default	$\frac{(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{5} - \frac{2(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4da^3}$	45
parallelrisc	$\frac{3(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 10(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 15 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{60a^3d}$	47
risc	$\frac{2i(15e^{4i(dx+c)} + 30e^{3i(dx+c)} + 40e^{2i(dx+c)} + 20e^{i(dx+c)} + 7)}{15da^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$	69
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{4da} + \frac{\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{3da} - \frac{\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{30da} - \frac{\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{15da} + \frac{\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{20da}}{a^2(1 + \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^2}$	114

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4/d/a^3*(1/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))`**3.66.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(7\cos(dx+c)^2 + 6\cos(dx+c) + 2)\sin(dx+c)}{15(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(7*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

**3.66.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^3d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4a^3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^2(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(20*a**3*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**3*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(4*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**2/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`**3.66.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{15 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{10 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/60*(15*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a^3*d)`**3.66.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 10*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^3*d)`

**3.66.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 15\right)}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 15))/ (60*a^3*d)`

### 3.67 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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3.67.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	723
3.67.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	724

#### 3.67.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^3 + a^3 \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `-1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/5*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.67.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{(1 + 3 \cos(c + dx) + \cos^2(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{5a^3d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((1 + 3*Cos[c + d*x] + Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.67.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output 
$$-1/5*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^3) + (3*(\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2) + \text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]))))/(5*a)$$

### 3.67.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3127  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))]^{-1}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 3129  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))]^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3229  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_))]^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*\text{sin}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_))])), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -2^{(-1)}]$

### 3.67.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37



method	result	size
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 5\right)}{20a^3d}$	31
derivativdivides	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da^3}$	32
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da^3}$	32
risch	$\frac{2i\left(5e^{3i(dx+c)} + 5e^{2i(dx+c)} + 5e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)}{5da^3\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^5}$	58
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da} - \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2}$	95

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/20*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-5)/a^3/d`

### 3.67.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\cos(dx+c))^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1) \sin(dx+c)}{5(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

**3.67.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4a^3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\cos(c)}{(a\cos(c)+a)^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(20*a**3*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(4*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`**3.67.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{20a^3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/20*(5*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a^3*d)`**3.67.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 - 5\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{20a^3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/20*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^3*d)`

**3.67.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 5\right)}{20 a^3 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `-(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 5))/(20*a^3*d)`

### 3.68 $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.68.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{15ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{15d(a^3 + a^3 \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+2/15*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+2/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.68.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(10 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{15a^3d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(10*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 5*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(15*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.68.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} + \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3), x]`

output  $\frac{\sin[c + d*x]}{(5*d*(a + a*\cos[c + d*x])^3) + (2*(\sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*\cos[c + d*x])^2) + \sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*\cos[c + d*x])))}/(5*a)$

### 3.68.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

### 3.68.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} + \frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da^3}$	45
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} + \frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da^3}$	45
risch	$\frac{4i(10e^{2i(dx+c)} + 5e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)}{15da^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$	47
parallelrisch	$\frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 10\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{60a^3d}$	47
norman	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da}$	61

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/4/d/a^3*(1/5*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+2/3*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))$

### 3.68.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 6 \cos(dx + c) + 7) \sin(dx + c)}{15 (a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx + c) + a^3 d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/15*(2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c) + 7)*\sin(d*x + c)/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)$

### 3.68.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{20a^3d} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{6a^3d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4a^3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{(a \cos(c) + a)^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(20*a**3*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(6*a**3*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(4*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`

**3.68.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{15 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{10 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/60*(15*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 10*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(a^3*d)`**3.68.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 10*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^3*d)`**3.68.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 15\right)}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 15))/(60*a^3*d)`



### 3.69 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.69.1	Optimal result . . . . .	730
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3.69.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	731
3.69.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	733
3.69.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	734
3.69.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	734
3.69.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	735
3.69.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	735
3.69.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	736

#### 3.69.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{a^3 d} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{7 \sin(c + dx)}{15ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{22 \sin(c + dx)}{15d(a^3 + a^3 \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^3/d-1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-7/15*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-22/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.69.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(60 \cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(-2*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(60*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^5*(\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) + 3*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 14*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 88*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^4*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 3*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Tan}[c/2] + 14*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^3*\text{Tan}[c/2]))/(15*a^3*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^3)$

### 3.69.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(15a^2-7a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15a^2-7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.69.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{\int 15a^3 \sec(c+dx) dx - \frac{22a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2}}{5a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{15a \int \sec(c+dx) dx - \frac{22a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2}}{5a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{15a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{22a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2}}{5a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\frac{15a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{22a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2}}{5a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-7*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((15*a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d - (22*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))/(3*a^2))/(5*a^2)`

### 3.69.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.69.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} - \frac{4\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} - 7\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 4\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 4\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{4da^3}$	75
default	$\frac{-\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} - \frac{4\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} - 7\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 4\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 4\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{4da^3}$	75
parallelrisc	$\frac{-3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 20\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 60\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 60\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - 105\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{60a^3d}$	75
norman	$\frac{-\frac{7\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da}}{a^3d} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a^3d} - \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^3d}$	101
risc	$-\frac{2i\left(15e^{4i(dx+c)} + 75e^{3i(dx+c)} + 145e^{2i(dx+c)} + 95e^{i(dx+c)} + 22\right)}{15da^3\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^5} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - i\right)}{a^3d} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}{da^3}$	111

3.69.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d/a^3*(-1/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-4/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))
```

### 3.69.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) - 15(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\log(-\sin(dx+c) + 1) - 2(22\cos(dx+c)^2 + 51\cos(dx+c) + 32)\sin(dx+c)}{30(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/30*(15*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(22*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 51*cos(d*x + c) + 32)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)
```

### 3.69.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\cos^3(c+dx)+3\cos^2(c+dx)+3\cos(c+dx)+1}}{a^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)
```

```
output Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)**3 + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**3
```

**3.69.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{105 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{20 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{a^3} - \frac{60 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^3} + \frac{60 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a^3}$$

$$60 d$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*((105*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 20*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 60*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^3 + 60*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^3)/d`**3.69.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{60 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^3} - \frac{60 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^3} - \frac{3 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 20 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 105 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{15}}}{60 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(60*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^3 - 60*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^3 - (3*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 20*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 105*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^15)/d`

**3.69.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{105 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 120 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) + 20 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{60 a^3 d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `-(105*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 120*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) + 20*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 + 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(60*a^3*d)`

### 3.70 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.70.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{3\arctanh(\sin(c+dx))}{a^3d} + \frac{24 \tan(c+dx)}{5a^3d} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^3/d+24/5*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/5*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-3/5*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-3*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.70.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 8 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + 76 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$



input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(2*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 8*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 76*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^4*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 20*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^5*(3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - 3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + \text{Sin}[d*x]/((\text{Cos}[c/2] - \text{Sin}[c/2])*(\text{Cos}[c/2] + \text{Sin}[c/2])*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]))) + \text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Tan}[c/2] + 8*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^3*\text{Tan}[c/2]))/(5*a^3*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^3)$

### 3.70.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3(2a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{(2a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{2a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.70.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3(3a^2 - 2a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2 - 2a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2 - 2a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{8a^3 - 5a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{a^2} \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{8a^3 - 5a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{8a^3 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx - 5a^3 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{8a^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - 5a^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4254
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.70.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.70.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

---

3.70.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right)+2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+17\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-\frac{4}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1}-12\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)-\frac{4}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1}+12\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{4da^3}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right)+2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+17\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-\frac{4}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1}-12\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)-\frac{4}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1}+12\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{4da^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\cos(dx+c)-3\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)\cos(dx+c)+\frac{57\left(\cos(dx+c)+\frac{\cos(2dx+2c)}{2}+\frac{2\cos(3dx+3c)}{19}+\frac{67}{114}\right)\cos(dx+c)}{a^3d\cos(dx+c)}}{a^3d\cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$-\frac{25\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da}+\frac{15\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4da}+\frac{9\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20da}+\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da}+\frac{3\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{a^3d}-\frac{3\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{a^3d}$
risc	$\frac{2i\left(15e^{6i(dx+c)}+75e^{5i(dx+c)}+160e^{4i(dx+c)}+200e^{3i(dx+c)}+189e^{2i(dx+c)}+105e^{i(dx+c)}+24\right)}{5da^3\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^5\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)}+\frac{3\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}{a^3d}-\frac{3\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}{a^3d}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d/a^3*(1/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+2*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+17*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-12*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+12*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))`

### 3.70.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{15(\cos(dx+c))^4 + 3\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c)\log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - 15(\cos(dx+c)\log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - 15(\cos(dx+c)\log(\sin(dx+c)-1) - 2(24\cos(dx+c)^3 + 57\cos(dx+c)^2 + 39\cos(dx+c) + 5)\sin(dx+c))}{10(a^3d\cos(dx+c))^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/10*(15*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(24*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 57*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 39*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^3*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.70.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos^3(c+dx)+3\cos^2(c+dx)+3\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)**3 + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**3`

### 3.70.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{40 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^3 - \frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right) (\cos(dx+c)+1)} + \frac{\frac{85 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{10 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{a^3} - \frac{60 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^3} + \frac{60 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a^3}}{20d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/20*(40*sin(d*x + c)/((a^3 - a^3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (85*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 10*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 60*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^3 + 60*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^3)/d`

### 3.70.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{60 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a^3} - \frac{60 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a^3} + \frac{40 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right) a^3} - \frac{a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 10 a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3}{a^{15}}}{20d}$$

3.70.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(60*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^3 - 60*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^3 + 40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^3) - (a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 10*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 85*a^12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^15)/d`

### 3.70.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{2a^3d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{20a^3d} - \frac{6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^3d} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - a^3\right)} + \frac{17 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4a^3d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3/(2*a^3*d) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5/(20*a^3*d) - (6*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^3*d) - (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - a^3)) + (17*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(4*a^3*d)`

### 3.71 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.71.1	Optimal result . . . . .	745
3.71.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	745
3.71.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	746
3.71.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	750
3.71.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	751
3.71.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	751
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3.71.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	752

#### 3.71.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{13 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^3d} - \frac{152 \tan(c+dx)}{15a^3d} + \frac{13 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^3d} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{11 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{76 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{15d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
13/2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^3/d-152/15*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d+13/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/5*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-11/15*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-76/15*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.71.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(156) = 312.

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{24960 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$



input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/480*(24960*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(-1235*Sin[(d*x)/2] + 3805*Sin[(3*d*x)/2] - 4329*Sin[c - (d*x)/2] + 1989*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] - 3575*Sin[2*c + (d*x)/2] - 475*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] + 2005*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 2275*Sin[3*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 2673*Sin[c + (5*d*x)/2] + 105*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 1593*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 975*Sin[4*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 1325*Sin[2*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 255*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 875*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 195*Sin[5*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 304*Sin[3*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 90*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 214*Sin[5*c + (9*d*x)/2]))/(a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

### 3.71.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(7a-4a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{7a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.71.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\int \frac{(43a^2 - 33a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\int \frac{43a^2 - 33a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{5a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3457 \\
\frac{\int \frac{(195a^3 - 152a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \\
\frac{5a^2}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\int \frac{195a^3 - 152a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3227 \\
\frac{\frac{195a^3 \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx - 152a^3 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \\
\frac{5a^2}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{195a^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - 152a^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx}{a^2} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
\downarrow 4254 \\
\frac{\frac{152a^3 \int \frac{1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} + 195a^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a^2} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \\
\frac{5a^2}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 24
\end{array}$$

---

3.71.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{195a^3 \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx - \frac{152a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{\frac{195a^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right) - \frac{152a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{195a^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right) - \frac{152a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\frac{195a^3 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right) - \frac{152a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{76a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{11a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-11*a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-76*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + ((-152*a^3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 195*a^3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/a^2)/(3*a^2))/(5*a^2)`

3.71.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

## 3.71.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`
- rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.71.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} - \frac{8\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 31\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} + \frac{14}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} + 26\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1}$
default	$-\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} - \frac{8\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 31\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} + \frac{14}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1} + 26\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-1560\cos(2dx+2c)-1560)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + (1560\cos(2dx+2c)+1560)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - 2331\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{240a^3d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
norman	$-\frac{51\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} + \frac{131\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da} - \frac{97\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{15da} - \frac{17\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{30da} - \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da} - \frac{13\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a^3d}$
risch	$-\frac{i(195e^{8i(dx+c)}+975e^{7i(dx+c)}+2275e^{6i(dx+c)}+3575e^{5i(dx+c)}+4329e^{4i(dx+c)}+3805e^{3i(dx+c)}+2673e^{2i(dx+c)}+1320e^{i(dx+c)}+120)}{15da^3(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)^5}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4}d/a^3*(-1/5*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-8/3*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-31*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^2+14/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+26*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+2/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^2+14/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-26*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))$$

**3.71.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{195(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 3\cos(dx+c)^4 + 3\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2) \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - 195(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 3\cos(dx+c)^4 + 3\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2) \log(-\sin(dx+c)+1) - 2(304\cos(dx+c)^4 + 717\cos(dx+c)^3 + 479\cos(dx+c)^2 + 45\cos(dx+c) - 15) \sin(dx+c)}{a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^5 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/60*(195*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 195*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(304*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 717*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 479*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*cos(d*x + c) - 15)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`**3.71.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos^3(c+dx)+3\cos^2(c+dx)+3\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(cos(c + d*x)**3 + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**3`**3.71.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{60 \left( \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{a^3 - \frac{2a^3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}} + \frac{\frac{465 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{40 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5}}{a^3} - \frac{390 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^3} + \frac{390 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{a^3}$$

60 d

3.71.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/60*(60*(5*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 7*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a^3 - 2*a^3*\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a^3*\sin(d*x + c)^4/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) + (465*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 40*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 390*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^3 + 390*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^3)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.71.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{390 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a^3} - \frac{390 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a^3} + \frac{60 \left(7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right)^2 a^3} - \frac{3 a^{12} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 40 a^{12}}{60 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/60*(390*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^3 - 390*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^3 + 60*(7*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^3) - (3*a^12*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 40*a^12*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 465*a^12*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^15)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.71.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{13 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^3 d} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{20 a^3 d} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3 a^3 d} - \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{d \left(a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 a^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a^3\right)} - \frac{31 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4 a^3 d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output  $(13*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^3*d) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5/(20*a^3*d) - (2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(3*a^3*d) - (5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 7*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(a^3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*a^3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + a^3)) - (31*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(4*a^3*d)$



### 3.72 $\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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#### 3.72.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{21x}{2a^4} - \frac{576 \sin(c+dx)}{35a^4d} + \frac{21 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a^4d} - \frac{43 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{288 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^5(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{2 \cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

output

```
21/2*x/a^4-576/35*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d+21/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d-43/35*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2-288/35*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-2/5*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3
```

#### 3.72.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^8(c+dx) \sin^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(188160 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (55656 + \dots)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^6/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/35*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[c + d*x]^8*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^9*(188160*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8 + (55656 + 85762*Cos[c + d*x] + 37504*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7873*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 280*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] - 35*Cos[5*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^4*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.72.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^6}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(5a-9a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4(5a-9a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(56a^2-73a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (56a^2 - 73a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad 3456 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9 \cos^2(c+dx)(43a^3 - 53a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{3a^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{43 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(43a^3 - 53a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{43 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (43a^3 - 53a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{a^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{43 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad 3456 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \cos(c+dx)(192a^4 - 245a^4 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} + \frac{96a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{43 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(192a^4 - 245a^4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} + \frac{96a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{43 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.72.  $\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\frac{3 \left( \frac{96a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{192a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{245a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{a^2 2d} - \frac{245a^4 x}{2} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{43 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]^6/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]
```

```
output -1/7*(Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) - ((14*a*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((43*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (3*((96*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((-245*a^4*x)/2 + (192*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (245*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/a^2))/a^2)/(5*a^2)/(7*a^2)
```

**3.72.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3213 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.72.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-85762 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\cos(dx+c) + \frac{18752 \cos(2dx+2c)}{42881} + \frac{7873 \cos(3dx+3c)}{85762} + \frac{140 \cos(4dx+4c)}{42881} - \frac{35 \cos(5dx+5c)}{85762} + \frac{27828}{42881}\right) \left(\sec^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8960a^4d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} - \frac{9 \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} + 13 \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 111 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-72 \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 56 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^2} + 168 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} - \frac{9 \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} + 13 \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 111 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-72 \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 56 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^2} + 168 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
risch	$\frac{21x}{2a^4} - \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{8a^4d} + \frac{2ie^{i(dx+c)}}{da^4} - \frac{2ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{da^4} + \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8a^4d} - \frac{2i(700e^{6i(dx+c)} + 3675e^{5i(dx+c)} + 8505e^{4i(dx+c)} + 1050e^{3i(dx+c)} + 35e^{2i(dx+c)} + 7e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)}{35da^4}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8960*(-85762*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(cos(d*x+c)+18752/42881*cos(2*d*x+2*c)+7
873/85762*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+140/42881*cos(4*d*x+4*c)-35/85762*cos(5*d*x+5*c)+
27828/42881)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+94080*d*x)/a^4/d
```

$$3.72. \int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

**3.72.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{735 dx \cos(dx+c)^4 + 2940 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 4410 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2940 dx \cos(dx+c) + 735 dx + (35 \cos(dx+c)^5 - 140 \cos(dx+c)^4 - 2012 \cos(dx+c)^3 - 4548 \cos(dx+c)^2 - 3873 \cos(dx+c) - 1152) \sin(dx+c)}{70 (a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6 a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx+c) + a^4 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/70*(735*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2940*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4410*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2940*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 735*d*x + (35*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 140*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2012*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 4548*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3873*cos(d*x + c) - 1152)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)`**3.72.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 530 vs. 2(175) = 350.

Time = 9.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2940dx \tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{280a^4d \tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right) + 560a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right) + 280a^4d} + \frac{5880dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{280a^4d \tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right) + 560a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right) + 280a^4d} + \frac{735dx}{280a^4d \tan^4\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right) + 560a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right) + 280a^4d} \\ \frac{x \cos^6(c)}{(a \cos(c)+a)^4} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

```
output Piecewise((2940*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 +
560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d) + 5880*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**
2/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a
**4*d) + 2940*d*x/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d
*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d) + 5*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**11/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/
2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d) - 53*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)
**9/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280
*a**4*d) + 334*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 560*a
**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d) - 3038*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(280*a
**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d) -
9835*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(
c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d) - 5845*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(280*a**4*d*tan(c/2
+ d*x/2)**4 + 560*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 280*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*
cos(c)**6/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))
```

### 3.72.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{280 \left( \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{9 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{a^4 + \frac{2a^4 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a^4 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}} + \frac{\frac{3885 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{455 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{63 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{a^4} - \frac{5880 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^4}$$

$280 d$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/280*(280*(7*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 9*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x
+ c) + 1)^3)/(a^4 + 2*a^4*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a^4*sin(d
*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) + (3885*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) -
455*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 63*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c)
+ 1)^5 - 5*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/a^4 - 5880*arctan(sin(d*x
+ c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^4)/d
```

**3.72.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2940(dx+c)}{a^4} - \frac{280(9 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 7 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)^2 a^4} + \frac{5 a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7 - 63 a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 455 a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 3885 a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{28}}$$


---


$$280 d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/280*(2940*(d*x + c)/a^4 - 280*(9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*a^4) + (5*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 63*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 455*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3885*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^28)/d`**3.72.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{5 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 78 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 596 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 4408 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2520 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 560 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2940 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 (c + dx)}{280 a^4 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^6/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `(5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 78*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 596*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 4408*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 2520*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 560*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 2940*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(c + d*x))/(280*a^4*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)`



### 3.73 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.73.1	Optimal result . . . . .	762
3.73.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	762
3.73.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	763
3.73.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	768
3.73.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	768
3.73.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	769
3.73.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	769
3.73.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	770
3.73.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	770

#### 3.73.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{4x}{a^4} + \frac{244 \sin(c+dx)}{105a^4d} - \frac{88 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{105a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{12 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{35ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

output

```
-4*x/a^4+244/105*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d-88/105*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2+4*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-12/35*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3
```

#### 3.73.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(7350 + 6678 \cos(c+dx) - 5432 \cos(2(c+dx)) - 6333 \cos(3(c+dx))\right)}{210a^4d(-1+\cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/210*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^5*(7350 + 6678*Cos[c + d*x] - 54  
32*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 6333*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] - 2158*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] - 105*  
Cos[5*(c + d*x)] + 53760*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*sqrt[Sin[  
c + d*x]^2]))/(a^4*d*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)`

### 3.73.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{4 \cos^3(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{4 \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{4 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.73.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(9a^2-13a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{5a^2} dx + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(9a^2-13a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{5a^2} dx + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(44a^3-61a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{3a^2} dx + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(44a^3-61a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{3a^2} dx + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{44a^3 \cos(c+dx)-61a^3 \cos^2(c+dx)}{3a^2} dx + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.73.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{44a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 61a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 3502

$$4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{105a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{61a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 27

$$4 \left( \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{61a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$4 \left( \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx - \frac{61a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 3214

$$4 \left( \frac{105a^3 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \right) - \frac{61a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.73.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4 \left( \frac{105a^3 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx \right) - \frac{61a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
 & 4 \left( \frac{105a^3 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) - \frac{61a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} + \frac{22 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/7*(Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) - (4*((3*a*cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((22*cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-61*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + 105*a^3*(x/a - Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))))/(3*a^2)))/(5*a^2))/(7*a^2)`

### 3.73.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.73.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{781 \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{2741 \cos(2dx+2c)}{6248} + \frac{74 \cos(3dx+3c)}{781} + \frac{105 \cos(4dx+4c)}{24992} + \frac{16171}{24992} \right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sec^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 840dx}{210a^4d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} + \frac{7\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} - \frac{23\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} + 49 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{16 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 64 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} + \frac{7\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} - \frac{23\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} + 49 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{16 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 64 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
risch	$-\frac{4x}{a^4} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2da^4} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2da^4} + \frac{4i(525e^{6i(dx+c)} + 2625e^{5i(dx+c)} + 5950e^{4i(dx+c)} + 7420e^{3i(dx+c)} + 5397e^{2i(dx+c)} + 105da^4(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^7)}{105da^4(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^7}$
norman	$-\frac{4x}{a} - \frac{\tan^{17}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{56ad} + \frac{65 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{113\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3da} + \frac{2059\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{30da} + \frac{1271\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{21da} + \frac{2075\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{84da}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/210*(781*(cos(d*x+c)+2741/6248*cos(2*d*x+2*c)+74/781*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+105/24992*cos(4*d*x+4*c)+16171/24992)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-840*d*x)/a^4/d`

### 3.73.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{420 dx \cos(dx+c)^4 + 1680 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 2520 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1680 dx \cos(dx+c) + 420 dx - 105(a^4d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d \cos(dx+c) + a^4d)}{105(a^4d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d \cos(dx+c) + a^4d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/105*(420*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 1680*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 2520*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 1680*d*x*cos(d*x+c) + 420*d*x - (105*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 1184*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 2636*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2236*cos(d*x+c) + 664)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c) + a^4*d)`

3.73.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

### 3.73.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{3360dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{840a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 840a^4d} - \frac{3360dx}{840a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 840a^4d} - \frac{15 \tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{840a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 840a^4d} + \frac{132 \tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{840a^4d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 840a^4d} \\ \frac{x \cos^5(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((-3360*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d) - 3360*d*x/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d) - 15*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d) + 132*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d) - 658*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d) + 4340*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d) + 6825*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(840*a**4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 840*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**5/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`

### 3.73.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1680 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^4 + \frac{a^4 \sin^2(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) (\cos(dx+c)+1)} + \frac{\frac{5145 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{805 \sin^3(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{147 \sin^5(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{15 \sin^7(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{a^4} - \frac{6720 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^4}$$


---


$$840 d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/840*(1680*sin(d*x + c)/((a^4 + a^4*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (5145*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 805*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 147*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 15*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/a^4 - 6720*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^4)/d`

---

3.73.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$



**3.73.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{3360(dx+c)}{a^4} - \frac{1680 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 + 1)a^4} + \frac{15a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^7 - 147a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^5 + 805a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 - 5145a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{a^{28}}}{840d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/840*(3360*(d*x + c)/a^4 - 1680*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*a^4) + (15*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 147*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 805*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5145*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^28)/d`**3.73.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{15 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 192 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1144 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 6112 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 3360 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{840 a^4 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `-(15*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 192*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 1144*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 6112*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 1680*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 3360*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(c + d*x))/(840*a^4*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)`

### 3.74 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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#### 3.74.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{x}{a^4} + \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{21a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{43 \sin(c+dx)}{21a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{7ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

```
output x/a^4+11/21*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2-43/21*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-2/7*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3
```

#### 3.74.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{32 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^8(c+dx) \sin^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(336 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (94 + 146 \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)})\right)}{21a^4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]
```

output  $(-32*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]^8*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^9*(336*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^8 + (94 + 146*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 62*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)] + 13*\text{Cos}[3*(c + d*x)])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]))/(21*a^4*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])$

### 3.74.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 25, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(3a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(3a-7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{5 \cos(c+dx)(4a^2-7a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2-7a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.74.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(4a^2-7a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{4a^2\cos(c+dx)-7a^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\left(\cos(c+dx)a+a\right)^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{4a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)-7a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3498} \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{22a^3-21a^3\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{11\sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{22a^3-21a^3\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{11\sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{22a^3-21a^3\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{11\sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
& - \frac{43a^3\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - 21a^2x}{3a^2} - \frac{11\sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{43a^3\int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a} dx - 21a^2x}{3a^2} - \frac{11\sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3127}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.74.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$-\frac{\frac{43a^3 \sin(c+dx) - 21a^2 x}{3a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/7*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) - ((2*a*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-11*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (-21*a^2*x + (43*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/(3*a^2))/a^2)/(7*a^2)`

### 3.74.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3498 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.74.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{3\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-21\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+77\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+168dx-315\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{168a^4d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right)-\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{11\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+16\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right)-\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{11\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+16\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
risc	$\frac{x}{a^4}-\frac{4i\left(42e^{6i(dx+c)}+189e^{5i(dx+c)}+413e^{4i(dx+c)}+497e^{3i(dx+c)}+357e^{2i(dx+c)}+140e^{i(dx+c)}+26\right)}{21da^4\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^7}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{x}{a}+\frac{x\left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a}-\frac{15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da}-\frac{169\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24da}-\frac{229\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24da}-\frac{293\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{56da}-\frac{121\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{168da}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/168*(3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-21*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+77*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+168*d*x-315*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/a^4/d`

### 3.74.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{21 dx \cos(dx+c)^4 + 84 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 126 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 84 dx \cos(dx+c) + 21 dx - (52 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 124 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 107 \cos(dx+c) + 32) \sin(dx+c)}{21(a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4 d \cos(dx+c) + a^4)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/21*(21*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^4+84*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^3+126*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2+84*d*x*cos(d*x+c)+21*d*x-(52*cos(d*x+c)^3+124*cos(d*x+c)^2+107*cos(d*x+c)+32)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^3+6*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)+a^4*d)`

**3.74.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a^4} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{56a^4d} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} + \frac{11\tan^3\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{24a^4d} - \frac{15\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\cos^4(c)}{(a\cos(c)+a)^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Piecewise((x/a**4 + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**4*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(8*a**4*d) + 11*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a**4*d) - 15*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(8*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**4/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`**3.74.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{315\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{77\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{21\sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{3\sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} - \frac{336\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^4}}{168d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/168*((315*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 77*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 21*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 3*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/a^4 - 336*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^4)/d`



**3.74.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{168(dx+c)}{a^4} + \frac{3a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7 - 21a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 77a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 315a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{28}}}{168d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/168*(168*(d*x + c)/a^4 + (3*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 21*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 77*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 315*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^28)/d`**3.74.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x}{a^4} + \frac{-\frac{52 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6}{21} + \frac{16 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4}{21} - \frac{5 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2}{28} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{56}}{a^4 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `x/a^4 + (sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/56 - (5*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/28 + (16*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/21 - (52*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/21)/(a^4*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)`

### 3.75 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.75.1	Optimal result . . . . .	779
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3.75.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	785

#### 3.75.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{12 \sin(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} + \frac{8 \sin(c+dx)}{35ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

output `-18/35*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2+12/35*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4+8/35*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3`

#### 3.75.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{(2+8 \cos(c+dx)+13 \cos^2(c+dx)+12 \cos^3(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^4}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `((2 + 8*Cos[c + d*x] + 13*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 12*Cos[c + d*x]^3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(35*a^4*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)`

**3.75.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 27, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2\cos(c+dx)(a-3a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(a-3a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & -\frac{2\int \frac{a\cos(c+dx)-3a\cos^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2\int \frac{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3498} \\
 & -\frac{2\left(-\frac{\int \frac{3(4a^2-5a^2\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}\right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

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3.75.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{4a^2 - 5a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{4a^2 - 5a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \downarrow 3229 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - 2a \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - 2a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \downarrow 3127 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/7*(Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) - (2*((-4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (3*((3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))))/(5*a^2)))/(7*a^2)`

## 3.75.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3498 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*
B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1
/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b
*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.75.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{21\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + 7\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{56a^4d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} - \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} - \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8da^4}$
risch	$\frac{2i\left(35e^{6i(dx+c)} + 105e^{5i(dx+c)} + 210e^{4i(dx+c)} + 210e^{3i(dx+c)} + 147e^{2i(dx+c)} + 49e^{i(dx+c)} + 12\right)}{35da^4\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^7}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{4da} + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{40da} - \frac{3\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{70da} + \frac{13\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{280da} + \frac{3\left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{140da} - \frac{\tan^{13}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3 a^3}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/56*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-21/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-7)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a^4/d
```

### 3.75.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(12 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 13 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8 \cos(dx + c) + 2) \sin(dx + c)}{35 (a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c) + a^4 d)}$$

---

3.75.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{35}(12\cos(dx+c)^3 + 13\cos(dx+c)^2 + 8\cos(dx+c) + 2)\sin(dx+c) / (a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c) + a^4d)$

### 3.75.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{56a^4d} + \frac{3\tan^5\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{40a^4d} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\cos^3(c)}{(a\cos(c)+a)^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**4*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**4*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(8*a**4*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(8*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**3/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`

### 3.75.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{35\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{35\sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{21\sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{5\sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{280a^4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{280}(35\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)+1) - 35\sin(dx+c)^3/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3 + 21\sin(dx+c)^5/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5 - 5\sin(dx+c)^7/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7)/(a^4d)$

**3.75.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^7 - 21 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{280 a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/280*(5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 21*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^4*d)`**3.75.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 21 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 35\right)}{280 a^4 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `-(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(35*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 21*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 35))/(280*a^4*d)`



### 3.76 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.76.1	Optimal result . . . . .	786
3.76.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	786
3.76.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	787
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3.76.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	789
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3.76.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	791
3.76.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	791

#### 3.76.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{35ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{105d(a^2+a^2 \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{105d(a^4+a^4 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/7*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-11/35*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+13/105*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))^2+13/105*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^4+a^4*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.76.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{(8+32 \cos(c+dx)+52 \cos^2(c+dx)+13 \cos^3(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{105a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^4}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]
```

```
output ((8 + 32*Cos[c + d*x] + 52*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 13*Cos[c + d*x]^3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((105*a^4*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^4)
```

**3.76.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3237, 25, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3237} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{4a-7a \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\int \frac{4a-7a \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\int \frac{4a-7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{13}{5} \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{13}{5} \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{13}{5} \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.76.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\frac{11a\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{13}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2}$$

↓ 3127

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\frac{11a\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{13}{5} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(7*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) - ((11*a*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) - (13*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))))/5)/(7*a^2)`

### 3.76.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3237 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]**((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))),
x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(a*m - b*(2*
m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

### 3.76.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^4}$	58
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^4}$	58
parallelrisch	$\frac{15\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 21\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 35\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 105\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{840a^4d}$	60
risch	$\frac{2i(105e^{5i(dx+c)} + 175e^{4i(dx+c)} + 280e^{3i(dx+c)} + 168e^{2i(dx+c)} + 91e^{i(dx+c)} + 13)}{105da^4(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^7}$	80
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{5\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24da} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{60da} - \frac{31\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{420da} + \frac{3\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{280da} + \frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da}}{a^3\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$	133

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/d/a^4*(1/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-1/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-1/3*tan(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^3+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))
```

### 3.76.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(13 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 52 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 32 \cos(dx + c) + 8) \sin(dx + c)}{105 (a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c) + a^4 d)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.76.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

output  $1/105*(13*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 52*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 32*\cos(d*x + c) + 8)*\sin(d*x + c)/(a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)$

### 3.76.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{56a^4d} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{40a^4d} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{24a^4d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^2(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**4*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**4*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a**4*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(8*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**2/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`

### 3.76.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{105 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{21 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{840 a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/840*(105*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 35*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 - 21*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 15*\sin(d*x + c)^7/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/(a^4*d)$

**3.76.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 - 21 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 105 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{840 a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/840*(15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 21*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 105*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^4*d)`**3.76.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-15 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 21 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 105\right)}{840 a^4 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `-(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(35*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 21*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 15*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 105))/(840*a^4*d)`

### 3.77 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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#### 3.77.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} + \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{35ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{8 \sin(c+dx)}{105d(a^2+a^2 \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{8 \sin(c+dx)}{105d(a^4+a^4 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `-1/7*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4+4/35*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+8/105*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))^2+8/105*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^4+a^4*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.77.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{(13 + 52 \cos(c+dx) + 32 \cos^2(c+dx) + 8 \cos^3(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{105a^4d(1 + \cos(c+dx))^4}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `((13 + 52*Cos[c + d*x] + 32*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 8*Cos[c + d*x]^3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((105*a^4*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^4)`

**3.77.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.77.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$



$$4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 3127

$$4 \left( \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a}}{7a} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/7*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) + (4*(Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (2*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))/(5*a)))/(7*a)`

### 3.77.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.77.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\frac{7\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}-\frac{7\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-7\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56a^4d}$	57
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right)-\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right)+\left(\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{3}\right)+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^4}$	58
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right)-\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right)+\left(\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{3}\right)+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^4}$	58
risch	$\frac{8i\left(35e^{4i(dx+c)}+35e^{3i(dx+c)}+42e^{2i(dx+c)}+14e^{i(dx+c)}+2\right)}{105da^4\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^7}$	69
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da}+\frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{6da}+\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{60da}-\frac{3\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{70da}-\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da}}{a^3\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$	114

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/56*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+7/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-7/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a^4/d`

### 3.77.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(8\cos(dx+c)^3+32\cos(dx+c)^2+52\cos(dx+c)+13)\sin(dx+c)}{105(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3+6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)+a^4d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/105*(8*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 52*cos(d*x + c) + 13)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)`

**3.77.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{56a^4d} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{40a^4d} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{24a^4d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**4*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**4*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a**4*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(8*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`**3.77.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{105 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{21 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{840 a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/840*(105*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 35*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 - 21*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 15*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/(a^4*d)`**3.77.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 21 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 105 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{840 a^4 d}$$

---

3.77.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/840*(15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 21*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 105*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^4*d)`

### 3.77.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-15 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 21 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 105\right)}{840 a^4 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(35*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 21*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 105*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 105))/(840*a^4*d)`

### 3.78 $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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#### 3.78.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} + \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)}{35ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{35d(a^2 + a^2 \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{35d(a^4 + a^4 \cos(c + dx))}$$

```
output 1/7*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4+3/35*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3
+2/35*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))^2+2/35*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^4+a^4*cos(d
*x+c))
```

#### 3.78.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(35 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 21 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 7 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{7}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{70a^4d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^4}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-4),x]
```

```
output (Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(35*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 21*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 7*Sin[(
5*(c + d*x))/2] + Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2]))/(70*a^4*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)
```

**3.78.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right) \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3127} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} \right)}{7a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-4), x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + (3*(Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + (2*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))))/(5*a)))/(7*a)`

### 3.78.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

### 3.78.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right) + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^4}$	56
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right) + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^4}$	56
risch	$\frac{4i\left(35e^{3i(dx+c)}+21e^{2i(dx+c)}+7e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)}{35da^4\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^7}$	58
parallelrisc	$\frac{5\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+21\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+35\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+35\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{280a^4d}$	60
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{40da} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da}}{a^3}$	80

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{8}d/a^4*(1/7*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+3/5*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))$

### 3.78.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2\cos(dx+c))^3 + 8\cos(dx+c)^2 + 13\cos(dx+c) + 12)\sin(dx+c)}{35(a^4d\cos(dx+c))^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c) + a^4d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{35}*(2*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 8*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 13*\cos(d*x+c) + 12)*\sin(d*x+c)/(a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^4*d)$



**3.78.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{56a^4d} + \frac{3\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{40a^4d} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8a^4d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{(a \cos(c) + a)^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**4*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**4*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(8*a**4*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(8*a**4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x/(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`**3.78.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{35 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{21 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{280 a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/280*(35*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 35*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 21*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 5*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/(a^4*d)`**3.78.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 21 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{280 a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/280*(5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 21*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^4*d)`

### 3.78.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 21 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 35\right)}{280 a^4 d}$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(35*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 21*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 35))/(280*a^4*d)`

### 3.79 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.79.1	Optimal result	804
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#### 3.79.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{a^4 d} - \frac{11 \sin(c + dx)}{21 a^4 d (1 + \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{32 \sin(c + dx)}{21 a^4 d (1 + \cos(c + dx))} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{7 d (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7 a d (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d-11/21*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2-32/21*sin(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-2/7*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3`

#### 3.79.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{-1344 \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output  $(-1344*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) + \text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sec}[c/2]*(-686*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 434*\text{Sin}[c + (d*x)/2] - 525*\text{Sin}[c + (3*d*x)/2] + 147*\text{Sin}[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 203*\text{Sin}[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 21*\text{Sin}[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 32*\text{Sin}[3*c + (7*d*x)/2]))/(84*a^4*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^4)$

### 3.79.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3245}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(7a-3a \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{7a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3457}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{5(7a^2-4a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(7a^2-4a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.79.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 - 4a^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^2 dx}{7a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(21a^3 - 11a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{21a^3 - 11a^3 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{21a^4 \sec(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{32a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{7a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{21a^2 \int \sec(c+dx) dx - \frac{32a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{7a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{21a^2 \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{32a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{7a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\frac{21a^2 \arctanh(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{32a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{7a^2} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4, x]`

```
output -1/7*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((-2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a
+ a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-11*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((
21*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d - (32*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c +
d*x])))/(3*a^2))/a^2)/(7*a^2)
```

### 3.79.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**3.79.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right)-\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{11\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+8\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{8da^4}$
default	$\frac{-\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7}\right)-\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{11\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+8\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{8da^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-3\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-21\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-77\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-168\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+168\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)-315}{168a^4d}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{15\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da}-\frac{11\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{24da}-\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{a^3}-\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da}}{a^3}+\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{da^4}-\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{a^4d}$
risc	$\frac{-2i\left(21e^{6i(dx+c)}+147e^{5i(dx+c)}+434e^{4i(dx+c)}+686e^{3i(dx+c)}+525e^{2i(dx+c)}+203e^{i(dx+c)}+32\right)}{21da^4\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^7}+\frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}{da^4}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/8/d/a^4*(-1/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-11/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-15*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+8*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))`**3.79.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{21(\cos(dx+c)^4+4\cos(dx+c)^3+6\cos(dx+c)^2+4\cos(dx+c)+1)\log(\sin(dx+c)+1)-21(\cos(dx+c)+1)\log(\sin(dx+c)-1)}{42(a^4d\cos(dx+c)+a^4d)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/42*(21*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 21*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(32*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 107*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 124*cos(d*x + c) + 52)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)`

---

3.79.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

**3.79.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\cos^4(c+dx)+4\cos^3(c+dx)+6\cos^2(c+dx)+4\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^4}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)**4 + 4*cos(c + d*x)**3 + 6*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 4*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**4`

**3.79.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{315 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{77 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{21 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} - \frac{168 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^4} + \frac{168 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - 1\right)}{a^4}}{168 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/168*((315*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 77*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 21*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/a^4 - 168*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^4 + 168*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^4)/d`

**3.79.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{168 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a^4} - \frac{168 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a^4} - \frac{3 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 21 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 77 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 315 a^{24}}{a^{28}}}{168 d}$$

---

3.79.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$



input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{168} \cdot (168 \cdot \log(\abs{\tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c) + 1}) / a^4 - 168 \cdot \log(\abs{\tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c) - 1}) / a^4 - (3 \cdot a^{24} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^7 + 21 \cdot a^{24} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 77 \cdot a^{24} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 + 315 \cdot a^{24} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)) / a^{28}) / d$

### 3.79.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{11 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{24 a^4} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{8 a^4} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{56 a^4} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^4} + \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8 a^4}}{d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4),x)`

output  $-\left(\frac{11 \cdot \tan(c/2 + (d \cdot x)/2)^3}{24 \cdot a^4} + \frac{\tan(c/2 + (d \cdot x)/2)^5}{8 \cdot a^4} + \frac{\tan(c/2 + (d \cdot x)/2)^7}{56 \cdot a^4} - \frac{2 \cdot \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d \cdot x)/2))}{a^4} + \frac{15 \cdot \tan(c/2 + (d \cdot x)/2)}{8 \cdot a^4}\right) / d$

### 3.80 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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#### 3.80.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{4\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^4d} + \frac{664 \tan(c+dx)}{105a^4d} - \frac{88 \tan(c+dx)}{105a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{4 \tan(c+dx)}{a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{12 \tan(c+dx)}{35ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

output

```
-4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d+664/105*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/d-88/105*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2-4*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-12/35*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3
```

#### 3.80.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{107520 \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(107520*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]*(-10780*Sin[(d*x)/2] + 18788*Sin[(3*d*x)/2] - 20524*Sin[c - (d*x)/2] + 14644*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] - 16660*Sin[2*c + (d*x)/2] - 4690*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] + 14378*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 9100*Sin[3*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 11668*Sin[c + (5*d*x)/2] - 630*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 9358*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 2940*Sin[4*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 4228*Sin[2*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 315*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 3493*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 420*Sin[5*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 664*Sin[3*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 105*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 559*Sin[5*c + (9*d*x)/2])/(1680*a^4*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)`

### 3.80.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4(2a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{(2a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{2a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{7d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.80.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3457 \\
 \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(13a^2 - 9a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{5a^2} dx - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{13a^2 - 9a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{5a^2} (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a)^2 dx - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3457 \\
 \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(61a^3 - 44a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3a^2} dx - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{61a^3 - 44a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{3a^2} (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a)^2 dx - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3457 \\
 \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(166a^4 - 105a^4 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

---

3.80.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left( \frac{\int \frac{166a^4 - 105a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\frac{a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx) + 1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3227 \\
 \left( \frac{166a^4 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx - 105a^4 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{\frac{a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx) + 1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \left( \frac{166a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - 105a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{\frac{a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx) + 1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 4254 \\
 \left( \frac{-166a^4 \int \frac{1}{d} \frac{d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} - 105a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{\frac{a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx) + 1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \\
 \downarrow 24 \\
 \left( \frac{\frac{166a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - 105a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{\frac{a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx) + 1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}
 \end{array}$$

3.80.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 4257 \\
 4 \left( \frac{\frac{166a^4 \tan(c+dx) - 105a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{105a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{22 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{\frac{a^2}{3a^2} - \frac{5a^2}{5a^2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/7*Tan[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) + (4*((-3*a*Tan[c + d*x]))/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-22*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-105*a^3*Tan[c + d*x]))/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + ((-105*a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/d + (166*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/a^2)/(3*a^2)/(5*a^2))/(7*a^2)`

### 3.80.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.80.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

---

3.80.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} + \frac{7\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + \frac{23\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}\right) + 49 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1} - 32 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1} + 32 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{8da^4}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} + \frac{7\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + \frac{23\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}\right) + 49 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1} - 32 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1} + 32 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{8da^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3360 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right) \cos(dx+c) - 3360 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) \cos(dx+c) + 2861 \left(\cos(dx+c) + \frac{1650 \cos(2dx+2c)}{2861} + \frac{559 \cos(4dx+4c)}{2861}\right)}{840a^4d \cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$-\frac{65 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{31\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6da} + \frac{47\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60da} + \frac{11\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{70da} + \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da} + \frac{4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{a^4d} - \frac{4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{a^4d}$
risch	$\frac{8i\left(105 e^{8i(dx+c)} + 735 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 2275 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 4165 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 5131 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 4697 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 2917 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1057 e^{i(dx+c)} + 105\right)}{105da^4 \left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^7 \left(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d/a^4*(1/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+7/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+23/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+49*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-32*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-8/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+32*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))`

### 3.80.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{210(\cos(dx+c))^5 + 4\cos(dx+c)^4 + 6\cos(dx+c)^3 + 4\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c) \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - \cos(dx+c) \log(\sin(dx+c)-1)}{a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^5 + 4a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 6a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 4a^4 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + a^4 d \cos(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/105*(210*(cos(d*x+c)^5+4*cos(d*x+c)^4+6*cos(d*x+c)^3+4*cos(d*x+c)^2+cos(d*x+c))*log(sin(d*x+c)+1)-210*(cos(d*x+c)^5+4*cos(d*x+c)^4+6*cos(d*x+c)^3+4*cos(d*x+c)^2+cos(d*x+c))*log(-sin(d*x+c)+1)-(664*cos(d*x+c)^4+2236*cos(d*x+c)^3+2636*cos(d*x+c)^2+1184*cos(d*x+c)+105)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^5+4*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^4+6*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^3+4*a^4*d*cos(d*x+c)^2+a^4*d*cos(d*x+c))`



### 3.80.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos^4(c+dx)+4\cos^3(c+dx)+6\cos^2(c+dx)+4\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^4}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)**4 + 4*cos(c + d*x)**3 + 6*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 4*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**4`

### 3.80.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1680 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^4 - \frac{a^4 \sin^2(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right) (\cos(dx+c)+1)} + \frac{\frac{5145 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{805 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{147 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7}}{a^4} - \frac{3360 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)}{a^4} + \dots$$


---

840 d

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/840*(1680*sin(d*x + c)/((a^4 - a^4*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (5145*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 805*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 147*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 15*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/a^4 - 3360*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^4 + 3360*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^4)/d`

### 3.80.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{3360 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a^4} - \frac{3360 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a^4} + \frac{1680 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)^2 - 1} \frac{1}{a^4} - \frac{15 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 147 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 805 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 5145 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a^4}$$


---

840 d

3.80.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/840*(3360*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^4 - 3360*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2 \\ & *d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^4 + 1680*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) \\ & ^2 - 1)*a^4) - (15*a^{24}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 147*a^{24}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/ \\ & 2*c)^5 + 805*a^{24}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 5145*a^{24}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) \\ & /a^{28}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.80.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx &= \frac{23 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{24 a^4 d} + \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{40 a^4 d} \\ &+ \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{56 a^4 d} - \frac{8 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^4 d} \\ &- \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - a^4\right)} + \frac{49 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8 a^4 d} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4),x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (23*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(24*a^4*d) + (7*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(40*a^4*d) \\ & + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7/(56*a^4*d) - (8*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^4*d) \\ & - (2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a^4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - a^4)) + (49*\tan(c \\ & /2 + (d*x)/2))/(8*a^4*d) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.81 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.81.1	Optimal result . . . . .	820
3.81.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	821
3.81.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	821
3.81.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	826
3.81.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	827
3.81.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	828
3.81.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	828
3.81.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	829
3.81.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	829

#### 3.81.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{21 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^4d} - \frac{576 \tan(c+dx)}{35a^4d} + \frac{21 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^4d} - \frac{43 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{288 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{35a^4d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{2 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

```
output 21/2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d-576/35*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/d+21/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan
(d*x+c)/a^4/d-43/35*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2-288/35*se
c(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/7*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*
cos(d*x+c))^4-2/5*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3
```

### 3.81.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 455 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 6.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{168 \cos^8\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} + \frac{168 \cos^8\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec(c) \sec^2(c+dx) (24402 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 55556 \sin\left(\frac{3dx}{2}\right) + 61054 \sin\left(c - \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 33614 \sin\left(c + \frac{dx}{2}\right))}{d(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(-168*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*Log[Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] - Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + (168*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*Log[Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] + Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(24402*Sin[(d*x)/2] - 55556*Sin[(3*d*x)/2] + 61054*Sin[c - (d*x)/2] - 33614*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] + 51842*Sin[2*c + (d*x)/2] + 12460*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] - 33716*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 34300*Sin[3*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 39788*Sin[c + (5*d*x)/2] + 2940*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 26068*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 16660*Sin[4*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 21351*Sin[2*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 1295*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 14911*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 5145*Sin[5*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 7329*Sin[3*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 1225*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 5369*Sin[5*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 735*Sin[6*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 1152*Sin[4*c + (11*d*x)/2] - 280*Sin[5*c + (11*d*x)/2] - 872*Sin[6*c + (11*d*x)/2]))/(2240*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4)`

### 3.81.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.810$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.81.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(9a-5a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(73a^2-56a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{73a^2-56a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9(53a^3-43a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{(53a^3-43a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{53a^3-43a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.81.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3457 \\ & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int (245a^4 - 192a^4 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \hline & \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{245a^4 - 192a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \hline & \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3227 \\ & \frac{3 \left( \frac{245a^4 \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx - 192a^4 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \hline & \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{3 \left( \frac{245a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - 192a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx}{a^2} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \hline & \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 4254 \\ & \frac{3 \left( \frac{192a^4 \int \frac{1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} + 245a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a^2} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\ & \hline & \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

---

3.81.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{245a^4 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{192a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$


---


$$\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{245a^4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{192a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$


---


$$\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{245a^4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{192a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$


---


$$\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{245a^4 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{192a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{96a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{43 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2} - \frac{14a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$


---


$$\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

```
output -1/7*(Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((-14*a*Sec[
c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-43*Sec[c + d*x]*T
an[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (3*((-96*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c +
d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-192*a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 245*a^4*(Arc
Tanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/a^2))/a^2)/
(5*a^2))/(7*a^2)
```

### 3.81.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```



```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
  Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4254 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
  Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
  /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.81.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}-\frac{9\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}-13\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-111 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-\frac{4}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)^2}+\frac{36}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1}+84 \ln\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1}{8 d a^4}\right)$
default	$-\frac{\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}-\frac{9\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}-13\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-111 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-\frac{4}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)^2}+\frac{36}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1}+84 \ln\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1}{8 d a^4}\right)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\left(-23520 \cos(2 d x+2 c)-23520\right) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+\left(23520 \cos(2 d x+2 c)+23520\right) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)-34168 \tan\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{2240 a^4 d\left(1+\cos\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
norman	$-\frac{167 \tan\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{8 d a}+\frac{281\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8 d a}-\frac{217\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{20 d a}-\frac{167\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{140 d a}-\frac{53\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{280 d a}-\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56 d a}-\frac{\tan^2\left(\frac{d x}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1}{a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{i\left(735 e^{10 i(d x+c)}+5145 e^{9 i(d x+c)}+16660 e^{8 i(d x+c)}+34300 e^{7 i(d x+c)}+51842 e^{6 i(d x+c)}+61054 e^{5 i(d x+c)}+55556 e^{4 i(d x+c)}+35555 e^{3 i(d x+c)}+21111 e^{2 i(d x+c)}+5555 e^{i(d x+c)}\right)}{35 d a^4\left(e^{2 i(d x+c)}+1\right)^2\left(e^{i(d x+c)}+1\right)^7}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/d/a^4*(-1/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-9/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-13*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-111*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^2+36/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+84*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^2+36/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-84*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))
```

### 3.81.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{735\left(\cos(dx+c)^6+4 \cos(dx+c)^5+6 \cos(dx+c)^4+4 \cos(dx+c)^3+\cos(dx+c)^2\right) \log(\sin(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/140*(735*(cos(d*x + c)^6 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 735*(cos(d*x + c)^6 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(1152*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3873*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4548*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2012*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 140*cos(d*x + c) - 35)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

3.81.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$



**3.81.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2940 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a^4} - \frac{2940 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a^4} + \frac{280 \left(9 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1\right)^2 a^4} - \frac{5 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^7 + 63 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 455 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + 38 a^{24} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{280 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/280*(2940*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^4 - 2940*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^4 + 280*(9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^4) - (5*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 63*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 455*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 38*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^28)/d`**3.81.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{21 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^4 d} - \frac{9 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{40 a^4 d}$$

$$- \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{56 a^4 d} - \frac{13 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{8 a^4 d}$$

$$- \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 9 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{d \left(a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 a^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a^4\right)}$$

$$- \frac{111 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8 a^4 d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4),x)`output `(21*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^4*d) - (9*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(40*a^4*d) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7/(56*a^4*d) - (13*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(8*a^4*d) - (7*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 9*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*a^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + a^4)) - (111*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(8*a^4*d)`

### 3.82 $\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

3.82.1	Optimal result	830
3.82.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	831
3.82.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	831
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3.82.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	836
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3.82.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	838
3.82.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	838

#### 3.82.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{31x}{2a^5} - \frac{7664 \sin(c+dx)}{315a^5d} + \frac{31 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a^5d} - \frac{\cos^6(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{17 \cos^5(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{63ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{28 \cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{45a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{577 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{315a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{3832 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{315d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 31/2*x/a^5-7664/315*sin(d*x+c)/a^5/d+31/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/a^5/d-1/9*
cos(d*x+c)^6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-17/63*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-28/45*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)
)^3-577/315*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-3832/315*cos
(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.82.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 8.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^{10}(c+dx) \sin^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(984312 + 1035321 \cos(c+dx) - 484476 \cos(2(c+dx))\right)}{a^5 d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^7/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/1260*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[c + d*x]^10*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^9*(984312 + 1035321*Cos[c + d*x] - 484476*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 933309*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] - 491576*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] - 106807*Cos[5*(c + d*x)] - 3780*Cos[6*(c + d*x)] + 315*Cos[7*(c + d*x)] + 9999360*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^5*d)`

### 3.82.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^7}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(6a-11a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5 (6a-11a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(85a^2-111a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 (85a^2-111a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(784a^3-947a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{9a^2}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (784a^3-947a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{9a^2}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(1731a^4-2101a^4 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{577a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{9a^2}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.82.  $\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(1731a^4 - 2101a^4 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{577a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$


---


$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(1731a^4 - 2101a^4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{577a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$


---


$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3456

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(7664a^5 - 9765a^5 \cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{3832a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{577a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$


---


$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(7664a^5 - 9765a^5 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{a^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{3832a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{577a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$


---


$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{196a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{577a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{3832a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{7664a^5 \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{9765a^5 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{9765a^5 x}{2}$$


---


$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

3.82.  $\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$



input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^7/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/9*(Cos[c + d*x]^6*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) - ((17*a*Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((196*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((577*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((3832*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-9765*a^5*x)/2 + (7664*a^5*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (9765*a^5*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/a^2)/a^2)/(5*a^2)/(7*a^2))/(9*a^2)`

### 3.82.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*SIN[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.82.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \cos(6dx+6c) - \frac{854012 \cos(dx+c)}{63} - \frac{2250427 \cos(2dx+2c)}{315} - \frac{143054 \cos(3dx+3c)}{63} - \frac{113422 \cos(4dx+4c)}{315} - 10 \cos(5dx+5c) \right)}{1024a^5d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{9} + \frac{10\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} - \frac{48\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + 50\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 351 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-176\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 176}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{9} + \frac{10\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} - \frac{48\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + 50\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 351 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{-176\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 176}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
risch	$\frac{31x}{2a^5} - \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{8a^5d} + \frac{5ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2a^5d} - \frac{5ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2a^5d} + \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8a^5d} - \frac{2i(11025e^{8i(dx+c)} + 77175e^{7i(dx+c)} + 247695e^{6i(dx+c)} + 54687e^{5i(dx+c)} + 54687e^{4i(dx+c)} + 11025e^{3i(dx+c)} + 77175e^{2i(dx+c)} + 11025e^{i(dx+c)} + 11025)}{16d a^5}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^7/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1024*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(cos(6*d*x+6*c)-854012/63*cos(d*x+c)-2250427/31
5*cos(2*d*x+2*c)-143054/63*cos(3*d*x+3*c)-113422/315*cos(4*d*x+4*c)-10*cos
(5*d*x+5*c)-2627186/315)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+15872*d*x)/a^5/d
```

3.82.  $\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

**3.82.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{9765 dx \cos(dx + c)^5 + 48825 dx \cos(dx + c)^4 + 97650 dx \cos(dx + c)^3 + 97650 dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + 48825 dx \cos(dx + c) + 9765}{630 (a^5 d \cos(dx + c) + a^5)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/630*(9765*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 48825*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 97650*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 97650*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 48825*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 9765*d*x + (315*cos(d*x + c)^6 - 1575*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 28828*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 87440*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 112119*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 66875*cos(d*x + c) - 15328)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`**3.82.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 588 vs. 2(214) = 428.

Time = 19.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{78120 dx \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{5040 a^5 d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 10080 a^5 d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 5040 a^5 d} + \frac{156240 dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{5040 a^5 d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 10080 a^5 d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 5040 a^5 d} + \frac{x \cos^7(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^5} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**7/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`

```
output Piecewise((78120*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4/(5040*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4
+ 10080*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) + 156240*d*x*tan(c/2 + d
*x/2)**2/(5040*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)*
**2 + 5040*a**5*d) + 78120*d*x/(5040*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**
5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) - 35*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**13/(5040*a**
5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d)
+ 380*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**11/(5040*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d
*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) - 2159*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(5040*a**5*
d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) +
10152*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(5040*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d*
tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) - 82089*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(5040*a**5*
d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) -
260820*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(5040*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d
*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d) - 155925*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(5040*a**5*d
*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 10080*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 5040*a**5*d), Ne
(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**7/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))
```

### 3.82.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{5040 \left( \frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{11 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right) + \frac{110565 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{15750 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3024 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{450 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} - \frac{156240 \arctan(\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)+1))}{a^5}}{5040 d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/5040*(5040*(9*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 11*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(
d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(a^5 + 2*a^5*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a^5*si
n(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) + (110565*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) +
1) - 15750*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3024*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(
d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 450*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 35*sin(d*x + c
)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/a^5 - 156240*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) +
1))/a^5)/d
```

**3.82.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{78120(dx+c)}{a^5} - \frac{5040\left(11\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3+9\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)^2 a^5} - \frac{35a^{40}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^9-450a^{40}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^7+3024a^{40}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^5}{a^{45}}$$

$$= \frac{5040d}{5040d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5040*(78120*(d*x + c)/a^5 - 5040*(11*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*a^5) - (35*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 450*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 3024*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 15750*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 110565*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^45)/d`**3.82.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx =$$

$$\frac{35\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)-590\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^2\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)+4584\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^4\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)-23288\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^6\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)+129824\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^8\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)+55440\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10}\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)-10080\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^{12}\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)-78120\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^9(c+dx)}{(5040a^5d\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^9)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^7/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`output `-(35*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 590*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 4584*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 23288*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 129824*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 55440*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 10080*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^12*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 78120*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(c + d*x))/(5040*a^5*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)`

### 3.83 $\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.83.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = -\frac{5x}{a^5} + \frac{181 \sin(c+dx)}{63a^5d} - \frac{\cos^5(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{5 \cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{21ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{29 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{63a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{67 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{63a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-5*x/a^5+181/63*sin(d*x+c)/a^5/d-1/9*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-5/21*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-29/63*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-67/63*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.83.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 7.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(161280 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^{10}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (42676 + 69350 \cos(c+dx))\right)}{63a^5d(-1 + \cos(c+dx))^4}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^6/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^9*(161280*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^10 + (42676 + 69350*Cos[c + d*x] + 36632*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 11675*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 1892*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] + 63*Cos[5*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/((63*a^5*d*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^5*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.83.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.905$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{5 \cos^4(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{5 \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{5 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4(a-2a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.83.  $\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(12a^2-17a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{7a^2} dx + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(12a^2-17a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{7a^2} dx + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(29a^3-38a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{5a^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(29a^3-38a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{5a^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(29a^3-38a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{5a^2} dx}{7a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456
\end{aligned}$$



$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(134a^4 - 181a^4 \cos(c+dx))}{3a^2 \cos(c+dx)a+a} dx + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(134a^4 - 181a^4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{3a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3447

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{134a^4 \cos(c+dx) - 181a^4 \cos^2(c+dx)}{3a^2 \cos(c+dx)a+a} dx + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{134a^4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 181a^4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3502

$$5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{315a^5 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{181a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 27

$$5 \left( \frac{315a^4 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{181a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{315a^4 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx - \frac{181a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{7a^2}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3214

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{315a^4 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \right) - \frac{181a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{7a^2}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{315a^4 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx \right) - \frac{181a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{7a^2}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3127

$$5 \left( \frac{29a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{67a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{315a^4 \left( \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) - \frac{181a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d}}{3a^2} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^6/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/9*(Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5) - (5*((3*a*cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((29*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (3*((67*a^3*cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-181*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d + 315*a^4*(x/a - Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))))/(3*a^2)))/(5*a^2))/(7*a^2)))/(9*a^2)`

### 3.83.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.83.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{34675 \left( \cos(dx+c) + \frac{964 \cos(2dx+2c)}{1825} + \frac{467 \cos(3dx+3c)}{2774} + \frac{946 \cos(4dx+4c)}{34675} + \frac{63 \cos(5dx+5c)}{69350} + \frac{21338}{34675} \right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sec^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 8064 a^5 d}{a^5 d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{8 \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{7} + 6 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 24 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + 129 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{32 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 160 \arcsin\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{16 d a^5}$
default	$\frac{\left( \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{8 \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{7} + 6 \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 24 \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + 129 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{32 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} - 160 \arcsin\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{16 d a^5}$
risch	$-\frac{5x}{a^5} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2a^5d} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2a^5d} + \frac{2i(945e^{8i(dx+c)} + 6300e^{7i(dx+c)} + 19740e^{6i(dx+c)} + 36414e^{5i(dx+c)} + 43092e^{4i(dx+c)} + 31500e^{3i(dx+c)} + 15750e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3150e^{i(dx+c)} + 315)}{63d a^5 (e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `5/8064*(6935*(cos(d*x+c)+964/1825*cos(2*d*x+2*c)+467/2774*cos(3*d*x+3*c)+946/34675*cos(4*d*x+4*c)+63/69350*cos(5*d*x+5*c)+21338/34675)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-8064*d*x)/a^5/d`

### 3.83.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{315 dx \cos(dx + c)^5 + 1575 dx \cos(dx + c)^4 + 3150 dx \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3150 dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + 1575 dx \cos(dx + c) + 315}{63 (a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^5 + 5 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 15750 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 15750 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15750 a^5 d \cos(dx + c) + 315 a^5)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/63*(315*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 1575*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3150*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3150*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 1575*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 315*d*x - (63*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 946*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2840*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3633*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2165*cos(d*x + c) + 496)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`

### 3.83.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{5040dx \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{1008a^5 d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1008a^5 d} - \frac{5040dx}{1008a^5 d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1008a^5 d} + \frac{7 \tan^{11}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{1008a^5 d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1008a^5 d} - \frac{65 \tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{1008a^5 d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1008a^5 d} \\ \frac{x \cos^6(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^5} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-5040*d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) - 5040*d*x/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) + 7*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**11/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) - 65*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) + 306*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) - 1134*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) + 6615*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d) + 10143*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(1008*a**5*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1008*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**6/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`

### 3.83.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2016 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^5 + \frac{a^5 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right) (\cos(dx+c)+1)} + \frac{\frac{8127 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{1512 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{378 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{72 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{a^5} - \frac{10080 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^5}}{1008 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/1008*(2016*sin(d*x + c)/((a^5 + a^5*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2) *(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (8127*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1512*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 378*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 72*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 7*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/a^5 - 10080*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^5/d`

---

3.83.  $\int \frac{\cos^6(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

**3.83.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx =$$

$$\frac{5040(dx+c)}{a^5} - \frac{2016 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)a^5} - \frac{7a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^9 - 72a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7 + 378a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 1512a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 8127a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{45}}$$


---

1008 d

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1008*(5040*(d*x + c)/a^5 - 2016*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*a^5) - (7*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 72*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 378*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 1512*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 8127*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^45)/d`**3.83.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{7 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 100 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 636 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 2512 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 10096 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - 5040 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 (c + dx)}{1008 a^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^6/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`output `(7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 100*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 636*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 2512*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 10096*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 2016*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 5040*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(c + d*x))/(1008*a^5*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)`



### 3.84 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

3.84.1	Optimal result . . . . .	850
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#### 3.84.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{x}{a^5} - \frac{\cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{13 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{63ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{34 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{105a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{173 \sin(c+dx)}{315a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{661 \sin(c+dx)}{315d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output x/a^5-1/9*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-13/63*cos(d*x+c)^3*
sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-34/105*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^3+173/315*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-661/315*sin(d*
x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.84.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 7.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^{10}(c+dx) \sin^{11}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(80640 \arcsin(\cos(c+dx)) \cos^{10}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (20689\sqrt{315}a^5d\sqrt{\dots})\right)}{315a^5d\sqrt{\dots}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `(-8*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[c + d*x]^10*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^11*(80640*ArcSin[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^10 + (20689 + 33440*Cos[c + d*x] + 17648*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 5480*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 863*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(315*a^5*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.84.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 25, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(4a-9a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(4a-9a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(13a^2-21a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(13a^2-21a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{7a^2} dx + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(13a^2-21a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{7a^2} dx + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(68a^3-105a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{5a^2} dx + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(68a^3-105a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{5a^2} dx + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3447 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{68a^3 \cos(c+dx)-105a^3 \cos^2(c+dx)}{5a^2} dx + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{68a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-105a^3 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{5a^2} dx + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3498 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{68a^3 \cos(c+dx)-105a^3 \cos^2(c+dx)}{5a^2} dx + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.84.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{346a^4 - 315a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{346a^4 - 315a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{346a^4 - 315a^4 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3214 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{661a^4 \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - 315a^3 x}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{661a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a} dx - 315a^3 x}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
& \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3127
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.84.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{\frac{661a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - 315a^3 x}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/9*(Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) - ((13*a*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + (3*((34*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-173*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (-315*a^3*x + (661*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (3*a^2)) / (5*a^2))) / (7*a^2)) / (9*a^2)`

### 3.84.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3498 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.84.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-35\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+270\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1008\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+2730\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+5040dx-9765\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{5040a^5d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{9}+\frac{6\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}-\frac{16\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}+\frac{26\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-31\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+32\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{9}+\frac{6\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}-\frac{16\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}+\frac{26\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-31\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+32\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^5}-\frac{2i(1575e^{8i(dx+c)}+9450e^{7i(dx+c)}+28350e^{6i(dx+c)}+50400e^{5i(dx+c)}+58338e^{4i(dx+c)}+44142e^{3i(dx+c)}+21618e^{2i(dx+c)}+5400e^{i(dx+c)}+540)}{315da^5(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)^9}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5040*(-35*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+270*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-1008*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+2730*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+5040*d*x-9765*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/a^5/d`

### 3.84.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{315 dx \cos(dx+c)^5 + 1575 dx \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3150 dx \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3150 dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1575 dx \cos(dx+c) + 315}{315(a^5d \cos(dx+c)^5 + 5a^5d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 10a^5d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 10a^5d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 5a^5d \cos(dx+c) + a^5d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/315*(315*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^5+1575*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^4+3150*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^3+3150*d*x*cos(d*x+c)^2+1575*d*x*cos(d*x+c)+315*d*x-(863*cos(d*x+c)^4+2740*cos(d*x+c)^3+3549*cos(d*x+c)^2+2125*cos(d*x+c)+488)*sin(d*x+c))/(a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^5+5*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^4+10*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^3+10*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^2+5*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)+a^5*d)`

### 3.84.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a^5} - \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{144a^5d} + \frac{3\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{56a^5d} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{5a^5d} + \frac{13\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{24a^5d} - \frac{31\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^5(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((x/a**5 - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(144*a**5*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**5*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(5*a**5*d) + 13*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a**5*d) - 31*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(16*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**5/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`

### 3.84.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{9765 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{2730 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{1008 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{270 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{5040 d} - \frac{10080 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5040*((9765*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 2730*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 1008*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 270*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/a^5 - 10080*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/a^5)/d`



**3.84.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{5040(dx+c) - \frac{35a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^9 - 270a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^7 + 1008a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^5 - 2730a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 + 9765a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{a^{45}}}{5040d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5040*(5040*(d*x + c)/a^5 - (35*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 270*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 1008*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2730*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9765*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^45)/d`**3.84.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{x}{a^5}$$

$$- \frac{863 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8}{315} - \frac{356 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6}{315} + \frac{169 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4}{420} - \frac{41 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2}{504} + \frac{1}{a^5 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`output `x/a^5 - (sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/144 - (41*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/504 + (169*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/420 - (356*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/315 + (863*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/315/(a^5*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)`

### 3.85 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.85.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = -\frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{11 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{63ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} + \frac{67 \sin(c+dx)}{315a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{142 \sin(c+dx)}{315a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{83 \sin(c+dx)}{315d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-1/9*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-11/63*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4+67/315*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-142/315*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+83/315*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.85.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{(8+40 \cos(c+dx)+84 \cos^2(c+dx)+100 \cos^3(c+dx)+83 \cos^4(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{315a^5d(1+\cos(c+dx))^5}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `((8 + 40*Cos[c + d*x] + 84*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 100*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 83*Cos[c + d*x]^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(315*a^5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^5)`

### 3.85.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 27, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(3a-8a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(3a-8a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(22a^2-45a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(22a^2-45a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.85.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{22a^2 \cos(c+dx) - 45a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{22a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 45a^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3498} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3(67a^3 - 75a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{5a^2} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{67a^3 - 75a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{67a^3 - 75a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{142a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{83}{3} a^2 \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \right) - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{142a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{83}{3} a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx \right) - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3127}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.85.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{3\left(\frac{142a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{83a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}\right) - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{7a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/9*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5) - ((11*a*cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((-67*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (3*((142*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) - (83*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))))/(5*a^2))/(7*a^2))/(9*a^2)`

### 3.85.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3498 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.85.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - \frac{4(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{7} + \frac{6(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{5} - \frac{4(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{16da^5}$
default	$\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - \frac{4(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{7} + \frac{6(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{5} - \frac{4(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{16da^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{35(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 180(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 378(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 420(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 315 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{5040a^5d}$
risc	$\frac{2i(315e^{8i(dx+c)} + 1260e^{7i(dx+c)} + 3360e^{6i(dx+c)} + 5040e^{5i(dx+c)} + 5418e^{4i(dx+c)} + 3612e^{3i(dx+c)} + 1728e^{2i(dx+c)} + 432)}{315da^5(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^9}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan^{17}(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{144ad} + \frac{\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{16da} + \frac{\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{6da} + \frac{7(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{60da} + \frac{\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{70da} + \frac{109(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{2520da} + \frac{19(\tan^{11}(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{630da}}{(1 + \tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^4 a^4}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16/d/a^5*(1/9*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9-4/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+6/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-4/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))`

### 3.85.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(83 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 100 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 84 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 40 \cos(dx+c) + 8) \sin(dx+c)}{315(a^5d \cos(dx+c)^5 + 5a^5d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 10a^5d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 10a^5d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 5a^5d \cos(dx+c) + a^5d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/315*(83*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 100*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 84*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 40*cos(d*x + c) + 8)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`

### 3.85.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{144a^5d} - \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{28a^5d} + \frac{3\tan^5\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{40a^5d} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{12a^5d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\cos^4(c)}{(a\cos(c)+a)^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(144*a**5*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(28*a**5*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**5*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(12*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(16*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**4/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`

### 3.85.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{315 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{420 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{378 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{180 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{5040 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5040*(315*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 420*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 378*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 180*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/(a^5*d)`



**3.85.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 - 180 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 378 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 420 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 315 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{5040 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5040*(35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 180*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 378*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 420*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 315*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^5*d)`**3.85.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(315 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 420 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 378 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 180 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 35 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8\right)}{5040 a^5 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`output `(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(315*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 35*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 - 180*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 378*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 420*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2))/(5040*a^5*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)`

### 3.86 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

3.86.1	Optimal result . . . . .	867
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#### 3.86.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = -\frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{17 \sin(c+dx)}{63a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{63a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{63d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `-1/9*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5+1/7*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-17/63*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+5/63*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+5/63*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.86.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{(2+10 \cos(c+dx)+21 \cos^2(c+dx)+25 \cos^3(c+dx)+5 \cos^4(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{63a^5d(1+\cos(c+dx))^5}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output  $((2 + 10*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 21*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + 25*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3 + 5*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^4)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(63*a^5*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^5)$

### 3.86.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 25, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2a-7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a \cos(c+dx)-7a \cos^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-7a \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3498} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{-36a^2-49a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

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3.86.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 25 \\
-\frac{\int \frac{36a^2 - 49a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{\int \frac{36a^2 - 49a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
\downarrow 3229 \\
-\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - 15a \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - 15a \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
\downarrow 3129 \\
-\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - 15a \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - 15a \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
\downarrow 3127 \\
-\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - 15a \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output 
$$-1/9*(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^5) - ((-9*a*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^4) + ((17*a^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^3) - 15*a*(\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2) + \text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]))))/(7*a^2)/(9*a^2)$$

### 3.86.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3127  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)]))^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 3129  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)]))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3229  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*\text{sin}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]))^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -2^{(-1)}]$

rule 3244  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sin}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*\text{sin}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]))^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)}/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)} * \text{Simp}[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))]$

```
rule 3447 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3498 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*
B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1
/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b
*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.86.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{18\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} + 6\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 9\right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{144a^5d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} + \frac{2\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} - \frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} + \frac{2\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7} - \frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$
risch	$\frac{2i\left(63e^{7i(dx+c)} + 147e^{6i(dx+c)} + 315e^{5i(dx+c)} + 315e^{4i(dx+c)} + 273e^{3i(dx+c)} + 117e^{2i(dx+c)} + 45e^{i(dx+c)} + 5\right)}{63da^5\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^9}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{16da} + \frac{7\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{48da} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{16da} - \frac{5\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{112da} + \frac{5\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{1008da} + \frac{11\left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{336da} - \frac{\tan^{13}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{336da}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3 a^4}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/144*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-18/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+6*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2-9)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a^5/d
```

**3.86.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 25 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 21 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 10 \cos(dx + c) + 2) \sin(dx + c)}{63 (a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^5 + 5 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 10 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5 a^5 d \cos(dx + c) + a^5 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/63*(5*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 25*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 21*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`**3.86.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{144a^5d} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{56a^5d} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{24a^5d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^3(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(144*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**5*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(16*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**3/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`

**3.86.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{\frac{63 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{42 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{18 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} - \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{1008 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1008*(63*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 42*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 18*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 - 7*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/(a^5*d)`**3.86.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 - 18 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 42 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 63 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{1008 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1008*(7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 18*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 42*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 63*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^5*d)`**3.86.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 18 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 42 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 63\right)}{1008 a^5 d}$$



input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`

output `-(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(42*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 18*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 7*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 - 63))/(1008*a^5*d)`

### 3.87 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.87.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{9ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{15a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{45a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{45d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/9*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-2/9*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4+
1/15*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+2/45*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*
x+c))^2+2/45*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.87.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{(2+10 \cos(c+dx)+21 \cos^2(c+dx)+10 \cos^3(c+dx)+2 \cos^4(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{45a^5d(1+\cos(c+dx))^5}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]
```

output  $((2 + 10*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 21*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + 10*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^4)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(45*a^5*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^5)$

### 3.87.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3237, 25, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3237} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{5a-9a \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} - \frac{\int \frac{5a-9a \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} - \frac{\int \frac{5a-9a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.87.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} - \frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3\left(\frac{2\int\frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2}dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}\right)}{9a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} - \frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3\left(\frac{2\int\frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2}dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}\right)}{9a^2}$$

↓ 3129

$$\frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2}\right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}\right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}{9a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2}\right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}\right)}{9a^2}$$

↓ 3127

$$\frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - 3\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{2\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2}\right)}{5a}\right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}{9a^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(9*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5) - ((2*a*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) - 3*(Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (2*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))/(5*a)))/(9*a^2)`

## 3.87.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3237 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(a*m - b*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.87.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{2\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right)}{16da^5} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$	45
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{2\left(\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5}\right)}{16da^5} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$	45
parallelrisch	$\frac{5\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 18\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 45 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{720a^5d}$	47
risch	$\frac{4i\left(30e^{6i(dx+c)} + 45e^{5i(dx+c)} + 81e^{4i(dx+c)} + 54e^{3i(dx+c)} + 36e^{2i(dx+c)} + 9e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)}{45da^5\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1\right)^9}$	91
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{16da} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da} + \frac{3\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{80da} - \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{20da} - \frac{13\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{720da} + \frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{72da} + \frac{\tan^{13}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{144da}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2 a^4}$	15

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16/d/a^5*(1/9*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9-2/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))`

### 3.87.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 21 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 10 \cos(dx + c) + 2) \sin(dx + c)}{45 (a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^5 + 5 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 10 a^5 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5 a^5 d \cos(dx + c) + a^5 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/45*(2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 21*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`

**3.87.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{144a^5d} - \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{40a^5d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^2(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(144*a**5*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(16*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**2/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`**3.87.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{45 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{18 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \frac{1}{720 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/720*(45*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 18*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 5*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/(a^5*d)`**3.87.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 - 18 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 45 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{720 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/720*(5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 18*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 45*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^5*d)`

---

3.87.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

**3.87.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 18 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 45\right)}{720 a^5 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 - 18*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 45))/ (720*a^5*d)`



### 3.88 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.88.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = -\frac{\sin(c + dx)}{9d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} + \frac{5 \sin(c + dx)}{63ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{21a^2d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{63ad(a^2 + a^2 \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{63d(a^5 + a^5 \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `-1/9*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5+5/63*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4+1/21*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+2/63*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))^2+2/63*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.88.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{(5 + 25 \cos(c + dx) + 21 \cos^2(c + dx) + 10 \cos^3(c + dx) + 2 \cos^4(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{63a^5d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^5}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output  $((5 + 25*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 21*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + 10*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^4)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(63*a^5*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^5)$

### 3.88.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3127}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.88.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{5 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} \right)}{7a} \right)}{\frac{9a \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/9*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^5) + (5*(Sin[c + d*x]/(7*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4) + (3*(Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (2*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))))/(5*a)))/(7*a)))/(9*a)`

### 3.88.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.88.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\frac{18\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}-6\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-9\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{144a^5d}$	57
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{9}-\frac{2\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}+\frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$	58
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{9}-\frac{2\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}+\frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{16da^5}$	58
risch	$\frac{4i\left(63e^{5i(dx+c)}+63e^{4i(dx+c)}+84e^{3i(dx+c)}+36e^{2i(dx+c)}+9e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)}{63da^5\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^9}$	80
norman	$\frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{16da}+\frac{5\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{48da}+\frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{24da}-\frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{56da}-\frac{25\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{1008da}-\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{144da}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^4}$	133

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/144*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+18/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-6*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a^5/d`

### 3.88.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2\cos(dx+c)^4+10\cos(dx+c)^3+21\cos(dx+c)^2+25\cos(dx+c)+5)\sin(dx+c)}{63(a^5d\cos(dx+c)^5+5a^5d\cos(dx+c)^4+10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^3+10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^2+5a^5d\cos(dx+c)+a^5d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/63*(2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 21*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 25*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sin(d*x + c)/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`

**3.88.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{144a^5d} - \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{56a^5d} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{24a^5d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(144*a**5*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(56*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(24*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(16*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`**3.88.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{63 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{42 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} - \frac{18 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} - \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \frac{1}{1008 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1008*(63*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 42*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 - 18*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 - 7*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/(a^5*d)`**3.88.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 + 18 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 - 42 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 63 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{1008 a^5 d}$$

3.88.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1008*(7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 18*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 42*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 63*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^5*d)`

### 3.88.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-7 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 18 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 42 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 63\right)}{1008 a^5 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(42*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 18*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 7*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 63))/(1008*a^5*d)`

### 3.89 $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.89.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{9d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} + \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{63ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} + \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{105a^2d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{8 \sin(c + dx)}{315ad(a^2 + a^2 \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{8 \sin(c + dx)}{315d(a^5 + a^5 \cos(c + dx))}$$

```
output 1/9*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5+4/63*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4
+4/105*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+8/315*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a^2+a^2*cos
os(d*x+c))^2+8/315*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.89.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(126 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 84 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 36 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 9 \sin\left(\frac{7}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{9}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{315a^5d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^5}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-5),x]
```



output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(126*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 84*\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 36*\text{Sin}[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 9*\text{Sin}[(7*(c + d*x))/2] + \text{Sin}[(9*(c + d*x))/2]))/(315*a^5*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^5)$

### 3.89.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{9d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{9d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{9d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{9d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{4 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} + \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a} \right)}{7a} \right)}{9a}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-5),x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(9*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + (4*(Sin[c + d*x]/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + (3*(Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + (2*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))))/(5*a)))/(7*a)))/(9*a)`

### 3.89.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

**3.89.4 Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{16i(126e^{4i(dx+c)}+84e^{3i(dx+c)}+36e^{2i(dx+c)}+9e^{i(dx+c)}+1)}{315da^5(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)^9}$	69
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{9} + \frac{4(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{7} + \frac{6(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{5} + \frac{4(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{3} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{16da^5}$	71
default	$\frac{\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{9} + \frac{4(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{7} + \frac{6(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{5} + \frac{4(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{3} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{16da^5}$	71
parallelrisch	$\frac{35(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})) + 180(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})) + 378(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})) + 420(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})) + 315\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{5040a^5d}$	73
norman	$\frac{\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{16da} + \frac{\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{12da} + \frac{3(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{40da} + \frac{\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{28da} + \frac{\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{144da}$	99

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `16/315*I*(126*exp(4*I*(d*x+c))+84*exp(3*I*(d*x+c))+36*exp(2*I*(d*x+c))+9*exp(I*(d*x+c))+1)/d/a^5/(exp(I*(d*x+c))+1)^9`**3.89.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(8\cos(dx+c)^4 + 40\cos(dx+c)^3 + 84\cos(dx+c)^2 + 100\cos(dx+c) + 83)\sin(dx+c)}{315(a^5d\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c) + a^5d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x,algorithm="fracas")`output `1/315*(8*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 40*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 84*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 100*cos(d*x+c) + 83)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c) + a^5*d)`

**3.89.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{144a^5d} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{28a^5d} + \frac{3\tan^5\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{40a^5d} + \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{12a^5d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{(a \cos(c)+a)^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(144*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(28*a**5*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(40*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(12*a**5*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(16*a**5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x/(a*cos(c) + a)**5, True))`**3.89.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{315 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{420 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{378 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{180 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{5040 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5040*(315*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 420*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 378*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 180*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/(a^5*d)`

**3.89.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{35 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 + 180 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 378 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 420 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 315 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{5040 a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5040*(35*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 180*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 378*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 420*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 315*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^5*d)`**3.89.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(315 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + 420 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 378 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 180 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 35 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8\right)}{5040 a^5 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5,x)`output `(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(315*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 35*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 180*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 378*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 420*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)/(5040*a^5*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9)`

### 3.90 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.90.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^5 d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{63ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{34 \sin(c+dx)}{105a^2 d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{173 \sin(c+dx)}{315a^3 d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{488 \sin(c+dx)}{315d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^5/d-1/9*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-13/63*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-34/105*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-173/315*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-488/315*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.90.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(80640 \cos^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `-1/2520*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(80640*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^9*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + Sec[c/2] *(35973*Sin[(d*x)/2] - 25515*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] + 29757*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] - 11235*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 14733*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 2835*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 4077*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 315*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 488*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2]))/(a^5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^5)`

### 3.90.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(9a-4a \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{9a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3(21a^2-13a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.90.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{(21a^2 - 13a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{21a^2 - 13a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(105a^3 - 68a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{105a^3 - 68a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2} \right) - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}}{9a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(315a^4 - 173a^4 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{5a^2} \right) - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{315a^4 - 173a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{5a^2} \right) - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}}{7a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.90.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{315a^5 \sec(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{488a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{315a^3 \int \sec(c+dx) dx - \frac{488a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{315a^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{488a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 4257 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\frac{315a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{488a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} - \frac{173a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{34a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]
```

```
output -1/9*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + ((-13*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + (3*((-34*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-173*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((315*a^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d - (488*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/(3*a^2))/(5*a^2)))/(7*a^2))/(9*a^2)
```

3.90.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

## 3.90.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`
- rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.90.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - \frac{6(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{7} - \frac{16(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{5} - \frac{26(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3} - 31 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 16 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) + 16 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{16da^5}$
default	$\frac{-(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - \frac{6(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{7} - \frac{16(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{5} - \frac{26(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3} - 31 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 16 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) + 16 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{16da^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-35(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 270(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1008(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 2730(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 9765 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 5040 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) + 5040 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{5040a^5d}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{31 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{16da} - \frac{13(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{24da} - \frac{\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{5da} - \frac{3(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{56da} - \frac{\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{144da}}{a^4} + \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{a^5d} - \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)}{a^5d}$
risc	$-\frac{2i(315 e^{8i(dx+c)} + 2835 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 11235 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 25515 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 35973 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 29757 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 14733 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 4733 e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)}{315da^5(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^9}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16/d/a^5*(-1/9*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9-6/7*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-16/5*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-26/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-31*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-16*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+16*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))`

### 3.90.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{315 (\cos(dx + c)^5 + 5 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 10 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 315 (\cos(dx + c)^5 + 5 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 10 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)}{a^5 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/630*(315*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 315*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(488*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2125*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3549*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2740*cos(d*x + c) + 863)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)`

3.90.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

### 3.90.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\cos^5(c+dx)+5\cos^4(c+dx)+10\cos^3(c+dx)+10\cos^2(c+dx)+5\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)**5 + 5*cos(c + d*x)**4 + 10*cos(c + d*x)**3 + 10*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 5*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**5`

### 3.90.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\frac{9765 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{2730 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{1008 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{270 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{a^5} - \frac{5040 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}+1\right)}{a^5} + \frac{5040 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}-1\right)}{a^5} / 5040 d$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5040*((9765*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 2730*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 1008*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 270*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/a^5 - 5040*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^5 + 5040*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^5)/d`

### 3.90.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\frac{5040 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right)}{a^5} - \frac{5040 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{a^5} - \frac{35 a^{40} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 + 270 a^{40} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 1008 a^{40} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 270 a^{40} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 9765 a^{40} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{a^{45}}}{5040 d}$$

---

3.90.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5040*(5040*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^5 - 5040*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^5 - (35*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 270*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 1008*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 2730*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9765*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^45)/d`

### 3.90.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{13 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{24 a^5} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{5 a^5} + \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{56 a^5} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{144 a^5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^5} + \frac{31 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{16 a^5}}{d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5),x)`

output `-((13*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(24*a^5) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5/(5*a^5) + (3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/(56*a^5) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9/(144*a^5) - (2*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/a^5 + (31*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(16*a^5))/d`

### 3.91 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

3.91.1	Optimal result . . . . .	904
3.91.2	Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	905
3.91.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	905
3.91.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	911
3.91.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	912
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#### 3.91.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = -\frac{5\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{a^5 d} + \frac{496 \tan(c + dx)}{63a^5 d} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{9d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} - \frac{5 \tan(c + dx)}{21ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4} - \frac{29 \tan(c + dx)}{63a^2 d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{67 \tan(c + dx)}{63a^3 d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{5 \tan(c + dx)}{d(a^5 + a^5 \cos(c + dx))}$$

```
output -5*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^5/d+496/63*tan(d*x+c)/a^5/d-1/9*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-5/21*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-29/63*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-67/63*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-5*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.91.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs.  $2(168) = 336$ .

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{322560 \cos^{10}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{(2016 a^5 d (1 + \cos(c + dx)))^5}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `(322560*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^10*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]*(-33978*Sin[(d*x)/2] + 52002*Sin[(3*d*x)/2] - 56952*Sin[c - (d*x)/2] + 43722*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] - 47208*Sin[2*c + (d*x)/2] - 18144*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] + 41796*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 28350*Sin[3*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 34578*Sin[c + (5*d*x)/2] - 5691*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 28719*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 11550*Sin[4*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 15517*Sin[2*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 504*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 13186*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 2835*Sin[5*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 4149*Sin[3*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 252*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 3582*Sin[5*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 315*Sin[6*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 496*Sin[4*c + (11*d*x)/2] + 63*Sin[5*c + (11*d*x)/2] + 433*Sin[6*c + (11*d*x)/2))/(2016*a^5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^5)`

### 3.91.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^5} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.91.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5(2a-a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{5 \int \frac{(2a-a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5 \int \frac{2a-a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(17a^2-12a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{7a^2} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{17a^2-12a^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{7a^2} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3(38a^3-29a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{5a^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{(38a^3-29a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{5a^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.91.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{38a^3 - 29a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^2 dx}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5}$$

↓ 3457

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{(181a^4 - 134a^4 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3a^2} dx - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \right) -$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{181a^4 - 134a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{3a^2} dx - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \right) -$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5}$$

↓ 3457

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{(496a^5 - 315a^5 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a^2} dx - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^4} \right) -$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

3.91.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{496a^5 - 315a^5 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{7a^2}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3227

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{496a^5 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx - 315a^5 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{7a^2}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{496a^5 \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - 315a^5 \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{a^2} - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)}{7a^2}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 4254

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{-496a^5 \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{315a^5 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 24

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{496a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{315a^5 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a^2} - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 4257

$$5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{496a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{315a^5 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{315a^4 \tan(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{67a^3 \tan(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{29a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

```
output -1/9*Tan[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + (5*((-3*a*Tan[c + d*x])/(7*
d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((-29*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*
x])^3) + (3*((-67*a^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-315*
a^4*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-315*a^5*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*
x]])/d + (496*a^5*Tan[c + d*x])/d/a^2)/(3*a^2))/(5*a^2)/(7*a^2))/(9*a^
2)
```

### 3.91.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4254 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.91.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{9} + \frac{8(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{7} + 6(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 24(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 129 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{16}{\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1} + 80 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{16da^5}$
default	$\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{9} + \frac{8(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{7} + 6(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 24(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 129 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{16}{\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1} + 80 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{16da^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{40320 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \cos(dx+c) - 40320 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \cos(dx+c) + 31846(\cos(dx+c) + \frac{10010 \cos(2dx+2c)}{15923} + \frac{47}{15923})}{8064a^5 d \cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{161 \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{16da} + \frac{105(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{16da} + \frac{9(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{8da} + \frac{17(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{56da} + \frac{65(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{1008da} + \frac{\tan^{11}(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{144da}}{(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)a^4} + 5 \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))$
risch	$\frac{2i(315 e^{10i(dx+c)} + 2835 e^{9i(dx+c)} + 11550 e^{8i(dx+c)} + 28350 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 47208 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 56952 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 52002 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 31500 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 11550 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2835 e^{i(dx+c)} + 315)}{63d a^5 (e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^9 (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $1/16/d/a^5*(1/9*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+8/7*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+6*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+24*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+129*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-16/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+80*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-16/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-80*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))$

### 3.91.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{315(\cos(dx+c))^6 + 5\cos(dx+c)^5 + 10\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10\cos(dx+c)^3 + 5\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/126*(315*(\cos(d*x+c))^6 + 5*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 10*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 5*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + \cos(d*x+c))*\log(\sin(d*x+c)+1) - 315*(\cos(d*x+c))^6 + 5*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 10*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 5*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + \cos(d*x+c))*\log(-\sin(d*x+c)+1) - 2*(496*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 2165*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 3633*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 2840*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 946*\cos(d*x+c) + 63)*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^6 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c))$

### 3.91.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\cos^5(c+dx)+5\cos^4(c+dx)+10\cos^3(c+dx)+10\cos^2(c+dx)+5\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c+d*x)**2/(cos(c+d*x)**5 + 5*cos(c+d*x)**4 + 10*cos(c+d*x)**3 + 10*cos(c+d*x)**2 + 5*cos(c+d*x) + 1), x)/a**5`

**3.91.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\frac{2016 \sin(dx+c)}{\left(a^5 - \frac{a^5 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}\right) (\cos(dx+c)+1)} + \frac{\frac{8127 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{1512 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{378 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{72 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{7 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{a^5} - \frac{5040 \log\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{a^5}}{1008 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1008*(2016*sin(d*x + c)/((a^5 - a^5*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (8127*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1512*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 378*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 72*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 7*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/a^5 - 5040*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^5 + 5040*log(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^5)/d`**3.91.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{\frac{5040 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^5} - \frac{5040 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^5} + \frac{2016 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1) a^5} - \frac{7 a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^9 + 72 a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7 + 378 a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 1512 a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 8127 a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{45}}}{1008 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1008*(5040*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^5 - 5040*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^5 + 2016*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^5) - (7*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 72*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 378*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 1512*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 8127*a^40*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^45)/d`



**3.91.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{2a^5 d} + \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{8a^5 d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7}{14a^5 d}$$

$$+ \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{144a^5 d} - \frac{10 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{a^5 d}$$

$$- \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(a^5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - a^5\right)} + \frac{129 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{16a^5 d}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5),x)`output `(3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(2*a^5*d) + (3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(8*a^5*d) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7/(14*a^5*d) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9/(144*a^5*d) - (10*a*tanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^5*d) - (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a^5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - a^5)) + (129*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(16*a^5*d)`

### 3.92 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

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#### 3.92.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx = \frac{31 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^5d} - \frac{7664 \tan(c+dx)}{315a^5d} + \frac{31 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^5d} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{9d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{17 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{63ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4} - \frac{28 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{45a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{577 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{315a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{3832 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{315d(a^5+a^5 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 31/2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^5/d-7664/315*tan(d*x+c)/a^5/d+31/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^5/d-1/9*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-17/63*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4-28/45*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-577/315*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-3832/315*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a^5+a^5*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.92.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs.  $2(224) = 448$ .

Time = 7.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx = -\frac{496 \cos^{10}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{496 \cos^{10}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec(c) \sec^2(c+dx) \left(1472562 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - 2822886 \sin\left(\frac{3dx}{2}\right) + 3057654 \sin\left(c - \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \dots\right)}{d(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `(-496*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10*Log[Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] - Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + (496*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10*Log[Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] + Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(1472562*Sin[(d*x)/2] - 2822886*Sin[(3*d*x)/2] + 3057654*Sin[c - (d*x)/2] - 1885854*Sin[c + (d*x)/2] + 2644362*Sin[2*c + (d*x)/2] + 867048*Sin[c + (3*d*x)/2] - 1868436*Sin[2*c + (3*d*x)/2] + 1821498*Sin[3*c + (3*d*x)/2] - 2083537*Sin[c + (5*d*x)/2] + 339885*Sin[2*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 1456687*Sin[3*c + (5*d*x)/2] + 966735*Sin[4*c + (5*d*x)/2] - 1195641*Sin[2*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 46515*Sin[3*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 874341*Sin[4*c + (7*d*x)/2] + 367815*Sin[5*c + (7*d*x)/2] - 494579*Sin[3*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 31815*Sin[4*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 374879*Sin[5*c + (9*d*x)/2] + 87885*Sin[6*c + (9*d*x)/2] - 128187*Sin[4*c + (11*d*x)/2] - 18585*Sin[5*c + (11*d*x)/2] - 99837*Sin[6*c + (11*d*x)/2] + 9765*Sin[7*c + (11*d*x)/2] - 15328*Sin[5*c + (13*d*x)/2] - 3150*Sin[6*c + (13*d*x)/2] - 12178*Sin[7*c + (13*d*x)/2]))/(40320*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5)`

### 3.92.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.905$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.92.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(11a-6a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(111a^2-85a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{111a^2-85a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(947a^3-784a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{9a^2}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{947a^3-784a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{9a^2}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(2101a^4 - 1731a^4 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{\frac{3a^2}{5a^2}} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(2101a^4 - 1731a^4 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{a^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{2101a^4 - 1731a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3457

$$\frac{\int \frac{(9765a^5 - 7664a^5 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx}{a^2}}{a^2} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{9765a^5 - 7664a^5 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{a^2} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4}$$

$$\frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$

↓ 3227

---

3.92.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{9765a^5 \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx - 7664a^5 \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2}}{\frac{a^2}{5a^2}} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \quad 9a^2$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{9765a^5 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - 7664a^5 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2}}{\frac{a^2}{5a^2}} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \quad 9a^2$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\frac{7664a^5 \int \frac{1}{d} (-\tan(c+dx)) + 9765a^5 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{a^2}}{\frac{a^2}{5a^2}} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \quad 9a^2$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\frac{9765a^5 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2}}{\frac{a^2}{5a^2}} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \quad 9a^2$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{\frac{9765a^5 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2}}{\frac{a^2}{5a^2}} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} - \frac{17a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \quad 9a^2$$

↓ 3042

3.92.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{9765a^5 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{a^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{9765a^5 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{a^2}}{5a^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{9765a^5 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{5a^2}}{7a^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{9765a^5 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2}}{9a^2} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{9765a^5 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{a^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{9765a^5 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{a^2}}{5a^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{9765a^5 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{5a^2}}{7a^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{9765a^5 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{7664a^5 \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3832a^4 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{577a^3 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{196a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}{7a^2}}{9a^2} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5,x]
```

```
output -1/9*(Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + ((-17*a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((-196*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-577*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-3832*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-7664*a^5*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 9765*a^5*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/a^2)/a^2)/(5*a^2)/(7*a^2)/(9*a^2)
```

3.92.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

3.92.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



### 3.92.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
parallelrisch	$(-1249920 \cos(2dx+2c)-1249920) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+(1249920 \cos(2dx+2c)+1249920) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)-7664$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{9}-\frac{10(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{7}-\frac{48(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{5}-50(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))-351 \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-\frac{8}{(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})+1)^2} + \frac{8}{16da^5}$
default	$-\frac{(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{9}-\frac{10(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{7}-\frac{48(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{5}-50(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))-351 \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-\frac{8}{(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})+1)^2} + \frac{8}{16da^5}$
norman	$-\frac{495 \tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}{16da} + \frac{207(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{4da} - \frac{1303(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{80da} - \frac{141(\tan^7(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{70da} - \frac{2159(\tan^9(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{5040da} - \frac{19(\tan^{11}(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{252da}$
risch	$\frac{(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1)^2 a^4}{315d a^5 (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{80640} * ((-1249920 * \cos(2*d*x+2*c) - 1249920) * \ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) - 1) + (1249920 * \cos(2*d*x+2*c) + 1249920) * \ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) + 1) - 7664 * (\cos(6*d*x+6*c) + 8 * \frac{71615}{3832} * \cos(d*x+c) + 155317/958 * \cos(2*d*x+2*c) + 684135/7664 * \cos(3*d*x+3*c) + 135111/3832 * \cos(4*d*x+4*c) + 66875/7664 * \cos(5*d*x+5*c) + 487469/3832) * \tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) * \sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8) / a^5 / d / (1 + \cos(2*d*x+2*c))$

### 3.92.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{9765 (\cos(dx+c))^7 + 5 \cos(dx+c)^6 + 10 \cos(dx+c)^5 + 10 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 5 \cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)}{315d a^5 (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/1260*(9765*(cos(d*x + c)^7 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 9765*(cos(d*x + c)^7 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(15328*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 66875*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 112119*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 87440*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 28828*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 1575*cos(d*x + c) - 315)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^7 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

### 3.92.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\cos^5(c+dx)+5 \cos^4(c+dx)+10 \cos^3(c+dx)+10 \cos^2(c+dx)+5 \cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^5}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**5,x)
```

```
output Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(cos(c + d*x)**5 + 5*cos(c + d*x)**4 + 10*cos(c + d*x)**3 + 10*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 5*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**5
```

### 3.92.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{5040 \left( \frac{9 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{11 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{a^5 - \frac{2 a^5 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{a^5 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}} + \frac{\frac{110565 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{15750 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3024 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{450 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9}}{a^5} - \frac{78120 \log(\dots)}{5040 d}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5040*(5040*(9*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 11*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/ (a^5 - 2*a^5*\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + a^5*\sin(d*x + c)^4/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4) + (110565*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 15750*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3024*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 450*\sin(d*x + c)^7/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 35*\sin(d*x + c)^9/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)/a^5 - 78120*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)/a^5 + 78120*\log(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1)/a^5)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.92.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{78120 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^5} - \frac{78120 \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^5} + \frac{5040 (11 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 9 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1)^2 a^5} - \frac{35 a^{40} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{5040 d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/5040*(78120*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^5 - 78120*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^5 + 5040*(11*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 9*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^5) - (35*a^40*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 450*a^40*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 3024*a^40*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 15750*a^40*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 110565*a^40*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^45)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.92.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^5} dx = \frac{31 \operatorname{atanh}(\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}))}{a^5 d} - \frac{3 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^5}{5 a^5 d} - \frac{5 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^7}{56 a^5 d} - \frac{\tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^9}{144 a^5 d} - \frac{25 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3}{8 a^5 d} - \frac{9 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}) - 11 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3}{d (a^5 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^4 - 2 a^5 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^2 + a^5)} - \frac{351 \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{16 a^5 d}$$

3.92. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^5),x)`

output `(31*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^5*d) - (3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/(5*a^5*d) - (5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/(56*a^5*d) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9/(144*a^5*d) - (25*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(8*a^5*d) - (9*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - 11*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/(d*(a^5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*a^5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + a^5)) - (351*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(16*a^5*d)`

### 3.93 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$

3.93.1	Optimal result . . . . .	926
3.93.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	926
3.93.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	927
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#### 3.93.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx = \frac{130 \sin(c+dx)}{693a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{268 \sin(c+dx)}{693a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{146 \sin(c+dx)}{693a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^4(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{11d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} - \frac{14 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{99ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} - \frac{118 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{693a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}$$

```
output 130/693*sin(d*x+c)/a^6/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^3-268/693*sin(d*x+c)/a^6/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2+146/693*sin(d*x+c)/a^6/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/11*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6-14/99*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5-118/693*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4
```

#### 3.93.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx = \frac{(8+48 \cos(c+dx)+124 \cos^2(c+dx)+184 \cos^3(c+dx)+183 \cos^4(c+dx)+146 \cos^5(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{693a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))^6}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^6,x]`

output `((8 + 48*Cos[c + d*x] + 124*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 184*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 183*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + 146*Cos[c + d*x]^5)*Sin[c + d*x])/(693*a^6*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^6)`

### 3.93.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 27, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2 \cos^3(c+dx)(2a-5a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^5} dx}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(2a-5a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^5} dx}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(2a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^5} dx}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(21a^2-38a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.93.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (21a^2 - 38a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4}}{9a^2} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{11a^2} = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx) (118a^3 - 207a^3 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3}}{7a^2} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{9a^2} = \frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) (118a^3 - 207a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3}}{7a^2} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{9a^2} = \frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{118a^3 \cos(c+dx) - 207a^3 \cos^2(c+dx) dx}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^3}}{7a^2} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{9a^2} = \frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{118a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 207a^3 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^3}}{7a^2} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{9a^2} = \frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{15(65a^4 - 69a^4 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{65 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{65a^4 - 69a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{65 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

↓ 3042

$$2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{65a^4 - 69a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{a^2} - \frac{65 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

↓ 3229

$$2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{134a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{73}{3} a^3 \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{65 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.93.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$



$$2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{134a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{73a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a+a} \right) - \frac{65 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} + \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) - \frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

↓ 3127

$$2 \left( \frac{59a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{134a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) - \frac{65 \sin(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} + \frac{7a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) - \frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^6,x]
```

```
output -1/11*(Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^6) - (2*((7*a*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + ((59*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((-65*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3) + (3*((134*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (73*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) / a^2) / (7*a^2)) / (9*a^2)) / (11*a^2)
```

3.93.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

```
rule 3498 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*
B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1
/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b
*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.93.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\left(\tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{55 \tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} + \frac{110 \tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} - 22 \tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{55 \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} - 11\right) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{352 a^6 d}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{11} + \frac{5 \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{10 \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} + 2 \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{5 \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{32 d a^6}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{11} + \frac{5 \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{9} - \frac{10 \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{7} + 2 \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{5 \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3} + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{32 d a^6}$
risch	$\frac{2i(693 e^{10i(dx+c)} + 3465 e^{9i(dx+c)} + 11550 e^{8i(dx+c)} + 23100 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 33726 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 33726 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 25080 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 15120 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 5040 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 720 e^{i(dx+c)} + 1) e^{i(dx+c)}}{693 d a^6 (e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^{11}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/352*(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10-55/9*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+110/7*tan(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^6-22*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+55/3*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-11)*tan(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)/a^6/d
```

### 3.93.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{(146 \cos(dx + c)^5 + 183 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 184 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 124 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 48 \cos(dx + c) + 11) \tan(dx + c)}{693 (a^6 d \cos(dx + c)^6 + 6 a^6 d \cos(dx + c)^5 + 15 a^6 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 20 a^6 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 15 a^6 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 a^6 d \cos(dx + c) + 1)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.93.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$

output  $1/693*(146*\cos(d*x + c)^5 + 183*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 184*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 124*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 48*\cos(d*x + c) + 8)*\sin(d*x + c)/(a^6*d*\cos(d*x + c)^6 + 6*a^6*d*\cos(d*x + c)^5 + 15*a^6*d*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 20*a^6*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 15*a^6*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*a^6*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^6*d)$

### 3.93.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{352a^6d} + \frac{5\tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{288a^6d} - \frac{5\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{112a^6d} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{16a^6d} - \frac{5\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{96a^6d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{32a^6d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \cos^5(c)}{(a \cos(c) + a)^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**6,x)`

output `Piecewise((-tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**11/(352*a**6*d) + 5*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(288*a**6*d) - 5*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(112*a**6*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(16*a**6*d) - 5*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(96*a**6*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(32*a**6*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**5/(a*cos(c) + a)**6, True))`

### 3.93.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{693 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{1155 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{1386 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{990 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{385 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} - \frac{63 \sin(dx+c)^{11}}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{11}}}{22176 a^6 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/22176*(693*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1155*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 1386*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 990*\sin(d*x + c)^7/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 385*\sin(d*x + c)^9/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9 - 63*\sin(d*x + c)^{11}/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{11})/(a^6*d)$

**3.93.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx = \frac{63 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^{11} - 385 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 + 990 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 - 1386 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 1155 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 693 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{22176 a^6 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/22176*(63*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 - 385*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 990*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 1386*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 1155*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 693*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^6*d)`**3.93.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx = \frac{\frac{495 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{495 \sin\left(\frac{5c}{2} + \frac{5dx}{2}\right)}{16} + \frac{275 \sin\left(\frac{7c}{2} + \frac{7dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{55 \sin\left(\frac{9c}{2} + \frac{9dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{73 \sin\left(\frac{11c}{2} + \frac{11dx}{2}\right)}{16}}{22176 a^6 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^6,x)`output `((495*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/8 + (495*sin((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/16 + (275*sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2))/8 + (55*sin((9*c)/2 + (9*d*x)/2))/8 + (73*sin((11*c)/2 + (11*d*x)/2))/16)/(22176*a^6*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11)`

### 3.94 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$

3.94.1	Optimal result . . . . .	935
3.94.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	935
3.94.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	936
3.94.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	941
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3.94.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	943
3.94.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	943

#### 3.94.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx = -\frac{241 \sin(c+dx)}{1155a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{61 \sin(c+dx)}{1155a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{61 \sin(c+dx)}{1155a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{11d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6}$$

$$- \frac{4 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{33ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{9 \sin(c+dx)}{77a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}$$

output

```
-241/1155*sin(d*x+c)/a^6/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^3+61/1155*sin(d*x+c)/a^6/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2+61/1155*sin(d*x+c)/a^6/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/11*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6-4/33*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^5+9/77*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4
```

#### 3.94.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{(16 + 96 \cos(c+dx) + 248 \cos^2(c+dx) + 368 \cos^3(c+dx) + 366 \cos^4(c+dx) + 61 \cos^5(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{1155a^6d(1+\cos(c+dx))^6}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^6,x]`

output `((16 + 96*Cos[c + d*x] + 248*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 368*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 366*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + 61*Cos[c + d*x]^5)*Sin[c + d*x])/((1155*a^6*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^6)`

### 3.94.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 25, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3127}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^5} dx}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^5} dx}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2(a-3a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^5} dx}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(8a^2 - 19a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{9a^2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^5} \right)}{11a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.94.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(8a^2-19a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
11a^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow 3447 \\
3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{8a^2 \cos(c+dx)-19a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
11a^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-19a^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^4} dx}{9a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
11a^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow 3498 \\
3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{108a^3-133a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{7a^2} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
11a^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{108a^3-133a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{7a^2} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
11a^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{108a^3-133a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{7a^2} dx}{9a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
11a^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow 3229
\end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \left( \frac{\frac{241 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} - \frac{183}{5} a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
3 \left( \frac{\frac{241 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} - \frac{183}{5} a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{7a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow \text{3129} \\
3 \left( \frac{\frac{241 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} - \frac{183}{5} a^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
3 \left( \frac{\frac{241 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} - \frac{183}{5} a^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6} \\
\downarrow \text{3127}
\end{array}$$

---

3.94.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^6} dx$

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{241 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^3} - \frac{183 a^2 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{7a^2}}{9a^2} - \frac{27a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^4} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{9d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{11a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{11d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^6}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^6,x]`

output `-1/11*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^6) - (3*((4*a*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^5) + ((-27*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4) + ((241*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3) - (183*a^2*(Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + Sin[c + d*x]/(3*a*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))))/5)/(7*a^2))/(9*a^2))/(11*a^2)`

### 3.94.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3127 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3498 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.94.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{11}-\frac{\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}+\frac{2\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}+\frac{2\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}-\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{32da^6}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{11}-\frac{\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3}+\frac{2\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{7}+\frac{2\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5}-\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{32da^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{105\left(\tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-385\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+330\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+462\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1155\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1155\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{36960a^6d}$
risch	$\frac{2i\left(1155e^{9i(dx+c)}+3465e^{8i(dx+c)}+9240e^{7i(dx+c)}+12936e^{6i(dx+c)}+15246e^{5i(dx+c)}+10890e^{4i(dx+c)}+6600e^{3i(dx+c)}+1155\right)}{1155da^6\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+1\right)^{11}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{32} \frac{d}{a^6} \left( \frac{1}{11} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^{11} - \frac{1}{3} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^9 + \frac{2}{7} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^7 + \frac{2}{5} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 - \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)$

### 3.94.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{(61 \cos(dx+c)^5 + 366 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 368 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 248 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 96 \cos(dx+c) + 16) \sin(dx+c)}{1155 (a^6 d \cos(dx+c)^6 + 6 a^6 d \cos(dx+c)^5 + 15 a^6 d \cos(dx+c)^4 + 20 a^6 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 15 a^6 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 6 a^6 d \cos(dx+c) + a^6 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{1155} (61 \cos(d*x+c)^5 + 366 \cos(d*x+c)^4 + 368 \cos(d*x+c)^3 + 248 \cos(d*x+c)^2 + 96 \cos(d*x+c) + 16) \sin(d*x+c) / (a^6 d \cos(d*x+c)^6 + 6 a^6 d \cos(d*x+c)^5 + 15 a^6 d \cos(d*x+c)^4 + 20 a^6 d \cos(d*x+c)^3 + 15 a^6 d \cos(d*x+c)^2 + 6 a^6 d \cos(d*x+c) + a^6 d)$

**3.94.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tan^{11}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{352a^6d} - \frac{\tan^9\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{96a^6d} + \frac{\tan^7\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{112a^6d} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{80a^6d} - \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{32a^6d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{32a^6d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\cos^4(c)}{(a\cos(c)+a)^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**6,x)`output `Piecewise((tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**11/(352*a**6*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**9/(96*a**6*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**7/(112*a**6*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(80*a**6*d) - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(32*a**6*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(32*a**6*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c)**4/(a*cos(c) + a)**6, True))`**3.94.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1155 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{1155 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{462 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} + \frac{330 \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} - \frac{385 \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} + \frac{105 \sin(dx+c)^{11}}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{11}}}{36960 a^6 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/36960*(1155*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 1155*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 462*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 + 330*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 - 385*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9 + 105*sin(d*x + c)^11/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^11)/(a^6*d)`

**3.94.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{105 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^{11} - 385 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^9 + 330 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 462 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 1155 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 1155 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{36960 a^6 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/36960*(105*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 - 385*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 330*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 462*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 1155*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 1155*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^6*d)`**3.94.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(1155 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} - 1155 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 462 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 1155 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 1155 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 1155 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10}\right)}{36960 a^6 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^6,x)`output `(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(1155*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10 + 105*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10 - 385*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 330*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 462*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 1155*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1155*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1155*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1155*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10)/(36960*a^6*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11)`

### 3.95 $\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.95.1	Optimal result . . . . .	944
3.95.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	945
3.95.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	945
3.95.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	948
3.95.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	949
3.95.6	Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	949
3.95.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	949
3.95.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	950
3.95.9	Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	950

#### 3.95.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{32a \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{16a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{63d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \cos^4(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{64 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{315d} + \frac{32(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{105ad}$$

output

```
32/105*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+32/45*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/63*a*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/
9*a*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-64/315*sin(d*x+c)*(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.95.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (1890 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 420 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 252 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 45 \sin\left(\frac{7}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 35 \sin\left(\frac{9}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{2520d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(1890*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 420*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 252*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 45*Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2] + 35*Sin[(9*(c + d*x))/2]))/(2520*d)`

### 3.95.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3249}$$

$$\frac{8}{9} \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{8}{9} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3249}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
& \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(3a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a-2a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3}a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (8*((2*a*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*((2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d) + ((14*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/(5*a))))/7)/9`

### 3.95.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3230 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

```
rule 3238 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2
))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Si
n[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !
LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

### 3.95.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(560 \cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 800 \cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 552 \cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 104 \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 107\right) \sqrt{2}}{315 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	97

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/315*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(560*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-80
0*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+552*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-104*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1
07)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

---

3.95.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

**3.95.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 40 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 48 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 64 \cos(dx + c) + 128) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{315(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/315*(35*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 40*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 48*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 64*cos(d*x + c) + 128)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.95.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.95.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(35 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 45 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 252 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 420 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 180 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{2520 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2520*(35*sqrt(2)*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 45*sqrt(2)*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 252*sqrt(2)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 420*sqrt(2)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 180*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

---

3.95.  $\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

**3.95.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} (35 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 45 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 252 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 420 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 1890 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2520*sqrt(2)*(35*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 45*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 252*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 420*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 1890*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.95.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.96 $\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.96.1	Optimal result . . . . .	951
3.96.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	951
3.96.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	952
3.96.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	955
3.96.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	955
3.96.6	Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	955
3.96.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	956
3.96.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	956
3.96.9	Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	957

#### 3.96.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{8 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{12(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{35ad}$$

```
output 12/35*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+4/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*a*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-8/35*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.96.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(105 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 35 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 7 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{7}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{140d}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])] * \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2] * (105*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 35*\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 7*\text{Sin}[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 5*\text{Sin}[(7*(c + d*x))/2])) / (140*d)$

### 3.96.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(3a - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3} a \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3125} \\
& \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*((2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d) + ((14*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/(5*a)))/7`



## 3.96.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3238 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

**3.96.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(40 \left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 36 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 22 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 9\right) \sqrt{2}}{35 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	84

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/35*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(40*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+22*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+9)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`**3.96.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 (5 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8 \cos(dx + c) + 16) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{35 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/35*(5*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*cos(d*x + c) + 16)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.96.6 SymPy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.96.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

**3.96.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 7\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 35\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 105\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{140 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/140*(5*sqrt(2)*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 7*sqrt(2)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 35*sqrt(2)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 105*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.96.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 7 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 35 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 105 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{140 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/140*sqrt(2)*(5*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 7*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 35*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 105*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.96.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.97 $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.97.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{14a \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{4 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{2(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5ad}$$

output `2/5*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+14/15*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-4/15*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.97.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(30 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 3 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{30d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(30*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 5*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 3*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(30*d)`

**3.97.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(3a - 2a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (3a - 2a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (3a - 2a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{\frac{7}{3}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{7}{3}a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3125} \\
 & \frac{\frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output (2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d) + ((14*a^2*sin[c + d*x]
)/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c +
d*x])/(3*d))/(5*a)
```

### 3.97.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3125 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos
[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3230 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

```
rule 3238 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2
))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Si
n[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !
LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

**3.97.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(12 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 4 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 7\right) \sqrt{2}}{15 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	71

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/15*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`**3.97.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} (3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 8) \sin(dx + c)}{15 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 8)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.97.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)`

---

3.97.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$



**3.97.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 5\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 30\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{30 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/30*(3*sqrt(2)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 5*sqrt(2)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 30*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.97.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 30 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))) \sqrt{a}}{30 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/30*sqrt(2)*(3*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 5*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 30*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.97.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.98 $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.98.1	Optimal result . . . . .	963
3.98.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	963
3.98.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	964
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3.98.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	966
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3.98.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	967
3.98.9	Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	967

#### 3.98.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $2/3*a*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d$

#### 3.98.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*(3*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(3*d)$

**3.98.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3125} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

## 3.98.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

## 3.98.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(1 + 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{2}}{3 \sqrt{a \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} d}$	58

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

**3.98.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} (\cos(dx + c) + 2) \sin(dx + c)}{3 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.98.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*cos(c + d*x), x)`

**3.98.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 3 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{3 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(sqrt(2)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.98.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*sqrt(2)*(sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.98.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.99 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.99.1	Optimal result . . . . .	968
3.99.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	968
3.99.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	969
3.99.4	Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	970
3.99.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	970
3.99.6	Sympy [F] . . . . .	970
3.99.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	971
3.99.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	971
3.99.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	971

#### 3.99.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.99.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/d`

**3.99.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3125}$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.99.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



**3.99.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	43
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)^2 e^{-i(dx+c)} (e^{i(dx+c)}-1)}}{(e^{i(dx+c)}+1)d}$	60

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2  
^(1/2)/d`**3.99.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.99.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a), x)`

**3.99.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/d`**3.99.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/d`**3.99.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{d (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sin(c + d*x)*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2))/(d*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))`

### 3.100 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.100.1 Optimal result . . . . .	972
3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	972
3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	973
3.100.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	974
3.100.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	974
3.100.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	975
3.100.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	975
3.100.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	975
3.100.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	976

#### 3.100.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

output `2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2])/d`

### 3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d`

#### 3.100.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.100.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right) + \ln\left(-\frac{4\left(\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.100.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7 a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)} + a \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c) - 2) \sin(dx+c) + 8 a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right)}{2 d}, \frac{\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)} + a \sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)^2 - a \cos(dx+c)}}{a \cos(dx+c)^2 - a \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{d} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2))/d, sqrt(-a)*arctan(2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-a)*sin(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a*cos(d*x + c) - 2*a))/d]`

### 3.100.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sec(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.100.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### 3.100.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(a)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/d`

---

3.100.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$

**3.100.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.101 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.101.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/
d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.101.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec(c + dx) (\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))) \cos(c + dx) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{2d}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]*(Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh
[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[c + d*x] + 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*d)
```



**3.101.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

3.101.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3251 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e
+ f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Sim
p[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3252 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2),
x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

3.101.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

method	result
default	$\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -2a \left( \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left( \sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a} \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a} \right)} \right) \right)$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.101.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

output `cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*a*(ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.101.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right) + 4}{4(d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c))}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/4*((cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.101.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

---

3.101.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

**3.101.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1170 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1170, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.87

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*((4*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*
sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2)
- log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) -
2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + (4*sqrt(2)*sin(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + l
og(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*s
qrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/
2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c) + 2))*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2*(2*sqrt(2)
*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 4*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) +
2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*...
```

**3.101.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \log \left( \frac{-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1} \right) \sqrt{a}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*sqrt(a)/d`

### 3.101.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.102 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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3.102.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	988
3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	989

#### 3.102.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{3a \tan(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+3/4*a*tan
(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*
x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.102.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec^2(c + dx) (3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))) \cos^2(c + dx) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{8d}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])] * \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2] * \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2 * (3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] * \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 3*\text{Sin}[3*(c + d*x)/2])) / (8*d)$

### 3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/4`

### 3.102.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



### 3.102.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs. 2(86) = 172.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

method	result
default	$\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 12a \left( \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left( \sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2}} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*a*(\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a)))*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-12*2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-12*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-12*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+10*2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+3*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+3*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)/a^(1/2)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))^2/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))^2/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.102.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 (\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)} + a \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c) - 2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2} \right)}{16 (d \cos(dx + c))^3 + d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.102.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

output  $\frac{1}{16} \cdot (3 \cdot (\cos(dx + c))^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2) \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot \log((a \cdot \cos(dx + c))^3 - 7 \cdot a \cdot \cos(dx + c)^2 - 4 \cdot \sqrt{a \cdot \cos(dx + c) + a}) \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot (\cos(dx + c) - 2) \cdot \sin(dx + c) + 8 \cdot a) / (\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2) + 4 \cdot \sqrt{a \cdot \cos(dx + c) + a} \cdot (3 \cdot \cos(dx + c) + 2) \cdot \sin(dx + c) / (d \cdot \cos(dx + c)^3 + d \cdot \cos(dx + c)^2)$

### 3.102.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`

### 3.102.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2642 vs.  $2(86) = 172$ .

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2642, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.90

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/16*(3*(log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(
2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*si
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
+ 2))*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 12*(log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sq
rt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*c
os(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)
*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 3*(log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sq
rt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*
sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - lo...

```

### 3.102.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 3 \sqrt{2} \log \left( \frac{-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 6 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 5 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \right)}{\left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^2}}{16d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/16*sqrt(2)*(3*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(
2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(6*sgn(
cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))
*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2)*sqrt(a)/d

```

**3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.103 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.103.1 Optimal result . . . . .	990
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#### 3.103.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{5\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{5a \tan(c + dx)}{8d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{5a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{12d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 5/8*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+5/8*a*tan
(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+5/12*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.103.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec^3(c + dx) (30\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))) \cos^3(c + dx) + 42 \dots}{96d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(30*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 42*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 5*(Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 3*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))) / (96*d)`

### 3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3252

$$\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a + a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (5*((a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/4))/6`

## 3.103.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

## 3.103.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 716 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 717, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

method	result
default	$\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -120a \left( \ln\left( \frac{4\sqrt{2}a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln\left( -\frac{4\left(\sqrt{2}a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```

1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-120*a*(ln(4/(2*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^
(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-
2*a))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+60*(2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a
^(1/2)+3*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+3*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-90*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a-90*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2
^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)
+2*a))*a-160*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2+15*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+15*ln(4/(2*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+66*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))^3/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
+2^(1/2))^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.103.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 (\cos(dx + c)^4 + \cos(dx + c)^3) \sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c) - 2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2} \right)}{96 (d \cos(dx + c))^4 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

1/96*(15*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^3)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 -
7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2
)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*
x + c) + a)*(15*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*cos(d*x + c) + 8)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos
(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```

**3.103.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)`

**3.103.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5115 vs. 2(118) = 236.

Time = 45.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5115, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.07

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(15*(sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 8*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 135*(sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 8*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 135*(sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2)...`

**3.103.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \left( 15 \sqrt{2} \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 60 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 80 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + 33 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1} \right) \sqrt{a} / d$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/96*sqrt(2)*(15*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(60*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 80*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 33*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)*sqrt(a)/d`**3.103.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### 3.104 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.104.1 Optimal result . . . . .	997
3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	997
3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	998
3.104.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1002
3.104.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1002
3.104.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1002
3.104.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1003
3.104.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1003
3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1004

#### 3.104.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{68a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{45d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{34a^2 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{63d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \cos^4(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{136a\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{315d} + \frac{68(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{105d}$$

```
output 68/105*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+68/45*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)+34/63*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+
2/9*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-136/315*a*sin(d*x
+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (3780 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 1050 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 378 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{2520d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(3780*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 10  
50*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 378*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 135*Sin[(7*(c + d*x))  
/2] + 35*Sin[(9*(c + d*x))/2]))/(2520*d)`

### 3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & \frac{2}{9} \int \frac{17 \cos^3(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{17}{9} \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2011} \\
 & \frac{17}{9} a \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{17}{9} a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
& \frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(3a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a-2a \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a-2a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3}a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a + adx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{17}{9}a \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (17*a*((2*a*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*((2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d) + ((14*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/(5*a))/7))/9`

### 3.104.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos [c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3238 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ! LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`



**3.104.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
default	$\frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a^2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(280 \cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 220 \cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 114 \cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 47 \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 94\right) \sqrt{2}}{315 \sqrt{a \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} d$	99

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `4/315*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(280*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-220*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+114*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+47*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+94)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`**3.104.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(35a \cos(dx + c)^4 + 85a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 102a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 136a \cos(dx + c) + 272a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{315(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 85*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 102*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 136*a*cos(d*x + c) + 272*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.104.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.104.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

**3.104.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(35 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 135 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 378 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 1050 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 3780 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{2520 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2520*(35*sqrt(2)*a*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 135*sqrt(2)*a*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 378*sqrt(2)*a*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 1050*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3780*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.104.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(35 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 135 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 378 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 1050 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 3780 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{2520 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2520*sqrt(2)*(35*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 135*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 378*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 1050*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3780*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.105 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

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3.105.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1005
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#### 3.105.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{152a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{105d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{38a\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105d} - \frac{4(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{2(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7ad}$$

```
output -4/35*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/a/d+152/105*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+38/105*a*sin(d*x
+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.105.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (735 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 175 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 63 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{420d}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output  $(a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*(735*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 175*\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 63*\text{Sin}[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 15*\text{Sin}[(7*(c + d*x))/2])/(420*d)$

### 3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(5a - 2a \cos(c + dx))(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx}{7a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (5a - 2a \cos(c + dx))(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx}{7a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (5a - 2a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a\right)^{3/2} dx}{7a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{\frac{19}{5}a \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d}}{7a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{19}{5}a \int \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a\right)^{3/2} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d}}{7a} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{19}{5}a \left( \frac{4}{3}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d}}{\frac{7a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{7ad}}{7ad}} +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{19}{5}a \left( \frac{4}{3}a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d}}{\frac{7a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{7ad}}{7ad}} +$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{\frac{19}{5}a \left( \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d}}{\frac{7a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{7ad}}{7ad}} +$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*a*d) + ((-4*a*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (19*a*((8*a^2*SIN[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])) + (2*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5)/(7*a)`

### 3.105.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3126 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3238 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.105.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a^2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(60 \left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 12 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 19 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 38\right) \sqrt{2}}{105 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	86

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/105*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(60*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+19*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+38)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

**3.105.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(15a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 39a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 52a \cos(dx + c) + 104a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{105(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/105*(15*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 39*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 52*a*cos(d*x + c) + 104*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.105.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.105.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(15 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 63 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 175 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 735 \sqrt{2} a \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{420 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/420*(15*sqrt(2)*a*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 63*sqrt(2)*a*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 175*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 735*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`



**3.105.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(15 a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 63 a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 175 a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 735 a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{420}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/420*sqrt(2)*(15*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 63*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 175*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 735*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.105.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.106 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.106.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.1011
3.106.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1011
3.106.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1012
3.106.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1013
3.106.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1014
3.106.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1014
3.106.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1014
3.106.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1015
3.106.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1015

#### 3.106.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{8a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output  $2/5*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+8/5*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*a*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d$

#### 3.106.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(20 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 5 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{10d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output  $(a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*(20*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 5*\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + \text{Sin}[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(10*d)$

**3.106.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{3}{5} \int (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{5} \int \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3125} \\
 & \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((8*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5
```

### 3.106.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3125 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3126 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n) Int[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]
```

```
rule 3230 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

### 3.106.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a^2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(2 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2\right) \sqrt{2}}{5 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	71

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $4/5*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2)*2^{(1/2)}/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.106.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3a \cos(dx + c) + 6a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{5(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $2/5*(a*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a*\cos(d*x + c) + 6*a)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c) + d)$

### 3.106.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)*cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.106.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 5 \sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 20 \sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{10 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*(sqrt(2)*a*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 5*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 20*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

### 3.106.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 5 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 20 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{10 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*sqrt(2)*(a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 5*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 20*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

### 3.106.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.107 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.107.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1016
3.107.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1016
3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1017
3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1018
3.107.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1018
3.107.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1019
3.107.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1019
3.107.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1019
3.107.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1020

#### 3.107.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{8a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `8/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.107.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(9 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(9*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[3*(c + d*x)/2]))/(3*d)`

**3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3125} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(8*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`



## 3.107.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos [c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3126 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos [c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

## 3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{4a^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2\right) \sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	58

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{4}{3}a^2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + 2\right) 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) / \left(a \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} / d$

## 3.107.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a \cos(dx + c) + 5a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{3(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $2/3*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + 5*a)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c) + d)$

### 3.107.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(c + d*x) + a)**(3/2), x)`

### 3.107.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 9 \sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{3 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/3*(\sqrt{2}*a*\sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 9*\sqrt{2}*a*\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sqrt{a}/d$

### 3.107.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 9 a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{3 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/3*\sqrt{2}*(a*\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 9*a*\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sqrt{a}/d$

**3.107.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.108 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.108.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.1021
3.108.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1021
3.108.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1022
3.108.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	.1024
3.108.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1024
3.108.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	.1025
3.108.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	.1025
3.108.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1025
3.108.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	.1026

#### 3.108.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*a^(3/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.108.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(a*sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/d`

**3.108.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a^2 + a^2) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a^2 + a^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2011} \\
 & a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.108.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplifierQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3252 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2),
x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.108.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a} + \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right) a + \ln\left(-\frac{4}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}\right) d}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)*(a*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(
1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2
*a))*a+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-
2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.108.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)} + a \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c) - 2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right) + 4 \sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c)}{2(d \cos(dx+c) + d)}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output  $\frac{1}{2}((a \cos(dx + c) + a)\sqrt{a}) \log((a \cos(dx + c))^3 - 7a \cos(dx + c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) - 2)\sin(dx + c) + 8a)/(\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2)) + 4\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}a \sin(dx + c)/(d \cos(dx + c) + d)$

### 3.108.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.108.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### 3.108.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} a \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) - 4 a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right) \sqrt{2}}{2d}$$



input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*a*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 4*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

### 3.108.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.109 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.109.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1027
3.109.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1027
3.109.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1028
3.109.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1030
3.109.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1030
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3.109.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1032
3.109.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1033

#### 3.109.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `3*a^(3/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.109.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec(c + dx) (3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))) \cos(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]*(3*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[c + d*x] + 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*d)`

**3.109.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - a \int -\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{2} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{2} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{a-\frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output  $(3a^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a] \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]] / \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]]) / d + (a^2 \operatorname{Tan}[c + dx]) / (d \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]])$

### 3.109.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 219  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3241  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) \operatorname{sin}[e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*) \operatorname{sin}[e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b^2) * (b*c - a*d) * \operatorname{Cos}[e + f*x] * (a + b * \operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m - 2)} * ((c + d * \operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)} / (d*f*(n + 1) * (b*c + a*d))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[b^2 / (d*(n + 1) * (b*c + a*d)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b * \operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m - 2)} * (c + d * \operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)} * \operatorname{Simp}[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1)) * \operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n] \ || \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m + 1/2] \ || \ (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 3252  $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*) \operatorname{sin}[e_*) + (f_*)(x_)] / ((c_*) + (d_*) \operatorname{sin}[e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-2*(b/f) \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b * (\operatorname{Cos}[e + f*x] / \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b * \operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x]])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

### 3.109.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -6a \left( \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left( \sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \right) \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & a^{(1/2)} \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) * (a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * (-6*a*(\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)})) * (2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)+2*a})) + \ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)})) * (2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)-2*a})) * \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2 * 2^{(1/2)} * (a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * a^{(1/2)+3*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)})) * (2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)+2*a})) * a + 3*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)})) * (2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)-2*a})) * a) / (2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}) / (2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}) / \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) / (a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} / d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.109.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3(a \cos(dx + c)^2 + a \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx + c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx + c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \cos(dx + c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) - 2) \sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2}\right)}{4(d \cos(dx + c))^2 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}(3(a\cos(dx+c))^2 + a\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}\log((a\cos(dx+c))^3 - 7a\cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a})\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c) - 2)\sin(dx+c) + 8a)/(\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2) + 4\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}a\sin(dx+c)/(d\cos(dx+c)^2 + d\cos(dx+c))$

### 3.109.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.109.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1314 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1314, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.22

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(2*sqrt(2)*a*cos(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 6*sqrt(2)*a*cos(
5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + (2*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 6*
sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 3*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2)
- 3*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)
*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 3*a*log(2*co
s(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + (2*sqrt
(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 6*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*log(2*
cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 3*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sq
rt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 3*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 3*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2
))*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 4*sqrt(2)*a*sin
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*(sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 5*sqrt(2)*a*sin...
```

### 3.109.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 3 \sqrt{2} a \log \left( \frac{-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 a \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1} \right) \sqrt{a}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*sqrt(2)*(3*sqrt(2)*a*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs
(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*a*sgn(
cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)
*sqrt(a)/d
```

**3.109.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`



### 3.110 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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3.110.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1034
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#### 3.110.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{7a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{7a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 7/4*a^(3/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+7/4*a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.110.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec^2(c + dx) (7\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))) \cos^2(c + dx)}{8d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(7*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 - 3*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 7*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(8*d)`

### 3.110.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{1}{2}a \int -\frac{7}{2}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{7}{4}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{7}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (7*a*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))))/4`

### 3.110.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3241 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b
*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*
d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*
c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
&& GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] ||
(IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3251 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e
+ f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Sim
p[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3252 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2),
x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.110.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs.  $2(90) = 180$ .

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 28a \left( \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left( \sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/2*a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(28*a*(ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-28*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-28*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a-28*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+7*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+18*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))^2/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.110.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{7(a \cos(dx + c)^3 + a \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx + c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx + c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx + c) - 2) \sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2}\right) + 4(7a \cos(dx + c) + 2a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{16(d \cos(dx + c))^3 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(7*(a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*(7*a*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.110.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.110.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3216 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3216, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.34

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/16*((7*sqrt(2)*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) -
7*sqrt(2)*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sq
rt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 7*sqrt(
2)*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*c
os(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 7*sqrt(2)*a*lo
g(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 4*a*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2
*c) - 12*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 56*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(4*d*x + 4
*c)^2 + 4*(7*sqrt(2)*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2
) - 7*sqrt(2)*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 +
2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 7*s
qrt(2)*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(
2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 7*sqrt(2)*
a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 12*a*sin(3/2*d*x
+ 3/2*c) - 56*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + (7*sqrt(2)*a*lo
g(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 7*sqrt(2)*a*log(2*...

```

**3.110.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 7 \sqrt{2} a \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 14 a \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 9 a \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{(2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1)^2}}{16 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/16*sqrt(2)*(7*sqrt(2)*a*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(14*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 9*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2)*sqrt(a)/d`**3.110.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.111 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.111.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.1041
3.111.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1041
3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1042
3.111.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1045
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#### 3.111.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{11a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{11a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{11a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{12d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 11/8*a^(3/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+11/8*a^2
*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+11/12*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/
2)
```

#### 3.111.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec^3(c + dx) (66\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))) \cos^3(c + dx)}{96d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```



output  $(a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^3*(66*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3 + 54*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 11*(\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 3*\text{Sin}[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))) / (96*d)$

### 3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{1}{3}a \int -\frac{11}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{11}{6}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{11}{6}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3252

$$\frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (11*a*(a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/4)/6`

## 3.111.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.111.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 717 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 718, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\left(-264a \left(\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \ln\left(-\frac{4\left(\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2}\right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}\right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/6*a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-264*a*(ln(
4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1
/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
a^(1/2)-2*a)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+132*(2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+3*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+3*ln(-4/(
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-22*(16*2^(1
/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+9*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(
1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+9*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+33*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+33*ln(-4
/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+126*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))^3/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)-2^(1/2))^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d

```

**3.111.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{33 (a \cos(dx + c)^4 + a \cos(dx + c)^3) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c) - 2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right) + 4(33a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 22a \cos(dx+c) + 8a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sin(dx+c)}{96 (d \cos(dx + c))^4 + d^2 \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/96*(33*(a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a*cos(d*x + c)^3)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*(33*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 22*a*cos(d*x + c) + 8*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.111.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.111.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5542 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 164.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5542, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.49

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/96*(774*sqrt(2)*a*cos(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 162*sqrt(2)*a
*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + (14*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c
) + 90*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*si
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c) + 2) - 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 -
2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 33
*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^
2 + 9*(14*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 90*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c) - 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt
(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 33*a*log(
2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2
*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2
*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*(14*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3
/2*c) + 90*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 33*a*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/...
```

### 3.111.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \left( 33 \sqrt{2} a \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 132 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)^5 - 176 \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{96 d} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/96*sqrt(2)*(33*sqrt(2)*a*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a  
bs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(132  
*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 176*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*  
x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 63*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/  
2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)*sqrt(a)/d`

### 3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### 3.112 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

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3.112.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1050
3.112.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1050
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3.112.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1055
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3.112.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1056
3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1057

#### 3.112.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 203

$$\begin{aligned} \int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx &= \frac{284a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{99d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{710a^3 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{693d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{46a^3 \cos^4(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{99d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} \\ &- \frac{568a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{693d} \\ &+ \frac{2a^2 \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{11d} \\ &+ \frac{284a(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{231d} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 284/231*a*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+284/99*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a
*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+710/693*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)+46/99*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-568/693*a
^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/11*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)*(a
+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```



**3.112.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (31878 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 8778 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 3465 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 1287 \sin\left(\frac{7}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 385 \sin\left(\frac{9}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 63 \sin\left(\frac{11}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{11088d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(31878*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 8778*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 3465*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 1287*Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2] + 385*Sin[(9*(c + d*x))/2] + 63*Sin[(11*(c + d*x))/2]))/(11088*d)`

**3.112.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\ & \frac{2}{11} \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (23 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 19a^2) dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{11} \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (23 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 19a^2) dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.112.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{11} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a} \left(23 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a^2 + 19a^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3460} \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a} dx + \frac{46a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a} dx + \frac{46a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3249} \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{46a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{46a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3238} \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (3a - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} \\
& \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \sqrt{a}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\int (3a - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + adx}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \sqrt{a}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d}$$

↓ 3230

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \sqrt{a}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{7}{3} a \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + adx} - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \sqrt{a}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d}$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{11d} +$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{46a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{9d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{355}{9} a^2 \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5ad} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (2*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^4*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x]/(11*d) + ((46
*a^3*cos[c + d*x]^4*sin[c + d*x]/(9*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (355*a^
2*((2*a*cos[c + d*x]^3*sin[c + d*x]/(7*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*(
(2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x]/(5*a*d) + ((14*a^2*sin[c + d*x
]/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])) - (4*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c +
d*x]/(3*d))/(5*a))))/7)/9)/11
```

### 3.112.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3125 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos
[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3230 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

```
rule 3238 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2
))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Si
n[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !
LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

```
rule 3242 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]
)^m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[
c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])
)^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3460 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a +
b*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b
*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]
```

### 3.112.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
default	$\frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a^3 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(504 \left(\cos^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 364 \left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 178 \left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 75 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 100 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 100}{693 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $8/693*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(504*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^{10}-364*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+178*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+75*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+100*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+200)*2^{(1/2)}/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.112.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(63a^2 \cos(dx + c)^5 + 224a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 355a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 426a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 568a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 1136a^2) \sin(dx + c)}{693(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $2/693*(63*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^5 + 224*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 355*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 426*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 568*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1136*a^2)*\sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c) + d)$

### 3.112.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.112.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(63 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{11}{2} dx + \frac{11}{2} c) + 385 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 1287 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 3465 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 8778 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 31878 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{11088 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11088*(63*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(11/2*d*x + 11/2*c) + 385*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 1287*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 3465*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 8778*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 31878*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.112.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(63 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{11}{2} dx + \frac{11}{2} c) + 385 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 1287 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 3465 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 8778 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 31878 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{11088 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/11088*sqrt(2)*(63*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(11/2*d*x + 11/2*c) + 385*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 1287*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 3465*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 8778*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 31878*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`



### 3.113 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

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#### 3.113.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{832a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{315d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{208a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{315d} + \frac{26a(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{105d} - \frac{4(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{63d} + \frac{2(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{9ad}$$

```
output 26/105*a*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-4/63*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+832/315*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+208/315*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.113.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(8190 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 2100 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 756 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 126 \sin\left(\frac{7}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{2520d}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output  $(a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec((c + dx)/2) (8190 \sin((c + dx)/2) + 2100 \sin((3(c + dx))/2) + 756 \sin((5(c + dx))/2) + 225 \sin((7(c + dx))/2) + 35 \sin((9(c + dx))/2)) / (2520 * d)$

### 3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(7a - 2a \cos(c + dx))(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx}{9a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}{9ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (7a - 2a \cos(c + dx))(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx}{9a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}{9ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (7a - 2a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a\right)^{5/2} dx}{9a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}{9ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{\frac{39}{7} a \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{9a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}{9ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{39}{7} a \int \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a\right)^{5/2} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{9a} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}{9ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{39}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \int (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{\frac{9a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{9ad}}{9ad}} +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{39}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \int (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{\frac{9a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{9ad}}{9ad}} +$$

↓ 3126

$$\frac{\frac{39}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \left( \frac{4}{3}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{\frac{9a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{9ad}}{9ad}} +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{39}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \left( \frac{4}{3}a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{\frac{9a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{9ad}}{9ad}} +$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{\frac{39}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \left( \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}}{\frac{9a}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{9ad}}{9ad}} +$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*a*d) + ((-4*a*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (39*a*((2*a*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (8*a*((8*a^2*Ssin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5))/7)/(9*a)`

## 3.113.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3126 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`
- rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3238 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Sine[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

**3.113.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$\frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a^3 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(140 \left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 20 \left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 39 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 52 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 104\right) \sqrt{2}}{315 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	99

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `8/315*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(140*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-20*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+39*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+52*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+104)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`**3.113.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(35a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 130a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 219a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 292a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 584a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{315(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 130*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 219*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 292*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 584*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.113.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.113.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

**3.113.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(35 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 225 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 756 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 2100 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 8190 \sqrt{2} a^2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{2520 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2520*(35*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 225*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 756*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 2100*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 8190*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.113.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(35 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{9}{2} dx + \frac{9}{2} c) + 225 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2} dx + \frac{7}{2} c) + 756 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 2100 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 8190 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{2520 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2520*sqrt(2)*(35*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c) + 225*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 756*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 2100*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 8190*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.113.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.114 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

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3.114.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1065
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#### 3.114.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{64a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{16a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2a(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output  $2/7*a*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+64/21*a^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/21*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d$

#### 3.114.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (315 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 77 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 3(7 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{84d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`



output  $(a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec((c + dx)/2) * (315 \sin((c + dx)/2) + 7 * \sin((3(c + dx))/2) + 3 * (7 * \sin((5(c + dx))/2) + \sin((7(c + dx))/2))) / (84 * d)$

### 3.114.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{5}{7} \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5}{7} \int \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a\right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{8}{5} a \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{8}{5} a \int \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{8}{5} a \left( \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{8}{5} a \left( \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{8}{5} a \left( \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*((2*a*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (8*a*((8*a^2*SIN[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + (2*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/5)/7`

### 3.114.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3126 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

### 3.114.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a^3 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(6 \left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\right) \sqrt{2}}{21 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	86

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `8/21*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.114.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(3 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 12 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 23 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 46 a^2\right) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{21 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $2/21*(3*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 12*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 23*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + 46*a^2)*\text{sqrt}(a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c) + d)$

### 3.114.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.114.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(3\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{7}{2}dx + \frac{7}{2}c) + 21\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 77\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 315\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))\text{sqrt}(a)}{84d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/84*(3*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 21*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 77*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 315*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\text{sqrt}(a)/d$

### 3.114.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2 \text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2}dx + \frac{7}{2}c) + 21a^2 \text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 77a^2 \text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 315a^2 \text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))\text{sqrt}(a)}{84d}$$

---

3.114.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/84*sqrt(2)*(3*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 21*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 77*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 315*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

### 3.114.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.115 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.115.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.1071
3.115.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1071
3.115.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1072
3.115.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1073
3.115.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1074
3.115.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	.1074
3.115.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1074
3.115.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1075
3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	.1075

#### 3.115.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{64a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{15d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{16a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{2a(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output  $2/5*a*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+64/15*a^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/15*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d$

#### 3.115.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(150 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 25 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 3 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{30d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output  $(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*(150*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + 25*\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 3*\text{Sin}[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(30*d)$

**3.115.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3126, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{8}{5} a \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{8}{5} a \int \left( \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + a \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{8}{5} a \left( \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{8}{5} a \left( \frac{4}{3} a \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3125} \\
 & \frac{8}{5} a \left( \frac{8a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output  $(2*a*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (8*a*((8*a^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(3*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5$

### 3.115.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos [c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3126 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos [c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[ a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

### 3.115.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$\frac{8a^3 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(3 \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\right) \sqrt{2}}{15 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	73

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $8/15*a^3*\text{cos}(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{sin}(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(3*\text{cos}(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+4*\text{os}(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8)*2^{(1/2)}/(a*\text{cos}(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$



**3.115.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(3a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 14a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 43a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{15(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 14*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 43*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.115.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Integral((a*cos(c + d*x) + a)**(5/2), x)`**3.115.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(3\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 25\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 150\sqrt{2}a^2 \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))\sqrt{a}}{30d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/30*(3*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 25*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 150*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.115.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 25a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 150a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{30d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/30*sqrt(2)*(3*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 25*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 150*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.116 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.116.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{14a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d}$$

output `2*a^(5/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+14/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.116.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \left( 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}(8 + \cos(c + dx)) \right)}{3d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output  $(2*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*(3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]] + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(8 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]/(3*d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.116.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a(7 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 3a^2)} \sec(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a(7 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 3a^2)} \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a(7 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 3a^2)}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3460} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( 3a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{14a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 3a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{14a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{14a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{6a^3 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{6a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{14a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((6*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (14*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/3`

### 3.116.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3242 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x
])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[
c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3252 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2),
x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3460 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a +
b*Ssin[e + f*x])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b
*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]
```

### 3.116.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

method	result
default	$\frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 18\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a} + 3 \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{3 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $\frac{1}{3}a^{3/2}\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}(-4a^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}a^{1/2}\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+18a^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}a^{1/2}+3\ln(4/(2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)+2)^{1/2})* (2^{1/2}a\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)+2)^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}a^{1/2}+2a)*a+3\ln(-4/(2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)-2)^{1/2})* (2^{1/2}a\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)-2)^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}a^{1/2}-2a)*a)/\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)/(a\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}/d$

### 3.116.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{3(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-2)\sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right) + 6(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}{6(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{6}(3(a^2\cos(dx+c) + a^2)*\sqrt{a}*\log((a\cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a\cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-2)\sin(dx+c) + 8a)/(\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)) + 4*(a^2\cos(dx+c) + 8a^2)*\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c) + a*\sin(dx+c))/(d\cos(dx+c) + d)$

### 3.116.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.116.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.116.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 8 a^2 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + 3 \sqrt{2} a^2 \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \right)}{6 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*sqrt(2)*(8*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 36*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`



### 3.117 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.117.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{5a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `5*a^(5/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+a^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.117.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \left( -\frac{35}{8} (2080 + 3131 \cos(c + dx) + 728 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 61 \cos(3(c + dx))) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output  $((a*(1 + \cos[c + d*x]))^{5/2}*((-35*(2080 + 3131*\cos[c + d*x] + 728*\cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 61*\cos[3*(c + d*x)])*\csc[(c + d*x)/2]^6)/8 + (105*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - \cos[c + d*x]]]*(1767 + 1252*\cos[c + d*x] + 872*\cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 108*\cos[3*(c + d*x)] + \cos[4*(c + d*x)])*\csc[(c + d*x)/2]^6)/(16*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \cos[c + d*x]]) + 1024*\cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{3/2, 2, 2, 2\}, \{1, 1, 9/2\}, 2*\sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\tan[(c + d*x)/2]^3)/(6720*d)$

### 3.117.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3241$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d} - a \int -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (\cos(c + dx)a + 5a) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (\cos(c + dx)a + 5a) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a} (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 5a)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 3460$$

$$\frac{1}{2} a \left( 5a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2}a \left( 5a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
& \frac{1}{2}a \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{10a^2 \int \frac{1}{a-\frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d} + \frac{1}{2}a \left( \frac{10a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(a*((10*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/2 + (a^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.117.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3241 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b
*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*
d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*
c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
&& GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] ||
(IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3252 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2),
x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3460 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[e + f*x])]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b
*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]
```

### 3.117.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 431 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 6.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70

method	result
default	$\frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 10 \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2}} \right)}{1}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $a^{3/2} \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} (-8 \cdot 2^{1/2}) (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 10 \ln(-4 / (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2}) (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} - 2 a) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 a - 10 \ln(4 / (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2}) (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + 2 a) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 a + 6 \cdot 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + 5 \ln(-4 / (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2}) (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} - 2 a) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 a + 5 \ln(4 / (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2}) (a \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + 2 a) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 a) / (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2}) / (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2}) / \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) / (a \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} / d$

### 3.117.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{5 (a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + a^2 \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{a \cos(dx + c)^3 - 7 a \cos(dx + c)^2 - 4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx + c) - 2) \sin(dx + c) + 8 a}{\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2} \right) + 4 (d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{4 (d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/4 * (5 * (a^2 * \cos(d * x + c)^2 + a^2 * \cos(d * x + c)) * \sqrt{a} * \log((a * \cos(d * x + c)^3 - 7 * a * \cos(d * x + c)^2 - 4 * \sqrt{a * \cos(d * x + c) + a} * \sqrt{a} * (\cos(d * x + c) - 2) * \sin(d * x + c) + 8 * a) / (\cos(d * x + c)^3 + \cos(d * x + c)^2)) + 4 * (2 * a^2 * \cos(d * x + c) + a^2) * \sqrt{a * \cos(d * x + c) + a} * \sin(d * x + c)) / (d * \cos(d * x + c)^2 + d * \cos(d * x + c))$

### 3.117.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.117.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10847 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10847, normalized size of antiderivative = 117.90

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/252*(1449*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 63*(sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 25*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 24*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^3 - 252*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 21*(5*(5*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 12*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 3*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 3*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 3*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 - 15*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 15*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 15*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 15*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 5*(5*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + ...
```

**3.117.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 5 \sqrt{2} a^2 \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) - 8 a^2 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*sqrt(2)*(5*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 8*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 4*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.117.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.118 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.118.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1089
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#### 3.118.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{19a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{9a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `19/4*a^(5/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+9/4*a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.118.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(19\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) + 19\sqrt{2} \cos(2(c + dx))\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`



output 
$$\frac{-1/32*(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^5*(19*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[I - \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] + 19*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)]*(\text{Log}[I - \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] - \text{Log}[I + \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}]) - 19*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[I + \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] + 28*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] - 44*\text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(d*(-1 + \text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^2}$$

### 3.118.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\ & \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{2d} - \frac{1}{2}a \int -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (5 \cos(c + dx)a + 9a) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{4}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (5 \cos(c + dx)a + 9a) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{2d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a} (5 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 9a)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{2d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3459} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4}a \left( \frac{19}{2}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4}a \left( \frac{19}{2}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
& \frac{1}{4}a \left( \frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{19a^2 \int \frac{1}{a-\frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} + \\
& \frac{1}{4}a \left( \frac{19a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{9a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^2*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a*((19*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (9*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/4`

## 3.118.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.118.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs.  $2(90) = 180$ .

Time = 27.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

method	result
default	$a^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 76a \left( \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left( \sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} a^{3/2} \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) (a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} (76 a (\ln(4 / \\ & (2 \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2} (a \sin \\ & (1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + 2 a)) + \ln(-4 / (2 \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2} \\ & )) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} - \\ & (1/2 - 2 a))) \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^4 + (-44 * 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} \\ & (1/2) a^{1/2} - 76 \ln(4 / (2 \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 d x + \\ & 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + 2 a)) a - 76 \ln(-4 / (2 \cos \\ & (1/2 d x + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 \\ & d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} - 2 a)) a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2 + 26 * 2^{1/2} (a \\ & \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + 19 \ln(4 / (2 \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2} \\ & )) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} + \\ & (1/2 + 2 a)) a + 19 \ln(-4 / (2 \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2})) (2^{1/2} a \cos(1/2 d x \\ & + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2} (a \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} a^{1/2} - 2 a)) a / (2 \cos(1/2 \\ & d x + 1/2 c) + 2^{1/2})^2 / (2 \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c) - 2^{1/2})^2 / \sin(1/2 d x + 1/2 c \\ & ) / (a \cos(1/2 d x + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} / d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.118.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{19 (a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7 a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c) - 2)}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right)}{16 (d \cos(dx + c))^3 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.118.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

output  $1/16*(19*(a^2*\cos(dx + c)^3 + a^2*\cos(dx + c)^2)*\sqrt{a}*\log((a*\cos(dx + c)^3 - 7*a*\cos(dx + c)^2 - 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{a}*(\cos(dx + c) - 2)*\sin(dx + c) + 8*a)/(\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2)) + 4*(11*a^2*\cos(dx + c) + 2*a^2)*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sin(dx + c))/(d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + d*\cos(dx + c)^2)$

### 3.118.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.118.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3667 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 3.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3667, normalized size of antiderivative = 34.59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/16*(150*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 154*sqrt(2)
*a^2*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 28*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x +
3/2*c) + 44*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - (3*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(7/2*d*x
+ 7/2*c) + 5*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - 17*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x
+ 3/2*c) - 55*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) +
2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*si
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 2) - 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))
*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*(17*sqrt(2)*a^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 55*sqrt(2)*
a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 2) + 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2)
- 19*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt
(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 19*a^2*lo
g(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1...
```

### 3.118.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 19 \sqrt{2} a^2 \log \left( \frac{-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 22 a^2 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 13 a^2 \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)} \right)}{16 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/16*sqrt(2)*(19*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))
/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(2
2*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 13*a^2*sgn(cos(1/
2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2)*sq
rt(a)/d
```

---

3.118.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

**3.118.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.119 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.119.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1097
3.119.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1097
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3.119.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1104
3.119.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1104

#### 3.119.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{25a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{25a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{13a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{12d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 25/8*a^(5/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+25/8*a^3
*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+13/12*a^3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)
/d
```

#### 3.119.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec^7\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(225\sqrt{2} \cos(c + dx) \left(\log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) - \log\left(i + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^7*(225*Sqrt[2]*Cos[c + d*x]*(Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] - Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + 75*Sqrt[2]*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]*(Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] - Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]) - 4*(114*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] - 7*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 75*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(384*d*(-1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^3)`

### 3.119.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} - \frac{1}{3} a \int -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (9 \cos(c + dx)a + \\
 & \quad 13a) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (9 \cos(c + dx)a + 13a) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}(9\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+13a)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

↓ 3459

$$\frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{75}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{13a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{75}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{13a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{75}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{13a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{75}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{13a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

↓ 3252

$$\frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{75}{4}a \left( \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{6}a \left( \frac{13a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{75}{4}a \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (a*((13*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (75*a*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/4))/6`

### 3.119.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3251 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e
+ f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Sim
p[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3252 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2),
x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3459 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)
*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*
c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1]
```

### 3.119.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 716 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 96.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 717, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

method	result
default	$a^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -600a \left( \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2}a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) + \ln \left( -\frac{4 \left( \sqrt{2}a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/6*a^(3/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-600*a*(ln(
4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1
/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
a^(1/2)-2*a)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+300*(2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+3*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+3*ln(-4/(
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-736*2^(1/
2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-450*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-
2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a-450*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a)*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+234*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+75*1
n(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*
(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+75*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))^3/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)+2^(1/2))^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.119.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{75 (a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c) - 2)}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right) + 4(75a^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 34a^2 \cos(dx+c) + 8a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sin(dx+c)}{96 (d \cos(dx + c))^4}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

1/96*(75*(a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x
+ c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x
+ c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*(75*a
^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 34*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 8*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*
sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```

**3.119.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.119.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6703 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 44.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6703, normalized size of antiderivative = 46.55

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output -1/96*(4176*a^2*cos(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2430*a^2*cos(5/2*d
*x + 5/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 678*a^2*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*
c) - 75*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) +
75*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 +
2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 75*
sqrt(2)*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sq
rt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 75*sqrt
(2)*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)
)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - (75*sqrt(2)
)*a^2*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*c
os(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 75*sqrt(2)*a^2
*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + 75*sqrt(2)*a^2*log
(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 75*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(2*c
os(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 10*a^2*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c
) + 30*a^2*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 78*a^2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - 170*a^2*si
n(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 600*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 - ...
```

**3.119.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \left( 75 \sqrt{2} a^2 \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 300 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 368 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 117 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)}{(2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1)^3} \right) \sqrt{a} / d$$


---

96 d

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/96*sqrt(2)*(75*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) /abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(300*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 368*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 117*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)*sqrt(a)/d`**3.119.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### 3.120 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

3.120.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1105
3.120.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1105
3.120.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1106
3.120.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1110
3.120.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1110
3.120.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1111
3.120.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	1111
3.120.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1112
3.120.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1112

#### 3.120.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{163a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64d} + \frac{163a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{64d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{163a^3 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{96d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{17a^3 \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{24d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d}$$

```
output 163/64*a^(5/2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+163/64
*a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+163/96*a^3*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/
d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+17/24*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+
c))^(1/2)+1/4*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.120.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(1467\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) + 1956\sqrt{2} \cos(2(c + dx))\right)}{128d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `-1/6144*(a^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^9*(1467*Sqrt[2]*Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 1956*Sqrt[2]*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*(Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] - Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + 489*Sqrt[2]*Cos[4*(c + d*x)]*(Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] - Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]) - 1467*Sqrt[2]*Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 2060*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] - 6204*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] - 652*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] - 1956*Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2]))/(d*(-1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^4)`

### 3.120.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d} - \frac{1}{4} a \int -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (13 \cos(c + dx)a + 17a) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (13 \cos(c + dx)a + 17a) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}(13\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+17a)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3459} \\
& \frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{17a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d}} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{17a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
& \frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d}} \right) + \frac{17a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
& \frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^2}{3} \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \right) + \frac{17a^2}{3}$$

↓ 3252

$$\frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{163}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^2}{3} \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \right) + \frac{17a^2}{3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{8}a \left( \frac{17a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{163}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^2}{3} \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \right) + \frac{17a^2}{3}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(a^2*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sec[c + d*x]^3*tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (a*((17*a^2*sec[c + d*x]^2*tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (163*a*((a*sec[c + d*x]*tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((sqrt[a]*arcTanh[(sqrt[a]*sin[c + d*x])/sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*tan[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/4)/6))/8`

### 3.120.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.120.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 881 vs.  $2(158) = 316$ .

Time = 299.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	882

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/24*a^(3/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(7824*a*(ln
(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(
1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*a^(1/2)-2*a)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-7824*(2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+2*ln(-4/(
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+1304*(11*2^(
1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+9*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+
2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+9*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-9212*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-39
12*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/
2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-3912*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2094*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+489*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1
/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)...
    
```

### 3.120.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{489 (a^2 \cos^5(dx + c) + a^2 \cos^4(dx + c)) \sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{a \cos^3(dx+c) - 7a \cos^2(dx+c) - 4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c) - \cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2} \right)}{768}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/768*(489*(a^2*cos(d*x + c)^5 + a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*(489*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 326*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 184*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 48*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

### 3.120.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.120.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

**3.120.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \left( 489 \sqrt{2} a^2 \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2} + 4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right) + \frac{4 \left( 3912 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)^7 - 7172 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 4606 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 1047 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1)^4} \sqrt{a} \right) / d$$

768 d

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/768*sqrt(2)*(489*sqrt(2)*a^2*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 4*(3912*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 7172*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 4606*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 1047*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4*sqrt(a)/d`**3.120.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

### 3.121 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

3.121.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1113
3.121.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1113
3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1114
3.121.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1116
3.121.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1116
3.121.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1117
3.121.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1117
3.121.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1117
3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1118

#### 3.121.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{256a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{35d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{64a^3 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{24a^2 (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{2a(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output `24/35*a^2*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+256/35*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+64/35*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.121.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{a^3 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(1225 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 245 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 49 \sin\left(\frac{5}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{140d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`



output  $(a^3 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec((c + dx)/2) (1225 \sin((c + dx)/2) + 245 \sin((3(c + dx))/2) + 49 \sin((5(c + dx))/2) + 5 \sin((7(c + dx))/2)) / (140d)$

### 3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3126, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3126, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{12}{7} a \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{12}{7} a \int \left( \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a \right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126} \\
 & \frac{12}{7} a \left( \frac{8}{5} a \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{12}{7} a \left( \frac{8}{5} a \int \left( \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3126}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{12}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \left( \frac{4}{3}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{12}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \left( \frac{4}{3}a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3125

$$\frac{12}{7}a \left( \frac{8}{5}a \left( \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{7d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (12*a*((2*a*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (8*a*((8*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])) + (2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5)/7`

### 3.121.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3126 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b)*Cos  
[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[a*((2*n - 1)/n)  
Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[  
a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

### 3.121.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$\frac{16a^4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(5 \cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 6 \cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 8 \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 16\right) \sqrt{2}}{35 \sqrt{a \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} d$	86

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `16/35*a^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(5*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+6*  
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+16)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*  
c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.121.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{2 \left( 5 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 27 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 71 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 177 a^3 \right) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{35 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2/35*(5*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 27*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 71*a^3*cos(d*x + c) +  
177*a^3)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.121.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.121.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{(5\sqrt{2}a^3 \sin(\frac{7}{2}dx + \frac{7}{2}c) + 49\sqrt{2}a^3 \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 245\sqrt{2}a^3 \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 1225\sqrt{2}a^3 \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sqrt{a}}{140d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/140*(5*sqrt(2)*a^3*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 49*sqrt(2)*a^3*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 245*sqrt(2)*a^3*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 1225*sqrt(2)*a^3*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`**3.121.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(5a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{7}{2}dx + \frac{7}{2}c) + 49a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 245a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 1225a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)) \sqrt{a}}{140d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/140*\sqrt{2}*(5*a^3*\text{sgn}(\cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c) + 49*a^3*\text{sgn}(\cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 245*a^3*\text{sgn}(\cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 1225*a^3*\text{sgn}(\cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*\sqrt{a}/d$

### 3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.122 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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#### 3.122.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{148 \sin(c+dx)}{105d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{35d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{62 \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{105ad}$$

```
output arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a
^(1/2)-148/105*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/35*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d
*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+
c))^(1/2)+62/105*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d
```

#### 3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(105\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) + 2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(-43+31\cos(c+dx)-3\cos^2(c+dx)+15\cos^3(c+dx))\right)}{105d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((105*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] + 2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(-43 + 31*Cos[c + d*x] - 3*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 15*Cos[c + d*x]^3))*Sin[c + d*x])/(105*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.122.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3462, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(6a-a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{7a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(6a-a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(6a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3462}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.122.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2-31a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2-31a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{5a} dx}{7a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(4a^2-31a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{5a} dx}{7a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3447 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 \cos(c+dx)-31a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{5a} dx}{7a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-31a^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{5a} dx}{7a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3502 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{31a^3-74a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{7a} - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{31a^3-74a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{3a} dx}{7a} - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.122.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{31a^3 - 74a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\
& \frac{7a}{5a} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{148a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{5a} + \\
& \frac{7a}{5a} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{148a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{5a} + \\
& \frac{7a}{5a} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
& \frac{210a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{148a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} + \\
& \frac{7a}{5a} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{105\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{148a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{62a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} + \\
& \frac{7a}{5a} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{7d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.122.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-2*a*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-62*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) - ((105*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (148*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(5*a))/(7*a)
```

### 3.122.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3128 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3230 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3462 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.122.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -240 \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a} \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 336 \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a} \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 240 \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 105 a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right) d}{105 a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

3.122.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-240*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+336*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-280*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+105*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a)/a^(3/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.122.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(15 \cos(dx + c)^3 - 3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 31 \cos(dx + c) - 43) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)} + \frac{105 \sqrt{2} (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \log(-(\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{a} - 2 \cos(dx + c) - 3) / (\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1)) / \sqrt{a}}{210 (ad \cos(dx + c) + ad)}}{210 (ad \cos(dx + c) + ad)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/210*(4*(15*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 31*cos(d*x + c) - 43)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) + 105*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(a))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.122.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.122.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.122.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 696204 vs.  $2(149) = 298$ .

Time = 17.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 696204, normalized size of antiderivative = 4001.17

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/5040*(180*(cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)
*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) +
sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x
+ 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c))*cos(9/2*d*x +
9/2*c)^3 - 180*((cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2 + 2*(cos(d*x +
c) + 1)*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + (cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos
(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 + (cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2 + 2*(cos(d
*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + (cos(d*x + c) + 1
)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2)*sin(9/2*d*x + 9/2*c)^3 - 40*((cos(d*x + c)^2 + s
in(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2 + 2*(cos(d*x +
c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*cos(3/2*d
*x + 3/2*c) + (cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(3
/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 + (cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)
*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x +
c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + (cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin
(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2)*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/
2*c)^3 - 2*(840*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^3 + 336*(cos(d*x +
c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^3 - 840*
cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^3*sin(d*x + c) + 21*(45*(log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^2 +
sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - log(cos(1/2*d*x...
```

**3.122.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{105\sqrt{2}\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{105\sqrt{2}\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{16\sqrt{2}(30a^{\frac{13}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^7 - 42a^{\frac{13}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^5 + 35a^{\frac{13}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 - 7a^{\frac{13}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{a^7\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}$$

210 d

---

3.122.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/210*(105*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 105*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 16*sqrt(2)*(30*a^(13/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 42*a^(13/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 35*a^(13/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3)/(a^7*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

### 3.122.9 Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.123 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1128
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#### 3.123.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{28 \sin(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15ad}$$

output

```
-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+28/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/15*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d
```

#### 3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(-15\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) + \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(29-2\cos(c+dx)+3\cos(2(c+dx)))\right) \sin(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output ((-15*sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] + Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(
29 - 2*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(15*d*Sqrt[1 - Co
s[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))
```

### 3.123.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a-a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a-a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(4a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4a \cos(c+dx)-a \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.123.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{a^2-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-14a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& -\frac{15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{28a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{28a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
& -\frac{30a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{28a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{5a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& -\frac{15\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a} \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{28a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{5a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.123.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) - ((15*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (28*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/(3*a)/(5*a)`

### 3.123.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3257 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3447 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.123.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
default	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-24\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 20\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 1\right)}{15a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}d$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-24*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+15*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a-30*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.123.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(3\cos(dx+c)^2 - \cos(dx+c) + 13)\sin(dx+c) + \frac{15\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\log\left(-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 + \dots}{\dots}\right)}{30(ad\cos(dx+c)+ad)}}{30(ad\cos(dx+c)+ad)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) + 13)*sin(d*x + c) + 15*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(a))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.123.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.123.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 908518 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 17.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 908518, normalized size of antiderivative = 6489.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/1680*(84*(sqrt(2)*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + (sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))*cos(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c)^3 - 84*((sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 + (sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + (sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c))*sin(7/2*d*x + 7/2*c)^3 - 24*((sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 + (sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 + (sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(3/2*d*x + 3...`

### 3.123.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{2}\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)+1)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)+1)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}(12a^{\frac{9}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^5 - 10a^{\frac{9}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^3 + 15a^{\frac{9}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))}{a^5\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))} + \frac{1}{30d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/30*(15*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 15*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 4*sqrt(2)*(12*a^(9/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 10*a^(9/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*a^(9/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^5*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

---

3.123.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.123.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.124**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.124.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1136  
 3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1136  
 3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1137  
 3.124.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1139  
 3.124.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1139  
 3.124.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1140  
 3.124.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1140  
 3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1141  
 3.124.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1142

**3.124.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

output `arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)-4/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d`

**3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{2}{3}(1-\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2]] - (2*(1 - Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

**3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3238, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3238} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{6a \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{3a} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.124.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3ad}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d) + ((3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a)`

### 3.124.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3238 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-Cos[e + f*x])*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2
))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(b*(m + 1) - a*Si
n[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !
LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

### 3.124.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-4\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 3\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 4a}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)a\right)}{3a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}d$	132

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4*(a*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a)/a^(3/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.124.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}(\cos(dx + c) - 1)\sin(dx + c) + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \log\left(-\frac{\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c) + 1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{6(ad \cos(dx + c) + ad)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/6*(4*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c) + 3*\sqrt{2}*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\log(-(\cos(d*x + c))^2 - 2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{a} - 2*\cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1))/\sqrt{a})/(a*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a*d)$

### 3.124.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

### 3.124.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19437 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19437, normalized size of antiderivative = 186.89

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/60*(20*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^3 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + s
in(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^3 - 20*cos(5/2*d*
x + 5/2*c)^3*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(15*(log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 +
sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*
(log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2
*c) + 1) - log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 30*(log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(d*x + c) +
4*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/
2*c) - 20*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + 15*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 15*log(cos(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos
(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)^2 + 30*((log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (log(cos(1/
2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) -
log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + ...

```

### 3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8\sqrt{2}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}$$

$6d$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/6*(8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))
- 3*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c))) + 3*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c))))/d

```

**3.124.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad} - \frac{2(4a^2 E(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 1) - 3a^2 F(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 1)) \sqrt{\frac{a+a\cos(c+dx)}{2a}}}{3a^2 d \sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sin(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(3*a*d) - (2*(4*a^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 1) - 3*a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 1))*((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(2*a))^(1/2))/(3*a^2*d*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

### 3.125 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.125.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1143
3.125.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1144
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3.125.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1148

#### 3.125.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/
a^(1/2)+2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.125.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (-2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/(d*
Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])
```

**3.125.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{2\int \frac{1}{2a-\frac{a^2\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.125.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

## 3.125.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 4a}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)a\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}d$	120

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a/a^(3/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`



**3.125.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)+a) \log\left(-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}} - 2\cos(dx+c) - 3}{\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\cos(dx+c) + 1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 4\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)$$

$$2(ad\cos(dx+c)+ad)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(a) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.125.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

**3.125.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 18948 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18948, normalized size of antiderivative = 259.56

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(12*sqrt(2)*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^3*sin(d*x + c) - 12*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^3 - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + ((3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 - (8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 3*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(...`

### 3.125.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{2} \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{\sqrt{a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{\sqrt{a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}} - \frac{4 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 4*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

---

3.125.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.125.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\left(2E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 1\right) - F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 1\right)\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+a\cos(c+dx)}{2a}}}{d\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 1) - ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 1))*((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(2*a))^(1/2))/(d*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

**3.126**      $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.126.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1149  
 3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1149  
 3.126.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1150  
 3.126.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1151  
 3.126.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1151  
 3.126.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1152  
 3.126.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1152  
 3.126.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1153  
 3.126.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1153

**3.126.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)`

**3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

**3.126.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

**3.126.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3128 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d
Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.126.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}   1\right)}{d \sec\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \operatorname{csgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$	56

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*2^(1/2)/sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/csgn(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c))*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,1)
```

### 3.126.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left( -\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sin(dx+c) - 2 \cos(dx+c) - 3}{\sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx+c) + 1} \right)}{2\sqrt{ad}}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}}}{\sin(dx+c)} \right)}{d} \right]$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `[1/2*sqrt(2)*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/(sqrt(a)*d), -sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-1/a)/sin(d*x + c))/d]`

### 3.126.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a), x)`

### 3.126.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 + \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 + 2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - \sqrt{2} \log \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 + \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 2 \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right)}{2 \sqrt{ad}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/(sqrt(a)*d)`

**3.126.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\left|\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 2\right|\right)}{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\left|\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 2\right|\right)}{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)} \Bigg/ 4d$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(2)*log(abs(1/sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - sqrt(2)*log(abs(1/sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

**3.126.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 1\right) \sqrt{\frac{2(a+a \cos(c+dx))}{a}}}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 1)*((2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)))/a)^(1/2))/(d*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`



**3.127**  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.127.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2  
*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)`

**3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) - \sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*(ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]  
)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

---

3.127.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.127.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3259, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3259} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2a-\frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{a-\frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.127.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[a]*d) - (Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

### 3.127.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3259 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.127.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
default	$-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( \sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a+8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{a} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))-ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))-ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a)))/a^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.127.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)+a\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}} - 2\cos(dx+c) - 3}{\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\cos(dx+c) + 1}\right) + \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a\cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{2ad}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)))/(a*d)`

**3.127.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

**3.127.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.127.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{|2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|} \right)}{\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} + \frac{\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} \right)}{2\sqrt{ad}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(sqrt(a)*d)`

---

3.127.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.127.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.128**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.128.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1166

**3.128.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)+arctanh(1/2*
sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+tan(d
*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.128.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) - \sqrt{2} \log\left(i + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) - 4 \log(\cos\right)}{2d\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] * (\text{Sqrt}[2] * \text{Log}[I - \text{Sqrt}[2] * E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I * E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] - \text{Sqrt}[2] * \text{Log}[I + \text{Sqrt}[2] * E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I * E^{(I*(c + d*x))}]) - 4 * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4]] + 4 * \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4]] + 4 * \text{Sec}[c + d*x] * \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]) / (2 * d * \text{Sqrt}[a * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])])$

### 3.128.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3464} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a} \sec(c + dx) dx - 2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.128.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*((2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/a + Tan[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.128.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3464 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.128.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 465 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result
default	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 2a \left( -2\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{a + 8a}}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

3.128.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*a*(-2*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))+ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))+ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a-ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.128.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a}\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c) - 2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right) + \dots}{4(ad \cos(dx + c) + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*((cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 2*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(a) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.128.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

**3.128.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 18435 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18435, normalized size of antiderivative = 170.69

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (2*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2))*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)...`

**3.128.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.128.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.129**       $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.129.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{7\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
7/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)-1/4*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.129.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec^2(c+dx) \left(-7\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) + 7\sqrt{2} \log\left(i + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(-7*Sqrt[2]*Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 7*Sqrt[2]*Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 16*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/4] - Sin[(c + d*x)/4]] + Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*(-7*Sqrt[2]*Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 7*Sqrt[2]*Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + 16*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/4] - Sin[(c + d*x)/4]] - 16*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/4] + Sin[(c + d*x)/4]]) - 16*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/4] + Sin[(c + d*x)/4]] + 20*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] - 4*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(16*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.129.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a-3a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.129.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$





$$\frac{\frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{14a^2 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a} - \frac{\frac{a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{14a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a}}{4a}$$

219

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (-1/2*((14*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d - (8*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a)`

**3.129.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 3464 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.129.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 676 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 677, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.61

method	result
default	$-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -4a \left( -8\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) + 7 \ln\left(-\frac{4\left(\sqrt{2} a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4*a*(-8*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))+7*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))+7*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-32*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a-4*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+28*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+28*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a-2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-7*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-7*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a)/a^(3/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))^2/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.129.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{7 (\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c) + a\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-2) \sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right)}{16 (ad$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(7*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2) *sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(a) - 2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(a))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.129.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

**3.129.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.129.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.129.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.130**       $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.130.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1175  
 3.130.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1175  
 3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1176  
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 3.130.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1181  
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 3.130.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 1183  
 3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1183

**3.130.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{9\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{7 \tan(c+dx)}{8d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{12d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -9/8*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)+arctanh(
1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+7
/8*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/12*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*c
os(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.130.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec^3(c+dx) \left(9 \cos(c+dx) \left(9\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) - 9\sqrt{2} \log\left(i + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

---

3.130.       $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^4/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2] \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3 (9 \text{Cos}[c + dx] (9 \sqrt{2} \text{Log}[I - \sqrt{2}] E^{(I/2)(c + dx)} - I E^{I(c + dx)}) - 9 \sqrt{2} \text{Log}[I + \sqrt{2}] E^{(I/2)(c + dx)} - I E^{I(c + dx)}) - 32 \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/4]] + 32 \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/4]]) + 3 \text{Cos}[3(c + dx)] (9 \sqrt{2} \text{Log}[I - \sqrt{2}] E^{(I/2)(c + dx)} - I E^{I(c + dx)}) - 9 \sqrt{2} \text{Log}[I + \sqrt{2}] E^{(I/2)(c + dx)} - I E^{I(c + dx)}) - 32 \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/4]] + 32 \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/4]]) + 4(78 \text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2] - 25 \text{Sin}[(3(c + dx))/2] + 21 \text{Sin}[(5(c + dx))/2])) / (192 d \text{Sqrt}[a(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])])$

### 3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 \sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\ & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a - 5a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}} dx}{6a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a - 5a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx}{6a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.130.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$





$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \\
 \left( \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{9a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 16a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{2a} \right) \\
 \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a}{6a} \\
 \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \\
 \left( \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{9a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{32a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2a} \right) \\
 \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a}{6a} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \\
 \left( \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{9a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right) \\
 \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a}{6a} \\
 \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \\
 \left( \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{18a^3 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} \right) \\
 \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a}{6a} \\
 \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{array}$$

---

3.130.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{18a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2a}}{4a}}{6a}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^4/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])) - (3*(-1/2*((18*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d - (16*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a + (7*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a))/(6*a)`

### 3.130.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3258 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 3464 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.130.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 882 vs.  $2(152) = 304$ .

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 883, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.88

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	883

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-24*a*(16*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))-9*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))-9*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(576*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a-324*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-324*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a+168*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+(-288*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a+162*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a+162*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*a-160*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+48*2^(1/2)*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a-27*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*a-27*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*...

```

### 3.130.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27(\cos(dx+c)^4 + \cos(dx+c)^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^3 - 7a\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-2)\sin(dx+c) + 8a}{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/96*(27*(\cos(dx + c)^4 + \cos(dx + c)^3)*\sqrt{a}*\log((a*\cos(dx + c)^3 - 7*a*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a})*\sqrt{a}*(\cos(dx + c) - 2)*\sin(dx + c) + 8*a)/(\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2)) + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*(21*\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2*\cos(dx + c) + 8)*\sin(dx + c) + 48*\sqrt{2}*(a*\cos(dx + c)^4 + a*\cos(dx + c)^3)*\log(-(\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{a} - 2*\cos(dx + c) - 3)/(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2*\cos(dx + c) + 1))/\sqrt{a})/(a*d*\cos(dx + c)^4 + a*d*\cos(dx + c)^3)$

### 3.130.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)**4/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + dx)**4/sqrt(a*(cos(c + dx) + 1)), x)`

### 3.130.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)^4/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.130.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.131 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.131.1 Optimal result	1184
3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1184
3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1185
3.131.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1190
3.131.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1190
3.131.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	1191
3.131.7 Maxima [F(-1)]	1191
3.131.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1191
3.131.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1192

#### 3.131.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{31 \sin(c+dx)}{5ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{9 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{10ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{13\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10a^2d}$$

output `-1/2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-15/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)+31/5*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+9/10*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-13/10*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d`

#### 3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(-75\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) (1+\cos(c+dx)) + 2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{20d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(a)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((-75*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + 2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(47 + 39*Cos[c + d*x] - 2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[c + d*x])/(20*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

### 3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3462, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(2a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(2a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(2a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3462}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{\cos(c+dx)(12a^2 - 13a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(12a^2 - 13a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(12a^2 - 13a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 3447 \\
\frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{12a^2 \cos(c+dx) - 13a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 13a^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 3502 \\
\frac{3 \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{13a^3 - 62a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{26a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 27
\end{array}$$

---

3.131.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{13a^3 - 62a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{26a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5a \cdot 3d} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{13a^3 - 62a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{26a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5a \cdot 3d} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow \text{3230} \\
3 \left( -\frac{75a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{124a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{26a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5a \cdot 3d} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
3 \left( -\frac{75a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{124a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{26a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5a \cdot 3d} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow \text{3128} \\
3 \left( -\frac{150a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{124a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{5a \cdot d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{26a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{6a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}
\end{array}$$

---

3.131.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 219

$$3 \left( -\frac{\frac{75\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{3a} - \frac{124a^3\sin(c+dx)}{5a\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{26a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} - \frac{6a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) - \frac{4a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (3*((-6*a*cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-26*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) - ((75*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (124*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*a))/(5*a))/(4*a^2)`

### 3.131.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3447 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3462 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.131.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( -32 \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} + 32 \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} + 75 \ln \left( \frac{4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right)}{20 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/20/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-32*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+32*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+75*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-80*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-75*ln(4*(a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a+85*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.131.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{75 \sqrt{2} (\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \log \left( -\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} \right)}{20 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/40*(75*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*(4*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 36*cos(d*x + c) + 49)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

**3.131.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.131.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`**3.131.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{75 \sqrt{2} \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{75 \sqrt{2} \log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} + \frac{10 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1) a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{32 \sqrt{2} (2 a^{\frac{17}{2}} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + a^{10} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)))}{40 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/40*(75*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 75*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 32*sqrt(2)*(2*a^(17/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 5*a^(17/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^10*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

---

3.131.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.131.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^4}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.132**       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.132.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1193  
 3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1193  
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**3.132.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{11 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{7\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6a^2d}$$

output `-1/2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+11/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-13/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+7/6*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d`

**3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(33\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) (1 + \cos(c+dx)) + 2\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)}}{12d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)}(a(1 + \cos(c+dx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`



```
output ((33*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + 2*Sqrt
[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(-19 - 12*Cos[c + d*x] + 4*Cos[c + d*x]^2))*Sin[c + d*x
])/((12*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))
```

### 3.132.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(4a-7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{4a \cos(c+dx)-7a \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{-7a^2 - 26a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 - 26a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 - 26a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{33a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{52a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{33a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{52a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
& \frac{66a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d}}{3a} - \frac{52a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{33\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{52a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.132.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - ((-14*  
Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) - ((33*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan  
h[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (52*a^2*  
Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(4*a^2)`

### 3.132.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*  
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt  
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d  
Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +  
(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(  
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e  
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]  
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3447 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.132.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 16 \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} + 8 \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} - 33 \ln \left( \frac{4 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right) \right)}{12 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $\frac{1}{12}2^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}(16(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}a^{1/2}\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+8(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}a^{1/2}\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2-33\ln(4(a^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}+a)/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2a-27a^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}+33\ln(4(a^{1/2}(a\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}+a)/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))a)/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)/a^{5/2}/\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)/(a\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}/d$

### 3.132.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{33\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2}\right)}{24(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2+2a^2d\cos(dx+c)+a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{24}(33\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\log(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2})-2a\cos(dx+c)-3a)/(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)+4\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)+a)(4\cos(dx+c)^2-12\cos(dx+c)-19)\sin(dx+c)/(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2+2a^2d\cos(dx+c)+a^2d)$

### 3.132.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.132.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.132.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 - 1)a^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{8\sqrt{2}(2a^{\frac{9}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 + 3a^{\frac{9}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}{a^6\text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(3*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 8*sqrt(2)*(2*a^(9/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*a^(9/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^6*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/d`

**3.132.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.133 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1201
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3.133.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1204
3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1205

#### 3.133.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-7/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)
*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)+2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*c
os(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(-7\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) (1 + \cos(c+dx)) + 2\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)}}{4d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)}(a(1 + \cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

```
output ((-7*sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + 2*sqrt
[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(5 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]))*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*d*sqrt[1 - Cos[c
+ d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))
```

**3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3237, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3237} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{7a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{7a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{14a \int \frac{1}{2a-\frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.133.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 219

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - ((7*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan h[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (8*a*Sin [c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])))/(4*a^2)`

### 3.133.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/( f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3237 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]**((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))),
x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(a*m - b*(2*
m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

### 3.133.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-7\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}}{4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}d$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-7*2^(1/2)*ln(2*(2*
a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
*a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.133.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2+2}\right)}{8(a^2d\cos(dx+c))^2}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/8*(7*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d
*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a))*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*
cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(
d*x + c) + a)*(4*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2
*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)
```

---

3.133.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.133.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.133.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.133.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{7\sqrt{2}\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{16\sqrt{2}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 - 1)a^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(7*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 7*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 16*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/d`

---

3.133.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^2}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.134 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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 3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1206  
 3.134.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1207  
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 3.134.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1209  
 3.134.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1209  
 3.134.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1209  
 3.134.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1210  
 3.134.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1211

#### 3.134.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+3/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

#### 3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(c + dx)}{d(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(3*ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3 - Sin[c + d*x]/2)/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

**3.134.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{2ad} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) - Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

## 3.134.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

## 3.134.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs.  $2(62) = 124$ .

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 3\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a} \right)}{4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}d}$	140

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(3*2^(1/2)*ln(2*(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a^(5/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

**3.134.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 154 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)} - \cos(dx+c)^2 + a}{\cos(dx+c)^2 + a}\right)}{8(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(3*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

**3.134.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.134.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46532 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46532, normalized size of antiderivative = 604.31

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/16*(3*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*
sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c
))*cos(3*d*x + 3*c)^2 + 27*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(2*d*x +
2*c)^2 + 27*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*(sqrt
(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
- 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(3*d*x + 3*c)^2 + 27*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/
2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) -
sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 27*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(co
s(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1
))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*sin(3*d*x + 3...

```

### 3.134.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)+1)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)+1)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^2-1)a^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c))} \Big/ 8d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(3*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c))) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)
*a^(3/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/d

```

**3.134.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.135 $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.135.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1212
3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1212
3.135.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1213
3.135.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1214
3.135.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1215
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3.135.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1216
3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1217

#### 3.135.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+1/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

#### 3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{d(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

**3.135.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {3042, 3129, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) + Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

3.135.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3128 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2/d
Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3129 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*Cos[c
+ d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n
+ 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

3.135.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( \sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a} \right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$	138

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/a^(5/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)*ln(
2*(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.135.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a}}{\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx+c) + 1}\right) - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{8(a^2 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2 d \cos(dx+c) + a^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a))*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

**3.135.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(c + d*x) + a)**(-3/2), x)`

**3.135.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15721 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15721, normalized size of antiderivative = 204.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(32*(cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + cos(d*x + c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c))*cos(3*d*x + 3*c)^2 + 96*(cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 3*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - cos(3*d*x + 3*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c))*cos(4/3*arctan2(sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c), cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)))^2 + 96*(cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 3*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - cos(3*d*x + 3*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c))*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c), cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)))^2 - 32*(cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + cos(d*x + c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c))*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)^2 + 32*(6*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 96*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 96*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 96*(cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 3*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - cos(3*d*x + 3*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) - 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 3*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)*sin(d*x + c))*sin(4/3*arctan2(sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c), cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)))^2 + 96*(cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)...`

### 3.135.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \frac{\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{\operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{\operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1) \operatorname{asgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} \right)}{8 \sqrt{ad}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(2)*(log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(sqrt(a)*d)`

**3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



**3.136** 
$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.136.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1218  
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 3.136.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1223  
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**3.136.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} - \frac{5\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d-1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-5/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.136.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(-4\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \log\left(i + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} + ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(-4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[I - \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] + 4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[I + \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] + 10*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4]] - 10*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4]] - (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4])^{(-2)} + (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4])^{(-2)})/(2*d*(a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^{(3/2)})$

### 3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(4a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(4a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3464} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} \sec(c + dx) dx - 5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.136.  $\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{10a \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2} + 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3252} \\
 & -\frac{8a \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{8\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((8*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d - (5*sqrt[2]*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/(4*a^2) - Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.136.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3464 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.136.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 289 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(5\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-4\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2}a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a+1}}{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{2}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/a^(5/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(5*2^(1/2)*
ln(2*(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-4*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-4*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2*a+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.136.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2+1}\right)}{4(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(5*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d
*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*
cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*(cos(d*x +
c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c
)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) +
8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(
d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)
```

3.136.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.136.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.136.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.136.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{|-2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)|}{2\sqrt{2}+4 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}\right)}{a} + \frac{5 \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a} - \frac{5 \log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a} - \frac{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1)a} \right)}{8\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*sqrt(2)*(4*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/a + 5*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/a - 5*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/a - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a)/(sqrt(a)*d*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))`

---

3.136.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.137 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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#### 3.137.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} + \frac{9\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d+9/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/2*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+3/2*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.137.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{9\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - 6\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{2ad\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```



output  $(9*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - 6*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + (3 + 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])* \text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]) / (2*a*d*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])])$

### 3.137.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3463, 25, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3(2a - a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{(2a - a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{2a - a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{(2a^2 - a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(2a^2 - a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3464} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx - 3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{6a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) + 2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{d} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3252}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.137.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a^2 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& 3 \left( \frac{2a \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{4a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/2*Tan[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*(-(((4*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d - (3*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d)/a) + (2*a*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2)`

### 3.137.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*\sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\sin[c + d*x]])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 3245  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^2*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*\sin[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)}), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)*(c + d*\sin[e + f*x])^n}*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*\sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerS}[2*m, 2*n] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))]$

rule 3252  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(b/f) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

rule 3463  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*\sin[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)}), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*\sin[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)*\text{Simp}[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*\sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 1/2, 0])]$

rule 3464  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*\sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

**3.137.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 566 vs.  $2(119) = 238$ .

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

method	result
default	$\sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 18\sqrt{2} \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 4a}}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right) a \left( \cos^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 12 \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2} a \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{a + \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}}{2 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \sqrt{2}} \right) \right)$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(18*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-12*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a-12*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a-9*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+6*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a+6*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)})/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)})/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$
**3.137.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs.  $2(119) = 238$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{9\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3+2\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{a}}{a\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/8*(9*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2*\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))*\sqrt{a}*\log(-(a*\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a})*\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c) - 2*a*\cos(dx + c) - 3*a)/(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2*\cos(dx + c) + 1)) + 6*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2*\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))*\sqrt{a}*\log((a*\cos(dx + c)^3 - 7*a*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a})*\sqrt{a}*(\cos(dx + c) - 2)*\sin(dx + c) + 8*a)/(\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2)) + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*(3*\cos(dx + c) + 2)*\sin(dx + c)/(a^2*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + a^2*d*\cos(dx + c))$

### 3.137.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)**2/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + dx)**2/(a*(cos(c + dx) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.137.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139280 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 5.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139280, normalized size of antiderivative = 967.22

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)^2/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(48*(sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - s
qrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)
*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + sqrt(2)*log(
2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
- 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 3*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) + 3*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos(3*d*x +
3*c)^4 + 432*(sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2
) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sq
rt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) + sqrt(2)
*log(2*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - sqrt(2)*log(2*cos(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2) - 3*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
+ sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) + 3*log(cos(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*cos...
```

### 3.137.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.137.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 (a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`



**3.138**       $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.138.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1234  
 3.138.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1234  
 3.138.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1236  
 3.138.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1241  
 3.138.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1241  
 3.138.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1242  
 3.138.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 1242  
 3.138.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 1243  
 3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1243

**3.138.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{19 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}d} - \frac{13 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{7 \tan(c+dx)}{4ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `19/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d-13/4*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-7/4*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.138.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 841, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{19 \cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left( \frac{ie^{icx}}{-1+e^{ic}} - \frac{\log\left(i-\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}-ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{d} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{19 \cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left( -\frac{ie^{icx}}{-1+e^{ic}} + \frac{\log\left(i+\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}-ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{d} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{13 \cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)}{d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}} \\
 &- \frac{13 \cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)}{d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}} \\
 &- \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-5\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + 7\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)} \\
 &+ \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(5\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + 7\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(19*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*((I*E^(I*c)*x)/(-1 + E^(I*c)) - Log[I - Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]/d))/(2*Sqrt[2]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)) + (19*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*((-I)*E^(I*c)*x)/(-1 + E^(I*c)) + Log[I + Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]/d))/(2*Sqrt[2]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)) + (13*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Log[Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] - Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4]])/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)) - (13*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Log[Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] + Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4]])/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)) - Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3/(2*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))* (Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] - Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4])^2) + Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3/(2*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))* (Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] + Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4])^2) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))* (Cos[c/2] - Sin[c/2])*(Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] - Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2])^2) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*(-5*Cos[c/2] + 7*Sin[c/2]))/(2*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))* (Cos[c/2] - Sin[c/2])*(Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] - Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2])) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))* (Cos[c/2] + Sin[c/2])*(Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] + Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2])^2) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*(5*Cos[c/2] + 7*Sin[c/2]))/(2*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))* (Cos[c/2] + Sin[c/2])*(Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] + Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]))
```

### 3.138.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{(8a-5a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

---

3.138.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(8a-5a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{2(7a^2-6a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(7a^2-6a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{7a^2-6a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(19a^3-7a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{(19a^3-7a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a}}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{19a^3-7a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{2a}}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3464}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.138.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{19a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx - 26a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a}}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{19a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 26a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{2a}}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3128

$$\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{19a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{52a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2a}}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{19a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{26\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a} \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a}}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3252

$$\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{38a^3 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{26\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a} \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a}}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

3.138.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{4a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{7a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{38a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{26\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{a} = \frac{4a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/2*(Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((4*a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) - (-1/2*((38*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d - (26*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a + (7*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/a)/(4*a^2)`

### 3.138.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 3464 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.138.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs.  $2(156) = 312$ .

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	807

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(104*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a-76*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a-76*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a-104*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+28*2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+76*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a+76*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a+26*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-22*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-19*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-19*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a+2*2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}...
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.138.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 2\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)^2+2}{a\cos(dx+c)+2}\right)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.138.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



output `1/16*(26*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 19*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(7*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.138.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.138.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: Memory limit reached. Please jump to an outer pointer, quit program and enlarge thememory limits before executing the program again.`

**3.138.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.139**  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.139.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1244  
 3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1244  
 3.139.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1245  
 3.139.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1249  
 3.139.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1250  
 3.139.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1250  
 3.139.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1250  
 3.139.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1251  
 3.139.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1251

**3.139.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{163 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{17 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{197 \sin(c+dx)}{24a^2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{95\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{48a^3d}$$

```
output -1/4*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-17/16*cos(d*x+c)^2*
sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+163/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)
*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-197/24*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d
/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+95/48*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

**3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(-978\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(379+479 \cos(c+dx)+80 \cos^2(c+dx))}{48d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}}$$

3.139.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/48*((-978*sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(379 + 479*Cos[c + d*x] + 80*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 8*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

### 3.139.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(6a-11a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(6a-11a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(6a-11a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.139.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(68a^2-95a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(68a^2-95a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{4a^2} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(68a^2-95a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3447 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{68a^2 \cos(c+dx)-95a^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{68a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-95a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3502 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{95a^3-394a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{95a^3-394a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{95a^3-394a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.139.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3230

$$\frac{\frac{489a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{788a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

3042

$$\frac{\frac{489a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{788a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

3128

$$\frac{\frac{978a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{3a} - \frac{788a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

219

$$\frac{\frac{489\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{3a} - \frac{788a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{190a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}}{4a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - ((17*a*cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((-190*a*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) - ((489*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (788*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2)`

3.139.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

## 3.139.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3447 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.139.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 128\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{a} \left( \cos^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 489\sqrt{2} \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} + 4a}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right) a \left( \cos^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 512\sqrt{2} a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{96 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^3 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/96/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(128*2^(1/2)*(a*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+489*2^(1/2)*ln(2*(
2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-512*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4-87*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2
)*a^(1/2)+6*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```



**3.139.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{489\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}\right) + 4(32\cos(dx+c)^3 - 160\cos(dx+c)^2 - 503\cos(dx+c) - 299)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)}{a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/192*(489*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*(32*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 160*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 503*cos(d*x + c) - 299)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`**3.139.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.139.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`

**3.139.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left(29\sqrt{a}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 27\sqrt{a}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1\right)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)} - \frac{128\sqrt{2}\left(a^{13/2}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + 3a^{13/2}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{a^9 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)} \cdot \frac{1}{96d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/96*(3*sqrt(2)*(29*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 27*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^3*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 128*sqrt(2)*(a^(13/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*a^(13/2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^9*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`**3.139.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^4}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.140**       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.140.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1252  
 3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1252  
 3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1253  
 3.140.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1256  
 3.140.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1257  
 3.140.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1257  
 3.140.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1258  
 3.140.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1258  
 3.140.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1258

**3.140.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{75 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{9 \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-1/4*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+13/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-75/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)+9/4*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(-150\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{16d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output ((-150*sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + Sqrt
[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(49 + 85*Cos[c + d*x] + 32*Cos[c + d*x]^2))*Sin[c + d*x
])/ (16*d*sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))
```

### 3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3498, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a-9a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a-9a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(4a-9a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3447} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{4a \cos(c+dx) - 9a \cos^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{4a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - 9a \sin^2(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.140.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3498 \\
-\frac{\int -\frac{3(13a^2 - 12a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
-\frac{3 \int \frac{13a^2 - 12a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{3 \int \frac{13a^2 - 12a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3230 \\
-\frac{3 \left( 25a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{24a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{3 \left( 25a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{24a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3128 \\
-\frac{3 \left( \frac{50a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 219 \\
-\frac{3 \left( \frac{25\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{24a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
\end{array}$$

---

3.140.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - ((-13*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*((25*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (24*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2)/(8*a^2)`

### 3.140.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3447 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3498 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*
B + b*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] + Simp[1
/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[a*A*(m + 1) + m*(b
*B - a*C) + b*C*(2*m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.140.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( -75\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) a\left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a}\left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 21}{32\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $1/32/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-75*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+64*2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+21*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)})/a^{(7/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.140.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{75\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)}{a+a\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{64(a^3d\cos^3(c+dx) + 3a^2d\cos^2(c+dx) + 3ad\cos(c+dx) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/64*(75*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\log(-a*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c) + a}*\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c) - 2*a*\cos(d*x+c) - 3*a)/(\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)) + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c) + a}*(32*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 85*\cos(d*x+c) + 49)*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^3*d)$

### 3.140.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.140.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.140.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{75 \sqrt{2} \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{75 \sqrt{2} \log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{128 \sqrt{2} \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} + \frac{2 \sqrt{2} (21 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 19 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1)^2 a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))}$$


---


$$64 d$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -1/64*(75*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(5/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c))) - 75*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(5/2)*sgn(cos(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 128*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(a^(5/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c))) + 2*sqrt(2)*(21*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 19*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2
*c))/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^(5/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/d
```

**3.140.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)
```

```
output int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)
```

---


$$3.140. \quad \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.141** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.141.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1259  
 3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1259  
 3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1260  
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 3.141.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1262  
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 3.141.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1263  
 3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1264

**3.141.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{19 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-13/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+19/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(76\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - 2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{32d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((76*sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 - 2*sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(9 + 13*Cos[c + d*x]))*Sin[c + d*x]/(32*d*sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

---

3.141. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3237, 27, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3237} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{5a-8a \cos(c+dx)}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a-8a \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a-8a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} - \frac{19 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.141.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{13a\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{8a^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - ((-19*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*d) + (13*a*sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

### 3.141.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

```
rule 3237 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]**((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))),
x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(a*m - b*(2*
m + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

### 3.141.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 19\sqrt{2} \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} + 4a}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right) a \left( \cos^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 13 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+2\sqrt{2}} \right)}{32 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^3 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}} d$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/32/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(19*2^(1/2)*ln(2*
(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-13*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*2^(
1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.141.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{19\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)}{a+a\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{64(a^3d\cos(dx+c))^3}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/64*(19*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\log(-a*\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{a})*\sin(dx + c) - 2*a*\cos(dx + c) - 3*a)/(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2*\cos(dx + c) + 1)) - 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*(13*\cos(dx + c) + 9)*\sin(dx + c))/(a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^3*d)$

### 3.141.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)**2/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.141.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)^2/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

### 3.141.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{19\sqrt{2}\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} - \frac{19\sqrt{2}\log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(13\sqrt{a}\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 - 11\sqrt{a})}{(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 - 1)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))} \frac{1}{64d}$$

---

3.141.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(19*sqrt(2)*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(5/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 19*sqrt(2)*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^(5/2)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + 2*sqrt(2)*(13*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 11*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^3*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

### 3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.142**       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.142.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1265  
 3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1265  
 3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1266  
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 3.142.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1269  
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**3.142.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{4d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{5 \sin(c + dx)}{16ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+5/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+5/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{40 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 2 \sin(c + dx) + 5 \sin(2(c + dx))}{32d(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(40*ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + 2*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(32*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`



**3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{5 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2a-\frac{a^2\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2ad} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.142.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{5 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) + Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a)`

### 3.142.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

**3.142.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 5\sqrt{2} \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} + 4a}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right) a \left( \cos^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 5 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \right)}{32 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^3 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}} d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1/32/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(5*2^{(1/2)}*\ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+5*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)})/a^{(7/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$

**3.142.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)}{a+a\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{64(a^3d\cos(dx+c))^3 - \dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1/64*(5*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\log(-\frac{a*\cos(d*x+c)}{a+a*\cos(d*x+c)})*\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c) - 2*a*\cos(d*x+c) - 3*a)/(\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x+c) + 1) + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c) + a}*(5*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^3*d)}$

**3.142.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.142.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.142.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 5\sqrt{a} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 3\sqrt{a} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) \right)}{32 \left( \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1 \right)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/32*sqrt(2)*(5*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^3*d*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

**3.142.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.143**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.143.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1271  
 3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1271  
 3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1272  
 3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1274  
 3.143.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1274  
 3.143.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1275  
 3.143.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1275  
 3.143.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1276  
 3.143.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1276

**3.143.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{4d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)}{16ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+3/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+3/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{24 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 14 \sin(c + dx) + 3 \sin(2(c + dx))}{32d(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-5/2),x]`

output `(24*ArcTanh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + 14*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(32*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

**3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {3042, 3129, 3042, 3129, 3042, 3128, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3129} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3128} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{2ad} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(-5/2), x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) + Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a)`

### 3.143.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3129 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`



**3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 3\sqrt{2} \ln \left( \frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 4a}}{\cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right) a \left( \cos^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 3 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{a \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} + 2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \right)}{32a^{\frac{7}{2}} \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^3 \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}} d$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1/32/a^{7/2}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(3*2^{1/2})*\ln(2*(2*a^{1/2}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{1/2}*a^{1/2}+2*2^{1/2}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{1/2})/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$$
**3.143.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \log \left( -\frac{a \cos(dx + c)}{a + a \cos(dx + c)} \right)}{64 (a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^3 - \dots)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1/64*(3*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\log(-a*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*\cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*(3*\cos(d*x + c) + 7)*\sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)}$$

**3.143.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(c + d*x) + a)**(-5/2), x)`

**3.143.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84332 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 14.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84332, normalized size of antiderivative = 788.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(512*((2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + (2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + cos(d*x + c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 2*cos(3*d*x + 3*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c))*cos(5*d*x + 5*c)^2 + 2560*(5*(2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 5*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 10*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (10*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 5*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - cos(5*d*x + 5*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - 5*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - 10*cos(3*d*x + 3*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c))*cos(8/5*arctan2(sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c), cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)))^2 + 10240*(5*(2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 5*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 10*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (10*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 5*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - cos(5*d*x + 5*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - 5*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - 10*cos(3*d*x + 3*c)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c))*cos(6/5*arctan2(sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c), cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)))^2 + 10240*(5*(2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 5*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 10*cos(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (10*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 5*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) - cos(5*d*x ...`

**3.143.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \frac{3 \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{3 \log(-\sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1)}{a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} - \frac{2 \left( 3 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 5 \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)}{\left( \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1 \right)^2 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))} \right)}{64 \sqrt{ad}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/64*sqrt(2)*(3*log(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 3*log(-sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)/(a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 2*(3*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^2*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/(sqrt(a)*d)`**3.143.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.144 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.144.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1277
3.144.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1277
3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1278
3.144.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1282
3.144.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1282
3.144.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1283
3.144.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1283
3.144.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1284
3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1284

#### 3.144.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d} - \frac{43\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d-1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-11/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-43/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

#### 3.144.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-32\sqrt{2} \log\left(i - \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} - ie^{i(c+dx)}\right) + 32\sqrt{2} \log\left(i + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} + ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^5*(-32*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[I - \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] + 32*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Log}[I + \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((I/2)*(c + d*x))} - I*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] + 86*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4]] - 86*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4]] - (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4])^{-4} - 11/(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4])^2 + (\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4])^{-4} + 11/(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/4] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/4])^2)/(8*d*(a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^{(5/2)})$

### 3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{(8a-3a \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(8a-3a \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{8a-3a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3457

$$\frac{\int \frac{(32a^2-11a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

---

3.144.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\int \frac{(32a^2 - 11a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\int \frac{32a^2 - 11a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\downarrow 3464 \\
\frac{32a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx - 43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\downarrow 3128 \\
\frac{86a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) + 32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 219 \\
\frac{32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{43\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3252 \\
\frac{64a^2 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{43\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
\hline
8a^2 \\
\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
\end{array}$$

---

3.144.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{64a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{43\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{8a^2\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (((64*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d - (43*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/(4*a^2) - (11*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

### 3.144.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3464 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



### 3.144.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs.  $2(119) = 238$ .

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(43\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)a\left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-32\ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2}a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a}}{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/32/a^{(7/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(43*2^{(1/2)}* \\ & \ln(2*(2*a^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & )*a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-32*\ln(4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a \\ & * \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a))*c \\ & \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a-32*\ln(-4/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}))*(2^{(1/2)}*a*c \\ & \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-2*a))*\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a+11*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*2^{(1/2)}*(a*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)})/\sin(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.144.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs.  $2(119) = 238$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{43\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3+3\cos(dx+c)^2+3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\left(a+a\cos(c+dx)\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/64*(43*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 32*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) - 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(11*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.144.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(5/2), x)`

### 3.144.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.144.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.145**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.145.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1285  
 3.145.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1285  
 3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1287  
 3.145.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1292  
 3.145.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1293  
 3.145.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1294  
 3.145.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1294  
 3.145.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 1294  
 3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1295

**3.145.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d} + \frac{115 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{4d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{15 \tan(c + dx)}{16ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{35 \tan(c + dx)}{16a^2d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `-5*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d+115/32*arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/4*tan(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-15/16*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+35/16*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.145.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 731, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{10\sqrt{2} \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{ie^{ic}x}{-1+e^{ic}} + \frac{\log\left(i-\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}-ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{d}\right)}{(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{10\sqrt{2} \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{ie^{ic}x}{-1+e^{ic}} - \frac{\log\left(i+\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}-ie^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{d}\right)}{(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}} \\
 &- \frac{115 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)}{4d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{115 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)}{4d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{\cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)^4} \\
 &+ \frac{19 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)^2} \\
 &- \frac{\cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)^4} \\
 &- \frac{19 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{4} + \frac{dx}{4}\right)\right)^2} \\
 &+ \frac{4 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)} \\
 &- \frac{4 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (10*sqrt[2]*cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*((-I)*E^(I*c)*x)/(-1 + E^(I*c)) + Log[I
- sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]/d)/(a*(1 + cos[c + d*x
]))^(5/2) + (10*sqrt[2]*cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*((I)*E^(I*c)*x)/(-1 + E^(I*c))
- Log[I + sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - I*E^(I*(c + d*x))]/d)/(a*(1 + Co
s[c + d*x]))^(5/2) - (115*cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*log[Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] - Si
n[c/4 + (d*x)/4]])/(4*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)) + (115*cos[c/2 + (d*
x)/2]^5*log[Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] + Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4]])/(4*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c +
d*x]))^(5/2)) + Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5/(8*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*(C
os[c/4 + (d*x)/4] - Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4])^4) + (19*cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5)/(8*
d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*(Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] - Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4])^2
) - Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5/(8*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*(Cos[c/4 + (d*x
)/4] + Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4])^4) - (19*cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5)/(8*d*(a*(1 + Cos
[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*(Cos[c/4 + (d*x)/4] + Sin[c/4 + (d*x)/4])^2) + (4*cos[c/
2 + (d*x)/2]^5)/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*(Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] - Sin[
c/2 + (d*x)/2])) - (4*cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5)/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2
)*(Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2] + Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]))
```

### 3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 25, 3042, 3464, 3042, 3128, 219, 3252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{5(2a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{4d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5 \int \frac{(2a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{4d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

---

3.145.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
5 \int \frac{2a - a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3457 \\
5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(14a^2 - 9a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(14a^2 - 9a^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{14a^2 - 9a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3463 \\
5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(16a^3 - 7a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \int \frac{(16a^3 - 7a^3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042
\end{array}$$

---

3.145.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{16a^3 - 7a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3464

$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{16a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} \sec(c+dx) dx - 23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3128

$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{46a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 219

---

3.145.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{23\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{a}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3252

$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{32a^3 \int \frac{1}{a - \frac{a^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{23\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$5 \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{32a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{23\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{3a \tan(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*Tan[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*((-3*a*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (-(((32*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d - (23*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/a) + (14*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a^2)))/(8*a^2)`

## 3.145.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3128 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3252 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b*c + a*d - d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
  Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 3464 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A
*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(B*c
- A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.145.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs.  $2(145) = 290$ .

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(230\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) \left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - 160 \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2}a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{a}}{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

3.145.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(230*2^(1/2)*ln(2*(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a-160*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a-160*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a-115*2^(1/2)*ln(2*(2*a^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*a)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+70*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+80*ln(4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a+80*ln(-4/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)))*(2^(1/2)*a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*a))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a-15*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-2*2^(1/2)*(a*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2^(1/2))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.145.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs.  $2(145) = 290$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{115\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 3\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/64*(115*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*log(-(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*a*cos(d*x + c) - 3*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 80*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*log((a*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 7*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*a)/(cos(d*x + c)^3 + cos(d*x + c)^2)) + 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(35*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 55*cos(d*x + c) + 16)*sin(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^3*d*cos(d*x + c))
```

---

3.145.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.145.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.145.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.145.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 (a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.146 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.146.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1296
3.146.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1297
3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1297
3.146.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1300
3.146.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1300
3.146.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1301
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3.146.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1301
3.146.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1302

#### 3.146.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{10a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{10a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2a \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 6/5*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+10/21*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+10/21*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.146.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{a(1+\cos(c+dx))\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\left(\frac{63(3\cos(c-dx-\arctan(\tan(c)))+\cos(c+dx+\arctan(\tan(c))))\csc(c)\sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}}\right)-100\cos(c+dx)}{420d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((63*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 100*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-252*Cot[c] + 115*Sin[c + d*x] + 42*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]) - 126*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(420*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$a\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)dx+a\int \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{5/2} dx + a \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{7/2} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

$$a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + a \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `a*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + a*((2*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/7`

### 3.146.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.146.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}a\left(240\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-528\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+448\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(240*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-528*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+448*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-122*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+25*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-63*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.146.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15a\cos(dx+c)^2+21a\cos(dx+c)+25a)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-25i\sqrt{2}a\text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/105*(2*(15*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*a*\cos(d*x + c) + 25*a)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c) - 25*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/d$

### 3.146.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.146.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.146.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.146.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2a \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `- (2*a*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.147 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.147.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1303
3.147.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1303
3.147.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1304
3.147.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1306
3.147.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1306
3.147.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1307
3.147.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1307
3.147.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1308
3.147.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1308

#### 3.147.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `6/5*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.147.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{9(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 20 \cos(c + dx)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((9*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 20*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + 2*Cos[c + d*x]*(-18*Cot[c] + 10*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]) - 18*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(60*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.147.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + a \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.147.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& a \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `a*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + a*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d))`

### 3.147.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.147.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a \left(24\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 28\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\right) + 15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\right) d}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a*(24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-28*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})-9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})+4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.147.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3a \cos(dx + c) + 5a)\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 5i\sqrt{2} \text{awerstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{d}$$

---

3.147.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*(3*a*cos(d*x + c) + 5*a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

### 3.147.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.147.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.147.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.147.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \frac{2a F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} \\ & \quad - \frac{2a \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(2*a*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*a*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) - (2*a*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.148 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.148.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1309
3.148.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1309
3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1310
3.148.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1312
3.148.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1312
3.148.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1313
3.148.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1313
3.148.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1313
3.148.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1314

#### 3.148.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.148.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{3(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 4 \cos(c + dx)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(a*(1 + \cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((3*(3*\cos[c - d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c]]) + \cos[c + d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c]])]*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 4*\cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[\cos[d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[\{1/4, 1/2\}, \{5/4\}, \sin[d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c]]]*\sin[c] - 4*\cos[c + d*x]*(3*\text{Cot}[c] - \sin[c + d*x]) - 6*\cos[c]*Csc[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[\{-1/2, -1/4\}, \{3/4\}, \cos[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[\sin[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c]]]^2]))/(12*d*Sqrt[\cos[c + d*x]])$

### 3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + a*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))`

### 3.148.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.148.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a \left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+ \\ & (\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.148.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2}a\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)) + i\sqrt{2}a\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

### 3.148.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = a \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `a*(Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x))`

### 3.148.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.148.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.148.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2a E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(2*a*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*a*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d)`

### 3.149 $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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#### 3.149.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d}$$

```
output 2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d
```

#### 3.149.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(-2\sqrt{\cos^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))}\sqrt{\csc^2(c)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $(a\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}*(1 + \cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(-2*\sqrt{\cos[d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c]]}]^2*\sqrt{\text{Csc}[c]^2}*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{1/4, 1/2\}, \{5/4\}, \sin[d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c]]]*\sin[c] + \tan[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\tan[c]]] - (\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{-1/2, -1/4\}, \{3/4\}, \cos[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\tan[c]]]^2]*\tan[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\tan[c]]])/\sqrt{\sin[d*x + \text{ArcTan}[\tan[c]]]^2})/(2*d)$

### 3.149.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\ & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\ & \frac{2a \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d`

### 3.149.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.149.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2} \sqrt{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)$
risch	$\frac{i\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)a\sqrt{2}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)e^{-i(dx+c)}}} - \frac{i\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e^{3i(dx+c)}+e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.149. 
$$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output 
$$-2*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.149.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i\sqrt{2}a\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i\sqrt{2}a\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/d$$

### 3.149.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = a \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(1/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.149.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.149.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.149.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2a \left( E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) \right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*a*(ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2)))/d`

**3.150** 
$$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.150.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1320  
 3.150.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1320  
 3.150.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1321  
 3.150.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1323  
 3.150.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1323  
 3.150.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1324  
 3.150.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1324  
 3.150.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1324  
 3.150.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1325

**3.150.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2a \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.150.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \left( 4 \cos(dx) \csc(c) - \frac{(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(4*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] - ((3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + 2*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.150.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.150.  $\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + a*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.150.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)] )^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.150.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

method	result
default	$\frac{2a \left( 2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \right)}{\sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$
parts	$-\frac{2a \left( -2 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \right)}{\sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*a*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))- (sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.150.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c) \text{weierst}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.150.  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.150.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = a \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(-3/2), x) + Integral(1/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x))`

### 3.150.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.150.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.150.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*a*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.151** 
$$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.151.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1326  
 3.151.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1326  
 3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1327  
 3.151.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1329  
 3.151.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1330  
 3.151.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1330  
 3.151.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1331  
 3.151.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1331  
 3.151.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1331

**3.151.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{2a \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.151.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \left( 2(3 \cos(c) + \cos(dx)) - \cos(2c + dx) + 3 \cos(c + 2dx) \right) \csc(c) - 4 \cos(c)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(2*(3*Cos[c] + Cos[d*x] - Cos[2*c + d*x] + 3*Cos[c + 2*d*x])*Csc[c] - 4*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] - (3*Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[c]*(-2*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2)*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + (3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(12*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.151.  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `a*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + a*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.151.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.151.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs. 2(127) = 254.

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a\left(12\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\right)F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}}$
parts	$- \frac{2a\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\right)F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$- \frac{2}{3} * \left( -(-2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 \right) ^ {1/2} * a / (4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 - 4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) / \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 3 * (12 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) - 2 * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ {1/2} * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ {1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ {1/2})) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 6 * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ {1/2} * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ {1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ {1/2})) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 8 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) + (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ {1/2} * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ {1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ {1/2})) + 3 * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ {1/2} * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ {1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ {1/2})) * (-2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 + \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ {1/2} / (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ {1/2} / d$$



**3.151.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 3i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2*(3*a*\cos(dx + c) + a)*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}*\sin(dx + c)/(d*\cos(dx + c)^2)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.151.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.151.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.151.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.151.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*a*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

---

3.151.  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.152**       $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.152.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{6aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \\ + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -6/5*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/
2)+2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+6/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.152.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = a \left( \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \left( \frac{3 \csc(c) \sec(c)}{5d} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{\sec(c) \sec^3(c + dx) \sin(dx)}{5d} + \frac{\sec(c) \sec^2(c + dx)(3 \sin(c) + 5 \sin(dx))}{15d} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{\sec(c) \sec(c + dx)(5 \sin(c) + 9 \sin(dx))}{15d} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \csc(c) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \sin^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))\right) \sec^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c) \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \csc(c) \sec^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left( \frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos^2(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))\right) \sin(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{1 + \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{\cos(c) \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}} \right)}{10d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output

```
a*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*((3*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/(5*d) + (Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Sin[d*x])/(5*d) + (Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(3*Sin[c] + 5*Sin[d*x]))/(15*d) + (Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]*(5*Sin[c] + 9*Sin[d*x]))/(15*d)) - ((1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]*Sin[c]*Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]])]*Sqrt[1 + Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])]/(3*d*Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]) + (3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[c]*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*(HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2)*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]) - ((Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2] + (2*Cos[c]^2*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])/(Cos[c]^2 + Sin[c]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]))/(10*d)
```

### 3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.152.  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) +$$

$$a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3116

$$a \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) +$$

$$a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) +$$

$$a \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) +$$

$$a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) +$$

$$a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

output  $a*((2*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(3*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)})) + a*((2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(5*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(5/2)}) + (3*((-2*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])))/5)$

### 3.152.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b\_)*\text{sin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^{(n + 1)})/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^{(n + 2)}), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)*\text{sin}[(e\_)+(f\_)*(x_)]^{(m\_)}*((c\_)+(d\_)*\text{sin}[(e\_)+(f\_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

### 3.152.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

method	result
default	$4\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} a \left( -\frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{12(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{1}{2})^2} + \frac{7\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{15\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}} \right)$
parts	$2a\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 24\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} - 1\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(-1/12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+7/15*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/40*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3-3/5*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-3/10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.152.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.152. 
$$\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$



output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*a*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.152.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.152.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.152.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.152.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{5d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*a*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(5*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.153 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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3.153.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1341
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#### 3.153.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{32a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{20a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{20a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{32a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{4a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2a^2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}$$

output

```
32/15*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+20/21*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+32/45*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4/7*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+20/21*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.153.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{672(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 1200 \cos\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*((672*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]) + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 1200*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-2688*Cot[c] + 1380*Sin[c + d*x] + 518*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 180*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 35*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]) - 1344*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(5040*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left( a^2 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) + 2a^2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{20a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{32a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{9d} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{32a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{20a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(32*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(15*d) + (20*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(21*d) + (20*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d) + (32*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d) + (4*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d)`

### 3.153.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^2 \left(560\left(\cos^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-960\left(\cos^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+608\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-96\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+315\sqrt{-2}\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2}\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$
parts	

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(560*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^11-960*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+608*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-96*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-205*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+75*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-168*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+93*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.153.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx = \frac{2\left(75i\sqrt{2}a^2\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-75i\sqrt{2}a^2\text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 168*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 168*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 90*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 112*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 150*a^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.153.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.153.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.153.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

---

3.153.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

**3.153.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a^2 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4a^2 \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \cos(c + dx)^{11/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{15}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{11d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `- (2*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (4*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/4], 15/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(11*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`



### 3.154 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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3.154.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1347
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3.154.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1351

#### 3.154.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{12a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{8a^2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{7d} + \frac{8a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{4a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 12/5*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+8/7*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4/5*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(
d*x+c)/d+2/7*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+8/7*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+
c)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.154.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{42(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 80 \cos(c - dx)\right)}{280 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*((42*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 80*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-168*Cot[c] + 85*Sin[c + d*x] + 28*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 5*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]) - 84*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(280*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.154.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left(a^2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 2a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{8a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{7d} + \frac{12a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} + \\ & \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{7d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(12*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (8*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(7*d) + (8*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (4*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d)`

### 3.154.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.154.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2 \left(40 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 116 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 126 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 35\sqrt{-2} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-2} \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(4 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}{3\sqrt{-2} \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$

3.154.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/35*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(40*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-116*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+126*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-39*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.154.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 10i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 10i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(10*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 10*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 21*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 14*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 20*a^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.154.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.154.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.154.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.154.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d} - \frac{4a^2 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(2*(a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/3d - (4*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.155 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.155.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1352
3.155.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1352
3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1353
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3.155.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1356

#### 3.155.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{16a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{4a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
16/5*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4/3*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.155.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{12(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 20 \cos(c - \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(a^2(1 + \cos[c + dx])^2 \sec[(c + dx)/2]^4 ((12(3\cos[c - dx] - \arctan[\tan[c]]) + \cos[c + dx + \arctan[\tan[c]]]) \csc[c] \sec[c] / \sqrt{\sec[c]^2} - 20\cos[c + dx] \sqrt{\cos[dx - \arctan[\cot[c]]]^2} \sqrt{\csc[c]^2} \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{1/4, 1/2\}, \{5/4\}, \sin[dx - \arctan[\cot[c]]]^2 \sec[dx - \arctan[\cot[c]]] \sin[c] + \cos[c + dx](-48\cot[c] + 20\sin[c + dx] + 3\sin[2(c + dx)]) - 24\cos[c] \csc[dx + \arctan[\tan[c]]] \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{-1/2, -1/4\}, \{3/4\}, \cos[dx + \arctan[\tan[c]]]^2] \sqrt{\sec[c]^2} \sqrt{\sin[dx + \arctan[\tan[c]]]^2}]) / (60d \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}))$

### 3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left(a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 2a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{16a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`



output  $(16a^2 \text{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / (5d) + (4a^2 \text{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / (3d) + (4a^2 \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} \sin[c + dx]) / (3d) + (2a^2 \cos[c + dx]^{3/2} \sin[c + dx]) / (5d)$

### 3.155.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_)+(b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.155.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2\left(-12\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+32\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-13\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}}$
parts	$-\frac{2a^2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

input `int(cos(dx+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(dx+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-4/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*(-12*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+32*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-13*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-12*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.155.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx = \frac{2\left(5i\sqrt{2}a^2\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-5i\sqrt{2}a^2\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))\right)}{\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*(5*I*\sqrt{2})*a^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c))-5*I*\sqrt{2})*a^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))-12*I*\sqrt{2})*a^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c)))+12*I*\sqrt{2})*a^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c)))-(3*a^2*\cos(d*x+c)+10*a^2)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d$$

### 3.155.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output Timed out

**3.155.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx = \int (a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.155.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx = \int (a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.155.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{2a^2 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{4a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d} \\ & \quad - \frac{2a^2 \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `(2*a^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (4*a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (4*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) - (2*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.156**       $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.156.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1357  
 3.156.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1357  
 3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1358  
 3.156.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1359  
 3.156.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1360  
 3.156.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1360  
 3.156.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1361  
 3.156.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1361  
 3.156.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1361

**3.156.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{8a^2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
4*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+8/3*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.156.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{a^2(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{3(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 8 \cos(c + dx)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*((3*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]) + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]])]*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 8*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]])*Sin[c] + 2*Cos[c + d*x]*(-6*Cot[c] + Sin[c + d*x]) - 6*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]])*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(12*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8a^2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (8*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

---

3.156.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.156.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

3.156.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 227 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 3.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

method	result
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2 \left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}   \sqrt{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

3.156.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.156.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( a^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(a^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.156.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = a^2 \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \int 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(1/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x))`

**3.156.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.156.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.156.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4a^2 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{8a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*a^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (8*a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d)`



**3.157**  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.157.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1362  
 3.157.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1362  
 3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1363  
 3.157.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1364  
 3.157.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1365  
 3.157.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1365  
 3.157.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1365  
 3.157.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1366  
 3.157.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1366

**3.157.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `4*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.157.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \csc(c + dx) \left(-3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + \cos(c + dx) \left(6 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + \cos(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output  $(-2*a^2*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*(-3*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]*(6*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(3*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4a^2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2/\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}, x]$

output  $(4*a^2*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

## 3.157.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

## 3.157.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

method	result
default	$\frac{4a^2 \left( -\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 d}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \left( -2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-4a^2 \left( -\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \left( -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + \left( \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right), 2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) \left( -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)}{\left( -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \left( 2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} d}$$

**3.157.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-2*(I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - a^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.157.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.157.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.157.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.157.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.157.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{4a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} \\ + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*a^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (4*a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.158** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.158.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1367  
 3.158.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1367  
 3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1368  
 3.158.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1369  
 3.158.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1370  
 3.158.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1371  
 3.158.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1371  
 3.158.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1371  
 3.158.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1372

**3.158.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{4a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{8a^2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-4*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+8/3*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+4*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.158.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \csc(c + dx) \left( \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 6 \cos(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \right)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 6*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - 3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( \frac{2a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} - \frac{4a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-4*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (8*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (4*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.158.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.158.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

method	result
default	$4\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2 \left(12\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 6\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))\right)$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.158. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$



output 
$$-4/3*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2/(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(12*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-6*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-4*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.158.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$-2/3*(2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (6*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^2)$$

**3.158.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.158.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.158.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.158.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (4*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.159** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.159.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1373  
 3.159.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1373  
 3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1374  
 3.159.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1375  
 3.159.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1376  
 3.159.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1376  
 3.159.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1377  
 3.159.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1377  
 3.159.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1377

**3.159.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{16a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{4a^2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{16a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `-16/5*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4/3*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+4/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+16/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.159.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \csc(c + dx) (3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 5 \cos(c + dx) (2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\dots))}{15d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*Cos[c + d*x]*(2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 3*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^2}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4a^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} - \frac{16a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{16a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-16*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (4*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (4*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (16*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.159.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$

### 3.159.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.159.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. 2(157) = 314.

Time = 7.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

method	result
default	$8\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^2 \left( -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{12\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{17\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{30\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-8*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(-1/12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+17/30*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-4/5*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))-1/80*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

3.159. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.159.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 12*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 12*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (24*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.159.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.159.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.159.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.159.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right) + 20a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{15d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(6*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2) + 20*a^2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2) + 30*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(15*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

---

3.159.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



### 3.160 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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3.160.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1379
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#### 3.160.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{68a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{44a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{44a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{68a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{6a^3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2a^3 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}$$

```
output 68/15*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+44/21*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+68/45*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+6/7*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+44/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.160.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{1428(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 2640 \cos\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*((1428*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 2640*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-5712*Cot[c] + 2910*Sin[c + d*x] + 1022*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 270*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 35*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]) - 2856*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2])/ (10080*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left( a^3 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{44a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{68a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{9d} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{68a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{44a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(68*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(15*d) + (44*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(21*d) + (44*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d) + (68*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d) + (6*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (2*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d)`

### 3.160.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.160.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{315\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} a^3 \left(560\left(\cos^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 600\left(\cos^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 212\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 66\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 12\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

3.160.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(560*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^11-600*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+212*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+66*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-430*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+165*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-357*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+192*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.160.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 165i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 165i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(165*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 165*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 357*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 357*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 135*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 238*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 330*a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.160.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.160.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.160.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.160.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \right)}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{2 \left( \frac{33a^3 \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{5a^3 \cos(c+dx)^{11/2} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} \right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{15}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{77d}$$

$$- \frac{2a^3 \cos(c+dx)^{9/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{3d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

$$- \frac{104a^3 \cos(c+dx)^{11/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{19}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{385d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

```
output (2*(a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))
)/(3*d) - (2*((33*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1
/2) - (5*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))*hyp
ergeom([1/2, 11/4], 15/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(77*d) - (2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(9
/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*(sin(c
+ d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (104*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/
2, 11/4], 19/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(385*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))
```

### 3.161 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1385
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3.161.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1389

#### 3.161.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{28a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{52a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{6a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
28/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+52/21*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+6/5*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+52/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.161.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(1+\cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{294(3\cos(c-dx-\arctan(\tan(c)))+\cos(c+dx+\arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c)\sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 520 \cos\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*((294*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]) + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 520*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-1176*Cot[c] + 535*Sin[c + d*x] + 126*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]) - 588*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(1680*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$



$$\int \left( a^3 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{52a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{28a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(28*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (52*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(21*d) + (52*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d) + (6*a^3*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*a^3*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d)`

### 3.161.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.161.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^3 \left(120 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 432 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 602 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 105 \sqrt{-2} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{105 \sqrt{-2} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

3.161.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(120*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-432*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+602*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-208*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+65*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.161.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 65i\sqrt{2}a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i \sin(dx+c)) - 65i\sqrt{2}a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - i \sin(dx+c)) \right)}{(-2\sin^4(\frac{dx+c}{2}) + \sin^2(\frac{dx+c}{2}))^{1/2} \sin(\frac{dx+c}{2}) (2\cos^2(\frac{dx+c}{2}) - 1)^{1/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 63*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 130*a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.161.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.161.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`**3.161.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.161.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(a^3 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} - \frac{6a^3 \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{2a^3 \cos(c+dx)^{9/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(2*(a^3*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/d - (6*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.162** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.162.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1390  
 3.162.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1390  
 3.162.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1391  
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 3.162.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1393  
 3.162.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1393  
 3.162.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1394  
 3.162.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1394  
 3.162.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1394

**3.162.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{36a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{4a^3 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
36/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.162.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{a^3(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \left( \frac{9(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 20 \cos(c + \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*((9*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]) + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]])]*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 20*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-36*Cot[c] + 10*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)]) - 18*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(40*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.162.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( a^3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{36a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output (36*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (4*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2
])/d + (2*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (2*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/
2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)
```

### 3.162.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(
x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e +
f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.162.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^3\left(-4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+14\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-6\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2a^3\operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2} \sqrt{2}\right)}{d}-\frac{2a^3\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\frac{-4/5*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^3*(-4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+14*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-6*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.162.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{-2/5*(5*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (a^3*\cos(d*x + c) + 5*a^3)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c))/d$$

### 3.162.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.162. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



**3.162.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.162.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.162.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx &= \frac{6a^3 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{4a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} \\ &+ \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\ &- \frac{2a^3 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(6*a^3*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (4*a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/d - (2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.163** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.163.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1395  
 3.163.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1395  
 3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1396  
 3.163.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1397  
 3.163.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1398  
 3.163.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1398  
 3.163.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1399  
 3.163.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1399  
 3.163.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1399

**3.163.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{20a^3 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+20/3*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.163.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^3 \csc(c + dx) \left( -3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} + \cos(c + dx) \right) \left( -1 + \cos(c + dx) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^3*Csc[c + d*x]*(-3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 10*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 3*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / (3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + \frac{a^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + 3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{20a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(4*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (20*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

---

3.163.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.163.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

## 3.163.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{4a^3 \left( 2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 4 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right)}{3 \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$
parts	$-\frac{2a^3 \left( -2 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}{\sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-4/3*a^3*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$

**3.163.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.163.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.163.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.163.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.163.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx &= \frac{6a^3 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{20a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{3d} \\ &+ \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} \\ &+ \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(6*a^3*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (20*a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.164** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.164.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1400  
 3.164.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1400  
 3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1401  
 3.164.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1402  
 3.164.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1403  
 3.164.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1404  
 3.164.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1404  
 3.164.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1404  
 3.164.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1405

**3.164.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{4a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{20a^3 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+20/3*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+6*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.164.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^3 \csc(c + dx) \left(\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 9 \cos(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a^3*Csc[c + d*x]*(Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 9*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - Cos[c + d*x]^2*(9*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( \frac{3a^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{20a^3 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} - \frac{4a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-4*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (20*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (6*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`



3.164.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

3.164.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

method	result
default	$4\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^3 \left(18\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2a^3 \left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.164. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output 
$$\frac{-4/3*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^3/(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(18*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-10*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-6*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-10*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.164.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*(5*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*a^3*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (9*a^3*\cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^2) \end{aligned}$$

**3.164.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.164.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.164.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.164.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(a^3 E(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 2) + 3a^3 F(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 2))}{d} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(a^3*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 3*a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2)))/d + (6*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.165** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.165.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1406  
 3.165.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1406  
 3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1407  
 3.165.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1408  
 3.165.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1409  
 3.165.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1409  
 3.165.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1410  
 3.165.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1410  
 3.165.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1410

**3.165.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{36a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{4a^3 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{36a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-36/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+36/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.165.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^3 \csc(c + dx) (\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx))) + 5 \cos(c + dx) (\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^3*Csc[c + d*x]*(Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*Cos[c + d*x]*(Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))) * Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) / (5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( \frac{3a^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{36a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{36a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-36*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (4*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (36*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.165.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

## 3.165.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

## 3.165.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs.  $2(157) = 314$ .

Time = 7.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

method	result
default	$16\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^3 \left( \frac{7\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}}{10\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}}{16\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-16*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(7/10*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-1/16*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2-9/10*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-9/20*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))-1/160*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$

---

3.165. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.165.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (18*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.165.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.165.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.165.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.165.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx &= \frac{2 a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} \\ &+ \frac{6 a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2 a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2 a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{5 d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (6*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(5*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.166** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.166.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1412  
 3.166.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1413  
 3.166.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1413  
 3.166.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1414  
 3.166.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1415  
 3.166.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1416  
 3.166.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1416  
 3.166.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1416  
 3.166.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1417

**3.166.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{28a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{52a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{28a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-28/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+52/21*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/7*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+6/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+52/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+28/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.166.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^3 \csc(c + dx) (5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 7 \cos(c + dx) (3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\dots))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a^3*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/4, 1/2, -3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*Cos[c + d*x]*(3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*Cos[c + d*x]*(Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))) * Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) / (35*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))`

**3.166.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{52a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d} - \frac{28a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{28a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(-28*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (52*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(21*d) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (6*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (52*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (28*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.166.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.166.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs. 2(179) = 358.

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
default	$- \frac{16 \sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a^3} \left( - \frac{13 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{168 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{53 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{105 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

3.166.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-16*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(-13/168
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+53/105*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/448*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-
7/10*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-7/20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2))) - 3/160*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.166.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 65i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 65i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) + 147 \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 147 \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) - (294 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 130 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 63 a^3 \cos(dx + c) + 15 a^3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)} / (d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/105*(65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInve
rse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)
^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(
d*x + c))) - 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weier
strassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (294*a^3*cos(d*x +
c)^3 + 130*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 63*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 15*a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*
x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

---

3.166.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.166.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.166.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`**3.166.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.166.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^3 \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7} + \frac{6a^3 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{5} + \frac{2a^3 \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin}{d \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `((2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-7/4, 1/2], -3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/7 + (6*a^3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/5 + 2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2) + 2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`



### 3.167 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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3.167.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1419
3.167.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1419
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3.167.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1421
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3.167.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1423

#### 3.167.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{128a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{904a^4 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{231d} + \frac{904a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{231d} + \frac{128a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{150a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{77d} + \frac{8a^4 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d} + \frac{2a^4 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{11d}$$

output `128/15*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+904/231*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+128/45*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+150/77*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+8/9*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/11*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+904/231*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.167.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(-108480 \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))} \sqrt{\csc^2(c)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \right.\right.}{\left.\left. \right.\right)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(-108480*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-236544*Cot[c] + 122610*Sin[c + d*x] + 45584*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 14445*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3080*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 315*Sin[5*(c + d*x)]) + (59136*Sec[c]*(-2*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + (3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(443520*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.167.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

---

3.167.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

$$\int \left( a^4 \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) + 6a^4 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{904a^4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{231d} + \frac{128a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{11d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{9d} + \frac{150a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{77d} + \frac{128a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{904a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{231d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(128*a^4*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(15*d) + (904*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(231*d) + (904*a^4*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(231*d) + (128*a^4*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d) + (150*a^4*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(77*d) + (8*a^4*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d) + (2*a^4*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(11*d)`

### 3.167.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

**3.167.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 15.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
default	$8\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}a^4\left(5040\left(\cos^{13}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-5320\left(\cos^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1740\left(\cos^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+326\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -8/3465*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(5040*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^13-5320*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^11+1740*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9
+326*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+678*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-4465*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^3+1695*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3696*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2001*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.167.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx =$$

$$2\left(3390i\sqrt{2}a^4\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-3390i\sqrt{2}a^4\text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)\right)$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3465*(3390*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I*\sin(dx + c)) - 3390*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - \\ & I*\sin(dx + c)) - 7392*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I*\sin(dx + c))) + 7392*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I*\sin(dx + c))) \\ & - (315*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 1540*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3375*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4928*a^4*\cos(dx + c) + 6780*a^4)*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)*\sin(dx + c)}/ \\ & d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.167.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.167.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.167.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.167.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx \\ &= \frac{2a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} \\ & \quad - \frac{8a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{4a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{8a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{11/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{15}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{11d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{2a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{13/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{4}; \frac{17}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{13d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `(2*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) - (8*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (4*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (8*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/4], 15/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(11*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(13/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 13/4], 17/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(13*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.168 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.168.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1424
3.168.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1425
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3.168.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1429

#### 3.168.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{152a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{32a^4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{7d} + \frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{122a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{8a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2a^4 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}$$

output  $152/15*a^4*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})/d+32/7*a^4*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})/d+122/45*a^4*\cos(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d+8/7*a^4*\cos(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*a^4*\cos(d*x+c)^{(7/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d+32/7*a^4*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

**3.168.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(1+\cos(c+dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{3192(3\cos(c-dx-\arctan(\tan(c)))+\cos(c+dx+\arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}}\right) - 5760 \cos(c)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*((3192*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 5760*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-12768*Cot[c] + 6120*Sin[c + d*x] + 1778*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 360*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 35*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]) - 6384*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2])/ (20160*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$



$$\int \left( a^4 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 6a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{32a^4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{7d} + \frac{152a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{9d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{122a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{32a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{7d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(152*a^4*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(15*d) + (32*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(7*d) + (32*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (122*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d) + (8*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (2*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d)`

### 3.168.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.168.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

---

3.168.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

method	result
default	$-\frac{8\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{315\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\right)}} a^4 \left(280\left(\cos^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-120\left(\cos^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+34\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+72\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-8/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(280*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^11-120*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+34*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+72*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-485*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+180*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-399*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+219*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.168.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx = \frac{2\left(360i\sqrt{2}a^4\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-360i\sqrt{2}a^4\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(360*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)+I*sin(d*x+c))-360*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)-I*sin(d*x+c))-798*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4,0,weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)+I*sin(d*x+c)))+798*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4,0,weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)-I*sin(d*x+c)))-(35*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^3+180*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^2+427*a^4*cos(d*x+c)+720*a^4)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d`

**3.168.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.168.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`**3.168.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.168.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 3a^4 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + 4a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + 4a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \right)}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{2 \left( \frac{66a^4 \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{17a^4 \cos(c+dx)^{11/2} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} \right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{15}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{77d}$$

$$- \frac{8a^4 \cos(c+dx)^{9/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

$$- \frac{208a^4 \cos(c+dx)^{11/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{19}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{385d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

```
output (2*(3*a^4*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 4*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2)
+ 4*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) - (2*((66*a^4*cos(c + d*x)
^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2) - (17*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*
sin(c + d*x))/(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))*hypergeom([1/2, 11/4], 15/4, cos(c +
d*x)^2))/(77*d) - (8*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2,
9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (208*a^4*cos(c
+ d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/4], 19/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/
(385*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))
```

**3.169**       $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.169.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1430  
 3.169.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1430  
 3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1431  
 3.169.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1432  
 3.169.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1433  
 3.169.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1433  
 3.169.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1434  
 3.169.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1434  
 3.169.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1434

**3.169.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{64a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{136a^4 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{94a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 64/5*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+136/21*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+8/5*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*s
in(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+94/21*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.169.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\frac{672(3 \cos(c - dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) + \cos(c + dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - 1360 \cos\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*((672*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 1360*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-2688*Cot[c] + 955*Sin[c + d*x] + 168*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]) - 1344*Cos[c]*Csc[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(3360*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( a^4 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 6a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{136a^4 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{64a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{94a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

---

3.169.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$

```
output (64*a^4*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (136*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2,
  2])/(21*d) + (94*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d) + (8*a^4*Cos
  [c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*
  x])/(7*d)
```

### 3.169.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
  Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
  x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e +
  f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt
  Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.169.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
default	$\frac{8\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} a^4 \left(60 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 258 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 448 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -8/105*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^4*(60*\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-258*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^6+448*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-167*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+85*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & ^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-168*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{( \\ & 1/2)}))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.169.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/105*(170*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin( \\ & d*x + c)) - 170*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I* \\ & \sin(d*x + c)) - 336*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInver} \\ & \text{se}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 336*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\text{weierstrassZ} \\ & \text{eta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (1 \\ & 5*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 84*a^4*\cos(d*x + c) + 235*a^4)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*s \\ & \text{in}(d*x + c))/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.169.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.169. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



**3.169.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.169.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.169.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( 4a^4 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + 3a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + 2a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\ & \quad - \frac{8a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{2a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(4*a^4*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 3*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 2*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/d - (8*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.170**  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.170.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1436  
 3.170.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1437  
 3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1437  
 3.170.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1438  
 3.170.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1439  
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 3.170.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1440

**3.170.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{56a^4 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{32a^4 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{8a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 56/5*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+32/3*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+8/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.170.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2a^4 \csc(c + dx) \left( -15 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} + \cos(c + dx) \right) \left( -((20 + 3 \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx))^2 \right) + 80 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right] \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} + 33 \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right] \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} \right)}{(15d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^4*Csc[c + d*x]*(-15*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-(20 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2) + 80*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 33*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(15*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left( a^4 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + \frac{a^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + 6a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

---

3.170.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{32a^4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{56a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(56*a^4*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (32*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (8*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (2*a^4*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)`

### 3.170.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.170.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$\frac{8a^4 \left( 6 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 26 \left( \sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 19 \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 20 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)} - 15 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.170. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output 
$$\frac{8/15*a^4*(6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-26*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+19*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-20*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+21*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### 3.170.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/15*(40*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 40*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 42*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 42*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (3*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 20*a^4*\cos(d*x + c) + 15*a^4)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.170.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.170. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.170.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.170.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.170.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx &= \frac{12 a^4 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{32 a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3 d} \\ &+ \frac{8 a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3 d} \\ &+ \frac{2 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}^2} \\ &- \frac{2 a^4 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7 d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(12*a^4*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (32*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (8*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (2*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`



**3.171** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.171.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1442  
 3.171.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1442  
 3.171.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1443  
 3.171.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1444  
 3.171.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1445  
 3.171.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1445  
 3.171.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1445  
 3.171.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1446  
 3.171.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1446

**3.171.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{40a^4 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `40/3*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+8*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.171.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = 2a^4 \csc(c + dx) \left( -\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} + \cos(c + dx) \right) \left( -12 \text{Hy} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^4*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + Cos[c + d*x]*(-12*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 19*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 4*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))))/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.171.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( a^4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + \frac{4a^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + 4a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{40a^4 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(40*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

---

3.171.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.171.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

## 3.171.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 291 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 8.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
default	$8\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} a^4 \left( 2\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 14(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2}} \right) + 3(4(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})))$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{8}{3} * (-(-2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * a ^ 4 / (4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 - 4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) / \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 3 * (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 6 - 14 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) + 10 * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 7 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) - 5 * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2))) * (-2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 + \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) / (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) / d$$

**3.171.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 10i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 10i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(10*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 10*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + a^4)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.171.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.171.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

---

3.171.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.171.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.171.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( 12 a^4 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + 19 a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{8 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ & \quad + \frac{2 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(12*a^4*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 19*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^4*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (8*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.172** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.172.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{56a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{32a^4 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{66a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-56/5*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+32/3*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+8/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+66/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.172.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^4 \csc(c + dx) \left(3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 5 \cos(c + dx) \left(-4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^4*Csc[c + d*x]*(3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - 5*Cos[c + d*x]*(-4*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(-18*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 12*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))) * Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) / (15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.172.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3236

$$\int \left( \frac{6a^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{32a^4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} - \frac{56a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{66a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

```
output (-56*a^4*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (32*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2,
2])/(3*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (8*a^4*Sin[c
+ d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (66*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]])
```

### 3.172.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3236 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e +
f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.172.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. 2(157) = 314.

Time = 8.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

method	result
default	$32\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^4 \left( \frac{41\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{60\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} - 7\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.172. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$



output  $-32*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^4*(41/60*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-7/20*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))-1/24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2-33/40*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}-1/320*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.172.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $-2/15*(40*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 40*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 42*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 42*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (99*a^4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 20*a^4*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^4)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)*\sin(d*x + c)}/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^3)$

**3.172.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.172.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.172.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.172.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( a^4 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) + 4 a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) \right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left( \frac{34 a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} \right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{8 a^4 \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{3d \cos(c+dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

$$- \frac{8 a^4 \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{7}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(a^4*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 4*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*((34*a^4*sin(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (a^4*sin(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)))*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(5*d) + (8*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (8*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 7/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(15*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.173** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.173.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1454  
 3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1454  
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 3.173.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1458

**3.173.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{64a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{136a^4 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{94a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{64a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-64/5*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+136/21*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/7*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+8/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+94/21*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+64/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.173.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^4 \csc(c + dx) (5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{4}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 7 \cos(c + dx) (4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\dots))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a^4*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/4, 1/2, -3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*Cos[c + d*x]*(4*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*Cos[c + d*x]*(2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))) * Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) / (35*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))`

**3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3236, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3236}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4a^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^4}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{136a^4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d} - \frac{64a^4 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{94a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\ & \frac{2a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{64a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(-64*a^4*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (136*a^4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(21*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (94*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (64*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.173.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3236 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.173.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs.  $2(179) = 358$ .

Time = 10.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
default	$32\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^4 \left( \frac{253\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{420\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}} - \frac{47\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}}{672} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(253/420
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))-47/672*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2-4/5*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-1/80*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)
^3-1/896*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.173.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/105*(170*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^4*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I*\sin(dx + c)) - 170*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^4*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I*\sin(dx + c)) + 336*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^4*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I*\sin(dx + c))) - 336*I*\sqrt{2})*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^4*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I*\sin(dx + c))) - (672*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 235*a^4*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 84*a^4*\cos(dx + c) + 15*a^4)*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)*\sin(dx + c)}/(d*\cos(dx + c)^4) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.173.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.173.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`



**3.173.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.173.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx &= \frac{2 a^4 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} \\ &+ \frac{8 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{4 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{8 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{5 d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2 a^4 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7 d \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*a^4*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (8*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (4*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (8*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(5*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^4*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-7/4, 1/2], -3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.174**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.174.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1459  
 3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1460  
 3.174.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1463  
 3.174.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1463  
 3.174.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1464  
 3.174.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1464  
 3.174.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1464  
 3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1465

**3.174.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{21E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5ad} - \frac{5 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3ad} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3ad} + \frac{7 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5ad} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
21/5*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d-5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+7/5*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))-5/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.174.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\left(63(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+63(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)+25e^{i(c+dx)}}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)$$

---

3.174.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2 * ((2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[2] * (63*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}) + 63*(-1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -\text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] + 25*\text{E}^{(I*(c + d*x))} * (-1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -\text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}])) / (d*\text{E}^{(I*(c + d*x))} * (-1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}) / \text{E}^{(I*(c + d*x))}]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] * \text{Csc}[c] * (15 + 10*\text{Cos}[d*x] * \text{Sin}[c]^2 - 6*\text{Cos}[c] * (-8 + \text{Cos}[2*d*x] * \text{Sin}[c]^2) + 30*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2] * \text{Sin}[c/2] * \text{Sin}[(d*x)/2] + 5*\text{Sin}[2*c] * \text{Sin}[d*x] - 3*\text{Cos}[2*c] * \text{Sin}[c] * \text{Sin}[2*d*x])) / d) / (15 * a * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))$

### 3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3246, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3246} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a - 7a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a - 7a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{\int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (5a - 7a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.174.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5a \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx - 7a \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx - 7a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 7a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 7a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 7a \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 7a \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

---

3.174.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
output -((Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))) - (5*a*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) - 7*a*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(2*a^2)
```

### 3.174.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3246 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b) Int[(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*d*(n - 1) - a*c*n + (b*c*(n - 1) - a*d*n)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

---

3.174.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

### 3.174.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(25F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)+63E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)+48\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8-56\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-30\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+23\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{15a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(25*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+63*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))+48*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-56*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-30*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+23*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.174.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(6\cos(dx+c)^2-4\cos(dx+c)-25)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-25(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)-i\sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-63(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+i\sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))-63(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+i\sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)))-63(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+i\sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c)))}{a*d*\cos(dx+c)+a*d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$1/30*(2*(6*\cos(d*x+c)^2-4*\cos(d*x+c)-25)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)-25*(-i*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)-i*\sqrt{2})*\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+i*\sin(d*x+c))-25*(i*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)+i*\sqrt{2})*\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-i*\sin(d*x+c))-63*(-i*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)+i*\sqrt{2})*\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+i*\sin(d*x+c)))-63*(i*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)+i*\sqrt{2})*\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-i*\sin(d*x+c))))/(a*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a*d)$$

---

3.174. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.174.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.174.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.174.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`



**3.175**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.175.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1466  
 3.175.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1466  
 3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1467  
 3.175.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1470  
 3.175.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1470  
 3.175.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1471  
 3.175.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1471  
 3.175.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1471  
 3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1472

**3.175.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{3E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{ad} + \frac{5 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3ad} + \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d-cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))+5/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.175.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(9(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+9(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)+5e^{i(c+dx)}}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)$$

---

3.175.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(9*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 9*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c]*(3 + 6*Cos[c] + 2*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c]^2 + 6*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[c/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2] + Sin[2*c]*Sin[d*x])/d)/(3*a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3246, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3246} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (3a - 5a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (3a - 5a \cos(c+dx)) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (3a - 5a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.175.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 5a \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{3a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 5a \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& -\frac{3a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{3a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& -\frac{\frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& -\frac{\frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - 5a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) - ((6*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d - 5*a*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(2*a^2)`

---

3.175.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.175.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3246 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*d*(n - 1) - a*c*n + (b*c*(n - 1) - a*d*n)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

**3.175.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(5F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)+9E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(5*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+9*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))-8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+18*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-7*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$
**3.175.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2\cos(dx+c)+5)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-5(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{a*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a*d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

$$1/6*(2*(2*\cos(d*x+c)+5)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)-5*(I*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sqrt{2})*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c))-5*(-I*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sqrt{2})*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c)))-9*(I*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sqrt{2})*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c)))-9*(-I*\sqrt{2}*\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sqrt{2})*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))))/(a*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a*d)$$

---

3.175.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.175.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.175.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.175.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.176**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.176.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{3E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{ad} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/d-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/d-sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.176.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.  
 Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \left( 3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},-e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)+e^{i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}$$

---

3.176.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2 * ((2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[2] * (3*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}) + 3*(-1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -\text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] + \text{E}^{(I*(c + d*x))} * (-1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -\text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}]) / (d * \text{E}^{(I*(c + d*x))} * (-1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}) / \text{E}^{(I*(c + d*x))}] - (2 * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] * (2 * \text{Cot}[c] + \text{Csc}[c] + \text{Sec}[c/2] * \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2] * \text{Sin}[(d*x)/2])) / d) / (a * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))$

### 3.176.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3246, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3246} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{a - 3a \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{a - 3a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{a - 3a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.176.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 3a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 3a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{\frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-1/2*((-6*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/a^2 - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.176.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3246 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*d*(n - 1) - a*c*n + (b*c*(n - 1) - a*d*n)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.176.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) + 3E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) + a\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\right)}{d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.176.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + (-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{1}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.176.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`

**3.176.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.176.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.176.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.177 $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.177.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{ad} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{ad} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.177.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)}+(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)+e^{i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + (-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(Csc[c] + Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2]))/d)/(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.177.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3248, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3248} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a-a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.177.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} - \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((-2*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/(2*a^2) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.177.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



```
rule 3248 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d*(n/(a*b)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(n - 1)*(a - b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] &
& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[
2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.177.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) + E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{a \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(Elliptic
F(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.177.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) - i \sqrt{2}) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + (i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c))}{a}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `1/2*((-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.177.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`

### 3.177.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.177.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{a\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.177.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.178**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))}} dx$

3.178.1 Optimal result	1485
3.178.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1485
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**3.178.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))}} dx = \frac{E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{ad} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d-sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.178.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))}} dx = \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) - e^{i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{2ic})}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}$$

---

3.178.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + (-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) - (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(Csc[c] + Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/d)/(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3247, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3247} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{\cos(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.178.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{\frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `((2*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/(2*a^2) - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.178.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3247 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d/(a*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*(a*n - b*(n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.178.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) + a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\right)}{a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.178.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + (i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

---

3.178.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.178.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)+\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2) + sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)/a`

### 3.178.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`



**3.178.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.179** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$$

3.179.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1491  
 3.179.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1491  
 3.179.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1492  
 3.179.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1495  
 3.179.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1495  
 3.179.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1496  
 3.179.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1496  
 3.179.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1497  
 3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1497

**3.179.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx = -\frac{3E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{ad} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{ad} + \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.179.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx = \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\left(3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) - e^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{a(1 + \dots)}$$

3.179. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(((-2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) - E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))] + ((2*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 3*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.179.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3247, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3247} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{3a-a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a-a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a-a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.179.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx && \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \frac{3a \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3a \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{3a \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{3a \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-(Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + 3*a*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(2*a^2)`

## 3.179.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3116 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3247 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d/(a*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*(a*n - b*(n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

**3.179.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

method	result
default	$\frac{-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{a \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 3E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(-\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF} \\ & (\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})-3*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)}))+6*(-2 \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-5*( \\ & -2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/ \\ & a/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/ \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$
**3.179.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3\cos(dx+c)+2)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) + (i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))^2 + i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)}{\text{weierstrassPIn}}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)), x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(2*(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.179.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(5/2) + cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)/a`

### 3.179.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.179.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`



**3.180**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$

3.180.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1498  
 3.180.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1498  
 3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1499  
 3.180.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1502  
 3.180.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1502  
 3.180.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1503  
 3.180.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1503  
 3.180.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1504  
 3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1504

**3.180.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx = \frac{3E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{ad} + \frac{5 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3ad} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/d+5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/d+5/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)-sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))-3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.180.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx = \frac{\cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(9(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+9(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}) - 5e^{i(c+dx)})(-1)}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{\dots}$$

3.180.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(9*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 9*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] ))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))] - ((10*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 8*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 4*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 5*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 9*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2])/(4*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(3*a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3247, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)} dx$$

↓ 3247

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{5a-3a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a-3a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

---

3.180.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 3a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output  $-\frac{(\sin[c + dx]) / (d \cos[c + dx]^{3/2} (a + a \cos[c + dx])) + (5a((2 \operatorname{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / (3d) + (2 \sin[c + dx]) / (3d \cos[c + dx]^{3/2})) - 3a((-2 \operatorname{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / d + (2 \sin[c + dx]) / (d \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}))}{2a^2}$

### 3.180.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) (F x_*) , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) (G x_*) / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u_*, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\operatorname{Int}[(b_*) \sin[(c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)]^{(n_*)} , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n + 1)} / (b d (n + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(n + 2) / (b^2 (n + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3119  $\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)]} , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)]} , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3227  $\operatorname{Int}[(b_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)]^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)]) , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + f x])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + f x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3247  $\operatorname{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)]^{(n_*)} / ((a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)]) , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b^2) \cos[e + f x] * ((c + d \sin[e + f x])^{(n + 1)} / (a f (b c - a d) (a + b \sin[e + f x]))], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d / (a (b c - a d)) \operatorname{Int}[(c + d \sin[e + f x])^n * (a n - b (n + 1) \sin[e + f x]), x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2 * n] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[c, 0])$

### 3.180.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(166) = 332$ .

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} (10 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}), \sqrt{2}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2}})}{\dots}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3} * (-(-2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) / a / \cos(1/2 * d * \\ & x + 1/2 * c) / \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 3 / (4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 - 4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) \\ & ^ 2 + 1) * (-2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 + \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (10 * \cos(1/2 * d * x \\ & + 1/2 * c) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) \\ & * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 18 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * \\ & c) * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin \\ & (1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 36 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 6 - \\ & 5 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - \\ & 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) + 9 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * (\sin(1 \\ & / 2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * \\ & d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) + 44 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 - 11 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) / (2 * \cos \\ & (1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) / d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.180.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(9 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) - 2) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)} + 5(i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)^3 + i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*(9*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/((a*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.180.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) + \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(7/2) + cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)/a`

### 3.180.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.180.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}(a+a\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.181**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.181.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1505  
 3.181.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1505  
 3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1506  
 3.181.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1509  
 3.181.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1510  
 3.181.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1511  
 3.181.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1511  
 3.181.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1511  
 3.181.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1512

**3.181.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{56E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5a^2d} - \frac{5 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a^2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d} + \frac{56 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{15a^2d} - \frac{3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

```
output 56/5*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^2/d-5*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^2/d+56/15*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d-3*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.181.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc^3(c+dx) (-240 - 1186 \cos(c+dx) + 340 \cos(2(c+dx)) + 207 \cos(3(c+dx)) - 20 \cos(4(c+dx)))}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

---

3.181.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]^3*(-240 - 1186*cos[c + d*x] + 340*cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 207*cos[3*(c + d*x)] - 20*cos[4*(c + d*x)] + 3*cos[5*(c + d*x)] + 600*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2) + 1792*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2))/(120*a^2*d)`

### 3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(7a-11a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(7a-11a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(7a-11a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.181.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(45a^2-56a^2 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{6a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (45a^2-56a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{6a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{45a^2 \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx - 56a^2 \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{6a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{45a^2 \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx - 56a^2 \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 56a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 56a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 56a^2 \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.181.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{45a^2 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 56a^2 \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{18 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)}$$

$$-\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((18*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + (45*a^2*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) - 56*a^2*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.181.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.181.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.181.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{30a^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(96\left(\cos^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 352\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 120\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 150\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.181. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

output 
$$-1/30*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(96*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^{10}-352*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+120*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-150*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-336*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})+266*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-135*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+5)/a^2/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.181.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2(6\cos(dx+c)^3 - 8\cos(dx+c)^2 - 94\cos(dx+c) - 75)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - 75(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - I\sqrt{2})\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - I\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + I\sin(dx+c)) - 75(I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + I\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - I\sin(dx+c)) - 168(-I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - I\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + I\sin(dx+c))) - 168(I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2I\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + I\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - I\sin(dx+c)))}{(a^2*d*\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(dx+c) + a^2*d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$1/30*(2*(6*\cos(d*x+c)^3 - 8*\cos(d*x+c)^2 - 94*\cos(d*x+c) - 75)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c) - 75*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 - 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c) - I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x+c) + I*\sin(d*x+c)) - 75*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c) + I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x+c) - I*\sin(d*x+c)) - 168*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 - 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c) - I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x+c) + I*\sin(d*x+c))) - 168*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c) + I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x+c) - I*\sin(d*x+c))))/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^2*d)$$

**3.181.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.181.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`**3.181.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.181.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.182** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

3.182.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1513  
 3.182.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1513  
 3.182.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1514  
 3.182.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1517  
 3.182.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1518  
 3.182.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1519  
 3.182.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1519  
 3.182.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1519  
 3.182.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1520

**3.182.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{7E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} + \frac{10 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3a^2d} + \frac{10\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d} - \frac{7 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

output

```
-7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+10/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d-7/3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+10/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.182.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc^3(c+dx) (15 + 76 \cos(c+dx) - 24 \cos(2(c+dx)) - 12 \cos(3(c+dx)) + \cos(4(c+dx)))}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

---

3.182. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]^3*(15 + 76*Cos[c + d*x] - 24*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 12*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + Cos[4*(c + d*x)] - 40*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2) - 112*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2)))/(12*a^2*d)`

### 3.182.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-9a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-9a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a-9a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.182.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{14a^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - 10a^2 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{a^2} + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
 & \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((14*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + (3*((14*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d - 10*a^2*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.182.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.182.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.182.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(16\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 12\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 20\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} + 6a^2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \dots}}{\dots}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.182. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

output 
$$-1/6*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(16*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+12*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+20*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+42*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-48*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+21*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/a^2/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.182.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2(2\cos(dx+c)^2+13\cos(dx+c)+10)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-10(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2+2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{(a^2d\cos(dx+c)+a^2d)^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$1/6*(2*(2*\cos(d*x+c)^2+13*\cos(d*x+c)+10)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c)-10*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)+I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c))-10*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2-2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)-I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))-21*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)+I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c)))-21*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2-2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)-I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))))/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a^2*d)$$

**3.182.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.182.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`**3.182.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.182.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.183** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

3.183.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1521  
 3.183.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1521  
 3.183.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1522  
 3.183.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1525  
 3.183.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1525  
 3.183.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1526  
 3.183.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1526  
 3.183.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1527  
 3.183.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1527

**3.183.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{4E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} - \frac{5 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3a^2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

```
output 4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^2/d-5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^2/d-1/3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-5/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.183.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc^3(c+dx) (-6 - 46 \cos(c+dx) + 14 \cos(2(c+dx)) + 6 \cos(3(c+dx))) + 20 \text{Hypergeom}}$$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]^3*(-6 - 46*Cos[c + d*x] + 14*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 20*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2) + 64*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2)))/(12*a^2*d)`

### 3.183.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-7a \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-7a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{5a^2-12a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.183.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{5a^2 - 12a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & - \frac{5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 12a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 12a^2 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & - \frac{5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{24a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{6a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{10a^2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} - \frac{24a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{6a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (((-24*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (10*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/a^2 + (10*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))) / (6*a^2)`

3.183.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

## 3.183.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

---

3.183.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.183.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(24\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{6a^2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{6}\left(\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(24\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^6+10\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2+1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3+24\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2+1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-38\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+15\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2-1\right)/a^2/\left(-2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}/c\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3/\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)/\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}/d$$
**3.183.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2(6\cos(dx+c)+5)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)+5(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2-2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)-i\sqrt{2})}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.183.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output `-1/6*(2*(6*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 12*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 12*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.183.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.183.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.183.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.183.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.184**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.184.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1528  
 3.184.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1528  
 3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1529  
 3.184.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1532  
 3.184.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1532  
 3.184.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1533  
 3.184.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1533  
 3.184.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1534  
 3.184.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1534

**3.184.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} + \frac{2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3a^2d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

output

```
-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+2/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2
```

**3.184.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc^3(c+dx) (-2 \cos(c+dx) + \cos(2(c+dx))) + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{3a^2d}$$

---

3.184.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]^3*(-2*cos[c + d*x] + Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2) + 2*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*(Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2)))/(3*a^2*d)`

### 3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3457, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-5a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-5a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-5a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a^2-3a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.184.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 3a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 3a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & -\frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 3a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & -\frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 3a^2 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3119 \\
 & -\frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3120 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{4a^2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} - \frac{6a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) - (-(((6*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (4*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/a^2) - (6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])))/(6*a^2)`

---

3.184.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

## 3.184.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.184.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(12\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)} \left(6a^2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^6+4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+6*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-20*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+9*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)/a^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.184.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2(3\cos(dx+c)+2)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - 2(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))^2 + 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2}}{\text{weier}}$$

---

3.184.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 2*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.184.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.184.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.184.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.184.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.185**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.185.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1535  
 3.185.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1535  
 3.185.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1536  
 3.185.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1537  
 3.185.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1538  
 3.185.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1538  
 3.185.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1539  
 3.185.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1539  
 3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1539

**3.185.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3a^2d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

output `1/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+1/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2`

**3.185.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \left(-\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} + \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{3a^2d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(3*a^2*d)`

---

3.185.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.185.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3243} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3a^2d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]/(3*a^2*d) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

## 3.185.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3243 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

## 3.185.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 2\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}{6a^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output 
$$-1/6*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)}))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-3*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^2/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.185.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))^2 - 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2}}{6(a^2d)} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/6*((-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 - 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c) - I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x+c) + I*\sin(d*x+c)) + (I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c) + I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x+c) - I*\sin(d*x+c)) + 2*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^2*d)$$

### 3.185.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

**3.185.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.185.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.186**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}} dx$

3.186.1 Optimal result	1540
3.186.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1540
3.186.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1541
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**3.186.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}} dx = \frac{E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3a^2d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

output  $(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})/a^2/d+2/3*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})/a^2/d-\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/a^2/d/(1+\cos(d*x+c))-1/3*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^2$

**3.186.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}} dx = \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( \frac{4i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)-2e^{i(c+dx)}(-1-d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})})}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^4 * (((4*I)*\text{Sqrt}[2] * (3*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}) + 3*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] - 2 * E^{(I*(c + d*x))} * (-1 + E^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}])) / (d * E^{(I*(c + d*x))} * (-1 + E^{((2*I)*c)}) * \text{Sqrt}[(1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}) / E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] - (\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] * (7 * \text{Cos}[(c - d*x)/2] + 2 * \text{Cos}[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 3 * \text{Cos}[(c + 3*d*x)/2]) * \text{Csc}[c/2] * \text{Sec}[c/2] * \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^3) / (2*d))) / (3*a^2 * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2)$

### 3.186.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a - a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a - a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a - a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

---

3.186.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow \text{3457} \\
\frac{\int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx)a^2+2a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{\int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+2a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3227} \\
\frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a^2 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3119} \\
\frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3120} \\
\frac{\frac{4a^2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{6a^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{6a^2} - \frac{6 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((6*a^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (4*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/a^2 - (6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(6*a^2)`

## 3.186.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.186.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(12\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3-6a^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{\left(2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2-1}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{6}\left(\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(12\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^6-4\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2+1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{1/2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3+6\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2+1\right)^{1/2}\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{1/2}\right)-16\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+3\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)/a^2/\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^3/\left(-2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{1/2}/\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)/(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1)^{1/2}/d$$

### 3.186.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2(3\cos(dx+c)+4)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)+2(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))^2+2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+i\sqrt{2}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/6*(2*(3*cos(d*x + c) + 4)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.186.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)+2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)+\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(5/2) + 2*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2) + sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)/a**2`

### 3.186.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`



**3.186.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.186.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.187**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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**3.187.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{4E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} - \frac{5 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3a^2d} + \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(1+\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

```
output -4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d-5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+4*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.187.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -\frac{4i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\left(12(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+12(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},-e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)-5e^{i(c+dx)}}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2),x]
```

```
output (Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(((4*I)*Sqrt[2]*(12*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 12*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) - 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + ((29*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 19*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 31*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 5*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 12*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3)/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)
```

### 3.187.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3245

---

3.187.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{7a-3a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{7a-3a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{7a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{12a^2-5a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{12a^2-5a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx - 5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3116 \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) - 5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.187.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - 5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) - 5a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) - \frac{10a^2 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `-1/3*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-10*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-10*a^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + 12*a^2*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.187.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

**3.187.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 404 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 3.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(5F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-12E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(2*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2* \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(5*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+ \\ & 1/2*c),2^(1/2))-12*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2* \\ & c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(5*Elli \\ & pticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-12*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)) \\ & )*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-48*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/ \\ & 2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+86*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^( \\ & 1/2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-37*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 2)^(1/2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a^2/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\ & )^2-1)^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$
**3.187.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx \\ & = \frac{2(12\cos(dx+c)^2+19\cos(dx+c)+6)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-5(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3-2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/6*(2*(12*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 19*cos(d*x + c) + 6)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 12*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 12*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.187.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)+2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)+\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(7/2) + 2*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2) + cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)/a**2`

### 3.187.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`



**3.187.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.187.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2} (a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.188**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.188.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1555  
 3.188.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1556  
 3.188.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1556  
 3.188.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1560  
 3.188.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1561  
 3.188.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1562  
 3.188.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1562  
 3.188.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1562  
 3.188.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1563

**3.188.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{7E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} + \frac{10 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3a^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{7 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{7 \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(1+\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

output

```
7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+10/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/d+10/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)-7/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-7*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.188.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( \frac{4i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \left( 21(1+e^{2i(c+dx)}) + 21(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) - 10e^{i(c+dx)} \right)}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output

```
(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*((4*I)*Sqrt[2]*(21*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 21*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - 10*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) - ((82*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 65*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 68*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 37*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 53*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 10*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 21*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3)/(8*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(3*a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)
```

### 3.188.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^2} dx$$

↓ 3245

---

3.188.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-5a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-5a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(10a^2-7a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{10a^2-7a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{10a^2-7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 7a^2 \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} - \\
& \quad \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.188.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx - 7a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 7a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 7a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 7a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 7a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2), x]`

```
output -1/3*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-14*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) + (3*(10*a^2*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))) - 7*a^2*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))))/a^2)/(6*a^2)
```

### 3.188.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3116 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.188.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs. 2(198) = 396.

Time = 4.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{3 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})^3} + \frac{6\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} - 22\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} \right)$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2*(1/3*(-
2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+6*
(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-22
/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))+14*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)
/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-2/3*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+16*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.188.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(21\cos(dx+c)^3 + 32\cos(dx+c)^2 + 8\cos(dx+c) - 2)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) + 10(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c))}{(a^2\cos(dx+c)^4 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c)^3 + a^2d^2\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(2*(21*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(
cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 10*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*co
s(d*x + c)^3 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 10*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos
(d*x + c)^3 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(
d*x + c)^3 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c
)^4 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassZe
ta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^2
*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```



**3.188.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)+2\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)+\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(9/2) + 2*cos(c + d*x)**(7/2) + cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)/a**2`

**3.188.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.188.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.188.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.189**      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.189.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1564  
 3.189.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1565  
 3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1565  
 3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1570  
 3.189.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1571  
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 3.189.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1572  
 3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1573

**3.189.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{231E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{10a^3d} - \frac{21 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{2a^3d}$$

$$- \frac{21\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2a^3d} + \frac{77 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{10a^3d}$$

$$- \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{4 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$- \frac{63 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{10d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 231/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^3/d-21/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^3/d+77/10*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin
(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-4/5*cos
(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-63/10*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin
(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))-21/2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

**3.189.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \left( -((614 + 2995 \cos(c+dx)) - 766 \cos(2(c+dx)) - 1139 \cos(3(c+dx)) + 290 \right)}{160a^3d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(614 + 2995*Cos[c + d*x] - 766*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 1139*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 290*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] + 127*Cos[5*(c + d*x)] - 10*Cos[6*(c + d*x)] + Cos[7*(c + d*x)])*Csc[c + d*x]^4 + 1680*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 7040*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(160*a^3*d)`

**3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{11/2}}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3244}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{3\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(3a-5a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

---

3.189.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(3a-5a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}(3a-5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(4a^2-5a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3 \left( 7 \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(4a^2-5a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( 7 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(4a^2-5a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \int \frac{\frac{5}{2} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(9a^3-11a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3}
\end{array}$$

---

3.189.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (9a^3 - 11a^3 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} \\
 \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (9a^3 - 11a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} \\
 \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \left( 9a^3 \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx - 11a^3 \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} \\
 \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \left( 9a^3 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx - 11a^3 \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} dx \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} \\
 \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{array}$$

3.189.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \left( 9a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 11a^3 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos \frac{3}{2}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos \frac{5}{2}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{3a^2} + 8c \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \quad 10a^2$$

↓ 3042

$$3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \left( 9a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 11a^3 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos \frac{3}{2}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos \frac{5}{2}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{3a^2} + 8c \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \quad 10a^2$$

↓ 3119

$$3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{5 \left( 9a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 11a^3 \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos \frac{3}{2}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos \frac{5}{2}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{3a^2} + 8c \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \quad 10a^2$$

↓ 3120

---

3.189.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{5 \left( 9a^3 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - 11a^3 \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \right)}{2a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)}{10a^2} = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) - (3*((8*a*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + (7*((9*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + (5*(9*a^3*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) - 11*a^3*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))))/(2*a^2)))/(3*a^2)))/(10*a^2)`

### 3.189.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.189.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(64\left(\cos^{12}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 288\left(\cos^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 76\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 210\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)} 20a^3$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.189. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output `-1/20*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(64*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^12-288*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10-76*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-210*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-462*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+530*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-248*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+19*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/a^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.189.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(4\cos(dx+c)^4 - 8\cos(dx+c)^3 - 147\cos(dx+c)^2 - 238\cos(dx+c) - 105)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - 105(-\sqrt{2})\cos(dx+c)^3 - 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)) - 105(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)) - 231(-\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 - 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c))) - 231(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2})\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)))}{a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx+c) + a^3 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/20*(2*(4*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 8*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 147*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 238*cos(d*x + c) - 105)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 105*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 105*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 231*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 231*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

**3.189.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(11/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.189.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(11/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`**3.189.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(11/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{11/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.190**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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**3.190.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{119E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} + \frac{11 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{2a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{11\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2a^3d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{119 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{30d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -119/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d+11/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(
d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-2/3*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d
*x+c))^2-119/30*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))+11/2*si
n(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

### 3.190.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( (511 + 2260 \cos(c + dx) - 559 \cos(2(c + dx)) - 910 \cos(3(c + dx)) + 245 \cos(4(c + dx)) - 5 \cos(6(c + dx))) \csc(c + dx)^4 - 1320 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \cos(c + dx)^2\right] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin(c + dx)^2] - 5440 \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \cos(c + dx)^2\right] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin(c + dx)^2] \right)}{(240 a^3 d)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*((511 + 2260*Cos[c + d*x] - 559*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 910*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 245*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] + 90*Cos[5*(c + d*x)] - 5*Cos[6*(c + d*x)])*Csc[c + d*x]^4 - 1320*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 5440*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(240*a^3*d)`

### 3.190.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3244

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(7a-13a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}$$

↓ 27

---

3.190.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(7a-13a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(7a-13a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(50a^2-69a^2\cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{10a^2} + \frac{20a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(50a^2-69a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{10a^2} + \frac{20a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(119a^3-165a^3\cos(c+dx))}{a^2} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{119a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(119a^3-165a^3\cos(c+dx))}{2a^2} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{119a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(119a^3-165a^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{2a^2} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{119a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(119a^3-165a^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{2a^2} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{119a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.190.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{119a^3 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 165a^3 \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2a^2} + \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{3a^2} = \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{119a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 165a^3 \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{3a^2} = \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{119a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{3a^2} = \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{119a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{3a^2} = \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{238a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right) - 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{20a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{3a^2} = \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.190.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{238a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} - 165a^3 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{2a^2}}{3a^2} + \frac{20a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((20*a*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((119*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + (3*((238*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d - 165*a^3*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/(2*a^2))/(3*a^2))/(10*a^2)`

### 3.190.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.190.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.190.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(160\cos^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 468\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 330\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{60a^3 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.190. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/60*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(160*\cos(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^{10}+468*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+330*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*( \\ & -2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+714*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 2+1)^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-1058 \\ & *\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+474*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-47*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3)/ \\ & a^3/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\ & )^5/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.190.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2(20\cos(dx+c)^3+237\cos(dx+c)^2+376\cos(dx+c)+165)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-165(i\sqrt{2})}{(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)+a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/60*(2*(20*\cos(d*x+c)^3+237*\cos(d*x+c)^2+376*\cos(d*x+c)+165)* \\ & \text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c)-165*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^3+3*I*\text{sqrt} \\ & (2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)+I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInv} \\ & \text{erse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c))-165*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^ \\ & 3-3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2-3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)-I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{wei} \\ & \text{erstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))-357*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos \\ & (d*x+c)^3+3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)+I*\text{s} \\ & \text{qrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I \\ & *\sin(d*x+c)))-357*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)^3-3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c \\ & )^2-3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x+c)-I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierst} \\ & \text{rassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 \\ & +3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a^3*d) \end{aligned}$$

**3.190.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.190.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`**3.190.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.190.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.191**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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**3.191.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{49E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} - \frac{13 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{6a^3d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{8 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{13\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 49/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d-13/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-8/15*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-13/6*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.191.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( -((241 + 860 \cos(c + dx) - 164 \cos(2(c + dx)) - 410 \cos(3(c + dx)) + 115 \cos(4(c + dx))) \csc(c + dx)^4 + 520 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \cos(c + dx)\right]^2 \right.}{240 a^3 d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(241 + 860*Cos[c + d*x] - 164*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 410*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 115*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] + 30*Cos[5*(c + d*x)])*Csc[c + d*x]^4 + 520*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 2240*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(240*a^3*d)`

### 3.191.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3244

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-11a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}$$

↓ 27

---

3.191.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-11a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a-11a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(24a^2-41a^2\cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(24a^2-41a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{65a^3-147a^3\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} + \frac{65a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{65a^3-147a^3\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{65a^3-147a^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& - \frac{65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 147a^3 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \frac{10a^2}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.191.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 147a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{294a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{\frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{130a^3 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} - \frac{294a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{2a^2}}{3a^2} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((16*a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((-294*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (130*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/(2*a^2) + (65*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))/(3*a^2))/(10*a^2)`

**3.191.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.191.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.191.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(348\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 130\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{60a^3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}}$

3.191.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/60*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(348*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+130*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+294*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-578*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+264*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-37*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3)/a^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.191.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2(87\cos(dx+c)^2+146\cos(dx+c)+65)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)+65(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3-3i\cos(dx+c))}{(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)+a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(2*(87*cos(d*x+c)^2+146*cos(d*x+c)+65)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+65*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^3-3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^2-3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)-I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)+I*sin(d*x+c))+65*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)+I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)-I*sin(d*x+c))+147*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^3-3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^2-3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)-I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4,0,weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)+I*sin(d*x+c)))+147*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)+I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4,0,weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)-I*sin(d*x+c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*a^3*d*cos(d*x+c)+a^3*d)`

**3.191.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.191.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`**3.191.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.191.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

$$3.192 \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

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### 3.192.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{9E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{10a^3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{2a^3d}$$

$$-\frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `-9/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d+1/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d-1/5*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-2/5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+9/10*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))`

---


$$3.192. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

**3.192.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \left( (259 + 120 \cos(c+dx) + 84 \cos(2(c+dx)) - 280 \cos(3(c+dx)) + 105 \cos(4(c+dx))) \right)}{(560 a^3 d)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*((259 + 120*Cos[c + d*x] + 84*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 280*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 105*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Csc[c + d*x]^4 - 280*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 960*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(560*a^3*d)`

**3.192.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3244}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-3a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

---

3.192.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-3a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2a^2-7a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2a^2-7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^3-9a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^3-9a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^3-9a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.192.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \left( \frac{-\frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 9a^3 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 3 \left( \frac{-\frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 9a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& 3 \left( \frac{-\frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{18a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& 3 \left( \frac{-\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{10a^3 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{18a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{2a^2}}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) - (3*((4*a*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + (-1/2*((-18*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (10*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/a^2 - (9*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))/(3*a^2)))/(10*a^2)`

3.192.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

## 3.192.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

---

3.192.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.192.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(36\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)} + \frac{20a^3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{\dots}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/20*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(36*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^8+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+18*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-66*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+38*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-9*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.192.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2(9 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 12 \cos(dx + c) + 5)\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 5(i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c))^3 + 3i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)}}{\dots}$$

---

3.192.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*(2*(9*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.192.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.192.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.192.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.192.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.193**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.193.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1599  
 3.193.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1600  
 3.193.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1600  
 3.193.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1604  
 3.193.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1604  
 3.193.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1605  
 3.193.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1605  
 3.193.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1606  
 3.193.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1606

**3.193.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{6a^3d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -1/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d+1/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d-1/5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+4/15*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/10*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.193.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( (497 - 1160 \cos(c + dx) + 812 \cos(2(c + dx)) - 280 \cos(3(c + dx)) + 35 \cos(4(c + dx))) \right)}{a^3 d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/1680*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*((497 - 1160*Cos[c + d*x] + 812*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 280*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 35*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Csc[c + d*x]^4 + 280*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 320*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^3*d)`

### 3.193.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3457, 25, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{a - 7a \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.193.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{a-7a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{a-7a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{4 \cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{4 \cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{5a^3-3a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{5a^3-3a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{5a^3-3a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.193.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 3a^3 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 3a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{10a^3 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{2a^2} - \frac{6a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((-8*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) - (((-6*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (10*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/(2*a^2) + (3*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])))/(3*a^2))/(10*a^2)`

3.193.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

## 3.193.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.193.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(12\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{60a^3\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\right)}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^8+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+6*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-24*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+17*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3)/a^3/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.193.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3\cos(dx+c)^2+14\cos(dx+c)+5)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-5(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))^3+3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

---

3.193.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(2*(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 14*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.193.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.193.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.193.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.193.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.194**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.194.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1607  
 3.194.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1607  
 3.194.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1608  
 3.194.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1611  
 3.194.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1612  
 3.194.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1613  
 3.194.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1613  
 3.194.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1613  
 3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1614

**3.194.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{6a^3d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
1/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d+1/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d+1/5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/15*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/10*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.194.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \left( \frac{1}{8}(-847 + 1440 \cos(c+dx) - 532 \cos(2(c+dx)) + 35 \cos(4(c+dx))) \csc^4(c+dx) \right)}{10a^3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/210*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*((( -847 + 1440*cos[c + d*x] - 532*cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 35*cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Csc[c + d*x]^4)/8 + 35*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 40*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 7/2, 7/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^3*d)`

### 3.194.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3243} \\
 & \int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{10a^2} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a^2+4a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+4a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx)a^3+5a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx)a^3+5a^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+5a^3}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3a^3 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.194.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{10a^3 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6a^3 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} + \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((6*a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (10*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/(2*a^2) - (3*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (3*a^2) ) / (10*a^2)`

### 3.194.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3243 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.194.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(12\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 1F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{60a^3}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.194. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

```
output 1/60*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^8-10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+6*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-22*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+6*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+7*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3)/a^3/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.194.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3\cos(dx+c)^2+4\cos(dx+c)-5)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)+5(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3+3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/60*(2*(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) - 5)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c) + 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sq
rt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) +
I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^
2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d
*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos
(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0,
weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)
*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) +
I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
- I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3
*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)
```

**3.194.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^3(c+dx)+3\cos^2(c+dx)+3\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)**3 + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**3`

**3.194.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.194.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.195**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}} dx$

3.195.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1615  
 3.195.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1616  
 3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1616  
 3.195.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1620  
 3.195.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1620  
 3.195.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1621  
 3.195.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1621  
 3.195.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1622  
 3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1622

**3.195.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}} dx = \frac{9E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{2a^3d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$- \frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10d(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 9/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d+1/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/d-1/5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/
2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-2/5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c
))^2-9/10*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.195.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\frac{36(3\cos(c-dx-\arctan(\tan(c)))+\cos(c+dx+\arctan(\tan(c))))\sec(c)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(c)}} - \cos(c+dx)\right) (62 \cos$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*((36*(3*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sec[c])/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - Cos[c + d*x]*(62*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 28*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 40*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 5*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 9*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5 - (80*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])/Sqrt[Csc[c]^2] - (72*HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2)*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2])))/(40*a^3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

### 3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3245

---

3.195.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{3(3a - a \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{3a - a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{3a - a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 - 2a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 - 2a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{9 \cos(c+dx)a^3 + 5a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{9 \cos(c+dx)a^3 + 5a^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.195.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{9 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) a^3 + 5a^3}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3227

$$3 \left( \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 9a^3 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$3 \left( \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 9a^3 \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$3 \left( \frac{5a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{18a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{10a^3 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{18a^3 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]`

---

3.195.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

```
output -1/5*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3) + (3*((-
4*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((18*
a^3*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (10*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/(
2*a^2) - (9*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x]))
/(3*a^2)))/(10*a^2)
```

### 3.195.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.195.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(36\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{20a^3 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/20*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(36*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^8-10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+18*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-46*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+8*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^3/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.195.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2(9\cos(dx+c)^2 + 22\cos(dx+c) + 15)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) + 5(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

---

3.195.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(2*(9*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 22*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.195.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)+3\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)+3\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)+\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(7/2) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2) + sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)/a**3`

### 3.195.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.195.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.196**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.196.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1623  
 3.196.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1624  
 3.196.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1624  
 3.196.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1628  
 3.196.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1629  
 3.196.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1630  
 3.196.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 1630  
 3.196.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1631  
 3.196.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1631

**3.196.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{49E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} - \frac{13 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{6a^3d} + \frac{49 \sin(c+dx)}{10a^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{8 \sin(c+dx)}{15ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-49/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^3/d-13/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^3/d+49/10*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-8/15*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-13/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.196.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -\frac{4i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(147(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+147(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)-65e^{i(c+dx)}}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(((−4*I)*Sqrt[2]*(147*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 147*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) - 65*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + ((1284*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 921*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 1243*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 374*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 670*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 65*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 147*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5)/(16*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(15*a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.196.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx$$





$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{147a^3 - 65a^3 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3227} \\
& \frac{147a^3 \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042} \\
& \frac{147a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx - 65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3116} \\
& \frac{147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) - 65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042} \\
& \frac{147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) - 65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3119}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.196.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right) - 65a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{130a^3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2}$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

```
input Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]
```

```
output -1/5*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-16*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-65*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))) + ((-130*a^3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + 147*a^3*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(2*a^2)/(3*a^2)/(10*a^2)
```

**3.196.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3116 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.196.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs.  $2(213) = 426$ .

Time = 4.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

---

3.196. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

method	result
default	$-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(65F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-147E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/60*(-2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(- \\ & 2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(65*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d \\ & *x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-147*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))*\cos(1/2*d*x+ \\ & 1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+4*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+ \\ & 1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(65 \\ & *\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-147*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})) \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x \\ & +1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(65*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-147*\text{EllipticE}(\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+588*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-1634*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+1488*(-2*\sin(1/2*d \\ & *x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-439*(-2*\sin(1 \\ & /2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a^3/\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.196.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(147\cos(dx+c)^3+376\cos(dx+c)^2+295\cos(dx+c)+60)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-65(-i\sqrt{2}}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/60*(2*(147*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 376*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 295*cos(d*x + c) + 60)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 65*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 65*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 147*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 147*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^3*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.196.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)+3\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)+3\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)+\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(9/2) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**(7/2) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2) + cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)/a**3`

### 3.196.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: THROW: The catch RAT-ERR is un defined.`

**3.196.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.196.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2} (a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.197**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.197.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1632  
 3.197.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1633  
 3.197.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1633  
 3.197.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1638  
 3.197.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1639  
 3.197.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1639  
 3.197.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1640  
 3.197.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1640  
 3.197.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1640

**3.197.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{119E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{10a^3d} + \frac{11 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{2a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{2a^3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{119 \sin(c+dx)}{10a^3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$- \frac{119 \sin(c+dx)}{30d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a^3+a^3 \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
119/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^3/d+11/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^3/d+11/2*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)-1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3-2/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2-119/30*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))-119/10*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.197.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( \frac{4i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}(119(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+119(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)-55e^{i(c+dx)}}{d(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}} \right)}{1}$$

```
input Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]
```

```
output (Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(((4*I)*Sqrt[2]*(119*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 119*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - 55*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]) - ((5134*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 4148*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 4664*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 2476*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 3340*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 944*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 1620*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2] + 165*Cos[(9*c + 7*d*x)/2] + 357*Cos[(7*c + 9*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5)/(96*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)
```

### 3.197.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx$$





$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{3 \int \frac{165a^3 - 119a^3 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3227 \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{165a^3 \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 119a^3 \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx - 119a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3116 \\
 \frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 119a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

---

3.197.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 119a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \frac{10a^2}{3a^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 119a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \frac{10a^2}{3a^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 119a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^3} \frac{10a^2}{3a^2}$$

```
input Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3), x]
```

```
output -1/5*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-20*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-119*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (3*(165*a^3*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))) - 119*a^3*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(2*a^2))/(3*a^2))/(10*a^2)
```

## 3.197.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.197.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{5 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})^5} + \frac{32\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{15 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})^3} + \frac{118\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{\dots} \right)}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/a^3*(1/5*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+32/15*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+118/5*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-128/5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+238/5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-4/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+48*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.197.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2(357\cos(dx+c)^4 + 906\cos(dx+c)^3 + 695\cos(dx+c)^2 + 120\cos(dx+c) - 20)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(2*(357*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 906*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 695*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 120*cos(d*x + c) - 20)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 165*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 165*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 357*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 357*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.197.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)+3\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)+3\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)+\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(11/2) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**(9/2) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**(7/2) + cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)/a**3`

---

3.197.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

**3.197.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.197.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.197.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

### 3.198 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.198.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1641
3.198.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1642
3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1642
3.198.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1644
3.198.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1645
3.198.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1645
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3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1647

#### 3.198.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{5a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{5a \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{12d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 5/8*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+5/12*a*cos
(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*s
in(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+5/8*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.198.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(15\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\right) (14 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 3 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{48d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(15*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(14*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 3*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 2*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))) / (48*d)`

**3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + adx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3249}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + adx} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + adx} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3249}$$

---

3.198.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
& \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (5*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/4))/6`

### 3.198.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

### 3.198.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{(8 \sin(dx+c) \cos^2(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 10 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 15 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 15 \arctan(\tan(dx+c))) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{24d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

3.198.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{24}d(8\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^2(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}+10\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}+15\sin(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}+15\arctan(\tan(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c))))^{1/2})\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(dx+c))/(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}$

### 3.198.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}dx = \frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(8\cos(dx+c)^2+10\cos(dx+c)+15)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-15\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)}{24(d\cos(dx+c)+d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{24}*(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(8*\cos(d*x+c)^2+10*\cos(d*x+c)+15)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)-15*\sqrt{a}*(\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c))))/(d*\cos(d*x+c)+d)$

### 3.198.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

**3.198.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1921 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1921, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.47

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(4*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*(cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (cos(3*d*x + 3*c) - 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 6*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4)*((sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 5*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)) - (cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 3*cos(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) - 4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 15*sqrt(a)*(arctan2(-(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(...`

**3.198.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.199 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.199.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1648
3.199.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1648
3.199.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1649
3.199.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1651
3.199.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1651
3.199.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1652
3.199.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1652
3.199.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1653
3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1653

#### 3.199.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{3a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/4*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+1/2*a*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+3/4*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.199.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(3\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{8d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(3*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2])))/(8*d)`

### 3.199.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/4`

### 3.199.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

### 3.199.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$\frac{(2 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))})}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*(2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)`

### 3.199.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}(2 \cos(dx + c) + 3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 3 \sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) + 1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sin(dx + c)}\right)}{4(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.199.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.199.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1059 vs.  $2(96) = 192$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.13

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*((cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + ((cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 3*sqrt(a)*(arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))),...`

**3.199.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.200 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.200.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1654
3.200.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1654
3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1655
3.200.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1656
3.200.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1657
3.200.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1657
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3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1659

#### 3.200.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.200.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sec[(c + d*x)/2] * (Sqrt[2] * ArcSin[Sqrt[2] * Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] * Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) / (2*d)`

**3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.200.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

## 3.200.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)\left(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	108

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)`

**3.200.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)+1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - \sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{d\cos(dx+c)+d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.200.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.200.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 791 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 791, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.99

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output  $\frac{1}{4}*(2*(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*(\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - (\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))))*\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a}*(\arctan2(-(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*(\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - \cos(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*(\cos(d*x + c)*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + \sin(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) + 1) - \arctan2(-(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*(\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - \cos(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))))), (\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*(\cos(d*x + c)*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + \sin(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) - 1) - \arctan2((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{1/4}*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + \arctan2((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \dots$

### 3.200.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

$$3.201 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.201.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1660
3.201.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1660
3.201.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1661
3.201.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1662
3.201.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1662
3.201.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1663
3.201.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1663
3.201.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1664
3.201.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1664

### 3.201.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

output `2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d`

### 3.201.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2])/d`

---


$$3.201. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.201.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d`

**3.201.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

### 3.201.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 4.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	72

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^
(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))
```

### 3.201.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a} \log\left(\frac{2a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) + a \cos(dx+c) - a}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{d}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `[sqrt(-a)*log((2*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + a*cos(d*x + c) - a)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/d, -2*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/d]`

### 3.201.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.201.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan \left( (\cos(2 dx + 2 c))^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2 dx + 2 c)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(a)*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c))/d`

**3.201.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.201.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.202 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.202.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1665
3.202.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1665
3.202.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1666
3.202.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1667
3.202.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1667
3.202.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1667
3.202.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1668
3.202.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1668
3.202.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1668

### 3.202.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.202.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`



### 3.202.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

#### 3.202.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.202.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \sin(dx+c)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	42

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/d*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`**3.202.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)  
^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))`**3.202.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.202.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2))`

**3.202.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \tan(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c)}{\sqrt{\tan(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c)^4 - 6 \tan(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c)^2 + 1} d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)/(sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)*d)`

**3.202.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sin(c + d*x)*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))`

**3.203** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.203.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1669  
 3.203.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1669  
 3.203.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1670  
 3.203.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1671  
 3.203.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1672  
 3.203.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1672  
 3.203.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1672  
 3.203.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1673  
 3.203.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1673

**3.203.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+4/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.203.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))(1+2\cos(c+dx))} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(1 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

**3.203.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3251}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3250}$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.203.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

## 3.203.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(2 \cos(dx+c)+1) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{3d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	52

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{2/3/d*\sin(d*x+c)*(2*\cos(d*x+c)+1)*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)}$

**3.203.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} (2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3 (d \cos(dx + c))^3 + d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.203.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))/cos(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**3.203.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^2}{3 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot (3 \sqrt{2}) \sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c) / (\cos(dx + c) + 1) - 4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c)^3 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^3 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c)^5 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^5 \cdot (\sin(dx + c)^2 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2 / (d \cdot (\sin(dx + c) / (\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{5/2} \cdot (-\sin(dx + c) / (\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{5/2} \cdot (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^4 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4 + 1))$$

### 3.203.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt{2} \left( \left( 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 10 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 3 \right) \sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)}{3 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2} \cdot \left( (3 \tan(1/4 \cdot dx + 1/4 \cdot c)^2 - 10) \tan(1/4 \cdot dx + 1/4 \cdot c)^2 + 3 \right) \sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)) \tan(1/4 \cdot dx + 1/4 \cdot c) / \left( \tan(1/4 \cdot dx + 1/4 \cdot c)^4 - 6 \tan(1/4 \cdot dx + 1/4 \cdot c)^2 + 1 \right)^{3/2} \cdot d$$

### 3.203.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt{a} (\cos(c + dx) + 1) (\sin(c + dx) + \sin(2c + 2dx) + \sin(3c + 3dx))}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (3 \cos(c + dx) + 2 \cos(2c + 2dx) + \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`



output  $(4*(a*(\cos(c + d*x) + 1))^{(1/2)}*(\sin(c + d*x) + \sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + \sin(3*c + 3*d*x)))/(3*d*\cos(c + d*x)^{(1/2)}*(3*\cos(c + d*x) + 2*\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + \cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2))$

**3.204** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.204.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1675  
 3.204.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1675  
 3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1676  
 3.204.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1678  
 3.204.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1678  
 3.204.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1678  
 3.204.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1679  
 3.204.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1679  
 3.204.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1680

**3.204.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8/15*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/15*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.204.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))(7+4\cos(c+dx)+4\cos(2(c+dx)))} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{15d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*(7 + 4*Cos[c + d*x] + 4*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} +$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/5`

### 3.204.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

**3.204.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(8(\cos^2(dx+c))+4 \cos(dx+c)+3) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{15d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	62

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/15/d*sin(d*x+c)*(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*cos(d*x+c)+3)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)  
/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`**3.204.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} (8 \cos^2(dx + c) + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{15 (d \cos(dx + c)^4 + d \cos(dx + c)^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(8*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt  
(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`**3.204.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.204.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.204.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{25\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{17\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^3}{15d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 25*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 17*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 7*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.204.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2} \left( \left( \left( 5 \left( 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 20 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 282 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 100 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 15 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d}{15 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/15*sqrt(2)*(((5*(3*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 20)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 282)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 100)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 15)*sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)/((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(5/2)*d)`

---

3.204.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.204.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (7 \sin(c + dx) + 4 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 9 \sin(3c + 3dx) + 2 \sin(4c + 4dx) + 2 \sin(5c + 5dx))}{15 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (10 \cos(c + dx) + 8 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 5 \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx) + \cos(5c + 5dx) + 6)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `(8*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(7*sin(c + d*x) + 4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 9*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(15*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(10*cos(c + d*x) + 8*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(5*c + 5*d*x) + 6))`

**3.205** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.205.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1681  
 3.205.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1682  
 3.205.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1682  
 3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1684  
 3.205.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1685  
 3.205.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1685  
 3.205.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1685  
 3.205.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1686  
 3.205.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1686

**3.205.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{12a \sin(c+dx)}{35d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)}{35d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{32a \sin(c+dx)}{35d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/7*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+12/35*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/35*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+32/35*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



**3.205.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))(9 + 18 \cos(c + dx) + 4 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 4 \cos(3(c + dx))) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{35d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(9 + 18*Cos[c + d*x] + 4*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 4*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(35*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))`**3.205.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3251}$$

$$\frac{6}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{6}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3251}$$

---

3.205.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/5)/7`

## 3.205.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

## 3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(16(\cos^3(dx+c))+8(\cos^2(dx+c))+6 \cos(dx+c)+5) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{35d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	72

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{35} \frac{d \sin(dx+c) (16 \cos^3(dx+c) + 8 \cos^2(dx+c) + 6 \cos(dx+c) + 5) (a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{7/2}}$$

**3.205.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(16 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 8 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 6 \cos(dx + c) + 5) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{35(d \cos(dx + c)^5 + d \cos(dx + c)^4)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(16*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**3.205.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.205.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 283 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{35 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{70 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{84 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{58 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{9 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)} \right)}{35 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left( \frac{4 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{6 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{4 \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^8}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^8} \right)}$$

---

3.205.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{35}(35\sqrt{2})\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)+1) - 70\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)^3/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3 + 84\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)^5/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5 - 58\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)^7/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7 + 9\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)^9/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9 * (\sin(dx+c)^2/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2 + 1)^4 / (d(\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)+1) + 1)^{9/2} * (-\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)+1) + 1)^{9/2} * (4\sin(dx+c)^2/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2 + 6\sin(dx+c)^4/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4 + 4\sin(dx+c)^6/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6 + \sin(dx+c)^8/(\cos(dx+c)+1)^8 + 1))$$

### 3.205.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}\left(\left(\left(7\left(5\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-10\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+267\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-3684\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1869\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-350\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+35\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1\right)^{7/2}d} + 35\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{4}{35}\sqrt{2}\left(\left(\left(7\left(5\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-10\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+267\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-3684\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1869\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-350\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+35\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1\right)^{7/2}d}$$

### 3.205.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e^{-c}li-dxli}{2} + \frac{e^{c}li+dxli}{2}} + e^{c}li+dxli \sqrt{\frac{e^{-c}li-dxli}{2} + \frac{e^{c}li+dxli}{2}} + 3e^{c}2i+dx2i \sqrt{\frac{e^{-c}li-dxli}{2} + \frac{e^{c}li+dxli}{2}} + 3e^{c}3i+dx3i \sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1\right)^{7/2}d}$$

3.205. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `((a + a*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2))^(1/2)*(32i/(35*d) + (exp(c*2i + d*x*2i)*16i)/(5*d) - (exp(c*5i + d*x*5i)*16i)/(5*d) - (exp(c*7i + d*x*7i)*32i)/(35*d)))/((exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + 3*exp(c*2i + d*x*2i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + 3*exp(c*3i + d*x*3i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + 3*exp(c*4i + d*x*4i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + 3*exp(c*5i + d*x*5i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + exp(c*6i + d*x*6i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2) + exp(c*7i + d*x*7i)*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2)^(1/2))`

---

3.205.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

### 3.206 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$

3.206.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1688
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#### 3.206.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \frac{11a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{11a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{11a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{12d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `11/8*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+11/12*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+11/8*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.206.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \frac{a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(33\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\right)}{48d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(33*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(26*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 9*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 2*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(48*d)`

### 3.206.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{11 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{11}{6} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2011} \\
 & \frac{11}{6} a \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{11}{6} a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
& \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\
& \frac{11}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.206.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (11*a*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/4)/6`

### 3.206.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

### 3.206.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$\frac{(8 \sin(dx+c) (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 22 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 33 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 33 \arctan(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{24d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24/d*(8*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+22*sin
(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+33*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*
x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+33*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
)^(1/2)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*
x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a
```

### 3.206.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(8a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 22a \cos(dx+c) + 33a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)} + a \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 24(d \cos(dx+c) + d)}{24(d \cos(dx+c) + d)}$$

---

3.206.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*((8*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 22*a*cos(d*x + c) + 33*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 33*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*arc tan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

### 3.206.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.206.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1942 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1942, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.14

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(4*(a*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (a*cos(3*d*x + 3*c) - a)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*sqrt(a) + 6*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4))*((3*a*sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 11*a*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)) - (3*a*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 5*a*cos(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) - 8*a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 33*(a*arctan2(-(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4))*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3...`

### 3.206.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.206.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.207 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.207.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1696
3.207.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1696
3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1697
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#### 3.207.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{7a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{7a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `7/4*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+7/4*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.207.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(7\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\right)}{8d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output  $(a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*(7*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(6*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))) / (8*d)$

### 3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3242$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{7}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a^2 + a^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow 2011$$

$$\frac{7}{4}a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{7}{4}a \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow 3249$$

$$\frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

---

3.207.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a + a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{7}{4}a \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x]/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (7*a*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]))])/4`

### 3.207.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(v_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m+n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

### 3.207.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$\frac{(2 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7 \arctan(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))})}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{4}d*(2*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}+7*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}+7*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}))*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*a$

### 3.207.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(2a\cos(dx+c)+7a)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-7(a\cos(dx+c)+a)}{4(d\cos(dx+c)+d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}*((2*a*\cos(d*x+c)+7*a)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)-7*(a*\cos(d*x+c)+a)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c))))/(d*\cos(d*x+c)+d)$

### 3.207.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c+d*x)+1))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c+d*x)), x)`

**3.207.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1080 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1080, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*((a*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) * sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (a*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 6*a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) * cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + (a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - a*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + (a*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 6*a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 6*a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) * sqrt(a) + 7*(a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) * sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) * sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) * cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) * sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) * sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) * sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*...`

**3.207.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.207.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

$$3.208 \quad \int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.208.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1703
3.208.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1703
3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1704
3.208.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1706
3.208.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1706
3.208.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1707
3.208.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1707
3.208.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	1708
3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1708

### 3.208.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `3*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.208.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{a \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(3\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + 2\right)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(3*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*d)`

---

3.208.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & \int \frac{3(\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2011} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{3a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(3*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (a  
^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.208.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt  
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x  
&& EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplifierQ[c + d*x  
, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +  
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x  
)^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m  
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*  
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -  
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c  
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[  
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[  
c, 0]))`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)  
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co  
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E  
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

---

3.208.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



### 3.208.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 13.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(3 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 3 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (1+\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(3*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*a`

### 3.208.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 3(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a}}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

### 3.208.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.208.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 803 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 803, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.71

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*(a*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (a*cos(d*x + c) - a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a) + 3*(a*arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + 1) - a*arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*...`

**3.208.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.209** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.209.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1709  
 3.209.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1709  
 3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1710  
 3.209.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1712  
 3.209.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1712  
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 3.209.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1714  
 3.209.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1714

**3.209.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.209.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] + 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - 2a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{2a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output  $(2a^{3/2} \text{ArcSin}[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin[c + dx]}{\sqrt{a + a \cos[c + dx]}}]) / d + (2a^2 \sin[c + dx]) / (d \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} \sqrt{a + a \cos[c + dx]})$

### 3.209.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 223  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\sqrt{a})] / \text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3241  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]]^m * ((c_*) + (d_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)])^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b^2)(b*c - a*d) \cos[e + f*x] * (a + b \sin[e + f*x])^{m-2} * ((c + d \sin[e + f*x])^{n+1} / (d*f*(n+1)*(b*c + a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 / (d*(n+1)*(b*c + a*d)) \text{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + f*x])^{m-2} * (c + d \sin[e + f*x])^{n+1} * \text{Simp}[a*c*(m-2) - b*d*(m-2*n-4) - (b*c*(m-1) - a*d*(m+2*n+1)) \sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + 1/2] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))]$

rule 3253  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]} / \sqrt{(d_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/f \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{1 - x^2/a}], x], x, b * (\cos[e + f*x] / \sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f*x]})], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d, a/b]$

**3.209.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$\frac{2\left(\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + \sin(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{a}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2)+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))+sin(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*a`

**3.209.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - (a \cos(dx + c))^2 + a \cos(dx + c)\right)}{d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2*(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - (a*cos(d*x + c))^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.209.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

---

3.209.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### 3.209.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 997 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 997, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.12

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) *cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c),...`



**3.209.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.209.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.210** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.210.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1715  
 3.210.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1715  
 3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1716  
 3.210.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1717  
 3.210.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1718  
 3.210.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1718  
 3.210.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1718  
 3.210.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1719  
 3.210.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1719

**3.210.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.210.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (1 + 5 \cos(c + dx)) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(1 + 5*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

---

3.210. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{2}{3} a \int -\frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{2 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{5}{3} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5}{3} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3250} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{10a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (10*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.210.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.210.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

## 3.210.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(5 \cos(dx+c)+1) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a}{3d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	53

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3/d*sin(d*x+c)*(5*cos(d*x+c)+1)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*a`

---

3.210. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.210.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(5a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3(d \cos(dx + c))^3 + d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/3*(5*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`**3.210.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`**3.210.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{5\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right)}{3d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/3*(3*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 5*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/2))`

---

3.210.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.210.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.210.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (5 \sin(c + dx) + 2 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 5 \sin(3c + 3dx) + \dots)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (3 \cos(c + dx) + 2 \cos(2c + 2dx) + \cos(3c + 3dx) + \dots)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*a*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(5*sin(c + d*x) + 2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*sin(3*c + 3*d*x)))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2))`

**3.211** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.211.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1720  
 3.211.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1720  
 3.211.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1721  
 3.211.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1723  
 3.211.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1723  
 3.211.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1724  
 3.211.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1724  
 3.211.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1724  
 3.211.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1725

**3.211.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{6a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{12a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+6/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+12/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.211.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (4 + 3 \cos(c + dx) + 3 \cos(2(c + dx))) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*(4 + 3*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

---

3.211. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.211.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{2}{5} a \int -\frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{9}{5} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{9}{5} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{9}{5} a \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{9}{5} a \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3250} \\ & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\ & \frac{9}{5} a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (9*a*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/5`

### 3.211.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3251 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e
+ f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Sim
p[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

### 3.211.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c) (6 \cos^2(dx+c) + 3 \cos(dx+c) + 1) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a}{5d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	63

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/5/d*sin(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*cos(d*x+c)+1)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/
(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*a
```

### 3.211.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(6a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{5(d \cos(dx + c)^4 + d \cos(dx + c)^3)}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/5*(6*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*s
qrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**3.211.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.211.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{5\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{10\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{7\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} \right)}{5 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/5*(5*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 10*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 7*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 1))`**3.211.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

---

3.211.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.211.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4a \sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (8 \sin(c + dx) + 6 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 11 \sin(3c + 3dx) + 3 \sin(4c + 4dx) + 3 \sin(5c + 5dx))}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (10 \cos(c + dx) + 8 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 5 \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx) + \cos(5c + 5dx) + 6)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(4*a*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(8*sin(c + d*x) + 6*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 11*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(5*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(10*cos(c + d*x) + 8*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(5*c + 5*d*x) + 6))`

**3.212** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.212.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1726  
 3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1726  
 3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1727  
 3.212.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1730  
 3.212.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1730  
 3.212.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1730  
 3.212.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1731  
 3.212.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1731  
 3.212.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1732

**3.212.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{26a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{35d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{104a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{105d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{208a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{105d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2/7*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+26/35*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+104/105*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+208/105*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}(41 + 117 \cos(c + dx) + 26 \cos(2(c + dx))) + 26 \cos(3(c + dx))}{105d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

---

3.212. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*(41 + 117*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 26*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)] + 26*\text{Cos}[3*(c + d*x)])*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/(105*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(7/2)})$

### 3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3241

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{2}{7}a \int -\frac{13\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{2 \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{13}{7}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{13}{7}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{13}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{13}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{13}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{13}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{13}{7}a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (13*a*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/5)/7`

## 3.212.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`



**3.212.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(104 \cos^3(dx+c)+52(\cos^2(dx+c)+39 \cos(dx+c)+15) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a}{105d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	73

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/105/d*sin(d*x+c)*(104*cos(d*x+c)^3+52*cos(d*x+c)^2+39*cos(d*x+c)+15)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*a`**3.212.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 (104 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 52 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 39 a \cos(dx + c) + 15 a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c)}}{105 (d \cos(dx + c)^5 + d \cos(dx + c)^4)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/105*(104*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 52*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 39*a*cos(d*x + c) + 15*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`**3.212.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.212.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.212.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{105 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{245 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{273 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{171 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right)}{105 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/105*(105*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 245*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 273*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 171*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 38*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.212.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 233.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87931, normalized size of antiderivative = 546.16

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `134217728/105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*c)^8 + 14*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*c)^6 - 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c)^7 + 6*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*c)^8 + 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c)^5 - 84*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*c)^6 + 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c)^7 - tan(1/2*c)^8 - 14*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*c)^2 + 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c)^3 - 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c)^5 + 14*tan(1/2*c)^6 + tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4 - 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c) + 84*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*c)^2 - 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c)^3 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2 + 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c) - 14*tan(1/2*c)^2 + 1)*(((((((((((((((((-26*I*a*e^(1055/2*I*c) - 10504*I*a*e^(1053/2*I*c) - 2116556*I*a*e^(1051/2*I*c) - 283618504*I*a*e^(1049/2*I*c) - 28432755026*I*a*e^(1047/2*I*c) - 2274620402080*I*a*e^(1045/2*I*c) - 151262256738489*I*a*e^(1043/2*I*c) - 8600339740332756*I*a*e^(1041/2*I*c) - 426791859624382434*I*a*e^(1039/2*I*c) - 18778841824711012321*I*a*e^(1037/2*I*c) - 741764252188078830689*I*a*e^(1035/2*I*c) - 26568646859265646058950*I*a*e^(1033/2*I*c) - 870123185139944470654786*I*a*e^(1031/2*I*c) - 26237560685859258651673169*I*a*e^(1029/2*I*c) - 732777588939374143249503406*I*a*e^(1027/2*I*c) - 19052217362358251291769232228*I*a*e^(1025/2*I*c) - 463207036476152149238073238832*I*a*e^(1023/2*I*c) - 10572019483402811301975746281474*I*a*e^(1021/2*I*c) - 227298420835979818145918471098570*I*a*e^(1019/2*I*c) - 4617746921046245570620730707402520*I*a*e^(1017/2*I*c) ...`

### 3.212.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{91 a \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} - 35 a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\frac{315 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{315 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \cos\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{105 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8}}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `(91*a*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2) - 35*a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2) + 26*a*sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/((315*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (315*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/8 + (105*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/8 + (105*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2))/8)`

### 3.213 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.213.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1733
3.213.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1733
3.213.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1734
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3.213.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1739
3.213.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1739
3.213.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1740

#### 3.213.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{163a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64d} + \frac{163a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{64d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{163a^3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{96d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{17a^3 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

```
output 163/64*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+163/96*
a^3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+17/24*a^3*cos(d*x
+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+163/64*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*
x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a
+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.213.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (7(89 + 28 \cos(c + dx)) + 3 \cos(2(c + dx))) \text{Hypergeo}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output  $((a*(1 + \cos[c + d*x]))^{5/2}*\sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(7*(89 + 28*\cos[c + d*x] + 3*\cos[2*(c + d*x)])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1/2, 7/2, 2*\sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2] - 24*(3 + \cos[c + d*x])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, 3/2, 9/2, 2*\sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\sin[c + d*x]^2 - 6*\csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{-1/2, 3/2, 2\}, \{1, 9/2\}, 2*\sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\sin[c + d*x]^4*\tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)$

### 3.213.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3242$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (17 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 13a^2) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (17 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 13a^2) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a} (17 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^2 + 13a^2) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3460} \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3249} \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3249} \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3253}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{163}{6} a^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \downarrow \text{223} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{17a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} + \frac{163}{6} a^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((17*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (163*a^2*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/4))/6)/8`

### 3.213.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3242 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x
])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[
c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

```
rule 3460 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a +
b*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b
*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]
```

### 3.213.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
default	$\frac{(48 \sin(dx+c)(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+184 \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+326 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+48 \sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})}{192d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

---

3.213.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$



input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{192d} \left( 48 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} + 184 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} + 326 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} + 489 \sin(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} + 489 \arctan \left( \tan(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} \right) \right) \left( a(1+\cos(dx+c)) \right)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} / (1+\cos(dx+c)) / \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} a^2$

### 3.213.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(48a^2 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 184a^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 326a^2 \cos(dx+c) + 489a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a}}{192(d \cos(dx+c) + d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{192} \left( (48a^2 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 184a^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 326a^2 \cos(dx+c) + 489a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 489(a^2 \cos(dx+c) + a^2) \sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)} \right) \right) / (d \cos(dx+c) + d)$

### 3.213.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**3.213.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7450 vs.  $2(168) = 336$ .

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7450, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.25

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/768*(10*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*((3*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + (a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + (a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 3*(2*a^2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 2*(a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*cos(3/4*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + (a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) + (8*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 8*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 3*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 32*(a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 32*(a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))^2 + 2*(16*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 19*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*a^2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + ...`

**3.213.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.213.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

**3.213.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.214 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.214.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.1741
3.214.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	.1741
3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1742
3.214.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1745
3.214.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1745
3.214.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	.1746
3.214.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.1746
3.214.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	.1747
3.214.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	.1748

#### 3.214.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{25a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{25a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{13a^3 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{12d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 25/8*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+13/12*a^3
*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+25/8*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x
+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.214.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (7(89 + 28 \cos(c + dx)) + 3 \cos(2(c + dx))) \text{Hypergeo}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(7*(89 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/2, 7/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2] - 8*(3 + Cos[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - 2*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/2, 3/2, 2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^4*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)`

### 3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a(13 \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 9a^2)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a(13 \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 9a^2)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a\left(13 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) a^2 + 9a^2\right)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.214.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a + a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3460} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{75}{4} a^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx} + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{75}{4} a^2 \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx} + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3249} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{75}{4} a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{75}{4} a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{75}{4} a^2 \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d} + \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{75}{4} a^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.214.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((1  
3*a^3*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (7  
5*a^2*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d  
+ (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])))/4)/6`

### 3.214.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt  
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +  
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x  
)^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m  
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*  
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -  
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c  
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[  
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[  
c, 0]))`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (  
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])  
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(  
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,  
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.214.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{(8 \sin(dx+c) (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 34 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 75 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 75 \arctan(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{24d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24/d*(8*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+34*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+75*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+75*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2`

### 3.214.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(8 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 34 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 75 a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{24 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

---

3.214.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*((8*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 34*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 75*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 75*(a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

### 3.214.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.214.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1964 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1964, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.28

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(4*(a^2*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (a^2*cos(3*d*x + 3*c) - a^2)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*sqrt(a) + 30*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4))*((a^2*sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 5*a^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)) - (a^2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 3*a^2*cos(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) - 4*a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 75*(a^2*arctan2(-(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3...`

### 3.214.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.214.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.215** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.215.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1749  
 3.215.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1749  
 3.215.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1750  
 3.215.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1753  
 3.215.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1753  
 3.215.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1754  
 3.215.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1754  
 3.215.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1755  
 3.215.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1755

**3.215.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{19a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{9a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `19/4*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+9/4*a^3*  
 in(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos  
 (d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.215.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (7(89 + 28 \cos(c + dx)) + 3 \cos(2(c + dx)))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $((a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^{5/2}*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(7*(89 + 28*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 3*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 1/2, 7/2, 2*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2] + 8*(3 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 3/2, 9/2, 2*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2 + 2*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{3/2, 3/2, 2\}, \{1, 9/2\}, 2*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^4*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)$

### 3.215.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3242

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a(9 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 5a^2)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{2d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a(9 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 5a^2)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a(9 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 5a^2)}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{2d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3460 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{19}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{9a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{19}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{9a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 3253 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{19a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d} + \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{19a^{5/2} \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{d} + \frac{9a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + ((19*a^(5/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (9*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/4`

## 3.215.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.215.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$\frac{2(\cos^2(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 19 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + 11 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 19 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{4d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (1+\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+19*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))+11*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+19*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*a^2`

### 3.215.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(2 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 11 a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 19 a \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{4 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*((2*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 11*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 19*(a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`





**3.215.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.215.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.216** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.216.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1756  
 3.216.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1756  
 3.216.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1757  
 3.216.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1760  
 3.216.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1760  
 3.216.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1760  
 3.216.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1761  
 3.216.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1761  
 3.216.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1762

**3.216.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{5a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `5*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d-a^3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.216.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (7(89 + 28 \cos(c + dx)) + 3 \cos(2(c + dx)))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]`

```
output ((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(7*(89 + 28*Cos[c + d*x]
+ 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/2, 7/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^
2] + 24*(3 + Cos[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 5/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)
)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + 6*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/2, 2, 5
/2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^4)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(42
0*d)
```

### 3.216.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3241

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - 2a \int -\frac{(3a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 27

$$a \int \frac{(3a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$a \int \frac{(3a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3460

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{5}{2} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{2} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& a \left( - \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& a \left( \frac{5a^{3/2} \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + a*(5*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d - (a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.216.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.216.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(5 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(5*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+5*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+2*sin(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*a^2`

### 3.216.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 2a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 5(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 2a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `((a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*(a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.216.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.216.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.216.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 973 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 973, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.54

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*(a^2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (a^2*cos(d*x + c) - a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(a) + 5*(a^2*arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) + 1) - a^2*arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) - 1) - a^2*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + a^2*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + si...`

**3.216.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.216.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$



**3.216.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.217** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.217.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1763  
 3.217.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1763  
 3.217.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1764  
 3.217.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1767  
 3.217.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1767  
 3.217.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1768  
 3.217.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1768  
 3.217.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1769  
 3.217.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1769

**3.217.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{14a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `2*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+14/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**3.217.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 8.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \csc^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\left(256 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) {}_3F_2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}, \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}, \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}; \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}, \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*(2  
56*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[c/2  
+ (d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 + 512*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 7/2, 9/2,  
2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*(2 - 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2  
+ Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4) + (21*sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/  
2]^2]]*(15 - 10*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4))/Sqrt[Sin[c  
/2 + (d*x)/2]^2] - 14*sqrt[1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*(45 + 30*Sin[c/2 +  
(d*x)/2]^2 - 31*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 12*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6))/(672*d)`

### 3.217.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3241

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{3}a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(3 \cos(c + dx)a + 7a)}{2 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(3 \cos(c + dx)a + 7a)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}(3 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 7a)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3459

---

3.217.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3}a \left( 3a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3}a \left( 3a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{1}{3}a \left( \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{6a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
& \frac{1}{3}a \left( \frac{6a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (a*((6*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(sqrt[a]*sin[c + d*x])/sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (14*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/3`

## 3.217.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

**3.217.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$\frac{2\left(3\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)+3\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)}{3d(1+\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{2}{3}d\left(3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^2\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)+3\cos(dx+c)\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)+8\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c)\right)\left(a(1+\cos(dx+c))\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}/(1+\cos(dx+c))/\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)a^2$$
**3.217.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\left((8a^2\cos(dx+c)+a^2)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-3\left(d\cos(dx+c)\right)^3+\right)}{3\left(d\cos(dx+c)\right)^3+}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\frac{2}{3}\left(\left(8a^2\cos(dx+c)+a^2\right)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-3\left(a^2\cos(dx+c)\right)^3+a^2\cos(dx+c)^2\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)\right)/\left(d\cos(dx+c)^3+d\cos(dx+c)^2\right)$$

**3.217.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.217.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1395 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1395, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.82

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/6*(30*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)
^(3/4)*a^(5/2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) -
2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)
*((12*a^2*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*sin(2*d*x +
2*c) - 3*a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 4*(3*a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*a^2)*sin(3/
2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + (12*a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(3/2*arctan2(
sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 3*a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - a^2 + 4*(3
*a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*a^2)*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c))))*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(
a) + 3*((a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c) + a^2)*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arcta
n2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*
c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + sin(1/2*arc
tan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - (a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + a^2*sin(2*d*...
```

---

3.217.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.217.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.217.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`



**3.218** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.218.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1770  
 3.218.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1770  
 3.218.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1771  
 3.218.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1773  
 3.218.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1773  
 3.218.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1774  
 3.218.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1774  
 3.218.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1774  
 3.218.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1775

**3.218.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{22a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{86a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `22/15*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+86/15*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

**3.218.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (49 + 28 \cos(c + dx) + 43 \cos(2(c + dx))) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{15d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(a^2*sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*(49 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 43*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

---

3.218. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.218.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{5} a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(7 \cos(c + dx)a + 11a)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(7 \cos(c + dx)a + 11a)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}(7 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 11a)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3459} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} a \left( \frac{43}{3} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{22a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} a \left( \frac{43}{3} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{22a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3250} \\ & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\ & \frac{1}{5} a \left( \frac{22a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{86a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (a*((22*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (86*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/5`

### 3.218.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3459 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)
*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*
c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1]
```

### 3.218.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(43(\cos^2(dx+c))+14 \cos(dx+c)+3) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a^2}{15d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	65

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15/d*sin(d*x+c)*(43*cos(d*x+c)^2+14*cos(d*x+c)+3)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/
2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*a^2
```

### 3.218.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(43a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 14a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 3a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{15(d \cos(dx + c)^4 + d \cos(dx + c)^3)}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/15*(43*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 14*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x
+ c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x +
c)^3)
```

**3.218.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.218.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 \left( \frac{15 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{35 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{28 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{8 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right)}{15 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `8/15*(15*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 35*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 28*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 8*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2))`**3.218.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

---

3.218.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.218.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (98 \sin(c + dx) + 56 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 141 \sin(3c + 3dx) + 28 \sin(4c + 4dx) + 43 \sin(5c + 5dx))}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (10 \cos(c + dx) + 8 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 5 \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx) + \cos(5c + 5dx) + 6)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*a^2*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(98*sin(c + d*x) + 56*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 141*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 28*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 43*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(15*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(10*cos(c + d*x) + 8*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(5*c + 5*d*x) + 6))`

**3.219** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.219.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1776  
 3.219.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1776  
 3.219.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1777  
 3.219.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1780  
 3.219.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1780  
 3.219.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1781  
 3.219.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1781  
 3.219.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1781  
 3.219.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1782

**3.219.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{46a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{92a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `6/7*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+46/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+92/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)`

**3.219.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}(29 + 93 \cos(c + dx) + 23 \cos(2(c + dx))) + 23 \cos(3(c + dx))}{21d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

3.219. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $(a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos[c + dx])} (29 + 93 \cos[c + dx] + 23 \cos[2(c + dx)] + 23 \cos[3(c + dx)]) \tan[(c + dx)/2] / (21 d \cos[c + dx]^{7/2})$

### 3.219.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3241

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{7} a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(11 \cos(c + dx)a + 15a)}{2 \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(11 \cos(c + dx)a + 15a)}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a}(11 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 15a)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3459

$$\frac{1}{7} a \left( 23a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{6a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.219.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\frac{1}{7}a \left( 23a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{1}{7}a \left( 23a \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7}a \left( 23a \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} + \frac{1}{7}a \left( \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + 23a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (a*((6*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + 23*a*((2*a*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))`  
/7

## 3.219.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

```
rule 3459 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1) * (b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

### 3.219.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c) (46 \cos^3(dx+c) + 23 \cos^2(dx+c) + 12 \cos(dx+c) + 3) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a^2}{21d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	75

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/21/d*sin(d*x+c)*(46*cos(d*x+c)^3+23*cos(d*x+c)^2+12*cos(d*x+c)+3)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*a^2
```

### 3.219.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 (46 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 23 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 12 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 3 a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c)}}{21 (d \cos(dx + c)^5 + d \cos(dx + c)^4)}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/21*(46*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 23*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

---

3.219. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.219.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.219.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 \left( \frac{21 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{56 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{63 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{36 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{8 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \right)}{21 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `8/21*(21*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 56*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 63*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 36*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 1))`**3.219.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 237.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98101, normalized size of antiderivative = 609.32

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-67108864/21*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*c)^8 + 14*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*c)^6 - 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c)^7 + 6*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*c)^8 + 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c)^5 - 84*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*c)^6 + 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c)^7 - tan(1/2*c)^8 - 14*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*c)^2 + 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c)^3 - 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c)^5 + 14*tan(1/2*c)^6 + tan(1/4*d*x + c)^4 - 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^3*tan(1/2*c) + 84*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*c)^2 - 56*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c)^3 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + c)^2 + 24*tan(1/4*d*x + c)*tan(1/2*c) - 14*tan(1/2*c)^2 + 1)*((((((((((((((((((23*I*a^2*e^(1027/2*I*c) + 8970*I*a^2*e^(1025/2*I*c) + 1744665*I*a^2*e^(1023/2*I*c) + 225643340*I*a^2*e^(1021/2*I*c) + 21830993145*I*a^2*e^(1019/2*I*c) + 1685352670794*I*a^2*e^(1017/2*I*c) + 108143463042754*I*a^2*e^(1015/2*I*c) + 5932441401249090*I*a^2*e^(1013/2*I*c) + 284015632092748725*I*a^2*e^(1011/2*I*c) + 12054885718630588825*I*a^2*e^(1009/2*I*c) + 459291145959804703779*I*a^2*e^(1007/2*I*c) + 15866421411511793416437*I*a^2*e^(1005/2*I*c) + 501114476578787912641049*I*a^2*e^(1003/2*I*c) + 14570867105062952981500815*I*a^2*e^(1001/2*I*c) + 392372636365891369041933300*I*a^2*e^(999/2*I*c) + 9835474114732862868439582838*I*a^2*e^(997/2*I*c) + 230518925632259863716881504052*I*a^2*e^(995/2*I*c) + 5071416398732103030201521505627*I*a^2*e^(993/2*I*c) + 105091018637393463590223550684728*I*a^2*e^(991/2*I*c) + 20575715515593195237574330...`

### 3.219.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{35 a^2 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{63 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} - \frac{35 a^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{2} + \dots$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `(35*a^2*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2) - (35*a^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/2 + (23*a^2*sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/2)/((63*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (63*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/8 + (21*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/8 + (21*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2))/8)`

---

3.219.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.220** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.220.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1783  
 3.220.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1784  
 3.220.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1784  
 3.220.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1788  
 3.220.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1788  
 3.220.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1788  
 3.220.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1789  
 3.220.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1789  
 3.220.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1790

**3.220.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{38a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{63d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{146a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{105d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{584a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{315d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{1168a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{315d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 38/63*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+146/105*a^3
*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+584/315*a^3*sin(d*x+
c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1168/315*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/9*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)
```

**3.220.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))(727 + 698 \cos(c + dx) + 803 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 146 \cos(3(c + dx)) + 146 \cos(4(c + dx)))} + 146 \cos(3(c + dx)) + 146 \cos(4(c + dx))}{315d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(a^2*sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(727 + 698*Cos[c + d*x] + 803*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 146*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 146*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(315*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))`

**3.220.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\ & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{9} a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(15 \cos(c + dx)a + 19a)}{2 \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{9} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(15 \cos(c + dx)a + 19a)}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.220.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{9}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}(15\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+19a)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3459} \\
& \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{219}{7}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{219}{7}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
& \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{219}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{219}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
& \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{219}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.220.  $\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{219}{7}a \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d \cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{3250} \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d \cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} + \\ \frac{1}{9}a \left( \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{219}{7}a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)) + (a*((38*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (219*a*((2*a*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])) + (4*((2*a*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])) + (4*a*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))))/5)/7)/9`

### 3.220.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

**3.220.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)(584(\cos^4(dx+c))+292(\cos^3(dx+c))+219(\cos^2(dx+c))+130 \cos(dx+c)+35)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a^2}{315d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	85

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/315/d*sin(d*x+c)*(584*cos(d*x+c)^4+292*cos(d*x+c)^3+219*cos(d*x+c)^2+130*cos(d*x+c)+35)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*a^2`**3.220.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(584 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 292 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 219 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 130 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 35 a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{315 (d \cos(dx + c)^6 + d \cos(dx + c)^5)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/315*(584*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 292*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 219*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 130*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 35*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^6 + d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`**3.220.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.220.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.220.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 \left( \frac{315 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{945 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{1449 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{1287 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right)}{315 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{11/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{11/2} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} \right)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `8/315*(315*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 945*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 1449*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 1287*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 572*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9 - 104*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^11/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^11)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(11/2))*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(11/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.220.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.220.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{192 a^2 e^{\frac{c \cdot 9i}{2} + \frac{d \cdot x \cdot 9i}{2}}}{5} \right)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} e^{\frac{c \cdot 9i}{2} + \frac{d \cdot x \cdot 9i}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d \cdot x}{2}\right) + 8 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} e^{\frac{c \cdot 9i}{2} + \frac{d \cdot x \cdot 9i}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{3c}{2}\right)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((192*a^2*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(5*d) - (16*a^2*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/(3*d) + (1168*a^2*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*sin((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/(35*d) + (2336*a^2*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*sin((9*c)/2 + (9*d*x)/2))/(315*d)))/(12*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 8*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2) + 8*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2) + 2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2) + 2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*cos((9*c)/2 + (9*d*x)/2))
```

**3.221** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.221.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1791  
 3.221.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1791  
 3.221.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1792  
 3.221.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 1793  
 3.221.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1793  
 3.221.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1794  
 3.221.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1794  
 3.221.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1794  
 3.221.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1795

**3.221.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt[4]{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `4*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.221.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{3/2} \sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{d \sqrt[4]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/4),x]`

output `(2*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/4))`

**3.221.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {3042, 3241, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3241}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - 4a \int 0 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/4),x]`

output `(4*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.221.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3241 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b
*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*
d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*
c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
&& GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] ||
(IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

### 3.221.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/4),x)
```

```
output int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/4),x)
```

### 3.221.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{4}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{4}} \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*cos(d*x + c)^(3/4)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x +
c)^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))
```



**3.221.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)**(5/4), x)`

**3.221.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/4} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/4} \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^{1/4}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/4)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/4)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^(1/4))`

**3.221.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.221.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.221.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/4}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{d \cos(c + dx)^{1/4} (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/4),x)`output `(4*a*sin(c + d*x)*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))`

$$3.222 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)}} dx$$

3.222.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1796
3.222.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1796
3.222.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1797
3.222.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1798
3.222.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1798
3.222.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1799
3.222.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1799
3.222.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1800
3.222.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1800

### 3.222.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

output `2*arcsin(sin(f*x+e)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/f`

### 3.222.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(e+fx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[e + f*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[e + f*x])]*Sec[(e + f*x)/2])/f`

---


$$3.222. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)}} dx$$

**3.222.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(e + fx) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3253

$$2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{\cos(e + fx)a + a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)a + a}}\right)$$

$f$

↓ 223

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(e + fx) + a}}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[e + f*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[e + f*x]])/f`

**3.222.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

### 3.222.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(fx+e))} \arctan\left(\tan(fx+e)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}\right)}{f\sqrt{\cos(fx+e)}}$	72

```
input int((a+cos(f*x+e)*a)^(1/2)/cos(f*x+e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/f/cos(f*x+e)^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(f*x+e)))^
(1/2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)*(cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2))
```

### 3.222.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a} \log\left(\frac{2a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)} + a\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\cos(fx+e)} \sin(fx+e) + a \cos(fx+e) - a}{\cos(fx+e)+1}\right)}{f}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)} + a\sqrt{\cos(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(fx+e)}\right)}{f} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/cos(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[sqrt(-a)*log((2*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + a*cos(f*x + e) - a)/(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f, -2*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)*sqrt(cos(f*x + e))/(sqrt(a)*sin(f*x + e)))/f]`

### 3.222.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a(\cos(e + fx) + 1)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))**(1/2)/cos(f*x+e)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(e + f*x) + 1))/sqrt(cos(e + f*x)), x)`

### 3.222.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan \left( (\cos(2fx + 2e)^2 + \sin(2fx + 2e)^2 + 2 \cos(2fx + 2e) + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2fx + 2e)) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/cos(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(a)*arctan2((cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)) + sin(f*x + e), (cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)) + cos(f*x + e))/f`

**3.222.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(fx + e) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(fx + e)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/cos(f*x+e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)/sqrt(cos(f*x + e)), x)`

**3.222.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(e + f*x))^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(e + f*x))^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.223**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e+fx)}} dx$

3.223.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1801  
 3.223.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1801  
 3.223.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1802  
 3.223.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1803  
 3.223.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1803  
 3.223.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1804  
 3.223.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1804  
 3.223.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1805  
 3.223.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1806

**3.223.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

output

```
-2*arcsin(sin(f*x+e)*a^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/f
```

**3.223.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\cos(e+fx)}\right) \sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)} \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right)}{f \sqrt{1+\cos(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[e + f*x]],x]
```

output

```
(2*ArcSin[Sqrt[-Cos[e + f*x]]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[e + f*x]]*Cot[(e + f*x)/2])/
(f*Sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]])
```



**3.223.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{-\sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}} d \frac{a \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[e + f*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[e + f*x]])/f`

**3.223.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.223.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx$

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

### 3.223.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \sqrt{-a(\cos(fx+e)-1)} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}\right) (\cot(fx+e)+\csc(fx+e))}{f\sqrt{-\cos(fx+e)}}$	83

```
input int((a-cos(f*x+e)*a)^(1/2)/(-cos(f*x+e))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/f*(-cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-a*(cos(f*x+e)-1))^(1/2)*arctan((-
cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)/(-cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+
e)))
```

### 3.223.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a} \log \left( \frac{4 \sqrt{-a \cos(fx+e)+a} (2 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 3 \cos(fx+e) + 1) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{-\cos(fx+e)} - (8 a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 8 a \cos(fx+e) + a) \sin(fx+e)}{\sin(fx+e)} \right)}{2 f} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a-a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(-cos(f*x+e))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas"
)
```

output `[1/2*sqrt(-a)*log((4*sqrt(-a*cos(f*x + e) + a)*(2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*cos(f*x + e) + 1)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(-cos(f*x + e)) - (8*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a*cos(f*x + e) + a)*sin(f*x + e))/sin(f*x + e))/f, sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(-a*cos(f*x + e) + a)*sqrt(-cos(f*x + e))*(2*cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/f]`

### 3.223.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a (\cos(e + fx) - 1)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(f*x+e))**(1/2)/(-cos(f*x+e))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a*(cos(e + f*x) - 1))/sqrt(-cos(e + f*x)), x)`

### 3.223.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 420 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$


---


$$\sqrt{-a} \left( \log \left( 4 \sqrt{\cos(2fx + 2e)^2 + \sin(2fx + 2e)^2 + 2 \cos(2fx + 2e) + 1} \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2fx + 2e)) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(-cos(f*x+e))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-a)*(log(4*sqrt(cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1))^2 + 4*sqrt(cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1))^2 + 8*(cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)) + 4) - log(cos(f*x + e)^2 + sin(f*x + e)^2 + sqrt(cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1))^2) + 2*(cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(f*x + e)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)) + sin(f*x + e)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*f*x + 2*e), cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 1)))))/f`

### 3.223.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2} + \frac{2\left(2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}fx + \frac{1}{4}e\right)^4 + 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}fx + \frac{1}{4}e\right)^2 - 1}\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}fx + \frac{1}{4}e\right)^2 - 3}\right)\right)}{f} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)\right)$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(-cos(f*x+e))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*sqrt(a)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2) + 2*(2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(-tan(1/4*f*x + 1/4*e)^4 + 6*tan(1/4*f*x + 1/4*e)^2 - 1)))/(tan(1/4*f*x + 1/4*e)^2 - 3))*sgn(sin(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e))/f`

**3.223.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int((a - a*cos(e + f*x))^(1/2)/(-cos(e + f*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - a*cos(e + f*x))^(1/2)/(-cos(e + f*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.224**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.224.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1807  
 3.224.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1807  
 3.224.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1808  
 3.224.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1812  
 3.224.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1812  
 3.224.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1813  
 3.224.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1813  
 3.224.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1813  
 3.224.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1814

**3.224.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{7 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
7/4*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctan(1/2
*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/
2)/d/a^(1/2)+1/2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/4*
sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.224.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) + 8 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) - 4\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right) - 2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{4d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

---

3.224.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/4*((ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]] + 8*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]] - 4*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] - 2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.224.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3462, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3462}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.224.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -\frac{a^2-7a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-7a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-7a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3461 \\
& \frac{8a^2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 7a\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{8a^2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 7a\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3253 \\
& \frac{8a^2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{14a\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 223
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.224.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{a+a}}} dx - \frac{14a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} - \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{16a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx) a^3}{\cos(c+dx) a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) a+a}} \right) - \frac{14a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} - \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{8\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{14a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} - \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (-1/2*(
(-14*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d +
(8*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]
])*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a - (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a)
```

3.224.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

---

3.224.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3257 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3462 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.224.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
default	$\frac{(2\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + 8 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)))}{8d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} a}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d*(2*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+7*2^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+8*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a`

### 3.224.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}(2 \cos(dx + c) - 1) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)} - 7 \sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) + 1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)}\right)}{4(ad \cos(dx + c) + ad)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/4*(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*(2*\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c) - 7*\sqrt{a}*(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x + c))) + 4*\sqrt{2}*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x + c)))/\sqrt{a})/(a*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a*d)$

### 3.224.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.224.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.224.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

---

3.224.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.224.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.225**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.225.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1815  
 3.225.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1815  
 3.225.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1816  
 3.225.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1819  
 3.225.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1819  
 3.225.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1820  
 3.225.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1820  
 3.225.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1820  
 3.225.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1821

**3.225.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)+arctan(1/2*si
n(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/
d/a^(1/2)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.225.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) + 2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) - \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right) + \sqrt{-((-1+\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)})}\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}{d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

3.225.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]] + 2*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]] - Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] + Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.225.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \int \frac{a-a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a-a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3461}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.225.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d}}{2a} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \frac{4a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{d}}{2a} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-2*sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (2*sqrt[2]*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/(2*a) + (sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.225.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



## 3.225.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3257 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.225.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{(\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - \sqrt{2}\arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}) - 2\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)))(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))})}{2d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/d*(sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*arctan
(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))-2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x
+c)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a
```

### 3.225.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{ad\cos(dx+c)+ad} + \dots$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $(\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) + 1)\arctan(\sqrt{a\cos(dx + c) + a})\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a}\sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx + c) + a)\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx + c) + a})\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}/(\sqrt{a}\sin(dx + c)))/\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a\cos(dx + c) + a}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}\sin(dx + c)/(a\cos(dx + c) + a)$

### 3.225.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

### 3.225.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.225.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.225.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.225.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.226** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.226.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1822  
 3.226.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1822  
 3.226.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1823  
 3.226.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1825  
 3.226.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1825  
 3.226.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1826  
 3.226.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1826  
 3.226.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1827  
 3.226.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1828

**3.226.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output

```
2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)
```

**3.226.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(-2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) + \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $((-2*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]))$

### 3.226.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3256, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3256} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\ & - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{ad} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \end{aligned}$$

---

3.226.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3261 \\
 2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) + \frac{2 \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{2 \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[a]*d) - (Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

### 3.226.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

```
rule 3256 Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[
c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &
& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e
_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.226.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}(\sqrt{2}\arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})+\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))\sqrt{2}}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a}$	108

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(
cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))/(1+cos(d*
x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a
```

### 3.226.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{ad}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.226.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



output  $(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a})\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})/(\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)) - 2\sqrt{a}\arctan(\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a})\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}/(\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)))/(a*d)$

### 3.226.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c+dx))/sqrt(a*(cos(c+dx)+1)),x)`

### 3.226.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{(|2e^{i(dx+c)}+2|^4+16\cos(dx+c)^4+16\sin(dx+c)^4+8(\cos(dx+c)^2-\sin(dx+c)^2-2\cos(dx+c)+1)|2e^{i(dx+c)}+2|^2-6}{\dots)} \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*arctan2(((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos(d*x + c))^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c) + 16)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2)) + 2*sin(d*x + c))/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2), ((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c) + 16)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2)) + 2*cos(d*x + c) - 2)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)) - sqrt(a)*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d)`

### 3.226.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.226.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.227**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.227.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1829
3.227.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1829
3.227.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1830
3.227.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1831
3.227.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1831
3.227.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1832
3.227.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1832
3.227.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1833
3.227.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1833

**3.227.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)`

**3.227.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

**3.227.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

**3.227.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.227.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}a}$	67

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)/a
```

### 3.227.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-3\cos(dx+c)^2-2\cos(dx+c)+1}{\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{2d}, \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{2(\cos(dx+c)+1)}\right) \right]$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/a)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-1/a))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/d, sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*d)]
```

## 3.227.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

## 3.227.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.32

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{(|e^{(i dx+i c)}+1|^4 + \cos(dx+c)^4 + \sin(dx+c)^4 + 2(\cos(dx+c)^2 - \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2\cos(dx+c)+1)|e^{(i dx+i c)}+1|^2 - 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 2)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*d)`

---

3.227.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.227.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.227.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**3.228** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.228.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1834  
 3.228.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1834  
 3.228.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1835  
 3.228.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1837  
 3.228.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1837  
 3.228.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1838  
 3.228.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1838  
 3.228.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1839  
 3.228.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1839

**3.228.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.228.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(c+dx)(2+\cos(c+dx))\csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\left(1-\cos(c+dx)\right)+\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]*((Cos[c + d*x]*(2 + Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(1 - Cos[c + d*x] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]])])/2 - (Hypergeometric2F1[2, 5/2, 7/2, -(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/10))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.228.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.228.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.228.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.228.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
default	$\frac{(\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+\sqrt{2} \sin(dx+c)+\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}a}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a`**3.228.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{2(\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}}\right) - 2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{ad\cos(dx+c)^2+ad\cos(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.228.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.228.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.15

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1)\right) \sin(dx+c) - 2(\cos(dx+c)-1) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1)\right)$$

=

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $(2*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - 2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - \sqrt{2}*(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\arctan2(((\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^4 + \cos(d*x + c)^4 + \sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2, (\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 + \cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2)) + \sin(d*x + c))/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1), ((\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^4 + \cos(d*x + c)^4 + \sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{a}*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2, (\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 + \cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2)) + \sqrt{a}*\cos(d*x + c) - \sqrt{a}))/(\sqrt{a}*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1))))/((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{a}*d)$

### 3.228.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \cos(dx + c)}^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.228.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

---

3.228.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.229** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.229.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1841  
 3.229.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1841  
 3.229.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1842  
 3.229.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1845  
 3.229.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1845  
 3.229.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1846  
 3.229.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1846  
 3.229.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1847  
 3.229.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1847

**3.229.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.229.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.  
 Time = 7.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = 2 \cot\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left( 12 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_3F_2\left(2, 2, \frac{7}{2}; 1, \frac{9}{2}; \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{-1+2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right) \sin^8\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12 \right)$$



input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*(12*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 9/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 12*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 7/2, 9/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*(4 - 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4) + 7*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(15 - 20*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 8*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4)*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(3 - 6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-3 + 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)))/(63*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2))`

### 3.229.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx$$

↓ 3258

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-2a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a}$$

↓ 3463

---

3.229.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{3a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3261 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 6a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a)`

## 3.229.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.229.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(3\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)}{3d(1+\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3/d*(3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)+3*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/a`

### 3.229.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - \frac{3\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)^3+a\cos(dx+c)^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{3(ad\cos(dx+c)^3+ad\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/3*(2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.229.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)`

**3.229.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 818, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))) - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(3/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(3/2*arctan...`

**3.229.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.229.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.230**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.230.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1848  
 3.230.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1849  
 3.230.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1849  
 3.230.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1853  
 3.230.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1853  
 3.230.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1854  
 3.230.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1854  
 3.230.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1855  
 3.230.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1855

**3.230.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{15d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output  $-\arctan(1/2*\sin(d*x+c)*a^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}/d/a^{(1/2)}+2/5*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}-2/15*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+26/15*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

### 3.230.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 8.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1540, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output

```
(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*(4725*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 4
8825*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 210105*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 486630*Sin[c/2 +
(d*x)/2]^8 + 655812*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 710*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2,
11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)
/2]^10 - 40*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 9/2}, {1, 1, 11
/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2
]^10 - 518760*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 1770*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2,
Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12
+ 226656*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 1500*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin
[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 4
2048*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 440*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 +
(d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 4725*Ar
cTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sqrt[Sin[c
/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 56700*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/
2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[S
in[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] + 291060*ArcTanh[Sqrt[S
in[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*S
qrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 833760*ArcTanh[S
qrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2
]^6*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] + 1458000*...
```

### 3.230.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.230.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2\int -\frac{13a^2-2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{13a^2-2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{13a^2-2a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2\int -\frac{15a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{26a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2\int -\frac{15a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{26a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}
 \end{aligned}$$


---

3.230.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



## 3.230.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.230.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
default	$\frac{(15(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+13\sqrt{2}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+15\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))-\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)*2^{(1/2)}+3*2^{(1/2)}*\sin(dx+c))*(a*(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(dx+c))/\cos(dx+c)^{(5/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/a}{15d(1+\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^{5/2}a}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15/d*(15*cos(d*x+c)^3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+13*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+15*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)+3*2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)/a`

### 3.230.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(13\cos(dx+c)^2-\cos(dx+c)+3)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-\frac{15\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)^4+a\cos(dx+c)^3)}{15(ad\cos(dx+c)^4+ad\cos(dx+c)^3)}}{15(ad\cos(dx+c)^4+ad\cos(dx+c)^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x+c)+a)*(13*cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*x+c)+3)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-15*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x+c)^4+a*cos(d*x+c)^3)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/((cos(d*x+c)^2+cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a)/(a*d*cos(d*x+c)^4+a*d*cos(d*x+c)^3)`

**3.230.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.230.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1006, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/15*(15*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))) - 26*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 *sin(d*x + c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 24*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*si...
```

**3.230.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.230.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.231**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.231.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1856
3.231.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1856
3.231.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1857
3.231.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1861
3.231.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1862
3.231.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1862
3.231.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1862
3.231.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	1863
3.231.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1863

**3.231.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d} + \frac{7 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `7/4*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))2^(1/2)/d+1/2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.231.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) + 8 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) - 4\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right) - 2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.231.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/4*((ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]] + 8*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]] - 4*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] - 2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.231.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3462, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3-\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3-\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3462}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.231.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \int -\frac{1-7\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-7\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-7\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{14 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.231.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{14 \arcsin \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right)}{d} - 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1}}} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3260 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{8\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d \left( -\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} \right)}{d} + \frac{14 \arcsin \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right)}{d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{14 \arcsin \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right)}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{2} \arcsin \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} \right)}{d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + (((-8*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d + (14*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])/d)/2 - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]))/4`

## 3.231.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m +
n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*S
in[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m
+ n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.231.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
default	$\frac{(2 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 4 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \sqrt{2} - \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7 \arctan(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})}{8d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/d*(2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+4*arcsin(
cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)-sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2
)+7*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2
^(1/2)
```

---

3.231.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.231.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 \cos(dx+c) - 1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) + 4(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 7(\cos(dx+c)+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{4(d\cos(dx+c)+d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*((2*cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 4*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)) - 7*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.231.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.231.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

---

3.231.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.231.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.231.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

**3.232**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.232.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1864  
 3.232.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1864  
 3.232.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1865  
 3.232.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1868  
 3.232.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1868  
 3.232.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1869  
 3.232.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1869  
 3.232.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1869  
 3.232.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1870

**3.232.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d+arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))) * 2^(1/2)/d+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.232.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) + 2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) - \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right) + \sqrt{-((-1+\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)})}\right)}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.232.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output ((ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])] + 2*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])] - Sqrt[2]*
ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] + Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c +
d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

### 3.232.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3260} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d - (2*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]])/d)/2 + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.232.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.232.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3461 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.232.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 12.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2}-\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)\left(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{2d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2/d*(arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)-sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`**3.232.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (\cos(dx+c)+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d\cos(dx+c)+d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-((sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)+sqrt(2))*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))/sin(d*x+c))- (cos(d*x+c)+1)*arctan(sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))/sin(d*x+c))-sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(d*cos(d*x+c)+d)`

**3.232.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)`

**3.232.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

**3.232.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.232.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

**3.233**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.233.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1871  
 3.233.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1871  
 3.233.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1872  
 3.233.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1874  
 3.233.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1874  
 3.233.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1875  
 3.233.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1875  
 3.233.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1876  
 3.233.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1876

**3.233.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

output `2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))) * 2^(1/2)/d`

**3.233.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\left(2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) - \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right)\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{-((-1+\cos(c+dx)) \cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-(((2*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]] - Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])])`

---

3.233.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.233.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3256, 3042, 3253, 223, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3256} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3260} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.233.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d) + (2*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]])/d`

### 3.233.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3256 `Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`



**3.233.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)}(\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2}+2\arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}))\sqrt{2}}{2d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	108

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/2/d*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(2+2*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*(\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*2^{(1/2)}+2*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}))}{(1+\cos(d*x+c))} / (\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}$$

**3.233.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{(\text{sqrt}(2)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(2)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c)))/\sin(d*x+c)) - 2*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x+c)))/\sin(d*x+c))}{d}$$

**3.233.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)`

**3.233.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\left( |2e^{i(dx+ic)}+2|^4 + 16 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 16 \sin(dx+c)^4 + 8 (\cos(dx+c)^2 - \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \cos(dx+c)+1) |2e^{i(dx+ic)}+2|^2 - 64 \cos(dx+c) \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c) + 16)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2)) + 2*sin(d*x + c))/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2), ((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c) + 16)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2)) + 2*cos(d*x + c) - 2)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.233.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

### 3.233.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2),x)`

---

3.233.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.234 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.234.1 Optimal result	1878
3.234.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1878
3.234.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1879
3.234.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1880
3.234.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1880
3.234.6 Sympy [F]	1881
3.234.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	1881
3.234.8 Giac [F]	1882
3.234.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1882

### 3.234.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d}$$

output `arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/d`

### 3.234.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.234.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3260} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{223} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d`

**3.234.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`

### 3.234.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	61

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))`

### 3.234.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 54 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{2(\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.234.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

### 3.234.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{(|e^{i(dx+ic)}+1|^4 + \cos(dx+c)^4 + \sin(dx+c)^4 + 2(\cos(dx+c)^2 - \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2\cos(dx+c)+1)|e^{i(dx+ic)}+1|^2 - 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 2)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)), (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))/d`



**3.234.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.234.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.235** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.235.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1883
3.235.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1883
3.235.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1884
3.235.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1886
3.235.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1886
3.235.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1887
3.235.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1887
3.235.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1888
3.235.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1888

**3.235.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/d+2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.235.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(c+dx)(2+\cos(c+dx)) \csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(1-\cos(c+dx)\right) + \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]*((Cos[c + d*x]*(2 + Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(1 - Cos[c + d*x] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]]))/2 - (Hypergeometric2F1[2, 5/2, 7/2, -(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/10)/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.235.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3260} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) + 1}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.235.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`

**3.235.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 4.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{2} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+2\sin(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{2}}{2d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/2/d*((\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)*2^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*2^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+2*\sin(dx+c))*(2+2*\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(dx+c))/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*2^{1/2}}$$

**3.235.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{2(\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))}\right) - 2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}}{d\cos(dx+c)^2 + d\cos(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-((\sqrt{2}*\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sqrt{2}*\cos(dx+c))*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}*\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}*\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \cos(dx+c))) - 2*\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}*\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}*\sin(dx+c))/(d*\cos(dx+c)^2 + d*\cos(dx+c))$$

**3.235.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.235.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.45

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1)\right) \sin(dx+c) - 2(\cos(dx+c)-1) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1)\right)$$

=

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $(2*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - 2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - \sqrt{2}*(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\arctan2(((\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^4 + \cos(d*x + c)^4 + \sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2, (\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 + \cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2)) + \sin(d*x + c))/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1), ((\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^4 + \cos(d*x + c)^4 + \sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2, (\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 + \cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2)) + \cos(d*x + c) - 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1))) / ((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)} * d)$

### 3.235.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.235.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

---

3.235.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)), x)`



**3.236**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.236.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1890  
 3.236.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1890  
 3.236.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1891  
 3.236.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1894  
 3.236.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1894  
 3.236.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1895  
 3.236.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1895  
 3.236.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1896  
 3.236.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1896

**3.236.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/d+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.236.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.  
 Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = 2 \cot\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left( 12 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_3F_2\left(2, 2, \frac{7}{2}; 1, \frac{9}{2}; \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{-1+2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right) \sin^8\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 12 \dots \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*(12*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 9/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 12*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 7/2, 9/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*(4 - 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4) + 7*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(15 - 20*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 8*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4)*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(3 - 6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-3 + 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)))/(63*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2))`

### 3.236.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx$$

↓ 3258

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1-2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx$$

↓ 3463

---

3.236.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} \left( -2 \int -\frac{3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3260 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((3*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d - (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]))/3`

## 3.236.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.236.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(3\cos^2(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))}{6d(1+\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/d*(3*cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)+3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)-2*sin(d*x+c))*(2+*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)`

### 3.236.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-3(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))^3+\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)}{3(d\cos(dx+c)^3+d\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/3*(2*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*(cos(d*x+c)-1)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-3*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^3+sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)^2+cos(d*x+c)))/(d*cos(d*x+c)^3+d*cos(d*x+c)^2)`

**3.236.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1)*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)`

**3.236.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 801, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)) - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(3/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + ...`

**3.236.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.236.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.237**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.237.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1897  
 3.237.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1898  
 3.237.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1898  
 3.237.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1902  
 3.237.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1902  
 3.237.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1903  
 3.237.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1903  
 3.237.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1904  
 3.237.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1904

**3.237.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{26 \sin(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/d+2/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+26/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



**3.237.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1538, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output

```
(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*(4725*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 4
8825*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 210105*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 486630*Sin[c/2 +
(d*x)/2]^8 + 655812*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 710*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2,
11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)
/2]^10 - 40*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 9/2}, {1, 1, 11
/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2
]^10 - 518760*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 1770*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2,
Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12
+ 226656*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 1500*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin
[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 4
2048*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 440*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 +
(d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 4725*Ar
cTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sqrt[Sin[c
/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 56700*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/
2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[S
in[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] + 291060*ArcTanh[Sqrt[S
in[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*S
qrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 833760*ArcTanh[S
qrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2
]^6*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] + 1458000*...
```

**3.237.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.237.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
& \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{1-4\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{1-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( -\frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{13-2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{13-2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{13-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 2 \int -\frac{15}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx + \frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.237.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{26 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - 15 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{26 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - 15 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

↓ 3260

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{15\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} + \frac{26 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{26 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{15\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-15*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d + (26*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])))/3)/5`

## 3.237.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

**3.237.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$\frac{(15(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{2} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+15(\cos^2(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})}{30d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{30d} \cdot \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)^3 \cdot 2^{1/2} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cdot (\cos(dx+c) / (1 + \cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} + 15 \cos(dx+c)^2 \cdot (\cos(dx+c) / (1 + \cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} \cdot \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cdot 2^{1/2} + 26 \cos(dx+c)^2 \cdot \sin(dx+c) - 2 \cos(dx+c) \cdot \sin(dx+c) + 6 \sin(dx+c)}{(2 + 2 \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} (1 + \cos(dx+c)) / \cos(dx+c)^{5/2}} \cdot 2^{1/2}$$

**3.237.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(13 \cos(dx+c)^2 - \cos(dx+c) + 3)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 15(\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) + \sin(dx+c))}{15(d \cos(dx+c)^4 + d \cos(dx+c)^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \cdot \frac{(2(13 \cos(dx+c)^2 - \cos(dx+c) + 3) \cdot \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1} \cdot \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cdot \sin(dx+c) - 15(\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) + \sin(dx+c)))}{(d \cos(dx+c)^4 + d \cos(dx+c)^3)}$$

**3.237.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.237.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 989, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)) - 26*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 24*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - 24*(cos(d*x + c) - ...`

**3.237.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.237.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.238**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.238.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1905  
 3.238.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1906  
 3.238.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1906  
 3.238.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1910  
 3.238.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1911  
 3.238.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1911  
 3.238.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1912  
 3.238.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1912  
 3.238.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1912

**3.238.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} + \frac{9 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d-1/2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+9/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)+3/2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.238.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(-9\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}}\right) - 9\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}}\right)\right) \cos(c+dx) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `((-9*sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]] - 9*sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[c + d*x] + 4*sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 6*sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])] + 6*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + 18*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*d*sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

**3.238.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3462, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.238.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3462} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{a^2-2a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-2a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-2a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
& \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} dx - 2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a} dx - 2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.238.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$3 \left( \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx + \frac{4a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 223

$$3 \left( \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx - \frac{4a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3261

$$3 \left( -\frac{6a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx) a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d} - \frac{4a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$3 \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

$$3.238. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

```
output -1/2*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (3
*(-(((4*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/
d + (3*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a) - (2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c +
d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2)
```

### 3.238.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

---

3.238. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.238.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{(2\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 6\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c) - 6\sqrt{2}}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.238. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output  $\frac{1}{4}d(2^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}+3\sin(dx+c)2^{1/2}(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}-6^{1/2}\arctan(\tan(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2})\cos(dx+c)-6^{1/2}\arctan(\tan(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2})-9\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)-9\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(dx+c))^{2/2}/(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}2^{1/2}/a^2$

### 3.238.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{9\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)-2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{4(a^2d\cos(dx+c)+a^2)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/4*(9*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c)))-2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(2*\cos(d*x+c)+3)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)-12*(\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c)))}{(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a^2*d)}$$

### 3.238.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.238.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.238.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.238.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.238.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.239** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.239.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1913  
 3.239.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1913  
 3.239.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1914  
 3.239.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1917  
 3.239.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1917  
 3.239.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1918  
 3.239.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1918  
 3.239.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1918  
 3.239.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1919

**3.239.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} - \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d-5/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**3.239.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) (1+\cos(c+dx)) + 10 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) (1+\cos(c+dx)) + \sqrt{2}\left(-\dots\right)\right)}{4d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(a(1+\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} + \dots)}$$

3.239. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/4*((2*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + 10*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + Sqrt[2]*(-5*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]) + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2))*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

### 3.239.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-4a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3461}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.239.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& -\frac{10a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& -\frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/4*((-8*sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (5*sqrt[2]*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/a^2 - (sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

---

3.239.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

## 3.239.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.239.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$\frac{(4\sqrt{2} \arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}) \cos(dx+c) - \sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 4\sqrt{2} \arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}) + 5 \arcsin(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}))}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^2 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d*(4*2^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*cos(
d*x+c)-sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+4*2^(1/2)*arct
an(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+5*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d
*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+5*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1
/2)/a^2
```

### 3.239.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.239.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$

output `1/4*(5*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.239.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.239.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.239.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.239.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$

**3.239.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.240**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.240.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1920  
 3.240.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1920  
 3.240.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1921  
 3.240.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1923  
 3.240.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1923  
 3.240.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1924  
 3.240.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1924  
 3.240.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1924  
 3.240.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1925

**3.240.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `1/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)+1/2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.240.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right)\right) \sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(ArcSin[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2])*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2))/(2*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

---

3.240.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.240.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3243} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`



```
output ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c
+ d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*
(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

### 3.240.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3243 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*
((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int
[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c
*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c
, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.240.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)+\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4/d*(-sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2`

### 3.240.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c))}\right)}{4(a^2d\cos(dx+c))^2+2a^2d\cos(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

**3.240.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.240.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.240.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.240.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.241**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.241.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1926  
 3.241.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1926  
 3.241.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1927  
 3.241.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1929  
 3.241.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1929  
 3.241.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1930  
 3.241.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1930  
 3.241.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1930  
 3.241.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1931

**3.241.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `3/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.241.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left(2 + 3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) \cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{2-2\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output 
$$-1/2*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(2 + 3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sqrt}[2 - 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*(a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^(3/2))$$

### 3.241.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\ & -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

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3.241. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.241.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.241.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{a}{\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1}} \left(-\sqrt{-\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1} \left(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\right)\right)}{4d \sqrt{-\frac{\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2-1}{\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1}} a^2}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(a/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-3*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/a^2`

**3.241.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{2(a\cos(dx+c)+a)}\right)}{4(a^2d\cos(dx+c)+a^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(3*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x+c)^2+2*cos(d*x+c)+1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(a*cos(d*x+c)^2+a*cos(d*x+c)))-2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2*d*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*a^2*d*cos(d*x+c)+a^2*d)`



**3.241.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.241.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.241.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.241.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.242** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.242.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1932  
 3.242.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1932  
 3.242.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1933  
 3.242.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1936  
 3.242.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1936  
 3.242.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1937  
 3.242.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1937  
 3.242.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1937  
 3.242.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1938

**3.242.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-7/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+5/2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.242.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{35}{2} \cos^2(c+dx) \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(78 + 108 \cos\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output  $((-35*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(78 + 108*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 80*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)] - 204*\text{Cos}[3*(c + d*x)] - 62*\text{Cos}[4*(c + d*x)] + 12*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(64 + 55*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 64*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)] + 17*\text{Cos}[3*(c + d*x)])*\text{Sqrt}[2 - 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])/2 - 768*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^5*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{2, 2, 5/2\}, \{1, 9/2\}, -(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^3/(3360*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^(3/2))$

### 3.242.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{5a-2a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3463

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3.242.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{7a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{10a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{10a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 7a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{10a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 7a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3261 \\
& \frac{14a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{10a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{\frac{10a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((-7 *Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] *Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (10*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] *Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a^2)`

## 3.242.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.242.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(7\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)) \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+5 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2}+14 \cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(1+\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4}d*(7*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+5*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}+14*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+4*2^{1/2}*\sin(d*x+c)+7*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^2*2^{1/2}/a^2$$

### 3.242.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3+2\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{2(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c))}\right) - 2}{4(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^3+2a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2+a^2d\cos(dx+c))}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/4*(7*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3+2*\cos(d*x+c)^2+\cos(d*x+c))*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(a*\cos(d*x+c)^2+a*\cos(d*x+c))) - 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(5*\cos(d*x+c)+4)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3+2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2+a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c))$$

**3.242.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.242.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.242.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`



**3.242.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.243**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.243.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1939
3.243.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1939
3.243.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1940
3.243.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1943
3.243.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1944
3.243.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1944
3.243.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1945
3.243.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1945
3.243.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1945

**3.243.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{11 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{7 \sin(c+dx)}{6ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{19 \sin(c+dx)}{6ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+11/4*arctan(1/2*
sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(3/2
)/d*2^(1/2)+7/6*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-19/
6*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.243.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 8.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cot^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\dots} \left(-80 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)$$

---

3.243.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(-80*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 + 120*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10*(-5 + 4*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + 21*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-392 + 2347*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 5391*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 5972*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 3232*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 696*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-5880 + 37165*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 89856*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 103992*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 58336*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 12960*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10)))/(945*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2))`

### 3.243.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{7a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

---

3.243.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{7a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{19a^2-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{19a^2-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{19a^2-14a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{33a^3}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{33a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.243.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 33a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a}}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{\sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3261

$$\frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{66a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{\sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{33\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{3a}}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{\sin(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((14*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-33*sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (38*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(4*a^2)`

### 3.243.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

---

3.243.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.243.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(33\cos^3(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+19\sqrt{2}(\cos^2(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+66\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\right)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.243. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output 
$$-1/12/d*(33*\cos(d*x+c)^3*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+19*2^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+66*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+12*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}+33*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-4*2^{1/2}*\sin(d*x+c)*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{3/2}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^2*2^{1/2}/a^2$$

### 3.243.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{33\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 2\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/12*(33*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 2*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + \cos(d*x+c)^2)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})*\sin(d*x+c)/(a*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + a*\cos(d*x+c)) - 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(19*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 12*\cos(d*x+c) - 4)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2)$$

### 3.243.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.243.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.243.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.243.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`



**3.244**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.244.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1946  
 3.244.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1947  
 3.244.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1947  
 3.244.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1952  
 3.244.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1953  
 3.244.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1953  
 3.244.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1954  
 3.244.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1954  
 3.244.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1954

**3.244.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{5 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d} + \frac{115 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{15 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{35\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16a^2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -5*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d-1/4*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-15/16*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+115/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)+35/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.244.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(140 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + 460 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`output `((140*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + 460*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 - 230*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + 55*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 16*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2) + 35*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[c + d*x])/(16*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`**3.244.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3462, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{5\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.244.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{5 \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{5 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(9a^2-14a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(9a^2-14a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(9a^2-14a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3462} \\
& - \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{7a^3-16a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{7a^3-16a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.244.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & 5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3 - 16a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3461 \\ & 5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a+a} dx - 16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & 5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx - 16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3253 \\ & 5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx + \frac{32a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx) a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx) a+a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.244.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 223

$$5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{32a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3261

$$5 \left( \frac{46a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{32a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$5 \left( \frac{23\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{32a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - (5*((3*a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (-(((32*a^(5/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (23*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a) - (14*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2)`

---

3.244.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

## 3.244.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.244. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3462 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.244.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$\frac{(16\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c) - 80\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) (\cos^2(dx+c)) + 55\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c))}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.244. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

output  $1/32/d*(16*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)-80*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^2+55*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-115*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2-160*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)+35*\sin(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-230*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)-80*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})-115*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^3/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/a^3$

### 3.244.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{115\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/32*(115*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c))) - 2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*\cos(d*x+c)/(16*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 55*\cos(d*x+c) + 35)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c) - 160*(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c)))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^3*d)$

### 3.244.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.244.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



**3.244.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.244.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.244.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.245** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.245.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1955  
 3.245.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1956  
 3.245.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1956  
 3.245.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1960  
 3.245.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1961  
 3.245.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1961  
 3.245.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1961  
 3.245.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1962  
 3.245.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1962

**3.245.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d} - \frac{43 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{11\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d-1/4*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-43/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-11/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

### 3.245.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx =$$

$$\left( 44 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + 172 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - 86\sqrt{2}a \right)$$


---


$$16d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/16*((44*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + 172*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 - 86*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + 15*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 11*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

### 3.245.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3244}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-8a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

---

3.245.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-8a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-8a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{11a^2-32a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{11a^2-32a^2\cos(c+dx)}{4a^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{11a^2-32a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{4a^2\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
& - \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.245.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{64a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{64a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{86a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{64a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{43\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{64a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - ((-64*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d + (43*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/(4*a^2) + (11*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

3.245.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

## 3.245.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*SIN[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.245.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.245.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs.  $2(143) = 286$ .

Time = 3.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-\frac{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1}{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left((\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)\right)^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}}\left(-2(\csc^3(dx+c))\sqrt{-\right.$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/32/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2
+1))^(5/2)/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(5/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d
*x+c))^2+1)^3*(a/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-2*csc(d*x+c)^3
*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+32*2^(1/2)*arct
an(2^(1/2)*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d
*x+c))^2-1)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)))+13*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)
^(1/2)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-43*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/a
^3
```

---

3.245. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.245.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{43\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{a\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)(15\cos(dx+c) + 11)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)} - 64(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{a\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/32*(43*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(15*cos(d*x + c) + 11)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) - 64*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`**3.245.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.245.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

---

3.245.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$



**3.245.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.245.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c+d*x)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c+d*x)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

**3.246**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.246.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1963
3.246.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1963
3.246.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1964
3.246.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1966
3.246.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1967
3.246.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1967
3.246.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1968
3.246.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	1968
3.246.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1968

**3.246.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{7\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `3/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+7/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.246.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(3 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

---

3.246.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^5*(3*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]*(5 - 2*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)))/(4*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^(5/2))$

### 3.246.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3244

$$-\frac{\int \frac{a - 6a \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{\int \frac{a - 6a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{\int \frac{a - 6a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3457

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{7a \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

---

3.246.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{8a^2}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & -\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{7a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - ((-3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*d) - (7*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

3.246.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

3.246.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.246.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-7\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+3\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^2(dx+c)-3\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+6\arcsin(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)})\right)}{32d(1+\cos(dx+c))^3\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.246. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

output 
$$-1/32/d*(-7*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}+3*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2-3*\sin(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}+6*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)+3*a*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^3/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/a^3$$

### 3.246.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d}\right)}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/32*(3*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})*\sin(d*x+c)/(\cos(d*x+c)^2 + \cos(d*x+c))) + 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(7*\cos(d*x+c) + 3)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^3*d)$$

### 3.246.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.246.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.246.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.246.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.247**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.247.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1969  
 3.247.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1969  
 3.247.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1970  
 3.247.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1972  
 3.247.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1973  
 3.247.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1973  
 3.247.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1974  
 3.247.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 1974  
 3.247.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1974

**3.247.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `5/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)+1/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+1/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.247.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left(-2+6 \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - 5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)}\right)}{8d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]]/(a+a*cos[c+d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Cos[(c+d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]]*(-2+6*Csc[(c+d*x)/2]^2-5*ArcTan h[Sqrt[-(Sec[c+d*x]*Sin[(c+d*x)/2]^2)]]*Cot[(c+d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[2-2*Sec[c+d*x]])*Sin[(c+d*x)/2]^3)/(8*d*(a*(1+Cos[c+d*x]))^(5/2))`

---

3.247.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



**3.247.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3243} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.247.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{2d} + \\
 & \frac{8a^2}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*d) + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

### 3.247.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3243 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*
((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c
*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c
, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.247.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 5 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 5 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) (\cos^2(dx+c)) - 10 \arcsin(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)})^3}{32d(1+\cos(dx+c))^3 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.247. \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

output  $1/32/d*(2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*( \cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}+5*\sin(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-5*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2-10*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)-5*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^3/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/a^3$

### 3.247.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d}\right)}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/32*(5*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})*\sin(d*x+c)/(a*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + a*\cos(d*x+c))) + 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(\cos(d*x+c) + 5)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^3*d)$

### 3.247.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c+d*x))/(a*(cos(c+d*x)+1))**(5/2),x)`

**3.247.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.247.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.247.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.248**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.248.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1975
3.248.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1975
3.248.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1976
3.248.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1978
3.248.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1979
3.248.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1979
3.248.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1980
3.248.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	1980
3.248.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1980

**3.248.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `19/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-9/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.248.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-76 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \cos(c+dx)(13+9 \cos(c+dx))\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2d\sqrt{-1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output 
$$-1/32*(\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(-76*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]]*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^4 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]*(13 + 9*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sqrt}[2 - 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]) / (\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])])$$

### 3.248.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{7a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{7a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{7a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{\frac{19a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.248. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{19a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{8a^2}{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}{\downarrow \text{218}} \\
 & \frac{19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((19*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*d) - (9*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

### 3.248.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.248.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{a}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}} \left( -2(\csc^3(dx+c)) \sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} (1-\cos(dx+c)) \right)}{32d \sqrt{-\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))}}}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.248.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} dx$

output  $\frac{1}{32} \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1}{\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}{\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{a}{\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \right)^{1/2} \left( -2\csc(dx+c)^3(-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} (1-\cos(dx+c))^3 - 11(-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} (\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)) - 19\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)) \right) 2^{1/2} / a^3$

### 3.248.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{19\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3+3\cos(dx+c)^2+3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}}{32(a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{32} * (19 * \sqrt{2}) * (\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3 * \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 * \cos(dx+c) + 1) * \sqrt{a} * \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} * \sqrt{2} * \sqrt{a * \cos(dx+c) + a} * \sqrt{a} * \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} * \sin(dx+c)}{a * \cos(dx+c)^2 + a * \cos(dx+c)}\right) - 2 * \sqrt{a * \cos(dx+c) + a} * (9 * \cos(dx+c) + 13) * \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} * \sin(dx+c)}{a^3 * d * \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3 * a^3 * d * \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 * a^3 * d * \cos(dx+c) + a^3 * d}$

### 3.248.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a*(cos(c+d*x)+1))**(5/2)*sqrt(cos(c+d*x))), x)`

**3.248.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.248.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.248.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.249** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.249.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1981  
 3.249.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1981  
 3.249.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1982  
 3.249.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1986  
 3.249.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1986  
 3.249.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1987  
 3.249.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1987  
 3.249.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1987  
 3.249.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1988

**3.249.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{75 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$-\frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{49 \sin(c+dx)}{16a^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-75/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-13/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+49/16*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.249.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{8 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_4F_3\left(\dots\right)}{3}\right)}$$

3.249. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output  $(2*\cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*\sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((8*\cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}\{2, 2, 2, 5/2\}, \{1, 1, 11/2\}, \sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)/(315*(-1 + 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)) + (\csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*(1 - 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^2*\sqrt{\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)}*(-15*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)}]*\cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(-343 + 1465*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 2021*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 824*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6) + \sqrt{\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)}*(-5145 + 33980*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 87764*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 109737*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 66122*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 15344*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10))/120)/(d*(a*(1 + \cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(1 - 2*\sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(3/2))$

### 3.249.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{9a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{9a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.249.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{49a^2-26a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{49a^2-26a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{49a^2-26a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{75a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - 75a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - 75a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.249.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 \frac{150a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2} + \frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{\frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{75\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{\frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-1  
3*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((  
-75*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*  
x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (98*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c +  
d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2)`

### 3.249.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R  
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3245  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x]^m)((c_.) + (d_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x])^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^2\cos[e + fx](a + b\sin[e + fx])^m((c + d\sin[e + fx])^{n+1}/(af(2m+1)(bc - ad))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a(2m+1)(bc - ad)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^{m+1}(c + d\sin[e + fx])^n \text{Simp}[b^2c(m+1) - ad(2m+n+2) + b^2d(m+n+2)\sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[bc - ad, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2m, 2n] \mid\mid (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 3261  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_.) + (b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x])\text{Sqrt}[c_.) + (d_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2(a/f) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2b^2 - (ac - bd)x^2), x], x, b(\cos[e + fx]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b\sin[e + fx])\text{Sqrt}[c + d\sin[e + fx]])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[bc - ad, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

rule 3457  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x]^m)((A_.) + (B_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x])^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b(Ab - aB)\cos[e + fx](a + b\sin[e + fx])^m((c + d\sin[e + fx])^{n+1}/(af(2m+1)(bc - ad))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a(2m+1)(bc - ad)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^{m+1}(c + d\sin[e + fx])^n \text{Simp}[B(a^2c^m + b^2d(n+1)) + A(b^2c(m+1) - ad(2m+n+2)) + d(Ab - aB)(m+n+2)\sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[bc - ad, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2m] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2n] \mid\mid \text{EqQ}[c, 0])$

rule 3463  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x]^m)((A_.) + (B_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)x])^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(Bc - Ad)\cos[e + fx](a + b\sin[e + fx])^m((c + d\sin[e + fx])^{n+1}/(f(n+1)(c^2 - d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b(n+1)(c^2 - d^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^m(c + d\sin[e + fx])^{n+1} \text{Simp}[A(ad^m + b^2c(n+1)) - B(a^2c^m + b^2d(n+1)) + b(Bc - Ad)(m+n+2)\sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[bc - ad, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \mid\mid \text{EqQ}[m + 1/2, 0])$



### 3.249.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
default	$\frac{(75(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+49\sqrt{2}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+225\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))^{\frac{1}{2}}}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^4+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2+a^3d\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{2(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c)+a)}\right)}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{32}d(75\cos(dx+c)^3(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+49\sqrt{2}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+225(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^2\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+85\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}+225\cos(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+32\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)+75(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(dx+c))^3/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*2^{1/2}/a^3$$

### 3.249.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{75\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4+3\cos(dx+c)^3+3\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{2(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c)+a)}\right)}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^4+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2+a^3d\cos(dx+c))}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/32*(75*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx+c)^4+3*\cos(dx+c)^3+3*\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx+c)+a}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx+c)+a})-\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx+c)+a}*(49*\cos(dx+c)^2+85*\cos(dx+c)+32)*\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)*\sin(dx+c)})/(a^3*d*\cos(dx+c)^4+3*a^3*d*\cos(dx+c)^3+3*a^3*d*\cos(dx+c)^2+a^3*d*\cos(dx+c))$$

**3.249.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.249.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.249.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.249.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.250**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.250.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1989  
 3.250.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1990  
 3.250.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1990  
 3.250.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1995  
 3.250.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1995  
 3.250.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 1996  
 3.250.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1996  
 3.250.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1996  
 3.250.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1997

**3.250.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{163 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{17 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{95 \sin(c+dx)}{48a^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{299 \sin(c+dx)}{48a^2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-17/16*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+163/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*
a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)
+95/48*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-299/48*sin
(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.250.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 9.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx =$$

$$\cot^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(640 \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_5F_4\left(2, 2, 2, 2, \frac{7}{2}; 1, 1, 1, \frac{13}{2}; \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{-1+2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
-1/41580*(Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(64
0*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 1, 13/2},
Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12
- 1280*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 13/2},
Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12
*(-6 + 5*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + 33*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Si
n[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-105*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Si
n[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(-10935
+ 72902*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 188110*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 234156*Sin[c
/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 140732*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 33208*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^1
0) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-1148175 +
10333785*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 38990350*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 79946462*S
in[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 96281836*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 68243596*Sin[c/2 + (
d*x)/2]^10 - 26448512*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 4344400*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^1
4))))/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2))
```

**3.250.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.250.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{95a^2-68a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{95a^2-68a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{95a^2-68a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \quad \frac{8a^2}{\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.250.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{299a^3 - 190a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{299a^3 - 190a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{299a^3 - 190a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3463 \\
 & \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{489a^4}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{489a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.250.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 489a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{170a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{978a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{489\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{8a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-17*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((190*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-489*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (598*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2)`

3.250.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



## 3.250.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.250.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$-\frac{489\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^4(dx+c)+299\sqrt{2}(\cos^3(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+1467(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}))}{1}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/96/d*(489*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c
))*cos(d*x+c)^4+299*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+1467*cos(d*x+c)^3*(cos
(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+503*2^(1/2)*co
s(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+1467*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*
arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+160*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)+489*cos(d*
x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-32*2^
(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
^3*2^(1/2)/a^3
```

### 3.250.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{489\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 3\cos(dx+c)^4 + 3\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.250.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

output  $1/96*(489*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^5 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)^2)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{a})*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}*\sin(dx + c)/(a*\cos(dx + c)^2 + a*\cos(dx + c))) - 2*(299*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 503*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 160*\cos(dx + c) - 32)*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}*\sin(dx + c)/(a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^5 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^2)$

### 3.250.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(dx+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.250.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(dx+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(dx + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(dx + c)^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.250.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(dx+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(dx + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(dx + c)^(5/2)), x)`

---

3.250.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

**3.250.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.251**       $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.251.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1998
3.251.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1999
3.251.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1999
3.251.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2006
3.251.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2007
3.251.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2008
3.251.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2008
3.251.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	2008
3.251.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2009

**3.251.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{7 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{7/2}d} + \frac{637 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{7 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{259 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{189 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{64a^3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-7*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d-1/6*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)-7/16*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-259/192*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+637/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)+189/64*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.251.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \left( 4536 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + 15288 \arcsin\left[\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}}\right] \cos\left[\frac{c+dx}{2}\right]^6 - 7644 \sqrt{2} \arctan\left[\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)}}\right] \cos\left[\frac{c+dx}{2}\right]^6 + 1442 \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos(c+dx)^{3/2} + 1099 \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos(c+dx)^{5/2} + 192 \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} + 567 \sqrt{-((-1+\cos(c+dx))\cos(c+dx))} \sin(c+dx) / (192a^4 d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} (1+\cos(c+dx))^4} \right)}{6a^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(4536*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + 15288*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 - 7644*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + 1442*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 1099*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2) + 192*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2) + 567*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[c + d*x])/(192*a^4*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)`**3.251.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.760$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3462, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{7\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{7 \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{7 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(15a^2-22a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(15a^2-22a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(15a^2-22a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& - \frac{7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(37a^3-54a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(37a^3-54a^3 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(37a^3-54a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3462

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{27a^4-64a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{a} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{27a^4-64a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{a} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



$$7 \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{27a^4 - 64a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a} dx - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3461

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a + a} dx - 64a^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a + a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a} dx - 64a^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3253

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ 7 \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx + \frac{128a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{a} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$12a^2$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 223

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ 7 \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx - \frac{128a^{7/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}$$

$12a^2$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3261

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$7 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{182a^5 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx) a^3 + 2a^2} dx \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{128a^{7/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{3}{8a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \quad 12a^2$$

↓ 218

$$7 \left( \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{91\sqrt{2}a^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{128a^{7/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{3}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \quad 12a^2$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - (7*((3*a*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((37*a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (3*(-((( -128*a^(7/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d + (91*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a) - (54*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2)`

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

## 3.251.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m +
n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*S
sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m
+ n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.251.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 447 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 12.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
default	$\frac{(192\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^3(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+1099\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)-1344\sqrt{2}\arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}))}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.251. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

output  $\frac{1}{384d} \left( 192 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 \cdot \sin(dx+c) + 1099 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 \cdot \sin(dx+c) - 1344 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 + 1442 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \cos(dx+c) \cdot \sin(dx+c) \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} - 1911 \cdot \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 - 4032 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 + 567 \cdot \sin(dx+c) \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} - 5733 \cdot \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4032 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) \cdot \cos(dx+c) - 5733 \cdot \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cdot \cos(dx+c) - 1344 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \cdot \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) - 1911 \cdot \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \right) \cdot \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} \cdot (a \cdot (1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} / (1+\cos(dx+c))^4 / \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/2} / a^4$

### 3.251.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{1911\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{a^4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $-1/384 \cdot (1911 \cdot \sqrt{2}) \cdot (\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6 \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4 \cdot \cos(dx+c) + 1) \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{a \cdot \cos(dx+c) + a}}{\sqrt{a} \cdot \sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2 \cdot (192 \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 + 1099 \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1442 \cdot \cos(dx+c) + 567) \cdot \sqrt{a \cdot \cos(dx+c) + a} \cdot \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cdot \sin(dx+c) - 2688 \cdot (\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6 \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4 \cdot \cos(dx+c) + 1) \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{a \cdot \cos(dx+c) + a}}{\sqrt{a} \cdot \sin(dx+c)}\right) / (a^4 \cdot d \cdot \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 \cdot a^4 \cdot d \cdot \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6 \cdot a^4 \cdot d \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4 \cdot a^4 \cdot d \cdot \cos(dx+c) + a^4 \cdot d)$

---

3.251.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

**3.251.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.251.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`**3.251.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.251.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`



**3.252** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

3.252.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2010  
 3.252.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2011  
 3.252.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2011  
 3.252.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2016  
 3.252.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2017  
 3.252.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2017  
 3.252.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2018  
 3.252.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2018  
 3.252.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2018

**3.252.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{7/2}d} - \frac{177 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{17 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{48ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{49 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{64a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d-1/6*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)-17/48*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-177/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)-49/64*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

### 3.252.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \left( 1176 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + 4248 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) \cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/192*(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(1176*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + 4248*ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 - 2124*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + 362*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 247*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2) + 147*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])] * Sin[c + d*x])/(a^4*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x])*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)`

### 3.252.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-12a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.252.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
-\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-12a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a-12a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
-\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(17a^2-32a^2\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
-\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(17a^2-32a^2\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
-\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(17a^2-32a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
-\frac{3\left(\frac{\int \frac{49a^3-128a^3\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{49a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \\
\frac{12a^2}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
-\frac{3\left(\frac{\int \frac{49a^3-128a^3\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \\
\frac{12a^2}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042
\end{array}$$

---

3.252.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^3 - 128a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$


---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3461

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a + a} dx - 128a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a + a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$


---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a} dx - 128a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$


---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3253

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a} dx + \frac{256a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)} a + a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a + a} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$


---


$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 223

---

3.252.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx - \frac{256a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3261} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( -\frac{354a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{256a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{218} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{177\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{256a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - ((17*a*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-256*a^(5/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d + (177*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/(4*a^2) + (49*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2)`

3.252.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

## 3.252.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*SIN[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.252.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 377 vs.  $2(177) = 354$ .

Time = 3.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-\frac{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1}{(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left((\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)\right)^4 \sqrt{\frac{a}{(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)}} \left(8(\csc^5(dx+c))\sqrt{-\dots}\right)}{...}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.252. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

```
output -1/384/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+1))^(7/2)/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(7/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(
d*x+c))^2+1)^4*(a/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(8*csc(d*x+c)^5
*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-50*csc(d*x+c)^3
*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+384*2^(1/2)*arc
tan(2^(1/2)*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(
d*x+c))^2-1)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)))+189*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+
1)^(1/2)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-531*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2
)/a^4
```

### 3.252.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{531\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/384*(531*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 +
4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(
cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(247*co
s(d*x + c)^2 + 362*cos(d*x + c) + 147)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 7
68*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)
+ 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*s
in(d*x + c))))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*co
s(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)
```

### 3.252.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

---

3.252.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



**3.252.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.252.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.252.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.253**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.253.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2019  
 3.253.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2019  
 3.253.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2020  
 3.253.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2024  
 3.253.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2024  
 3.253.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2025  
 3.253.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2025  
 3.253.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2025  
 3.253.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2026

**3.253.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{13\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{48ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{67\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output -1/6*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+5/128*arctan(1/2
*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/
2)/d*2^(1/2)-13/48*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+
67/192*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**3.253.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^7\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \left(15 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right)\right) \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}{24a^4d\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}$$

3.253.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^7 \sqrt{a(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])} (15 \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] / \sqrt{\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}] \sqrt{\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Cos}[c + d*x] / (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])} \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] (33 - 26 \text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + 8 \text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)) / (24 a^4 d \sqrt{\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2} (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^4)$

### 3.253.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3244

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-10a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{6d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-10a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{6d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-10a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{6d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3456

---

3.253.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{13a^2 - 54a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a^2 - 54a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a^2 - 54a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{15a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{-\frac{15}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{-\frac{15}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3261
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.253.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d}}{8a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - ((13*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-15*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (67*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2)`

### 3.253.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

**3.253.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
default	$-\frac{(-67\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+15\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^3(dx+c))-50\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{1+\cos(dx+c)}))}{\dots}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/384/d*(-67*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+15*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^3-50*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+45*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-15*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+45*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+15*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^4/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^4
```

**3.253.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c) + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/384*(15*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(67*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 50*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)
```

**3.253.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.253.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`**3.253.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`



**3.253.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.254**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.254.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2027  
 3.254.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2027  
 3.254.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2028  
 3.254.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2031  
 3.254.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2032  
 3.254.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2032  
 3.254.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2032  
 3.254.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2033  
 3.254.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2033

**3.254.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{17\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `7/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/6*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+3/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+17/192*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.254.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(672 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{3072\sqrt{2}a}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(672*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + (140 + 135*Cos[c + d*x] + 140*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 17*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(3072*Sqrt[2]*a^3*d*Sqrt[-1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.254.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-8a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-8a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-8a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{18 \cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.254.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{18 \cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2}{12a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{18 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2}{12a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3457 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{21a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2}{12a^2} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{21}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2}{12a^2} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{21}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2}{12a^2} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{21a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{8a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2}{12a^2} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 218
 \end{aligned}$$

3.254.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{21\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - ((-9*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))) - ((21*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) + (17*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2)`

### 3.254.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.254.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
default	$\frac{(17\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+70\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}-21\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))(\cos^3(dx+c))}{(a+\cos(dx+c))^7}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/384/d*(17*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+70*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-21*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^3+21*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-63*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-63*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)-21*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^4/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^4
```

---

3.254. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

**3.254.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \frac{21\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c) + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/384*(21*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(17*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 70*cos(d*x + c) + 21)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)`**3.254.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.254.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

---

3.254.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$

**3.254.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.254.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c+d*x)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c+d*x)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(7/2), x)`



**3.255** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

3.255.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2034  
 3.255.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2034  
 3.255.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2035  
 3.255.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2038  
 3.255.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2038  
 3.255.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2039  
 3.255.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2039  
 3.255.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2039  
 3.255.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2040

**3.255.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{13 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output  $13/128*\arctan(1/2*\sin(d*x+c)*a^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)})/a^{(7/2)}/d*2^{(1/2)}+1/6*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(7/2)}+1/16*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/a/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(5/2)}-5/192*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/a^2/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}$

**3.255.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} (73+4 \cos(c+dx)-5 \cos(2(c+dx)))}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*(73 + 4*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] - 5*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)] - 156*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^4*\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sqrt}[2 - 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])/(192*a^4*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^4)$

### 3.255.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3243

$$\frac{\int \frac{4 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{4 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3457

$$\frac{\int \frac{6 \cos(c+dx)a^2+11a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

---

3.255.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{6 \cos(c+dx)a^2+11a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{6 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+11a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\frac{39a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{39}{4} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{39}{4} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \frac{-\frac{39a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{\frac{39\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.255.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((3*a  
*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((39*  
Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a +  
a*cos[c + d*x]])))/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (5*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]  
)/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)/(12*a^2)`

### 3.255.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R  
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3243 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +  
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*  
(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1)), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int  
[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c  
*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e  
, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&  
LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c  
, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e  
_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c  
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*S  
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&  
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.255.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)-2\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+39\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)(\cos^3(dx+c))}{384(a+a\cos(dx+c))^4}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/384/d*(5*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x
+c)-2*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+39*a
rcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^3-39*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c
)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+117*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2+117
*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+39*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))
)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^4/(cos(d*x+c)/(
1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^4
```

### 3.255.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{39\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)}{384(a^4d\cos(a$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.255.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

output  $1/384*(39*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}*\sin(dx + c)/(a*\cos(dx + c)^2 + a*\cos(dx + c))) - 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*(5*\cos(dx + c)^2 - 2*\cos(dx + c) - 39)*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}*\sin(dx + c))/(a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^4*d)$

### 3.255.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.255.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

### 3.255.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

---

3.255.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

**3.255.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.256**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.256.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2041  
 3.256.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2041  
 3.256.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2042  
 3.256.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2045  
 3.256.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2046  
 3.256.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2046  
 3.256.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2046  
 3.256.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2047  
 3.256.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2047

**3.256.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{63 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{103\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 63/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/6*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)-5/16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-103/192*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**3.256.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-6048 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + (532 + 1089 \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{-1 + \cos(c+dx)}\right)}{3072\sqrt{2}a^3d\sqrt{-1 + \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a}}$$



input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `-1/3072*(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(-6048*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6 + (532 + 1089*Cos[c + d*x] + 532*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 103*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/ (Sqrt[2]*a^3*d*Sqrt[-1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.256.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{11a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{11a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{11a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3457

$$\frac{\int \frac{73a^2-30a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{7/2}}$$

---

3.256.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{73a^2 - 30a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{73a^2 - 30a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3457 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{189a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{189}{4} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \\ & \frac{12a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\frac{189}{4} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \\ & \frac{12a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3261 \\ & \frac{189a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\ & \frac{12a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\ & \downarrow 218 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.256.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{189\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2d}} - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{12a^2}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `-1/6*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-15*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((189*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (103*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2)`

### 3.256.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.256.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{a}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}} \left(8(\csc^5(dx+c))\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}(1-\cos(dx+c))\right)^{1/2}}{\dots}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/384/d/(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(a/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(8*csc(d*x+c)^5*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+46*csc(d*x+c)^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+141*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+189*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/a^4`

**3.256.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{189\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)\right) - 2\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{103\cos(dx+c)^2 + 266\cos(dx+c) + 195}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c) + a^4d)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/384*(189*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(103*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 266*cos(d*x + c) + 195)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)`**3.256.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.256.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{7/2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.256.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.256.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`

**3.257**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.257.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2048  
 3.257.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2049  
 3.257.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2049  
 3.257.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2054  
 3.257.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2054  
 3.257.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2055  
 3.257.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2055  
 3.257.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2056  
 3.257.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2056

**3.257.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{363 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{19 \sin(c+dx)}{48ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{199 \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{691 \sin(c+dx)}{192a^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-363/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)-1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-19/48*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-199/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+691/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.257.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cos^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\left( \frac{16 \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_5F_4\left(\dots\right)}{\dots} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((16*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 5/2}, {1, 1, 1, 13/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)/(3465*(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)) - (Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^2*sqrt[2]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(105*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(2187 - 12908*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 27986*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 - 26380*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 + 8752*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-229635 + 2120790*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 8267707*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 17646926*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 22251094*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 16548816*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 6712984*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 1144608*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14))/1680))/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(7/2)*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(3/2))`

### 3.257.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.257.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a-6a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a-6a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a-6a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{123a^2-76a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{123a^2-76a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{123a^2-76a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.257.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{691a^3 - 398a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{691a^3 - 398a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{8a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{691a^3 - 398a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{8a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3463

$$2 \int \frac{1089a^4}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1089a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.257.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - 1089a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) 12a^2}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3261

$$\frac{2178a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2} + \frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) 12a^2}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1089\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^5}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) 12a^2}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `-1/6*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-19*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-199*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((-1089*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (1382*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/(4*a^2)/(8*a^2)/(12*a^2)`

## 3.257.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.257.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$\frac{(1089\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^4(dx+c))+691\sqrt{2}(\cos^3(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+4356(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^5+4a^4)}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/384/d*(1089*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+
c))*cos(d*x+c)^4+691*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+4356*cos(d*x+c)^3*(co
s(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+1874*2^(1/2)*
cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+6534*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^
2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+1599*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)+4356*co
s(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+3
84*2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)+1089*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*
x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*a*(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^4/cos(d*x+c)^(1/
2)*2^(1/2)/a^4
```

### 3.257.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1089\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5+4\cos(dx+c)^4+6\cos(dx+c)^3+4\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^5+4a^4)}$$

---

3.257.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/384*(1089*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))) - 2*(691*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 1874*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 1599*cos(d*x + c) + 384)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^4*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.257.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.257.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.257.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.257.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2} (a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`

**3.258**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.258.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2057  
 3.258.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2058  
 3.258.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2058  
 3.258.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2064  
 3.258.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2065  
 3.258.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2065  
 3.258.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 2066  
 3.258.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2066  
 3.258.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2066

**3.258.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1015 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{23 \sin(c+dx)}{48ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{109 \sin(c+dx)}{64a^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{193 \sin(c+dx)}{64a^3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{629 \sin(c+dx)}{64a^3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)-23/48*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-109/64*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d
*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+1015/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*
2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)+193/64*
sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-629/64*sin(d*x+c)
/a^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.258.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 10.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 694, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\cot^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-7680 \cos^{10}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `(Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(-7680*cos[(c + d*x)/2]^10*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 1, 1, 15/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 + 19200*cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 1, 15/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14*(-7 + 6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + 143*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(315*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(351384 - 2928877*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 9953934*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 - 17629526*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 + 17139064*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 - 8670660*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 + 1793816*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-110685960 + 1291549455*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 6601900452*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 19406027859*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 36160322412*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 44313222590*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 35736693140*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 18305254212*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 5410719584*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 704274992*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^18)))/(3243240*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(7/2)*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2))`

**3.258.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.720$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.258.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{15a-8a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{15a-8a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{15a-8a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(63a^2-46a^2\cos(c+dx))}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{23a\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3\int \frac{63a^2-46a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{23a\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3\int \frac{63a^2-46a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{23a\sin(c+dx)}{4d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{12a^2}{\sin(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457}
\end{aligned}$$


---

3.258.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{579a^3 - 436a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{579a^3 - 436a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{579a^3 - 436a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3463} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(629a^4 - 386a^4 \cos(c+dx))}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.258.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{629a^4 - 386a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{629a^4 - 386a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3463

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1015a^5}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx + \frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 1015a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

---

3.258.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 1015a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$


---


$$8a^2$$


---


$$12a^2$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3261

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2030a^5 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{a} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$


---


$$8a^2$$


---


$$12a^2$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1015\sqrt{2}a^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$


---


$$8a^2$$


---


$$12a^2$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

```
output -1/6*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-2
3*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3
*((-109*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/
2)) + ((386*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x
]]) - ((-1015*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[
Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (1258*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/a/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2
)
```

### 3.258.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e
_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.258.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(3045\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^5(dx+c))+1887\sqrt{2}(\cos^4(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)+12180\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.258.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

output 
$$-1/384/d*(3045*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^5+1887*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^4*\sin(d*x+c)+12180*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^4+5082*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)+18270*\cos(d*x+c)^3*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+4251*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+12180*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+896*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}+3045*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-128*2^{(1/2)}*\sin(d*x+c))*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^4/\cos(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/a^4$$

### 3.258.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3045\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^6 + 4\cos(dx+c)^5 + 6\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)\sqrt{a}\arctan(1/2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a\cos(dx+c)^2 + a\cos(dx+c)) - 2(1887\cos(dx+c)^4 + 5082\cos(dx+c)^3 + 4251\cos(dx+c)^2 + 896\cos(dx+c) - 128)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^6 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^5 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2)}{3045\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^6 + 4\cos(dx+c)^5 + 6\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + \cos(dx+c)^2)\sqrt{a}\arctan(1/2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a\cos(dx+c)^2 + a\cos(dx+c)) - 2(1887\cos(dx+c)^4 + 5082\cos(dx+c)^3 + 4251\cos(dx+c)^2 + 896\cos(dx+c) - 128)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^6 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^5 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$1/384*(3045*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^6 + 4*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 6*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + \cos(d*x+c)^2)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(a*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + a*\cos(d*x+c))) - 2*(1887*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 5082*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 4251*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 896*\cos(d*x+c) - 128)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^6 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2)$$

### 3.258.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.258. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$



**3.258.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.258.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.258.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2} (a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`

**3.259**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

3.259.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2067  
 3.259.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2068  
 3.259.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2068  
 3.259.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2072  
 3.259.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2073  
 3.259.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2073  
 3.259.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2074  
 3.259.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2074  
 3.259.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2074

**3.259.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{35 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{1024 \sqrt{2} a^{9/2} d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{8d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} - \frac{19 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{96ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{187 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{768a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{853 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3072a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output -1/8*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)-19/96*cos(d*x+c)
^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+35/2048*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)
*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/d*2^(1/2)
)-187/768*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+853/307
2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

### 3.259.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^9\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \left(105 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right)\right) \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2), x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^9*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(105*ArcSin[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]*(279 - 326*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + 200*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^4 - 48*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^6)))/(192*a^5*d*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^5)`

### 3.259.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-14a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.259.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-14a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a-14a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(57a^2-130a^2\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{16a^2} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(57a^2-130a^2\cos(c+dx))}{12a^2}}{16a^2} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(57a^2-130a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{16a^2} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3456 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{187a^3-666a^3\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{187a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{16a^2}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{187a^3-666a^3\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{16a^2}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.259.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{187a^3 - 666a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{16a^2}{12a^2} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{105a^4}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{16a^2}{12a^2} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{105}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{16a^2}{12a^2} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{105}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{16a^2}{12a^2} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{16a^2}{12a^2} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx}{12a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.259.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{-\frac{105a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{12a^2} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}}{16a^2} = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(9/2),x]`

output `-1/8*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)) - ((19*a*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((187*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-105*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (853*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)/(12*a^2)/(16*a^2)`

### 3.259.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

---

3.259.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.259.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1}{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}\left((\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)\right)^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}}\left(48(\csc^7(dx+c))\sqrt{-}\right)}{48(\csc^7(dx+c))\sqrt{-}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.259. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

output 
$$\frac{-1/6144/d*(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{7/2}/(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{7/2}*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^4*(a/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{1/2}*(48*\csc(d*x+c)^7*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^7-200*\csc(d*x+c)^5*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^5+326*\csc(d*x+c)^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3-279*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))+105*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/a^5}$$

### 3.259.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10\cos(dx+c)^2 + 10\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan(1/2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c)) + 2*(853\cos(dx+c)^3 + 819\cos(dx+c)^2 + 455\cos(dx+c) + 105)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c) + a^5*d)}{614}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{1/6144*(105*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 5*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 10*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 5*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(a*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + a*\cos(d*x+c)) + 2*(853*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 819*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 455*\cos(d*x+c) + 105)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c))/(a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^5*d)}$$

### 3.259.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.259. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$



**3.259.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(9/2), x)`

**3.259.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.259.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

**3.260** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

3.260.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2075  
 3.260.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2076  
 3.260.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2076  
 3.260.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2081  
 3.260.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2081  
 3.260.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2082  
 3.260.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2082  
 3.260.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2082  
 3.260.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2083

**3.260.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{45 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{1024\sqrt{2}a^{9/2}d} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{8d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{32ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{33\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{256a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{73\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{1024a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output -1/8*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)+45/2048*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/d*2^(1/2)-5/32*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+33/256*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+73/1024*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

---

3.260. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

**3.260.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(5760 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)\right) \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2),x]`output `(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(5760*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8 + (999 + 2466*Cos[c + d*x] + 1072*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 702*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 73*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(65536*Sqrt[2]*a^4*d*Sqrt[-1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`**3.260.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-4a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-4a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.260.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2-28a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2-28a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2-28a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
\downarrow 3457 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3-66a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3-66a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \\
\downarrow 3042
\end{array}$$

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3.260.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3 - 66a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{16a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 3457

$$3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{45a^4}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{16a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{-\frac{45}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{16a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$3 \left( \frac{-\frac{45}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{16a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 3261

---

3.260.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \left( \frac{45a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{\frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{16a^2}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& 3 \left( \frac{45a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}}{\frac{16a^2}{8d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2),x]`

output `-1/8*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)) - 3*((5*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-33*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))) + ((-45*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (73*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)/(12*a^2))/(16*a^2)`

### 3.260.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

$$3.260. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

**3.260.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1)}{(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left((\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)\right)^3 \sqrt{\frac{a}{(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)}} \left(16(\csc^7(dx+c))\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\dots}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2048/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(5/2)/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(5/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^3*(a/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(16*csc(d*x+c)^7*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^7-24*csc(d*x+c)^5*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-30*csc(d*x+c)^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+83*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-45*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/a^5
```

**3.260.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{45\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan(1/2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c)) + 2*(73\cos(dx+c)^3 + 351\cos(dx+c)^2 + 195\cos(dx+c) + 45)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*\cos(dx+c) + a^5*d)}{2048}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2048*(45*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x+c)^5 + 5*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 10*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x+c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2))*sqrt(a*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(a*cos(d*x+c)^2+a*cos(d*x+c)) + 2*(73*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 351*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 195*cos(d*x+c) + 45)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x+c) + a^5*d)
```

---

3.260.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$



**3.260.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(9/2), x)`output `Timed out`**3.260.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(9/2), x)`**3.260.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.260.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

**3.261**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx$

3.261.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2084  
 3.261.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2084  
 3.261.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2085  
 3.261.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2086  
 3.261.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2086  
 3.261.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2087  
 3.261.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2087  
 3.261.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2088  
 3.261.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2088

**3.261.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{1+\cos(x)}\right)$$

output `arcsin(sin(x)/(1+cos(x)))*2^(1/2)`

**3.261.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[x]]),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[Sin[x/2]/Sqrt[Cos[x]]]*Cos[x/2])/Sqrt[1 + Cos[x]]`

**3.261.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{\cos(x)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(x+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(x+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3260} \\
 & -\sqrt{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(x)}{(\cos(x)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[x]]),x]`

output `Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[x]/(1 + Cos[x])]`

**3.261.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3260 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)+(b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1-x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e+f*x]/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

### 3.261.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 33 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)}{\cos(x)+1}} \sqrt{2\cos(x)+2} \arcsin(-\csc(x)+\cot(x))}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}}$	34

```
input int(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(cos(x)+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/cos(x)^(1/2)*(cos(x)/(cos(x)+1))^(1/2)*(2*cos(x)+2)^(1/2)*arcsin(-csc(x)+cot(x))
```

### 3.261.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(x)+1}\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sin(x)}{2(\cos(x)^2+\cos(x))} \right)$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(1+cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(x)+1)*sqrt(cos(x))*sin(x)/(cos(x)^2+cos(x)))
```

**3.261.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)+1}\sqrt{\cos(x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(x)**(1/2)/(1+cos(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(cos(x) + 1)*sqrt(cos(x))), x)`

**3.261.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\left( |e^{ix} + 1|^4 + \cos(x)^4 + \sin(x)^4 + 2(\cos(x)^2 - \sin(x)^2 - 2\cos(x) + 1)|e^{ix} + 1|^2 - 4\cos(x) \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(1+cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^4 + cos(x)^4 + sin(x)^4 + 2*(cos(x)^2 - sin(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)*abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(x)^3 + 2*(cos(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)*sin(x)^2 + 6*cos(x)^2 - 4*cos(x) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(x) - 1)*sin(x)/abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2 + cos(x)^2 - sin(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)/abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2)) + sin(x))/abs(e^(I*x) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^4 + cos(x)^4 + sin(x)^4 + 2*(cos(x)^2 - sin(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)*abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(x)^3 + 2*(cos(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)*sin(x)^2 + 6*cos(x)^2 - 4*cos(x) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(x) - 1)*sin(x)/abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2 + cos(x)^2 - sin(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)/abs(e^(I*x) + 1)^2)) + cos(x) - 1)/abs(e^(I*x) + 1))`

**3.261.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)+1}\sqrt{\cos(x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(1+cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(x) + 1)*sqrt(cos(x))), x)`

**3.261.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{1+\cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{\cos(x)+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(x)^(1/2)*(cos(x) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(x)^(1/2)*(cos(x) + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.262**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(x)}} dx$

3.262.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2089  
 3.262.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2089  
 3.262.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2090  
 3.262.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2091  
 3.262.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2091  
 3.262.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2092  
 3.262.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2092  
 3.262.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2093  
 3.262.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2093

**3.262.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(x)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(x)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `arctan(1/2*sin(x)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(x)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(x))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)`

**3.262.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a \cos(x)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(x))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[x]]),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[Sin[x/2]/Sqrt[Cos[x]]]*Cos[x/2])/Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[x])]`



**3.262.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a\cos(x)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(x+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a\sin(x+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & -2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(x)\tan(x)a^3}{\cos(x)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(x)}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{\cos(x)a+a}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a\cos(x)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[x]])]/Sqrt[a]`

**3.262.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.262.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)}{\cos(x)+1}} \sqrt{a(\cos(x)+1)} \arcsin(-\csc(x)+\cot(x))\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\cos(x)} a}$	40

```
input int(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(a+cos(x)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/cos(x)^(1/2)*(cos(x)/(cos(x)+1))^(1/2)*(a*(cos(x)+1))^(1/2)*arcsin(-csc(x)+cot(x))*2^(1/2)/a
```

### 3.262.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(x)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}} \log \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(x)+a}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}}\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sin(x) - 3\cos(x)^2 - 2\cos(x) + 1}{\cos(x)^2 + 2\cos(x) + 1} \right) \right], \frac{\sqrt{2}\arctan}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/a)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(x) + a)*sqrt(-1/a)*sqrt(cos(x))*sin(x) - 3*cos(x)^2 - 2*cos(x) + 1)/(cos(x)^2 + 2*cos(x) + 1)), sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(x) + a)*sqrt(cos(x))*sin(x)/((cos(x)^2 + cos(x))*sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a)]
```

## 3.262.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a(\cos(x)+1)}\sqrt{\cos(x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(x)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a*(cos(x)+1))*sqrt(cos(x))), x)`

## 3.262.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(x)}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{(|e^{ix}+1|^4 + \cos(x)^4 + \sin(x)^4 + 2(\cos(x)^2 - \sin(x)^2 - 2\cos(x)+1)|e^{ix}+1|^2 - 4\cos(x)^3 + 2(\cos(x)^2 - 2\cos(x)+1)\sin(x)^2 + 6\cos(x)^2 - 4\cos(x)+1)}{|e^{ix}+1|} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*x)+1)^4+cos(x)^4+sin(x)^4+2*(cos(x)^2-sin(x)^2-2*cos(x)+1)*abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2-4*cos(x)^3+2*(cos(x)^2-2*cos(x)+1)*sin(x)^2+6*cos(x)^2-4*cos(x)+1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(x)-1)*sin(x)/abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2,(abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2+cos(x)^2-sin(x)^2-2*cos(x)+1)/abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2))+sin(x)/abs(e^(I*x)+1),((abs(e^(I*x)+1)^4+cos(x)^4+sin(x)^4+2*(cos(x)^2-sin(x)^2-2*cos(x)+1)*abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2-4*cos(x)^3+2*(cos(x)^2-2*cos(x)+1)*sin(x)^2+6*cos(x)^2-4*cos(x)+1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(x)-1)*sin(x)/abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2,(abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2+cos(x)^2-sin(x)^2-2*cos(x)+1)/abs(e^(I*x)+1)^2))+sqrt(a)*cos(x)-sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*x)+1)))/sqrt(a)`

**3.262.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cos(x)+a}\sqrt{\cos(x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(x)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(x) + a)*sqrt(cos(x))), x)`

**3.262.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}\sqrt{a+a\cos(x)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(x)^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(x))^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.263 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.263.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2094
3.263.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2094
3.263.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2095
3.263.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2097
3.263.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2097
3.263.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2098
3.263.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2098
3.263.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2099
3.263.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2100

#### 3.263.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{3a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{a \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `-3/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d-1/2*a*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+3/4*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.263.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2}i(c+dx)} \left( \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} (1 - 2e^{i(c+dx)} - 2e^{2i(c+dx)} + e^{3i(c+dx)}) + 3e^{2i(c+dx)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + 3e^{2i(c+dx)} \right)}{8d \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/8*((Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(1 - 2*E^(I*(c + d*x)) - 2*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + E^((3*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + 3*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*E^((3*I)/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])`

### 3.263.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3254, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a - a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a - a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a - a \cos(c+dx)} - a} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c+dx)}}}{d} - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*(a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/4`

**3.263.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.263.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$-\frac{\csc(dx+c)\left(2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))-\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)-3\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c))}}{4d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4/d*csc(d*x+c)*(2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*
x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))^(1/2))-3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)*c
os(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
```

### 3.263.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{4\sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)+a}\left(2\cos^2(dx+c)+3\cos(dx+c)+1\right)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-\left(8a\cos^2(dx+c)+8a\cos(dx+c)+a\right)\sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{16 d \sin(dx+c)}$$

3.263.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(3*sqrt(a)*log((4*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (8*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 4*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*sin(d*x + c))`

### 3.263.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-a(\cos(c + dx) - 1)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### 3.263.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1063 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1063, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.24

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*((cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))), sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + ((cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(-a) + 3*sqrt(-a)*(arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))), sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))), sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))...`

### 3.263.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-a \cos(dx + c) + a \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.263.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.264 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.264.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2101
3.264.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2101
3.264.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2102
3.264.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2103
3.264.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2104
3.264.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2104
3.264.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2105
3.264.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2105
3.264.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2106

#### 3.264.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d-a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.264.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{i \left( (1 + e^{i(c+dx)}) \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} - e^{i(c+dx)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) - e^{i(c+dx)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d (-1 + e^{i(c+dx)}) \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $((-I)*((1 + E^{(I*(c + d*x))})*Sqrt[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] - E^{(I*(c + d*x))})*ArcSinh[E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] - E^{(I*(c + d*x))}*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/(d*(-1 + E^{(I*(c + d*x))})*Sqrt[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}])$

### 3.264.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3254, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a - a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 & -\frac{a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a - a \cos(c+dx)} - a} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c+dx)}}}{d} - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]$

```
output (Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos
[c + d*x]])]/d - (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c
+ d*x]])
```

### 3.264.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 220 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*COS[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.264.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\csc(dx+c)\left(\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)\left(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	120

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.264.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

output 
$$-1/d*\csc(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}+(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-\operatorname{arctanh}((\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}))*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)*(-a*(\cos(d*x+c)-1))^{(1/2)}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}}$$

### 3.264.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \log \left( -\frac{4\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}(2\cos(dx+c)^2+3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}+(8a\cos(dx+c)^2+8a\cos(dx+c)+a)\sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4d\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$1/4*(\sqrt{a}*\log(-(4*\sqrt{-a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(2*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}+(8*a*\cos(d*x+c)^2+8*a*\cos(d*x+c)+a)*\sin(d*x+c))/\sin(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c)-4*\sqrt{-a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(d*\sin(d*x+c))$$

### 3.264.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-a(\cos(c+dx)-1)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a*(cos(c+d*x)-1))*sqrt(cos(c+d*x)),x)`

**3.264.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 795 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.35

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)
^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x +
c) - (cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
+ 1)))*sqrt(-a) + sqrt(-a)*(arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2
*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), c
os(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*
x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^
2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + 1) - arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*
d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(s
in(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin
(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2
*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 1) + arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 +
sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^
2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^...
```

**3.264.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.264.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.265**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$

3.265.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2107  
 3.265.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2107  
 3.265.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2108  
 3.265.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2109  
 3.265.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2109  
 3.265.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2110  
 3.265.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2110  
 3.265.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2111  
 3.265.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2111

**3.265.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

output `-2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d`

**3.265.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)} (1 + e^{2i(c+dx)})} \left( \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \right) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{cs}}{\sqrt{2d} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $-\left(\frac{E^{\left(\frac{I}{2}\right)\left(c+d x\right)} \sqrt{\left(1+E^{\left(2 I\right)\left(c+d x\right)}\right)}}{E^{I\left(c+d x\right)}}\left(\operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[E^{I\left(c+d x\right)}\right]+\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+E^{\left(2 I\right)\left(c+d x\right)}}\right]\right) \sqrt{a-a \cos [c+d x]} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{c+d x}{2}\right] / \left(\sqrt{2} d \sqrt{1+E^{\left(2 I\right)\left(c+d x\right)}}\right)\right)$

### 3.265.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {3042, 3254, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos (c+d x)}}{\sqrt{\cos (c+d x)}} d x \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \sin \left(c+d x+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\sin \left(c+d x+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} d x \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\ & \frac{2 a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a^2 \sin (c+d x) \tan (c+d x)}{a-a \cos (c+d x)}-a} d \frac{a \sin (c+d x)}{\sqrt{\cos (c+d x)} \sqrt{a-a \cos (c+d x)}}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\ & \frac{2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin (c+d x)}{\sqrt{\cos (c+d x)} \sqrt{a-a \cos (c+d x)}}\right)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\operatorname{Int}\left[\sqrt{a-a \cos [c+d x]} / \sqrt{\cos [c+d x]}, x\right]$

output  $\left(-2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin [c+d x]}{\sqrt{\cos [c+d x]} \sqrt{a-a \cos [c+d x]}}\right]\right) / d$

### 3.265.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 220 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.265.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cot(dx+c)+\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	79

```
input int((a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/d*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)*arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c))
```

### 3.265.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{4\sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)+a} (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 \cos(dx+c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (8a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 8a \cos(dx+c) + a) \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)} \right)}{2d}, \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2d} \right]$$

3.265.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(a)*log((4*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (8*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))/d, sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-a)*(2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)))/d]`

### 3.265.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a (\cos(c + dx) - 1)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.265.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{\sqrt{-a} \arctan \left( (\cos(2 dx + 2 c))^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2 dx + 2 c)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(-a)*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c))^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c))^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c))/d`

---

3.265.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$

**3.265.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{2 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)}{-2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 4\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 - 2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(a)*log(2*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/abs(-2*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 4*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - 2))*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/d`

**3.265.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.266** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

3.266.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2112  
 3.266.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2112  
 3.266.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2113  
 3.266.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2114  
 3.266.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2114  
 3.266.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2114  
 3.266.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2115  
 3.266.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2115  
 3.266.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2115

**3.266.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.266.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)} \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cot[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.266.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.266.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



**3.266.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}(\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	40

input `int((a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/d*(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c))`**3.266.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-a \cos(dx + c) + a}(\cos(dx + c) + 1)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))`**3.266.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a(\cos(c + dx) - 1)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.266.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} \right)}{d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)/  
(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c)  
) + 1) + 1)^(3/2))`

**3.266.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2} \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 1 \right) \sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1} d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*sqrt(2)*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 1)*sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/  
(sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)*d)`

**3.266.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{-a (\cos(c + dx) - 1)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(c + dx) - 1)}$$

input `int((a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `-(2*sin(c + d*x)*(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))^(1/2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))`

**3.267** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.267.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2117  
 3.267.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2118  
 3.267.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2119  
 3.267.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2120  
 3.267.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2120  
 3.267.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2120  
 3.267.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2121  
 3.267.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2121

**3.267.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-4/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.267.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{2(-1+2 \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)} \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(-1 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cot[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

---

3.267. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.267.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.267.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

## 3.267.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \csc(dx+c) \sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)} (-1+2(\cos^2(dx+c)+\cos(dx+c)))}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51

input `int((a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/3/d*\csc(d*x+c)*(-a*(\cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)*(-1+2*\cos(d*x+c)^2+\cos(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)$$

**3.267.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2 \sqrt{-a \cos(dx + c) + a} (2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c) - 1)}{3 d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c))`

**3.267.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a (\cos(c + dx) - 1)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))/cos(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**3.267.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} - \frac{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^2}{3 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-2/3*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a} - 4*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 3*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c)^4/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4*(\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2/(d*(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{(5/2)}*(-\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{(5/2)}*(2*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^4/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4 + 1))}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$$

### 3.267.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - 15\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 15\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - 1\right)\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{2/3*\sqrt{2}*\left(\left(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 15\right)*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 15\right)*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 1*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)\right)/\left(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1\right)^{(3/2)}*d}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$$

### 3.267.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{-a(\cos(c + dx) - 1)}(\sin(c + dx) - \sin(2c + 2dx) + \sin(3c + 3dx))}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3\cos(c + dx) - 2\cos(2c + 2dx) + \cos(3c + 3dx) - 2)}$$

input `int((a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{4*(-a*(\cos(c + d*x) - 1))^{(1/2)}*(\sin(c + d*x) - \sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + \sin(3*c + 3*d*x))}{(3*d*\cos(c + d*x)^{(1/2)}*(3*\cos(c + d*x) - 2*\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + \cos(3*c + 3*d*x) - 2))}$$

---

3.267. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$



**3.268**      
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

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 3.268.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2122  
 3.268.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2123  
 3.268.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2125  
 3.268.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2125  
 3.268.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2125  
 3.268.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2126  
 3.268.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2126  
 3.268.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2127

**3.268.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{8a \sin(c + dx)}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{16a \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-8/15*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/15*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.268.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}(7 - 4 \cos(c + dx) + 4 \cos(2(c + dx))) \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{15d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]*(7 - 4*Cos[c + d*x] + 4*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Cot[(c + d*x)/2])/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.268.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/5`

### 3.268.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

**3.268.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \csc(dx+c) \sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)} (3+8(\cos^3(dx+c))+4(\cos^2(dx+c))-\cos(dx+c))}{15d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	63

input `int((a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{2/15/d*\csc(d*x+c)*(-a*(\cos(d*x+c)-1))^{1/2}*(3+8*\cos(d*x+c)^3+4*\cos(d*x+c)^2-\cos(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^{5/2}}$$
**3.268.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 (8 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 4 \cos(dx + c)^2 - \cos(dx + c) + 3) \sqrt{-a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{15 d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$2/15*(8*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \cos(d*x + c) + 3)*\sqrt{-a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^{5/2}*\sin(d*x + c))$$
**3.268.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.268. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

**3.268.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - \frac{17\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{25\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^3}{15 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(7*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - 17*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 25*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 - 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.268.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2} \left( \left( \left( \left( 7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 75 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 430 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 430 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 430 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 430}{15 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*sqrt(2)*((((7*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 75)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 430)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 430)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 75)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 7)*sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(5/2)*d)`

---

3.268.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

**3.268.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sqrt{2 a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2} (7 \sin(c + dx) - 4 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 9 \sin(3c + 3dx) - 2 \sin(4c + 4dx) + 2 \sin(5c + 5dx))}{15 d \sqrt{1 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2} \left(-16 \sin(c + dx)^2 - 4 \sin(2c + 2dx)^2 + 20 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 10 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)^2 - 16 \sin(c + dx)^2\right)}$$

input `int((a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `(8*(2*a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(7*sin(c + d*x) - 4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 9*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) - 2*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(15*d*(1 - 2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(20*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x)^2 + 10*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)^2 + 2*sin((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2)^2 - 16*sin(c + d*x)^2))`

### 3.269 $\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.269.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2128
3.269.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2128
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#### 3.269.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = -\frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} + \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))/d-1/2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+3/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.269.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2}i(c+dx)}\left(\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}(1 - 2e^{i(c+dx)} - 2e^{2i(c+dx)} + e^{3i(c+dx)})\right) + 3e^{2i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + 3e^{2i(c+dx)}}{8d\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/8*((Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(1 - 2*E^(I*(c + d*x)) - 2*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + E^((3*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]) + 3*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*E^(((3*I)/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])]`

### 3.269.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3254, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)} - 1} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]) - (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]/d - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]))))/4`

### 3.269.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.269.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{\csc(dx+c) \left( 2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)) - \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) - 3\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \sqrt{-2 \cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8/d*csc(d*x+c)*(2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*
x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))^(1/2))-3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
```

### 3.269.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(2 \cos(dx + c)^2 - \cos(dx + c) - 3) \sqrt{-\cos(dx + c) + 1} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} - 3 \log\left(-\frac{2(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}}{8d \sin(dx+c)}\right)}{8d \sin(dx + c)}$$

```
input integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/8*(2*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt
(cos(d*x + c)) - 3*log(-(2*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt
(cos(d*x + c)) - (2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/(d*sin(d*x + c))
```

---

3.269.  $\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.269.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.269.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1305 vs.  $2(96) = 192$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1305, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.45

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(((cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - (cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + 3*log(sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) - 3*log(sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + 3*log(((cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))...`

**3.269.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-\cos(dx + c) + 1} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.269.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.270 $\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.270.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))/d-sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.270.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{2}\left(\left(1 + e^{i(c+dx)}\right)\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} - e^{i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(e^{i(c+dx)}\right) - e^{i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\right)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d(-1 + e^{i(c+dx)})\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $((-I)*\text{Sqrt}[2]*((1 + E^{(I*(c + d*x))})*\text{Sqrt}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}] - E^{(I*(c + d*x))})*\text{ArcSinh}[E^{(I*(c + d*x))}] - E^{(I*(c + d*x))}*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}]])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/(d*(-1 + E^{(I*(c + d*x))})*\text{Sqrt}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}])$

### 3.270.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3249, 3042, 3254, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3249} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)} - 1} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\ & \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x]$

```
output ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/d - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.270.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 220 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.270.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\csc(dx+c)\left(\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}\left(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\right)\sqrt{2}}{2d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	122

```
input int((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$-1/2/d*\csc(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)+(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-\operatorname{arctanh}((\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}))*(-2*\cos(d*x+c)+2)^{(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}}$$

### 3.270.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx + c) + 1}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} - \log\left(-\frac{2(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} + 2\cos(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{2d \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/2*(2*(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sqrt{-\cos(d*x + c) + 1}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)} - \log(-2*(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sqrt{-\cos(d*x + c) + 1}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)} + (2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c))/\sin(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\sin(d*x + c))$$

### 3.270.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`



**3.270.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 966 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 966, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.42

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*((cos(d*x + c) + 1)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - log(sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + log(sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) - log(((cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + (cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2)*sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) + 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin...`

**3.270.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-\cos(dx + c) + 1} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.270.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.271**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.271.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2142  
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 3.271.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2144

**3.271.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

output `-2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))/d`

**3.271.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\right)\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{csc}}{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-((E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]/E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])`

---

3.271.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.271.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {3042, 3254, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)} - 1} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{220} \\
 \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]/d`

**3.271.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.271.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 4.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) (\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	81

```
input int((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/d*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*arc
tanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cot(d*x+c)+csc(d
*x+c))
```

### 3.271.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\log\left(-\frac{2(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d}$$

```
input integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output log(-(2*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (2
*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))/d
```

---

3.271.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.271.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.271.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \operatorname{arsinh}(1) + \log\left(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + \sqrt{\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2} + 2 \cos(2dx + 2c)\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*arcsinh(1) + log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2) + 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))))/d`

**3.271.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log \left( \frac{2 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)}{-2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 4\sqrt{2} + 2 \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 - 2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*log(2*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/abs(-2*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 4*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - 2))*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/d`

**3.271.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.272 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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3.272.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2145
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3.272.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2148

### 3.272.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.272.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cot[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`



**3.272.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.272.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.272.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}(\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	41

input `int((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)`**3.272.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))`**3.272.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.272.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} \right)}{d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2))`

**3.272.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2} \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 1 \right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1} d}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*sqrt(2)*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)*d)`

**3.272.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sin(c + d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

---

3.272.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

**3.273** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.273.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2149  
 3.273.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2150  
 3.273.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2151  
 3.273.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2152  
 3.273.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2152  
 3.273.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2152  
 3.273.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2153  
 3.273.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2153

**3.273.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-4/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.273.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(-1+2\cos(c+dx))\cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(-1 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Cot[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

**3.273.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3251

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/((3*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) - (4*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))`

## 3.273.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

## 3.273.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\csc(dx+c)\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}(-1+2(\cos^2(dx+c)+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}}{3d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	53

input `int((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3/d*\csc(d*x+c)*(-2*\cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*(-1+2*\cos(d*x+c)^2+\cos(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)$$

**3.273.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2(2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c) - 1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx + c) + 1}}{3d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c))`

**3.273.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**3.273.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{2} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4}\right)\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1\right)^2}{3d\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(\frac{2\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + 1\right)}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-2/3*\sqrt{2} - 4*\sqrt{2}*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 3*\sqrt{2}*\sin(dx + c)^4/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4*(\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2/(d*(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{5/2}*(-\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{5/2}*(2*\sin(dx + c)^2/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^4/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4 + 1))}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$$

### 3.273.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - 15\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 15\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - 1}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{2/3*\sqrt{2}*\left(\left(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 15\right)*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 15\right)*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 1}{3*d*\left(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1\right)^{3/2}}*\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c\right)\right)$$

### 3.273.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}(\sin(c + dx) - \sin(2c + 2dx) + \sin(3c + 3dx))}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3\cos(c + dx) - 2\cos(2c + 2dx) + \cos(3c + 3dx) - 2)}$$

input `int((1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{4*(1 - \cos(c + d*x))^{1/2}*(\sin(c + d*x) - \sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + \sin(3*c + 3*d*x))}{3*d*\cos(c + d*x)^{1/2}*(3*\cos(c + d*x) - 2*\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + \cos(3*c + 3*d*x) - 2)}$$

---

3.273. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$



**3.274** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.274.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2154  
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**3.274.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{8\sin(c+dx)}{15d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{16\sin(c+dx)}{15d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-8/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.274.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}(3-4\cos(c+dx)+8\cos^2(c+dx))\cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{15d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*(3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x] + 8*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2])/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.274.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} - \\
 & \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.274.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) - (4*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) - (4*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/5`

### 3.274.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

**3.274.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\csc(dx+c)\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}(3+8(\cos^3(dx+c))+4(\cos^2(dx+c))-\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}}{15d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	65

input `int((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/15/d*csc(d*x+c)*(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*(3+8*cos(d*x+c)^3+4*cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)`**3.274.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(8\cos(dx+c)^3+4\cos(dx+c)^2-\cos(dx+c)+3)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}}{15d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(8*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c))`**3.274.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.274.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.274.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 7\sqrt{2} - \frac{17\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{25\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^3}{15 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \frac{3\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(7*sqrt(2) - 17*sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 25*sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 - 15*sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.274.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2} \left( \left( \left( \left( 7 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 75 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 430 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 430 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*sqrt(2)*((((7*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 75)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 430)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 430)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 75)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 7)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(5/2)*d)`

**3.274.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2} (7 \sin(c + dx) - 4 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 9 \sin(3c + 3dx) - 2 \sin(4c + 4dx) + 2 \sin(5c + 5dx))}{15d \sqrt{1 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2} \left(-16 \sin(c + dx)^2 - 4 \sin(2c + 2dx)^2 + 20 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 10 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)^2 - 16 \sin(c + dx)\right)}$$

input `int((1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `(8*(2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(7*sin(c + d*x) - 4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 9*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) - 2*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(15*d*(1 - 2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(20*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x)^2 + 10*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)^2 + 2*sin((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2)^2 - 16*sin(c + d*x)^2))`

**3.275**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.275.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2160  
 3.275.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2161  
 3.275.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2161  
 3.275.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2165  
 3.275.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2166  
 3.275.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2166  
 3.275.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2167  
 3.275.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2167  
 3.275.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2168

**3.275.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 7/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/
a^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+1/2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a-a*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.275.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-2i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{i(c+dx)})\left(7\sqrt{2}e^{2i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})-16e^{2i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)+\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-1/8*I)*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(7*Sqrt[2]*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] - 16*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + Sqrt[2]*(Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*(1 + 2*E^(I*(c + d*x)) + 2*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + E^((3*I)*(c + d*x))) + 7*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.275.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 3042, 3462, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3254, 220, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.275.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+3a)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+3a)}{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3462} \\
 & \frac{\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int -\frac{7\cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{7\cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{7\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 7a \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 7a \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3254}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.275.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{14a^2 \int \frac{1}{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx) - a} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{14a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2a} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{14a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right) - \frac{16a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{14a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{2a} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (((14*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (8*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/(2*a) + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])/(4*a)`

---

3.275.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.275.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3254 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m +
n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*S
in[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m
+ n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.275.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( 2(\cos^2(dx+c))\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right)}{8d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
+3*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+7*2^(1/2)*arctanh(
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/
2)-8*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)
```

---

3.275. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.275.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} - (3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right) \sin(dx+c) + 7\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right) \sin(dx+c)$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/8*(4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)))*sin(d*x + c) + 7*sqrt(a)*log(-(2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + (2*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*sin(d*x + c))
```

**3.275.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.275.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.275.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 779 vs.  $2(152) = 304$ .

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*sqrt(2)*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 2*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 2*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + 7*log(1/8*abs(8*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 16*sqrt(2) - 8*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 8))/(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 4*sqrt(2)*(17*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^7*sqrt(a) - 73*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^6*sqrt(a) + 157*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^5*sqrt(a) - 597*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^4*sqrt(a) + 1603*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^3*sqrt(a) - 875*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^2*sqrt(a) - 1585*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(a) + 1737*sqrt(a))/(((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - ...`

---

3.275.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.275.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.276** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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**3.276.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



### 3.276.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{i(c+dx)})\left(\sqrt{2}e^{i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})-4e^{i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)+\sqrt{2}\left(1+e^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]) - 4*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + Sqrt[2]*((1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.276.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3254, 220, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.276.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)} - a} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right) - \frac{4a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)} - a} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{d}}{d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}}{d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}}{d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.276.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/(2*a) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.276.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3254 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.276.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) - 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right) \right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))-2*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`

---

3.276. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.276.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)+1\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right) \sin(dx+c) + \sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{-a\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)))*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*log(-(2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + (2*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*sin(d*x + c))`**3.276.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{-a(\cos(c+dx)-1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1)), x)`**3.276.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

---

3.276.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.276.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 581 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1}\right)}{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}$$

=

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(sqrt(2)*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*
tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - sqr
t(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan
(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - sqrt(
2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1
/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + 2*log(1
/2*abs(2*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 4*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^
4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 2)/(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)
- sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1))/(sqrt
(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - 8*sqrt(2)*(3*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sq
rt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^3*sqrt(a) - 7*(
tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4
*c)^2 + 1))^2*sqrt(a) + (tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c
)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(a) + 11*sqrt(a))/(((tan(1/4*d*x
+ 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^
2 + 2*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 2*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d
*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - 7)^2*a*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d
```

3.276.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.276.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

$$3.277 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.277.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2177
3.277.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2177
3.277.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2178
3.277.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2180
3.277.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2181
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3.277.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2182
3.277.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2182

### 3.277.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)`

### 3.277.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{i(-1 + e^{i(c+dx)}) \sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)} (1 + e^{2i(c+dx)})} \left( \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right) \right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2d} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.277.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-I)*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]*(ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] - Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.277.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$ , Rules used = {3042, 3256, 3042, 3254, 220, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3256} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)} - a} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.277.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d) - (Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

### 3.277.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3256 Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[
c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &
& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.277.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( -\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}} \right) + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})\sqrt{2}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	116

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*sin(d*x+c)*(-arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+2^(
(1/2)*arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(
d*x+c))/(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2
)
```

**3.277.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right) + 2\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{2ad}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a)*log(-(2*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + (2*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)))/(a*d)`**3.277.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-a(\cos(c+dx)-1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1)), x)`**3.277.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

---

3.277.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.277.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 269 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \left( 2\sqrt{2} \log \left( \frac{2 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1} \right)}{-2\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 4\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1}} \right) - \log \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(2)*log(2*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/abs(-2*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 4*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - 2)) - log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1) + log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) + log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

**3.277.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.278**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.278.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)`

**3.278.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{i(-1 + e^{i(c+dx)})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1 + e^{2i(c+dx)})}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{a - a\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(I*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/(d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.278.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {3042, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d))`

**3.278.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.278.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right)\sqrt{2}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}}$	80

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`

### 3.278.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(2)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(a) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a)*d), sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-1/a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))/d]`

---

3.278.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



## 3.278.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a(\cos(c+dx)-1)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

## 3.278.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}(\cos(2dx+2c)^2 + \sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx+2c)+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1)\right)}{\sqrt{a}|e^{i(dx+ic)}-1|}\right)}{\sqrt{-ad}}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(2)*arctan2(2*sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1)), 2*(sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - sqrt(-a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1) + 2*sqrt(a))/(a*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1)))/(sqrt(-a)*d)`

**3.278.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^4 - 6 \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 + 1 + 1} \right) - \log \left( \left| -\tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right) \right| \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*(log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1) - log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) - log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

**3.278.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.279** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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**3.279.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.279.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} + 2\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.279. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*(-(((1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]))/(Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)))) + 2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/(d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.279.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 27, 3042, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.279.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a - a \cos(c + dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(Sqrt[a]*d)) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.279.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.279.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}+\sqrt{2}}\right)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}}{d\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	85

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))*sin(d*x+c)/(-a*(cos(d*x+c)-1))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
```

**3.279.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)\sin(dx+c)+4\sqrt{-a}}{2ad\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 4*sqrt(-a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c))
```

**3.279.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a(\cos(c+dx)-1)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-a*(cos(c + d*x) - 1))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.279.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1\right)\right) \sin(dx+c) - 2(\cos(dx+c)+1) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c)+1\right)\right)$$

=

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(2*sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1)), 2*(sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - sqrt(-a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1) + 2*sqrt(a))/(a*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1)))/((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(-a)*d)`

**3.279.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}\right)}{\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2-\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^4-6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx+\frac{1}{4}c\right)^2+1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(4*(sqrt(2)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) - sqrt(2)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))) + sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(a)*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d`

**3.279.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**3.280**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.280.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.280.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{3e^{-\frac{3}{2}i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + 2\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)(1+\cos(c+dx))\right)}{3d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

3.280.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*((-3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^2*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*E^(((3*I)/2)*(c + d*x))) + 2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.280.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2\cos(c+dx)a+a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\int \frac{3a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.280.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{3a} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{6a^2 \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{3a}}{2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}}{2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a)`

### 3.280.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

---

3.280.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.280.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(-3 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}\right) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2}}{3d\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	102

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.280.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $\frac{1}{3}d \cdot (-3 \cos(dx+c) \cdot (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2 \cdot 2^{1/2}) / (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}) + 2^{1/2} \cdot \cos(dx+c) + 2^{1/2}) \cdot \sin(dx+c) / (-a \cdot (\cos(dx+c)-1))^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{3/2} \cdot 2^{1/2}$

### 3.280.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log \left( -\frac{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)+a} (\cos(dx+c)+1) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (3 \cos(dx+c)+1) \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a} (\cos(dx+c)-1) \sin(dx+c)} \right) \sin(dx+c) + 4 \sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)+a} (\cos(dx+c)+1) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{6 a d \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{6} \cdot (3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 \cdot \log(-2 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)+a} \cdot (\cos(dx+c)+1) \cdot \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} / \sqrt{a} - (3 \cdot \cos(dx+c)+1) \cdot \sin(dx+c)) / ((\cos(dx+c)-1) \cdot \sin(dx+c)) \cdot \sin(dx+c) + 4 \cdot \sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)+a} \cdot (\cos(dx+c)+1) \cdot \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) / (a \cdot d \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2 \cdot \sin(dx+c))$

### 3.280.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a(\cos(c+dx)-1)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-a*(cos(c+d*x)-1))*cos(c+d*x)**(5/2)),x)`

**3.280.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = 3(\sqrt{2}\cos(2dx+2c)^2 + \sqrt{2}\sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2\sqrt{2}\cos(2dx+2c) + \sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}(\cos(2dx+2c)^2 + \sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx+2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c) + 1))}{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{abs}(e^{I dx + I c} - 1)}\right) - \sqrt{-a} \operatorname{abs}(e^{I dx + I c} - 1) + 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{abs}(e^{I dx + I c} - 1) - 2(\cos(2dx+2c)^2 + \sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx+2c) + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}} (\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c) + 1)) \sin(dx+c) - (\cos(dx+c) + 3) \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c) + 1))) - 4(\cos(2dx+2c)^2 + \sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx+2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c) + 1)) \sin(dx+c) - (\cos(dx+c) - 1) \sin(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx+2c), \cos(2dx+2c) + 1)))) / ((\cos(2dx+2c)^2 + \sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx+2c) + 1) \sqrt{-a} d)$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*arctan2(2*sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)), 2*(sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - sqrt(-a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1) + 2*sqrt(a))/(a*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1))) - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(3/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) - 4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))))/((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(-a)*d)`

**3.280.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 235 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{8 \left( \left( \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 3 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 3 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 1 \right)}{\left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - 3 \log \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1} \right)$$

3.280.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*sqrt(2)*(8*(((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 3)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 3)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 1)/(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(3/2) - 3*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1) + 3*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) + 3*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

### 3.280.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.281**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.281.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2201  
 3.281.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2202  
 3.281.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2202  
 3.281.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2205  
 3.281.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2206  
 3.281.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2206  
 3.281.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2207  
 3.281.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2207  
 3.281.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2208

**3.281.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{15d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+2/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+26/15*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



**3.281.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2}i(c+dx)} \left( 2\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} (13+15e^{i(c+dx)}+40e^{2i(c+dx)}+40e^{3i(c+dx)}+15e^{4i(c+dx)}+13e^{5i(c+dx)}) - 15\sqrt{2} \right)}{60d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*(13 + 15*E^(I*(c + d*x)) + 40*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 40*E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)) + 15*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)) + 13*E^((5*I)*(c + d*x))) - 15*Sqrt[2]*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^3*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(60*d*E^(((5*I)/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.281.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.423$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3258}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{4\cos(c+dx)a+a}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.281.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2 \cos(c+dx)a^2+13a^2}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a}}{5a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)a^2+13a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+13a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{\frac{26a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{15a^3}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a}}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{5a}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{26a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}}}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{5a}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.281.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a-a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{26a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{5a}{2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}{3261} \\
 & \frac{30a^3 \int \frac{1}{2a^2 - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} d - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{5a}{2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}{221} \\
 & \frac{26a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{5a}{2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}}{
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((2*a *Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-15*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (26*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a - a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(5*a)`

### 3.281.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

---

3.281.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

### 3.281.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right) (\cos^2(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 13\sqrt{2} (\cos^2(dx+c)) - \sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) - 3\sqrt{2}\right) \sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}}{15d\sqrt{-a(\cos(dx+c)-1)} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	120

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a-cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.281. \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output  $-1/15/d*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*2^{(1/2)}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-13*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2-2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)-3*2^{(1/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(-a*(\cos(d*x+c)-1))^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*2^{(1/2)}$

### 3.281.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a(\cos(dx+c)+1)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)\sin(dx+c)+4(13\cos(dx+c)^3+14\cos(dx+c)^2+4\cos(dx+c)+3)\sqrt{-a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{30ad\cos(dx+c)^3\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/30*(15*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\log(-(2*\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{-a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/\sqrt{a}-(3*\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sin(d*x+c))/((\cos(d*x+c)-1)*\sin(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c)+4*(13*\cos(d*x+c)^3+14*\cos(d*x+c)^2+4*\cos(d*x+c)+3)*\sqrt{-a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(a*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c))$

### 3.281.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.281.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 692, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/15*(15*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(2*sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1)), 2*(sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - sqrt(-a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1) + 2*sqrt(a))/(a*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) - 1))) - 26*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 24*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - 24*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 2*((13*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + (13*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(13*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 13*cos(d*x + c) + 15)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - 4*sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*(7*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (7*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))))/((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(5/4)*sqrt(-a)*d)
```

**3.281.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{4 \left( \left( \left( \left( \left( 17 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 165 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 650 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 650 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 165 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 17 \right)}{\left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) - 15$$

---

3.281.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a-a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/30*sqrt(2)*(4*(((17*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 165)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 650)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 650)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 165)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 17)/(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(5/2) - 15*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1) + 15*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) + 15*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(sqrt(a)*d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

### 3.281.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(a - a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.282**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.282.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{7\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
7/4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))/d-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d+1/2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



### 3.282.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-2i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{i(c+dx)})\left(7\sqrt{2}e^{2i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})-16e^{2i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)+\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-1/8*I)*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(7*Sqrt[2]*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] - 16*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])] + Sqrt[2]*(Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*(1 + 2*E^(I*(c + d*x)) + 2*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + E^((3*I)*(c + d*x))) + 7*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.282.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 3042, 3462, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3254, 220, 3261, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.282.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)+3)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3)}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3462} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} - \int -\frac{7\cos(c+dx)+1}{2\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7\cos(c+dx)+1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 7 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.282.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

↓ 3254

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{14 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)} - 1} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{14 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{14 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{16 \int \frac{1}{2 - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{14 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]) + (((14*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]/d - (8*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/2 + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])))/4`

---

3.282.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.282.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3254 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m +
n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*S
in[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m
+ n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

### 3.282.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( -2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)+4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right) \sqrt{2-3\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2} \right)}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4/d*sin(d*x+c)*(-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*arc
tanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-3*cos(d*x+c)*(
cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-7*arcta
nh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(co
s(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
```

---

3.282. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.282.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\frac{2(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right) \sin(dx+c) + 2(2\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} + 7\log(2(\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - \sin(dx+c))\sin(dx+c) - 7\log(2(\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - \sin(dx+c))\sin(dx+c))}{d\sin(dx+c)}}{d\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*(4*sqrt(2)*log(-(2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)))*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + 7*log(2*(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 7*log(2*(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*sin(d*x + c))`**3.282.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`

**3.282.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

**3.282.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 747 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 6.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 747, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*sqrt(2)*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 2*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3))/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 2*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1))/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 7*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 7*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - 1))/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 4*sqrt(2)*(17*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^7 - 73*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^6 + 157*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^5 - 597*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^4 + 1603*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^3 - 875*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^2 - 1585*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1585*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1737)/(((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1))^2 + 2*tan(1/4*...`

---

3.282.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.282.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



**3.283**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.283.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2218  
 3.283.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2218  
 3.283.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2219  
 3.283.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2222  
 3.283.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2223  
 3.283.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2223  
 3.283.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2224  
 3.283.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2224  
 3.283.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2225

**3.283.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output arctanh(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))/d-arctanh(1/2*si
n(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d+sin(d*x+
c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.283.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{i(c+dx)})\left(\sqrt{2}e^{i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})-4e^{i(c+dx)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)+\sqrt{2}\left((1+e^{i(c+dx)})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

3.283.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] - 4*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + Sqrt[2]*((1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.283.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 3257, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3254, 220, 3261, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.283.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx) - 1}{1 - \cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{2 - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{1 - \cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output ((2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]/d -
(2*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[
c + d*x]])]/d)/2 + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c +
d*x]]))
```

### 3.283.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 220 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3257 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1))
Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d -
b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x],
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2
- b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.283.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}} \right) \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) \sqrt{d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`

---

3.283.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.283.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \log \left( -\frac{2(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)} \right) \sin(dx+c) + 2(\cos(dx+c) +$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*log(-(2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)))*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + log(2*(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - log(2*(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*sin(d*x + c))`

**3.283.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.283.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

**3.283.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1}\right)}{\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\left| -\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1}\right|\right)}{\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}$$

=

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{2})\log(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) + 1)/\text{sgn}(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - \sqrt{2})\log(\text{abs}(-\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) + 3))/\text{sgn}(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - \sqrt{2})\log(\text{abs}(-\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) + 1))/\text{sgn}(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 2*\log(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*\sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) + 1)/\text{sgn}(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 2*\log(\text{abs}(-\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*\sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) - 1))/\text{sgn}(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 8*\sqrt{2}*(3*(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}))^3 - 7*(\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}))^2 + \tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) + 11)/(((\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - \sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}))^2 + 2*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*\tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1}) - 7)^2*\text{sgn}(\sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))))/d$

### 3.283.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



**3.284**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.284.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2226  
 3.284.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2226  
 3.284.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2227  
 3.284.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2229  
 3.284.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2229  
 3.284.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2230  
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 3.284.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2231  
 3.284.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2231

**3.284.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

```
output 2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))/d-arctanh(1/2*
sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d
```

**3.284.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{i(-1+e^{i(c+dx)})\sqrt{e^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})}\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})-\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-I)*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))/E^(I*(c + d*x))]*(ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] - Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]])]`

### 3.284.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3256, 3042, 3254, 220, 3261, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3256} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}-1} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 3261

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2 - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]/d - (Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])])/d`

### 3.284.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3254 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3256 Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[
c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &
& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e
_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.284.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}} \right) \sqrt{2} - 2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})\sqrt{2}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	116

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/d*sin(d*x+c)*(arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*2^(
(1/2)-2*arctanh((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+co
s(d*x+c))/(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2
)
```

### 3.284.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \log \left( -\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2} \right) \sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (3 \cos(dx+c)+1) \sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1) \sin(dx+c)} \right) + 2 \log \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \right)}{\sin(dx+c)} \right)}{2d}$$

3.284.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*log(-(2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*log(2*(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)) - 2*log(2*(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - sin(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.284.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.284.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx + c) + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

**3.284.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \sqrt{2} \left( 2\sqrt{2} \log \left( \frac{2 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1} \right)}{-2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 4\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1}} \right) - \log \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(2)*log(2*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2) - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/abs(-2*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 4*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - 2)) - log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1) + log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) + log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

**3.284.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.285**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.285.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2232  
 3.285.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2232  
 3.285.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2233  
 3.285.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2234  
 3.285.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2234  
 3.285.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2235  
 3.285.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2235  
 3.285.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2236  
 3.285.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2236

**3.285.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

output `-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d`

**3.285.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-i(c+dx)}(-1+e^{i(c+dx)})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{-((-1+\cos(c+dx))\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(I*(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])])`

---

3.285.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.285.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {3042, 3261, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3261

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2 - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{1 - \cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/d)`

**3.285.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.285.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result	size
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos(dx+c)-1) \sin(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(-2\cos(dx+c)+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	84

input `int(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/d*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)-1)*sin(d*x+c)*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(3/2)`

### 3.285.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\frac{2(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{-2(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2})\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c) + 1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} - (3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c) - 1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)/d$

### 3.285.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

### 3.285.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(4\left(\left|i e^{i dx+i c}\right|^2+2 \sqrt{\cos(2 dx+2 c)^2+\sin(2 dx+2 c)^2+2 \cos(2 dx+2 c)+1}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2 dx+2 c), \cos(2 dx+2 c)+1)\right)^2+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2 dx+2 c), \cos(2 dx+2 c)+1)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\log\left(4\left(\left|I e^{I d x+I c}\right|^2+2 \sqrt{\cos(2 d x+2 c)^2+\sin(2 d x+2 c)^2+2 \cos(2 d x+2 c)+1}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan_2(\sin(2 d x+2 c), \cos(2 d x+2 c)+1)\right)^2+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan_2(\sin(2 d x+2 c), \cos(2 d x+2 c)+1)\right)\right)\right)-2\left(\sqrt{2}\left|I e^{I d x+I c}\right|-I\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan_2(\sin(2 d x+2 c), \cos(2 d x+2 c)+1)\right)-2 \sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan_2(\sin(2 d x+2 c), \cos(2 d x+2 c)+1)\right)\right)\left(\cos(2 d x+2 c)^2+\sin(2 d x+2 c)^2+2 \cos(2 d x+2 c)+1\right)^{1 / 4}+4\right) / \left|I e^{I d x+I c}\right|-I)^2 / d$

**3.285.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^4 - 6 \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 + 1 + 1} \right) - \log \left( \left| -\tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right) \right| \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*(log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1) - log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) - log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`

**3.285.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.286** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.286.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2237  
 3.286.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2237  
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**3.286.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d+2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.286.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} + 2\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \right) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{-((-1+\cos(c+dx))\cos(c+dx))}}$$

---

3.286. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(-(((1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) * ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]))/(Sqrt[2]*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)))) + 2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[-((-1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.286.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3261, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2 - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{1 - \cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.286.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.286.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.286.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}-2}\right)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}}$	85

input `int(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/d*(arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-2)*sin(d*x+c)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`**3.286.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right)\sin(dx+c)+4(\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}}{2d\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c))/(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)))*sin(d*x + c) + 4*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c))`

**3.286.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.286.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \left( 2\sqrt{2} \sin(dx + c) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)\right) + 2(\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + \sqrt{2}) \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*log(4*(abs(I*e^(I*d*x + I*c) - I)^2 + 2*sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2) - 2*(sqrt(2)*abs(I*e^(I*d*x + I*c) - I)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4) + 4)/abs(I*e^(I*d*x + I*c) - I)^2)/((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*d)`



**3.286.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2}{\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)} \right)}{\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1}\right)}{\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(\left| -\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1} \right|\right)}{\operatorname{sgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(4*(sqrt(2)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - sqrt(2)/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3))/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + sqrt(2)*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1))/sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/d`

**3.286.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.287**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.287.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2243  
 3.287.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2243  
 3.287.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2244  
 3.287.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2247  
 3.287.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2247  
 3.287.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2248  
 3.287.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2248  
 3.287.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2249  
 3.287.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2250

**3.287.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-arctanh(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.287.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{3e^{-\frac{3}{2}i(c+dx)}(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}} + 2\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) (1+\cos(c+dx)) \right) \operatorname{si}}{3d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

---

3.287.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*((-3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^2*ArcTanh[(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*E^(((3*I)/2)*(c + d*x))) + 2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*d*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.287.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2 \cos(c + dx) + 1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - 2 \int -\frac{3}{2 \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{1}{2-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + ((-3*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/3`

## 3.287.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

**3.287.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\left(3 \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}-2\cos(dx+c)-2}\right) \sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+2}}$	100

input `int(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3/d*(3*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-2*cos(d*x+c)-2)*sin(d*x+c)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-2*cos(d*x+c)+2)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`**3.287.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(-\frac{2(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}-(3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sin(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}\right) \sin(dx+c) + 4}{6d \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/6*(3*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(2*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) - (3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)))/((cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 4*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2*sin(d*x + c))`

**3.287.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(1 - cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)`

**3.287.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 (\cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + 1) \log \left( \frac{4 \left( \left| i e^{(i dx + i c)} - i \right|^2 + 2 \sqrt{\cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/3*(3*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*
log(4*(abs(I*e^(I*d*x + I*c) - I)^2 + 2*sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*
x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), co
s(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c
) + 1))^2) - 2*(sqrt(2)*abs(I*e^(I*d*x + I*c) - I)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2
*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4) + 4)/abs(I*e^(I*d*x + I*c) - I)^2) - 2*(sqrt(
2)*sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) +
(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt(2))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c) + 1)^(3/4) - 4*(sqrt(2)*sin(d*x + c)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2
*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + (sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(2))*cos(3/2*arc
tan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2
*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4))/((sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^
2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*d

```

### 3.287.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( 8 \left( \left( \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 3 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 3 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 1 \right)}{\left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - 3 \log \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - \sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 1} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(1-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/6*sqrt(2)*(8*(((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 3)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 3)
*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 1)/(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4
*c)^2 + 1)^(3/2) - 3*log(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c
)^2 - 1) - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)
^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 3)) + 3
*log(abs(-tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4
*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1) + 1)))/(d*sgn(sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))

```

---

3.287.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



**3.287.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.288 $\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.288.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2251
3.288.2 Mathematica [F] . . . . .	2251
3.288.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2252
3.288.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2253
3.288.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	2254
3.288.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2254
3.288.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2254
3.288.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2255
3.288.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2255

#### 3.288.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{5/6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 - \cos(c + dx), \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

output `2^(5/6)*AppellF1(1/2,-4/3,1/6,3/2,1-cos(d*x+c),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)`

#### 3.288.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]`

**3.288.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3266, 3042, 3264, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} \sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3266} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3264} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[6]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}} d(1-\cos(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} (\cos(c+dx) + 1)^{5/6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \\
 & \frac{2^{5/6} \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, 1-\cos(c+dx), \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{d(\cos(c+dx) + 1)^{5/6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(2^(5/6)*AppellF1[1/2, -4/3, 1/6, 3/2, 1 - Cos[c + d*x], (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6))`

## 3.288.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 150 Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3264 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(d/b)^n*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e
+ f*x]]*Sqrt[a - b*Ssin[e + f*x]]) Subst[Int[(a - x)^n*((2*a - x)^(m - 1
/2)/Sqrt[x]), x], x, a - b*Ssin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}
, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]
```

```
rule 3266 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[m]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^FracPart[m
]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[m]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(d
*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

## 3.288.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left( \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(dx + c) \right) (a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/3),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/3),x)
```

**3.288.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(4/3), x)`

**3.288.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.288.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(4/3), x)`

**3.288.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(4/3), x)`

**3.288.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

### 3.289 $\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$

3.289.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2256
3.289.2 Mathematica [F] . . . . .	2256
3.289.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2257
3.289.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2258
3.289.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	2259
3.289.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2259
3.289.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2259
3.289.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	2260
3.289.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2260

#### 3.289.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt[6]{2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 - \cos(c + dx), \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/6}}$$

```
output 2*2^(1/6)*AppellF1(1/2,-4/3,-1/6,3/2,1-cos(d*x+c),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(7/6)
```

#### 3.289.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

```
output Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

**3.289.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3266, 3042, 3264, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{4/3} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{2/3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3266} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3} dx}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{4/3} (\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1)^{2/3} dx}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3264} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt[6]{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d(1-\cos(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} (\cos(c+dx)+1)^{7/6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt[6]{2} \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, 1-\cos(c+dx), \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{7/6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(2*2^(1/6)*AppellF1[1/2, -4/3, -1/6, 3/2, 1 - Cos[c + d*x], (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(7/6))`



## 3.289.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 150 Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3264 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(d/b)^n*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*Sqrt[a - b*Sin[e + f*x]])) Subst[Int[(a - x)^n*((2*a - x)^(m - 1
/2)/Sqrt[x]), x], x, a - b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}
, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]
```

```
rule 3266 Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[m]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[m
]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[m]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(d
*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

## 3.289.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left( \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(dx + c) \right) (a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3),x)
```

**3.289.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.289.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`output `Timed out`**3.289.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(4/3), x)`

**3.289.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.289.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.290 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$

3.290.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2261
3.290.2 Mathematica [F] . . . . .	2261
3.290.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2262
3.290.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2263
3.290.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	2264
3.290.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2264
3.290.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2264
3.290.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2265
3.290.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2265

#### 3.290.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt[6]{2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 - \cos(c + dx), \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/6}}$$

output `2*2^(1/6)*AppellF1(1/2,-5/3,-1/6,3/2,1-cos(d*x+c),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(7/6)`

#### 3.290.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

**3.290.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3266, 3042, 3264, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/3} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{2/3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3266} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3} dx}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/3} \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1\right)^{2/3} dx}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3264} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt[6]{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d(1-\cos(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} (\cos(c+dx)+1)^{7/6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt[6]{2} \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, 1-\cos(c+dx), \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{7/6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(2*2^(1/6)*AppellF1[1/2, -5/3, -1/6, 3/2, 1 - Cos[c + d*x], (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(7/6))`

## 3.290.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3264 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(d/b)^n*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[a - b*Sin[e + f*x]]) Subst[Int[(a - x)^n*((2*a - x)^(m - 1/2)/Sqrt[x]), x], x, a - b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`
- rule 3266 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[m]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[m]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[m]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

## 3.290.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left( \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(dx + c) \right) (a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3),x)`

**3.290.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/3), x)`

**3.290.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.290.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/3), x)`

**3.290.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/3), x)`

**3.290.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{5/3} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/3)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/3)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`



### 3.291 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.291.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2266
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#### 3.291.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{6a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{6a\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/3*a*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*a*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+6/
5*a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-6/5*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellipt
icF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.291.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\left(9(1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}) + 9(-1 + e^{2ic})\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{15(d - dE^{i(c+dx)})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((I*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))*(9*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))) + 9*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^(I*(c + d*x)) + (1 - E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(9*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + (5 + 3*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*(d - d*E^(I*(c + d*x))))`

**3.291.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
& a \int \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx + a \int \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx + a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `a*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + a*((2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5)`

### 3.291.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

### 3.291.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. 2(179) = 358.

Time = 9.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result
default	$4\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a \left( -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{12\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{7\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} \right)$
parts	$2a\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 12\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

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output 
$$-4*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a*(-1/12*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+7/15*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-1/40*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3-3/5*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}-3/10*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})))/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.291.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 9i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 9i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2*(9*a*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 5*a*\cos(dx + c) + 3*a)*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{(d*\cos(dx + c)^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$1/15*(-5*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*a)*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}}{(d*\cos(d*x + c)^2)}$$

**3.291.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.291.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.291.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.291.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`



### 3.292 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.292.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 123

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} \end{aligned}$$

output  $2/3*a*\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d+2*a*\sin(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d-2*a*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d+2/3*a*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

**3.292.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} \left(3(1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}) + 3(-1 + e^{2ic}) \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((I*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/E^(I*(c + d*x)) - (-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(3*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*(d - d*E^((2*I)*c)))`

**3.292.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& a \int \sec^{3/2}(c+dx) dx + a \int \sec^{5/2}(c+dx) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + a \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `a*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d) + a*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))`

### 3.292.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4274 Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(n_)*(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]
```

### 3.292.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs. 2(159) = 318.

Time = 8.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} a \left( 12(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \right)}{3\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} (2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1) F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( -2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}), \sqrt{2}) (\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \right)}{3\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} (2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1) F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\frac{-2/3*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a/(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(12*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-6*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.292.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$


---


$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 3i \sqrt{2} a \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2*(3*a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}}{(d*\cos(d*x + c))}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{1/3*(-I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*\sqrt{2}*a*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}}{(d*\cos(d*x + c))}$$

**3.292.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.292.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.292.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.292.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`



### 3.293 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.293.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
2*a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x
+c)^(1/2)/d+2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.293.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2ia e^{-i(c+dx)} \left( -1 + \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) + e^{i(c+dx)} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hy} \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*I)*a*(-1 + Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x)))`

### 3.293.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & a \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + a \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & a \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 4258 \\
& a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3119 \\
& a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3120 \\
& \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + a*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

## 3.293.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

**3.293.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
default	$\frac{2a \left( 2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \right)}{\sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( -2 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \right)}{\sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output

```
2*a*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1
/2)/d
```

**3.293.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)} + \frac{2a \sin(dx + c)}{\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output

```
(-I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) +
I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*
sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) +
I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse
(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*a*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x +
c)))/d
```

**3.293.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x))`

**3.293.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.293.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.293.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.294 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

3.294.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2289
3.294.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2289
3.294.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2290
3.294.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2292
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3.294.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2294
3.294.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2294

#### 3.294.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

```
output 2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.294.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2ia \left(1 + e^{2i(c+dx)} - 2\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) + 2e^{i(c+dx)} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)}{d(1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-2*I)*a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - 2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 2*E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.294.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \cos(c + dx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sec(c + dx) + a}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d`

### 3.294.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4274 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]
```

### 3.294.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d}$
parts	$-\frac{2a\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d}$
risch	$-\frac{i\left(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1\right)a\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}}{e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1}}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} - \frac{i\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - i\right)}\sqrt{i e^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e^{3i(dx+c)} + e^{i(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.294.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} a \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} a \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

**3.294.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.294.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.294.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.294.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.295 $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.295.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2295
3.295.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2295
3.295.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2296
3.295.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2299
3.295.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2299
3.295.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2300
3.295.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2300
3.295.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2301
3.295.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2301

#### 3.295.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/3*a*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+2*a*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d+2/3*a*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

#### 3.295.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{ae^{-2ic}(-i \cos(2c) + \sin(2c)) \left(6 - \frac{12 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right) + 2\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a*((-I)*Cos[2*c] + Sin[2*c])*(6 - (12*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 2*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + (2*I)*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*E^((2*I)*c)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.295.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sec(c + dx) + a}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4256}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + a*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))`



## 3.295.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

**3.295.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a \left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{-2/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$
**3.295.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2}\text{awei}rstrassPInverse(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + i\sqrt{2}\text{awei}rstrassPInverse(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

### 3.295.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = a \left( \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(1/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))`

### 3.295.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.295.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.295.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.296**  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.296.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2302  
 3.296.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2302  
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 3.296.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2308  
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**3.296.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{6a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+6/5*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.296.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{iae^{-3i(c+dx)}(1 + \cos(c + dx)) \left( -3 - 10e^{i(c+dx)} + 33e^{2i(c+dx)} + 39e^{4i(c+dx)} + 10e^{5i(c+dx)} + 3e^{6i(c+dx)} - 72 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((-1/120*I)*a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])*(-3 - 10*E^(I*(c + d*x)) + 33*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 39*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)) + 10*E^((5*I)*(c + d*x)) + 3*E^((6*I)*(c + d*x)) - 72*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + 40*E^((3*I)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(d*E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)))`

### 3.296.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sec(c + dx) + a}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4256 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 4258 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3119 \\
& a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3120 \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]`

```
output a*((6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + a*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))
```

### 3.296.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4256 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4274 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]
```



### 3.296.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a \left(24\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-28\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\right)}{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7-28*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)}{d}$$

### 3.296.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} \text{aweierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} \text{aweierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.296.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = a \left( \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(-3/2), x))`

### 3.296.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.296.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.296.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.297**  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.297.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{6a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{10a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{10a \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/7*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/5*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+10
/21*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+6/5*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+10/21*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*El
lipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.297.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{ae^{-4i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (\cos(4(c + dx)) + i \sin(4(c + dx))) (-504i \cos(c + dx) + 504ie^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}})}{=}$$

3.297.  $\int \frac{a+a \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(Cos[4*(c + d*x)] + I*Sin[4*(c + d*x)])*((-504*I)*Cos[c + d*x] + ((504*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^(I*(c + d*x)) - (200*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 42*Sin[c + d*x] + 130*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 42*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 15*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(420*d*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)))`

### 3.297.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cos(c + dx) + a}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{a \sec(c + dx) + a}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4256 \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 4256 \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 4258 \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& a \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3119
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `a*((6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + a*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (5*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/7)`

### 3.297.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

### 3.297.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a \left(240\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 528\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 448\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a*(240*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-528*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+448*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-122*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+25*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-63*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`



**3.297.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-25i \sqrt{2} a \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 25i \sqrt{2} a \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 63 \sqrt{2} a \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 63 \sqrt{2} a \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2(15a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 21a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 25a \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*a*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 21*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 25*a*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.297.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = a \left( \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sec(c + d*x)**(5/2), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(-5/2), x))`

**3.297.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.297.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a \cos(dx + c) + a}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.297.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cos(c + dx)}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.298 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.298.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2317
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3.298.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2324

#### 3.298.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 161

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{16a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{16a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{4a^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/
d+16/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-16/5*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(
1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4/3*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/d
```

**3.298.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (12(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+12(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})}{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -E^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right]} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(12*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 12*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]] + 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]))/((E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(24*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + (10 + 3*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])))/(30*d)`

**3.298.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
& 2a^2 \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx + \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (\sec^2(c+dx)a^2+a^2) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2a^2 \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx + \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4534 \\
& \frac{8}{5}a^2 \int \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{8}{5}a^2 \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{8}{5}a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{8}{5}a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& \frac{8}{5}a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{8}{5}a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} +$$

$$2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} +$$

$$2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{8}{5}a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d) + (8*a^2*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5 + 2*a^2*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))`

### 3.298.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.298.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. 2(189) = 378.

Time = 20.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
default	$8\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} a^2 \left( -\frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{12(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{1}{2})^2} + \frac{17\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{30\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

3.298.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$



input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-8*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(-1/12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+17/30*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-4/5*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-1/80*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.298.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 12*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 12*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (24*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

---

3.298.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.298.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.298.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.298.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.298.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.299 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.299.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2325
3.299.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2326
3.299.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2326
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3.299.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2331
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3.299.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2332

#### 3.299.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $2/3*a^2*\sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+4*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-4*a^2*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+8/3*a^2*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d$

**3.299.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\left(3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)}{\text{Hypergeom}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(((-2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + 2*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(6*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c + Tan[c + d*x]]))/(6*d)`

**3.299.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
& 2a^2 \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx + \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec^2(c+dx)a^2 + a^2) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2a^2 \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2\right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left( \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2 \right) dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4534 \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3120 \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{8a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

```
output (8*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(3
*d) + (2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + 2*a^2*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[
c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c
+ d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)
```

### 3.299.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)
*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x]
)^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] &&
EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4275 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x]
+ Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d,
e, f, n}, x]
```



```
rule 4534 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
+ (A_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1)
)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.299.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 19.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2\left(12\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-6\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$
parts	$-\frac{2a^2\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2/(4*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(12*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-6*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.299.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(2*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 2*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (6*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.299.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.299.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.299.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.299.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.300 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.300.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2333
3.300.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2333
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#### 3.300.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.300.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sin[c + d*x]))/d`

**3.300.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4531}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + 2a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d}$$

↓ 4531

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(4*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.300.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4531 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && EqQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0]`

### 3.300.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 5.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
default	$\frac{4a^2 \left( -\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 \right) F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1} d$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \left( -2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 \right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1} d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-4a^2 \left( -\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \left( -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^{1/2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + \left( \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( 2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 - 1 \right)^{1/2} \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right), 2^{1/2}\right) \left( -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) / \left( -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) / \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) / \left( 2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 - 1 \right)^{1/2} / d$$

### 3.300.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.300.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

output `-2*(I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - a^2*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.300.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.300.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.300.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.300.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.301 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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3.301.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2345

#### 3.301.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{8a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/3*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+4*a^2*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d+8/3*a^2*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

#### 3.301.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} + 2 \left( -6i - 4i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right) \right)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^2*(((24*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 2*(-6*I - (4*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x])))/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.301.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a)^2}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)a^2 + a^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + 2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{4}{3} a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{8a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output (4*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d
+ (8*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/
(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.301.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)
*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x]
)^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] &&
EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4275 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_))^(2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x]
+ Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d,
e, f, n}, x]
```

```
rule 4533 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] +
Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.301.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

method	result
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^2\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-4/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d}$$

### 3.301.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( a^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 2i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(a^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.301.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))`

### 3.301.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.301.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.301.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`



**3.302** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.302.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2346
3.302.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2346
3.302.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2347
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3.302.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2351
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3.302.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2352
3.302.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2352
3.302.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2353

**3.302.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{16a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+4/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)+16/5*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4/3*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.302.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{a^2 \left( -96i + \frac{192i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} - 40i \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{30d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^2*(-96*I + ((192*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - (40*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] *Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 40*Sin[c + d*x] + 6*Sin[2*(c + d*x)))/(30*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.302.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
 & 2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)a^2 + a^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& \quad 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& \quad 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& \quad 2a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& \quad 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
& \frac{8}{5} a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{8}{5} a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{8}{5}a^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
 & 2a^2\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d}\right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{8}{5}a^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
 & 2a^2\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d}\right) \\
 & \downarrow 3119 \\
 & \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{16a^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)}{5d} + \\
 & 2a^2\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]], x]`

output `(16*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + 2*a^2*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.302.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.302.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2\left(-12\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 32\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 13\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2a^2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d}$
parts	

3.302.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/15*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(-12*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+32*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)-13*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^
(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2
))-12*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.302.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, \dots \right)$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -2/15*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x
+ c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d
*x + c)) - 12*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4,
0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 12*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4,
0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*a^2*cos
(d*x + c)^2 + 10*a^2*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d
```

**3.302.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = a^2 \left( \int \frac{2 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(1/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.302.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.302.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.302.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



**3.303** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.303.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2354  
 3.303.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2355  
 3.303.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2355  
 3.303.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2359  
 3.303.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2360  
 3.303.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2360  
 3.303.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2361  
 3.303.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2361  
 3.303.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2361

**3.303.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{12a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{8a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{7d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/7*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+4/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)
)+8/7*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+12/5*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+8/7*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.303.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{672i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} + 2 \left( -168i - 80i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right) \right)}{140d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^2*(((672*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 2*(-168*I - (80*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 85*Sin[c + d*x] + 28*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 5*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])))/(140*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.303.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4533, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^2}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{4275} \\
& 2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)a^2 + a^2}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + a^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.303.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$

↓ 4533

$$\frac{12}{7}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{12}{7}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 4256

$$\frac{12}{7}a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{12}{7}a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{12}{7}a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{12}{7}a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3120

---

3.303.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{12}{7} a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + 2a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + 2*a^2*((6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + (12*a^2*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/7`

### 3.303.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.303.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
default	$4\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^2 \left(40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 116\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 126\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 35\sqrt{-2}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$
parts	$- \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/35*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(40*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-116*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+126*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-39*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.303.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 10i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 10i \sqrt{2} a^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(10*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 10*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 21*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*I*sqrt(2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 14*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 20*a^2*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.303.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = a^2 \left( \int \frac{2 \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(-3/2), x))`

**3.303.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.303.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.303.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



### 3.304 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.304.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 187

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{28a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{52a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} \\ & \quad + \frac{28a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{21d} \\ & \quad + \frac{6a^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} \end{aligned}$$

output `52/21*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+6/5*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+28/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-28/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+52/21*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.304.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}(147(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+147(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})}{\dots}}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]
```

```
output (a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(147*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 147*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + 65*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(294*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + (80 + 63*Cos[c + d*x] + 65*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])))/(420*d)
```

### 3.304.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4278} \\
 & \int \left(a^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)+3a^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)+3a^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)+a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{21d} + \\
 & \frac{28a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d} - \\
 & \frac{28a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(-28*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (52*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(21*d) + (28*a^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (52*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d) + (6*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d)`

### 3.304.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^m_]*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_.)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.304.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 64.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result
default	$16\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^3 \left( -\frac{13 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{168\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{53\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -16*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(-13/168
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+53/105*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/448*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-
7/10*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-7/20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2))) -3/160*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.304.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 65i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 65i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (294*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 130*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 63*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + 15*a^3)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.304.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.304.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.304.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.304.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.305 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.305.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2373

#### 3.305.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 157

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{36a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{36a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+
36/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-36/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/
2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/
d
```

**3.305.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(1 + \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\left(9(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+9(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)}{\text{Hypergeom}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(a^3*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(((-2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(9*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 9*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]] + 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(18*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + (5 + Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(20*d)`

**3.305.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx \\
 & \int \left(a^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\right) dx \\
 & \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)} + \frac{36a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \\
 & \quad - \frac{36a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-36*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (4*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (36*a^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (2*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)`

### 3.305.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_.)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.305.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs.  $2(189) = 378$ .

Time = 64.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
default	$16\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^3 \left( \frac{7\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}}{10\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}}{16\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -16*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(7/10*(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/
2))-1/16*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2-9/10*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-9/20*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2
))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-1/160*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3
)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.305.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (18*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.305.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.305.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.305.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.305.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.306 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.306.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2374
3.306.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2375
3.306.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2375
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3.306.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2378
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3.306.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2379

#### 3.306.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{20a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{6a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2/3*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+6*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-
4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+20/3*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.306.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$ia^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -6 - 6 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 6e^{-2i(c+dx)} (1 + e^{2i(c+dx)})^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, - \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((-1/3*I)*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(-6 - 6*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + (6*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])]/E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 20*sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + (2*I)*Sin[c + d*x] + (9*I)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/d`

**3.306.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( a^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + 3a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{20a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)} +$$

$$\frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-4*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (20*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (6*a^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (2*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.306.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m_*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n_)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) +
(a_.)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.306.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 62.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a^3}\left(18\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}-1F\left(\dots\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3/(4*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(18*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-6*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-10*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```



**3.306.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (9*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.306.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.306.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.306.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.306.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.307 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.307.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2381
3.307.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2381
3.307.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2383
3.307.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2383
3.307.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2384
3.307.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2384
3.307.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2384
3.307.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2385

#### 3.307.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 131

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= \frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{20a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+
4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+20/3*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.307.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3 \left( \frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} + 2 \left( -6i - 10i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^3*(((24*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 2*(-6*I - (10*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x] + 3*Tan[c + d*x])))/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.307.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a)^3}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

---

3.307.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

$$\int \left( a^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + \frac{a^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + 3a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{20a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(4*a^3*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (20*a^3*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*a^3*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (2*a^3*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.307.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4278 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

**3.307.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
default	$\frac{4a^3 \left( 2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 4 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right) \right)}{3 \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} d}$
parts	$\frac{2a^3 \left( -2 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} \right)}{\sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sin \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1}} d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{-4/3*a^3*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d}$$
**3.307.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{\sin(dx + c) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\frac{-2/3*(5*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*\sqrt{2}*a^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - (a^3*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^3)*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c))}{d}$$

3.307. 
$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

**3.307.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.307.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.307.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.307.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`



### 3.308 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.308.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{36a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+
36/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.308.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3 \left( \frac{144i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} + 2 \left( -36i - 20i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right) \right)}{10d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^3*(((144*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 2*(-36*I - (20*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 10*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(10*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.308.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( \frac{3a^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{4a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{36a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(36*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (4*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.308.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4278 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.308.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^3\left(-4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+14\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-6\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2a^3\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2a^3\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-4/5*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(-4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+14*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-6*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d}$$

### 3.308.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, \dots) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^3*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.308.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = a^3 \left( \int 3 \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \int 3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)**2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x) + Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))`

### 3.308.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.308.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.308.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.309**  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.309.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2393  
 3.309.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2393  
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 3.309.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2395  
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 3.309.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2397  
 3.309.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2397

**3.309.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{28a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{52a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{52a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/7*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+6/5*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)
)+52/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+28/5*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(
(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+52/21*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/d
```

**3.309.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3 \left( -2352i + \frac{4704i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} - 1040i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{420d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^3*(-2352*I + ((4704*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - (1040*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 1070*Sin[c + d*x] + 252*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 30*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(420*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.309.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.309.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( \frac{3a^3}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{52a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{52a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{28a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)} + \frac{21d}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(28*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (52*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(21*d) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (6*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (52*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.309.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m]*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.309.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^3\left(120\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-432\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+602\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(120*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-432*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^6+602*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-208*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+65*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^
(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.309.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 65i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 65i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{105 \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.309.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output -2/105*(65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 65*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 147*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 63*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 130*a^3*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d
```

### 3.309.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = a^3 \left( \int \frac{3 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x) + Integral(1/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))
```

### 3.309.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)
```

**3.309.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.309.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.310**  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.310.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2398  
 3.310.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2399  
 3.310.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2399  
 3.310.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2401  
 3.310.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2401  
 3.310.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2402  
 3.310.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2402  
 3.310.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2403  
 3.310.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2403

**3.310.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{68a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{15d} + \frac{44a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{68a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{44a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/9*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)+6/7*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)
)+68/45*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+44/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)+68/15*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elliptic
E(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+44/21*a^
3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.310.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3 \left( -11424i + \frac{22848i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} - 5280i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{2520d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^3*(-11424*I + ((22848*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - (5280*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 5820*Sin[c + d*x] + 2044*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 540*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 70*Sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(2520*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]]`

**3.310.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^3}{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.310.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{3a^3}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^3}{\sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{68a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{44a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{44a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{15d} +$$

$$\frac{68a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(68*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(15*d) + (44*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(21*d) + (2*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (6*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (68*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (44*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.310.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m]*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) +
(a_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.310.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^3\left(560\left(\cos^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-600\left(\cos^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+212\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+66\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+6\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{315\sqrt{-2}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(560*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^11-600*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+212*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+66*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-430*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+165*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-357*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+192*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.310.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2 \left( 165i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 165i \sqrt{2} a^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots) \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.310.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



output `-2/315*(165*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 165*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 357*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 357*I*sqrt(2)*a^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 135*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 238*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 330*a^3*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.310.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = a^3 \left( \int \frac{3 \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**3*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)**2/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**3/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(-3/2), x))`

### 3.310.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.310.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.310.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.311 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.311.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2404
3.311.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2405
3.311.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2405
3.311.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2407
3.311.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2408
3.311.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2408
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3.311.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2409
3.311.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2409

#### 3.311.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 187

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{64a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{136a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} \\ & \quad + \frac{64a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{94a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{21d} \\ & \quad + \frac{8a^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
94/21*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+8/5*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c
)/d+2/7*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+64/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/d-64/5*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+136/21*a^4
*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.311.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{4i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}(168(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+168(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -E^{\left(\frac{2i}{c+dx}\right)}\right]}{E^{i(c+dx)}(-1+E^{\left(\frac{2i}{c+dx}\right)})} + \sqrt{\sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}(672\cos\left[\frac{d}{2}(c+dx)\right]\text{Csc}[c] + (235 + 84\sec\left[\frac{d}{2}(c+dx)\right] + 15\sec\left[\frac{d}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2)\text{Tan}\left[\frac{d}{2}(c+dx)\right])}{840d} \right)}{840d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(((-4*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(168*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 168*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + 85*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(672*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + (235 + 84*Sec[c + d*x] + 15*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x]))/(840*d)`

**3.311.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^4 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left(a^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) + 4a^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) + 6a^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) + 4a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) + a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^4 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{94a^4 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{21d} +$$

$$\frac{64a^4 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d} + \frac{136a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{5d} -$$

$$\frac{64a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(-64*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (136*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(21*d) + (64*a^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (94*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d) + (8*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d)`

### 3.311.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) +
(a_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.311.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 202.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result
default	$32\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} a^4 \left( \frac{253\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 47\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{672}}{420\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(253/420
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))-47/672*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2-4/5*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-2/5*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-1/80*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)
^3-1/896*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.311.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 336i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 336i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) - (672 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 235 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 84 a^4 \cos(dx + c) + 15 a^4) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^3)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(170*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 170*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 336*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 336*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (672*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 235*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 84*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 15*a^4)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.311.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.311.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.311.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.311.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`



### 3.312 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.312.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 161

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{56a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{66a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{8a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{8}{3}a^4 \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(dx+c)/d + 2/5 a^4 \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx+c)/d + 66/5 a^4 \sin(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{2}}/d - 56/5 a^4 (\cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} / \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c), 2^{\frac{1}{2}}) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{2}}/d + 32/3 a^4 (\cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} / \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c), 2^{\frac{1}{2}}) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{2}}/d$

**3.312.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{8i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}(21(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+21(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})}{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -E^{\left(\frac{2i}{c+dx}\right)}\right]} + 20E^{I(c+dx)}(-1 + E^{\left(\frac{2i}{c+dx}\right)})\sqrt{1 + E^{\left(\frac{2i}{c+dx}\right)}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -E^{\left(\frac{2i}{c+dx}\right)}\right]} \right)}{(240*d)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(a^4*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^8*(((8*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(21*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 21*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]] + 20*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-3*(-61 + 5*Cos[2*c])*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + 30*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x] + 2*(20 + 3*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])))/(240*d)`

**3.312.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4278} \\
& \int \left( a^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 6a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{66a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \\
& \quad \frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{56a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)} - \frac{3d}{5d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-56*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (32*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (66*a^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (8*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (2*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)`

### 3.312.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4278 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f*x]^n)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]`

### 3.312.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs.  $2(189) = 378$ .

Time = 202.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
default	$- \frac{32 \sqrt{-2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 1} \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) a^4 \left( \frac{41 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 1} F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right) - 7 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}}{60 \sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}} \right)}{1}$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-32*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(41/60*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-7/20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-1/24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2-33/40*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-1/320*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.312.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(40*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 40*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 42*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 42*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (99*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 20*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^4)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.312.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.312.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.312.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.312.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.313 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.313.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2416
3.313.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2416
3.313.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2417
3.313.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2418
3.313.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2419
3.313.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2419
3.313.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2420
3.313.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2420
3.313.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2420

#### 3.313.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{40a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2/3*a^4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)+8*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+40/3*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.313.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \left( 80 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 5 \sin(c + dx) + 24 \sin(2(c + dx)) + \sin(3(c + dx)) \right)}{6d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(80*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(6*d)`

### 3.313.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a)^4}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4278} \\
 & \int \left( a^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) + 4a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + \frac{a^4}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + 6a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{40a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`



```
output (40*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(
3*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (8*a^4*Sqrt[Sec[c +
d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (2*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)
```

### 3.313.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p
)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.313.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 291 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 202.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
default	$8\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^4 \left(2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 14\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2}}\right) + 3\left(4\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\frac{8}{3} * (-(-2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * a ^ 4 / (4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 - 4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) / \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 3 * (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 6 - 14 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) + 10 * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 7 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) - 5 * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2))) * (-2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 + \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) / (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) / d$$

### 3.313.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( 10i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 10i \sqrt{2} a^4 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{3 d \cos(c)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$-2/3 * (10 * I * \text{sqrt}(2) * a ^ 4 * \cos(d * x + c) * \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d * x + c) + I * \sin(d * x + c)) - 10 * I * \text{sqrt}(2) * a ^ 4 * \cos(d * x + c) * \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d * x + c) - I * \sin(d * x + c)) - (a ^ 4 * \cos(d * x + c) ^ 2 + 12 * a ^ 4 * \cos(d * x + c) + a ^ 4) * \sin(d * x + c) / \text{sqrt}(\cos(d * x + c))) / (d * \cos(d * x + c))$$

### 3.313.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.313.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.313.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.313.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.313.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.314 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.314.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2422
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3.314.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2424
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#### 3.314.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 159

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= \frac{56a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2/5*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+8/3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)+2*a^4*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+56/5*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+32/3*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2
)/d
```

**3.314.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4 \left( -336i + \frac{672i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} - 320i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{30d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^4*(-336*I + ((672*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - (320*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 80*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 63*Tan[c + d*x])/(30*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.314.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( a^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + \frac{4a^4}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + 4a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{56a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(56*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (32*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (2*a^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.314.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) +
(a_.)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.314.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$\frac{8a^4 \left( 6 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 26 \left( \sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 19 \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 20 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)} \right)}{15 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \left( \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 8/15*a^4*(6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-26*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+19*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-20*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.314.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 40i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `-2/15*(40*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 40*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 42*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 42*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 20*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + 15*a^4)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.314.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.314.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.314.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.314.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.315 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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3.315.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2428
3.315.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2428
3.315.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2430
3.315.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2430
3.315.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2431
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3.315.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2432
3.315.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2432

#### 3.315.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 161

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{64a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{136a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{94a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $2/7*a^4*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}+8/5*a^4*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}$   
 $+94/21*a^4*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+64/5*a^4*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d+136/21*a^4*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

**3.315.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4 \left( -5376i + \frac{10752i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} - 2720i \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{420d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^4*(-5376*I + ((10752*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - (2720*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 1910*Sin[c + d*x] + 336*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 30*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(420*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.315.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( \frac{6a^4}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} + a^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{94a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{136a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{64a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(64*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (136*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(21*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (94*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(21*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.315.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) +
(a_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.315.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
default	$-\frac{8\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^4\left(60\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-258\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+448\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{105\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -8/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(60*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-258*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^6+448*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-167*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+85*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-168*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.315.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2 \left( 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 170i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -2/105*(170*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(
d*x + c)) - 170*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*
sin(d*x + c)) - 336*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 336*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZ
eta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (1
5*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 84*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 235*a^4*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d
*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/d
```

### 3.315.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = a^4 \left( \int 4 \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 6 \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 4 \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \cos^4(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output a**4*(Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(6*cos(c +
d*x)**2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)**3*sqrt(sec(c + d
*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**4*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(sqrt
(sec(c + d*x)), x))
```

### 3.315.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)
```

**3.315.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.315.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`

**3.316**       $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.316.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2433  
 3.316.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2434  
 3.316.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2434  
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 3.316.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2437  
 3.316.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2438  
 3.316.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2438

**3.316.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{152a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{15d}$$

$$+ \frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{7d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{122a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{32a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/9*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)+8/7*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)
)+122/45*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+32/7*a^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)+152/15*a^4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellipti
cE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+32/7*a^
4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```



### 3.316.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4 \left( -25536i + \frac{51072i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} - 11520i\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{2520d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a^4*(-25536*I + ((51072*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - (11520*I)*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Sec[c + d*x] + 12240*Sin[c + d*x] + 3556*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 720*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 70*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(2520*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.316.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^4}{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.316.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^4}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 4278

$$\int \left( \frac{4a^4}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a^4}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{4a^4}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{122a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{8a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{32a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{32a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) +}{152a^4 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)} \frac{7d}{15d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(152*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(15*d) + (32*a^4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(7*d) + (2*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (8*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (122*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + (32*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.316.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

```
rule 4278 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) +
(a_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(a + b*csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*csc[e + f
*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[n]
```

### 3.316.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 16.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$-\frac{8\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{315\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\right)}} a^4\left(280\left(\cos^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-120\left(\cos^9\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+34\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+72\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -8/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*(280*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^11-120*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9+34*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+72*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-485*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+180*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
-399*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+219*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.316.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( 360i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 360i \sqrt{2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.316.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

output `-2/315*(360*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 360*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 798*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 798*I*sqrt(2)*a^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 180*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 427*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 720*a^4*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.316.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = a^4 \left( \int \frac{4 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{6 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{4 \cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**4*(Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(6*cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*cos(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**4/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(1/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x))`

### 3.316.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.316.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.316.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.317**      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.317.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2440  
 3.317.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2440  
 3.317.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2444  
 3.317.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2445  
 3.317.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2445  
 3.317.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2446  
 3.317.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2446  
 3.317.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2446

**3.317.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3ad} - \frac{3\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{ad} + \frac{5\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output 5/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec
(d*x+c))-3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d+3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*
sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d+5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*E
llipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.317.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\left(9(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+9(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},-e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{-1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(9*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 9*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]] - 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) - Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(18*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + Sec[c + d*x]*(-5*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + Tan[(c + d*x)/2])))/(3*a*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.317.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4305, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a\cos(c+dx)+a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.317.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a \sec(c+dx) + a} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4305} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3a - 5a \sec(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3a - 5a \sec(c+dx)) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (3a - 5a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& - \frac{3a \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx - 5a \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{3a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx - 5a \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& - \frac{3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.317.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$



↓ 4258

$$\frac{3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) - (3*a*((-2*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sq  
rt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d - 5*a*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(  
c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d  
*x])/(3*d)))/(2*a^2)`

---

3.317.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.317.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4305 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^2*Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d^2/(a*b) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) - a*(n - 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1]`

### 3.317.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(198) = 396$ .

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

method	result
default	$\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} \left(10 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}), \sqrt{2}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2}}\right)$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/a/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(10*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-18*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-36*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-5*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+9*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+44*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-11*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.317.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx =$$


---


$$5 (i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + 5 ($$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.317.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.317.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.317.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.317.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.318**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.318.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2447  
 3.318.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2448  
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 3.318.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2452  
 3.318.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2453  
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 3.318.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2453  
 3.318.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2454

**3.318.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{3\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))+3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d-3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.318.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

---

3.318.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\left(3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},-e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{d(-1+e^{2ic})} \right)$$


---


$$a(1+\cos(c+dx))$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]] - E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + (Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(6*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] - 2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/d)/(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.318.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4305, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a\cos(c+dx)+a} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a\sec(c+dx)+a} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.318.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4305 \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a-3a \sec(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{\int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a-3a \sec(c+dx)) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& -\frac{\int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-3a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
& -\frac{a \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx - 3a \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& -\frac{a \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 3a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& -\frac{a \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& -\frac{a \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& -\frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 3a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.318.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$



↓ 3042

$$\frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-3a\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}-\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\sin}\right)}{2a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-3a\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}-\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}\right)}{2a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)-3a\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}-\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}\right)}{2a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) - ((2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - 3*a*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/(2*a^2)`

### 3.318.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.318.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4305 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^2*Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])), x] - Simp[d^2/(a*b) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) - a*(n - 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1]`

**3.318.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
default	$\frac{-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 3E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+6*(-2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-5*(
-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/
a/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.318.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + (-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - i\sin(dx+c)) - 3*(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))) - 3*(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - i\sin(dx+c))) + 2*(3*\cos(dx+c) + 2)*\sin(dx+c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(a*d*\cos(dx+c) + a*d)}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*((I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d
*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstr
assPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x +
c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierst
rassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))
+ 2*(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*cos(d*x +
c) + a*d)
```

---

3.318.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.318.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`

**3.318.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.318.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.318.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.319**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.319.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2455  
 3.319.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2455  
 3.319.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2456  
 3.319.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2459  
 3.319.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2459  
 3.319.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2460  
 3.319.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2460  
 3.319.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2461  
 3.319.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2461

**3.319.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d(a+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))+((cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d+(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.319.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{4i \cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \left(1 + e^{2i(c+dx)} - (1 + e^{i(c+dx)}) \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{ad(1 + e^{i(c+dx)})}$$

3.319.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((-4*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - (1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) + E^(I*(c + d*x))*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(a*d*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3)`

### 3.319.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4305, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a \sec(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4305} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{\sec(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.319.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{\frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2) + \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.319.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$



input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d +  
(2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/  
(2*a^2) - (Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

### 3.319.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*  
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2  
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x  
_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p  
)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&  
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x]  
)^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] &&  
EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +  
(a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d In  
t[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

```
rule 4305 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (
a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^2*Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(a +
b*Csc[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[d^2/(a*b) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n
- 2) - a*(n - 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

### 3.319.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) + a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{d}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(Elliptic
F(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))))+2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.319.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + (i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))}{d}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `1/2*((-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.319.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a`

### 3.319.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.319.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{a\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.319.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.320**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.320.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2462
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**3.320.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{ad} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{ad} + \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \sec(c + dx))}$$

output

```
sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d+(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.320.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4i \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(-1 - e^{2i(c+dx)} + (1 + e^{i(c+dx)})\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{ad(1 + e^{i(c+dx)})}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((-4*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(-1 - E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + (1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))) *Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + E^(I*(c + d*x))*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(a*d*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3)`

### 3.320.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4307, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a \sec(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4307} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{\int \frac{a-a \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)} - \frac{\int \frac{a-a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4274 \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}dx - a\int\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}dx}{2a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - a\int\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx}{2a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} - a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx - a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} - a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx - a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3119 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2a^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3120 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}}{2a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-1/2*((2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/a^2 + (Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

---

3.320.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.320.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4307 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*d*Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d*((n - 1)/(a*b)) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*(a - b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



**3.320.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)+E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{a\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(Elliptic
F(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.320.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + (i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - i\sin(dx+c))}{2}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2*((-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(
d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstr
assPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x +
c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)
```

**3.320.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} + \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)) + sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)/a`

**3.320.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.320.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.320.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.321** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.321.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2469  
 3.321.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2470  
 3.321.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2473  
 3.321.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2474  
 3.321.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2474  
 3.321.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2475  
 3.321.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2475  
 3.321.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2475

**3.321.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \sec(c + dx))}$$

output

```
-sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))+3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.321.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{d(-1+e^{2ic})} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(d*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) - ((Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 2*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 2*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(2*d))/(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.321.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4306, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + a)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.321.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4306 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3a-a \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a-a \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a-a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
& \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - a \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& \frac{3a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.321.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{6a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) - a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)}} -$$

$$\downarrow \text{3120}$$

$$\frac{6a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) - 2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)}} -$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `((6*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/(2*a^2 - (Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

### 3.321.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

---

3.321.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4306 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.))^(n_)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[1/a^2 Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(n - 1) - b*n*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.321.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) + 3E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) + a\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\right)$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+3*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))+2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`



**3.321.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + (-i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) - i\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3(-i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) - i\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 3(i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) - 2\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(a d \cos(dx + c) + a d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.321.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) + \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2) + sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)/a`

**3.321.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.321.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.321.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.322** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.322.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3ad}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output 5/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d+5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d
```

### 3.322.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\left(9(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+9(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},-e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{-1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(9*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 9*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + 2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(3*(2 + Cos[2*c])*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + Cos[2*d*x]*Sin[2*c] - 3*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2] - 6*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x] + Cos[2*c]*Sin[2*d*x] - 3*Tan[c/2]))/(3*a*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.322.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4306, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4306} \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{5a-3a \sec(c+dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5a-3a \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5a-3a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.322.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 3a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 3a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)}}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{6a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{5a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) - \frac{6a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `-(Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) + ((-6*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/d + 5*a*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/(2*a^2)`

## 3.322.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(d_.)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)]^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(d_.)]^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(b_.) + (a_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

```
rule 4306 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n_/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(a + b*Csc[e +
f*x]))), x] - Simp[1/a^2 Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(n - 1) - b*n*Csc[e +
f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0
]
```

### 3.322.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(5F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)+9E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(5*El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)
))-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+18*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/
a/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.322.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{5 \left( i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i \sqrt{2} \right) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \left( -i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i \sqrt{2} \right) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.322.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



output `-1/6*(5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.322.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.322.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.322.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.322.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.323** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.323.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2484  
 3.323.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2485  
 3.323.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2485  
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 3.323.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2489  
 3.323.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2490  
 3.323.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2490  
 3.323.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2491  
 3.323.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2491

**3.323.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{21\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5ad}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3ad} + \frac{7\sin(c+dx)}{5ad \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{5\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output 7/5*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-sin(d*x+c)/d/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*sec
(d*x+c))-5/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+21/5*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(2)^(
1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(
1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d-5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2
)/a/d
```

**3.323.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \frac{8i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (63(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+63(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{-1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((8*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(63*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 63*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 25*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c)) - Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(18*(17 + 11*Cos[2*c])*Cos[d*x]*Csc[c] + 4*(10*Cos[2*d*x]*Sin[2*c] - 3*Cos[3*d*x]*Sin[3*c] - 30*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2] - 99*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x] + 10*Cos[2*c]*Sin[2*d*x] - 3*Cos[3*c]*Sin[3*d*x] - 30*Tan[c/2])))/(60*a*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.323.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4306, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} dx && \downarrow \text{3717} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{7a-5a \sec(c+dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{4306} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7a-5a \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7a-5a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{7a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 5a \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{7a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx - 5a \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{7a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} && \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.323.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{7a \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{7a \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{7a \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{7a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{7a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right) - 5a \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right)}{2a^2 \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output  $-(\sin[c + dx]/(d \sec[c + dx]^{3/2}(a + a \sec[c + dx]))) + (7a((6 \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} \operatorname{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, 2] \sqrt{\sec[c + dx]})/(5d) + (2 \sin[c + dx])/(5d \sec[c + dx]^{3/2})) - 5a((2 \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} \operatorname{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 2] \sqrt{\sec[c + dx]})/(3d) + (2 \sin[c + dx])/(3d \sqrt{\sec[c + dx]})))/(2a^2)$

### 3.323.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3119  $\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticE}[(1/2)(c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticF}[(1/2)(c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3717  $\operatorname{Int}[(\csc[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]*(d_.)^{(m_)*((a_.) + (b_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \operatorname{Int}[(d*\csc[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4256  $\operatorname{Int}[(\csc[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx]*((b*\csc[c + dx])^{(n + 1)}/(b*d^n)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) \operatorname{Int}[(b*\csc[c + dx])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4258  $\operatorname{Int}[(\csc[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b*\csc[c + dx])^n \sin[c + dx]^n \operatorname{Int}[1/\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4306 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]))), x] - Simp[1/a^2 Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(n - 1) - b*n*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.323.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(25F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) + 63E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) + 15a\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(25*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+63*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))+48*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-56*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-30*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+23*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$

### 3.323.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{25(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx + c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i\sin(dx + c)) + 25(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx + c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i\sin(dx + c))}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

---

3.323. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$



input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(25*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 63*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(6*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 25*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

### 3.323.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.323.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.323.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.323.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.324**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.324.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2492  
 3.324.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2493  
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 3.324.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2499  
 3.324.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2500  
 3.324.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2500

**3.324.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{7\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2d} + \frac{10\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2d} - \frac{7\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{a^2d} + \frac{10\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d} - \frac{7\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\sec(c+dx))} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2}$$

output

```
10/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d-7/3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+sec(d*x+c))-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-7*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+10/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.324.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx =$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(4c+3dx)}(-1+e^{ic})\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\csc\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(-10-37e^{i(c+dx)}-65e^{2i(c+dx)}-82e^{3i(c+dx)}-68e^{4i(c+dx)}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/12*((-1 + E^{(I*c)})*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Csc}[c/2]*(-10 - 37*E^{(I*(c + d*x))} \\ & - 65*E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))} - 82*E^{((3*I)*(c + d*x))} - 68*E^{((4*I)*(c + d*x))} \\ & - 53*E^{((5*I)*(c + d*x))} - 21*E^{((6*I)*(c + d*x))} + (10*I)*(1 + E^{(I*(c + \\ & d*x))))^3*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))})*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x) \\ & /2, 2] + 7*E^{(I*(c + d*x))}*(1 + E^{(I*(c + d*x))})^3*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))} \\ & ))^{(3/2)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))}]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[ \\ & c + d*x]]/(a^2*d*E^{((I/2)*(4*c + 3*d*x))}*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(c + d*x))})*(1 + \text{C} \\ & \text{os}[c + d*x])^2) \end{aligned}$$
**3.324.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4303, 27, 3042, 4507, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.324.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4303} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-9a \sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-9a \sec(c+dx))}{\sec(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(5a-9a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(7a^2-10a^2 \sec(c+dx))}{a^2} dx + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{3 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(7a^2-10a^2 \sec(c+dx))}{a^2} dx + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{3 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(7a^2-10a^2 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{a^2} dx + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& - \frac{3(7a^2 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a^2} dx - 10a^2 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a^2} dx) + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.324.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{3\left(7a^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx - 10a^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} dx\right)}{a^2} + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$


---

↓ 4255

$$\frac{3\left(7a^2 \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx\right) - 10a^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d}\right)\right)}{a^2} + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3\left(7a^2 \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx\right) - 10a^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d}\right)\right)}{a^2} + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---

↓ 4258

$$\frac{3\left(7a^2 \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx\right) - 10a^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d}\right)\right)}{a^2} + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3\left(7a^2 \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx\right) - 10a^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d}\right)\right)}{a^2} + \frac{14 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---

↓ 3119

---

3.324.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( 7a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) - 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \right)}{a^2} \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \frac{1}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3 \left( 7a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) - 10a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{3d} \right) \right)}{a^2} \frac{6a^2}{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \frac{1}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - ((14*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])) + (3*(7*a^2*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d) - 10*a^2*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.324.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.324.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4303 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[d^2/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) + a*(m - n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 2] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`



**3.324.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{3 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})^3} + \frac{6\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} - 22\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})} \right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/2*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/a^2*(1/3*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+6*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-22/3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})+14*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})-\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})-2/3*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^2+16*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d}$$
**3.324.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{10(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c))\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c))}{-}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.324.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output `-1/6*(10*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 10*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(21*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.324.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.324.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.324.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.324.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.325**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.325.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2501  
 3.325.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2502  
 3.325.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2502  
 3.325.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2506  
 3.325.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2507  
 3.325.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2508  
 3.325.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2508  
 3.325.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2508  
 3.325.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2509

**3.325.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2d} + \frac{4\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{a^2d} - \frac{5\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2d(1+\sec(c+dx))} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2}$$

output

```
-5/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+sec(d*x+c))-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+4*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d-4*(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d-5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c
)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.325.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(-4ie^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{i(c+dx)})^3 \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right)\right)}{a^2 d^2 E^{i d x} (1 + \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/6*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((( -4*I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))))^3 *Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^(I*(c + d*x)) + 40*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - I*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]) + I*(29 + 50*Cos[c + d*x] + 17*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + (12*I)*Sin[c + d*x] + (7*I)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))*(Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + I*Sin[(c + 3*d*x)/2]))/(a^2*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

**3.325.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4303, 27, 3042, 4507, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.325.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4303} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3a-7a \sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3a-7a \sec(c+dx))}{\sec(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(3a-7a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(5a^2-12a^2 \sec(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(5a^2-12a^2 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& - \frac{5a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx - 12a^2 \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{5a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 12a^2 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.325.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{5a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{5a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{5a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.325.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - 12a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$

$$-\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - ((10*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])) + ((10*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - 12*a^2*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.325.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`



rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*(n - 2)/(n - 1) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4303 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[d^2/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) + a*(m - n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 2] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^m_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.325.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(5F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 12E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{a^2}$

$$3.325. \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*(2*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(5*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))-12*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(5*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-12*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-48*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+86*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-37*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a^2/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.325.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx =$$

$$5(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/6*(5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))
*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(I*sqrt(2)*
cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse
(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 12*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*
I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 12*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^
2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstra
ssPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(12*cos(d*x + c)^2 +
19*cos(d*x + c) + 6)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)
^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)
```

---

3.325.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.325.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

**3.325.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.325.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.325.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.326**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.326.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2510  
 3.326.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2510  
 3.326.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2511  
 3.326.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2515  
 3.326.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2515  
 3.326.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2516  
 3.326.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2516  
 3.326.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2517  
 3.326.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2517

**3.326.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2d} - \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d(1+\sec(c+dx))} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2}$$

output

```
-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(1+sec(d*x+c))+cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+2/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.326.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{e^{-idx} \cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(-ie^{-i(c+dx)}(1+e^{i(c+dx)})^3 \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \dots\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

3.326.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^(I*(c + d*x)) + 16*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - I*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]) + I*(5 + 14*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + I*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))*(Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + I*Sin[(c + 3*d*x)/2]))/(6*a^2*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

### 3.326.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4303, 27, 3042, 4507, 25, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4303} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a-5a \sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a-5a \sec(c+dx))}{\sec(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-5a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{2 \sec(c+dx)a^2+3a^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \int \frac{2 \sec(c+dx)a^2+3a^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \int \frac{2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+3a^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& - \frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + 2a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{a^2}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& - \frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2}}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.326.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2}}{6a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}}{a^2}}{6a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}}{a^2}}{6a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - (-(6*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (4*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/a^2 + (6*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(6*a^2)`

**3.326.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.326.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4303 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[d^2/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) + a*(m - n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 2] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`

**3.326.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(12\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+6*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-16*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^2/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.326.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2+2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)+i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `-1/6*(2*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.326.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

### 3.326.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.326.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.326.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.327**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.327.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2518  
 3.327.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2518  
 3.327.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2519  
 3.327.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2521  
 3.327.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2522  
 3.327.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2522  
 3.327.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2523  
 3.327.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2523  
 3.327.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2523

**3.327.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3a^2d} + \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \sec(c + dx))^2}$$

output `1/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+1/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d`

**3.327.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(4 \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3a^2d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(4*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^3*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(3*a^2*d*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2)$

### 3.327.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4302, 27, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 4302

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{6a^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{6a^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2d} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*a^2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2)`

### 3.327.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4302 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*d*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*(a*(n - 1) - b*(m + n)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

### 3.327.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 3.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 2\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6a^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^2/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`



**3.327.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c))^2 - 2i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) - i\sqrt{2}}{6(a^2 d)} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*((-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + (I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

**3.327.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} + 2\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} + \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)) + 2*cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)) + sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)/a**2`

**3.327.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.327.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.327.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.328** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.328.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2524  
 3.328.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2525  
 3.328.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2525  
 3.328.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2529  
 3.328.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2529  
 3.328.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2530  
 3.328.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2530  
 3.328.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2531  
 3.328.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2531

**3.328.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{a^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3a^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{a^2 d(1 + \sec(c + dx))} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \sec(c + dx))^2}$$

output

```
-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(1+sec(d*x+c))-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+2/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.328.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(16 \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(16*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - I*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]) + I*(-7 - 10*Cos[c + d*x] - 7*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + ((1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^(I*(c + d*x)) + I*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))*(Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + I*Sin[(c + 3*d*x)/2])/(6*a^2*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

**3.328.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4507, 25, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.328.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4304 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(5a-a \sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(5a-a \sec(c+dx))}{\sec(c+dx)a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(5a-a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4507 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3a^2-2a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-2a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-2a^2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
 & \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - 2a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 2a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4258
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.328.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2}}{\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2}}{\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3119$$

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\frac{6a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - 2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2}}{\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3120$$

$$\frac{\frac{6 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\frac{6a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{a^2}}{\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (-(((6*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (4*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/a^2) + (6*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(6*a^2)`

## 3.328.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^m*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`
- rule 4304 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cot[e + f*x])*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

```
rule 4507 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b
- a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(
2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*
(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m
- n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f,
A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && G
tQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.328.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(12\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{6a^2 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^6+4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+6*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-20*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+9*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)/a^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.328.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2i\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i\sqrt{2}) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{\dots}$$

---

3.328.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.328.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^2(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) + 2 \cos(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) + \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2) + 2*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2) + sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)/a**2`

### 3.328.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.328.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.328.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^3/2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^3/2*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.329**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.329.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2532  
 3.329.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2533  
 3.329.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2533  
 3.329.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2537  
 3.329.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2537  
 3.329.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2538  
 3.329.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2538  
 3.329.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2539  
 3.329.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2539

**3.329.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{a^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3a^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3a^2 d(1 + \sec(c + dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \sec(c + dx))^2}$$

output

```
-5/3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(1+sec(d*x+c))-1/3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/a^2/d-5/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.329.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \csc\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c)(\cos(dx) + i \sin(dx)) \left(-24i \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/6*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c]*(Cos[d*x] + I*Sin[d*x])*((-24*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - (18*I)*Cos[(3*(c + d*x))/2] - (6*I)*Cos[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 20*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + ((2*I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) + Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 2*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 3*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(a^2*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

**3.329.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4508, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

---

3.329.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2}} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int -\frac{7a-3a \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{4304} \\
& \int \frac{7a-3a \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \int \frac{7a-3a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{12a^2-5a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{4508} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{12a^2-5a^2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{12a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - 5a^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{12a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 5a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{12a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 5a^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} && \downarrow \text{4258}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.329.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{12a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 5a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{12a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 5a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{24a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - 5a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{24a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - \frac{10a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{a^2} - \frac{10 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

```
input Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output -1/3*(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (((24*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (10*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/a^2 - (10*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))) / (6*a^2)
```

## 3.329.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`
- rule 4304 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cot[e + f*x])*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

```
rule 4508 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (
a_)^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (A*b
- a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m +
1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc
c[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[
e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B
, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.329.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(24\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{6a^2 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(24*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^6+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+24*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-38*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+15*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/a^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.329.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{5(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$



input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 12*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 12*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(6*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.329.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.329.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.329.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.329.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.330**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.330.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2540  
 3.330.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2541  
 3.330.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2541  
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 3.330.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2546  
 3.330.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2547  
 3.330.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2547  
 3.330.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2548  
 3.330.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2548

**3.330.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{7\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{a^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{10\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3a^2d} + \frac{10\sin(c + dx)}{3a^2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{7\sin(c + dx)}{3a^2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(1 + \sec(c + dx))} - \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a + a \sec(c + dx))^2}$$

```
output 10/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-7/3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+sec(d*x+c))
/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-7*(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+10/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*
x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

### 3.330.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (\cos(dx) + i \sin(dx)) \left(-84i \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 63i \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 2\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(Cos[d*x] + I*Sin[d*x])*((-84*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - (63*I)*Cos[(3*(c + d*x))/2] - (21*I)*Cos[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 80*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + ((7*I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) + 3*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 10*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 12*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2]))/(6*a^2*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

### 3.330.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4508, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^2} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4304} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{9a-5a\sec(c+dx)}{2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-5a\sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9a-5a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4508} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(10a^2-7a^2\sec(c+dx))}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{14\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3\int \frac{10a^2-7a^2\sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{14\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3\int \frac{10a^2-7a^2\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{14\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.330.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 7a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx - 7a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 7a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 7a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 7a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.330.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 7a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{14a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( 10a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) - \frac{14a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{14 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + ((-14*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])) + (3*((-14*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + 10*a^2*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))))/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.330.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.330.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4304 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cot[e + f*x])*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`



```
rule 4508 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (A*b
- a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m +
1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc
c[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[
e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B
, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.330.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(16\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 12\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 20\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\right)}{6a^2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(16*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^8+12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^3+42*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(
1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-48*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+21*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/a^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.330.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{10(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

---

3.330.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(10*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 10*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 13*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.330.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.330.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.330.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.330.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.331**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.331.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2549  
 3.331.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2550  
 3.331.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2550  
 3.331.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2555  
 3.331.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2555  
 3.331.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2556  
 3.331.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2556  
 3.331.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2557  
 3.331.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2557

**3.331.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{56\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5a^2d}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{56 \sin(c+dx)}{15a^2d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(1+\sec(c+dx))} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2}$$

```
output 56/15*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-3*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)
)/(1+sec(d*x+c))-1/3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-5*si
n(d*x+c)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+56/5*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+
c)^(1/2)/a^2/d-5*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.331.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (\cos(dx) + i \sin(dx)) \left(1344i \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 1008i \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(Cos[d*x] + I*Sin[d*x])*((1344*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + (1008*I)*Cos[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + (336*I)*Cos[(5*(c + d*x))/2] - 1200*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - ((112*I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^3*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) - 34*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] - 148*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] - 168*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] - 11*Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2] + 3*Sin[(9*(c + d*x))/2]))/(60*a^2*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

**3.331.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4508, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.331.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4304} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{11a-7a \sec(c+dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{11a-7a \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{11a-7a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4508} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{56a^2-45a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{56a^2-45a^2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{56a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx - 45a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.331.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{56a^2 \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx - 45a^2 \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 4256

$$\frac{56a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{56a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{56a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{56a^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) - 45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{18 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3119

---

3.331.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{56a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right) - 45a^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{18}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 3120 \\
& \frac{56a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5d} \right) - 45a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{18}{d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + ((-18*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])) + (56*a^2*((6*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)))) - 45*a^2*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/a^2)/(6*a^2)`

### 3.331.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4256  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)}/(b*d^n)), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4304  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(m_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Cot}[e + f*x])*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^m*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n] || \text{IntegerQ}[m])$

rule 4508  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(m_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (A*b - a*B))*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^m*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n*\text{Simp}[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x], x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[A*b - a*B, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2^{(-1)}] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

**3.331.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(96\left(\cos^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-352\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+120\left(\cos^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-150\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{30a^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c))*a^2/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/30*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(96*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10-352*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+120*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-150*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-336*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+266*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-135*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+5)/a^2/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$
**3.331.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{75(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(75*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 75*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 168*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 168*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(6*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 8*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 94*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 75*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`

### 3.331.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.331.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2)), x)`

**3.331.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2)), x)`

**3.331.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{9/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.332**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.332.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2558  
 3.332.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2559  
 3.332.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2559  
 3.332.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2564  
 3.332.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2565  
 3.332.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2566  
 3.332.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2566  
 3.332.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2567  
 3.332.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2567

**3.332.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{49\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{10a^3d} - \frac{13\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{6a^3d} + \frac{49\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{10a^3d} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^3} - \frac{8\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2} - \frac{13\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a^3+a^3 \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3-8/15*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-13/6*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*sec(d*x+c))+49/10*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d-49/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d-13/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

### 3.332.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= 2 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}(147(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+147(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},-\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right))}{-1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(147*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 147*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]] - 65*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + ((1284*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 921*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 1243*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 374*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 670*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 65*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 147*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/32))/(15*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^3)`

### 3.332.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.826$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4303, 27, 3042, 4507, 3042, 4507, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.332.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
& \int \frac{\sec^{9/2}(c+dx)}{\left(a\sec(c+dx)+a\right)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2}}{\left(a\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4303} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)(5a-11a\sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{5d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)(5a-11a\sec(c+dx))}{(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{5d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}(5a-11a\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{\left(\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{5d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)(24a^2-41a^2\sec(c+dx))}{\sec(c+dx)a+a} dx}{10a^2} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{3d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{5d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}(24a^2-41a^2\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a} dx}{10a^2} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{3d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{5d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(65a^3-147a^3\sec(c+dx))}{a^2} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{65a^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a\sin(c+dx)\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{3d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{5d(a\sec(c+dx)+a)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.332.  $\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(65a^3 - 147a^3 \sec(c+dx)) dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(65a^3 - 147a^3 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 4274 \\
 \frac{65a^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx - 147a^3 \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{65a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 147a^3 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 4255 \\
 \frac{65a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
 \hline
 \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

3.332.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\frac{65a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{65a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{65a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{65a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{130a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} - 147a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

3.332.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) - ((16*a*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + ((65*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) + ((130*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - 147*a^3*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/(2*a^2))/(3*a^2))/(10*a^2)`

### 3.332.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4303 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[d^2/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) + a*(m - n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 2] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.332.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs.  $2(245) = 490$ .

Time = 4.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

method	result
default	$-\frac{-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(65F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-147E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.332. \quad \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output

```
-1/60*(-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-
2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(65*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(65
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^
(1/2)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(65*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*EllipticE(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+588*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-1634*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+1488*(-2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-439*(-2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/a^3/cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.332.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{65(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 - 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(65*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 65*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 147*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 147*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(147*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 376*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 295*cos(d*x + c) + 60)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.332.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\cos^3(c+dx)+3\cos^2(c+dx)+3\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x)**3 + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**3`

### 3.332.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.332.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.332.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.333**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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 3.333.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2569  
 3.333.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2569  
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 3.333.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2576  
 3.333.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2576

**3.333.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{10a^3d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2a^3d} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^3} - \frac{2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{5ad(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2} - \frac{9\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{10d(a^3+a^3 \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3-2/5*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)
*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-9/10*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3
+a^3*sec(d*x+c))+9/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d+
1/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

**3.333.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(-3ie^{-2i(c+dx)}(1+e^{i(c+dx)})^5 \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((-3*I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x))))^5*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 160*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - I*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]) + (2*I)*(34 + 69*Cos[c + d*x] + 34*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + (2*I)*Sin[c + d*x] + (6*I)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + (2*I)*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])*(Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + I*Sin[(c + 3*d*x)/2]))/(40*a^3*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.333.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4303, 27, 3042, 4507, 3042, 4507, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.333.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4303} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a-3a \sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{3 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a-3a \sec(c+dx))}{(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{3 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a-3a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(2a^2-7a^2 \sec(c+dx))}{\sec(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(2a^2-7a^2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{-5 \sec(c+dx)a^3+9a^3}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} + \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.333.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{\int \frac{5 \sec(c+dx)a^3+9a^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{\int \frac{5 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+9a^3}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4274

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{9a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{9a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 9a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.333.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 9a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{18a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$3 \left( \frac{\frac{9a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{10a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{18a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/5*(Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) - (3*((4*a*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (-1/2*((18*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (10*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/a^2 + (9*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])))/(3*a^2)))/(10*a^2)`

## 3.333.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`
- rule 4303 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[d^2/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) + a*(m - n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 2] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

```
rule 4507 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b
- a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(
2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*
(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m
- n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f,
A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && G
tQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.333.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(36\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 1F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/20*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(36*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^8-10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+18*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-46*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+8*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^3/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.333.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx =$$

$$5(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx + c) + i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c)) - \dots$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 22*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.333.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\cos^3(c+dx)+3\cos^2(c+dx)+3\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)**3 + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**3`

### 3.333.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.333.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.333.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.334**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.334.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2577  
 3.334.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2578  
 3.334.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2578  
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**3.334.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{10a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{6a^3d} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a^3+a^3 \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output -1/5*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3-4/15*sin(d*x+c)*sec(
d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+1/6*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3
+a^3*sec(d*x+c))+1/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d+
1/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```



### 3.334.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= 2 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{-1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] - 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) - ((36*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 9*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 7*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 26*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 10*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 5*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 3*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/32)/(15*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

### 3.334.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4303, 27, 3042, 4507, 25, 3042, 4508, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx$$

---

3.334.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3717 \\
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 4303 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a-7a \sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a-7a \sec(c+dx))}{(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a-7a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 4507 \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{9 \sec(c+dx)a^2+4a^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& - \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{9 \sec(c+dx)a^2+4a^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{9 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2+4a^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 4508 \\
& - \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}}{10a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{5 \sec(c+dx)a^3+3a^3}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.334.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{5 \sec(c+dx)a^3+3a^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{5 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+3a^3}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 4274 \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.334.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d}}{2a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} + \frac{10a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{2a^2} \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]
```

```
output -1/5*(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) - ((8*a*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - (((6*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (10*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/(2*a^2) + (5*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) / (3*a^2))/(10*a^2)
```

**3.334.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

---

3.334.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4303 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[d^2/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*(b*(n - 2) + a*(m - n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 2] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 4508 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (A*b
- a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m +
1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc
c[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[
e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B
, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.334.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(12\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{60a^3 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/60*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^8-10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+6*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-22*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+6*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+7*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3)/a^3/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.334.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5\left(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2}\right) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c))}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.334.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 5*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.334.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cos^3(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} + 3\cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} + 3\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} + \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(cos(c + d*x)**3*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)) + 3*cos(c + d*x)**2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)) + 3*cos(c + d*x)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)) + sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)/a**3`

### 3.334.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

---

3.334.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.334.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.334.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`



**3.335**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.335.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2586  
 3.335.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2587  
 3.335.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2587  
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 3.335.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2594  
 3.335.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2594

**3.335.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{10a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{6a^3d} + \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d(a+a \sec(c+dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15ad(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a^3+a^3 \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/5*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3-1/15*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+1/6*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+
a^3*sec(d*x+c))-1/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellip
ticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d+1
/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

**3.335.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= 2 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( -\frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (3(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+3(-1+e^{2ic}) \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}})}{-1+e^{2ic}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right)}{1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(((-2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 3*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 5*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) + ((36*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 9*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 17*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 16*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 20*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] - 5*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 3*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/32)/(15*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.335.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4302, 27, 3042, 4507, 3042, 4508, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx$$

---

3.335.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3717 \\
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 4302 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(3 \sec(c+dx)a+a)}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(3 \sec(c+dx)a+a)}{(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)}{(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 4507 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{6 \sec(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{6 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 4508 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3a^3-5a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^3-5a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.335.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^3 - 5a^3 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 4274 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \\
 & \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \downarrow 3119
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.335.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{6a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d} - 5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{6a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d} - \frac{10a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{3a^2} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} + \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) + ((-2*a*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (-1/2*((6*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (10*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/a^2 + (5*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) / (3*a^2)) / (10*a^2)`

### 3.335.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4302 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*d*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[d/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*(a*(n - 1) - b*(m + n)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 4508 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b
- a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m +
1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc
c[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[
e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B
, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.335.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(12\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{60a^3 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\right)}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(12*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^8+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+6*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-24*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+17*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3)/a^3/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/(-2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.335.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{5\left(i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) + i\sqrt{2}\right)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

---

3.335.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 14*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

### 3.335.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.335.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`



**3.335.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.335.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.336**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.336.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2595  
 3.336.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2596  
 3.336.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2596  
 3.336.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2601  
 3.336.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2602  
 3.336.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2602  
 3.336.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2603  
 3.336.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2603  
 3.336.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2603

**3.336.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{10a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{2a^3d} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \sec(c + dx))^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5ad(a + a \sec(c + dx))^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^3 + a^3 \sec(c + dx))}$$

output

```
-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3+2/5*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+1/2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^3+
a^3*sec(d*x+c))-9/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellip
ticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d+1
/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

**3.336.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(160 \cos^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \dots\right)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(160*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - I*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]) + I*(-68 - 128*Cos[c + d*x] - 68*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 24*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + (3*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^5*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]/E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + (6*I)*Sin[c + d*x] + (8*I)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + (6*I)*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))*(Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + I*Sin[(c + 3*d*x)/2]))/(40*a^3*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.336.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4507, 25, 3042, 4508, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.336.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4304} \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(3a-a\sec(c+dx))}{2(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(3a-a\sec(c+dx))}{(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-a\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4507} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2a^2-3a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2a^2-3a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2a^2-3a^2 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx) + a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4508}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.336.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^3 - 5a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^3 - 5a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^3 - 5a^3 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{9a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{9a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 5a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{9a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.336.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

↓ 3042

$$3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{9a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx - 5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{18a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - 5a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$3 \left( \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{18a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - \frac{10a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

$$\frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) + (3*((4*a*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - (((18*a^3*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (10*a^3*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/(2*a^2) - (5*a^2*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))/(3*a^2)))/(10*a^2)`

## 3.336.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`
- rule 4304 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cot[e + f*x])*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4507 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(A*b - a*B)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*(n - 1)) - B*(b*d*(n - 1)) - d*(a*B*(m - n + 1) + A*b*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 4508 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b - a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.336.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(36\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 10\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{20a^3 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \dots}}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/20*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(36*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+18*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-66*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+38*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-9*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/a^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

$$3.336. \int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$



**3.336.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$5 (i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i \sqrt{2}) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c))$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(5*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(9*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 12*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

**3.336.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.336.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.336.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.336.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.337**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.337.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2604  
 3.337.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2605  
 3.337.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2605  
 3.337.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2609  
 3.337.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2610  
 3.337.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2611  
 3.337.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2611  
 3.337.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2611  
 3.337.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2612

**3.337.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{49 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{10a^3 d}$$

$$- \frac{13 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{6a^3 d} - \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a + a \sec(c + dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{8 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15ad(a + a \sec(c + dx))^2} - \frac{13 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{6d(a^3 + a^3 \sec(c + dx))}$$

output

```
-1/5*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3-8/15*sin(d*x+c)*sec(
d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-13/6*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a^
3+a^3*sec(d*x+c))+49/10*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*El
lipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/
d-13/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

### 3.337.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= 2 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{2}e^{-i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (147(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})+147(-1+e^{2ic})\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2i(c+dx)}\right) - 1+e^{2ic}}{-1+e^{2ic}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(147*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))) + 147*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] + 65*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]))/(E^(I*(c + d*x))*(-1 + E^((2*I)*c))) - ((1134*Cos[(c - d*x)/2] + 1071*Cos[(3*c + d*x)/2] + 923*Cos[(c + 3*d*x)/2] + 694*Cos[(5*c + 3*d*x)/2] + 470*Cos[(3*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 265*Cos[(7*c + 5*d*x)/2] + 117*Cos[(5*c + 7*d*x)/2] + 30*Cos[(9*c + 7*d*x)/2])*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/32)/ (15*a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

### 3.337.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4508, 3042, 4508, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} (a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3717 \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4304 \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{11a-5a \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{11a-5a \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{11a-5a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4508 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{41a^2-24a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{41a^2-24a^2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4508 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{147a^3-65a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{147a^3 - 65a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{147a^3 - 65a^3 \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4274

$$\frac{147a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - 65a^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{147a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 65a^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{147a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - 65a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{147a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 65a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

---

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{294a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} - 65a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\frac{2a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{294a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} - \frac{130a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{\frac{2a^2}{3a^2}} - \frac{65a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{16a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{5d(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) + ((-16*a*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (((294*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (130*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/(2*a^2) - (65*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])))/(3*a^2))/(10*a^2)`

### 3.337.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4304 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cot[e + f*x])*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4508 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b - a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.337.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(348\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 130\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 1F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{60a^3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + \dots}$

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/60*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(348*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+130*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+294*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-578*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+264*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-37*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3)/a^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.337.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{65(-i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 - 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2 - 3i\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2})\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))}{(a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx+c) + a^3 d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/60*(65*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 65*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 147*(-I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 147*(I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2))*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(87*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 146*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 65*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`

---

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.337.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.337.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`**3.337.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.337.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.338** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.338.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2614  
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 3.338.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2622

**3.338.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{119\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{10a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{11\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{11\sin(c+dx)}{2a^3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+a \sec(c+dx))^3}$$

$$- \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+a \sec(c+dx))^2} - \frac{119\sin(c+dx)}{30d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a^3+a^3 \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

```
11/2*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^3
/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*sec(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1
19/30*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a^3+a^3*sec(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-119/10*(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)
)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d+11/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2
)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

### 3.338.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-idx} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (\cos(dx) + i \sin(dx)) \left(-5355i \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 3927i \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(Cos[d*x] + I*Sin[d*x])*((-5355*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - (3927*I)*Cos[(3*(c + d*x))/2] - (1785*I)*Cos[(5*(c + d*x))/2] - (357*I)*Cos[(7*(c + d*x))/2] + 5280*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + ((119*I)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^5*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, -E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])/E^(((3*I)/2)*(c + d*x)) + 193*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 579*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 555*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2] + 227*Sin[(7*(c + d*x))/2] + 10*Sin[(9*(c + d*x))/2]))/(120*a^3*d*E^(I*d*x)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

### 3.338.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.826$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4304, 27, 3042, 4508, 3042, 4508, 27, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3717

---

3.338.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4304} \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{13a-7a \sec(c+dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a-7a \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{13a-7a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^2} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4508} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{69a^2-50a^2 \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\sec(c+dx)a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{69a^2-50a^2 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4508} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(165a^3-119a^3 \sec(c+dx))}{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \quad \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.338.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{165a^3 - 119a^3 \sec(c+dx)}{\sec^2(c+dx)} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{165a^3 - 119a^3 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sec^2(c+dx)} dx - 119a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx - 119a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 119a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2} \\
& \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.338.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 119a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)} - \frac{20a \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cdot 10a^2}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 119a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cdot 10a^2}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - 119a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cdot 10a^2}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{238a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cdot 10a^2}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3 \left( 165a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) - \frac{238a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \right)}{2a^2} - \frac{119a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cdot 10a^2}{5d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+a)^3}$$

---

3.338.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$



input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^3) + ((-20*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + ((-119*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Sec[c + d*x]))) + (3*((-238*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + 165*a^3*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))))/(2*a^2)/(3*a^2)/(10*a^2)`

### 3.338.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4304 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Cot[e + f*x])*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a*(2*m + n + 1) - b*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4508 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^m*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b - a*B))*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(b*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a^2*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*B*n - a*A*(2*m + n + 1) + (A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1)*Csc[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[A*b - a*B, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.338.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(160\left(\cos^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 468\left(\cos^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 330\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{60a^3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.338.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output 
$$-1/60*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(160*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^{10}+468*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+330*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+714*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-1058*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+474*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-47*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3)/a^3/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.338.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{165 (i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3i \sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + i \sqrt{2}) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{-}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$-1/60*(165*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c) + I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 165*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c) - I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 357*(I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c) + I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 357*(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*I*\text{sqrt}(2)*\cos(d*x + c) - I*\text{sqrt}(2))*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(20*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 237*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 376*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 165*\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)$$

**3.338.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.338.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2)), x)`**3.338.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2)), x)`

**3.338.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{9/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

### 3.339 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.339.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{32a \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{35d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{16a \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{12a \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output  $16/35*a*\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+12/35*a*\sec(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/7*a*\sec(d*x+c)^{(7/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+32/35*a*\sin(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

**3.339.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))(9 + 18 \cos(c + dx) + 4 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 4 \cos(3(c + dx))) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{35d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(9 + 18*Cos[c + d*x] + 4*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 4*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(35*d)`

**3.339.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3251}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{6}{7}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{6}{7}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{6}{7}\left(\frac{4}{5}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{6}{7}\left(\frac{4}{5}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{6}{7}\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{6}{7}\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{6}{7}\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`



```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]
]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*
x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d
*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/5)/7)
```

### 3.339.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3250 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sq
rt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3251 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e
+ f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Sim
p[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.339.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \left( \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx+c) \right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} (16 \cos^4(dx+c) - 8 \cos^3(dx+c) - 2 \cos^2(dx+c) - \cos(dx+c) - 5)}{35d}$	72

---

3.339.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/35/d*cot(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(16*cos(d*x+c)^4-8*cos(d*x+c)^3-2*cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*x+c)-5)`

### 3.339.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 (16 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 8 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 6 \cos(dx + c) + 5) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{35 (d \cos(dx + c)^4 + d \cos(dx + c)^3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(16*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c) + 5)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

### 3.339.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(9/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.339.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 283 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{35 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{70 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{84 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{58 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{9 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)} \right)}{35 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left( \frac{4 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{6 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{4 \sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^8}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^8} \right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/35*(35*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 70*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 84*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 58*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 9*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^4/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(4*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 6*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 4*sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + sin(d*x + c)^8/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^8 + 1))`

**3.339.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt{2} \left( \left( \left( \left( 7 \left( 5 \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 - 10 \right) \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 + 267 \right) \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^2 - 3684 \right) \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right) \right) \right) \right)}{35 \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c \right)^4 - 6 \right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/35*sqrt(2)*((((7*(5*(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c))^2 - 10)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c))^2 + 267)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c))^2 - 3684)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1869)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 350)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 35)*sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)/((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(7/2)*d)`

**3.339.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{14 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{2e^{c1+dx1i}}{e^{c2i+dx2i}+1}} + 4 \sin\left(\frac{7c}{2} + \frac{7dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{2e^{c1+dx1i}}{e^{c2i+dx2i}+1}}}{\frac{105d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{105d \cos\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{35d \cos\left(\frac{5c}{2} + \frac{5dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{35d \cos\left(\frac{7c}{2} + \frac{7dx}{2}\right)}{8}}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(14*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2) + 4*sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2))/((105*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (105*d*cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/8 + (35*d*cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/8 + (35*d*cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2))/8)`

### 3.340 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.340.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2630
3.340.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2631
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#### 3.340.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{16a \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{8a \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `8/15*a*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*a*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/15*a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.340.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))(7 + 4 \cos(c + dx) + 4 \cos(2(c + dx)))} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{15d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output  $(2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos[c + dx])} \cdot (7 + 4\cos[c + dx] + 4\cos[2(c + dx)]) \cdot \sec[c + dx]^{5/2} \cdot \tan[(c + dx)/2]) / (15 \cdot d)$

### 3.340.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3251}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3251}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

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3.340.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{1}{5d}\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{1}{3d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/5)`

### 3.340.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.340.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \left(\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx+c)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} (8(\cos^3(dx+c))-4(\cos^2(dx+c))-\cos(dx+c)-3)}{15d}$	62

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15/d*cot(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(8*cos(d*x+c)^3-4*cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*x+c)-3)`

### 3.340.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} (8 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 3) \sin(dx + c)}{15 (d \cos(dx + c)^3 + d \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2/15*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(8*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + d*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`



**3.340.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.340.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs.  $2(97) = 194$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{25\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{17\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^3}{15 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 25*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 17*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 7*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.340.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2} \left( \left( \left( 5 \left( 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 20 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 282 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 100 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right) \right)}{15 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/15*sqrt(2)*(((5*(3*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 20)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 282)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 100)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 15)*sqrt(a)*sign(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)/((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(5/2)*d)`**3.340.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (7 \sin(c + dx) + 4 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 9 \sin(3c + 3dx) + 2 \sin(4c + 4dx))}{15d (10 \cos(c + dx) + 8 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 5 \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx) + \cos(5c + 5dx) + 6)}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(8*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(7*sin(c + d*x) + 4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 9*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(15*d*(10*cos(c + d*x) + 8*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(5*c + 5*d*x) + 6))`

### 3.341 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.341.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2636
3.341.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2636
3.341.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2637
3.341.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2638
3.341.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2639
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3.341.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2639
3.341.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2640
3.341.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2640

#### 3.341.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4a \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/3*a*\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+4/3*a*\sin(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.341.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}(1 + 2 \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*(1 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*d)$

**3.341.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3250} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} + \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]
]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d
*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))
```

### 3.341.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3250 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sq
rt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3251 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e
+ f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Sim
p[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.341.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \left(\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} (2(\cos^2(dx+c)) - \cos(dx+c) - 1)}{3d}$	52

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $-2/3/d*\cot(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*(2*\cos(d*x+c)^{2-\cos(d*x+c)-1})$

### 3.341.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} (2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sin(dx + c)}{3 (d \cos(dx + c))^2 + d \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2/3*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*(2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/((d*\cos(d*x + c))^2 + d*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}$

### 3.341.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.341.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^2}{3d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + 1 \right)}$$

3.341.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/2)*(2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 1))`

### 3.341.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2} \left( \left( 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 - 10 \right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 3 \right) \sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)}{3 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^4 - 6 \tan\left(\frac{1}{4} dx + \frac{1}{4} c\right)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/3*sqrt(2)*((3*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 - 10)*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 3)*sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)/((tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*d)`

### 3.341.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{a} (\cos(c + dx) + 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (\sin(c + dx) + \sin(2c + 2dx) + \sin(3c + 3dx))}{3d (3 \cos(c + dx) + 2 \cos(2c + 2dx) + \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2)}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output  $(4*(a*(\cos(c + d*x) + 1))^{(1/2)}*(1/\cos(c + d*x))^{(1/2)}*(\sin(c + d*x) + \sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + \sin(3*c + 3*d*x)))/(3*d*(3*\cos(c + d*x) + 2*\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + \cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2))$



### 3.342 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.342.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2642
3.342.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2642
3.342.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2643
3.342.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2644
3.342.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2644
3.342.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2645
3.342.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2645
3.342.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2645
3.342.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2646

#### 3.342.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.342.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/d`

**3.342.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a}}{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3250} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.342.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

## 3.342.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \left( \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c) \right) (\cos(dx+c)-1) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{d}$	40

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*cot(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)-1)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)`

## 3.342.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{(d \cos(dx + c) + d) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c) + d)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

---

3.342.  $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.342.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.342.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(3/2))`**3.342.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)}{\sqrt{\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^4 - 6\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}dx + \frac{1}{4}c\right)^2 + 1}d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)/(sqrt(tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^4 - 6*tan(1/4*d*x + 1/4*c)^2 + 1)*d)`

**3.342.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}}{d (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sin(c + d*x)*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(d*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))`

### 3.343 $\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

3.343.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2647
3.343.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2647
3.343.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2648
3.343.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2649
3.343.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2650
3.343.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2650
3.343.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2650
3.343.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2651
3.343.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2651

#### 3.343.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

output `2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.343.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d`

**3.343.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d`

## 3.343.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

## 3.343.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	88

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)`



**3.343.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a} \log \left( \frac{2a \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{-a \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) + a \cos(dx+c) - a}{\cos(dx+c)+1} \right)}{d}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)} \right)}{d} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[sqrt(-a)*log((2*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + a*cos(d*x + c) - a)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/d, -2*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/d]`**3.343.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`**3.343.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan \left( (\cos(2dx + 2c))^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2 \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx + 2c)) \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(a)*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.343.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.343.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.344**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.344.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2652  
 3.344.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2652  
 3.344.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2653  
 3.344.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2655  
 3.344.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2655  
 3.344.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2656  
 3.344.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2656  
 3.344.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2657  
 3.344.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2657

**3.344.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `a*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.344.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{c}}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*d)$

### 3.344.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + adx}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + adx}$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.344.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.344.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 14.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}))\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	108

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)`

### 3.344.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) + 1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.344.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.344.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 791 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 791, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + sqrt(a)*(arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) + 1) - arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) - 1) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + ...`

**3.344.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.344.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



$$3.345 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.345.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2658  
 3.345.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2658  
 3.345.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2659  
 3.345.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2661  
 3.345.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2662  
 3.345.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2662  
 3.345.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2662  
 3.345.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2663  
 3.345.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2664

### 3.345.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 1/2*a*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+3/4*a*sin(d*x+c)
)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/4*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/
(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.345.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(3\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right) + 2\sqrt{a}}{8d}$$

---

3.345.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(3*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2])))/(8*d)`

### 3.345.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a dx}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a dx}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3249}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a dx} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a dx} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3249}$$

---

3.345.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3253} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]) / (2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x]) / Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])] / d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]) / (d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))) / 4)`

**3.345.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.345.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.345.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 14.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 2 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \sec(dx+c) \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \right)}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	145

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/((cos(d*x+c)
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*t
an(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*sec(d*x+c)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)
*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))
```

3.345. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.345.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx + c) + 1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a}(2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 \cos(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{4(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(3*sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.345.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.345.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1059 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*((cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + ((cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 3*sqrt(a)*(arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))),...`

### 3.345.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.345.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.346 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.346.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2665
3.346.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2665
3.346.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2666
3.346.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2669
3.346.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2669
3.346.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2669
3.346.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2670
3.346.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	2670
3.346.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2671

#### 3.346.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{208a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{104a^2 \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{105d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{26a^2 \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 104/105*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+26/35*a^2
*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(
7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+208/105*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.346.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (41 + 117 \cos(c + dx) + 26 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 26 \cos(3(c + dx))) \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)}{105d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(41 + 117*Cos[c + d*x] + 26*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]) + 26*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/(105*d)`

### 3.346.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - \frac{2}{7}a \int -\frac{13\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{13}{7}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{13}{7}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{13}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{13}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{13}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{13}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{13}{7}a\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{4a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (13*a*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (4*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/5))/7)`

## 3.346.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.346.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left(\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx+c)\right) (104 \cos^4(dx+c) - 52 \cos^3(dx+c) - 13 \cos^2(dx+c) - 24 \cos(dx+c) - 15) a}{105d}$	73

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/105/d*cot(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(104*cos(d*x+c)^4-52*cos(d*x+c)^3-13*cos(d*x+c)^2-24*cos(d*x+c)-15)*a`**3.346.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 (104 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 52 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 39 a \cos(dx + c) + 15 a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{105 (d \cos(dx + c)^4 + d \cos(dx + c)^3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/105*(104*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 52*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 39*a*cos(d*x + c) + 15*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*cos(d*x + c)^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`**3.346.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`

---

3.346.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.346.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{105 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{245 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{273 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{171 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{38 \sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \right)}{105 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^6}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^6} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/105*(105*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 245*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 273*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 171*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 38*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^9/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(9/2)*(3*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^6/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^6 + 1))`

**3.346.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.346.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{-35 a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{2e^{c+dx}}{e^{2c+2dx}+1}} + 91 a \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} + \frac{315 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{315 d \cos\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{105 d \cos\left(\frac{5c}{2} + \frac{5dx}{2}\right)}{8}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(91*a*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2) - 35*a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2) + 26*a*sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2))/((315*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (315*d*cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/8 + (105*d*cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/8 + (105*d*cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2))/8)
```

### 3.347 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.347.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{12a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{6a^2 \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `6/5*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+12/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.347.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (4 + 3 \cos(c + dx) + 3 \cos(2(c + dx))) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(4 + 3*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(5*d)`

**3.347.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2}{5}a \int -\frac{9\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{9}{5}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{9}{5}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3251} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{9}{5}a \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.347.  $\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$



↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{9}{5}a\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{1}{5d}\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{9}{5}a\left(\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{1}{5d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (9*a*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/5)`

### 3.347.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.347.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left(\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx+c)\right) (6(\cos^3(dx+c)) - 3(\cos^2(dx+c)) - 2\cos(dx+c) - 1)a}{5d}$	63

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/5/d*\cot(d*x+c)*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(6*\cos(d*x+c)^3-3*\cos(d*x+c)^2-2*\cos(d*x+c)-1)*a$$

**3.347.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(6a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{5(d \cos(dx + c)^3 + d \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(6*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + d*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

**3.347.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.347.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{5\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{10\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{7\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^2}{5d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + 1 \right)}$$

---

3.347.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/5*(5*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 10*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 7*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)*(sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^2/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(2*sin(d*x + c)^2/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^4/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 1))`

### 3.347.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

### 3.347.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4a \sqrt{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (8 \sin(c + dx) + 6 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 11 \sin(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx))}{5d(10 \cos(c + dx) + 8 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 5 \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx))}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(4*a*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*sin(c + d*x) + 6*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 11*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(5*d*(10*cos(c + d*x) + 8*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(5*c + 5*d*x) + 6))`

---

3.347.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

### 3.348 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.348.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2678
3.348.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2678
3.348.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2679
3.348.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2681
3.348.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2681
3.348.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2681
3.348.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2682
3.348.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	2682
3.348.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2682

#### 3.348.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{10a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/3*a^2*\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+10/3*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.348.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (1 + 5 \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output  $(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*(1 + 5*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*d)$

**3.348.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3241}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2}{3}a \int -\frac{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5}{3}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5}{3}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3250}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{10a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (10*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.348.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.348.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \cot(dx+c) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left(\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)\right) (5(\cos^2(dx+c))-4 \cos(dx+c)-1)a}{3d}$	53

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-2/3/d*\cot(d*x+c)*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(5*\cos(d*x+c)^2-4*\cos(d*x+c)-1)*a$$
**3.348.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(5a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c)}{3(d \cos(dx + c)^2 + d \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$2/3*(5*a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sin(d*x + c)/((d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})$$
**3.348.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.348.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$



**3.348.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{5\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right)}{3d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/3*(3*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 5*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(5/2))`**3.348.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.348.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (5 \sin(c + dx) + 2 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 5 \sin(3c + 3dx))}{3d (3 \cos(c + dx) + 2 \cos(2c + 2dx) + \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2)}$$

3.348.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*a*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(5*sin(c + d*x) + 2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*sin(3*c + 3*d*x)))/(3*d*(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2))`

### 3.349 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.349.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2684
3.349.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2684
3.349.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2685
3.349.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2687
3.349.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2688
3.349.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2688
3.349.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2688
3.349.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2689
3.349.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2690

#### 3.349.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}}{d}$$

```
output 2*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.349.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] + 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/d`

### 3.349.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} - 2a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.349.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3241 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b
*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*
d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*
c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
&& GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] ||
(IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.349.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c) \right) \left( \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan \left( \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arctan \left( \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(
tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^
(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+sin(d*x+c))*cos
(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*a
```

**3.349.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} a \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right)}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.349.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.349.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 997 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 997, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.39

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) - 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c),...`

### 3.349.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.349.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.350 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.350.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3*a^(3/2)*arcsin(
sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/
2)/d
```

#### 3.350.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(3\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right)}{2d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $(a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*d)$

### 3.350.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4710$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3242$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{3(\cos(c+dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a^2 + a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2011$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3}{2} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)$$

---

3.350.  $\int (a + a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3253 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 223 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((3*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))]`

### 3.350.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(v_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.350.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+3\arctan(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}))(\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\cos(dx+c)a)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	117

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a`

---

3.350.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

**3.350.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 3(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{a \sin(dx + c)}\right)}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.350.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.350.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 803 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 803, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.45

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/4*(2*(a*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - (a*\cos(d*x + c) - a)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{a} + 3*(a*\arctan2(-(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*(\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - \cos(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*(\cos(d*x + c)*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + \sin(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) + 1) - a*\arctan2(-(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*(\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - \cos(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*(\cos(d*x + c)*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + \sin(d*x + c)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))) - 1) - a*\arctan2((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + a*\arctan2((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*...$

### 3.350.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.350.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



**3.351** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.351.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2698  
 3.351.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2698  
 3.351.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2699  
 3.351.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2702  
 3.351.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2702  
 3.351.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2703  
 3.351.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2703  
 3.351.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2704  
 3.351.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2704

**3.351.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{7a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{4d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{7a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+7/4*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+7/4*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.351.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(7\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)}}\right) + 2\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)\right)}{8d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(7*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]))/(8*d)`

---

3.351. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.351.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3242}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{7}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{2011}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{7}{4} a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{7}{4}a\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}a+adx+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{7}{4}a\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{7}{4}a\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}a+a}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{7}{4}a\left(\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{7}{4}a\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (7*a*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/4)`

## 3.351.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 2011 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*SIN[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*COS[e + f*x]*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(COS[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.351.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 14.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	s
default	$\frac{\left(2 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 7 \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} a}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	1

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*(2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+7*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+7*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*a*(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a`

### 3.351.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{7(a \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{(2a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 7a \cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{4(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/4*(7*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - (2*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*a*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.351.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.351.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1080 vs. 2(116) = 232.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1080, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.71

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*((a*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (a*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 6*a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + (a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - a*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + (a*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 6*a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 6*a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 7*(a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - a*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*...`

**3.351.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.351.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.352** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.352.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2705  
 3.352.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2705  
 3.352.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2706  
 3.352.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2709  
 3.352.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2710  
 3.352.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2710  
 3.352.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2711  
 3.352.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2711  
 3.352.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2712

**3.352.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{11a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{8d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{11a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{12d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{11a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{8d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+11/12*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+11/8*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+11/8*a^(3/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.352.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(33\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{8d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(33*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(26*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 9*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 2*Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2])))/(48*d)`

### 3.352.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3242, 27, 2011, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3242

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{11 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{11}{6} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a^2 + a^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \right)$$

---

3.352.  $\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

↓ 2011

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\int\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{11}{6}a\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 223

---

3.352.  $\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{11}{6}a\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (11*a*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))))/4)/6)`

### 3.352.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 2011 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(v_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3242 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[
c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3249 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(
2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.352.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 14.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 8 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 22 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 33 \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 33 \sec(dx+c) \right)}{24d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.352. \int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $1/24/d*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))/\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)*(8*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)+22*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)+33*\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)+33*\sec(d*x+c)*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)))*a}$

### 3.352.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{33(a \cos(dx + c) + a)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{(8a \cos(dx+c)^3 + 22a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 33a \cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{24(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/24*(33*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + a)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x + c))) - (8*a*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 22*a*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 33*a*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)))/(d*\cos(d*x + c) + d)$

### 3.352.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.352.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1942 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1942, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.79

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(4*(a*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (a*cos(3*d*x + 3*c) - a)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*sqrt(a) + 6*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4))*((3*a*sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 11*a*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)) - (3*a*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 5*a*cos(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) - 8*a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 33*(a*arctan2(-(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3...`

**3.352.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.352.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.352.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.353 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx$

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3.353.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2713
3.353.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2714
3.353.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2717
3.353.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2718
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#### 3.353.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{1168a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{315d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{584a^3 \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{315d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{146a^3 \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{105d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{38a^3 \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{63d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}$$

```
output 584/315*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+146/105*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+38/63*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/9*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+1168/315*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.353.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (727 + 698 \cos(c + dx) + 803 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 146 \cos(3(c + dx)) + 146 \cos(4(c + dx)))}{315d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(727 + 698*Cos[c + d*x] + 803*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 146*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 146*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/(315*d)`

### 3.353.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{11/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{11/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{9} a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(15 \cos(c + dx)a + a)}{2 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(15 \cos(c + dx)a + 19a)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

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3.353.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}(15\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+19a)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3459

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{219}{7}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{38a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{219}{7}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}dx+\frac{38a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{219}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{219}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{219}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{219}{7}a\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{9d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{1}{9}a\left(\frac{38a^2\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{219a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{7d\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

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3.353.  $\int(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)dx$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)) + (a*((38*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) + (219*a*((2*a*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + (4*((2*a*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + (4*a*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/5)/7)/9)`

### 3.353.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.353.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\frac{2 \cot(dx + c) \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(dx + c))} \left( \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(dx + c) \right) (584 \cos^5(dx + c) - 292 \cos^4(dx + c) - 73 \cos^3(dx + c) - 35 \cos^2(dx + c) - 35 \cos(dx + c) - 35)}{315d}$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x)`

output `-2/315/d*cot(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2)*(584*cos(d*x+c)^5-292*cos(d*x+c)^4-73*cos(d*x+c)^3-89*cos(d*x+c)^2-95*cos(d*x+c)-35)*a^2`

**3.353.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( 584 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 292 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 219 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 130 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 35 a^2 \right)}{315 \left( d \cos(dx + c)^5 + d \cos(dx + c)^4 \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(584*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 292*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 219*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 130*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 35*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + d*cos(d*x + c)^4)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`**3.353.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.353.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{8 \left( \frac{315 \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{945 \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{1449 \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{1287 \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{572 \sqrt{2} a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \right)}{315 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{11}{2}} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{\frac{11}{2}} \left( \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} \right)}$$

3.353.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{8}{315} \cdot (315 \sqrt{2}) a^{5/2} \sin(dx + c) / (\cos(dx + c) + 1) - 945 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx + c)^3 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^3 + 1449 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx + c)^5 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^5 - 1287 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx + c)^7 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^7 + 572 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx + c)^9 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^9 - 104 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx + c)^{11} / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{11} \cdot (\sin(dx + c)^2 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^3 / (d \cdot (\sin(dx + c) / (\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{11/2}) \cdot (-\sin(dx + c) / (\cos(dx + c) + 1) + 1)^{11/2} \cdot (3 \sin(dx + c)^2 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^2 + 3 \sin(dx + c)^4 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^4 + \sin(dx + c)^6 / (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^6 + 1)$$

### 3.353.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

### 3.353.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\frac{e^{-c \operatorname{li} - dx \operatorname{li}}}{2} + \frac{e^{c \operatorname{li} + dx \operatorname{li}}}{2}}}}{\left( \frac{192 a^2 e^{\frac{c \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{li}}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{5 d} - \frac{16 a^2 e^{\frac{c \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{li}}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}{3 d} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{12 e^{\frac{c \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{li}}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 8 e^{\frac{c \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{li}}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) + 8 e^{\frac{c \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{li}}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{5c}{2} + \frac{5dx}{2}\right)}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(11/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \frac{1}{\exp(-c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + \exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2} \right)^{1/2} * \left( \frac{192*a^2*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*\cos(c + d*x))^{1/2}}{(5*d)} \right. \\ & - \frac{16*a^2*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)*(a + a*\cos(c + d*x))^{1/2}}{(3*d)} + \frac{1168*a^2*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\sin((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2)*(a + a*\cos(c + d*x))^{1/2}}{(35*d)} \\ & + \frac{2336*a^2*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\sin((9*c)/2 + (9*d*x)/2)*(a + a*\cos(c + d*x))^{1/2}}{(315*d)} \\ & \left. \right) / \left( 12*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 8*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2) \right. \\ & + 8*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2) + 2*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2) \\ & \left. + 2*\exp((c*9i)/2 + (d*x*9i)/2)*\cos((9*c)/2 + (9*d*x)/2) \right) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.354 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.354.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{92a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{46a^3 \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{6a^3 \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 46/21*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+6/7*a^3*sec
(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)
*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+92/21*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.354.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (29 + 93 \cos(c + dx) + 23 \cos(2(c + dx)) + 23 \cos(3(c + dx))) \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)}{21d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(29 + 93*Cos[c + d*x] + 23*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 23*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(21*d)`

### 3.354.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3251, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a)^{5/2}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{7} a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(11 \cos(c + dx)a + a)}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(11 \cos(c + dx)a + 15a)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.354.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}(11\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+15a)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3459

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}a\left(23a\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{6a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}a\left(23a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}dx+\frac{6a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3251

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}a\left(23a\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}a\left(23a\left(\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{1}{7}a\left(\frac{6a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+23a\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (a*((6*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + 23*a*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x])) + (4*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]))))/7)`

## 3.354.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3250 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3251 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(2*n + 3)*((b*c - a*d)/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[2*n + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1) * (b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.354.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\frac{2 \cot(dx + c) \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(dx + c))} \left( \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx + c) \right) (46 \cos^4(dx + c) - 23 \cos^3(dx + c) - 11 \cos^2(dx + c) - 4 \cos(dx + c) - 3) a^2}{21d}$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output `-2/21/d*cot(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(46*cos(d*x+c)^4-23*cos(d*x+c)^3-11*cos(d*x+c)^2-9*cos(d*x+c)-3)*a^2`

### 3.354.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(46a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 23a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 12a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 3a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{21(d \cos(dx + c)^4 + d \cos(dx + c)^3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $2/21*(46*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 23*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sin(d*x + c)/((d*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + d*\cos(d*x + c)^3)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})$

### 3.354.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.354.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{8 \left( \frac{21 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{56 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{63 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{36 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} + \frac{8 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^9}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^9} \right) \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{9/2} \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)^4}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^4} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $8/21*(21*\sqrt{2}*a^{5/2}*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 56*\sqrt{2}*a^{5/2}*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 63*\sqrt{2}*a^{5/2}*\sin(d*x + c)^5/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 36*\sqrt{2}*a^{5/2}*\sin(d*x + c)^7/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7 + 8*\sqrt{2}*a^{5/2}*\sin(d*x + c)^9/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^9)*(\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^{9/2}/(d*(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^{9/2}*(-\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^{9/2}*(2*\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + \sin(d*x + c)^4/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^4 + 1))$

**3.354.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.354.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{35 a^2 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{2 e^{c/2 + dx/2}}{e^{c/2 + dx/2} + 1}}}{2} + \frac{35 a^2 \sin\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{2 e^{c/2 + dx/2}}{e^{c/2 + dx/2} + 1}}}{2} + \frac{63 d \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{63 d \cos\left(\frac{3c}{2} + \frac{3dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{21 d \cos\left(\frac{5c}{2} + \frac{5dx}{2}\right)}{8} + \frac{21 d \cos\left(\frac{7c}{2} + \frac{7dx}{2}\right)}{8}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(35*a^2*sin((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2) - (35*a^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2))/2 + (23*a^2*sin((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*((2*exp(c*1i + d*x*1i))/(exp(c*2i + d*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2))/2)/((63*d*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/8 + (63*d*cos((3*c)/2 + (3*d*x)/2))/8 + (21*d*cos((5*c)/2 + (5*d*x)/2))/8 + (21*d*cos((7*c)/2 + (7*d*x)/2))/8)`

### 3.355 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

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3.355.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2728
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#### 3.355.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{86a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{22a^3 \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 22/15*a^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*a^2*sec
(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+86/15*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.355.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} (49 + 28 \cos(c + dx) + 43 \cos(2(c + dx))) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{15d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

```
output (a^2*sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*(49 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 43*Cos[2*(c + d*x)
])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(15*d)
```

**3.355.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3250}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2}{5}a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}(7 \cos(c+dx)a + 1)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}(7 \cos(c+dx)a + 11a)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5}a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + a}(7 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + 11a)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3459}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}a\left(\frac{43}{3}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{22a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3d}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}a\left(\frac{43}{3}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{22a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3d}\right)$$

↓ 3250

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{1}{5}a\left(\frac{22a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (a*((22*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (86*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]))))/5)`

### 3.355.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3241 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b
*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*
d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*
c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
&& GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] ||
(IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3250 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b^2*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(b*c + a*d)*Sq
rt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3459 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)
*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*
c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x
] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n,
-1]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.355.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\frac{2 \cot(dx + c) \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(dx + c))} \left( \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx + c) \right) (43 \cos^3(dx + c) - 29 \cos^2(dx + c) - 11 \cos(dx + c) + 1)}{15d}$$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)
```

$$3.355. \quad \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$$

output  $-2/15/d*\cot(d*x+c)*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(7/2)}*(43*\cos(d*x+c)^3-29*\cos(d*x+c)^2-11*\cos(d*x+c)-3)*a^2$

### 3.355.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(43a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 14a^2 \cos(dx + c) + 3a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{15(d \cos(dx + c)^3 + d \cos(dx + c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2/15*(43*a^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 14*a^2*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2)*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a*\sin(d*x + c)/((d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + d*\cos(d*x + c)^2)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})}$

### 3.355.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.355.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{8 \left( \frac{15 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{35 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{28 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} - \frac{8 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)^7}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^7} \right)}{15 d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `8/15*(15*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - 35*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 28*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5 - 8*sqrt(2)*a^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c)^7/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^7)/(d*(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2)*(-sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^(7/2))`**3.355.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.355.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 a^2 \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (98 \sin(c + dx) + 56 \sin(2c + 2dx) + 141 \sin(3c + 3dx) + 4 \sin(4c + 4dx))}{15 d (10 \cos(c + dx) + 8 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 5 \cos(3c + 3dx) + 2 \cos(4c + 4dx))}$$

3.355.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*a^2*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(98*sin(c + d*x) + 56*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 141*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 28*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 43*sin(5*c + 5*d*x)))/(15*d*(10*cos(c + d*x) + 8*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 5*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 2*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(5*c + 5*d*x) + 6))`

### 3.356 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.356.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2735
3.356.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2735
3.356.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2736
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3.356.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2742

#### 3.356.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{14a^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2*a^(5/2)*arc
sin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/d+14/3*a^3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.356.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \csc^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1-2 \sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{1 - 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} \left(256 \cos\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*sqrt[(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1)]*sqrt[1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*(256*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 + 512*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 7/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*(2 - 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4) + (21*sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]]*(15 - 10*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4))/sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2] - 14*sqrt[1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*(45 + 30*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 31*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 12*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6))/(672*d)`

### 3.356.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3459, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{2}{3}a \int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(3 \cos(c + dx)a + 7)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a(3\cos(c+dx)a+7a)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a(3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+7a)}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3459

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}a\left(3a\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{14a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}a\left(3a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{14a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}a\left(\frac{14a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{6a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{1}{3}a\left(\frac{6a^{3/2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`



```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin
[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + a*((6*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c
+ d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (14*a^2*sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[
c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/3
```

### 3.356.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3241 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b
*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*
d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*
c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
&& GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] ||
(IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Co
s[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && E
qQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

rule 3459 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(-b^2)*(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1) * (b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(2*d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.356.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$2 \left( \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c) \right) \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(dx + c))} \left( 3 \arctan \left( \tan(dx + c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{1 + \cos(dx + c)}} \right) (\cos^3(dx + c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{1 + \cos(dx + c)}} \right)$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `2/3/d*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*(3*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))+8*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c))*a^2`

### 3.356.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( 3 (a^2 \cos(dx + c))^2 + a^2 \cos(dx + c) \right) \sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c)} \right) - \frac{(8 a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}}{3 (d \cos(dx + c))^2 + d \cos(dx + c)}$$

---

3.356.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(3*(a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - (8*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.356.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.356.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1395 vs.  $2(116) = 232$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1395, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.11

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{6}(30(\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)) - 2(\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} * ((12a^2\cos(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c))))\sin(2dx + 2c) - 3a^2\sin(2dx + 2c) - 4(3a^2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 4a^2)\sin(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c))))\cos(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)) + (12a^2\sin(2dx + 2c)\sin(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c)))) + 3a^2\cos(2dx + 2c) - a^2 + 4(3a^2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 4a^2)\cos(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c))))\sin(\frac{3}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)))\sqrt{a} + 3((a^2\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + a^2\sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2a^2\cos(2dx + 2c) + a^2)\arctan2((\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c)))\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)) - \cos(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1))\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c))))), (\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1))\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c)))) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1))\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan2(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c)))) + 1) - (a^2\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + a^2\sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2a^2\cos(2dx + 2c) + a^2)$

### 3.356.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**3.356.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.357 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.357.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2743
3.357.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2743
3.357.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2744
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#### 3.357.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{5a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
-a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+5*a^(5/2)*arcsin
(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/d+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.357.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(7(89 + 28 \cos(c + dx)) + 3 \cos(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(7*(89 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/2, 7/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2] + 24*(3 + Cos[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 5/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + 6*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/2, 2, 5/2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^4)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)`

### 3.357.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - 2a \int -\frac{(3a - a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) a + a}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\int\frac{(3a-a\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\int\frac{(3a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 3460

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\left(\frac{5}{2}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx-\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\left(\frac{5}{2}a\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\left(\frac{5a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}-\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}+a\left(\frac{5a^{3/2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}-\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + a*((5*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d - (a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))`



## 3.357.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.357.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 16.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)\right)\left(5\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)+\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+5\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(5*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+5*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+2*sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*a^2
```

**3.357.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{5(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{(a^2 \cos(dx+c) + 2a^2) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -(5*(a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - (a^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a^2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)
```

**3.357.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.357.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 973 vs. 2(116) = 232.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 973, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.26

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/4*(2*(a^2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d
*x + c) - (a^2*cos(d*x + c) - a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(a) + 5*(a^2*arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c)
, cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2
*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*
c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) + 1) - a^2*arctan2(-(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 +
sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2
*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - cos(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin
(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(d*x + c)*cos(1/2*arct
an2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c)*sin(1/2*arctan
2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 1) - a^2*arctan2((cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arct
an2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*
d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2
*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 1) + a^2*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + si...
```

**3.357.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.357.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.358 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

3.358.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2750
3.358.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2750
3.358.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2751
3.358.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2754
3.358.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2754
3.358.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2755
3.358.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2755
3.358.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	2756
3.358.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2756

#### 3.358.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{19a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{4d} + \frac{9a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output  $9/4*a^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+19/4*a^(5/2)*\arcsin(\sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d$

#### 3.358.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(7(89 + 28$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(7*(89 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2, 7/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2] + 8*(3 + Cos[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 3/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + 2*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/2, 3/2, 2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^4*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)`

### 3.358.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}(9 \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 5a^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}(9\cos(c+dx)a^2+5a^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a}}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}(9\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+5a^2)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 3460

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{19}{2}a^2\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{9a^3\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{19}{2}a^2\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{9a^3\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9a^3\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{19a^2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{2d}+\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{19a^{5/2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + ((19*a^(5/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (9*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/4)`

## 3.358.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.358.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 16.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(2 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 11 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 19 \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right) (\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{d \cdot \left(2 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{1/2} + 11 \sin(dx+c) \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{1/2} + 19 \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{1/2}\right)\right) \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} \left(a(1+\cos(dx+c))\right)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)}{\left(1+\cos(dx+c)\right) \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}\right)^{1/2} a^2}$$
**3.358.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{19(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{(2a^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 11a^2 \cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{4(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output 
$$-\frac{1}{4} \frac{(19(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sqrt{a} \arctan(\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}) / (\sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c))) - (2a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 11a^2 \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

**3.358.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.358.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1106 vs. 2(116) = 232.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1106, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.90

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/16*(2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)
^(1/4)*((a^2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) - 10*a^2)*sin(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + (a^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2
*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - a^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 10*a^2 + (a^2*cos
(2*d*x + 2*c) - 10*a^2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
)))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 19
*(a^2*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*
d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c))))), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2
*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*c
os(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(
2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos
(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - a^2*arctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)
^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(
2*d*x + 2*c)))
*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) -
cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(1/2*arctan...
```

**3.358.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.358.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

$$3.359 \quad \int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.359.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2757  
 3.359.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2757  
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 3.359.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2763  
 3.359.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2764

**3.359.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{25a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{8d} + \frac{13a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{12d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} + \frac{25a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{8d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 13/12*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*a^2*sin
(d*x+c)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+25/8*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a
+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+25/8*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/
2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.359.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(7(89 + \dots))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(7*(89 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/2, 7/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2] - 8*(3 + Cos[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - 2*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/2, 3/2, 2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^4)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)`

### 3.359.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3242}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} (13 \cos(c + dx)a^2 + 9a^2) dx + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}(13\cos(c+dx)a^2+9a^2)dx+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}\left(13\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^2+9a^2\right)dx+\frac{a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}}\right)+$$

↓ 3460

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{75}{4}a^2\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}+\frac{13a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{75}{4}a^2\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}+\frac{13a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{75}{4}a^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{13a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{75}{4}a^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{13a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{75}{4}a^2\left(\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{13a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{3d}+\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{13a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((13*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (75*a^2*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x])))/4)/6)`

### 3.359.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.359.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 14.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$\frac{(8 \sin(dx+c) (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 34 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 75 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 75 \arctan(\tan(dx+c))) \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{24d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24/d*(8*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+34*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+75*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+75*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*a*(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2`

---

3.359. 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$



**3.359.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{75(a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{(8a^2 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 34a^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 75a^2 \cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{24(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/24*(75*(a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - (8*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 34*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 75*a^2*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`

**3.359.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.359.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1964 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1964, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.91

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(4*(a^2*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1))*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) - (a^2*cos(3*d*x + 3*c) - a^2)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*sqrt(a) + 30*(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4)*((a^2*sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 5*a^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)) - (a^2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 3*a^2*cos(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))) - 4*a^2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))), cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)))*sqrt(a) + 75*(a^2*arctan2(-(cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))^2 + 2*cos(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3...`

### 3.359.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.359.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.360** 
$$\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.360.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2765  
 3.360.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2766  
 3.360.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2766  
 3.360.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2770  
 3.360.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2770  
 3.360.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2771  
 3.360.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2771  
 3.360.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2772  
 3.360.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2772

**3.360.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{163a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{64d}$$

$$+ \frac{17a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{24d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{163a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{96d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{163a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{64d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 17/24*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+163/96*a^3*
sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a
+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+163/64*a^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+163/64*a^(5/2)*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.360.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{5/2} \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(7(89 + \dots))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(7*(89 + 28*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/2, 7/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2] - 24*(3 + Cos[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/2, 9/2, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - 6*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, 3/2, 2}, {1, 9/2}, 2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]^4)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(420*d)`

**3.360.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3242, 27, 3042, 3460, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3249, 3042, 3253, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \left(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a\right)^{5/2} dx \end{aligned}$$

---

3.360.  $\int \frac{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

↓ 3242

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{1}{2}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}(17\cos(c+dx)a^2+13a^2)dx+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\int\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}(17\cos(c+dx)a^2+13a^2)dx+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a}(17\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^2+13a^2)dx+\frac{a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3460

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\int\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}+\frac{17a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}+\frac{17a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+adx}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+adx}+\frac{a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{a^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3249

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)+\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.360.  $\int \frac{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{163}{6}a^2\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)\right)+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d}+\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{17a^3\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((17*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (163*a^2*((a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (3*((Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))))/4)/6)/8)`

### 3.360.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3249 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*n + 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[2*n*((b*c + a*d)/(b*(2*n + 1))) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3460 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*B*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(2*n + 3)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[(A*b*d*(2*n + 3) - B*(b*c - 2*a*d*(n + 1)))/(b*d*(2*n + 3)) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.360.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 13.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 48 \sin(dx+c) (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 184 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 326 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right)}{192d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{192d} \frac{(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{5/2}}{(1+\cos(dx+c))^{3/2} \sec(dx+c)^{3/2} (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}} \left( 48 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)^2 (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} + 184 \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} + 326 \sin(dx+c) (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} + 489 \tan(dx+c) (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} + 489 \sec(dx+c) \arctan(\tan(dx+c) (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}) \right) a^2$$

**3.360.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{489 (a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{(48 a^2 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 184 a^2 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 326 a^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 489 a^2 \cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{192 (d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1}{192} \frac{(489 (a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sqrt{a} \arctan(\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}) - (48 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 184 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 326 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 489 a^2 \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{(d \cos(dx + c) + d)}$$

**3.360.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.360.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7450 vs. 2(184) = 368.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7450, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.86

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/768*(10*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) + 1)^(3/4)*((3*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + (a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))^2 + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + (a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 3*(2*a^2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) * sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 2*(a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))) * cos(3/4*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) + 12*(a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^3 + (a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))) + (8*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 8*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 3*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 32*(a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c)))^2 + 32*(a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + a^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))^2 + 2*(16*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*a^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 - 19*a^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*a^2)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + ...
```

**3.360.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.360.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.361**      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.361.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2774  
 3.361.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2774  
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**3.361.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{26\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{15d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -2/15*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+26/15*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.361.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1540, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output

```
(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^7/2*(4725*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 48825*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 210105*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 486630*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 655812*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 710*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 40*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 9/2}, {1, 1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 518760*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 1770*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 226656*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 1500*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 42048*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 440*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 4725*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 56700*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] + 291060*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 833760*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2...
```

**3.361.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.361.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{1-4\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{1-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( -\frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{13-2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{13-2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) \right) + \dots \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{13-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \right) \right) + \dots
\end{aligned}$$


---

3.361.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(2\int-\frac{15}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx+\frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}-15\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}-15\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx)+1}}dx\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3260

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{15\sqrt{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}+\frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{26\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}-\frac{15\sqrt{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}\right)\right)\right)-\frac{1}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-15*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d + (26*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]))/3/5)`

## 3.361.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3258 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.361.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$\frac{(\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx+c))\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)}\left(15(\cos^4(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+15(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)+15(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))}{30d(1+\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/30/d*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*(15*cos(d*x+c)^4*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+15*cos(d*x+c)^3*2^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+26*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^3-2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+6*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)`**3.361.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^3 + \sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) + \frac{2(13\cos(dx+c)^2 - \cos(dx+c) + 3)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{15(d\cos(dx+c)^3 + d\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/15*(15*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^3 + sqrt(2)*cos(d*x+c)^2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))/sin(d*x+c)) + 2*(13*cos(d*x+c)^2 - cos(d*x+c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)+1)*sin(d*x+c)/sqrt(cos(d*x+c)))/(d*cos(d*x+c)^3 + d*cos(d*x+c)^2)`

**3.361.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.361.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 989, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/15*(15*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)) - 26*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 24*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - 24*(cos(d*x + c) - ...
```

### 3.361.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

**3.361.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

**3.362**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.362.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2782  
 3.362.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2782  
 3.362.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2783  
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 3.362.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2786  
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 3.362.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2787  
 3.362.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2788  
 3.362.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2789

**3.362.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2/3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.362.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.  
 Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = 2 \cot\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{7/2} \left(12 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_3F_2\left(2, 2, \frac{7}{2}; 1, \frac{9}{2}; \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{-1+2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)\right)$$

---

3.362.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^(7/2)*(12*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 9/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 12*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 7/2, 9/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*(4 - 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4) + 7*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(15 - 20*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 8*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4)*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)])*(3 - 6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-3 + 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)))/(63*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.362.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.362.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}-\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{1-2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}-\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{1-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(-2\int-\frac{3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx-\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx-\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)+\dots$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx-\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3260

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}-\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}-\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)\right)+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

---

3.362.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^
(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((3*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c
+ d*x])])/d - (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x
]]))/3)
```

### 3.362.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3258 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.
) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])
^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*
b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c
*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3260 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 -
x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d,
e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]
```



```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.362.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)}\left(3\left(\cos^3(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{2}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+3\left(\cos^2(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{6d(1+\cos(dx+c))}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6/d*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*(3*cos(d*x+c)
)^3*2^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2
)+3*cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d
*x+c))*2^(1/2)+2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)
```

### 3.362.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3\left(\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)^2+\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\right)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)+\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{3\left(d\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+d\cos(dx+c)}$$

---

3.362.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c))*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)) + 2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.362.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.362.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 801, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.79

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)) - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(3/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + ...`

### 3.362.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

**3.362.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

**3.363**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.363.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2790
3.363.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2791
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3.363.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2795

**3.363.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.363.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(c+dx)(2+\cos(c+dx)) \csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(1-\cos\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

---

3.363.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]*((Cos[c + d*x]*(2 + Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(1 - Cos[c + d*x] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]]))/2 - (Hypergeometric2F1[2, 5/2, 7/2, -(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/10))/(d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.363.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3258, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.363.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3260

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}\right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-((Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.363.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

---

3.363.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$





output  $((\sqrt{2}\cos(dx + c) + \sqrt{2})\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1})\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/\sin(dx + c) + 2\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1}\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(d\cos(dx + c) + d)$

### 3.363.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)`

### 3.363.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.90

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)\right) \sin(dx + c) - 2(\cos(dx + c) - 1) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(2dx + 2c), \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)\right)$$

= \_\_\_\_\_

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $(2*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*\sin(d*x + c) - 2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(\sin(2*d*x + 2*c), \cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - \sqrt{2}*(\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\arctan2(((\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^4 + \cos(d*x + c)^4 + \sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\sin(1/2*\arctan2(2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2, (\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 + \cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2)) + \sin(d*x + c))/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1), ((\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^4 + \cos(d*x + c)^4 + \sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*\cos(1/2*\arctan2(2*(\cos(d*x + c) - 1)*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2, (\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2 + \cos(d*x + c)^2 - \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)^2)) + \cos(d*x + c) - 1)/\text{abs}(e^{(I*d*x + I*c)} + 1)))/((\cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*\cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^{(1/4)}*d)$

### 3.363.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

### 3.363.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2),x)`

---

3.363.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

---

3.363.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.364**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.364.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2798  
 3.364.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2799  
 3.364.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2800  
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 3.364.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2800  
 3.364.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2801  
 3.364.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2801

**3.364.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output `arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.364.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/d`

**3.364.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3260} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}} d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d`

---

3.364.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.364.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

## 3.364.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c))}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	77

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)`

**3.364.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-sqrt(2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.364.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)`**3.364.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{(|e^{i dx+i c}+1|^4+\cos(dx+c)^4+\sin(dx+c)^4+2(\cos(dx+c)^2-\sin(dx+c)^2-2\cos(dx+c)+1)|e^{i dx+i c}+1|^2-4\cos(dx+c)^3+2(\dots))}{\dots}}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + cos(d*x + c) - 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))/d`

### 3.364.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1), x)`

### 3.364.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

---

3.364.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.365**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.365.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

```
output 2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)/d-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.365.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i\sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(e^{i(c+dx)}\right)+\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(I*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(-ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.365.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3256, 3042, 3253, 223, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3256} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx-\frac{2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}-\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3260

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}+\frac{2\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}\right)$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((-((Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])))/d) + (2*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]])/d)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]`

## 3.365.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3256 `Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

## 3.365.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)} \left( \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2+2\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)} \right) \sqrt{2}}{2d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	108

---

3.365.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

input `int(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1/2/d*(2+2*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}*(\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*2^{1/2}+2*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}))/((1+\cos(d*x+c))/\sec(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*2^{1/2}}$

### 3.365.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(\sqrt{2}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)+1}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/\sin(d*x+c)) - 2*\arctan(\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)+1}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/\sin(d*x+c))/d$

### 3.365.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(cos(c+d*x)+1)*sqrt(sec(c+d*x))), x)`

**3.365.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{(|2e^{(i dx + i c)} + 2|^4 + 16 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 16 \sin(dx + c)^4 + 8 (\cos(dx + c)^2 - \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) |2e^{(i dx + i c)} + 2|^2 - 64 \cos(dx + c))}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(sqrt(2)*arctan2(((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 16*
sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*
abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*
cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c) + 1
6)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x
+ I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sin(d*
x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2)) + 2*sin(d*x
+ c))/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2), ((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(
d*x + c)^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*co
s(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos
(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*
cos(d*x + c) + 16)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)
/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x +
c)^2 - 4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^
2)) + 2*cos(d*x + c) - 2)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)) - arctan2((cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arc
tan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x + c), (cos(2*d*x +
2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arcta
n2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c)))/d
```

**3.365.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1}\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.365.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int(1/((cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.366**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.366.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+arcsin(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.366.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{ie^{-2i(c+dx)}(1+e^{i(c+dx)})\left(1-e^{i(c+dx)}+e^{2i(c+dx)}-e^{3i(c+dx)}+e^{i(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)})\right)+2\sqrt{2}}{4d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

3.366.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `((I/4)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)) + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)) + E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcSin h[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 2*Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] *ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) - E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(d*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.366.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3260, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1} \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3257} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.366.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1-\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)$$

↓ 3461

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}dx-\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx\right)+\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx-\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx\right)\right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx+\frac{2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}}dx-\frac{2\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)+$$

↓ 3260

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sin^2(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)+1)^2}}}d\left(-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}-\frac{2\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)+\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right)}{d}-\frac{2\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}\right)}{d}\right)\right)+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*Sqrt[2]*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/d - (2*ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])/d)/2 + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.366.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3260 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.366.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\left(\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\sqrt{2}-\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\right)\sqrt{2+2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2}}{2d\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	133

input `int(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)-sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2))*(2+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)`

---

3.366.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.366.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2} \cos(dx + c) + \sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (\cos(dx + c) + 1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)+1}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{d \cos(dx + c) + d}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-((sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)) - (cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c) + d)`**3.366.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(sqrt(cos(c + d*x) + 1)*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`**3.366.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c) + 1} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.366.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.366.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/((cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((cos(c + d*x) + 1)^(1/2)*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.367**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.367.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2817  
 3.367.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2817  
 3.367.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2821  
 3.367.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2822  
 3.367.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2822  
 3.367.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2822  
 3.367.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2823  
 3.367.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2824

**3.367.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

$$+ \frac{26 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -2/15*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+26/15*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.367.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1542, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.16

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output

```
(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^7/2*(4725*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 48825*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 210105*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 486630*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 655812*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 710*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 40*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 9/2}, {1, 1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 518760*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 1770*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 226656*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 1500*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 42048*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 440*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 9/2, 11/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 4725*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 56700*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] + 291060*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)] - 833760*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2...
```

**3.367.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.367.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{13a^2-2a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{13a^2-2a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.367.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{13a^2 - 2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx}{5a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3463 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{15a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx}{5a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{26a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{26a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3261 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{30a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) a} dx}{5a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

---

3.367.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{26a^2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-15*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (26*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(5*a)`

### 3.367.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3258 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

---

3.367.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.367.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\left(15\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^4(dx+c))+15(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{15d(1+\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15/d*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*(15*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^4+15*cos(d*x+c)^3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))+13*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a`

---

3.367.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.367.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)^3+a\cos(dx+c)^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(13\cos(dx+c)^2-\cos(dx+c)+3)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}}{15(ad\cos(dx+c)^3+ad\cos(dx+c)^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(15*sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(13*cos(d*x + c)^2 - cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.367.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.367.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1006, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))) - 26*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 *sin(d*x + c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + sin(d*x + c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + 24*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*si...`

### 3.367.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.367.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.368**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.368.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2825  
 3.368.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2825  
 3.368.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2826  
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 3.368.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2830  
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 3.368.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2831  
 3.368.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2832

**3.368.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)-2/3*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.368.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

---

3.368.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



Time = 6.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$2 \cot\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{7/2} \left(12 \cos^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_3F_2\left(2, 2, \frac{7}{2}; 1, \frac{9}{2}; \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{-1+2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^(7/2)*(12*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 9/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 12*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 7/2, 9/2, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*(4 - 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 3*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4) + 7*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(15 - 20*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 8*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4)*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)])*(3 - 6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-3 + 7*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)))/(63*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.368.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3258, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

---

3.368.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-2a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3463} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2\int \frac{3a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - 3a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.368.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{6a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{d} \right) \frac{1}{3a}$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{3a} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))`

### 3.368.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3258 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.368.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\left(3(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+\sqrt{2}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+3\right)}{3d(1+\cos(dx+c))a}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.368. \quad \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output  $-1/3/d*\sec(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))*(3*\cos(d*x+c)^3*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+3*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}/a$

### 3.368.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)^2+a\cos(dx+c))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) + 2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}{3(ad\cos(dx+c))^2 + ad\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/3*(3*\sqrt{2}*(a*\cos(d*x+c)^2+a*\cos(d*x+c))*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/\sqrt{a}+2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(\cos(d*x+c)-1)*\sin(d*x+c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(a*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2+a*d*\cos(d*x+c))$

### 3.368.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

**3.368.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 818, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.42

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + sqrt(2))*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))) - 2*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(3/4)*(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - (cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))) - 4*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*(cos(3/2*arctan...`

**3.368.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

---

3.368.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.368.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.369** 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.369.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2833  
 3.369.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2833  
 3.369.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2834  
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 3.369.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2838  
 3.369.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2839

**3.369.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.369.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(c+dx)(2+\cos(c+dx)) \csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(1-\cos\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

---

3.369. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]*((Cos[c + d*x]*(2 + Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(1 - Cos[c + d*x] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]]))/2 - (Hypergeometric2F1[2, 5/2, 7/2, -(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/10))/(d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.369.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3258, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3258} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.369.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}dx\right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2a\int\frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}\right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(Sqrt[a]*d)) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.369.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.369.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
rule 3258 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[1/(2*b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*(Simp[a*d - 2*b*c*(n + 1) + b*d*(2*n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.369.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)\right)\left(\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+\sqrt{2}\sin(dx+c)+\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))a}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*cos(d*x+c)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)/a
```

---

3.369.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.369.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

$$= \frac{ad\cos(dx+c)+ad}{ad\cos(dx+c)+ad}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`**3.369.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`**3.369.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(2dx+2c)}{\cos(2dx+2c)+1}\right)\right)\sin(dx+c) - 2(\cos(dx+c)-1)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(2dx+2c)}{\cos(2dx+2c)+1}\right)\right)}{ad\cos(dx+c)+ad}$$

---

3.369.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - sqrt(2)*(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*arctan2(((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sin(d*x + c))/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1), ((abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^4 + cos(d*x + c)^4 + sin(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(2*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2, (abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2 + cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1)^2)) + sqrt(a)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*abs(e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 1))))/((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*d)`

### 3.369.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.369.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.370** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.370.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2840  
 3.370.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2840  
 3.370.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2841  
 3.370.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2842  
 3.370.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2843  
 3.370.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2843  
 3.370.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2844  
 3.370.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2844  
 3.370.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2845

**3.370.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)`

**3.370.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

---

3.370. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.370.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}+2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

---

3.370.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



## 3.370.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^m*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

## 3.370.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))(\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2}}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} a}$	83

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a`

**3.370.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a}}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-3\cos(dx+c)^2-2\cos(dx+c)+1}{\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{2d}, \right.$$

$$\left. -\frac{\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/a)*log(-(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(-1/a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)/(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1))/d, -sqrt(2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a)*d)]`**3.370.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`



**3.370.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.371**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.371.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2846  
 3.371.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2846  
 3.371.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2847  
 3.371.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2850  
 3.371.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2850  
 3.371.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2850  
 3.371.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2851  
 3.371.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2852  
 3.371.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2852

**3.371.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

```
output 2*arctan(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)
```

**3.371.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

---

3.371.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(I*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(-ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(-1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/(d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.371.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3256, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3256} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{ad} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((2*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[a]*d) - (Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(Sqrt[a]*d))*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

## 3.371.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3256 `Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.371.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right) + \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \right) \sqrt{2}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} a}$	108

input `int(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))+arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))/(1+cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a`**3.371.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{ad}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))))/(a*d)`**3.371.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a(\cos(c+dx)+1)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`

---

3.371.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.371.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.65

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{(|2 e^{(i dx+i c)}+2|^4+16 \cos(dx+c)^4+16 \sin(dx+c)^4+8(\cos(dx+c)^2-\sin(dx+c)^2-2 \cos(dx+c)+1)|2 e^{(i dx+i c)}+2|^2-6}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*arctan2(((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 + 16*cos(d*x + c)
^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x +
c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*(cos(d*x + c)
)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 64*cos(d*x
+ c) + 16)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c)/abs(2*e
^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 -
4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2)) + 2*
sin(d*x + c))/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2), ((abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^4 +
16*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 16*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - sin(d*x + c)^
2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c)^3 +
32*(cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 96*cos(d*x + c)
^2 - 64*cos(d*x + c) + 16)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(8*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(
d*x + c)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2, (abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)^2 + 4*c
os(d*x + c)^2 - 4*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 8*cos(d*x + c) + 4)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*
c) + 2)^2)) + 2*cos(d*x + c) - 2)/abs(2*e^(I*d*x + I*c) + 2)) - sqrt(a)*ar
ctan2((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(
1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + sin(d*x +
c), (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/
4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) + cos(d*x + c)
))/a*d)
```

**3.371.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.371.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.372** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.372.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2853  
 3.372.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2854  
 3.372.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2854  
 3.372.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2858  
 3.372.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2858  
 3.372.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2859  
 3.372.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2859  
 3.372.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2859  
 3.372.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2860

**3.372.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)+arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/a^(1/2)
```

**3.372.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{ie^{-2i(c+dx)}(1 + e^{i(c+dx)}) \left(1 - e^{i(c+dx)} + e^{2i(c+dx)} - e^{3i(c+dx)} + e^{i(c+dx)}\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + 2\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)}{4d\sqrt{a(1 - \cos(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `((I/4)*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)) + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)) + E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcSin h[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 2*Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))] *ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) - E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(d*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

**3.372.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3257, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx$$

---

3.372.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3257} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int -\frac{a-a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a-a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3461} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3253} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.372.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 223 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{4a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{2a} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((( -2*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/(2*a) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.372.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3257 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*d*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(2*n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] - Simp[1/(b*(2*n - 1)) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*c*d - b*(2*d^2*(n - 1) + c^2*(2*n - 1)) + d*(a*d - b*c*(4*n - 3))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3461 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.372.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 13.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)+2\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\sqrt{2}}{2d\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a}$

input `int(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2)+2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a`**3.372.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(\cos(dx+c)+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{2}(a\cos(dx+c)+a)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{ad\cos(dx+c)+ad} + \sqrt{a}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(sqrt(a)*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a) + sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.372.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.372.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.372.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.372.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.373**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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 3.373.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2861  
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**3.373.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{11 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{19\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{7 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{6ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+7/6*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+11/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)-19/6*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.373.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cot^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2 \sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{7/2} \left(-80 \cos^6\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

3.373.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^((7/2))*(-80*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 + 120*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10*(-5 + 4*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + 21*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-392 + 2347*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 5391*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 5972*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 3232*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 696*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-5880 + 37165*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 89856*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 103992*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 58336*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 12960*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10))))/(945*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

### 3.373.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

---

3.373.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{3463} \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\int \frac{19a^2-14a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{14a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{19a^2-14a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a\sin(c+dx)}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{19a^2-14a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

---

3.373.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{33a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{4a^2} - \frac{2}{2} \right)$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 33a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{2}{2} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 33a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{2}{2} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{66a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{d}}{3a}}{4a^2} + \frac{2}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{14a \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{38a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{33\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{2}{2} \right)$$

↓ 218

---

3.373.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/2*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((14*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-33*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (38*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a)/(4*a^2))`

### 3.373.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.373.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\left(33\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^4(dx+c))+19\sqrt{2}(\cos^3(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)\right)}{1}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/12/d*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2*(33*(co
s(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^4+
19*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+66*cos(d*x+c)^3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+
c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+12*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c
)+33*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(
d*x+c))-4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2
```

---

3.373. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.373.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{33\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 2\cos(dx + c)^2 + \cos(dx + c))\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}}}{12(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2 + a^2d\cos(dx+c))}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(33*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(19*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*cos(d*x + c) - 4)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*d*cos(d*x + c))`**3.373.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.373.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.373.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$

**3.373.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.373.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.374**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.374.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2869  
 3.374.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2869  
 3.374.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2870  
 3.374.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2873  
 3.374.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2874  
 3.374.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2874  
 3.374.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2874  
 3.374.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2875  
 3.374.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2875

**3.374.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-7/4*arctan(1/2*
sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x
+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)+5/2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/
2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.374.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{35}{2} \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(78 + 108 \cos(c+dx) + 80 \cos(2(c+dx))\right)}{\dots}$$

---

3.374.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((-35*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(78 + 108*Cos[c + d*x] + 80*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] - 204*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] - 62*Cos[4*(c + d*x)] + 12*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(64 + 55*Cos[c + d*x] + 64*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 17*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/2 - 768*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 5/2}, {1, 9/2}, -(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^3)/(3360*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

### 3.374.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{5a - 2a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a + a}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.374.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{5a-2a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{4a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{5a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}dx}{4a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\int-\frac{7a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{4a^2}+\frac{10a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{10a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{7a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{4a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{10a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{7a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}dx}{4a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{14a^2\int\frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2}+\frac{10a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 218

---

3.374.  $\int\frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{10a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/2*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((-7*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (10*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a^2)`

### 3.374.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.374.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(7\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)) \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+5\sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)\sqrt{2+14\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*(7*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+5*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)+14*cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+4*2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)+7*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2*2^(1/2)/a^2`

---

3.374. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$



**3.374.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{7\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{4(a^2d\cos(dx+c))^2 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c) + a^2d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(7*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(5*cos(d*x + c) + 4)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`**3.374.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`**3.374.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.374.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$

**3.374.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.374.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.375** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.375.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2876  
 3.375.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2876  
 3.375.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2877  
 3.375.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2879  
 3.375.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2880  
 3.375.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2880  
 3.375.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2880  
 3.375.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2881  
 3.375.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2881

**3.375.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `-1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.375.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(2 + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)} \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{2 - 2 \sec(c+dx)}\right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{4ad\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

3.375. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output  $-1/4*((2 + 3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)])*\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sqrt}[2 - 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]]$

### 3.375.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4710 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3245 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{\frac{3a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))`

### 3.375.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.375.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+3\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)+3\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a^2}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4/d*(sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*arcsin(cot(
d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+3*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d
*x+c)))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2
```

---

3.375.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.375.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) + 2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{4(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(3*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`**3.375.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a(\cos(c+dx)+1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`**3.375.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.375.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.375.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.375.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(3/2), x)`



**3.376**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.376.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.376.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right)\right)}{2ad\sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]
```

```
output (Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]
*(ArcSin[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]
+ 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(2*a*d*Sqrt[
a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])
```

### 3.376.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3243} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{\frac{a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}dx}{4a}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{\int\frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}d}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*d) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))`

### 3.376.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3243 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*
((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c
*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c
, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.376.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)+\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}\sqrt{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^2\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a^2}}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^2\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}a^2}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4/d*(-sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+arcsin(cot(d
*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+
c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^2
```

**3.376.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{4(a^2 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 a^2 d \cos(dx + c) + a^2 d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`**3.376.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a (\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(3/2)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`**3.376.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.376.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.376.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.377**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.377.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^{3/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d-5/4*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.377.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{ie^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(4e^{i(c+dx)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + 5\sqrt{2}e^{i(c+dx)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right) - 4e^{i(c+dx)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{3/2}}$$

3.377.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(4*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + 5*Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])]) - 4*E^(I*(c + d*x))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]) - I*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])]`

### 3.377.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\int \frac{a-4a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3461} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3253} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3261}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.377.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{10a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} \right)$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*((-8*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/d + (5*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a^2 - (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))`

### 3.377.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.377.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( \tan(dx+c)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 4\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) - 5 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) - 4 \sec(dx+c) \right)}{4d(1+\cos(dx+c))^2 \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/4/d*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^2/\sec(d*x+c)^{3/2}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*(\tan(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2})-4*2^{1/2}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2})-5*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-4*\sec(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2})-5*\sec(d*x+c)*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*2^{1/2}/a^2$$
**3.377.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{4d(a^2d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2d\cos(dx+c) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output 
$$1/4*(5*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c))) - 8*(\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c)) - 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^2*d)$$

**3.377.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.377.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.377.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.377.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.378**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.378.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2896  
 3.378.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2897  
 3.378.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2897  
 3.378.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2902  
 3.378.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2903  
 3.378.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2903  
 3.378.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2903  
 3.378.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2904  
 3.378.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2904

**3.378.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^{3/2} d}$$

$$+ \frac{9 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+3/2*sin(d*x+c)/a
/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-3*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+
a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d+9/4*arcta
n(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.378.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(3i\sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right)}{(2a \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(((3*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(2*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]] + 3*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])]) - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])/E^((I/2)*(c + d*x)) + Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 2*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + Sin[(5*(c + d*x))/2]))/(2*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

**3.378.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3462, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.378.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3462} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\left(\frac{\int \frac{a^2-2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\left(-\frac{\int \frac{a^2-2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{a} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.378.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{a^2 - 2a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)$$

↓ 3461

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) a + a}} dx - 2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx) a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx - 2a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx + \frac{4a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx) a + a}}} d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx) a + a}} \right)}{d}}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \right)$$

↓ 223

---

3.378.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a} dx - \frac{4a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}\cos(c+dx)+a}\right)}{d} \right)}{a} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a}\cos(c+dx)} \right)}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{6a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{4a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}\cos(c+dx)+a}\right)}{d} \right)}{a} \right)}{4a^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a}\cos(c+dx)+a}\right)}{d} - \frac{4a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}\cos(c+dx)+a}\right)}{d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a}\cos(c+dx)} \right)}{4a^2}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/2*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (3*(-((( -4*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])/d + (3*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/a) - (2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2))`

## 3.378.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m +
n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*S
in[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m
+ n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.378.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$\frac{(2\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 6\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c) - 6\sqrt{2}}{4d \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} (1+\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos
(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+3*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-6*2
^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)-6*2
^(1/2)*arctan(tan(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))-9*arcsin(cot(d
*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)-9*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+cos(d*
x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^2/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^
2
```

---

3.378.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.378.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{9\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 12(\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{4(a^2d\cos(dx + c)^2 + 2a^2d\cos(dx + c) + a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(9*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 12*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^2*d)`**3.378.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.378.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

---

3.378.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.378.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.378.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.379**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.379.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2905  
 3.379.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2906  
 3.379.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2906  
 3.379.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2912  
 3.379.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2912  
 3.379.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2913  
 3.379.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2913  
 3.379.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2913  
 3.379.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2914

**3.379.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{163 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{299\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{48a^2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{17 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{95 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{48a^2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-17/16*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+95/48*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+163/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)-299/48*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.379.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx =$$

$$\cot^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(640 \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) {}_5F_4\left(2, 2, 2, 2, \frac{7}{2}; 1, \dots\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output

```
-1/41580*(Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*((1
- 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^(7/2)*(640*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*Hypergeomet
ricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 1, 13/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Si
n[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 - 1280*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Hyper
geometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 13/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Si
n[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12*(-6 + 5*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) +
33*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c
/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-105*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2
+ (d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(-10935 + 72902*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 -
188110*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 234156*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 140732*Sin[c/2
+ (d*x)/2]^8 + 33208*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(
-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-1148175 + 10333785*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 -
38990350*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 79946462*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 96281836*S
in[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 68243596*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 26448512*Sin[c/2 +
(d*x)/2]^12 + 4344400*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14))))/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(
5/2))
```

**3.379.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$3.379. \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{11a-6a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{95a^2-68a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.379.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{95a^2 - 68a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{95a^2 - 68a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{299a^3 - 190a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{299a^3 - 190a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{299a^3 - 190a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

---

3.379.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3463} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{489a^4}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{8a^2} - \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{27} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{489a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{489a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{3a}}{4a^2} - \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3261} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{978a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{218} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \end{array}$$

---

3.379.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{190a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{598a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{489\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{3a}}{4a^2} \right) \frac{1}{8a^2}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-17*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((190*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-489*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (598*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])/(3*a))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2))`

### 3.379.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

---

3.379.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



**3.379.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.379.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`**3.379.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`



**3.379.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.380**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.380.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2915  
 3.380.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2916  
 3.380.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2916  
 3.380.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2921  
 3.380.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2921  
 3.380.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2922  
 3.380.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2922  
 3.380.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2922  
 3.380.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2923

**3.380.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{75 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{13\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{49\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{16a^2d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/4*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-13/16*sin(d*x+c)
*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-75/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a
^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*s
ec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)+49/16*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d/
(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.380.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cos^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{8 \cos^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(2*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^3/2*((8*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 5/2}, {1, 1, 11/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)/(315*(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)) + (Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^2*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(-343 + 1465*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 2021*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 824*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-5145 + 33980*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 87764*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 109737*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 66122*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 15344*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10))/120))/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))
```

**3.380.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.380.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{9a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{9a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{9a-4a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^2-26a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{13a\sin(c+dx)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.380.  $\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^2 - 26a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^2 - 26a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{75a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 75a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 75a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3261

---

3.380.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{150a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \frac{4a^2}{8a^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{98a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{75\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} - \frac{13a\sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \frac{4a^2}{8a^2}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-13*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((-75*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (98*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2)`

### 3.380.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3463 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.380.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{(75(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))+49\sqrt{2}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+225\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)))^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(a+\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/32/d*(75*\cos(d*x+c)^3*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+49*2^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+225*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+85*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}+225*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+32*2^{1/2}*\sin(d*x+c)+75*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c)))*\sec(d*x+c)^{3/2}*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^{3/2}/a^3}{(a+\cos(d*x+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

**3.380.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{75\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3+3\cos(dx+c)^2+3\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}{a+\cos(dx+c)}\right)+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2+3a^3d\cos(dx+c)+a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1/32*(75*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^3+3*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*\cos(d*x+c)+1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c))+2*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*(49*\cos(d*x+c)^2+85*\cos(d*x+c)+32)*\sin(d*x+c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3+3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x+c)+a^3*d)}{(a+a*\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$



**3.380.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.380.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`**3.380.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.380.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.381**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.381.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2924  
 3.381.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2924  
 3.381.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2925  
 3.381.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2928  
 3.381.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2929  
 3.381.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2929  
 3.381.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2929  
 3.381.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2930  
 3.381.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2930

**3.381.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{9 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `-1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-9/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+19/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.381.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(76 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) - \cos(c+dx)(13+9 \cos(c+dx))\right) \sqrt{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}}{64\sqrt{2}a^2d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

```
output ((76*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]] - Cos[c + d*x]*(13
+ 9*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[Sec[c
+ d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(64*Sqrt[2]*a^2*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[1
- Sec[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.381.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{7a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{7a-2a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{19a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{19}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3261} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{19a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{19 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

---

3.381.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*
x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((19*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(S
qrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*d
) - (9*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
)/(8*a^2))
```

### 3.381.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3245 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^
m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(
a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e +
f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x]
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (Intege
rsQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.381.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(9\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 19 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) (\cos^2(dx+c)) + 13 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 38 a\right)}{32d(1+\cos(dx+c))^3 \sqrt{\dots}}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/32/d*(9*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
+19*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2+13*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(
d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+38*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+1
9*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^3/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^3
```

---

3.381.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.381.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{19\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{\sin(dx+c)}}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/32*(19*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1) *sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(9*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 13*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`**3.381.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.381.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

---

3.381.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



**3.381.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.381.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.382** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.382.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2931  
 3.382.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2931  
 3.382.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2932  
 3.382.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2935  
 3.382.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2936  
 3.382.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2936  
 3.382.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2936  
 3.382.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2937  
 3.382.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2937

**3.382.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/16*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+5/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)`

**3.382.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{-5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right) \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{32a^2d\sqrt{a(1+}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(-5*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]]*\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[2 - 2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]] + 48*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]^3*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4 - 2*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]^3)/(32*a^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.382.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3243

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}}dx}{8a^2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3457

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{5a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{8a^2}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\frac{5}{4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{8a^2}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\frac{5}{4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}dx}{8a^2}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{5a\int\frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}+2a^2}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{8a^2}}{2d}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\frac{5\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}}+\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[
2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*d) +
(a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a
^2))
```

### 3.382.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3243 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*
((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int
[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c
*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c
, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.382.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 5 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 5 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) (\cos^2(dx+c)) - 10 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))) \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{32d(1+\cos(dx+c))^3}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/32/d*(2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+5*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-5*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-10*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)-5*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^3`

**3.382.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}}}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/32*(5*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`**3.382.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.382.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

---

3.382.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.382.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.382.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`



**3.383**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.383.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2938  
 3.383.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2938  
 3.383.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2939  
 3.383.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2942  
 3.383.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2943  
 3.383.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2943  
 3.383.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2943  
 3.383.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2944  
 3.383.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2944

**3.383.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{7 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+7/16*sin(d*x+c)/
a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/32*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.383.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(1+\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c +
d*x]]*(6*ArcSin[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/
2]^2*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]] - Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(Sin[(
c + d*x)/2] - 7*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/(32*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2)
)
```

### 3.383.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3244

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-6a \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-6a \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.383.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{a-6a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}}dx}{8a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3457

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int-\frac{3a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{8a^2}-\frac{7a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\frac{3}{4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}dx}{8a^2}-\frac{7a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\frac{3}{4}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}dx}{8a^2}-\frac{7a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\frac{3a\int\frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}+2a^2}d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{8a^2}-\frac{7a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

↓ 218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}}}{8a^2}-\frac{7a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output  $\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{5/2}) - ((-3*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d) - (7*a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((2*d*(a + a*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{3/2}))/((8*a^2))$

### 3.383.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3244  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{n-1}/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{m+1}*(c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{n-2} * \text{Simp}[b*(c^2*(m+1) + d^2*(n-1)) + a*c*d*(m-n+1) + d*(a*d*(m-n+1) + b*c*(m+n))*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 3261  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)])*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(a/f) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.383.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 7 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 3 \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 3 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) - 6 a \right)}{32d(1+\cos(dx+c))^3 \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} a^3}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/32/d*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(cos(d*x
+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(7*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
)^(1/2)+3*tan(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-3*arcsin(co
t(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)-6*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-3*sec(d*x+
c)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)))*2^(1/2)/a^3
```

---

3.383.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.383.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}}{32(a^3d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3a^3d\cos(dx+c) + a^3d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/32*(3*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*(7*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)`**3.383.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.383.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

---

3.383.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.383.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.383.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.384**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.384.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^{5/2} d} - \frac{43 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16\sqrt{2} a^{5/2} d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} - \frac{11 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-11/16*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(
a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d-43/32*a
rctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/
2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```



**3.384.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{16} i e^{-2i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} (-43(1 + e^{i(c+dx)})^4 \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `((I/16)*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*(-43*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^4*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + Sqrt[2]*(-15 - 7*E^(I*(c + d*x)) - 8*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 8*E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)) + 7*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)) + 15*E^((5*I)*(c + d*x)) + 16*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^4*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - (16*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5)/(4*d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

**3.384.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{5/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3244} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-8a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-8a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-8a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{11a^2-32a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{11a^2-32a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{11a^2-32a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3461}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.384.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 32a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{64a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{4a^2}}{8a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{43a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{64a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{86a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{64a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{11a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 218

---

3.384.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\frac{43\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{64a^{3/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d}}{4a^2} + \frac{11a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - (((-64*a^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (43*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/(4*a^2) + (11*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2)`

**3.384.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3244  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \sin(e) + f x)^m)^n, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b c - a d) \cos(e + f x) (a + b \sin(e + f x))^m (c + d \sin(e + f x))^{n-1} / (a f (2m + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a b (2m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + f x))^{n-2} \text{Simp}[b(c^2(m+1) + d^2(n-1)) + a c d(m-n+1) + d(a d(m-n+1) + b c(m+n)) \sin(e + f x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2m, 2n] \parallel (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c, 0]))]$

rule 3253  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{a + (b \sin(e) + f x)} / \sqrt{d \sin(e) + f x}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{1 - x^2/a}], x], x, b(\cos(e + f x) / \sqrt{a + b \sin(e + f x)})], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d, a/b]$

rule 3261  $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{a + (b \sin(e) + f x)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + f x)}), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2(a/f) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2b^2 - (ac - bd)x^2), x], x, b(\cos(e + f x) / (\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + f x)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + f x)}))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

rule 3456  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \sin(e) + f x)^m)^n (A + (B \sin(e) + f x)^m)^n, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A b - a B) \cos(e + f x) (a + b \sin(e + f x))^m (c + d \sin(e + f x))^n / (a f (2m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (a b (2m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \sin(e + f x))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + f x))^{n-1} \text{Simp}[A(a d n - b c(m+1)) - B(a c m + b d n) - d(a B(m-n) + A b(m+n+1)) \sin(e + f x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2^{(-1)}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2m] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2n] \parallel \text{EqQ}[c, 0])]$

rule 3461  $\text{Int}[(A + (B \sin(e) + f x)) / (\sqrt{a + (b \sin(e) + f x)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + f x)}), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A b - a B) / b \text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + f x)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + f x)}), x], x] + \text{Simp}[B / b \text{Int}[\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + f x)} / \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + f x)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.384.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 15 \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 32\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + 11 \tan(dx+c) \sec(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right)}{a^3}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/32/d*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^{3/2}/\sec(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*(15*\tan(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-32*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})+11*\tan(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-43*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-64*\sec(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})-86*\sec(d*x+c)*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-32*\sec(d*x+c)^2*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})-43*\sec(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*2^{(1/2)}/a^3 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.384.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{43 \sqrt{2} (\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a}}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/32*(43*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c))) - 64*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c))) - 2*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*(15*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 11*\cos(dx + c))*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^3*d)$

### 3.384.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(5/2)/sec(dx+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.384.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(5/2)/sec(dx+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(dx + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(dx + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.384.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.384.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`



**3.385**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.385.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2954  
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**3.385.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{5 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^{5/2} d}$$

$$+ \frac{115 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{16 \sqrt{2} a^{5/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{4d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{15 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{35 \sin(c+dx)}{16a^2 d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)-15/16*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+35/16*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*c
os(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x
+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d+115/32*arctan(1/2*
sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*
x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.385.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \left( 40i\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(c+dx)}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) \cos \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `((40*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + (115*I)*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^5 - ((I/16)*(-8 - 47*E^(I*(c + d*x)) - 39*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - 16*E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)) + 16*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)) + 39*E^((5*I)*(c + d*x)) + 47*E^((6*I)*(c + d*x)) + 8*E^((7*I)*(c + d*x)) + 40*E^(I*(c + d*x)))*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^4*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)))/(4*d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

**3.385.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.720$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3462, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

---

3.385.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{5\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5\left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(9a^2-14a^2\cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{5\left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(9a^2-14a^2\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.385.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (9a^2 - 14a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3462

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{7a^3-16a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{7a^3-16a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{7a^3-16a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3461

---

3.385.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{4a^2} \right) \frac{1}{8a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 16a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} \right) \frac{1}{8a^2}$$

↓ 3253

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{32a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d}}{a} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} \right) \frac{1}{8a^2}$$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{23a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx - \frac{32a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2}$$

3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{46a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} d \left( -\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right) - \frac{32a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2}$$

218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{23\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{32a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{14a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*
x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - (5*((3*a*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d
*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (-((( -32*a^(5/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*S
in[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (23*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sq
rt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]
)/d)/a - (14*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d
*x]])))/(4*a^2)))/(8*a^2))
```

### 3.385.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3462 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])`



rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.385.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 14.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{(16\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c) - 80\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) (\cos^2(dx+c)) + 55\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c))}{32(a^3 d \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})^{1/2}}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{32} \frac{1}{d} \frac{1}{\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}} \left( 16 \cdot 2^{1/2} \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 80 \cdot 2^{1/2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 55 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} - 115 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^2 - 160 \cdot 2^{1/2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) \cos(dx+c) + 35 \sin(dx+c) \cdot 2^{1/2} \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2} - 230 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) - 80 \cdot 2^{1/2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) \cos(dx+c) - 80 \cdot 2^{1/2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right)^{1/2}\right) - 115 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \right) \cdot \left( a \cdot (1+\cos(dx+c)) \right)^{1/2} / (1+\cos(dx+c))^3 \cdot 2^{1/2} / a^3$$

### 3.385.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{115 \sqrt{2} (\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 \cos(dx+c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx+c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - 160}{32 (a^3 d \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}})^{1/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/32*(115*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*\cos(dx + c) + 1) \\ & )*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a} \\ & )*\sin(dx + c)) - 160*(\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*\cos(dx + c) \\ & + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a} \\ & )*\sin(dx + c)) - 2*(16*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 55*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 35*\cos(dx + c) \\ & )*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^3*d) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.385.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(5/2)/sec(dx+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.385.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(5/2)/sec(dx+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(dx + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(dx + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.385.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.385.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.386**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.386.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2965  
 3.386.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2966  
 3.386.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2966  
 3.386.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2973  
 3.386.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2974  
 3.386.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2975  
 3.386.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 2975  
 3.386.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2975  
 3.386.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2976

**3.386.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1015 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{629\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{64a^3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{23 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{48ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{109 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{64a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{193 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{64a^3d\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/6*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)-23/48*sec(d*x+c)
^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-109/64*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+193/64*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/
d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1015/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a
^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)-629/64*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)
```

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

**3.386.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 696, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\cot^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \csc^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{7/2}}{\left(-7680 \cos^1\right)}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(Cot[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7*Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^7/2*(-7680*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^10*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 1, 1, 15/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 + 19200*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 7/2}, {1, 1, 1, 15/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14*(-7 + 6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2) + 143*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^3*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(315*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(351384 - 2928877*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 9953934*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 - 17629526*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 + 17139064*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 - 8670660*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 + 1793816*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-110685960 + 1291549455*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 6601900452*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 19406027859*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 36160322412*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 44313222590*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 35736693140*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 18305254212*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14 - 5410719584*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^16 + 704274992*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^18)))/(3243240*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(7/2))`

**3.386.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{15a-8a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{15a-8a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{15a-8a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3(63a^2-46a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{63a^2 - 46a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{63a^2 - 46a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3457

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{579a^3 - 436a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{579a^3 - 436a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2 \cdot 2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{579a^3 - 436a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{23a \sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{12a^2}$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(629a^4 - 386a^4 \cos(c+dx))}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a} + \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{12a^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{629a^4 - 386a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{a}}{8a^2}}{8a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\int \frac{629a^4 - 386a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{109a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} \right) = \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}$$

↓ 3463

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1015a^5}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)}{8a^2} \right) = \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1015a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)}{8a^2} \right) = \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}$$

↓ 3042

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 1015a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}} dx}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2} \right) = 12a^2$$

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$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{2030a^5 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{a} + \frac{1}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{8a^2} \right) = 12a^2$$

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$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{386a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{\frac{1258a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1015\sqrt{2}a^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{a}}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2} \right) = 12a^2$$

3.386.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-23*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-109*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((386*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])) - ((-1015*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/d + (1258*a^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]))/a/(4*a^2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))`

### 3.386.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.386. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.386.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}} \left( 3045(\cos^6(dx+c)) \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 12180 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\dots) \right)$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.386. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

output `-1/384/d*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^4*(3045*cos(d*x+c)^6*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+12180*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^5+1887*cos(d*x+c)^5*2^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)+18270*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^4+5082*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+12180*cos(d*x+c)^3*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+4251*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+3045*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+896*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-128*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^4`

### 3.386.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3045\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5+4\cos(dx+c)^4+6\cos(dx+c)^3+4\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}\right)+2(1887\cos(dx+c)^4+5082\cos(dx+c)^3+4251\cos(dx+c)^2+896\cos(dx+c)-128)\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^5+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4+6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2+a^4d\cos(dx+c))}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/384*(3045*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 6*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(1887*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 5082*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4251*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 896*cos(d*x + c) - 128)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 6*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^4*d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.386.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.386.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`**3.386.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.386.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.387** 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

3.387.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2977  
 3.387.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2978  
 3.387.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2978  
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 3.387.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2985

**3.387.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{363 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64 \sqrt{2} a^{7/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{19 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{48ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{199 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{691 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{192a^3d \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/6*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)-19/48*sin(d*x+c)
*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-199/192*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-363/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*
2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+
c)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)+691/192*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+a
cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.387.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cos^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-2\sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{16 \cos^8\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output

```
(2*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1))^3/2*((16*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 5/2}, {1, 1, 1, 13/2}, Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)/(3465*(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)) - (Csc[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10*(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^2*Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(105*ArcTanh[Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(2187 - 12908*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 + 27986*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 - 26380*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 + 8752*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8) + Sqrt[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2/(-1 + 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)]*(-229635 + 2120790*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2 - 8267707*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4 + 17646926*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6 - 22251094*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^8 + 16548816*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^10 - 6712984*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^12 + 1144608*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^14))/1680)/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(7/2))
```

**3.387.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3463, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.387.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a\right)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{13a-6a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{13a-6a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{13a-6a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{123a^2-76a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.387.  $\int \frac{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{123a^2 - 76a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{123a^2 - 76a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3457

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{691a^3 - 398a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{8a^2 \cdot 2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{691a^3 - 398a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{8a^2 \cdot 2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{691a^3 - 398a^3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{8a^2 \cdot 2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3463

---

3.387.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{1089a^4}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{\frac{4a^2}{8a^2} \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}} \right)$$

27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 1089a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{\frac{4a^2}{8a^2} \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}} \right)$$

3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - 1089a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{\frac{4a^2}{8a^2} \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}} \right)$$

3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2178a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} + 2a^2 \frac{d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} + \frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{\frac{4a^2}{8a^2} \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}} \right)$$

218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1382a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{1089\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{4a^2} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{199a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{\frac{4a^2}{8a^2} \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}} \right)$$

---

3.387.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-19*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-199*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((-1089*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d + (1382*a^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))`

### 3.387.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3463 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(B*c - A*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*m + b*c*(n +
1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + b*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Eq
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m
+ 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.387.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$\left(1089\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^4(dx+c))+691\sqrt{2}(\cos^3(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+4356(\cos^3(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.387. \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

output  $1/384/d*(1089*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^4+691*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)+4356*\cos(d*x+c)^3*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+1874*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+6534*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+1599*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}+4356*\cos(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))+384*2^{(1/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)+1089*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^4*2^{(1/2)}/a^4$

### 3.387.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1089\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c) + a^4d)}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/384*(1089*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^4*d)$

### 3.387.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.387.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

**3.387.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.387.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.387.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`



**3.388**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.388.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2986  
 3.388.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2987  
 3.388.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2987  
 3.388.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2991  
 3.388.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2991  
 3.388.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2992  
 3.388.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2992  
 3.388.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 2992  
 3.388.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2993

**3.388.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{63 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{5 \sin(c+dx)} - \frac{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{103 \sin(c+dx)} - \frac{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5/16*sin(d*x+c)/
a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-103/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*
cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+63/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(
1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.388.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-2(493+532\cos(c+dx)+103\cos(2(c+dx)))\sqrt{2-2\sec}\right)}{3072\sqrt{2}a^3d\sqrt{a(1+}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`output `(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(-2*(493 + 532*Cos[c + d*x] + 103*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]] + 6048*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(3072*Sqrt[2]*a^3*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-((-1 + Sec[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])])`**3.388.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3245, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3245} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.388.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{11a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{11a-4a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{11a-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{73a^2-30a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{15a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{73a^2-30a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{15a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{73a^2-30a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{15a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{189a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{103a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.388.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{189}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{189}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{189a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{189\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{103a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-15*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((189*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (103*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2)`

3.388.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

## 3.388.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.388.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(103\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+266\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+189\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/384/d*(103*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d
*x+c)+266*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+
189*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^3+195*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos
(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+567*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)
^2+567*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+189*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(
d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c
))^4/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/a^4
```

### 3.388.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{189\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4+4\cos(dx+c)^3+6\cos(dx+c)^2+4\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+c}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3+6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)+1)}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output 
$$-1/384*(189*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c))) + 2*(103*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 266*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 195*\cos(dx + c))*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^4*d)$$

### 3.388.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)**(1/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.388.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(dx + c))/(a*cos(dx + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

### 3.388.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(dx+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(dx+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

---

3.388.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

**3.388.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`



**3.389**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.389.1 Optimal result	2994
3.389.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2995
3.389.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2995
3.389.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2999
3.389.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2999
3.389.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3000
3.389.7 Maxima [F]	3000
3.389.8 Giac [F(-1)]	3000
3.389.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3001

**3.389.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{13 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64 \sqrt{2} a^{7/2} d} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/16*sin(d*x+c)/a
/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos
(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+13/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/
2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.389.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{-312 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\sec(c + dx) \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}\right) \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{3072a^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`output `(-312*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]]*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]] + (73 + 4*Cos[c + d*x] - 5*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Sin[c + d*x])/(3072*a^3*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`**3.389.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3243, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3243} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.389.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4\cos(c+dx)a+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4\cos(c+dx)a+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{6\cos(c+dx)a^2+11a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{6\cos(c+dx)a^2+11a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{6\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+11a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3457 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{39a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{5a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.389.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{39}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{39}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{39a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{39\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{2\sqrt{2}d} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((6*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((3*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((39*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])]/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (5*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/(8*a^2)))/(12*a^2))`

## 3.389.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3243 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.389.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)-2\sqrt{2}\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}+39\arcsin(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\cos^3(dx+c))\right)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3+6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-1/384/d*(5*2^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)-2*2^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}+39*a*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^3-39*\sin(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}+117*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2+117*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)+39*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c)))*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^4/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*2^{1/2}/a^4}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3+6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}$$

### 3.389.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{39\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4+4\cos(dx+c)^3+6\cos(dx+c)^2+4\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3+6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2+4a^4d\cos(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/384*(39*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c))) + 2*(5*\cos(dx + c)^3 - 2*\cos(dx + c)^2 - 39*\cos(dx + c))*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)))/(a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^4*d)}$$

### 3.389.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.389.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

### 3.389.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**3.389.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`



**3.390**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.390.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3002  
 3.390.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3003  
 3.390.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3003  
 3.390.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3007  
 3.390.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3007  
 3.390.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3008  
 3.390.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3008  
 3.390.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 3008  
 3.390.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3009

**3.390.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64 \sqrt{2} a^{7/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)}{16ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{17 \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/16*sin(d*x+c)/
a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+17/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*c
os(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+7/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1
/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.390.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(2(59 + 140 \cos(c + dx) + 17 \cos(2(c + dx)))\sqrt{2} + 3072\sqrt{2}a\right)}{3072\sqrt{2}a^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`output `(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4*(2*(59 + 140*Cos[c + d*x] + 17*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]] + 672*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^6*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(3072*Sqrt[2]*a^3*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-((-1 + Sec[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])])`**3.390.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.390. \quad \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-8a\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-8a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a-8a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{18\cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{18\cos(c+dx)a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{18\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+a^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{21a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{17a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

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3.390.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\frac{21}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\frac{21}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3261 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{21a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3 + 2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{8a^2}}{12a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\frac{17a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{21\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d}}{8a^2} - \frac{9a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - ((-9*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - ((21*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) + (17*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))`

## 3.390.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.390.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 17\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 70 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 21 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \right)}{384}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/384/d*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^4/\sec(d*x+c)^{3/2}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*(17*2^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}+70*\sin(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}-21*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2+21*\tan(d*x+c)*2^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}-63*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)-63*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))-21*\sec(d*x+c)*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c)))^{1/2}/a^4$$

### 3.390.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^3(c + dx)} dx = \frac{21 \sqrt{2} (\cos(dx + c))^4 + 4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 1} {384 (a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c) + 1)} \sqrt{a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/384*(21*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*\cos(dx + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(dx + c))) - 2*(17*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 70*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 21*\cos(dx + c))*\sqrt{a*\cos(dx + c) + a}*\sin(dx + c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)))/(a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(dx + c) + a^4*d)}$$

### 3.390.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.390.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.390.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

---

3.390. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.390.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`



**3.391** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.391.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3010  
 3.391.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3011  
 3.391.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3011  
 3.391.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3015  
 3.391.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3016  
 3.391.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3016  
 3.391.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3017  
 3.391.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 3017  
 3.391.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3017

**3.391.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64 \sqrt{2} a^{7/2} d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{13 \sin(c+dx)}{48ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{67 \sin(c+dx)}{192a^2 d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-13/48*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+67/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+5/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.391.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cos^7\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^7*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(15*ArcSin[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]]*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]*(33 - 26*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + 8*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^4)))/(24*a^4*d*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4])`**3.391.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{7/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

---

3.391.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3244 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-10a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}}dx}{6a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}\right) \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a-10a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}}dx}{12a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}\right) \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3a-10a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}}dx}{12a^2}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}\right) \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{13a^2-54a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}}dx}{4a^2}+\frac{13a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}\right) \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{13a^2-54a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}}dx}{8a^2}+\frac{13a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}\right) \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{\int\frac{13a^2-54a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}}dx}{8a^2}+\frac{13a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}-\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}}\right) \\
\downarrow 3457
\end{array}$$

---

3.391.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{15a^3}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-\frac{15}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-\frac{15}{4}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} dx - \frac{d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-\frac{67a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{15\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d}}{8a^2} + \frac{13a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/
(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - ((13*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-15*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) -
(67*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))
/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))
```

### 3.391.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.391.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 67 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 50 \tan(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 15 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) \right)}{384}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.391.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output  $\frac{1}{384d} \frac{(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(dx+c))^4} \frac{1}{\sec(dx+c)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}} \left( 67 \sin(dx+c) 2^{1/2} \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{(1+\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}} + 50 \tan(dx+c) 2^{1/2} \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{(1+\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}} - 15 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) + 15 \tan(dx+c) \sec(dx+c) 2^{1/2} \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{(1+\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}} - 45 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) - 45 \sec(dx+c) \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) - 15 \sec(dx+c)^2 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \right) 2^{1/2} / a^4$

### 3.391.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{384(a^4d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 6a^4d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^4d\cos(dx+c) + a^4d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/384*(15*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*\cos(d*x+c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x+c))) - 2*(67*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 50*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 15*\cos(d*x+c))*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x+c)+a}*\sin(d*x+c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)}}{(a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x+c) + a^4*d)}$$

### 3.391.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**3.391.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.391.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.391.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`



**3.392**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$

3.392.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3018  
 3.392.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 3019  
 3.392.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3019  
 3.392.4 Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 3025  
 3.392.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3026  
 3.392.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3027  
 3.392.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3027  
 3.392.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 3027  
 3.392.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3028

**3.392.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^{7/2} d} - \frac{177 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{64 \sqrt{2} a^{7/2} d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{6d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} - \frac{17 \sin(c+dx)}{48ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} - \frac{49 \sin(c+dx)}{64a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)-17/48*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-49/64*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*c
os(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x
+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d-177/128*arctan(1/2
*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d
*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.392.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$ie^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}} \sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}} \left( 64 \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{i(c+dx)}) + \frac{177 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-e^{i(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} - 64 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}\right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{4\sqrt{2}d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{7/2}}{\cos^7\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \left( -\frac{247 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)}{12d} - \frac{247 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{12d} + \frac{379 \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{24d} - \frac{41 \sec\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sec^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{12d} \right)$$


---


$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{7/2}}{(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `((-1/4*I)*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*(64*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))] + (177*ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])]/Sqrt[2] - 64*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7)/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(7/2)) + (Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-247*Cos[(d*x)/2]*Sin[c/2])/(12*d) - (247*Cos[c/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(12*d) + (379*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(24*d) - (41*Sec[c/2]*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^4*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(12*d) + (Sec[c/2]*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^6*Sin[(d*x)/2])/(3*d) + (379*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Tan[c/2])/(24*d) - (41*Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Tan[c/2])/(12*d) + (Sec[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*Tan[c/2])/(3*d)))/(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(7/2)`

**3.392.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.720$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.392.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}(a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-12a \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-12a \cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a-12a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(17a^2-32a^2 \cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.392.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(17a^2-32a^2 \cos(c+dx)) dx}{( \cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(17a^2-32a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{( \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3456

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^3-128a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^3-128a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{49a^3-128a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3461} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - 128a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} \right)}{12a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - 128a^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} \right)}{12a^2} + \frac{17a \sin(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3253} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{256a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{d} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \end{array}$$

$\downarrow$  223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{177a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a} dx - \frac{256a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a^2} \Bigg/ 12a^2$$

3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{354a^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{256a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2} \Bigg/ 12a^2$$

218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{49a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{177\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{256a^{5/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{8a^2} \Bigg/ 12a^2$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/
(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - ((17*a*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/
(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((( -256*a^(5/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/
Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (177*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])]/d)/(4*a^2) + (49*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))
```

### 3.392.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3253 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]
```

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3461 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.392.4 Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 4.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1\right)^4\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2-1\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1}}\left(8\left(\csc^5(dx+c)\right)\sqrt{-\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2-1}\right)}{\dots}$

3.392.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$



input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{384} \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{-\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1}{\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1} \right)^{7/2} / \left( -\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1 \right)^{9/2} * \left( \csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1 \right)^4 * \left( \csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1 \right) * \left( \frac{a}{\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1} \right)^{1/2} * \left( 8*\csc(d*x+c)^5*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2} * (1-\cos(d*x+c))^5 - 50*\csc(d*x+c)^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2} * (1-\cos(d*x+c))^3 + 384*2^{1/2} * \arctan(2^{1/2}*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2} / (\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1) * (\csc(d*x+c) - \cot(d*x+c))) \right) + 189 * (-\csc(d*x+c)^2(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2} * (\csc(d*x+c) - \cot(d*x+c)) - 531 * \arcsin(\cot(d*x+c) - \csc(d*x+c)) * 2^{1/2} / a^4$

### 3.392.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{531 \sqrt{2} (\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \arctan(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} - 768 (\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \arctan(\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}) - 2 * (247 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 362 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 147 \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} / (a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 a^4 d \cos(dx + c) + a^4 d)$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{384} * (531 * \sqrt{2} * (\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4 * \cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6 * \cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4 * \cos(d*x + c) + 1) * \sqrt{a} * \arctan(\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{a * \cos(d*x + c) + a} * \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}) / (\sqrt{a} * \sin(d*x + c))) - 768 * (\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4 * \cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6 * \cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4 * \cos(d*x + c) + 1) * \sqrt{a} * \arctan(\sqrt{a * \cos(d*x + c) + a} * \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}) / (\sqrt{a} * \sin(d*x + c))) - 2 * (247 * \cos(d*x + c)^3 + 362 * \cos(d*x + c)^2 + 147 * \cos(d*x + c)) * \sqrt{a * \cos(d*x + c) + a} * \sin(d*x + c) / \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}} / (a^4 * d * \cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4 * a^4 * d * \cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6 * a^4 * d * \cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4 * a^4 * d * \cos(d*x + c) + a^4 * d)$

**3.392.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.392.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`**3.392.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.392.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`

**3.393**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.393.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3029  
 3.393.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 3030  
 3.393.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3030  
 3.393.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3040  
 3.393.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3041  
 3.393.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3042  
 3.393.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3042  
 3.393.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 3042  
 3.393.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3043

**3.393.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{7 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{a^{7/2} d}$$

$$+ \frac{637 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{64 \sqrt{2} a^{7/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{6d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{7 \sin(c + dx)}{16ad(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$- \frac{192a^2 d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{259 \sin(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{189 \sin(c + dx)}{64a^3 d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-1/6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)-7/16*sin(d*x+c)/
a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)-259/192*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*
cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+189/64*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-7*arcsin(sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d+637/128*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+
c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/
2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

3.393.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.393.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(c+dx)} \left(-\frac{1}{64}ie^{-4i(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(c+dx)}}{1+e^{2i(c+dx)}}}\right) \left(-1911e^{i(c+dx)}(1 + e^{i(c+dx)}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]`

output `((((-1/64*I)*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))])*(-1911*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^6*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[(1 - E^(I*(c + d*x))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]]) + Sqrt[2]*(-96 - 1003*E^(I*(c + d*x)) - 2169*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) - 2297*E^((3*I)*(c + d*x)) - 779*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)) + 779*E^((5*I)*(c + d*x)) + 2297*E^((6*I)*(c + d*x)) + 2169*E^((7*I)*(c + d*x)) + 1003*E^((8*I)*(c + d*x)) + 96*E^((9*I)*(c + d*x)) + 672*E^(I*(c + d*x))*(1 + E^(I*(c + d*x)))^6*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]])*Cos[(c + d*x)/2])/E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)) + (672*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[E^(I*(c + d*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))]*Sqrt[1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))]*ArcSinh[E^(I*(c + d*x))]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^7)*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/(24*a^4*d*E^((I/2)*(c + d*x))*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4)`

**3.393.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.840$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3462, 25, 3042, 3461, 3042, 3253, 223, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{9/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

---

3.393.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4710 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3244 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{7\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{7\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a-2a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{7\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3456 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{7\left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(15a^2-22a^2\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{7\left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(15a^2-22a^2\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.393.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7 \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (15a^2 - 22a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3456} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7 \left( \int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(37a^3 - 54a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{27} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7 \left( \int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(37a^3 - 54a^3 \cos(c+dx))}{4a^2} dx + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{12a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (37a^3 - 54a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{12a^2} \right)$$

↓ 3462

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{27a^4 - 64a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{a} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{12a^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{27a^4 - 64a^4 \cos(c+dx)}{a} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}a+a} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^5} \right)}{12a^2} \right)$$

↓ 3042



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{27a^4 - 64a^4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} a + a} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2}} \right) = 12a^2$$

↓ 3461

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} a + a} dx - 64a^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx) a + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} \right) + \frac{37a^2}{2d} \right) = 12a^2$$

↓ 3042

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 3 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a} dx - 64a^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} a+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 7 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 4a^2 \\
 8a^2
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \quad \quad \quad 12a^2
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

↓ 3253

---

3.393.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

	3	$91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{128a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right)}{a}$	54
	7	$\frac{4a^2}{8a^2}$	
$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}$			$12a^2$

↓ 223

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left[ \frac{91a^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a+a} dx - \frac{128a^{7/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{54a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)}} \right] \frac{1}{4a^2} \frac{1}{8a^2} \frac{1}{12a^2}$$

3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left[ \frac{182a^5 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{128a^{7/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{d} \right] \frac{1}{4a^2} \frac{1}{8a^2} \frac{1}{12a^2}$$

218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} - \frac{7 \left( \frac{37a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{91\sqrt{2}a^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right) - \frac{128a^{7/2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{a} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{128a^2}{4a^2} - \frac{12a^2}{12a^2}$$

```
input Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/6*(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) - (7*((3*a*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((37*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*(-((( -128*a^(7/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]]])/d + (91*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/d)/a) - (54*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*a^2)/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))
```

3.393.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 3253 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/f Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - x^2/a], x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d, a/b]`
- rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

```
rule 3461 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])
, x], x] + Simp[B/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3462 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m +
n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*S
in[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b*c*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) + (A*b*d*(m
+ n + 1) + B*(a*d*m + b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || EqQ[m + 1/2, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.393.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$\left( \frac{192\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{\cos^3(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) + 1099\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c) - 1344\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\tan(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \right)$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.393. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $1/384/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(192*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)+1099*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)-1344*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))))^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)^3+1442*2^{(1/2)}*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-1911*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^3-4032*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^2+567*\sin(d*x+c)*2^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}-5733*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2-4032*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)-5733*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)-1344*2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(\tan(d*x+c)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)})-1911*\arcsin(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c))*(a*(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/a^4$

### 3.393.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{1911 \sqrt{2} (\cos(dx + c)^4 + 4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 6 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 4 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{a} \sin(dx + c)}\right)}{}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $-1/384*(1911*\sqrt{2}*(\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x + c))) - 2688*(\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*\cos(d*x + c) + 1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}/(\sqrt{a}*\sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(192*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 1099*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 1442*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 567*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}}/(a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^4*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^4*d)$



**3.393.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.393.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2)), x)`**3.393.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.393.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{9/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`

**3.394**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.394.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3044  
 3.394.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3045  
 3.394.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3045  
 3.394.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3051  
 3.394.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3051  
 3.394.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3052  
 3.394.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3052  
 3.394.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . . 3052  
 3.394.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3053

**3.394.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{45 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{1024 \sqrt{2} a^{9/2} d}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{8d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{5 \sin(c+dx)}{32ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{33 \sin(c+dx)}{256a^2 d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{73 \sin(c+dx)}{1024a^3 d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/8*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-5/32*sin(d*x+c)/
a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+33/256*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a*cos
os(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+73/1024*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)
)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+45/2048*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^
(9/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

**3.394.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sec^6\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(2(882 + 999 \cos(c + dx) + 702 \cos(2(c + dx)))\right)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`output `(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^6*(2*(882 + 999*Cos[c + d*x] + 702*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 73*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[2 - 2*Sec[c + d*x]] + 5760*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-(Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^8*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(65536*Sqrt[2]*a^4*d*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-((-1 + Sec[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])])`**3.394.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{9/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

---

3.394.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3244 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-4a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a-4a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
\downarrow 3456 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2-28a^2\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{5a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2-28a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{5a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3\left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2-28a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{5a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
\downarrow 3457
\end{array}$$

---

3.394.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3 - 66a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{8d}$$

27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3 - 66a^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{8d}$$

3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^3 - 66a^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{8d}$$

3457

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{45a^4}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{8d}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 27 \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{-\frac{45}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)} \right)}{16a^2} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{-\frac{45}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3261 \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{45a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)a^3}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} + 2a^2} dx - \frac{d \left( -\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} \right)}{2d} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 218 \\ 3.394. \int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left[ \frac{3 \left( \frac{45a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d} - \frac{73a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{33a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} \right)}{16a^2} \right]$$

```
input Int[1/((a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/8*(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)) - (3*((5*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((-33*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-45*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sqrt[2]*d) - (73*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))/(16*a^2))
```

3.394.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```



rule 3244 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1) + b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3261 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c - b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3456 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m + b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.394.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))} \left( 73\sqrt{2} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 351 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 45 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \right)$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2048/d*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^5/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(cos(d
*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(73*2^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/
(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)+351*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(
1/2)-45*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2+195*tan(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-180*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*cos(d*
x+c)+45*tan(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)-27
0*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-180*sec(d*x+c)*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c
))-45*sec(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)/a^5
```

**3.394.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{45\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{a}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 2(73\cos(dx+c)^4 + 351\cos(dx+c)^3 + 195\cos(dx+c)^2 + 45\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{a\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)/\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2048(a^5d\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c) + a^5d)}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2048*(45*sqrt(2)*(cos(d*x + c)^5 + 5*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*cos(d*x + c)^3
+ 10*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*c
os(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a)*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(73*cos(d*
x + c)^4 + 351*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 195*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt
(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^
5 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^5*d*cos(d*x +
c)^2 + 5*a^5*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^5*d)
```

**3.394.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.394.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{9/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(9/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.394.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

**3.394.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)), x)`

**3.395** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.395.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3054
3.395.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3055
3.395.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3055
3.395.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3060
3.395.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3061
3.395.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3061
3.395.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3062
3.395.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	3062
3.395.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3062

**3.395.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{35 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}\right) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{1024 \sqrt{2} a^{9/2} d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{8d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{19 \sin(c+dx)}{96ad(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{187 \sin(c+dx)}{768a^2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{853 \sin(c+dx)}{3072a^3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -1/8*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)-19/96*sin(d*x+c)
/a/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)-187/768*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+a
*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+853/3072*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(a+a*cos(d*x
+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+35/2048*arctan(1/2*sin(d*x+c)*a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
/a^(9/2)/d*2^(1/2)
```

### 3.395.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \cos^9\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{1 - 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} \left(\frac{35}{128} \arcsin\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*Cos[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^9*Sqrt[(1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2)^(-1)]*Sqrt[1 - 2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2]*((35*ArcSin[Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]])/128 + (93*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2])/(128*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]) - (163*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^3*Sqrt[1 - Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2])/(192*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(3/2)) + (25*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^5*Sqrt[1 - Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2])/(48*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(5/2)) - (Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^7*Sqrt[1 - Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sin[c/2 + (d*x)/2]^2])/(8*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2)))/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(9/2))`

### 3.395.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3244, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3456, 27, 3042, 3457, 27, 3042, 3261, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3244} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-14a\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{8a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a-14a\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a-14a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{7/2}} dx}{16a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3456} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(57a^2-130a^2\cos(c+dx))}{2(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{6a^2} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(57a^2-130a^2\cos(c+dx))}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.395.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(57a^2-130a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{5/2}} dx}{12a^2} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3456

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{187a^3-666a^3\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{187a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{187a^3-666a^3\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{187a^3-666a^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a^2} + \frac{187a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3457

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int -\frac{105a^4}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{853a^3\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{187a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{19a\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{8d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

---

3.395.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2}\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{-\frac{105}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{12a^2}{16a^2}$$

3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{-\frac{105}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{12a^2}{16a^2}$$

3261

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{105a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)a^3+2a^2}{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} d\left(-\frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)a+a}}\right) - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{12a^2}{16a^2}$$

218

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{187a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{105a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}d} - \frac{853a^3 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{19a \sin(c+dx)}{6d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{12a^2}{16a^2}$$

input `Int[1/((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/8*(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*
x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)) - ((19*a*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x
])/ (6*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((187*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c +
d*x])/ (4*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-105*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*S
in[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])])/(2*Sq
rt[2]*d) - (853*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d
*x])^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(12*a^2))/(16*a^2))
```

### 3.395.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3244 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e
+ f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*
(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*
Simp[b*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n - 1)) + a*c*d*(m - n + 1) + d*(a*d*(m - n + 1)
+ b*c*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3261 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(a/f) Subst[Int[1/(2*b^2 - (a*c
- b*d)*x^2), x], x, b*(Cos[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*S
in[e + f*x]])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3456 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m
+ 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*(a*d*n - b*c*(m + 1)) - B*(a*c*m +
b*d*n) - d*(a*B*(m - n) + A*b*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &
& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (In
tegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3457 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b
*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n +
2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
&& !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.395.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cos(dx+c))}}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} \left( 853 \sin(dx+c)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} + 819 \tan(dx+c)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} - 105 \arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) \right)$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $\frac{1}{6144d} \frac{(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(dx+c))^5} \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{7/2}}{(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}} \frac{853\sin(dx+c)2^{1/2}(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} + 819\tan(dx+c)2^{1/2}(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} - 105\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))\cos(dx+c) + 455\tan(dx+c)\sec(dx+c)2^{1/2}(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} - 420\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) + 105\tan(dx+c)\sec(dx+c)^2 2^{1/2}(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} - 630\sec(dx+c)\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) - 420\sec(dx+c)^2\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) - 105\sec(dx+c)^3\arcsin(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))}{a^5}$

### 3.395.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arcsin(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}})}}{6144(a^5d\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c) + a^5d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1}{6144} \frac{105\sqrt{2}(\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5\cos(dx+c) + 1)\sqrt{a}\arcsin(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a}})}}{a^5d\cos(dx+c)^5 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c)^4 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^3 + 10a^5d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 5a^5d\cos(dx+c) + a^5d}$$

### 3.395.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.395.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.395.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{9/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(9/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.395.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.395.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{7/2} (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)), x)`

### 3.396 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx$

3.396.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3063
3.396.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3063
3.396.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3064
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3.396.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3066
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3.396.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	3067
3.396.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3067

#### 3.396.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4a^2 \sqrt[4]{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `4*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/4)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

#### 3.396.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{3/2} \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt[4]{\sec(c + dx)} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/4),x]`

output `(2*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(1/4)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/d`

**3.396.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3241, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{5}{4}}(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/4} \left(a \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt[4]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[4]{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx)a + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{4}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt[4]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[4]{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3241} \\
 & \sqrt[4]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[4]{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt[4]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}} - 4a \int 0 dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{\sec(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/4),x]`

output `(4*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(1/4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.396.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3241 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d))), x] + Simp[b^2/(d*(n + 1)*(b*c + a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 2) - b*d*(m - 2*n - 4) - (b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(m + 2*n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

## 3.396.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \sec^{\frac{5}{4}}(dx + c) \right) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/4),x)`



**3.396.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} a \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c) + d) \cos(dx + c)^{1/4}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*sin(d*x + c)/((d*cos(d*x + c) + d)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/4))`

**3.396.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(5/4),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.396.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sqrt{2} a^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} \right)}{d \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/4} \left( -\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + 1 \right)^{5/4} \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2} + 1 \right)^{1/4}}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $4*(\text{sqrt}(2)*a^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) - \text{sqrt}(2)*a^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x + c)^3/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3)/(d*(\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^{(5/4)}*(-\sin(d*x + c)/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 1)^{(5/4)}*(\sin(d*x + c)^2/(\cos(d*x + c) + 1)^2 + 1)^{(1/4)})$

### 3.396.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

### 3.396.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/4}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4 a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} \left(\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{1/4}}{d (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/4)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output  $(4*a*\sin(c + d*x)*(a*(\cos(c + d*x) + 1))^{(1/2)}*(1/\cos(c + d*x))^{(1/4)})/(d*(\cos(c + d*x) + 1))$

### 3.397 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.397.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{a^4(55 + 29m + 4m^2) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx) (a^2 + a^2 \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(5 + m) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) (a^4 + a^4 \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + m)(4 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{a^4(35 + 40m + 8m^2) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m)(4 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{4a^4(5 + 2m) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output a^4*(4*m^2+29*m+55)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+m)/(m^2+5*m+6)+cos(d*
x+c)^(1+m)*(a^2+a^2*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+m)+2*(5+m)*cos(d*x+c)^(1
+m)*(a^4+a^4*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+m)/(4+m)-a^4*(8*m^2+40*m+35)*cos(
d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+
c)/d/(m^3+7*m^2+14*m+8)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4*a^4*(5+2*m)*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m
)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(3+m
)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.397.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \csc(c + dx) \left( (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin^2(c + dx) - \frac{a^2(5+2m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{1+m} \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*((a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - (a^2*(5 + 2*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(1 + m) - (2*a^2*(10 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(2 + m) - (a^2*(25 + 6*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(3 + m) - (2*a^2*(5 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4 + m))/(d*(4 + m))`

### 3.397.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 3042, 3455, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 \cos^m(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3242}$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c + dx)(\cos(c + dx)a + a)^2 \left( (2m + 5)a^2 + 2(m + 5) \cos(c + dx)a^2 \right) dx}{m + 4} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) (a^2 \cos(c + dx) + a^2)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{d(m + 4)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \frac{\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)^2 \left((2m+5)a^2+2(m+5)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^2\right) dx}{m+4} + \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)\left(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2\right)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3455} \\ \frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx)(\cos(c+dx)a+a)\left((4m^2+23m+25)a^3+(4m^2+29m+55)\cos(c+dx)a^3\right) dx}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)(a^4\cos(c+dx)+a^4)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)} \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)\left(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2\right)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \frac{\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+a\right)\left((4m^2+23m+25)a^3+(4m^2+29m+55)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^3\right) dx}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)(a^4\cos(c+dx)+a^4)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)} \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)\left(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2\right)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3447} \\ \frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx)\left((4m^2+29m+55)\cos^2(c+dx)a^4+(4m^2+23m+25)a^4+\left((4m^2+23m+25)a^4+(4m^2+29m+55)a^4\right)\cos(c+dx)\right) dx}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)(a^4\cos(c+dx)+a^4)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)} \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)\left(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2\right)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \frac{\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left((4m^2+29m+55)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2a^4+(4m^2+23m+25)a^4+\left((4m^2+23m+25)a^4+(4m^2+29m+55)a^4\right)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)(a^4\cos(c+dx)+a^4)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)} \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)\left(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2\right)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3502} \\ \frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx)\left((m+3)\left(8m^2+40m+35\right)a^4+4(m+2)(m+4)(2m+5)\cos(c+dx)a^4\right) dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^4(4m^2+29m+55)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)(a^4\cos(c+dx)+a^4)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)} \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)\left(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2\right)^2 \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)} \end{array}$$

---

3.397.  $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(\frac{(m+3)(8m^2+40m+35)a^4+4(m+2)(m+4)(2m+5)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^4}{m+2}\right) dx + \frac{a^4(4m^2+29m+55)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)}{m+4}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2)^2\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{a^4(m+3)(8m^2+40m+35)\int\cos^m(c+dx)dx+4a^4(m+2)(m+4)(2m+5)\int\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)dx + \frac{a^4(4m^2+29m+55)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)}{m+4}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2)^2\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{a^4(m+3)(8m^2+40m+35)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx+4a^4(m+2)(m+4)(2m+5)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+1} dx + \frac{a^4(4m^2+29m+55)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{m+3} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)}{m+4}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2)^2\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{a^4(m+3)(8m^2+40m+35)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{m+1}{2},\frac{m+3}{2},\cos^2(c+dx)\right) - 4a^4(m+4)(2m+5)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+2}(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{m+1}{2},\frac{m+3}{2},\cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{m+2} + \frac{2(m+5)\sin(c+dx)}{m+3}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^2\cos(c+dx)+a^2)^2\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+4)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

```
output (Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(a^2 + a^2*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + m))
+ ((2*(5 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(a^4 + a^4*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])
/(d*(3 + m)) + ((a^4*(55 + 29*m + 4*m^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x]
)/(d*(2 + m)) + (-((a^4*(3 + m)*(35 + 40*m + 8*m^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*H
ypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (4*a^4*(4 + m)*(5 + 2*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^
(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c
+ d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(2 + m))/(3 + m))/(4 + m)
```

### 3.397.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3242 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[
c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3447 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])*(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Sin[e + f*x]^2),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3455 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(-b)*B*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n
+ 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e +
f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 1) + B*(a*c*(m - 1
) + b*d*(n + 1)) + (A*b*d*(m + n + 1) - B*(b*c*m - a*d*(2*m + n)))*Sin[e +
f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1/2] && !LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.397.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)a)^4 dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4,x)
```

### 3.397.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2
+ 4*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + a^4)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)
```



**3.397.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.397.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`**3.397.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.397.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.398 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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3.398.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3077
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3.398.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3082

#### 3.398.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(7 + 2m) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m)} + \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx) (a^3 + a^3 \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{a^3(5 + 4m) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{a^3(11 + 4m) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
a^3*(7+2*m)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(3+m)+cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(a^3+a^3*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+m)-a^3*(5+4*m)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+m)/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-a^3*(11+4*m)*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(3+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.398.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{a^3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) \left( \frac{(15+17m+4m^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - (1+m) \left( 3(3+m) + \dots \right) \right)}{d(1+m)(2+m)(3+m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-((a^3*cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x]*(((15 + 17*m + 4*m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])/Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (1 + m)*(3*(3 + m) + (2 + m)*Cos[c + d*x] - (11 + 4*m)*Cot[c + d*x]*Csc[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/(d*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m))`

### 3.398.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 3042, 3447, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3 \cos^m(c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^3 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3242} \\ & \frac{\int \cos^m(c + dx)(\cos(c + dx)a + a) (2(m + 2)a^2 + (2m + 7) \cos(c + dx)a^2) dx}{\sin(c + dx) \frac{m + 3}{d(m + 3)} (a^3 \cos(c + dx) + a^3) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)} + \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a) (2(m+2)a^2+(2m+7)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2) dx}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{3447}$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx) ((2m+7)\cos^2(c+dx)a^3+2(m+2)a^3+(2(m+2)a^3+(2m+7)a^3)\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m ((2m+7)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^3+2(m+2)a^3+(2(m+2)a^3+(2m+7)a^3)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx)((m+3)(4m+5)a^3+(m+2)(4m+11)\cos(c+dx)a^3) dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^3(2m+7)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m ((m+3)(4m+5)a^3+(m+2)(4m+11)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3) dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^3(2m+7)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^3(m+2)(4m+11)\int \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)dx+a^3(m+3)(4m+5)\int \cos^m(c+dx)dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^3(2m+7)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^3(m+3)(4m+5)\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m dx+a^3(m+2)(4m+11)\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+1} dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^3(2m+7)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}}{\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx)+a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)}} +$$

---

3.398.  $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\frac{a^3(m+3)(4m+5)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^3(4m+11)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+2}(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{m+2} = \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a^3\cos(c+dx) + a^3)\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+3)} \quad m+3$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(a^3 + a^3*cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + m)) + ((a^3*(7 + 2*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)) + (-((a^3*(3 + m)*(5 + 4*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) - (a^3*(11 + 4*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(2 + m))/(3 + m)`

### 3.398.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

```
rule 3242 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x
])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*
(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n -
2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[
n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[
c, 0]))
```

```
rule 3447 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)])*(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Int[(a
+ b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*(A*c + (B*c + A*d)*Sin[e + f*x] + B*d*Ssin[e + f*x]^2),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.398.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)a)^3 dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x)
```

**3.398.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.398.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.398.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`



**3.398.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.398.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + a \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.399 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.399.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3083
3.399.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3084
3.399.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3084
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3.399.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3087
3.399.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3087
3.399.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3087
3.399.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3088

#### 3.399.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{a^2(3 + 2m) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)-a^2*(3+2*m)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hyper
geom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+m)/(2+m)/(
sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2
*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.399.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \left( -\left( (3+2m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{d(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`output `(a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(3 + 2*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (1 + m)*(Sin[c + d*x]^2 - 2*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(1 + m)*(2 + m))`**3.399.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3242, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2 \cos^m(c+dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^2 \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3242}$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx) \left( (2m+3)a^2 + 2(m+2)\cos(c+dx)a^2 \right) dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left( (2m+3)a^2 + 2(m+2)\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a^2 \right) dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{2a^2(m+2) \int \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)dx + a^2(2m+3) \int \cos^m(c+dx)dx}{m+2} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2(2m+3) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^m dx + 2a^2(m+2) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+1} dx}{m+2} + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{\frac{a^2(2m+3) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d(m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{m+2} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)) + (-((a^2*(3 + 2*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(2 + m)`

### 3.399.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3242 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*b*c*(m - 2) + b^2*d*(n + 1) + a^2*d*(m + n) - b*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && !LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] || IntegerQ[m + 1/2] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

### 3.399.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)a)^2 dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x)`

### 3.399.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.399.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 \left( \int 2 \cos(c + dx) \cos^m(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \cos^2(c + dx) \cos^m(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \cos^m(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cos(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**m, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)*  
*2*cos(c + d*x)**m, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**m, x))`

**3.399.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.399.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.399.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + a \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.400 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.400.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3089
3.400.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3089
3.400.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3090
3.400.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3091
3.400.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	3091
3.400.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3092
3.400.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3092
3.400.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3092
3.400.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3093

#### 3.400.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{a \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2+m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-a*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-a*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.400.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = -\frac{a \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \left( (2 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + (1 + m) \cos(c + dx) \right)}{d(1+m)(2+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```



output  $-\left((a \cos[c + d*x]^{(1 + m)} * \text{Csc}[c + d*x] * ((2 + m) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2] + (1 + m) * \cos[c + d*x] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2]) * \text{Sqrt}[\sin[c + d*x]^2]) / (d * (1 + m) * (2 + m))\right)$

### 3.400.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a) \cos^m(c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & a \int \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) dx + a \int \cos^m(c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx + a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\ & \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\ & \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+2}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\cos[c + d*x]^m * (a + a * \cos[c + d*x]), x]$

output  $-\left((a \cos[c + d*x]^{(1 + m)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2] * \sin[c + d*x]) / (d * (1 + m) * \text{Sqrt}[\sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (a * \cos[c + d*x]^{(2 + m)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2] * \sin[c + d*x]) / (d * (2 + m) * \text{Sqrt}[\sin[c + d*x]^2])\right)$

## 3.400.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.400.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)a) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x)`

## 3.400.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.400.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = a \left( \int \cos(c + dx) \cos^m(c + dx) dx + \int \cos^m(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**m, x) + Integral(cos(c + d*x)**m, x))`

**3.400.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.400.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.400.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + a \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.401**       $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.401.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3094  
 3.401.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3095  
 3.401.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3095  
 3.401.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3097  
 3.401.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 3097  
 3.401.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3097  
 3.401.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3098  
 3.401.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 3098  
 3.401.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3098

**3.401.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))}$$

$$- \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{ad\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{m \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{ad(1 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
cos(d*x+c)^m*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))-cos(d*x+c)^m*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*m], [1+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+m*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(1+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.401.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^m(c+dx) \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(-((1+m)(-1+\cos(c+dx))) - (1+m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \cos^2\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{ad(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`output `(Cos[c + d*x]^m*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]*(-((1 + m)*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x])) - (1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/2, (2 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + m*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*d*(1 + m)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))`**3.401.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3248, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a\cos(c+dx)+a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m}{a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3248}$$

$$\frac{m \int \cos^{m-1}(c+dx)(a-a\cos(c+dx))dx}{a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^m(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{m \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-1} (a-a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^m(c+dx)}{d(a\cos(c+dx)+a)}$$

---

3.401.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+a\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{m \left( a \int \cos^{m-1}(c+dx) dx - a \int \cos^m(c+dx) dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^m(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{m \left( a \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{m-1} dx - a \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^m dx \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^m(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{m \left( \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^m(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{dm \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{a^2} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^m(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^m*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])) + (m*(-((a*Cos[c + d*x]^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/2, (2 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*m*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) + (a*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/a^2`

### 3.401.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

```
rule 3248 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(
a*f*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + Simp[d*(n/(a*b)) Int[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(n - 1)*(a - b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] &
& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[
2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])
```

### 3.401.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(dx + c)}{a + \cos(dx + c)a} dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a),x)
```

### 3.401.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(cos(d*x + c)^m/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)
```

### 3.401.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{a}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output Integral(cos(c + d*x)**m/(cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a
```

---

3.401.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+a \cos(c+dx)} dx$



**3.401.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{a \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^m/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.401.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,1,0]%%} / %%{2,[0,0,1]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.401.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.402**       $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.402.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3099  
 3.402.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3100  
 3.402.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3100  
 3.402.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3103  
 3.402.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 3103  
 3.402.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3104  
 3.402.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3104  
 3.402.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 3104  
 3.402.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3105

**3.402.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(1 - m) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3a^2d(1 + \cos(c + dx))} - \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(1 - 2m)m \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{3a^2d(1 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2(1 - m)(1 + m) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{3a^2d(2 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(1-m)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))-1/3*cos(d*x+c)
^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/3*(1-2*m)*m*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hype
rgeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(1+m)/(s
in(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2/3*(1-m)*(1+m)*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*
m],[2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.402.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \csc(c + dx) \left( -\sin^2(c + dx) - \frac{(1 + \cos(c + dx))(-2(-1+m)(1+m)(2+m) \sin^2(c + dx) - (1 + \cos(c + dx))((1-2m) \dots)}{3a^2 d(1 - \dots)} \right)}{3a^2 d(1 - \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-Sin[c + d*x]^2 - ((1 + Cos[c + d*x])*(-2*(-1 + m)*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - (1 + Cos[c + d*x])*((1 - 2*m)*m*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*(-1 + m)*(1 + m)^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)))/(3*a^2*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)`

### 3.402.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3245, 3042, 3457, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^m}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3245

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(a(2-m)+am \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.402.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m (a(2-m)+am \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3457} \\
& \frac{\int -\cos^m(c+dx)(a^2(1-2m)m-2a^2(1-m)(m+1) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{2(1-m) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a^2(1-2m)m-2a^2(1-m)(m+1) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{a^2} - \frac{2(1-m) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m (a^2(1-2m)m-2a^2(1-m)(m+1) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a^2} - \frac{2(1-m) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{a^2(1-2m)m \int \cos^m(c+dx) dx - 2a^2(1-m)(m+1) \int \cos^{m+1}(c+dx) dx}{a^2} - \frac{2(1-m) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2(1-2m)m \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m dx - 2a^2(1-m)(m+1) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+1} dx}{a^2} - \frac{2(1-m) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)} \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{2a^2(1-m)(m+1) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(1-2m)m \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \frac{3a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{3d(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.402.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-2*(1 - m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])) - ((a^2*(1 - 2*m)*m*cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) + (2*a^2*(1 - m)*(1 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/a^2)/(3*a^2)`

### 3.402.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3245 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^2*cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2) + b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] || (IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c, 0]))`

rule 3457 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*(A*b - a*B)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a*f*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(2*m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[B*(a*c*m + b*d*(n + 1)) + A*(b*c*(m + 1) - a*d*(2*m + n + 2)) + d*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)] && !GtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c, 0])`

### 3.402.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(dx + c)}{(a + \cos(dx + c)a)^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x)`

### 3.402.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^m/(a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

**3.402.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)+2\cos(c+dx)+1} \frac{dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**m/(cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*cos(c + d*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

**3.402.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^m/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.402.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1, [0,1,2,0]}%%}+%%{1, [0,1,0,0]}%%} / %%{4, [0,0,0,2]}%%}Error: Ba`

**3.402.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m}{(a+a\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`



### 3.403 $\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.403.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3106
3.403.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3107
3.403.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3107
3.403.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3110
3.403.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3111
3.403.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3111
3.403.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3112
3.403.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3112
3.403.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3113

#### 3.403.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{35bx}{128} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{35b \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{128d}$$

$$+ \frac{35b \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{192d}$$

$$+ \frac{7b \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{48d}$$

$$+ \frac{b \cos^7(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{3a \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{a \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output `35/128*b*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+35/128*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+35/192*b*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+7/48*b*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/8*b*cos(d*x+c)^7*sin(d*x+c)/d-a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+3/5*a*sin(d*x+c)^5/d-1/7*a*sin(d*x+c)^7/d`

**3.403.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos^7(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{35b(c+dx)}{128d} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{a\sin^3(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3a\sin^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{a\sin^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{7b\sin(2(c+dx))}{32d} + \frac{7b\sin(4(c+dx))}{128d} + \frac{b\sin(6(c+dx))}{96d} + \frac{b\sin(8(c+dx))}{1024d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^7*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(35*b*(c + d*x))/(128*d) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (a*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/d + (3*a*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d) - (a*Sin[c + d*x]^7)/(7*d) + (7*b*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(32*d) + (7*b*Sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(128*d) + (b*Sin[6*(c + d*x)])/(96*d) + (b*Sin[8*(c + d*x)])/(1024*d)`

**3.403.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^7(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^7 \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & a \int \cos^7(c+dx) dx + b \int \cos^8(c+dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^7 dx + b \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^8 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
& \quad b \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^8 dx - \\
& \quad \frac{a \int \left( -\sin^6(c + dx) + 3 \sin^4(c + dx) - 3 \sin^2(c + dx) + 1 \right) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& b \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^8 dx - \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \quad b \left( \frac{7}{8} \int \cos^6(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \quad b \left( \frac{7}{8} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^6 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \quad b \left( \frac{7}{8} \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \quad b \left( \frac{7}{8} \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \quad b \left( \frac{7}{8} \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b\left(\frac{7}{8}\left(\frac{5}{6}\left(\frac{3}{4}\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^7(c+dx)}{8d}\right) \\
& \quad \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{7}\sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5}\sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& b\left(\frac{7}{8}\left(\frac{5}{6}\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^7(c+dx)}{8d}\right) \\
& \quad \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{7}\sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5}\sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& b\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^7(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{7}{8}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} + \frac{5}{6}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)\right)\right)\right) \\
& \quad \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{7}\sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5}\sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^7*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3 - (3*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/5 + Sin[c + d*x]^7/7))/d) + b*((Cos[c + d*x]^7*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (7*((Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) + (5*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/6))/8)`

### 3.403.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^(n - 1)/2], x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.403.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
derivativedivides	$b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^7(dx+c) + \frac{7(\cos^5(dx+c))}{6} + \frac{35(\cos^3(dx+c))}{24} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)}{16} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{8} + \frac{35dx}{128} + \frac{35c}{128} \right) + \frac{a \left( \frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} \right)}{d}$
default	$b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^7(dx+c) + \frac{7(\cos^5(dx+c))}{6} + \frac{35(\cos^3(dx+c))}{24} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)}{16} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{8} + \frac{35dx}{128} + \frac{35c}{128} \right) + \frac{a \left( \frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} \right)}{d}$
parts	$a \left( \frac{\frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(dx+c))}{5}}{7d} \right) \sin(dx+c) + b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^7(dx+c) + \frac{7(\cos^5(dx+c))}{6} + \frac{35(\cos^3(dx+c))}{24} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)}{16} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{8} + \frac{35dx}{128} + \frac{35c}{128} \right)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{29400bxd + 58800a \sin(dx+c) + 105b \sin(8dx+8c) + 240a \sin(7dx+7c) + 1120b \sin(6dx+6c) + 2352a \sin(5dx+5c) + 5880 \sin(4dx+4c)}{107520d}$
risch	$\frac{35bx}{128} + \frac{35a \sin(dx+c)}{64d} + \frac{b \sin(8dx+8c)}{1024d} + \frac{a \sin(7dx+7c)}{448d} + \frac{b \sin(6dx+6c)}{96d} + \frac{7a \sin(5dx+5c)}{320d} + \frac{7b \sin(4dx+4c)}{128d}$
norman	$\frac{35bx}{128} + \frac{35bx \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{16} + \frac{245bx \left( \tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{32} + \frac{245bx \left( \tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{16} + \frac{1225bx \left( \tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{64} + \frac{245bx \left( \tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{16}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^7*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(b*(1/8*(cos(d*x+c)^7+7/6*cos(d*x+c)^5+35/24*cos(d*x+c)^3+35/16*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+35/128*d*x+35/128*c)+1/7*a*(16/5+cos(d*x+c)^6+6/5*cos(d*x+c)^4+8/5*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)`

**3.403.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3675 b dx + (1680 b \cos(dx + c)^7 + 1920 a \cos(dx + c)^6 + 1960 b \cos(dx + c)^5 + 2304 a \cos(dx + c)^4 + 2450 b \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3072 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3675 b \cos(dx + c) + 6144 a) \sin(dx + c)}{13440 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13440*(3675*b*d*x + (1680*b*cos(d*x + c)^7 + 1920*a*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 1960*b*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2304*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2450*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3072*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3675*b*cos(d*x + c) + 6144*a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.403.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{16a \sin^7(c+dx)}{35d} + \frac{8a \sin^5(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{35bx \sin^8(c+dx)}{128} + \frac{35bx \sin^6(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{128} \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos^7(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**7*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((16*a*sin(c + d*x)**7/(35*d) + 8*a*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + 2*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**6/d + 35*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**8/128 + 35*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**6*cos(c + d*x)**2/32 + 105*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**4/64 + 35*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**6/32 + 35*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**8/128 + 35*b*sin(c + d*x)**7*cos(c + d*x)/(128*d) + 385*b*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**3/(384*d) + 511*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**5/(384*d) + 93*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**7/(128*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c)**7, True))`

**3.403.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3072 (5 \sin(dx + c)^7 - 21 \sin(dx + c)^5 + 35 \sin(dx + c)^3 - 35 \sin(dx + c))a + 35 (128 \sin(2dx + 2c)^3 - 840 \sin(dx + c)^2 + 168 \sin(dx + c) - 168 \sin(4dx + 4c) - 768 \sin(2dx + 2c))b}{107520 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/107520*(3072*(5*sin(d*x + c)^7 - 21*sin(d*x + c)^5 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 35*sin(d*x + c))*a + 35*(128*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 840*d*x - 840*c - 3*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) - 168*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 768*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b)/d`**3.403.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{35}{128} bx + \frac{b \sin(8dx + 8c)}{1024 d} + \frac{a \sin(7dx + 7c)}{448 d} + \frac{b \sin(6dx + 6c)}{96 d} + \frac{7a \sin(5dx + 5c)}{320 d} + \frac{7b \sin(4dx + 4c)}{128 d} + \frac{7a \sin(3dx + 3c)}{64 d} + \frac{7b \sin(2dx + 2c)}{32 d} + \frac{35a \sin(dx + c)}{64 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `35/128*b*x + 1/1024*b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c)/d + 1/448*a*sin(7*d*x + 7*c)/d + 1/96*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 7/320*a*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 7/128*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 7/64*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 7/32*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 35/64*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.403.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{35bx}{128} + \left(2a - \frac{93b}{64}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{15} + \left(6a - \frac{91b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{13} + \left(\frac{106a}{5} - \frac{1799b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11} + \left(\frac{1026a}{35} + \frac{1085b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(\frac{1026a}{35} + \frac{1085b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{1026a}{35} + \frac{1085b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(\frac{1026a}{35} + \frac{1085b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{1026a}{35} + \frac{1085b}{192}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{35bx}{128}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^7*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(35*b*x)/128 + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a + (93*b)/64) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^15*(2*a - (93*b)/64) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(6*a + (91*b)/192) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^13*(6*a - (91*b)/192) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*((106*a)/5 + (1799*b)/192) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11*((106*a)/5 - (1799*b)/192) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((1026*a)/35 - (1085*b)/192) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*((1026*a)/35 + (1085*b)/192))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^8)`



### 3.404 $\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.404.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{5a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{5a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{a \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{b \sin^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3b \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{b \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 5/16*a*x+b*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/16*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/24*a*cos(d*x+c)^3
*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-b*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+3/5*b*sin(d
*x+c)^5/d-1/7*b*sin(d*x+c)^7/d
```

#### 3.404.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6720b \sin(c + dx) - 6720b \sin^3(c + dx) + 4032b \sin^5(c + dx) - 960b \sin^7(c + dx) + 35a(60c + 60dx + 45s}{6720d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^6*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(6720*b*Sin[c + d*x] - 6720*b*Sin[c + d*x]^3 + 4032*b*Sin[c + d*x]^5 - 960*b*Sin[c + d*x]^7 + 35*a*(60*c + 60*d*x + 45*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 9*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + Sin[6*(c + d*x)]))/(6720*d)`

### 3.404.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^6(c + dx) dx + b \int \cos^7(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx + b \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^7 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx - \\
 & \frac{b \int (-\sin^6(c + dx) + 3 \sin^4(c + dx) - 3 \sin^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a\left(\frac{5}{6} \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) - b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a\left(\frac{5}{6} \int \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) - b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{a\left(\frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) - b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a\left(\frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) - b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{a\left(\frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\int \frac{1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d}\right) - b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{a\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} + \frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right) - b\left(\frac{1}{7} \sin^7(c+dx) - \frac{3}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^6*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((b*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3 - (3*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/5 + Sin[c + d*x]^7/7))/d) + a*((Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) + (5*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4))/6`

## 3.404.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.404.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left( \frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(dx+c))}{5} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{7} + a \left( \frac{(\cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8}) \sin(dx+c)}{6} \right) \frac{1}{d}$
default	$\frac{b \left( \frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(dx+c))}{5} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{7} + a \left( \frac{(\cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8}) \sin(dx+c)}{6} \right) \frac{1}{d}$
parts	$a \left( \frac{(\cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8}) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) \frac{1}{d} + \frac{b \left( \frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(dx+c))}{5} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{7d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2100axd + 3675b \sin(dx+c) + 15b \sin(7dx+7c) + 35a \sin(6dx+6c) + 147b \sin(5dx+5c) + 315 \sin(4dx+4c)a + 735b \sin(3dx+3c)}{6720d}$
risch	$\frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{35b \sin(dx+c)}{64d} + \frac{b \sin(7dx+7c)}{448d} + \frac{a \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{7b \sin(5dx+5c)}{320d} + \frac{3a \sin(4dx+4c)}{64d} + \frac{7b \sin(3dx+3c)}{64d}$
norman	$\frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{35ax \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \frac{105ax \left( \tan^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \frac{175ax \left( \tan^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \frac{175ax \left( \tan^8 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \frac{105ax \left( \tan^{10} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \dots$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^6*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/7*b*(16/5+cos(d*x+c)^6+6/5*cos(d*x+c)^4+8/5*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)
)+a*(1/6*(cos(d*x+c)^5+5/4*cos(d*x+c)^3+15/8*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+5/16*d
*x+5/16*c))
```

### 3.404.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{525 adx + (240 b \cos(dx + c))^6 + 280 a \cos(dx + c)^5 + 288 b \cos(dx + c)^4 + 350 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 384 b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 525 a \cos(dx + c) + 768 b}{1680 d} \sin(dx + c)$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/1680*(525*a*d*x + (240*b*cos(d*x + c))^6 + 280*a*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 288*b*cos
os(d*x + c)^4 + 350*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 384*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 525*a*cos(d*
x + c) + 768*b)*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**3.404.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{5ax \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15ax \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{5ax \cos^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{5a \sin^5(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{16d} + 5a \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos^6(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**6*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((5*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*a*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d) + 16*b*sin(c + d*x)**7/(35*d) + 8*b*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + 2*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**6/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c)**6, True))`**3.404.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{35(4 \sin(2dx + 2c))^3 - 60dx - 60c - 9 \sin(4dx + 4c) - 48 \sin(2dx + 2c)a + 192(5 \sin(dx + c))^7}{6720d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6720*(35*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a + 192*(5*sin(d*x + c))^7 - 21*sin(d*x + c)^5 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 35*sin(d*x + c))*b)/d`

**3.404.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5}{16} ax + \frac{b \sin(7 dx + 7 c)}{448 d} + \frac{a \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{7 b \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{320 d} + \frac{3 a \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{7 b \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{64 d} + \frac{15 a \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{35 b \sin(dx + c)}{64 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `5/16*a*x + 1/448*b*sin(7*d*x + 7*c)/d + 1/192*a*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 7/320*b*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 3/64*a*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 7/64*b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 15/64*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 35/64*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.404.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5 a x}{16} + \frac{(2 b - \frac{11 a}{8}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2})^{13} + (4 b - \frac{7 a}{6}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2})^{11} + (\frac{86 b}{5} - \frac{85 a}{24}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2})^9 + \frac{424 b \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2})^7}{35}}{d \left( \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d x}{2})^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^6*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(5*a*x)/16 + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*((11*a)/8 + 2*b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*((7*a)/6 + 4*b) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11*((7*a)/6 - 4*b) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^13*((11*a)/8 - 2*b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*((85*a)/24 + (86*b)/5) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*((85*a)/24 - (86*b)/5) + (424*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7)/35)/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^7)`

### 3.405 $\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.405.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5bx}{16} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{5b \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{5b \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{b \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{2a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 5/16*b*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/16*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/24*b*cos(d*x+c)^3
*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*b*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a*s
in(d*x+c)^5/d
```

#### 3.405.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{960a \sin(c + dx) - 640a \sin^3(c + dx) + 192a \sin^5(c + dx) + 5b(60c + 60dx + 45 \sin(2(c + dx))) + 9 \sin(4(c + dx))}{960d}$$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(960*a*Sin[c + d*x] - 640*a*Sin[c + d*x]^3 + 192*a*Sin[c + d*x]^5 + 5*b*(60*c + 60*d*x + 45*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 9*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + Sin[6*(c + d*x)])/(960*d)`

### 3.405.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^5(c + dx) dx + b \int \cos^6(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + b \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & b \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx - \frac{a \int (\sin^4(c + dx) - 2 \sin^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & b \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& b \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& b \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& b \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^5(c+dx)}{6d} + \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + (2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Sin[c + d*x]^5/5))/d) + b*((Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) + (5*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4))/6)`

## 3.405.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.405.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
derivativedivides	$b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
default	$b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + \frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{300bxd+600a \sin(dx+c)+5b \sin(6dx+6c)+12a \sin(5dx+5c)+45 \sin(4dx+4c)b+100a \sin(3dx+3c)+225 \sin(2dx+2c)b}{960d}$
parts	$\frac{a \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{5bx}{16} + \frac{5a \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{b \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{a \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{3b \sin(4dx+4c)}{64d} + \frac{5a \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{15b \sin(2dx+2c)}{64d}$
norman	$\frac{5bx}{16} + \frac{15bx \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{8} + \frac{75bx \left( \tan^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \frac{25bx \left( \tan^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{4} + \frac{75bx \left( \tan^8 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16} + \frac{15bx \left( \tan^{10} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{8} + \frac{5bx \left( \tan^{12} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{16}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(b*(1/6*(cos(d*x+c)^5+5/4*cos(d*x+c)^3+15/8*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+5/16*d*x+5/16*c)+1/5*a*(8/3+cos(d*x+c)^4+4/3*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c))`

### 3.405.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^5(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{75 bdx + (40 b \cos(dx+c))^5 + 48 a \cos(dx+c)^4 + 50 b \cos(dx+c)^3 + 64 a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 75 b \cos(dx+c)}{240 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/240*(75*b*d*x + (40*b*cos(d*x + c))^5 + 48*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 50*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 64*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 75*b*cos(d*x + c) + 128*a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

3.405.  $\int \cos^5(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) dx$

**3.405.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{8a \sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} + \frac{4a \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{5bx \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15bx \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15bx \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos^5(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((8*a*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*b*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c)**5, True))`

**3.405.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{64(3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a - 5(4 \sin(2dx + 2c)^3 - 60dx - 60c - 9 \sin(4dx + 4c) - 48 \sin(2dx + 2c))b}{960d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/960*(64*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a - 5*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b)/d`

**3.405.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5}{16} bx + \frac{b \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{a \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{3 b \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{5 a \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{15 b \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{5 a \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `5/16*b*x + 1/192*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/80*a*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 3/64*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 5/48*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 15/64*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 5/8*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.405.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5 b x}{16} + \frac{8 a \sin(c + dx)}{15 d} + \frac{5 b \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16 d} + \frac{4 a \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{15 d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx)^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5 d} + \frac{5 b \cos(c + dx)^3 \sin(c + dx)}{24 d} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)^5 \sin(c + dx)}{6 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(5*b*x)/16 + (8*a*sin(c + d*x))/(15*d) + (5*b*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/(16*d) + (4*a*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(15*d) + (a*cos(c + d*x)^4*sin(c + d*x))/(5*d) + (5*b*cos(c + d*x)^3*sin(c + d*x))/(24*d) + (b*cos(c + d*x)^5*sin(c + d*x))/(6*d)`

### 3.406 $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.406.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3128
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#### 3.406.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} \\ + \frac{a \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} \\ - \frac{2b \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output  $3/8*a*x+b*\sin(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d-2/3*b*\sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*b*\sin(d*x+c)^5/d$

#### 3.406.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3a(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\ - \frac{2b \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} \\ + \frac{a \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d} + \frac{a \sin(4(c + dx))}{32d}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^4*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]),x]$

output  $(3*a*(c + d*x))/(8*d) + (b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/d - (2*b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d) + (a*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d) + (a*\text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)])/(32*d)$

### 3.406.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx + b \int \cos^5(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx + b \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{b \int (\sin^4(c + dx) - 2 \sin^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((b*(-Sin[c + d*x] + (2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Sin[c + d*x]^5/5))/d) + a*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)`

### 3.406.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^(n - 1)/2], x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.406.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{180axd+300b \sin(dx+c)+6b \sin(5dx+5c)+15 \sin(4dx+4c)a+50b \sin(3dx+3c)+120 \sin(2dx+2c)a}{480d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5} + a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{b \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5} + a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{b \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d}$
risch	$\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{5b \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{b \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{a \sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{5b \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d} + \frac{a \sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{15ax \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8} + \frac{15ax \left( \tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4} + \frac{15ax \left( \tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4} + \frac{15ax \left( \tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8} + \frac{3ax \left( \tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8} + \frac{116b}{8}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/480*(180*a*x*d+300*b*sin(d*x+c)+6*b*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+15*sin(4*d*x+4*c)*a+50*b*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+120*sin(2*d*x+2*c)*a)/d`

**3.406.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 adx + (24b \cos(dx + c)^4 + 30a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 32b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 45a \cos(dx + c) + 64b) \sin(dx + c)}{120d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/120*(45*a*d*x + (24*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*a*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*a*cos(d*x + c) + 64*b)*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.406.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3ax \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3ax \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{5a \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{8b \sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos^4(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((3*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*a*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 8*b*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c)**4, True))`

**3.406.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c)) + 8\sin(2dx + 2c)a + 32(3\sin(dx + c)^5 - 10\sin(dx + c)^3 + 15\sin(dx + c))b}{480d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/480*(15*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a + 32*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*b/d`**3.406.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3}{8}ax + \frac{b \sin(5dx + 5c)}{80d}$$

$$+ \frac{a \sin(4dx + 4c)}{32d} + \frac{5b \sin(3dx + 3c)}{48d}$$

$$+ \frac{a \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{5b \sin(dx + c)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/8*a*x + 1/80*b*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/32*a*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 5/48*b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 5/8*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.406.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3ax}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{(2b - \frac{5a}{4}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^9 + (\frac{8b}{3} - \frac{a}{2}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^7 + \frac{116b \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^5}{15} + (\frac{a}{2} + \frac{8b}{3}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^3 + (\frac{5a}{4} + \frac{b}{2}) \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{d \left( \tan(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})^2 + 1 \right)^5}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output  $(3*a*x)/8 + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*((5*a)/4 + 2*b) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(a/2 + (8*b)/3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*((5*a)/4 - 2*b) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(a/2 - (8*b)/3) + (116*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15)/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^5)$

### 3.407 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.407.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3135
3.407.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3135
3.407.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3136
3.407.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3138
3.407.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3138
3.407.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3139
3.407.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3139
3.407.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3140
3.407.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3140

#### 3.407.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3b \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} \\ + \frac{b \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `3/8*b*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/8*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.407.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3b(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{a \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} \\ + \frac{b \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d} + \frac{b \sin(4(c + dx))}{32d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(3*b*(c + d*x))/(8*d) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (a*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (b*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d) + (b*Sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(32*d)`

**3.407.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx + b \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + b \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & b \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{a \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & b \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & b\left(\frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b\left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & b\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{a \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + b*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)`

### 3.407.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^(n - 1)/2], x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



### 3.407.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{36bx d + 72a \sin(dx+c) + 3 \sin(4dx+4c)b + 8a \sin(3dx+3c) + 24 \sin(2dx+2c)b}{96d}$
derivativedivides	$b \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}$
default	$\frac{b \left( \left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c) + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}$
parts	$\frac{a(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{b \left( \left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c) + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{b \sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{a \sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{b \sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3bx \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{2} + \frac{9bx \left( \tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{4} + \frac{3bx \left( \tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{2} + \frac{3bx \left( \tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{8} + \frac{(8a-5b) \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{4d} + \frac{(8a+5b)}{(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^4}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/96*(36*b*x*d+72*a*sin(d*x+c)+3*sin(4*d*x+4*c)*b+8*a*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+24*sin(2*d*x+2*c)*b)/d`

### 3.407.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{9bdx + (6b \cos(dx+c))^3 + 8a \cos(dx+c)^2 + 9b \cos(dx+c) + 16a \sin(dx+c)}{24d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*(9*b*d*x + (6*b*cos(d*x + c))^3 + 8*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 9*b*cos(d*x + c) + 16*a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.407.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2a \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3bx \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3bx \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3bx \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3b \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos^3(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c)**3, True))`

**3.407.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{32 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a - 3(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8 \sin(2dx + 2c))b}{96d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(32*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a - 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b)/d`

**3.407.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3}{8}bx + \frac{b \sin(4dx + 4c)}{32d} + \frac{a \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12d} + \frac{b \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{3a \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/8*b*x + 1/32*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/12*a*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3/4*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.407.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{3b \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)^3 \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(3*b*x)/8 + (2*a*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (3*b*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/(8*d) + (a*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (b*cos(c + d*x)^3*sin(c + d*x))/(4*d)`

### 3.408 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.408.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3141
3.408.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3142
3.408.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3144
3.408.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3144
3.408.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3145
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3.408.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3145
3.408.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3146

#### 3.408.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{b \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*a*x+b*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*b*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.408.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{b \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (b*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (b*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (a*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d)`

**3.408.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + b \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + b \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{b \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & a\left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right) - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $a*(x/2 + (\cos[c + d*x]*\sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (b*(-\sin[c + d*x] + \sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d$

### 3.408.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{((n - 1)/2)}, x], x], x, \cos[c + d*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[(n - 1)/2, 0]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\cos[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)/(d*n)}), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

**3.408.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{6axd+b\sin(3dx+3c)+3\sin(2dx+2c)a+9b\sin(dx+c)}{12d}$
risch	$\frac{ax}{2} + \frac{3b\sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{b\sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{a\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{b(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
default	$\frac{b(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
parts	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{b(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
norman	$\frac{(a+2b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{3ax(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{2} + \frac{3ax(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{2} + \frac{ax(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{2} + \frac{4b(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{3d} - \frac{(a-2b)(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}{d}}{(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^3}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/12*(6*a*x*d+b*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+3*sin(2*d*x+2*c)*a+9*b*sin(d*x+c))/d`**3.408.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{3adx + (2b\cos(dx+c))^2 + 3a\cos(dx+c) + 4b\sin(dx+c)}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x,algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(3*a*d*x + (2*b*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 3*a*cos(d*x + c) + 4*b)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.408.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{ax \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2b \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos^2(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 2*b*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c)**2, True))`**3.408.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a - 4(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))b}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a - 4*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*b)/d`**3.408.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{2}ax + \frac{b \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12d} + \frac{a \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{3b \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*x + 1/12*b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3/4*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### 3.408.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(a*x)/2 + (2*b*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (a*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (b*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d)`

### 3.409 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.409.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3147
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3.409.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3150
3.409.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3151

#### 3.409.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*b*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.409.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) + b(2(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(4*a*Sin[c + d*x] + b*(2*(c + d*x) + Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d)`

**3.409.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3213}$$

$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{bx}{2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(b*x)/2 + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (b*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

**3.409.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

**3.409.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b \sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$	32
parallelrisc	$\frac{2bxd+\sin(2dx+2c)b+4a \sin(dx+c)}{4d}$	32
derivativdivides	$\frac{b\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2} \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	38
default	$\frac{b\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2} \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	38
parts	$\frac{b\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2} \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	40
norman	$\frac{bx\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{(2a-b)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{(2a+b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{bx}{2} + \frac{bx\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$	91

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*b*x+a*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b/d*sin(2*d*x+2*c)`**3.409.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{bdx + (b \cos(dx+c) + 2a) \sin(dx+c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(b*d*x + (b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.409.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bx \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{bx \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \cos(c)) \cos(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*sin(c + d*x)/d + b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + b*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))*cos(c), True))`

**3.409.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))b + 4 a \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b + 4*a*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.409.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} bx + \frac{b \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{a \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b*x + 1/4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + a*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.409.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{bx}{2} + \frac{b \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(b*x)/2 + (b*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (a*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.410 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.410.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `a*x+b*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.410.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{b \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*Cos[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (b*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (b*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d`

### 3.410.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[a + b*Cos[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (b*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

#### 3.410.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### 3.410.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
risch	$ax + \frac{b \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
parallelrisch	$ax + \frac{b \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
parts	$ax + \frac{b \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	16
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(dx+c)+b \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	21
norman	$\frac{ax+ax \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}}{1+\tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}$	50



input `int(a+cos(d*x+c)*b,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*sin(d*x+c)/d`

### 3.410.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{adx + b \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+b*cos(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*d*x + b*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.410.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x \cos(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*cos(d*x+c),x)`

output `a*x + b*Piecewise((sin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*cos(c), True))`

### 3.410.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+b*cos(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + b*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.410.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+b*cos(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + b*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.410.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{b \sin(c + dx) + a dx}{d}$$

input `int(a + b*cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `(b*sin(c + d*x) + a*d*x)/d`

### 3.411 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

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3.411.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3160

#### 3.411.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = bx + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

output `b*x+a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d`

#### 3.411.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = bx + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*x + (a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d`

**3.411.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$a \int \sec(c + dx) dx + bx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + bx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + bx$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*x + (a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d`

**3.411.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.411.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+b(dx+c)}{d}$	29
default	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+b(dx+c)}{d}$	29
parts	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{b(dx+c)}{d}$	31
parallelrisch	$\frac{bx d - a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{d}$	39
risch	$bx + \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$	42
norman	$\frac{bx+bx\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)} + \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{d} - \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{d}$	71

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+b*(d*x+c))
```

### 3.411.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 36 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 b dx + a \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1)}{2 d}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(2*b*d*x + a*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1))/d
```

**3.411.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = a \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x \tan(c) \sec(c)}{\tan(c) + \sec(c)} + \frac{x \sec^2(c)}{\tan(c) + \sec(c)} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\tan(c + dx) + \sec(c + dx))}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + bx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `a*Piecewise((x*tan(c)*sec(c)/(tan(c) + sec(c)) + x*sec(c)**2/(tan(c) + sec(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (log(tan(c + d*x) + sec(c + d*x))/d, True)) + b*x`

**3.411.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{(dx + c)b + a \log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((d*x + c)*b + a*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.411.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 43 vs.  $2(16) = 32$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \frac{(dx + c)b + a \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|) - a \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((d*x + c)*b + a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)))/d`

**3.411.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)`output `(2*a*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (2*b*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`

### 3.412 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.412.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.412.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/d`



**3.412.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + b \int \sec(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{a \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{\text{barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

## 3.412.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

## 3.412.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\tan(dx+c)a+b \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$	30
default	$\frac{\tan(dx+c)a+b \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$	30
parts	$\frac{a \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$	32
risch	$\frac{2ia}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)b}{d} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)b}{d}$	59
parallelrisch	$\frac{-b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right) \cos(dx+c)+b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) \cos(dx+c)+a \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)}$	63
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2a \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)} + \frac{b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{d} - \frac{b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{d}$	101

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(tan(d*x+c)*a+b*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))`

### 3.412.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - b \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2a \sin(dx + c)}{2d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*a*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.412.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### 3.412.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 2a \tan(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(b*(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 2*a*\tan(dx + c))/d$

### 3.412.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 63 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - b \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(b*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - b*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))) - 2*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))/d$

### 3.412.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 b \operatorname{atanh} \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{2 a \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output  $(2*b*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (2*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 1))$

### 3.413 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.413.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+b*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.413.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (b*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

**3.413.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + b \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + b \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{b \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(b*Tan[c + d*x])/d + a*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))`

### 3.413.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.413.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) + \tan(dx+c)b}{d}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) + \tan(dx+c)b}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{b\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-a(1+\cos(2dx+2c))\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right) + a(1+\cos(2dx+2c))\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) + 2a\sin(dx+c) + 2\sin(2dx+2c)b}{2d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
risc	$-\frac{i(ae^{3i(dx+c)} - 2be^{2i(dx+c)} - ae^{i(dx+c)} - 2b)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} + \frac{a\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} - \frac{a\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d}$
norman	$\frac{(a-2b)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{(a+2b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{a\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{2d} + \frac{a\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{2d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+tan(d*x+c)*b)`

### 3.413.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(2b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sin(dx + c)}{4d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/4*(a*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`



**3.413.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**3.413.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) + \log(\sin(dx+c)-1) \right) - 4b \tan(dx+c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(a*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 4*b*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.413.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 105 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - a \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) + \frac{2 \left( a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 2b \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2/d$

### 3.413.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{(a - 2b) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + (a + 2b) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output  $(a*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(a - 2*b) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + 2*b))/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1))$

### 3.414 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.414.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*b*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.414.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{b \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (b*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a*(Tan[c + d*x] + Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

**3.414.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx + b \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + b \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & b \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{a \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & b \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{a(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (a*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

### 3.414.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.414.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)+b\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)+b\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}+\frac{b\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3be^{5i(dx+c)}-12ae^{2i(dx+c)}-3be^{i(dx+c)}-4a)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^3}+\frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)b}{2d}-\frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)b}{2d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-9b\left(\frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3}+\cos(dx+c)\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)+9b\left(\frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3}+\cos(dx+c)\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)+6\sin(2dx+2c)}{6d(\cos(3dx+3c)+3\cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{(2a-3b)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d}-\frac{(2a-b)\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}-\frac{(2a+b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}-\frac{(2a+3b)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^3}-\frac{b\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{2d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+b*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))`

### 3.414.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3b \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3b \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(4a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3b \cos(dx + c) + 2a) \sin(dx + c)}{12d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(4*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.414.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)`

**3.414.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a - 3b \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{12d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(4*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a - 3*b*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`

**3.414.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3b \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 3b \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 6a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 3b \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 4a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)^2}{6d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(3*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(6*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)/d`

### 3.414.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{(2a - b) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{4a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3}{3} + (2a + b) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `(b*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(2*a - b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a + b) - (4*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3)/3)/(d*(3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))`



### 3.415 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.415.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{b \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `3/8*a*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+b*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*b*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.415.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{9a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (9a \sec(c + dx) + 6a \sec^3(c + dx) + 8b(3 + \tan^2(c + dx)))}{24d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(9*a*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(9*a*Sec[c + d*x] + 6*a*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 8*b*(3 + Tan[c + d*x]^2)))/(24*d)`

**3.415.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^5(c+dx) dx + b \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + b \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx - \frac{b \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx - \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & a\left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a\left(\frac{3}{4} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & a \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `-((b*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + a*((Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)`

### 3.415.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.415.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - b \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - b \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} - \frac{b \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{i(9a e^{7i(dx+c)} + 33a e^{5i(dx+c)} - 48b e^{4i(dx+c)} - 33a e^{3i(dx+c)} - 64b e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9a e^{i(dx+c)} - 16b)}{12d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4} - \frac{3a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{8d}$
parallelrisch	$-18 \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 18 \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) + \frac{12d(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4 \cos(2dx+2c) + 3)}{12d(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4 \cos(2dx+2c) + 3)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{3a \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{2d} + \frac{2(3a-2b) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(3a+2b) \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{(5a-8b) \left( \tan^9 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{4d} + \frac{(8b+5a) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{4d}}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right)^4} -$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-b*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))`

**3.415.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{9 a \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 9 a \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(16 b \cos(dx + c)^3 + 9 a \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8 b \cos(dx + c) + 6 a) \sin(dx + c)}{48 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/48*(9*a*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 9*a*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(16*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 9*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*b*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`**3.415.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**5, x)`**3.415.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))b - 3a \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{48 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/48*(16*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*b - 3*a*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`

**3.415.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{9a \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 9a \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{2\left(15a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 - 24b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 9a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 24b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 9a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 24b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 15a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 24b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}{24d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(9*a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 9*a*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(15*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 24*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 9*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 40*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 40*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 24*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4/d`

**3.415.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{5a}{4} - 2b\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{3a}{4} + \frac{10b}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(\frac{3a}{4} - \frac{10b}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{5a}{4} + 2b\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{3a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4d}}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*((5*a)/4 + 2*b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((5*a)/4 - 2*b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*((3*a)/4 - (10*b)/3) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*((3*a)/4 + (10*b)/3))/(d*(6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1)) + (3*a*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(4*d)`

### 3.416 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.416.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3b \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{2a \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `3/8*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/8*b*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+2/3*a*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*a*tan(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.416.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{3b \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) + \frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(3*b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(8*d) + (3*b*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (b*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (a*(Tan[c + d*x] + (2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/3 + Tan[c + d*x]^5/5))/d`

### 3.416.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & a \int \sec^6(c + dx) dx + b \int \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx + b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx - \frac{a \int (\tan^4(c + dx) + 2 \tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx - \frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{a \left( -\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `-((a*(-Tan[c + d*x] - (2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Tan[c + d*x]^5/5))/d) + b*((Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)`

## 3.416.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

## 3.416.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$-a \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c) + b \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)$
default	$-a \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c) + b \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{i(45b e^{9i(dx+c)} + 210b e^{7i(dx+c)} - 640a e^{4i(dx+c)} - 210b e^{3i(dx+c)} - 320a e^{2i(dx+c)} - 45b e^{i(dx+c)} - 64a)}{60d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^5} - \frac{3\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + \tan(dx+c))}{8d}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{225b \left( \frac{\cos(5dx+5c)}{10} + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{2} + \cos(dx+c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 225b \left( \frac{\cos(5dx+5c)}{10} + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{2} + \cos(dx+c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right)}{60d(\cos(5dx+5c) + 5\cos(3dx+3c) + 5\cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$\frac{(8a-9b) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{12d} - \frac{(8a-5b) \left( \tan^{11} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{4d} - \frac{(8a+5b) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{4d} + \frac{(8a+9b) \left( \tan^9 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{12d} - \frac{(152a-15b) \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{30d}$ $\frac{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right)^5}{240d \cos(dx+c)^5}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+b*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))`

### 3.416.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 b \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 45 b \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(64 a \cos(dx + c)^4 + 24 a \cos(dx + c)^3 + 30 b \cos(dx + c) + 24 a \sin(dx + c))}{240 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/240*(45*b*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 45*b*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(64*a*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 45*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 30*b*cos(d*x + c) + 24*a)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`

**3.416.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**6, x)`

**3.416.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 (3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a - 15b \left( \frac{2 (3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx+c) - 1) \right)}{240d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/240*(16*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a - 15*b*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`

**3.416.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45b \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 45b \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 120a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^9 - 75b \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^9 - \dots \right)}{\dots}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{120}*(45*b*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 45*b*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))) - 2*(120*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 75*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 160*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 30*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 464*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 160*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 30*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 120*a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 75*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5/d$

### 3.416.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} - \frac{\left(2a - \frac{5b}{4}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(\frac{b}{2} - \frac{8a}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \frac{116a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5}{15} + \left(-\frac{8a}{3} - \frac{b}{2}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + (2a + \frac{5b}{4}) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} - 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output  $\frac{3*b*\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))}{4*d} - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a + (5*b)/4) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*((8*a)/3 + b/2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(2*a - (5*b)/4) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((8*a)/3 - b/2) + (116*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5)/15)/(d*(5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} - 1))$

### 3.417 $\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.417.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{16}(6a^2 + 5b^2)x + \frac{2ab \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{b^2 \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{4ab \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2ab \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `1/16*(6*a^2+5*b^2)*x+2*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/16*(6*a^2+5*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/24*(6*a^2+5*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-4/3*a*b*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+2/5*a*b*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

**3.417.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1920ab \sin(c + dx) - 1280ab \sin^3(c + dx) + 384ab \sin^5(c + dx) + 5(72a^2c + 60b^2c + 72a^2dx + 60b^2dx + (48a^2 + 45b^2)\sin[2(c + dx)] + (6a^2 + 9b^2)\sin[4(c + dx)] + b^2\sin[6(c + dx)])}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(1920*a*b*\sin[c + d*x] - 1280*a*b*\sin[c + d*x]^3 + 384*a*b*\sin[c + d*x]^5 + 5*(72*a^2*c + 60*b^2*c + 72*a^2*d*x + 60*b^2*d*x + (48*a^2 + 45*b^2)*\sin[2*(c + d*x)] + (6*a^2 + 9*b^2)*\sin[4*(c + d*x)] + b^2*\sin[6*(c + d*x)])/(960*d)$

**3.417.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3268}$$

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3113}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx - 2ab \int (\sin^4(c + dx) - 2 \sin^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx - 2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a^2 + 5b^2) \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right) + b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right) + b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right) + b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right) + b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}\right) - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right) + b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left(\frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{5} \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx)\right) + b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d}
\end{aligned}$$



input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) - (2*a*b*(-Sin[c + d*x] + (2*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Sin[c + d*x]^5/5))/d + ((6*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x]))/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)/6`

### 3.417.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.417.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
parallelrisch	$(240a^2+225b^2) \sin(2dx+2c)+(30a^2+45b^2) \sin(4dx+4c)+200ab \sin(3dx+3c)+24ab \sin(5dx+5c)+5b^2 \sin(6dx+6c)+120a^2b \sin(dx+c)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{2ab \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c}}{5} + b^2 \left( \frac{\cos^5(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{2ab \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c}}{5} + b^2 \left( \frac{\cos^5(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{(\cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8}) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{3a^2x}{8} + \frac{5b^2x}{16} + \frac{5ab \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{ab \sin(5dx+5c)}{40d} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)a^2}{32d} + \frac{3 \sin(4dx+4c)b^2}{64d} + \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)a^2}{16d}$
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + \frac{5b^2}{16}\right)x + \left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + \frac{5b^2}{16}\right)x \left(\tan^{12}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(\frac{9a^2}{4} + \frac{15b^2}{8}\right)x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(\frac{9a^2}{4} + \frac{15b^2}{8}\right)x \left(\tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \dots}{240d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/960*((240*a^2+225*b^2)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(30*a^2+45*b^2)*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+200*a*b*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+24*a*b*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+5*b^2*sin(6*d*x+6*c)+1200*a*b*sin(d*x+c)+360*d*x*(a^2+5/6*b^2))/d`

### 3.417.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{15(6a^2 + 5b^2)dx + (40b^2 \cos(dx + c))^5 + 96ab \cos(dx + c)^4 + 128ab \cos(dx + c)^2 + 10(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(dx + c)}{240d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $\frac{1}{240}(15(6a^2 + 5b^2)dx + (40b^2\cos(dx + c)^5 + 96ab\cos(dx + c)^4 + 128ab\cos(dx + c)^2 + 10(6a^2 + 5b^2)\cos(dx + c)^3 + 256a^2b + 15(6a^2 + 5b^2)\cos(dx + c))\sin(dx + c))/d$

### 3.417.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs.  $2(141) = 282$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^2x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a^2x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3a^2x \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3a^2 \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{8d} + 1 \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^2 \cos^4(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x))/(8*d) + 5*a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 16*a*b*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 8*a*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 2*a*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**2*cos(c)**4, True))`

### 3.417.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{30(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(2dx + 2c))a^2 + 128(3\sin(dx + c)^5 - 10\sin(dx + c)^3 + 15\sin(dx + c))b^2}{960d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/960*(30*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2 + 12*8*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*\sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\sin(d*x + c))*a*b - 5*(4*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^2)/d$

### 3.417.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{16} (6a^2 + 5b^2)x + \frac{b^2 \sin(6dx + 6c)}{192d} + \frac{ab \sin(5dx + 5c)}{40d} + \frac{5ab \sin(3dx + 3c)}{24d} + \frac{5ab \sin(dx + c)}{4d} + \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(4dx + 4c)}{64d} + \frac{(16a^2 + 15b^2) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{64d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/16*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2)*x + 1/192*b^2*\sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/40*a*b*\sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 5/24*a*b*\sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 5/4*a*b*\sin(d*x + c)/d + 1/64*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/64*(16*a^2 + 15*b^2)*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d$

### 3.417.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2x}{8} + \frac{5b^2x}{16} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(4c + 4dx)}{32d} + \frac{15b^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{64d} + \frac{3b^2 \sin(4c + 4dx)}{64d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(6c + 6dx)}{192d} + \frac{5ab \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{5ab \sin(3c + 3dx)}{24d} + \frac{ab \sin(5c + 5dx)}{40d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output  $(3*a^2*x)/8 + (5*b^2*x)/16 + (a^2*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (a^2*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(32*d) + (15*b^2*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(64*d) + (3*b^2*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(64*d) + (b^2*\sin(6*c + 6*d*x))/(192*d) + (5*a*b*\sin(c + d*x))/(4*d) + (5*a*b*\sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(24*d) + (a*b*\sin(5*c + 5*d*x))/(40*d)$

### 3.418 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.418.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3abx}{4} + \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3ab \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{ab \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `3/4*a*b*x+(a^2+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/4*a*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*(a^2+2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*b^2*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### 3.418.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{240(a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx) - 80(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin^3(c + dx) + 48b^2 \sin^5(c + dx) + 15ab(12(c + dx) + 8 \sin(2(c + dx)))}{240d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(240*(a^2 + b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] - 80*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3 + 48*b^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^5 + 15*a*b*(12*(c + d*x) + 8*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + \text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)])]/(240*d)$

### 3.418.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \cos^3(c + dx)(a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
 & \quad 2ab \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
 & \quad 2ab \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 24 \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3492 \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \\
& \frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) (a^2 + b^2 - b^2 \sin^2(c + dx)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 290 \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \\
& \frac{\int \left( b^2 \sin^4(c + dx) - (a^2 + 2b^2) \sin^2(c + dx) + a^2 \left( \frac{b^2}{a^2} + 1 \right) \right) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin^3(c + dx) - (a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx) - \frac{1}{5}b^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{d}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-(((a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x]) + ((a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - (b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/5)/d + 2*a*b*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)`



## 3.418.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 294 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 290 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

**3.418.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + 2ab \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right) + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right)}{5}$
default	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + 2ab \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right) + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{2ab \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{180abxd + 180a^2 \sin(dx+c) + 150 \sin(dx+c)b^2 + 3b^2 \sin(5dx+5c) + 15ab \sin(4dx+4c) + 20a^2 \sin(3dx+3c) + 25b^2 \sin(3dx+3c)}{240d}$
risch	$\frac{3abx}{4} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{5b^2 \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{ab \sin(4dx+4c)}{16d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(3dx+3c)}{12d} + \frac{5 \sin(3dx+3c)}{48d}$
norman	$\frac{3abx}{4} + \frac{4(25a^2+29b^2)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{15d} + \frac{(4a^2-5ab+4b^2)\left(\tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d} + \frac{(4a^2+5ab+4b^2)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2d} + \frac{(16a^2-3ab+8b^2)\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(1/3*a^2*(2+cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)+2*a*b*(1/4*(cos(d*x+c)^3+3/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+3/8*d*x+3/8*c)+1/5*b^2*(8/3+cos(d*x+c)^4+4/3*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c))`**3.418.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{45 abdx + (12 b^2 \cos(dx+c))^4 + 30 ab \cos(dx+c)^3 + 45 ab \cos(dx+c) + 4(5a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4a^3}{60d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.418.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$

output  $1/60*(45*a*b*d*x + (12*b^2*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*a*b*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 45*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + 4*(5*a^2 + 4*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 40*a^2 + 32*b^2)*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.418.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs.  $2(104) = 208$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3abx \sin^4(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3abx \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3abx \cos^4(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3ab \sin^3(c+dx)}{4d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^2 \cos^3(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/4 + 3*a*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/4 + 3*a*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 5*a*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(4*d) + 8*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**2*cos(c)**3, True))`

### 3.418.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{80 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^2 - 15(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8 \sin(2dx + 2c))ab - 16}{240d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/240*(80*(\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*\sin(d*x + c))*a^2 - 15*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b - 16*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*\sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\sin(d*x + c))*b^2)/d$

---

3.418.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

**3.418.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3}{4} abx + \frac{b^2 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{ab \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{16 d} + \frac{ab \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{2 d} + \frac{(4 a^2 + 5 b^2) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{(6 a^2 + 5 b^2) \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*a*b*x + 1/80*b^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/16*a*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/2*a*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/48*(4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/8*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.418.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3 a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{4 d} + \frac{5 b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{8 d} + \frac{3 a b x}{4} + \frac{a^2 \sin(3 c + 3 d x)}{12 d} + \frac{5 b^2 \sin(3 c + 3 d x)}{48 d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(5 c + 5 d x)}{80 d} + \frac{a b \sin(2 c + 2 d x)}{2 d} + \frac{a b \sin(4 c + 4 d x)}{16 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(3*a^2*sin(c + d*x))/(4*d) + (5*b^2*sin(c + d*x))/(8*d) + (3*a*b*x)/4 + (a^2*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(12*d) + (5*b^2*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(48*d) + (b^2*sin(5*c + 5*d*x))/(80*d) + (a*b*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(2*d) + (a*b*sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(16*d)`

### 3.419 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.419.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3206
3.419.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3206
3.419.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3207
3.419.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3209
3.419.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3210
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3.419.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3211
3.419.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3211
3.419.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3212

#### 3.419.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}(4a^2 + 3b^2)x + \frac{2ab \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{(4a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b^2 \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{2ab \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $1/8*(4*a^2+3*b^2)*x+2*a*b*\sin(d*x+c)/d+1/8*(4*a^2+3*b^2)*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b^2*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d-2/3*a*b*\sin(d*x+c)^3/d$

#### 3.419.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{48a^2c + 36b^2c + 48a^2dx + 36b^2dx + 192ab \sin(c + dx) - 64ab \sin^3(c + dx) + 24(a^2 + b^2) \sin(2(c + dx))}{96d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(48*a^2*c + 36*b^2*c + 48*a^2*d*x + 36*b^2*d*x + 192*a*b*\sin[c + d*x] - 64*a*b*\sin[c + d*x]^3 + 24*(a^2 + b^2)*\sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 3*b^2*\sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(96*d)$

**3.419.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \cos^2(c+dx)(a^2+b^2\cos^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx - \frac{2ab \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx - \frac{2ab\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(4a^2+3b^2) \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx - \frac{2ab\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(4a^2+3b^2) \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{2ab\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(4a^2 + 3b^2) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{2ab(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{1}{4}(4a^2 + 3b^2) \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{2ab(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4 - (2*a*b*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

### 3.419.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.419.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{24(a^2+b^2) \sin(2dx+2c)+16ab \sin(3dx+3c)+3 \sin(4dx+4c)b^2+144ab \sin(dx+c)+48d\left(a^2+\frac{3b^2}{4}\right)x}{96d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\frac{2ab(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3}+b^2\left(\frac{(\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2}))\sin(dx+c)}{4}+\frac{3dx}{8}+\frac{3c}{8}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\frac{2ab(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3}+b^2\left(\frac{(\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2}))\sin(dx+c)}{4}+\frac{3dx}{8}+\frac{3c}{8}\right)}{d}$
risc	$\frac{a^2x}{2} + \frac{3b^2x}{8} + \frac{3ab \sin(dx+c)}{2d} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)b^2}{32d} + \frac{ab \sin(3dx+3c)}{6d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)a^2}{4d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)b^2}{4d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2\left(\frac{(\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2}))\sin(dx+c)}{4}+\frac{3dx}{8}+\frac{3c}{8}\right)}{d} + \frac{2ab(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2}{2}+\frac{3b^2}{8}\right)x+\left(2a^2+\frac{3b^2}{2}\right)x\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(2a^2+\frac{3b^2}{2}\right)x\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(3a^2+\frac{9b^2}{4}\right)x\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\frac{a^2}{2}+\frac{3b^2}{8}\right)x}{d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/96*(24*(a^2+b^2)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+16*a*b*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+3*sin(4*d*x+4*c)*b^2+144*a*b*sin(d*x+c)+48*d*(a^2+3/4*b^2)*x)/d`

---

3.419.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$



**3.419.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(4a^2 + 3b^2)dx + (6b^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 16ab \cos(dx + c)^2 + 32ab + 3(4a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(dx + c)) \sin(dx + c)}{24d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/24*(3*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*d*x + (6*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 16*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 32*a*b + 3*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.419.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{4ab \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3b^2 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^2 \cos^2(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 4*a*b*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 2*a*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**2*cos(c)**2, True))`

**3.419.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{24(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^2 - 64(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))ab + 3(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(2dx + 2c))b^2}{96d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/96*(24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2 - 64*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a*b + 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^2)/d`**3.419.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}(4a^2 + 3b^2)x + \frac{b^2 \sin(4dx + 4c)}{32d}$$

$$+ \frac{ab \sin(3dx + 3c)}{6d} + \frac{3ab \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*x + 1/32*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/6*a*b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3/2*a*b*sin(d*x + c)/d + 1/4*(a^2 + b^2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d`

**3.419.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x}{2} + \frac{3 b^2 x}{8} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(4c + 4dx)}{32d} + \frac{3ab \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{ab \sin(3c + 3dx)}{6d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(a^2*x)/2 + (3*b^2*x)/8 + (a^2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (b^2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (b^2*sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(32*d) + (3*a*b*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (a*b*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(6*d)`

### 3.420 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.420.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3213
3.420.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3213
3.420.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3214
3.420.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3215
3.420.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3216
3.420.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3216
3.420.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3217
3.420.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3217
3.420.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3217

#### 3.420.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = abx + \frac{2(a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{ab \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output a*b*x+2/3*(a^2+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.420.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3(4a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx) + b(12a(c + dx) + 6a \sin(2(c + dx)) + b \sin(3(c + dx)))}{12d}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

```
output (3*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + b*(12*a*(c + d*x) + 6*a*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + b*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(12*d)
```

**3.420.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int 2(b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int (b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \left(b + a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3213} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{ab \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3abx}{2} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (2*((3*a*b*x)/2 + ((a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a*b*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/3`

3.420.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m/(f*(m + 1))))], x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

3.420.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{12abxd+b^2 \sin(3dx+3c)+6ab \sin(2dx+2c)+12a^2 \sin(dx+c)+9 \sin(dx+c)b^2}{12d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)+2ab \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \frac{b^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)+2ab \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \frac{b^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}}{d}$
risch	$abx + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3b^2 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c)b^2}{12d} + \frac{ab \sin(2dx+2c)}{2d}$
parts	$\frac{b^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2ab \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{abx+abx \left( \tan^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{4(3a^2+b^2) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(a^2-ab+b^2) \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} + \frac{2(a^2+ab+b^2) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + 3abx \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{\left( 1+\tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^3}$

3.420.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*(12*a*b*x*d+b^2*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+6*a*b*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+12*a^2*sin(d*x+c)+9*sin(d*x+c)*b^2)/d`

### 3.420.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3abdx + (b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3ab\cos(dx+c) + 3a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*a*b*d*x + (b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.420.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + abx \sin^2(c+dx) + abx \cos^2(c+dx) + \frac{ab \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} \\ x(a+b\cos(c))^2 \cos(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*sin(c + d*x)/d + a*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2 + a*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**2 + a*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/d + 2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**2*cos(c), True))`

**3.420.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))ab - 2(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))b^2 + 6a^2\sin(dx + c)}{6d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b - 2*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*b^2 + 6*a^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.420.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = abx + \frac{b^2 \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12d} + \frac{ab \sin(2dx + 2c)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{(4a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*b*x + 1/12*b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/2*a*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/4*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.420.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

$$+ abx + \frac{b^2 \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{ab \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$



input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*sin(c + d*x))/d + (2*b^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + a*b*x + (b^2*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (a*b*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.421 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.421.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3219
3.421.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3219
3.421.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3220
3.421.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3221
3.421.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3221
3.421.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3222
3.421.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3222
3.421.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3222
3.421.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3223

#### 3.421.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}(2a^2 + b^2) x + \frac{2ab \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*(2*a^2+b^2)*x+2*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.421.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)(c + dx) + 8ab \sin(c + dx) + b^2 \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) + 8*a*b*Sin[c + d*x] + b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d)`

**3.421.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {3042, 3123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3123}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x(2a^2 + b^2) + \frac{2ab \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((2*a^2 + b^2)*x)/2 + (2*a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (b^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

**3.421.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3123 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a^2 + b^2)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[2*a*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/d), x] - Simp[b^2*Cos[c + d*x]*(Sin[c + d*x]/(2*d)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

**3.421.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
risch	$a^2 x + \frac{b^2 x}{2} + \frac{2ab \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)b^2}{4d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\sin(2dx+2c)b^2 + 8ab \sin(dx+c) + 4d \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2}\right) x}{4d}$
parts	$a^2 x + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2ab \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2ab \sin(dx+c) + a^2(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2ab \sin(dx+c) + a^2(dx+c)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{\left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2}\right) x + \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2}\right) x \left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (2a^2 + b^2) x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{b(4a-b) \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{b(4a+b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2*x+1/2*b^2*x+2*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4/d*sin(2*d*x+2*c)*b^2`**3.421.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{(2a^2 + b^2)dx + (b^2 \cos(dx + c) + 4ab) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*((2*a^2 + b^2)*d*x + (b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 4*a*b)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.421.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \begin{cases} a^2x + \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{b^2x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 2*a*b*sin(c + d*x)/d + b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**2, True))`**3.421.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))b^2}{4d} + \frac{2ab \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*x + 1/4*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^2/d + 2*a*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.421.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} (2a^2 + b^2)x + \frac{b^2 \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{2ab \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*x + 1/4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 2*a*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.421.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{b^2 x}{2} + \frac{b^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{2ab \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + (b^2*x)/2 + (b^2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (2*a*b*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.422 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.422.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3224
3.422.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3224
3.422.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3225
3.422.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3226
3.422.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3227
3.422.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3227
3.422.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3227
3.422.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3228
3.422.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3228

#### 3.422.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = 2abx + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `2*a*b*x+a^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.422.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = 2abx + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{b^2 \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `2*a*b*x + (a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (b^2*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (b^2*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d`

**3.422.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3225, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3225} \\
 & \int (a^2 + 2b \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + 2b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & a^2 \int \sec(c + dx) dx + 2abx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^2 \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + 2abx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + 2abx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `2*a*b*x + (a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d`



## 3.422.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3225 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(d*f)), x] + Simp[1/d Int[Simp[a^2*d - b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

## 3.422.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+2ab(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c)b^2}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+2ab(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c)b^2}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2ab(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2abxd - a^2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + a^2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + \sin(dx+c)b^2}{d}$
risch	$2abx - \frac{ib^2 e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{ib^2 e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{2abx + \frac{2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + 4abx \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 2abx \left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + \frac{a^2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+2*a*b*(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*b^2)`

**3.422.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 abdx + a^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2 b^2 \sin(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(4*a*b*d*x + a^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.422.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c),x)`output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x), x)`**3.422.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx + c)ab + a^2 \log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c)) + b^2 \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(2*(d*x + c)*a*b + a^2*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)) + b^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.422.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx + c)ab + a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - a^2 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*(d*x + c)*a*b + a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - a^2*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))/d`

**3.422.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{4ab \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `(b^2*sin(c + d*x))/d + (2*a^2*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/d + (4*a*b*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`

### 3.423 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.423.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3229
3.423.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3229
3.423.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3230
3.423.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3231
3.423.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3232
3.423.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3232
3.423.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3233
3.423.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3233
3.423.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3234

#### 3.423.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = b^2 x + \frac{2ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `b^2*x+2*a*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.423.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^2 dx + 2ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(b^2*d*x + 2*a*b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

**3.423.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3491, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int (a^2+b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^2(c+dx)dx + 2ab \int \sec(c+dx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2+b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + b^2 \int 1dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d} + b^2x \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + b^2x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*x + (2*a*b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

3.423.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.423.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c)+2ab \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+b^2(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c)+2ab \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+b^2(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^2(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2ab \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
risch	$b^2x + \frac{2ia^2}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)ab}{d} - \frac{2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)ab}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2 dx \cos(dx+c)-2ab \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right) \cos(dx+c)+2ab \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) \cos(dx+c)+a^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$\frac{b^2x \left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+b^2x \left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-b^2x-\frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}-\frac{4a^2 \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}-\frac{2a^2 \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}-b^2x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}$

3.423.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^2*tan(d*x+c)+2*a*b*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+b^2*(d*x+c))`

### 3.423.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 dx \cos(dx + c) + ab \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - ab \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + a^2 \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^2*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + a*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + a^2*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.423.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**3.423.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx + c)b^2 + ab(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + a^2 \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((d*x + c)*b^2 + a*b*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + a^2 *tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.423.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 77 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx + c)b^2 + 2ab \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|) - 2ab \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|) - \frac{2a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((d*x + c)*b^2 + 2*a*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 2*a*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))/d`



**3.423.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{64b^6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{256a^2b^4 + 64b^6} + \frac{256a^2b^4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{256a^2b^4 + 64b^6}\right)}{d} - \frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)} + \frac{4ab \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{128ab^5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{512a^3b^3 + 128ab^5} + \frac{512a^3b^3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{512a^3b^3 + 128ab^5}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `(2*b^2*atan((64*b^6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(64*b^6 + 256*a^2*b^4) + (256*a^2*b^4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(64*b^6 + 256*a^2*b^4))/d - (2*a^2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 1)) + (4*a*b*atanh((128*a*b^5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(128*a*b^5 + 512*a^3*b^3) + (512*a^3*b^3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(128*a*b^5 + 512*a^3*b^3)))/d`

### 3.424 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.424.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{2ab \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*(a^2+2*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+2*a*b*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.424.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{2ab \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (b^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*b*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

**3.424.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int (a^2+b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)dx + 2ab \int \sec^2(c+dx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2+b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a^2+2b^2) \int \sec(c+dx)dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a^2+2b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a^2+2b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{2ab \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a^2+2b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2ab \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{(a^2+2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2ab \tan(c+dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `((a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (2*a*b*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

### 3.424.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*cos[e + f*x]*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**3.424.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 2ab \tan(dx+c) + b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 2ab \tan(dx+c) + b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{2ab \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-(a^2+2b^2)(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right) + (a^2+2b^2)(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right) + 2a^2 \sin(dx+c) + 4ab \cos(dx+c)}{2d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
risc	$-\frac{ia(ae^{3i(dx+c)}-4be^{2i(dx+c)}-ae^{i(dx+c)}-4b)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2} + \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2d} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)b^2}{d} - \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2d} - \frac{ab \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a(a-4b)\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{a(a+4b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{a(3a-4b)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{a(3a+4b)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^2} - \frac{(a^2+2b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*b^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(a^2*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+2*a*b*tan(d*x+c)+b^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))`**3.424.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(4ab \cos(dx + c) + a^2) \sin(dx + c)}{4d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/4*((a^2 + 2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (a^2 + 2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(4*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.424.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**3.424.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c)+1) + \log(\sin(dx+c)-1) \right) - 2b^2(\log(\sin(dx+c)+1) - \log(\sin(dx+c)-1))}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(a^2*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 2*b^2*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 8*a*b*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.424.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs.  $2(55) = 110$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - (a^2 + 2b^2) \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) + \frac{2 \left( a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 4ab \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*((a^2 + 2*b^2)*\log(\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c) + 1)) - (a^2 + 2*b^2)*\log(\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c) - 1) + 2*(a^2*\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c)^3 - 4*a*b*\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c)^3 + a^2*\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c) + 4*a*b*\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c)))/(\tan(\frac{1}{2}*d*x + \frac{1}{2}*c)^2 - 1)^2/d$

### 3.424.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) (a^2 + 2b^2)}{d} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (4ab - a^2) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (a^2 + 4ba)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 2\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output  $(\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*(a^2 + 2*b^2))/d - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(4*a*b - a^2) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a*b + a^2))/(d*(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1))$

### 3.425 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

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3.425.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3241
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3.425.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3245
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3.425.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3246
3.425.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3246
3.425.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3247

#### 3.425.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{ab \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `a*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/3*(2*a^2+3*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+a*b*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.425.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{ab \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 (\tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`



output  $(a*b*ArcTanh[\sin[c + d*x]])/d + (b^2*\tan[c + d*x])/d + (a*b*Sec[c + d*x]*\tan[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*(\tan[c + d*x] + \tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d$

### 3.425.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int (a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + 2ab \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + 2ab \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(2a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + 2ab \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(2a^2 + 3b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 2ab \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & -\frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{3d} + 2ab \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & 2ab \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `((2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + 2*a*b*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))`

### 3.425.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sine[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sine[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e \cdot x) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + C \cdot \sin(e \cdot x) + f \cdot x)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+2}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot (x)^n], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{-1} \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{n/2 - 1}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4255  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[c + d \cdot x] + (d \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]))^n], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \text{csc}[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot (n-1)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-2) / (n-1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \text{csc}[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot (x)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + d \cdot x]] / d, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x\}$

### 3.425.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 2ab \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + b^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 2ab \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + b^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{ab \sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{ab \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{2i(3abe^{5i(dx+c)} - 3b^2e^{4i(dx+c)} - 6a^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 6b^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3abe^{i(dx+c)} - 2a^2 - 3b^2)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)ab}{d} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)ab}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-9b \left( \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} + \cos(dx+c) \right) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 9b \left( \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} + \cos(dx+c) \right) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) + (2a^2 + 3b^2)}{3d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3\cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{4(a^2 - 3b^2) \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a^2 - ab + b^2) \left( \tan^9 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a^2 + ab + b^2) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} - \frac{4a(2a - 3b) \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} - \frac{4a(2a + 3b) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d}}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right)^3}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+2*a*b*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+b^2*tan(d*x+c))`

### 3.425.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ab \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3ab \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(3ab \cos(dx + c) - 6d \cos(dx + c)^3)}{6d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(3*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.425.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)`

**3.425.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 (\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c) a^2 - 3 ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx+c) - 1) \right)}{6d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(2*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^2 - 3*a*b*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 6*b^2*tan(d*x + c))/d`**3.425.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ab \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3ab \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 - 3ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 3b^2\right)}{3d}}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(3*a*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(3*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3)/d`

**3.425.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2ab \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{(2a^2 - 2ab + 2b^2) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(-\frac{4a^2}{3} - 4b^2\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + (2a^2 + 2ab + 2b^2) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `(2*a*b*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b + 2*b^2) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*((4*a^2)/3 + 4*b^2) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b + 2*a^2 + 2*b^2))/(d*(3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))`

### 3.426 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

3.426.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3248
3.426.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3248
3.426.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3249
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3.426.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3252
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#### 3.426.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{2ab \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a^2 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{2ab \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 1/8*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+2*a*b*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/8*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+2/3*a*b*tan(d*x+c)^3/d
```

#### 3.426.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) + 6a^2 \sec^3(c + dx) + 16ab(3 + \dots))}{24d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

```
output (3*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(3*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)
*Sec[c + d*x] + 6*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 16*a*b*(3 + Tan[c + d*x]^2)))/(24*d
)
```

### 3.426.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int (a^2+b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^5(c+dx)dx + 2ab \int \sec^4(c+dx)dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2+b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(3a^2+4b^2) \int \sec^3(c+dx)dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(3a^2+4b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 2ab \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(3a^2+4b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{2ab \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} - \\
& \quad \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} - \\
& \quad \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} - \\
& \quad \frac{2ab\left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4 - (2*a*b*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

### 3.426.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.426.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^2 \left( - \left( - \frac{(\sec^3(dx+c))}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - 2ab \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{(\sec^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + b^2}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left( - \left( - \frac{(\sec^3(dx+c))}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - 2ab \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{(\sec^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + b^2}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left( - \left( - \frac{(\sec^3(dx+c))}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-36 \left( a^2 + \frac{4b^2}{3} \right) \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 36 \left( a^2 + \frac{4b^2}{3} \right) \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right)}{24d(\cos(4dx+4c)+4 \cos(2dx+2c))}$
risc	$\frac{i(9a^2 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 12b^2 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 33a^2 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 12b^2 e^{5i(dx+c)} - 96ab e^{4i(dx+c)} - 33a^2 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 12b^2 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 128ab)}{12d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^4}$
norman	$\frac{\left( \frac{5a^2 - 16ab + 4b^2}{4d} \right) \left( \tan^{11} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \left( \frac{5a^2 + 16ab + 4b^2}{4d} \right) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \left( \frac{21a^2 - 16ab - 12b^2}{6d} \right) \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \left( \frac{21a^2 + 16ab - 12b^2}{6d} \right) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \left( a^2 \left( - \left( - \frac{1}{4} \sec(dx+c)^3 - \frac{3}{8} \sec(dx+c) \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3}{8} \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) \right) - 2ab \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \sec(dx+c)^2 \right) \tan(dx+c) + b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{1}{2} \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) \right) \right)$$

### 3.426.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(32ab \cos(dx + c)^3 + 16ab \cos(dx + c) + 3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 6a^2 \sin(dx + c))}{48d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{48} \left( 3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(32ab \cos(dx + c)^3 + 16ab \cos(dx + c) + 3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 6a^2 \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

---

3.426. 
$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

**3.426.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x)**5, x)`

**3.426.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{32 (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) ab - 3 a^2 \left( \frac{2 (3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{48 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(32*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a*b - 3*a^2*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 12*b^2*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)))/d`

**3.426.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3(3a^2 + 4b^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{2(15a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 5a^2 - 4b^2)}{48d}}{48d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{24}*(3*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*\log(\abs{\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1}) - 3*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*\log(\abs{\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1}) + 2*(15*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 48*a*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 12*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 9*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 80*a*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 12*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 80*a*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 48*a*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4/d$$

### 3.426.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) \left(\frac{3a^2}{4} + b^2\right)}{d} + \frac{\left(\frac{5a^2}{4} - 4ab + b^2\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{3a^2}{4} + \frac{20ab}{3} - b^2\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(\frac{3a^2}{4} - \frac{20ab}{3} - b^2\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output 
$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)\right) * \left(\frac{3*a^2}{4} + b^2\right)}{d} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^5 * \left(\frac{20*a*b}{3} + \frac{3*a^2}{4} - b^2\right) + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right) * \left(4*a*b + \frac{5*a^2}{4} + b^2\right) + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^7 * \left(\frac{5*a^2}{4} - 4*a*b + b^2\right) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^3 * \left(\frac{20*a*b}{3} - \frac{3*a^2}{4} + b^2\right)}{d * \left(6*\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^4 - 4*\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^2 - 4*\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^6 + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{d*x}{2}\right)^8 + 1\right)}$$

### 3.427 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

3.427.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3255
3.427.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3256
3.427.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3256
3.427.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3259
3.427.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3260
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3.427.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3260
3.427.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3261
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#### 3.427.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{4d} + \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{3ab \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{ab \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \sec^4(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \tan^3(c + dx)}{15d}$$

```
output 3/4*a*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/5*(4*a^2+5*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/4*a*b*sec(d
*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*b*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/5*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^4*
tan(d*x+c)/d+1/15*(4*a^2+5*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)^3/d
```

**3.427.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (60(a^2 + b^2) + 45ab \sec(c + dx) + 30ab \sec^3(c + dx) + 20(2a^2 + b^2) \tan^2(c + dx))}{60d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(45*a*b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(60*(a^2 + b^2) + 45*a*b*Sec[c + d*x] + 30*a*b*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 20*(2*a^2 + b^2)*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + 12*a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^4))/(60*d)`

**3.427.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3268}$$

$$\int (a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx + 2ab \int \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx + 2ab \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5}(4a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + 2ab \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(4a^2 + 5b^2) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx + 2ab \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
& -\frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{5d} + 2ab \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 2ab \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx - \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \\
& \frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257}
\end{aligned}$$



$$-\frac{(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} + 2ab \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^4*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d) - ((4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/(5*d) + 2*a*b*((Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4`

### 3.427.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.427.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^2 \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 2ab \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c))}{d} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a^2 \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 2ab \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c))}{d} \right)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2ab \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} \right) \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{i(45ab e^{9i(dx+c)} + 210ab e^{7i(dx+c)} - 120b^2 e^{6i(dx+c)} - 320a^2 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 280b^2 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 210ab e^{3i(dx+c)} - 160a^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 15a^3)}{30d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$
parallelrisch	$-450b \left( \frac{\cos(5dx+5c)}{10} + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{2} + \cos(dx+c) \right) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 450b \left( \frac{\cos(5dx+5c)}{10} + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{2} + \cos(dx+c) \right) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right)$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{8(19a^2+5b^2) \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{15d} - \frac{4(a^2-3ab-b^2) \left( \tan^{11} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} - \frac{4(a^2+3ab-b^2) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d} - \frac{(4a^2-5ab+4b^2) \left( \tan^{13} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{2d}}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a^2*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+2*a*b*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-b^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))`

**3.427.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 ab \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 45 ab \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(45 ab \cos(dx + c)^4 \sin(dx + c) + 30 a^2 b \cos(dx + c)^3 + 4(4a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 12a^2 \sin(dx + c))}{120 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/120*(45*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 45*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(45*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + 4*(4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*a^2*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`**3.427.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`output `Timed out`**3.427.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a^2 + 40(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))b^2 - 15 a^2 b \tan(dx + c)}{120 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/120*(8*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a^2 + 40*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*b^2 - 15*a*b*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1))/d`

### 3.427.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs.  $2(123) = 246$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 ab \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right| \right) - 45 ab \log \left( \left| \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right| \right) - \frac{2 \left( 60 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^9 - 75 ab \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^7 + 30 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 200 b^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 160 a^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 60 b^2 \right)}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/60*(45*a*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 45*a*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(60*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 75*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 30*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 200*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 160*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 60*b^2)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5)/d`

### 3.427.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{3 a b \operatorname{atanh} \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{2 d}$$

$$- \frac{\left( 2 a^2 - \frac{5 a b}{2} + 2 b^2 \right) \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^9 + \left( -\frac{8 a^2}{3} + a b - \frac{16 b^2}{3} \right) \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^7 + \left( \frac{116 a^2}{15} + \frac{20 b^2}{3} \right) \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^5}{d \left( \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^{10} - 5 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^8 + 10 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^6 - 10 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^4 + 5 \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

---

3.427.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output `(3*a*b*atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(2*d) - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*((116*a^2)/15 + (20*b^2)/3) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(2*a^2 - (5*a*b)/2 + 2*b^2) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(a*b + (8*a^2)/3 + (16*b^2)/3) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((8*a^2)/3 - a*b + (16*b^2)/3) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*((5*a*b)/2 + 2*a^2 + 2*b^2))/(d*(5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10 - 1))`

### 3.428 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.428.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{9}{8}a^2bx + \frac{5b^3x}{16} + \frac{a(a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{b^3 \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} - \frac{a(a^2 + 6b^2) \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 9/8*a^2*b*x+5/16*b^3*x+a*(a^2+3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/16*b*(18*a^2+5*b^2)*co
s(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/24*b*(18*a^2+5*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*
b^3*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*a*(a^2+6*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+3/5*a*b^2*s
in(d*x+c)^5/d
```

**3.428.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1080a^2bc + 300b^3c + 1080a^2bdx + 300b^3dx + 360a(2a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) + 45(16a^2b + 5b^3) \sin(2(c + dx))}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(1080*a^2*b*c + 300*b^3*c + 1080*a^2*b*d*x + 300*b^3*d*x + 360*a*(2*a^2 + 5*b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 45*(16*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + 80*a^3*\text{Sin}[3*(c + d*x)] + 300*a*b^2*\text{Sin}[3*(c + d*x)] + 90*a^2*b*\text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)] + 45*b^3*\text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)] + 36*a*b^2*\text{Sin}[5*(c + d*x)] + 5*b^3*\text{Sin}[6*(c + d*x)])/(960*d)$

**3.428.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (13ab^2 \cos^2(c + dx) + b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx) + 2a(3a^2 + 2b^2)) dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 \left( 13ab^2 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 2a(3a^2 + 2b^2) \right) dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) + 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 (6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) + 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)) dx + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx + 6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \int \cos^3(c + dx) dx \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx - \frac{6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{6d}$$

↓ 2009



$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx - \frac{6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{6d} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{6d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{6d} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{6d} \right)$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{6a(5a^2 + 12b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{13ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{6d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^4*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) + ((13*a*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((-6*a*(5*a^2 + 12*b^2)*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d + 5*b*(18*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/5)/6`

## 3.428.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*SIN[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.428.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(720a^2b+225b^3) \sin(2dx+2c)+(80a^3+300ab^2) \sin(3dx+3c)+(90a^2b+45b^3) \sin(4dx+4c)+36ab^2 \sin(5dx+5c)+5b^3 \sin(6dx+6c)}{960d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 3a^2b \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{3ab^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right)}{5}$
default	$\frac{a^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 3a^2b \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{3ab^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{a^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{b^3 \left( \frac{(\cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5(\cos^3(dx+c))}{4} + \frac{15\cos(dx+c)}{8}) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d} + \frac{3ab^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right)}{5}$
risc	$\frac{9a^2bx}{8} + \frac{5b^3x}{16} + \frac{3a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{15ab^2 \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{b^3 \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{3 \sin(4dx+4c)a^2}{32d}$
norman	$\left(\frac{9}{8}a^2b + \frac{5}{16}b^3\right)x + \left(\frac{9}{8}a^2b + \frac{5}{16}b^3\right)x \left(\tan^{12}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(\frac{27}{4}a^2b + \frac{15}{8}b^3\right)x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(\frac{27}{4}a^2b + \frac{15}{8}b^3\right)x \left(\tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/960*((720*a^2*b+225*b^3)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(80*a^3+300*a*b^2)*sin(3*d*x+3*c)
)+(90*a^2*b+45*b^3)*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+36*a*b^2*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+5*b^3*sin(6*d*x
+6*c)+(720*a^3+1800*a*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)+1080*b*d*(a^2+5/18*b^2)*x)/d
```

---

3.428.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

**3.428.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(18a^2b + 5b^3)dx + (40b^3 \cos(dx + c))^5 + 144ab^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 10(18a^2b + 5b^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 160b^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15(18a^2b + 5b^3) \cos(dx + c) + 15b^3}{240d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/240*(15*(18*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*d*x + (40*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 144*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 10*(18*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 160*a^3 + 384*a*b^2 + 16*(5*a^3 + 12*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(18*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.428.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2a^3 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{9a^2 b x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{9a^2 b x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{9a^2 b x \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{9a^2 b \sin^3(c+dx)}{8} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^3 \cos^3(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 9*a**2*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 9*a**2*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 9*a**2*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 9*a**2*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 15*a**2*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 8*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**5/(5*d) + 4*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*b**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**3*cos(c)**3, True))`

**3.428.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{320 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^3 - 90 (12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^2 b - 192 (3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a b^2 + 5 (4 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^3 - 60 dx - 60 c - 9 \sin(4 dx + 4 c) - 48 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))b^3}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/960*(320*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^3 - 90*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2*b - 192*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a*b^2 + 5*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^3)/d`**3.428.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{3 ab^2 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{1}{16} (18 a^2 b + 5 b^3) x + \frac{3 (2 a^2 b + b^3) \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{(4 a^3 + 15 ab^2) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{3 (16 a^2 b + 5 b^3) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{3 (2 a^3 + 5 ab^2) \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*b^3*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 3/80*a*b^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/16*(18*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*x + 3/64*(2*a^2*b + b^3)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/48*(4*a^3 + 15*a*b^2)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3/64*(16*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3/8*(2*a^3 + 5*a*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.428.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(2a^3 - \frac{15a^2b}{4} + 6ab^2 - \frac{11b^3}{8}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11} + \left(\frac{22a^3}{3} - \frac{21a^2b}{4} + 14ab^2 + \frac{5b^3}{24}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(12a^3 - \frac{15a^2b}{4} + 6ab^2 - \frac{11b^3}{8}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{22a^3}{3} - \frac{21a^2b}{4} + 14ab^2 + \frac{5b^3}{24}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(12a^3 - \frac{15a^2b}{4} + 6ab^2 - \frac{11b^3}{8}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{22a^3}{3} - \frac{21a^2b}{4} + 14ab^2 + \frac{5b^3}{24}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (18a^2 + 5b^2)}{8 \left(\frac{9a^2b}{4} + \frac{5b^3}{8}\right)}\right) (18a^2 + 5b^2)}{8d} - \frac{b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output

```
(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^11*(6*a*b^2 - (15*a^2*b)/4 + 2*a^3 - (11*b^3)/8) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(14*a*b^2 + (21*a^2*b)/4 + (22*a^3)/3 - (5*b^3)/24) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(14*a*b^2 - (21*a^2*b)/4 + (22*a^3)/3 + (5*b^3)/24) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*((156*a*b^2)/5 + (3*a^2*b)/2 + 12*a^3 + (15*b^3)/4) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((156*a*b^2)/5 - (3*a^2*b)/2 + 12*a^3 - (15*b^3)/4) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a*b^2 + (15*a^2*b)/4 + 2*a^3 + (11*b^3)/8)/(d*(6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 15*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 20*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 15*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^10 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^12 + 1)) + (b*atan((b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(18*a^2 + 5*b^2))/(8*((9*a^2*b)/4 + (5*b^3)/8)))*(18*a^2 + 5*b^2))/(8*d) - (b*(18*a^2 + 5*b^2)*(atan(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (d*x)/2))/(8*d)
```

### 3.429 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.429.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}a(4a^2 + 9b^2) x - \frac{(3a^4 - 52a^2b^2 - 16b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{30bd} - \frac{a(6a^2 - 71b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{120d} - \frac{(3a^2 - 16b^2) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{60bd} - \frac{a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sin(c + dx)}{20bd} + \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

output `1/8*a*(4*a^2+9*b^2)*x-1/30*(3*a^4-52*a^2*b^2-16*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-1/120*a*(6*a^2-71*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/60*(3*a^2-16*b^2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-1/20*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sin(d*x+c)/b/d`

**3.429.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{240a^3c + 540ab^2c + 240a^3dx + 540ab^2dx + 60b(18a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) + 120(a^3 + 3ab^2) \sin(2(c + dx))}{480d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(240*a^3*c + 540*a*b^2*c + 240*a^3*d*x + 540*a*b^2*d*x + 60*b*(18*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + 120*(a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 120*a^2*b*Ssin[3*(c + d*x)] + 50*b^3*Ssin[3*(c + d*x)] + 45*a*b^2*Ssin[4*(c + d*x)] + 6*b^3*Ssin[5*(c + d*x)]/(480*d)`**3.429.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3270}$$

$$\frac{\int (4b - a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx}{5b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (4b - a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^3 dx}{5b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3232}$$



$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 (13ab - (3a^2 - 16b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{4d}}{\frac{5b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}} +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2 (13ab + (16b^2 - 3a^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{4d}}{\frac{5b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}} +$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (b(33a^2 + 32b^2) - a(6a^2 - 71b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{(3a^2 - 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{3d} \right) - \frac{5b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}}{\frac{5bd}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (b(33a^2 + 32b^2) - a(6a^2 - 71b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{(3a^2 - 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{3d} \right) - \frac{5b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}}{\frac{5bd}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{ab(6a^2 - 71b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{15}{2} abx(4a^2 + 9b^2) - \frac{2(3a^4 - 52a^2b^2 - 16b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right) - \frac{(3a^2 - 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{3d} \right) - \frac{5b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}}{\frac{5bd}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + (-1/4*(a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (-1/3*((3*a^2 - 16*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + ((15*a*b*(4*a^2 + 9*b^2)*x)/2 - (2*(3*a^4 - 52*a^2*b^2 - 16*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (a*b*(6*a^2 - 71*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3)/4)/(5*b)`

## 3.429.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3270 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## 3.429.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(120a^3+360ab^2)\sin(2dx+2c)+(120a^2b+50b^3)\sin(3dx+3c)+45ab^2\sin(4dx+4c)+6b^3\sin(5dx+5c)+(1080a^2b+300b^3)\sin(dx+c)}{480d}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+a^2b(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+3ab^2\left(\frac{\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4}\right)\sin(dx+c)+\frac{3dx}{8}+\frac{3c}{8}}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+a^2b(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+3ab^2\left(\frac{\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4}\right)\sin(dx+c)+\frac{3dx}{8}+\frac{3c}{8}}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^3\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos^4(dx+c)+\frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{3ab^2\left(\frac{\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{a^3x}{2} + \frac{9ab^2x}{8} + \frac{9\sin(dx+c)a^2b}{4d} + \frac{5\sin(dx+c)b^3}{8d} + \frac{b^3\sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{3ab^2\sin(4dx+4c)}{32d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c)a^2b}{4d} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}a^3+\frac{9}{8}ab^2\right)x+(5a^3+\frac{45}{4}ab^2)x\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(5a^3+\frac{45}{4}ab^2)x\left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}a^3+\frac{9}{8}ab^2\right)x\left(\tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{120d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/480*((120*a^3+360*a*b^2)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(120*a^2*b+50*b^3)*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+45*a*b^2*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+6*b^3*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+(1080*a^2*b+300*b^3)*sin(d*x+c)+240*(a^2+9/4*b^2)*d*x*a)/d`

### 3.429.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(4a^3+9ab^2)dx + (24b^3\cos(dx+c)^4 + 90ab^2\cos(dx+c)^3 + 240a^2b + 64b^3 + 8(15a^2b + 4b^3)\cos(dx+c))}{120d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/120*(15*(4*a^3 + 9*a*b^2)*d*x + (24*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 90*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 240*a^2*b + 64*b^3 + 8*(15*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(4*a^3 + 9*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

---

3.429.  $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$

**3.429.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^3 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 b \sin^3(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{9ab^2 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^3 \cos^2(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 2*a**2*b*sin(c + d*x)**3/d + 3*a**2*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 9*a*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 9*a*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 9*a*b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 9*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 15*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 8*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**3*cos(c)**2, True))`

**3.429.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{120(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3 - 480(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))a^2b + 45(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(2dx + 2c))a*b^2 + 32(3\sin(dx + c)^5 - 10\sin(dx + c)^3 + 15\sin(dx + c))b^3}{480d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/480*(120*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3 - 480*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^2*b + 45*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b^2 + 32*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*b^3)/d`

**3.429.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{3 ab^2 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{1}{8} (4 a^3 + 9 ab^2) x + \frac{(12 a^2 b + 5 b^3) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{(a^3 + 3 ab^2) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{(18 a^2 b + 5 b^3) \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/80*b^3*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 3/32*a*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/8*(4*a^3 + 9*a*b^2)*x + 1/48*(12*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/4*(a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/8*(18*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.429.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{\left(-a^3 + 6 a^2 b - \frac{15 ab^2}{4} + 2 b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(-2 a^3 + 16 a^2 b - \frac{3 ab^2}{2} + \frac{8 b^3}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(20 a^2 b + \dots\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} + 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + \dots\right)} + \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (4 a^2 + 9 b^2)}{4 (a^3 + \frac{9 ab^2}{4})}\right) (4 a^2 + 9 b^2)}{4 d} - \frac{a (4 a^2 + 9 b^2) \left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output  $(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*((3*a*b^2)/2 + 16*a^2*b + 2*a^3 + (8*b^3)/3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((3*a*b^2)/2 - 16*a^2*b + 2*a^3 - (8*b^3)/3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*((15*a*b^2)/4 + 6*a^2*b + a^3 + 2*b^3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(20*a^2*b + (116*b^3)/15) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*((15*a*b^2)/4 - 6*a^2*b + a^3 - 2*b^3))/(d*(5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} + 1)) + (a*\operatorname{atan}(a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a^2 + 9*b^2))/(4*((9*a*b^2)/4 + a^3)))*(4*a^2 + 9*b^2))/(4*d) - (a*(4*a^2 + 9*b^2)*(\operatorname{atan}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (d*x)/2))/(4*d)$

### 3.430 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.430.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{3}{8}b(4a^2 + b^2)x + \frac{a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

```
output 3/8*b*(4*a^2+b^2)*x+1/2*a*(a^2+4*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/8*b*(2*a^2+3*b^2)*cos
(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*(a+b*cos(d*
x+c))^3*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.430.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{8a(4a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx) + b(48a^2c + 12b^2c + 48a^2dx + 12b^2dx + 8(3a^2 + b^2) \sin(2(c + dx)) + 8ab \sin(3(c + dx)))}{32d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(8*a*(4*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + b*(48*a^2*c + 12*b^2*c + 48*a^2*d*x + 12*b^2*d*x + 8*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*a*b*Ssin[3*(c + d*x)] + b^2*Ssin[4*(c + d*x)])/(32*d)`

### 3.430.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int 3(b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int (b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \left(b + a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (5ab + (2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \left( 5ab + (2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right) \\ \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3}{2} bx(4a^2 + b^2) \right) + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right) \\ \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*((a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*x)/2 + (2*a*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (b*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3))/4`

### 3.430.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

### 3.430.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3a^2 b \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + a b^2 (2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c) + b^3 \left( \frac{\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3a^2 b \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + a b^2 (2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c) + b^3 \left( \frac{\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{48a^2 b dx + 12b^3 dx + 32a^3 \sin(dx+c) + 72 \sin(dx+c) a b^2 + \sin(4dx+4c) b^3 + 8 \sin(3dx+3c) a b^2 + 24 \sin(2dx+2c) a^2 b + 8 \sin(2dx+c) a^3}{32d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^3 \left( \frac{\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4} \sin(dx+c) + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{a b^2 (2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{3a^2 b x}{2} + \frac{3b^3 x}{8} + \frac{a^3 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{9a b^2 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c) b^3}{32d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c) a b^2}{4d} + \frac{3 \sin(2dx+2c) a^2 b}{4d} + \frac{3 \sin(2dx+c) a^3}{4d}$
norman	$\left( \frac{3}{2} a^2 b + \frac{3}{8} b^3 \right) x + (6a^2 b + \frac{3}{2} b^3) x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + (6a^2 b + \frac{3}{2} b^3) x \left( \tan^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + (9a^2 b + \frac{9}{4} b^3) x \left( \tan^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \left( \frac{3}{2} a^2 b + \frac{3}{8} b^3 \right) x$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^3*sin(d*x+c)+3*a^2*b*(1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+a*b^2*(2+cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)+b^3*(1/4*(cos(d*x+c)^3+3/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+3/8*d*x+3/8*c)`

### 3.430.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(4a^2b + b^3)dx + (2b^3 \cos(dx + c))^3 + 8ab^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8a^3 + 16ab^2 + 3(4a^2b + b^3) \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/8*(3*(4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*x + (2*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a^3 + 16*a*b^2 + 3*(4*a^2*b + b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`

---

3.430.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

**3.430.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^2 b x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3a^2 b \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2ab^2 \sin^3(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^3 \cos(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*sin(c + d*x)/d + 3*a**2*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**2*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a**2*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 2*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/d + 3*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*b**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**3*cos(c), True))`

**3.430.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{24(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^2b - 32(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))ab^2 + (12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c))b^3 + 32a^3\sin(dx + c)}{32d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2*b - 32*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a*b^2 + (12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^3 + 32*a^3*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.430.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{ab^2 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{4 d} + \frac{3}{8} (4 a^2 b + b^3) x + \frac{(3 a^2 b + b^3) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{(4 a^3 + 9 ab^2) \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/32*b^3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/4*a*b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3/8*(4*a^2*b + b^3)*x + 1/4*(3*a^2*b + b^3)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/4*(4*a^3 + 9*a*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.430.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{\left(2 a^3 - 3 a^2 b + 6 a b^2 - \frac{5 b^3}{4}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(6 a^3 - 3 a^2 b + 10 a b^2 + \frac{3 b^3}{4}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(6 a^3 + 3 a^2 b\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(3 a^2 b + \frac{3 b^3}{4}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{3 b a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{3 b \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (4 a^2 + b^2)}{4\left(3 a^2 b + \frac{3 b^3}{4}\right)}\right) (4 a^2 + b^2)}{4 d} - \frac{3 b (4 a^2 + b^2) \left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(6*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + 2*a^3 - (5*b^3)/4) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(10*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + 6*a^3 - (3*b^3)/4) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(10*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + 6*a^3 + (3*b^3)/4) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + 2*a^3 + (5*b^3)/4))/(d*(4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1)) + (3*b*atan((3*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a^2 + b^2))/(4*(3*a^2*b + (3*b^3)/4)))*(4*a^2 + b^2))/(4*d) - (3*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*(atan(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (d*x)/2))/(4*d)`

### 3.431 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.431.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x + \frac{b(3a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3ab^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{b^3 \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `a^3*x+3/2*a*b^2*x+b*(3*a^2+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/2*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*b^3*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### 3.431.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{12a^3c + 18ab^2c + 12a^3dx + 18ab^2dx + 9b(4a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx) + 9ab^2 \sin(2(c + dx)) + b^3 \sin(3(c + dx))}{12d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(12*a^3*c + 18*a*b^2*c + 12*a^3*d*x + 18*a*b^2*d*x + 9*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + 9*a*b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + b^3*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]/(12*d)`

**3.431.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3135, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3135} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (3a^2 + 5b \cos(c + dx)a + 2b^2) dx + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \left( 3a^2 + 5b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + 2b^2 \right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3213} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2b(4a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3}{2} ax(2a^2 + 3b^2) + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*a*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*x)/2 + (2*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (5*a*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3`

3.431.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3135 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[1/n Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[a^2*n + b^2*(n - 1) + a*b*(2*n - 1)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

3.431.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{9 \sin(2dx+2c)a b^2 + b^3 \sin(3dx+3c) + 9(4a^2b + b^3) \sin(dx+c) + 12\left(a^2 + \frac{3b^2}{2}\right) dx a}{12d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 3a b^2 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3 \sin(dx+c) a^2 b + a^3(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 3a b^2 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3 \sin(dx+c) a^2 b + a^3(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$a^3 x + \frac{b^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{3a b^2 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c) a^2 b}{d}$
risch	$a^3 x + \frac{3a b^2 x}{2} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c) a^2 b}{d} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c) b^3}{4d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c) b^3}{12d} + \frac{3 \sin(2dx+2c) a b^2}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{(a^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b^2) x + (a^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b^2) x \left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (3a^3 + \frac{9}{2} a b^2) x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (3a^3 + \frac{9}{2} a b^2) x \left(\tan^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{b(6a^2 - (1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^3)}{3}}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^3}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*(9*sin(2*d*x+2*c))*a*b^2+b^3*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+9*(4*a^2*b+b^3)*sin(d*x+c)+12*(a^2+3/2*b^2)*d*x*a/d`

3.431.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

**3.431.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2a^3 + 3ab^2)dx + (2b^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 9ab^2 \cos(dx + c) + 18a^2b + 4b^3) \sin(dx + c)}{6d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(3*(2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*d*x + (2*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 9*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 18*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.431.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^3 x + \frac{3a^2 b \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3ab^2 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3ab^2 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{2b^3 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{b^3 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^3 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*sin(c + d*x)/d + 3*a*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 2*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**3, True))`



**3.431.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))ab^2}{4d} - \frac{(\sin(dx + c))^3 - 3\sin(dx + c)b^3}{3d} + \frac{3a^2 b \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^3*x + 3/4*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b^2/d - 1/3*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*b^3/d + 3*a^2*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.431.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12d} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{1}{2}(2a^3 + 3ab^2)x + \frac{3(4a^2b + b^3)\sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*b^3*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3/4*a*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/2*(2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*x + 3/4*(4*a^2*b + b^3)*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.431.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{3b^3 \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{b^3 \sin(3c + 3dx)}{12d} + \frac{3ab^2 x}{2} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{3a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `a^3*x + (3*b^3*sin(c + d*x))/(4*d) + (b^3*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(12*d) + (3*a*b^2*x)/2 + (3*a*b^2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (3*a^2*b*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.432 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.432.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3292
3.432.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3292
3.432.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3293
3.432.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3295
3.432.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3296
3.432.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3296
3.432.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3297
3.432.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3297
3.432.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3298

#### 3.432.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{1}{2}b(6a^2 + b^2)x + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{b^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*b*(6*a^2+b^2)*x+a^3*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+5/2*a*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*b^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.432.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b(6a^2 + b^2)(c + dx) - 4a^3 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 4a^3 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output  $(2*b*(6*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) - 4*a^3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 4*a^3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 12*a*b^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + b^3*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)])/(4*d)$

### 3.432.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (2a^3 + 5b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a + b(6a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a^3 + 5b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + b(6a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \int (2a^3 + b(6a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{2a^3 + b(6a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3214} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2a^3 \int \sec(c+dx) dx + bx(6a^2 + b^2) + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}{2d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 2a^3 \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + bx(6a^2 + b^2) + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}{2d} \\
& \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + bx(6a^2 + b^2) + \frac{5ab^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(b^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (b*(6*a^2 + b^2)*x + (2*a^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (5*a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/2`

### 3.432.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.432.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+3a^2b(dx+c)+3 \sin(dx+c)ab^2+b^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+3a^2b(dx+c)+3 \sin(dx+c)ab^2+b^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{12a^2bdx+2b^3dx+12 \sin(dx+c)ab^2+4 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right) a^3 - 4 \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) a^3 + \sin(2dx+2c)b^3}{4d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{b^3 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b(dx+c)}{d}$
risc	$3a^2bx + \frac{b^3x}{2} - \frac{3iab^2e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{3iab^2e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d} - \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)b^3}{4d}$
norman	$\frac{(3a^2b+\frac{1}{2}b^3)x+(3a^2b+\frac{1}{2}b^3)x \left( \tan^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + (9a^2b+\frac{3}{2}b^3)x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + (9a^2b+\frac{3}{2}b^3)x \left( \tan^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{b^2(6a-)}{(1+\tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right))^3}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^3*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+3*a^2*b*(d*x+c)+3*sin(d*x+c)*a*b^2+b^3*(1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+1/2*d*x+1/2*c))`

### 3.432.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - a^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + (6a^2b + b^3)dx + (b^3 \cos(dx + c) + 6ab^2) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - a^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (6*a^2*b + b^3)*d*x + (b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a*b^2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.432.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.432.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12(dx + c)a^2b + (2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))b^3 + 4a^3 \log(\sec(dx + c) + \tan(dx + c)) + 12ab^2 \sin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(12*(d*x + c)*a^2*b + (2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^3 + 4*a^3*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)) + 12*a*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.432.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 2a^3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) + (6a^2b + b^3)(dx + c) + \frac{2(6ab^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}{2d}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 2*a^3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + (6*a^2*b + b^3)*(d*x + c) + 2*(6*a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2)/d`



**3.432.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^3 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{3ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{6a^2b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x),x)`output `(2*a^3*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (b^3*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (b^3*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (3*a*b^2*sin(c + d*x))/d + (6*a^2*b*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`

### 3.433 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.433.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3299
3.433.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3299
3.433.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3300
3.433.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3302
3.433.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3303
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3.433.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3304
3.433.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3304
3.433.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3305

#### 3.433.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = 3ab^2x + \frac{3a^2b \arctanh(\sin(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `3*a*b^2*x+3*a^2*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d-b*(a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.433.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3ab(bc + bdx - a \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))) + a \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output  $(3*a*b*(b*c + b*d*x - a*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + a*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) + b^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + a^3*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/d$

### 3.433.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \int (3ba^2 + 3b^2 \cos(c + dx)a - b(a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{3ba^2 + 3b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & \int 3(ba^2 + b^2 \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx) dx - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 3 \int (ba^2 + b^2 \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx) dx - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{ba^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 3 \left( a^2 b \int \sec(c + dx) dx + ab^2 x \right) - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
& 3 \left( a^2 b \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + ab^2 x \right) - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 3 \left( \frac{a^2 b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + ab^2 x \right) - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `3*(a*b^2*x + (a^2*b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d) - (b*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.433.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.433.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c) + 3a^2 b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + 3a b^2(dx+c) + b^3 \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c) + 3a^2 b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + 3a b^2(dx+c) + b^3 \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)b^3}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{3a b^2(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6a b^2 dx \cos(dx+c) - 6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a^2 b \cos(dx+c) + 6 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a^2 b \cos(dx+c) + 2a^3 \sin(dx+c) + \sin(2dx+c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)}$
risch	$3a b^2 x - \frac{ib^3 e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{ib^3 e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{2ia^3}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{3a^2 b \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{-3a b^2 x - \frac{2(a^3 - b^3)\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{2(a^3 + b^3)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2(3a^3 - b^3)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - \frac{2(3a^3 + b^3)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} - 6a b^2}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}$

3.433.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^3*tan(d*x+c)+3*a^2*b*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+3*a*b^2*(d*x+c)+b^3*  
sin(d*x+c))`

### 3.433.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6 ab^2 dx \cos(dx + c) + 3 a^2 b \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 a^2 b \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1)}{2 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(6*a*b^2*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1)  
- 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(b^3*cos(d*x + c) + a^3  
) * sin(d*x + c)) / (d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.433.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**3.433.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6(dx + c)ab^2 + 3a^2b(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 2b^3 \sin(dx + c) + 2a^3 \tan(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(6*(d*x + c)*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 2*b^3*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a^3*tan(d*x + c))/d`**3.433.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(dx + c)ab^2 + 3a^2b \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3a^2b \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2\left(a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^3 - b^3}{d}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(3*(d*x + c)*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a^2*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 1)/d`

**3.433.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{6 a b^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{6 a^2 b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `(b^3*sin(c + d*x))/d + (a^3*sin(c + d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x)) + (6*a*b^2*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/d + (6*a^2*b*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`



### 3.434 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.434.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = b^3 x + \frac{a(a^2 + 6b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{5a^2 b \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `b^3*x+1/2*a*(a^2+6*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+5/2*a^2*b*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.434.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3 dx + a(a^2 + 6b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + a^2(6b + a \sec(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*b^3*d*x + a*(a^2 + 6*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + a^2*(6*b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

**3.434.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (2\cos^2(c+dx)b^3 + 5a^2b + a(a^2+6b^2)\cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^3 + 5a^2b + a(a^2+6b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \int (2\cos(c+dx)b^3 + a(a^2+6b^2)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{5a^2b \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) b^3 + a(a^2+6b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{5a^2b \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( a(a^2+6b^2) \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{5a^2b \tan(c+dx)}{d} + 2b^3x \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{1}{2} \left( a(a^2 + 6b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{5a^2b \tan(c + dx)}{d} + 2b^3x \right) + \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{2d} \\ \downarrow 4257 \\ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a(a^2 + 6b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{5a^2b \tan(c + dx)}{d} + 2b^3x \right) + \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{2d} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (2*b^3*x + (a*(a^2 + 6*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (5*a^2*b*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2`

### 3.434.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

```
rule 3500 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.434.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 3a^2 b \tan(dx+c) + 3a b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c)) + b^3(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 3a^2 b \tan(dx+c) + 3a b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c)) + b^3(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^3(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parallelrisch	$-a(a^2+6b^2)(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + a(a^2+6b^2)(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 2b^3 dx \cos(2dx+2c)$ $2d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))$
risch	$b^3 x - \frac{ia^2(ae^{3i(dx+c)} - 6be^{2i(dx+c)} - ae^{i(dx+c)} - 6b)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} + \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} + \frac{3a \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)b^2}{d} - \frac{a^3 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d}$
norman	$\frac{b^3 x + b^3 x \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + b^3 x \left( \tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + b^3 x \left( \tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{a^2(a-6b) \left( \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{d} + \frac{a^2(a+6b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^3}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+3*a^2*b
*tan(d*x+c)+3*a*b^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+b^3*(d*x+c))
```

**3.434.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^3 dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + (a^3 + 6ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (a^3 + 6ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(6a^2b \cos(dx + c) + a^3) \sin(dx + c)}{4d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/4*(4*b^3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^3 + 6*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (a^3 + 6*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(6*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`**3.434.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`**3.434.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(dx + c)b^3 - a^3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2 - 1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right) + 6ab^2(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 12a^2b \tan(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(4*(d*x + c)*b^3 - a^3*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 6*a*b^2*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 12*a^2*b*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**3.434.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx + c)b^3 + (a^3 + 6ab^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - (a^3 + 6ab^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{2(a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + a^3 + 6ab^2)}{2d}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*(d*x + c)*b^3 + (a^3 + 6*a*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - (a^3 + 6*a*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 6*a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2/d`**3.434.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{a^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos(c + dx)^2} + \frac{6ab^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos(c + dx)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `(a^3*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (2*b^3*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (a^3*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d*cos(c + d*x)^2) + (6*a*b^2*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (3*a^2*b*sin(c + d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x))`

### 3.435 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.435.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3312
3.435.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3312
3.435.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3313
3.435.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3316
3.435.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3317
3.435.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3317
3.435.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3317
3.435.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3318
3.435.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3318

#### 3.435.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{7a^2 b \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{a^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 1/2*b*(3*a^2+2*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/3*a*(2*a^2+9*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
+7/6*a^2*b*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2*t
an(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.435.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{(9a^2 b + 6b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + a \tan(c + dx) (6a^2 + 18b^2 + 9ab \sec(c + dx) + 2a^2 \tan^2(c + dx))}{6d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `((9*a^2*b + 6*b^3)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + a*Tan[c + d*x]*(6*a^2 + 18*b^2 + 9*a*b*Sec[c + d*x] + 2*a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(6*d)`

### 3.435.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int (7ba^2 + (2a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(a^2 + 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{7ba^2 + (2a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b(a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) + 3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{7a^2 b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) + 3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{7a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + 3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \int \sec(c + dx) dx \right) + \frac{7a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + 2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right) + \frac{7a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{7a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{7a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{2a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{7a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output  $(a^2(a + b\cos[c + dx])\sec[c + dx]^2\tan[c + dx])/(3d) + ((7a^2b\sin[c + dx]\tan[c + dx])/(2d) + ((3b(3a^2 + 2b^2)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]])/d + (2a(2a^2 + 9b^2)\tan[c + dx])/d)/2)/3$

### 3.435.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\operatorname{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3227  $\operatorname{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m)}((c\_)] + (d\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3271  $\operatorname{Int}[(a\_)] + (b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m)}((c\_)] + (d\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b^2c^2 - 2a*b*c*d + a^2d^2)*\operatorname{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b\sin[e + f*x])^{(m-2)}((c + d\sin[e + f*x])^{(n+1)})/(d*f*(n+1)*(c^2 - d^2)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(d*(n+1)*(c^2 - d^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + f*x])^{(m-3)}(c + d\sin[e + f*x])^{(n+1)}*\operatorname{Simp}[b*(m-2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n+1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2a*b*d) + (b*(n+1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3a*b*d^2) - a*(n+2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*\sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*\sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 2] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \text{ || } \operatorname{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n])]$

rule 3500  $\operatorname{Int}[(a\_)] + (b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m)}((A\_)] + (B\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)] + (C\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*\operatorname{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)})/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}*\operatorname{Simp}[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m+1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m+1))*\sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.435.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{-a^3 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 3a^2 b \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 3a b^2 \tan(dx+c) + b^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a^3 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 3a^2 b \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 3a b^2 \tan(dx+c) + b^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^3 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{3a^2 b \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-27b \left( a^2 + \frac{2b^2}{3} \right) \left( \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} + \cos(dx+c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 27b \left( a^2 + \frac{2b^2}{3} \right) \left( \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} + \cos(dx+c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{6d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3 \cos(dx+c))}$
risc	$-\frac{ia(9ab e^{5i(dx+c)} - 18b^2 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 12a^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 36b^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9ab e^{i(dx+c)} - 4a^2 - 18b^2)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} - \frac{3a^2 b \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2a(2a^2 - 3ab - 6b^2) \left( \tan^7 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{a(2a^2 - 3ab + 6b^2) \left( \tan^{11} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{2a(2a^2 + 3ab - 6b^2) \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d} - \frac{a(2a^2 + 3ab + 6b^2) \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{d}}{\left( 1 + \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^3 \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a^3*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+3*a^2*b*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+3*a*b^2*tan(d*x+c)+b^3*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))`

**3.435.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^2b + 2b^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(3a^2b + 2b^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 2*(9a^2b \cos(dx + c) + 2a^3 + 2*(2a^3 + 9ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^2) \sin(dx + c)}{12d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*(3*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(3*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(9*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a^3 + 2*(2*a^3 + 9*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`**3.435.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)`**3.435.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a^3 - 9a^2b \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{12d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{12}(4(\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3\tan(dx + c))a^3 - 9a^2b(2\sin(dx + c)/(\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 6b^3(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 36ab^2\tan(dx + c)/d$

### 3.435.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^2b + 2b^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3(3a^2b + 2b^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2(6a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}{\tan^2(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) - 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{6}(3(3a^2b + 2b^3)\log(\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) + 1) - 3(3a^2b + 2b^3)\log(\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) - 1) - 2(6a^3\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c))^5 - 9a^2b\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^5 + 18ab^2\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^5 - 4a^3\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^3 - 36ab^2\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^3 + 6a^3\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) + 9a^2b\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) + 18ab^2\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c))/(\tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^2 - 1)^3/d$

### 3.435.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) (3a^2b + 2b^3)}{d} - \frac{(2a^3 - 3a^2b + 6ab^2) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(-\frac{4a^3}{3} - 12ab^2\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + (2a^3 + 3a^2b + 6ab^2) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

---

3.435.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

output  $(\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*(3*a^2*b + 2*b^3))/d - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(6*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + 2*a^3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(12*a*b^2 + (4*a^3)/3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + 2*a^3))/(d*(3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 3*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 1))$

### 3.436 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

3.436.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3320
3.436.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3321
3.436.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3321
3.436.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3325
3.436.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3326
3.436.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3326
3.436.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3326
3.436.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3327
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#### 3.436.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{b(2a^2 + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{3a^2 b \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d}$$

```
output 3/8*a*(a^2+4*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+b*(2*a^2+b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/8*a*(
a^2+4*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/4*a^2*b*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4
*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.436.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) + 2a^3 \sec^3(c + dx) + 8b(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sec^5(c + dx))}{8d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`output `(3*a*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(3*a*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x] + 2*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 8*b*(3*a^2 + b^2 + a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)))/(8*d)`**3.436.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int (9ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 2b(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{9ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 2b(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

---

 3.436.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$



↓ 3500

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int 3(3a(a^2 + 4b^2) + 4b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \int (3a(a^2 + 4b^2) + 4b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \int \frac{3a(a^2 + 4b^2) + 4b(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + 4b(2a^2 + b^2) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( 4b(2a^2 + b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{4b(2a^2 + b^2) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} + 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + \frac{4b(2a^2 + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{4b(2a^2 + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{4b(2a^2 + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( 3a(a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{4b(2a^2 + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{4d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*b*(2*a^2 + b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (3*a^2*b*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*a*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4`

## 3.436.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], Cot[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.436.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - 3a^2 b \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{b^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d}}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - 3a^2 b \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{b^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d}}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{3a^2 b \left( - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-6 \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) (a^2+4b^2) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 6 \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) (a^2+4b^2) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right)}{4d(\cos(4dx+4c))}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3a^3 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 12a^2 b^2 e^{7i(dx+c)} - 8b^3 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 11a^3 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 12a^2 b^2 e^{5i(dx+c)} - 48a^2 b e^{4i(dx+c)} - 24b^3 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 11a^3 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 12a^2 b^2 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 8b^3 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 11a^3 e^{i(dx+c)} + 12a^2 b^2 e^{i(dx+c)} - 48a^2 b e^{i(dx+c)} - 24b^3 e^{i(dx+c)} - 11a^3)}{4d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a(7a^2-12b^2)\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{(5a^3-24a^2b+12ab^2-8b^3)\left(\tan^{13}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{4d} + \frac{(5a^3+24a^2b+12ab^2+8b^3)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d} + \frac{(27a^3-8b^3)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4d}}{(1+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right))}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-3*a^2*b*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+3*a*b^2*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+tan(d*x+c)*b^3)
```

**3.436.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^3 + 4ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(a^3 + 4ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(8a^2b \cos(dx + c) + 8(2a^2b + b^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 2a^3 + 3(a^3 + 4ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^2) \sin(dx + c)}{16 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/16*(3*(a^3 + 4*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(a^3 + 4*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(8*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + 8*(2*a^2*b + b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*a^3 + 3*(a^3 + 4*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`**3.436.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`output `Timed out`**3.436.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a^2b - a^3 \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{16 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{16} \cdot (16 \cdot (\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3 \cdot \tan(dx + c)) \cdot a^2 b - a^3 \cdot (2 \cdot (3 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^3 - 5 \cdot \sin(dx + c)) / (\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - 3 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 12 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot (2 \cdot \sin(dx + c) / (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) + 16 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(dx + c)) / d$$

### 3.436.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs.  $2(125) = 250$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^3 + 4ab^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3(a^3 + 4ab^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right|\right) + \frac{2(5a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))^7}{\dots}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{8} \cdot (3 \cdot (a^3 + 4 \cdot a \cdot b^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 1)) - 3 \cdot (a^3 + 4 \cdot a \cdot b^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) - 1)) + 2 \cdot (5 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c))^7 - 24 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^7 + 12 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^7 - 8 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^7 + 3 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 40 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 - 12 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 24 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 3 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 - 40 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 - 12 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 - 24 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 + 5 \cdot a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 24 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 12 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 8 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)) / (\tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^2 - 1)^4 / d$$

**3.436.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{5a^3}{4} - 6a^2b + 3ab^2 - 2b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{3a^3}{4} + 10a^2b - 3ab^2 + 6b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(\frac{3a^3}{4} - 10a^2b + 3ab^2 - 2b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{3a^3}{4} - 10a^2b + 3ab^2 - 2b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{3a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) (a^2 + 4b^2)}{4d}}{d \left( \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

```
output (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(3*a*b^2 - 6*a^2*b + (5*a^3)/4 - 2*b^3) - tan(c/2 +
(d*x)/2)^3*(3*a*b^2 + 10*a^2*b - (3*a^3)/4 + 6*b^3) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5
*(10*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 + (3*a^3)/4 + 6*b^3) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(3*a*b^2 +
6*a^2*b + (5*a^3)/4 + 2*b^3))/(d*(6*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*
x)/2)^2 - 4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1)) + (3*a*atanh
(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*(a^2 + 4*b^2))/(4*d)
```

### 3.437 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.437.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{11a^2b \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{20d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \tan^3(c + dx)}{15d}$$

```
output 1/8*b*(9*a^2+4*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/5*a*(4*a^2+15*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/
d+1/8*b*(9*a^2+4*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+11/20*a^2*b*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan
(d*x+c)/d+1/5*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/15*a*(4*a^2
+15*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)^3/d
```



**3.437.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (15b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) + 90a^2b \sec^3(c + dx) + 8a^2b \sec^5(c + dx))}{120d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(15*b*(9*a^2 + 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(15*b*(9*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x] + 90*a^2*b*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 8*a*(15*(a^2 + 3*b^2) + 5*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + 3*a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^4))/(120*d)`

**3.437.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int (11ba^2 + (4a^2 + 15b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{11ba^2 + (4a^2 + 15b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + b(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

---

3.437.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int (4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) + 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{11a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) + 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{11a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \right) + \frac{11a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{11a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{11a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) (-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{11a^2b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4255}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 5b(9a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4a(4a^2 + 15b^2) \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((11*a^2*b*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (5*b*(9*a^2 + 4*b^2)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*a*(4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4/5`

### 3.437.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.437.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^3 \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 3a^2b \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c))}{d} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a^3 \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 3a^2b \left( -\left( -\frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3\sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(dx+c))}{d} \right)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^3 \left( -\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} - \frac{4(\sec^2(dx+c))}{15} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^3 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b}{d}$
parallelrisc	$-1350b \left( a^2 + \frac{4b^2}{9} \right) \left( \frac{\cos(5dx+5c)}{10} + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{2} + \cos(dx+c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 1350b \left( a^2 + \frac{4b^2}{9} \right) \left( \frac{\cos(5dx+5c)}{10} + \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{2} + \cos(dx+c) \right)$
risc	$-\frac{i(135a^2b e^{9i(dx+c)} + 60b^3 e^{9i(dx+c)} + 630a^2b e^{7i(dx+c)} + 120b^3 e^{7i(dx+c)} - 720a b^2 e^{6i(dx+c)} - 640a^3 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 1680a b^2 e^{2i(dx+c)})}{60d}$
norman	$-\frac{(8a^3 - 15a^2b + 24ab^2 - 4b^3) \left( \tan^{15} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{4d} - \frac{(8a^3 + 15a^2b + 24ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{4d} - \frac{(40a^3 - 117a^2b + 24ab^2 - 12b^3) \left( \tan^{13} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{12d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a^3*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+3*a^2*b*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-3*a*b^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+b^3*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))`

### 3.437.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(9a^2b + 4b^3) \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 15(9a^2b + 4b^3) \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/240*(15*(9*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*\cos(d*x + c)^5*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*(9*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*\cos(d*x + c)^5*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(16*(4*a^3 + 15*a*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 90*a^2*b*\cos(d*x + c) + 15*(9*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 24*a^3 + 8*(4*a^3 + 15*a*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2*\sin(d*x + c))/(\cos(d*x + c)^5)$

### 3.437.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.437.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a^3 + 240(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))ab^2 - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/240*(16*(3*\tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\tan(d*x + c))*a^3 + 240*(\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*\tan(d*x + c))*a*b^2 - 45*a^2*b*(2*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*\sin(d*x + c)))/(\sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 60*b^3*(2*\sin(d*x + c))/(\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1))/d$

**3.437.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs.  $2(157) = 314$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(9a^2b + 4b^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 15(9a^2b + 4b^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2(120a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) - 1)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) - 1)^5}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1/120*(15*(9*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 15*(9*a^2*b + 4*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(120*a^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 225*a^2*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 360*a*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 60*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 160*a^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 90*a^2*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 960*a*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 120*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 464*a^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 1200*a*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 160*a^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 90*a^2*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 960*a*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 120*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 120*a^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 225*a^2*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 360*a*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 60*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5}{d}$$

**3.437.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) \left(\frac{9a^2b}{4} + b^3\right)}{d} - \frac{\left(2a^3 - \frac{15a^2b}{4} + 6ab^2 - b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(-\frac{8a^3}{3} + \frac{3a^2b}{2} - 16ab^2 + 2b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{116a^3}{15} + \frac{116a^2b}{15} - \frac{116ab^2}{15} + \frac{116b^3}{15}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(-\frac{8a^3}{3} + \frac{3a^2b}{2} - 16ab^2 + 2b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(2a^3 - \frac{15a^2b}{4} + 6ab^2 - b^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10} - 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 + 5 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output  $(\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) * ((9*a^2*b)/4 + b^3))/d - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9 * (6*a*b^2 - (15*a^2*b)/4 + 2*a^3 - b^3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 * (16*a*b^2 + (3*a^2*b)/2 + (8*a^3)/3 + 2*b^3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7 * (16*a*b^2 - (3*a^2*b)/2 + (8*a^3)/3 - 2*b^3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (6*a*b^2 + (15*a^2*b)/4 + 2*a^3 + b^3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 * (20*a*b^2 + (116*a^3)/15)) / (d * (5 * \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10 * \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10 * \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5 * \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} - 1))$



### 3.438 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.438.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 247

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{1}{4}ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) x + \frac{(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2) \cos^4(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{8ab^3 \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{b^2 \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d} - \frac{(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \sin^3(c + dx)}{105d}$$

```
output 1/4*a*b*(6*a^2+5*b^2)*x+1/35*(35*a^4+168*a^2*b^2+24*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*
a*b*(6*a^2+5*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a*b*(6*a^2+5*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)
^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/35*b^2*(37*a^2+6*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)/d+8/21*a*b
^3*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/7*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d
*x+c)/d-1/105*(35*a^4+168*a^2*b^2+24*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d
```

**3.438.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{1680ab(6a^2 + 5b^2)(c + dx) + 105(48a^4 + 240a^2b^2 + 35b^4)\sin(c + dx) + 420ab(16a^2 + 15b^2)\sin(2(c + dx))}{6720d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`output `(1680*a*b*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2)*(c + d*x) + 105*(48*a^4 + 240*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x] + 420*a*b*(16*a^2 + 15*b^2)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 35*(16*a^4 + 120*a^2*b^2 + 21*b^4)*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 420*a*b*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 21*b^2*(24*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Sin[5*(c + d*x)] + 140*a*b^3*Ssin[6*(c + d*x)] + 15*b^4*Ssin[7*(c + d*x)])/(6720*d)`**3.438.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3512, 27, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) (16ab^2 \cos^2(c + dx) + 3b(7a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c + dx) + a(7a^2 + 4b^2)) dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{7d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \frac{\left( 16ab^2 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + 3b(7a^2 + 2b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + \right.}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx + \frac{8ab^3}{7d}$$

↓ 3512

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{6} \int 2 \cos^3(c + dx) (3(7a^2 + 4b^2) a^2 + 14b(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 3b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) dx + \frac{8ab^3}{7d} \right) \frac{1}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (3(7a^2 + 4b^2) a^2 + 14b(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 3b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) dx + \frac{8ab^3}{7d} \right) \frac{1}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 \left( 3(7a^2 + 4b^2) a^2 + 14b(6a^2 + 5b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + 3b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{8ab^3}{7d} \right) \frac{1}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (3(35a^4 + 168b^2a^2 + 24b^4) + 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{3b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{1}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 \left( 3(35a^4 + 168b^2a^2 + 24b^4) + 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{3b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{1}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx + 3(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \int \cos^3(c + dx) dx \right) + \frac{3b^2(37a^2 + 6b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \right) \right)$$

$\downarrow$  3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + 3(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx \right) + \frac{3b^2}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \right) \right)$$

$\downarrow$  3113

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx - \frac{3(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{3b^2}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \right) \right)$$

$\downarrow$  2009

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx - \frac{3(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{3b^2}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \right) \right)$$

$\downarrow$  3115

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{3(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{3b^2}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \right) \right)$$

$\downarrow$  3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 70ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{3(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{3b^2}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \right) \right)$$

$\downarrow$  3115



rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3512 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*d*COS[e + f*x]*SIN[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 3)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*Simp[a*C*d + A*b*c*(m + 3) + b*(B*c*(m + 3) + d*(C*(m + 2) + A*(m + 3)))*Sin[e + f*x] - (2*a*C*d - b*(c*C + B*d))*(m + 3))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.438.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
parallelrisch	$(560a^4+4200a^2b^2+735b^4) \sin(3dx+3c)+(6720a^3b+6300ab^3) \sin(2dx+2c)+(840a^3b+1260ab^3) \sin(4dx+4c)+(504a^2b^2+147ab^4) \sin(5dx+5c)+140ab^3 \sin(6dx+6c)+15b^4 \sin(7dx+7c)+(5040a^4+25200a^2b^2+3675b^4) \sin(dx+c)+10080b(a^2+5/6b^2)dx/d$
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 4a^3b \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c) + \frac{1}{3})}{3} \right)}{5}$
default	$\frac{a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 4a^3b \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2}) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + \frac{6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c) + \frac{1}{3})}{3} \right)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{a^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{b^4 \left( \frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(dx+c) + \frac{6(\cos^4(dx+c))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(dx+c))}{5} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{7d} + \frac{4ab^3 \left( \frac{\cos^5(dx+c)}{5} + \frac{4 \cos^3(dx+c)}{5} + \frac{4 \cos(dx+c)}{5} + \frac{4}{5} \right)}{5d}$
risch	$\frac{3a^3bx}{2} + \frac{5ab^3x}{4} + \frac{3a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)a^2b^2}{4d} + \frac{35 \sin(dx+c)b^4}{64d} + \frac{b^4 \sin(7dx+7c)}{448d} + \frac{ab^3 \sin(6dx+6c)}{48d}$
norman	$\left( \frac{3}{2}a^3b + \frac{5}{4}ab^3 \right) x + \left( \frac{3}{2}a^3b + \frac{5}{4}ab^3 \right) x \left( \tan^{14} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \left( \frac{21}{2}a^3b + \frac{35}{4}ab^3 \right) x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \left( \frac{21}{2}a^3b + \frac{35}{4}ab^3 \right) x \left( \tan^{12} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6720*((560*a^4+4200*a^2*b^2+735*b^4)*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+(6720*a^3*b+6300*a*b^3)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(840*a^3*b+1260*a*b^3)*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+(504*a^2*b^2+147*b^4)*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+140*a*b^3*sin(6*d*x+6*c)+15*b^4*sin(7*d*x+7*c)+(5040*a^4+25200*a^2*b^2+3675*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)+10080*b*(a^2+5/6*b^2)*d*x*a)/d`

### 3.438.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{105(6a^3b+5ab^3)dx + (60b^4 \cos(dx+c))^6 + 280ab^3 \cos(dx+c)^5 + 72(7a^2b^2+b^4) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 280a^2b^2 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 10080b(a^2+5/6b^2)dx}{1}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.438.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4 dx$

output  $\frac{1}{420}(105(6a^3b + 5a^2b^3)dx + (60b^4\cos(dx + c)^6 + 280a^2b^3\cos(dx + c)^5 + 72(7a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(dx + c)^4 + 280a^4 + 1344a^2b^2 + 192b^4 + 70(6a^3b + 5a^2b^3)\cos(dx + c)^3 + 4(35a^4 + 168a^2b^2 + 24b^4)\cos(dx + c)^2 + 105(6a^3b + 5a^2b^3)\cos(dx + c))\sin(dx + c))/d$

### 3.438.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs.  $2(231) = 462$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2a^4 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3a^3 b x \sin^4(c+dx)}{2} + 3a^3 b x \sin^2(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx) + \frac{3a^3 b x \cos^4(c+dx)}{2} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^4 \cos^3(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a**3*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/2 + 3*a**3*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a**3*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/2 + 3*a**3*b*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 5*a**3*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(2*d) + 16*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**5/(5*d) + 8*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 6*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*a*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/4 + 15*a*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 15*a*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/4 + 5*a*b**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/4 + 5*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 10*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 11*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(4*d) + 16*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**7/(35*d) + 8*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + 2*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + b**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**6/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**4*cos(c)**3, True))`



**3.438.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx =$$


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$$\frac{560 (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))a^4 - 210 (12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a^3 b - 672 (3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))a^2 b^2 + 35 (4 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^3 - 60 dx - 60 c - 9 \sin(4 dx + 4 c) - 48 \sin(2 dx + 2 c))a b^3 + 48 (5 \sin(dx + c)^7 - 21 \sin(dx + c)^5 + 35 \sin(dx + c)^3 - 35 \sin(dx + c))b^4}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/1680*(560*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^4 - 210*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3*b - 672*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a^2*b^2 + 35*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b^3 + 48*(5*sin(d*x + c)^7 - 21*sin(d*x + c)^5 + 35*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 35*sin(d*x + c))*b^4)/d`**3.438.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{b^4 \sin(7 dx + 7 c)}{448 d} + \frac{ab^3 \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{48 d}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (6 a^3 b + 5 ab^3) x$$

$$+ \frac{(24 a^2 b^2 + 7 b^4) \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{320 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(2 a^3 b + 3 ab^3) \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{16 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(16 a^4 + 120 a^2 b^2 + 21 b^4) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{192 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(16 a^3 b + 15 ab^3) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{16 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(48 a^4 + 240 a^2 b^2 + 35 b^4) \sin(dx + c)}{64 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/448*b^4*\sin(7*d*x + 7*c)/d + 1/48*a*b^3*\sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/4*(6*a^3*b + 5*a*b^3)*x + 1/320*(24*a^2*b^2 + 7*b^4)*\sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/16*(2*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/192*(16*a^4 + 120*a^2*b^2 + 21*b^4)*\sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/16*(16*a^3*b + 15*a*b^3)*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/64*(48*a^4 + 240*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*\sin(d*x + c)/d$

### 3.438.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(2a^4 - 5a^3b + 12a^2b^2 - \frac{11ab^3}{2} + 2b^4\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{13} + \left(\frac{28a^4}{3} - 12a^3b + 40a^2b^2 - \frac{14ab^3}{3} + 4b^4\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{12} + \frac{ab \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (6a^2 + 5b^2)}{2(3a^3b + \frac{5ab^3}{2})}\right) (6a^2 + 5b^2)}{2d} - \frac{ab(6a^2 + 5b^2) \left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output  $(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(24*a^4 + (424*b^4)/35 + (624*a^2*b^2)/5) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{13}*(2*a^4 - 5*a^3*b - (11*a*b^3)/2 + 2*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*((14*a*b^3)/3 + 12*a^3*b + (28*a^4)/3 + 4*b^4 + 40*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{11}*((28*a^4)/3 - 12*a^3*b - (14*a*b^3)/3 + 4*b^4 + 40*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*((85*a*b^3)/6 + 9*a^3*b + (58*a^4)/3 + (86*b^4)/5 + (452*a^2*b^2)/5) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*((58*a^4)/3 - 9*a^3*b - (85*a*b^3)/6 + (86*b^4)/5 + (452*a^2*b^2)/5) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*((11*a*b^3)/2 + 5*a^3*b + 2*a^4 + 2*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2)/(d*(7*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))^2 + 21*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 35*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 35*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 21*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} + 7*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{12} + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{14} + 1) + (a*b*\operatorname{atan}((a*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2))/(2*((5*a*b^3)/2 + 3*a^3*b)))*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2))/(2*d) - (a*b*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2)*(atan(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (d*x)/2))/(2*d)$

### 3.439 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.439.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{1}{16}(8a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 5b^4)x - \frac{a(4a^4 - 121a^2b^2 - 128b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{60bd} - \frac{(8a^4 - 178a^2b^2 - 75b^4) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{240d} - \frac{a(4a^2 - 53b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{120bd} - \frac{(4a^2 - 25b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sin(c + dx)}{120bd} - \frac{a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sin(c + dx)}{30bd} + \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^5 \sin(c + dx)}{6bd}$$

```
output 1/16*(8*a^4+36*a^2*b^2+5*b^4)*x-1/60*a*(4*a^4-121*a^2*b^2-128*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-1/240*(8*a^4-178*a^2*b^2-75*b^4)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/120*a*(4*a^2-53*b^2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-1/120*(4*a^2-25*b^2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-1/30*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/6*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^5*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

**3.439.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{60(8a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 5b^4)(c + dx) + 480ab(6a^2 + 5b^2)\sin(c + dx) + 15(16a^4 + 96a^2b^2 + 15b^4)\sin(2(c + dx))}{960d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(60*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*(c + d*x) + 480*a*b*(6*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + 15*(16*a^4 + 96*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 80*a*b*(4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 45*b^2*(4*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 48*a*b^3*Ssin[5*(c + d*x)] + 5*b^4*Ssin[6*(c + d*x)])/(960*d)`

**3.439.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3270}$$

$$\frac{\int (5b - a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx}{6b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^5}{6bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (5b - a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^4 dx}{6b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^5}{6bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3232}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 (21ab - (4a^2 - 25b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}{5d}}{\frac{6b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{6bd}{6bd}} \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3 (21ab + (25b^2 - 4a^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}{5d}}{\frac{6b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{6bd}{6bd}} \downarrow \text{3232}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int 3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 (b(24a^2 + 25b^2) - a(4a^2 - 53b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{(4a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{4d} \right)}{\frac{6b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{6bd}{6bd}} \downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 (b(24a^2 + 25b^2) - a(4a^2 - 53b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{(4a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{4d} \right)}{\frac{6b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{6bd}{6bd}} \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2 (b(24a^2 + 25b^2) - a(4a^2 - 53b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{(4a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{4d} \right)}{\frac{6b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{6bd}{6bd}} \downarrow \text{3232}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (ab(64a^2 + 181b^2) - (8a^4 - 178b^2a^2 - 75b^4) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{a(4a^2 - 53b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4}{3d} \right) \right)}{\frac{6b}{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^5} + \frac{6bd}{6bd}} \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (ab(64a^2 + 181b^2) + (-8a^4 + 178b^2a^2 + 75b^4) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{a(4a^2 - 53b^2)}{6b} \right) \right)}{\frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^5}{6bd}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{2a(4a^4 - 121a^2b^2 - 128b^4)}{d} \sin(c + dx) - \frac{b(8a^4 - 178a^2b^2 - 75b^4)}{2d} \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) + \frac{15}{2} bx(8a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \right) - \frac{a(4a^2 - 53b^2)}{6b} \right) \right)}{\frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^5}{6bd}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*b*d) + (-1/5*(a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (-1/4*((4*a^2 - 25*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*(-1/3*(a*(4*a^2 - 53*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/d + ((15*b*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*x)/2 - (2*a*(4*a^4 - 121*a^2*b^2 - 128*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (b*(8*a^4 - 178*a^2*b^2 - 75*b^4)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3)/4)/5)/(6*b)`

### 3.439.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x
], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Ne
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.439.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(240a^4+1440a^2b^2+225b^4) \sin(2dx+2c)+(320a^3b+400ab^3) \sin(3dx+3c)+(180a^2b^2+45b^4) \sin(4dx+4c)+48ab^3 \sin(5dx+5c)}{960d}$
derivativedivides	$a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \frac{4a^3b(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)$
default	$a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \frac{4a^3b(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + 6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^4 \left( \frac{\left( \cos^5(dx+c) + \frac{5 \cos^3(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \left( \frac{\cos^2(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{a^4x}{2} + \frac{9xa^2b^2}{4} + \frac{5b^4x}{16} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)a^3b}{d} + \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)ab^3}{2d} + \frac{b^4 \sin(6dx+6c)}{192d} + \frac{ab^3 \sin(5dx+5c)}{20d} + \frac{3 \sin(4dx+4c)}{192d}$
norman	$\left( \frac{1}{2}a^4 + \frac{9}{4}a^2b^2 + \frac{5}{16}b^4 \right) x + \left( 3a^4 + \frac{27}{2}a^2b^2 + \frac{15}{8}b^4 \right) x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \left( 3a^4 + \frac{27}{2}a^2b^2 + \frac{15}{8}b^4 \right) x \left( \tan^{10} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + (10a^4 + 45ab^3)$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.439.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

output  $1/960*((240*a^4+1440*a^2*b^2+225*b^4)*\sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(320*a^3*b+400*a*b^3)*\sin(3*d*x+3*c)+(180*a^2*b^2+45*b^4)*\sin(4*d*x+4*c)+48*a*b^3*\sin(5*d*x+5*c)+5*b^4*\sin(6*d*x+6*c)+(2880*a^3*b+2400*a*b^3)*\sin(d*x+c)+480*d*(a^4+9/2*a^2*b^2+5/8*b^4)*x)/d$

### 3.439.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(8a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 5b^4)dx + (40b^4 \cos(dx + c))^5 + 192ab^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 640a^3b + 512ab^3 + 10(36a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 64(5a^3b + 4a^2b^3) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15(8a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/240*(15*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*d*x + (40*b^4*\cos(d*x + c))^5 + 192*a*b^3*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 640*a^3*b + 512*a*b^3 + 10*(36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 64*(5*a^3*b + 4*a^2*b^3)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.439.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 459 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^4 x \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^4 x \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{8a^3 b \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 b \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{9a^2 b^2 x \sin^4(c+dx)}{4} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^4 \cos^2(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`



output `Piecewise((a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 8*a**3*b*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 4*a**3*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 9*a**2*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/4 + 9*a**2*b**2*x**2*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + 9*a**2*b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/4 + 9*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 15*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(4*d) + 32*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 16*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 4*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 5*b**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*b**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*b**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*b**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*b**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**4*cos(c)**2, True))`

### 3.439.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{240(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^4 - 1280(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))a^3b + 180(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(2dx + 2c))a^2b^2 + 256(3\sin(dx + c)^5 - 10\sin(dx + c)^3 + 15\sin(dx + c))ab^3 - 5(4\sin(2dx + 2c)^3 - 60dx - 60c - 9\sin(4dx + 4c) - 48\sin(2dx + 2c))b^4}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/960*(240*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^4 - 1280*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a^3*b + 180*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2*b^2 + 256*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*a*b^3 - 5*(4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^3 - 60*d*x - 60*c - 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 48*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^4)/d`

**3.439.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{b^4 \sin(6 dx + 6 c)}{192 d} + \frac{ab^3 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{20 d} + \frac{1}{16} (8 a^4 + 36 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) x + \frac{3(4 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{64 d} + \frac{(4 a^3 b + 5 a b^3) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{12 d} + \frac{(16 a^4 + 96 a^2 b^2 + 15 b^4) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{64 d} + \frac{(6 a^3 b + 5 a b^3) \sin(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*b^4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/20*a*b^3*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/16*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*x + 3/64*(4*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/12*(4*a^3*b + 5*a*b^3)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/64*(16*a^4 + 96*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/2*(6*a^3*b + 5*a*b^3)*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.439.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{a^4 x}{2} + \frac{5 b^4 x}{16} + \frac{9 a^2 b^2 x}{4} + \frac{a^4 \sin(2 c + 2 d x)}{4 d} + \frac{15 b^4 \sin(2 c + 2 d x)}{64 d} + \frac{3 b^4 \sin(4 c + 4 d x)}{64 d} + \frac{b^4 \sin(6 c + 6 d x)}{192 d} + \frac{5 a b^3 \sin(3 c + 3 d x)}{12 d} + \frac{a^3 b \sin(3 c + 3 d x)}{3 d} + \frac{a b^3 \sin(5 c + 5 d x)}{20 d} + \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \sin(2 c + 2 d x)}{2 d} + \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \sin(4 c + 4 d x)}{16 d} + \frac{5 a b^3 \sin(c + d x)}{2 d} + \frac{3 a^3 b \sin(c + d x)}{d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output  $(a^4x)/2 + (5*b^4*x)/16 + (9*a^2*b^2*x)/4 + (a^4*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d)$   
 $+ (15*b^4*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(64*d) + (3*b^4*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(64*d) + (b^4*\sin(6*c + 6*d*x))/(192*d) + (5*a*b^3*\sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(12*d) + (a^3*b*\sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(3*d) + (a*b^3*\sin(5*c + 5*d*x))/(20*d) + (3*a^2*b^2*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(2*d) + (3*a^2*b^2*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(16*d) + (5*a*b^3*\sin(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (3*a^3*b*\sin(c + d*x))/d$

### 3.440 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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#### 3.440.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{1}{2}ab(4a^2 + 3b^2) x + \frac{2(3a^4 + 28a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{15d}$$

$$+ \frac{ab(6a^2 + 29b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{30d}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{15d}$$

$$+ \frac{a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 1/2*a*b*(4*a^2+3*b^2)*x+2/15*(3*a^4+28*a^2*b^2+4*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/30*a*
b*(6*a^2+29*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/15*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c
))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/5*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c
))^4*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.440.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{30(8a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \sin(c + dx) + b(480a^3c + 360ab^2c + 480a^3dx + 360ab^2dx + 240a(a^2 + b^2) \sin(2(c + dx)))}{240d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`output `(30*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x] + b*(480*a^3*c + 360*a*b^2*c + 480*a^3*d*x + 360*a*b^2*d*x + 240*a*(a^2 + b^2)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 5*(24*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 30*a*b^2*Ssin[4*(c + d*x)] + 3*b^3*Ssin[5*(c + d*x)])/(240*d)`**3.440.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3232}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int 4(b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \int (b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \int \left( b + a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^3 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 (7ab + (3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( 7ab + (3a^2 + 4b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (b(27a^2 + 8b^2) + a(6a^2 + 29b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \left( b(27a^2 + 8b^2) + a(6a^2 + 29b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ab(6a^2 + 29b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{15}{2} abx(4a^2 + 3b^2) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4}{5d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

```
output ((a + b*cos[c + d*x])^4*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (4*((a*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3*sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (((3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((15*a*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*x)/2 + (2*(3*a^4 + 28*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*sin[c + d*x])/d + (a*b*(6*a^2 + 29*b^2)*cos[c + d*x]*sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3)/4)/5
```

### 3.440.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3213 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m/(f*(m + 1))))], x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.440.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{240(a^3b+ab^3)\sin(2dx+2c)+5(24a^2b^2+5b^4)\sin(3dx+3c)+30\sin(4dx+4c)a^3b^3+3\sin(5dx+5c)b^4+30(8a^4+36a^2b^2+5b^4)\sin(dx+c)}{240d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4\sin(dx+c)+4a^3b\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+2a^2b^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+4ab^3\left(\frac{\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4\sin(dx+c)+4a^3b\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+2a^2b^2(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)+4ab^3\left(\frac{\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4}\right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{b^4\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos^4(dx+c)+\frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{a^4\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3\left(\frac{\cos^3(dx+c)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}}{4}\right)\sin(dx+c)+\frac{3dx}{8}}{d}$
risch	$2a^3bx + \frac{3ab^3x}{2} + \frac{a^4\sin(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{9\sin(dx+c)a^2b^2}{2d} + \frac{5\sin(dx+c)b^4}{8d} + \frac{\sin(5dx+5c)b^4}{80d} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)ab^3}{8d} +$
norman	$\frac{(2a^3b+\frac{3}{2}ab^3)x+(2a^3b+\frac{3}{2}ab^3)x\left(\tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(10a^3b+\frac{15}{2}ab^3)x\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(10a^3b+\frac{15}{2}ab^3)x\left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{30d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/240*(240*(a^3*b+a*b^3)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+5*(24*a^2*b^2+5*b^4)*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+30*sin(4*d*x+4*c)*a*b^3+3*sin(5*d*x+5*c)*b^4+30*(8*a^4+36*a^2*b^2+5*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)+480*b*(a^2+3/4*b^2)*d*x*a)/d`

### 3.440.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(4a^3b+3ab^3)dx + (6b^4\cos(dx+c)^4 + 30ab^3\cos(dx+c)^3 + 30a^4 + 120a^2b^2 + 16b^4 + 4(15a^2b^2 + 2ab^3)\cos(dx+c))}{30d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`



output  $\frac{1}{30} \cdot (15 \cdot (4a^3b + 3ab^3) \cdot dx + (6b^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 30ab^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 30a^4 + 120a^2b^2 + 16b^4 + 4 \cdot (15a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \cdot \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15 \cdot (4a^3b + 3ab^3) \cdot \cos(dx + c)) \cdot \sin(dx + c)) / d$

### 3.440.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 2a^3bx \sin^2(c + dx) + 2a^3bx \cos^2(c + dx) + \frac{2a^3b \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^2b^2 \sin^3(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{6a^2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^4 \cos(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**4*sin(c + d*x)/d + 2*a**3*b*x*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 2*a**3*b*x*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*a**3*b*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/d + 4*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)**3/d + 6*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/2 + 3*a*b**3*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a*b**3*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/2 + 3*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 5*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(2*d) + 8*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + b**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**4*cos(c), True))`

### 3.440.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{120(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))a^3b - 240(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))a^2b^2 + 15(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c))a^2b^2 - 120(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))ab^3 + 240(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))ab^3 - 15(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c))ab^3 + 15(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c))b^4}{30d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/120*(120*(2*d*x + 2*c + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^3*b - 240*(\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*\sin(d*x + c))*a^2*b^2 + 15*(12*d*x + 12*c + \sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b^3 + 8*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*\sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\sin(d*x + c))*b^4 + 120*a^4*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.440.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{b^4 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{80 d} + \frac{ab^3 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{8 d} + \frac{1}{2} (4 a^3 b + 3 ab^3) x + \frac{(24 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{48 d} + \frac{(a^3 b + ab^3) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} + \frac{(8 a^4 + 36 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) \sin(dx + c)}{8 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/80*b^4*\sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/8*a*b^3*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/2*(4*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*x + 1/48*(24*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*\sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + (a^3*b + a*b^3)*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/8*(8*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*\sin(d*x + c)/d$

### 3.440.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{(2 a^4 - 4 a^3 b + 12 a^2 b^2 - 5 a b^3 + 2 b^4) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(8 a^4 - 8 a^3 b + 32 a^2 b^2 - 2 a b^3 + \frac{8 b^4}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 + \frac{a b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a b \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (4 a^2 + 3 b^2)}{4 a^3 b + 3 a b^3}\right) (4 a^2 + 3 b^2)}{d} - \frac{a b (4 a^2 + 3 b^2) \left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

3.440.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(12*a^4 + (116*b^4)/15 + 40*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(2*a^4 - 4*a^3*b - 5*a*b^3 + 2*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(2*a*b^3 + 8*a^3*b + 8*a^4 + (8*b^4)/3 + 32*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(8*a^4 - 8*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 + (8*b^4)/3 + 32*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(5*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + 2*a^4 + 2*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2))/(d*(5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 5*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} + 1)) + (a*b*\operatorname{atan}((a*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2))/(3*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b))*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2))/d - (a*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*(\operatorname{atan}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (d*x)/2))/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.441 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

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3.441.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3368
3.441.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3369
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#### 3.441.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{1}{8}(8a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 3b^4) x + \frac{ab(19a^2 + 16b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{b^2(26a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{7ab(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{12d} + \frac{b(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

```
output 1/8*(8*a^4+24*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)*x+1/6*a*b*(19*a^2+16*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/24*b^2*(26*a^2+9*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+7/12*a*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.441.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{12(8a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 3b^4)(c + dx) + 96ab(4a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx) + 24b^2(6a^2 + b^2) \sin(2(c + dx)) + 32ab^3 \sin(3(c + dx))}{96d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output  $(12*(8*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*(c + d*x) + 96*a*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 24*b^2*(6*a^2 + b^2)*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + 32*a*b^3*\text{Sin}[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*b^4*\text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)])/(96*d)$

### 3.441.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {3042, 3135, 3042, 3232, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3135} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 (4a^2 + 7b \cos(c + dx)a + 3b^2) dx + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( 4a^2 + 7b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + 3b^2 \right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (a(12a^2 + 23b^2) + b(26a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{7ab \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \left( a(12a^2 + 23b^2) + b(26a^2 + 9b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{7ab \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d} \right)$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2ab(19a^2 + 16b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2(26a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3}{2} x(8a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \right) + \frac{7ab \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{4d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((7*a*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*(8*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*x)/2 + (2*a*b*(19*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (b^2*(26*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3)/4`

### 3.441.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3135 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[1/n Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[a^2*n + b^2*(n - 1) + a*b*(2*n - 1)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.441.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{24(6a^2b^2+b^4)\sin(2dx+2c)+32\sin(3dx+3c)a^3b^3+3\sin(4dx+4c)b^4+96(4a^3b+3ab^3)\sin(dx+c)+96d(a^4+3a^2b^2+\frac{3}{8}b^4)x}{96d}$
derivativedivides	$b^4 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right) + \frac{4ab^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + 6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
default	$b^4 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right) + \frac{4ab^3(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)}{3} + 6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
parts	$a^4x + \frac{b^4 \left( \frac{(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2})\sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx + \frac{3c}{8}}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{6a^2b^2 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{4\sin(dx+c)a^3b^3}{d}$
risch	$a^4x + 3xa^2b^2 + \frac{3b^4x}{8} + \frac{4\sin(dx+c)a^3b^3}{d} + \frac{3\sin(dx+c)a^3b^3}{d} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)b^4}{32d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c)a^3b^3}{3d} + \frac{3\sin(2dx+c)b^4}{32d}$
norman	$\frac{(a^4+3a^2b^2+\frac{3}{8}b^4)x+(a^4+3a^2b^2+\frac{3}{8}b^4)x\left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(4a^4+12a^2b^2+\frac{3}{2}b^4)x\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(4a^4+12a^2b^2+\frac{3}{2}b^4)}{d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/96*(24*(6*a^2*b^2+b^4)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+32*sin(3*d*x+3*c)*a*b^3+3*sin(4*d*x+4*c)*b^4+96*(4*a^3*b+3*a*b^3)*sin(d*x+c)+96*d*(a^4+3*a^2*b^2+3/8*b^4)*x)/d
```

**3.441.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 3b^4)dx + (6b^4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 32ab^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 96a^3b + 64ab^3 + 9(8a^2b^2 + b^4) \cos(dx + c)) \sin(dx + c)}{24d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/24*(3*(8*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*d*x + (6*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 32*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 96*a^3*b + 64*a*b^3 + 9*(8*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.441.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^4x + \frac{4a^3b \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 3a^2b^2x \sin^2(c + dx) + 3a^2b^2x \cos^2(c + dx) + \frac{3a^2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{8ab^3 \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} \\ x(a + b \cos(c))^4 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Piecewise((a**4*x + 4*a**3*b*sin(c + d*x)/d + 3*a**2*b**2*x*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a**2*b**2*x*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a**2*b**2*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/d + 8*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + 4*a*b**3*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*b**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*b**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*b**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*b**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*cos(c))**4, True))`



**3.441.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 x + \frac{3(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)) a^2 b^2}{2 d} - \frac{4(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c)) a b^3}{3 d} + \frac{(12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)) b^4}{32 d} + \frac{4 a^3 b \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^4*x + 3/2*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a^2*b^2/d - 4/3*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*a*b^3/d + 1/32*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^4/d + 4*a^3*b*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.441.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{b^4 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{32 d} + \frac{a b^3 \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{3 d} + \frac{1}{8} (8 a^4 + 24 a^2 b^2 + 3 b^4) x + \frac{(6 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{4 d} + \frac{(4 a^3 b + 3 a b^3) \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/32*b^4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/3*a*b^3*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 1/8*(8*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*x + 1/4*(6*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + (4*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.441.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 x + \frac{3b^4 x}{8} + 3a^2 b^2 x + \frac{b^4 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4d} + \frac{b^4 \sin(4c + 4dx)}{32d} \\ + \frac{ab^3 \sin(3c + 3dx)}{3d} + \frac{3a^2 b^2 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{2d} \\ + \frac{3ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4a^3 b \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `a^4*x + (3*b^4*x)/8 + 3*a^2*b^2*x + (b^4*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*d) + (b^4*sin(4*c + 4*d*x))/(32*d) + (a*b^3*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(3*d) + (3*a^2*b^2*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(2*d) + (3*a*b^3*sin(c + d*x))/d + (4*a^3*b*sin(c + d*x))/d`

### 3.442 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$

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3.442.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3379

#### 3.442.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = 2ab(2a^2 + b^2) x + \frac{a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4ab^3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2*a*b*(2*a^2+b^2)*x+a^4*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/3*b^2*(17*a^2+2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4/3*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/3*b^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.442.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{24ab(2a^2 + b^2)(c + dx) - 12a^4 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 12a^4 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{12d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(24*a*b*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) - 12*a^4*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 12*a^4*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 9*b^2*(8*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + 12*a*b^3*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + b^4*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(12*d)`

### 3.442.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3512, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (3a^3 + 8b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a + b(9a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (3a^3 + 8b^2 \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b(9a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3512} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 2(3a^4 + 6b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int (3a^4 + 6b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{3a^4 + 6b(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int 3(a^4 + 2b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int (a^4 + 2b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{a^4 + 2b(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow 3214$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \left( a^4 \int \sec(c + dx) dx + 2abx(2a^2 + b^2) \right) + \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \left( a^4 \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + 2abx(2a^2 + b^2) \right) + \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right) \\ \downarrow 4257 \\ \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{b^2(17a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + 3 \left( \frac{a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + 2abx(2a^2 + b^2) \right) + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{d} \right) \\ \left. \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(b^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (3*(2*a*b*(2*a^2 + b^2)*x + (a^4*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]))/d + (b^2*(17*a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (4*a*b^3*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/3`

### 3.442.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3512 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*d*Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 3)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[a*C*d + A*b*c*(m + 3) + b*(B*c*(m + 3) + d*(C*(m + 2) + A*(m + 3)))*Sin[e + f*x] - (2*a*C*d - b*(c*C + B*d))*(m + 3))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.442.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+4a^3b(dx+c)+6 \sin(dx+c)a^2b^2+4a b^3 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{b^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))+4a^3b(dx+c)+6 \sin(dx+c)a^2b^2+4a b^3 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{b^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3}}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-12a^4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 12a^4 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 12 \sin(2dx+2c)a b^3 + \sin(3dx+3c)b^4 + 9(8a^2b^2+b^4) \sin(dx+c)}{12d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{b^4(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{4a b^3 \left(\frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6 \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$4a^3bx + 2a b^3x - \frac{3ie^{i(dx+c)}a^2b^2}{d} - \frac{3ie^{i(dx+c)}b^4}{8d} + \frac{3ie^{-i(dx+c)}a^2b^2}{d} + \frac{3ie^{-i(dx+c)}b^4}{8d} + \frac{a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{(4a^3b+2a b^3)x + (4a^3b+2a b^3)x \left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (16a^3b+8a b^3)x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (16a^3b+8a b^3)x \left(\tan^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{6d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^4*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+4*a^3*b*(d*x+c)+6*sin(d*x+c)*a^2*b^2+4*a*b^3*(1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1/3*b^4*(2+cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c))`

### 3.442.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 a^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3 a^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 12(2 a^3 b + a b^3) dx + 2(b^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 6 a b^3 \sin(dx + c))}{6 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*a^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*a^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 12*(2*a^3*b + a*b^3)*d*x + 2*(b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 6*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 18*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*sin(d*x + c))/d`



**3.442.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**4*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.442.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12(dx + c)a^3b + 3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))ab^3 - (\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3\sin(dx + c))b^4 + 3a^4 \log(\sec(dx + c))}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(12*(d*x + c)*a^3*b + 3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*a*b^3 - (sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*b^4 + 3*a^4*log(sec(d*x + c) + tan(d*x + c)) + 18*a^2*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.442.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3a^4 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) + 6(2a^3b + ab^3)(dx + c) + \frac{2(18a^2b^2 \tan^2(dx + c) + 18a^2b^2 \tan(dx + c) + 9a^2b^2)}{3d}}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(3*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*a^4*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 6*(2*a^3*b + a*b^3)*(d*x + c) + 2*(18*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 6*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 36*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 18*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^3/d`

### 3.442.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b^4 \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{2a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^4 \sin(3c + 3dx)}{12d} + \frac{ab^3 \sin(2c + 2dx)}{d} + \frac{6a^2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{8a^3b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `(3*b^4*sin(c + d*x))/(4*d) + (2*a^4*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (b^4*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(12*d) + (a*b^3*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/d + (6*a^2*b^2*sin(c + d*x))/d + (4*a*b^3*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (8*a^3*b*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`

### 3.443 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.443.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3380
3.443.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3380
3.443.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3381
3.443.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3384
3.443.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3384
3.443.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3385
3.443.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3385
3.443.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3386
3.443.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3386

#### 3.443.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{1}{2}b^2(12a^2 + b^2)x + \frac{4a^3 b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{2ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
output 1/2*b^2*(12*a^2+b^2)*x+4*a^3*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d-2*a*b*(a^2-2*b^2)*sin
(d*x+c)/d-1/2*b^2*(2*a^2-b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
^2*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.443.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b(b(12a^2 + b^2)(c + dx) - 8a^3 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + 8a^3 \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output  $(2*b*(b*(12*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) - 8*a^3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 8*a^3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]]) + 16*a*b^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + b^4*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + 4*a^4*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(4*d)$

### 3.443.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3512, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (4ba^2 + 3b^2 \cos(c + dx)a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (4ba^2 + 3b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3512}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (8ba^3 - 4b(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)a + b^2(12a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx - \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8ba^3 - 4b(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + b^2(12a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \\
& \quad \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \int (8ba^3 + b^2(12a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx - \frac{4ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{8ba^3 + b^2(12a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{4ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 8a^3b \int \sec(c + dx) dx - \frac{4ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + b^2x(12a^2 + b^2) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 8a^3b \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{4ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + b^2x(12a^2 + b^2) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& -\frac{b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{8a^3b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{4ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d} + b^2x(12a^2 + b^2) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(b^2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (b^2*(12*a^2 + b^2)*x + (8*a^3*b*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d - (4*a*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/2 + (a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

## 3.443.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3512 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*d*Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 3)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[a*C*d + A*b*c*(m + 3) + b*(B*c*(m + 3) + d*(C*(m + 2) + A*(m + 3)))*Sin[e + f*x] - (2*a*C*d - b*(c*C + B*d)*(m + 3))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.443.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \tan(dx+c) + 4a^3b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + 6a^2b^2(dx+c) + 4 \sin(dx+c)a b^3 + b^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4 \tan(dx+c) + 4a^3b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + 6a^2b^2(dx+c) + 4 \sin(dx+c)a b^3 + b^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{4a^3b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{6a^2b^2(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4 \sin(dx+c)a b^3}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-32a^3b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \cos(dx+c) + 32a^3b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \cos(dx+c) + 16 \sin(2dx+2c)a b^3 + \sin(3dx+3c)b^4 + 4a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{8d \cos(dx+c)}$
risc	$6x a^2 b^2 + \frac{b^4 x}{2} - \frac{i b^4 e^{2i(dx+c)}}{8d} - \frac{2ia b^3 e^{i(dx+c)}}{d} + \frac{2ia b^3 e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} + \frac{i b^4 e^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8d} + \frac{2ia^4}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{4a^4}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)}$
norman	$\frac{(-6a^2b^2 - \frac{1}{2}b^4)x + (-18a^2b^2 - \frac{3}{2}b^4)x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (6a^2b^2 + \frac{1}{2}b^4)x \left(\tan^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (18a^2b^2 + \frac{3}{2}b^4)x \left(\tan^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^4*tan(d*x+c)+4*a^3*b*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+6*a^2*b^2*(d*x+c)+4*
sin(d*x+c)*a*b^3+b^4*(1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+1/2*d*x+1/2*c))
```

### 3.443.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 a^3 b \cos(dx + c) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 4 a^3 b \cos(dx + c) \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + (12 a^2 b^2 + b^4) dx \cos(dx + c)}{2 d \cos(dx + c)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output  $1/2*(4*a^3*b*\cos(d*x + c)*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 4*a^3*b*\cos(d*x + c)*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (12*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*d*x*\cos(d*x + c) + (b^4*\cos(d*x + c))^2 + 8*a*b^3*\cos(d*x + c) + 2*a^4*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\cos(d*x + c))$

### 3.443.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**4*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### 3.443.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{24(dx + c)a^2b^2 + (2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))b^4 + 8a^3b(\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1))}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/4*(24*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2 + (2*d*x + 2*c + \sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*b^4 + 8*a^3*b*(\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 16*a*b^3*\sin(d*x + c) + 4*a^4*\tan(d*x + c))/d$



**3.443.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8a^3b \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 8a^3b \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{4a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 1} + (12a^2b^2 + b^4)(dx)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(8*a^3*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 8*a^3*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 4*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1) + (12*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*(d*x + c) + 2*(8*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 8*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2/d`**3.443.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{12a^2b^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{4ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `(b^4*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (a^4*sin(c + d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x)) + (12*a^2*b^2*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (4*a*b^3*sin(c + d*x))/d + (b^4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d) + (8*a^3*b*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d`

### 3.444 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.444.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = 4ab^3x + \frac{a^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} - \frac{b^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^3b \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

```
output 4*a*b^3*x+1/2*a^2*(a^2+12*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d-1/2*b^2*(a^2-2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3*a^3*b*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.444.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = a \left( 16b^3c + 16b^3dx - 2a(a^2 + 12b^2) \log \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \right) \right) + 2a(a^2 + 12b^2) \log \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output  $(a*(16*b^3*c + 16*b^3*d*x - 2*a*(a^2 + 12*b^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*a*(a^2 + 12*b^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + a^3/(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])^2 - a^3/(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2])^2 + 4*b^4*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 16*a^3*b*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(4*d)$

### 3.444.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 25, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (6ba^2 + (a^2 + 6b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{2d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (6ba^2 + (a^2 + 6b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{2d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3510}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{6a^3 b \tan(c + dx)}{d} - \int -((8a \cos(c + dx)b^3 - (a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)b^2 + a^2(a^2 + 12b^2)) \sec(c + dx)) dx \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{2d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{(8a \cos(c+dx)b^3 - (a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + a^2(a^2 + 12b^2)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} \right) +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{8a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) b^3 - (a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^2 + a^2(a^2 + 12b^2)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int (8a \cos(c+dx)b^3 + a^2(a^2 + 12b^2)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{b^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{8a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) b^3 + a^2(a^2 + 12b^2)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{b^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( a^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{b^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 8ab^3x \right) +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( a^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{b^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 8ab^3x \right) +$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}{2d} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{6a^3b \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} - \frac{b^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + 8ab^3x \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (8*a*b^3*x + (a^2*(a^2 + 12*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d - (b^2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (6*a^3*b*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2`

### 3.444.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 3510 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.444.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 4a^3 b \tan(dx+c) + 6a^2 b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c)) + 4a b^3 (dx+c) + \sin^2(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 4a^3 b \tan(dx+c) + 6a^2 b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c)) + 4a b^3 (dx+c) + \sin^2(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{\sin(dx+c)b^4}{d} + \frac{4a^3 b \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-a^2(a^2+12b^2)(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + a^2(a^2+12b^2)(1+\cos(2dx+2c)) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 8a b^3 dx \cos(dx+c)}{2d(1+\cos(2dx+2c))}$
risc	$4a b^3 x - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}b^4}{2d} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}b^4}{2d} - \frac{ia^3(ae^{3i(dx+c)} - 8be^{2i(dx+c)} - ae^{i(dx+c)} - 8b)}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} + \frac{a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} + \frac{a^4 \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d}$
norman	$\frac{(a^4 - 8a^3 b + 2b^4) \left( \tan^{11}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{d} + \frac{(a^4 + 8a^3 b + 2b^4) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{(5a^4 - 24a^3 b + 2b^4) \left( \tan^9\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{d} + \frac{(5a^4 + 24a^3 b + 2b^4) \left( \tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^4*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+4*a^3*b*tan(d*x+c)+6*a^2*b^2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+4*a*b^3*(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*b^4)
```

---

3.444.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

**3.444.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 ab^3 dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + (a^4 + 12 a^2 b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (a^4 + 12 a^2 b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) + 2(2b^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8a^3 b \cos(dx + c) + a^4) \sin(dx + c)}{4 d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(16*a*b^3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^4 + 12*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (a^4 + 12*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(2*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*a^3*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^4)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`**3.444.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**4*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`**3.444.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16(dx + c)ab^3 - a^4 \left( \frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2 - 1} - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right) + 12 a^2 b^2 (\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1))}{4 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}*(16*(d*x + c)*a*b^3 - a^4*(2*\sin(d*x + c)/(\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 12*a^2*b^2*(\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 4*b^4*\sin(d*x + c) + 16*a^3*b*\tan(d*x + c)) / d$

### 3.444.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(dx + c)ab^3 + \frac{4b^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 + 1} + (a^4 + 12a^2b^2) \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) + 1|) - (a^4 + 12a^2b^2) \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) - 1|)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(8*(d*x + c)*a*b^3 + 4*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1) + (a^4 + 12*a^2*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - (a^4 + 12*a^2*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 8*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 8*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2)/d$

### 3.444.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^4 \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos(c + dx)^2} + \frac{12a^2b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{8ab^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{4a^3b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos(c + dx)}$$



input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `(b^4*sin(c + d*x))/d + (a^4*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (a^4*sin(c + d*x))/(2*d*cos(c + d*x)^2) + (12*a^2*b^2*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (8*a*b^3*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (4*a^3*b*sin(c + d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x))`

### 3.445 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.445.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3395
3.445.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3395
3.445.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3396
3.445.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3400
3.445.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3400
3.445.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3401
3.445.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3401
3.445.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3402
3.445.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3402

#### 3.445.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = b^4 x + \frac{2ab(a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{a^2(2a^2 + 17b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4a^3 b \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output b^4*x+2*a*b*(a^2+2*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/3*a^2*(2*a^2+17*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+4/3*a^3*b*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.445.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b^4 dx + 6ab(a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + 3a^2(a^2 + 6b^2 + 2ab \sec(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx) + a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(3*b^4*d*x + 6*a*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + 3*a^2*(a^2 + 6*b^2 + 2*a*b*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x] + a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

### 3.445.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 27, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (3 \cos^2(c + dx)b^3 + 8a^2b + a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (3 \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^3 + 8a^2b + a(2a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3510} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{1}{2} \int -2(3 \cos^2(c + dx)b^4 + 6a(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c + dx)b + a^2(2a^2 + 17b^2)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{(3 \cos^2(c+dx)b^4 + 6a(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx)b + a^2(2a^2+17b^2)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{4a^3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^4 + 6a(a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) b + a^2(2a^2+17b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{4a^3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int 3(\cos(c+dx)b^4 + 2a(a^2+2b^2)b) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{4a^3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(2a^2+17b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int (\cos(c+dx)b^4 + 2a(a^2+2b^2)b) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{4a^3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(2a^2+17b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) b^4 + 2a(a^2+2b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{4a^3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(2a^2+17b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \left( 2ab(a^2+2b^2) \int \sec(c+dx) dx + b^4 x \right) + \frac{4a^3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(2a^2+17b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \left( 2ab(a^2 + 2b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + b^4 x \right) + \frac{4a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(2a^2 + 17b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} \right) \\ \downarrow 4257 \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{3d} + \\ \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{d} + 3 \left( \frac{2ab(a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + b^4 x \right) + \frac{a^2(2a^2 + 17b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (3*(b^4*x + (2*a*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]))/d + (a^2*(2*a^2 + 17*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (4*a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/3`

### 3.445.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3510 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.445.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 4a^3 b \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 6a^2 b^2 \tan(dx+c) + 4a b^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{-a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + 4a^3 b \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right) + 6a^2 b^2 \tan(dx+c) + 4a b^3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^4 \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{b^4(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 b \sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{2a^3 b \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d}$
risch	$b^4 x - \frac{4ia^2(3ab e^{5i(dx+c)} - 9b^2 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 3a^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 18b^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3ab e^{i(dx+c)} - a^2 - 9b^2)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{2a^3 b \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-18b \left( \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} + \cos(dx+c) \right) (a^2 + 2b^2) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 18b \left( \frac{\cos(3dx+3c)}{3} + \cos(dx+c) \right) (a^2 + 2b^2) a \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3d(\cos(3dx+3c) + 3\cos(dx+c))}$
norman	$\frac{b^4 x \left( \tan^{12} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + b^4 x \left( \tan^{14} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - b^4 x - b^4 x \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 3b^4 x \left( \tan^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 3b^4 x \left( \tan^6 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - \dots}{\dots}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-a^4*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+4*a^3*b*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+6*a^2*b^2*tan(d*x+c)+4*a*b^3*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+b^4*(d*x+c))`

### 3.445.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^4 dx \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(a^3 b + 2ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(a^3 b + 2ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)}{3d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{3}(3b^4dx\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(a^3b + 2ab^3)\cos(dx+c)^3\log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) - 3(a^3b + 2ab^3)\cos(dx+c)^3\log(-\sin(dx+c) + 1) + (6a^3b\cos(dx+c) + a^4 + 2(a^4 + 9a^2b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2)\sin(dx+c))/(d\cos(dx+c)^3)$

### 3.445.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**4*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)`

### 3.445.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\tan(dx+c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx+c))a^4 + 3(dx+c)b^4 - 3a^3b\left(\frac{2 \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx+c) - 1)\right) + 6a^2b^2 \tan(dx+c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{3}((\tan(dx+c)^3 + 3\tan(dx+c))a^4 + 3(dx+c)b^4 - 3a^3b(2\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1} - \log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx+c) - 1)) + 6a^2b^2 \tan(dx+c))/d$



**3.445.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(dx + c)b^4 + 6(a^3b + 2ab^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 6(a^3b + 2ab^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(3*(d*x + c)*b^4 + 6*(a^3*b + 2*a*b^3)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 6*(a^3*b + 2*a*b^3)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(3*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 6*a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 36*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 18*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3/d`

**3.445.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^3} + \frac{8ab^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^3b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos(c + dx)^2} + \frac{6a^2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos(c + dx)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output  $(2*b^4*atan(\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (2*a^4*\sin(c + d*x))/(3*d*\cos(c + d*x)) + (a^4*\sin(c + d*x))/(3*d*\cos(c + d*x)^3) + (8*a*b^3*atanh(\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (4*a^3*b*atanh(\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/d + (2*a^3*b*\sin(c + d*x))/(d*\cos(c + d*x)^2) + (6*a^2*b^2*\sin(c + d*x))/(d*\cos(c + d*x))$

### 3.446 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

3.446.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3404
3.446.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3405
3.446.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3405
3.446.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3409
3.446.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3410
3.446.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3410
3.446.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3411
3.446.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3411
3.446.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3412

#### 3.446.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{4ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{5a^3b \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d}$$

output `1/8*(3*a^4+24*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+4/3*a*b*(2*a^2+3*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/8*a^2*(3*a^2+22*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+5/6*a^3*b*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/4*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d`

**3.446.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + a \tan(c + dx) (9a(a^2 + 8b^2) \sec(c + dx) + 6a^3 \sec^3(c + dx))}{24d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(3*(3*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + a*Tan[c + d*x]*(9*a*(a^2 + 8*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x] + 6*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 32*b*(3*(a^2 + b^2) + a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)))/(24*d)`

**3.446.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 25, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (10ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \left( 10ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \right)}{\frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}} dx +$$

$$\downarrow \quad \mathbf{3510}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{10a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{1}{3} \int -((3(3a^2 + 22b^2) a^2 + 16b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx) a + 3b^2(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{10a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \mathbf{25}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (3(3a^2 + 22b^2) a^2 + 16b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx) a + 3b^2(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{10a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3(3a^2 + 22b^2) a^2 + 16b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + 3b^2(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{10a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \mathbf{3500}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) + 3(3a^4 + 24b^2 a^2 + 8b^4) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) + 3(3a^4 + 24b^2 a^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \mathbf{3227}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + 3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \sec(c + dx) dx \right) + \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right) \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + 3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx \right) + \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right) \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx - \frac{32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right) \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right) \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{4d} + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{10a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^2(3a^2 + 22b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{32ab(2a^2 + 3b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((10*a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*a^2*(3*a^2 + 22*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + ((3*(3*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (32*a*b*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2)/3)/4`

## 3.446.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3510 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[
e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - S
imp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(
m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m
+ 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)
))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4254 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.446.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - 4a^3 b \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \dots}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) - 4a^3 b \left( -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(dx+c)}{3} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \dots}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^3(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^4 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d} - \frac{4a^3 b}{d}$
parallelrisc	$-36 \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) (a^4 + 8a^2 b^2 + \frac{8}{3} b^4) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 36 \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) (a^4 + 8a^2 b^2 + \frac{8}{3} b^4)$
risc	$\frac{-ia(9a^3 e^{7i(dx+c)} + 72a b^2 e^{7i(dx+c)} - 96b^3 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 33a^3 e^{5i(dx+c)} + 72a b^2 e^{5i(dx+c)} - 192a^2 b e^{4i(dx+c)} - 288b^3 e^{4i(dx+c)} - \dots)}{12d(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)}$
norman	$\frac{a(5a^3 - 32a^2 b + 24a b^2 - 32b^3) \left( \tan^{15} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{4d} + \frac{a(5a^3 + 32a^2 b + 24a b^2 + 32b^3) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{4d} + \frac{a(45a^3 - 32a^2 b + 24a b^2 + 96b^3) \left( \tan^{11} \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{4d}$

3.446.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$



input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^4*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-4*a^3*b*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+6*a^2*b^2*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+4*tan(d*x+c)*a*b^3+b^4*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))`

### 3.446.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2(32a^3b \cos(dx + c) + 6a^4 + 32(2a^3b + 3ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 9(a^4 + 8a^2b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2) \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/48*(3*(3*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(3*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(32*a^3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 6*a^4 + 32*(2*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 9*(a^4 + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

### 3.446.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.446.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{64 (\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c) a^3 b - 3 a^4 \left( \frac{2(3 \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5 \sin(dx+c))}{\sin(dx+c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1} - 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) \right)}{dx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/48*(64*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^3*b - 3*a^4*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 72*a^2*b^2*(2*sin(d*x + c)/(sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 24*b^4*(log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 192*a*b^3*tan(d*x + c))/d`**3.446.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 360 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 3(3a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{dx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{24}*(3*(3*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 3*(3*a^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(15*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 96*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 72*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 96*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 9*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 160*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 72*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 288*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 160*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 72*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 288*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 96*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 72*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 96*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^4/d$

### 3.446.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{5a^4}{4} - 8a^3b + 6a^2b^2 - 8ab^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^7 + \left(\frac{3a^4}{4} + \frac{40a^3b}{3} - 6a^2b^2 + 24ab^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 + \left(\frac{3a^4}{4} - 8a^3b + 6a^2b^2 - 8ab^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{3a^4}{4} + \frac{40a^3b}{3} - 6a^2b^2 + 24ab^3\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) \left(\frac{3a^4}{4} + 6a^2b^2 + 2b^4\right)}{d}}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^8 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 + 6 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output  $\frac{(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a*b^3 + 8*a^3*b + (5*a^4)/4 + 6*a^2*b^2) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(8*a*b^3 + 8*a^3*b - (5*a^4)/4 - 6*a^2*b^2) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(24*a*b^3 + (40*a^3*b)/3 - (3*a^4)/4 + 6*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(24*a*b^3 + (40*a^3*b)/3 + (3*a^4)/4 - 6*a^2*b^2))/((d*(6*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + 1)) + (\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*((3*a^4)/4 + 2*b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2))/d$

### 3.447 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.447.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{(8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \tan(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 + 27b^2) \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{3a^3b \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^4(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 1/2*a*b*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/15*(8*a^4+60*a^2*b^2+15*b^4)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*b*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/15*a^2*(4*a^2+27*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+3/5*a^3*b*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/5*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^4*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.447.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (30(a^4 + 6a^2b^2 + b^4) + 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sec(c + dx) + 30d)}{30d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(15*a*b*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(30*(a^4 + 6*a^2*b^2 + b^4) + 15*a*b*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x] + 30*a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 20*a^2*(a^2 + 3*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + 6*a^4*Tan[c + d*x]^4)/(30*d)`

**3.447.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 27, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (12ba^2 + (4a^2 + 15b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(2a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \left(12ba^2 + (4a^2 + 15b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b(2a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2\right)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

↓ 3510

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{1}{4} \int -4((4a^2 + 27b^2) a^2 + 5b(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx) a + b^2(2a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int ((4a^2 + 27b^2) a^2 + 5b(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx) a + b^2(2a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{(4a^2 + 27b^2) a^2 + 5b(3a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b^2(2a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) + (8a^4 + 60b^2 a^2 + 15b^4) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) + (8a^4 + 60b^2 a^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 + 15b^2) \sec^5(c + dx)}{5d} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + (8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right) + \frac{3a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + (8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx \right) + \frac{3a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx - \frac{(8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{3a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + \frac{(8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{3a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{d} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{4255}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^4(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3a^3 b \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 (4a^2 + 27b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left( 15ab(3a^2 + 4b^2) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^4*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((a^2*(4*a^2 + 27*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (3*a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (((8*a^4 + 60*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 15*a*b*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/3)/5`

### 3.447.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3510 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`



**3.447.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(3a^3b + 4ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 15(3a^3b + 4ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^5 \log(-\sin(dx + c)) - 2(30a^3b \cos(dx + c) + 2(8a^4 + 60a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \cos(dx + c)^4 + 6a^4 + 15(3a^3b + 4a^2b^2) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 4(2a^4 + 15a^2b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2) \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(15*(3*a^3*b + 4*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*(3*a^3*b + 4*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(30*a^3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(8*a^4 + 60*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 6*a^4 + 15*(3*a^3*b + 4*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*(2*a^4 + 15*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`**3.447.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`output `Timed out`**3.447.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a^4 + 120(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a^2b^2 - 120 \tan(dx + c)a^2b^2}{d^5 \cos^5(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{60}*(4*(3*\tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*\tan(d*x + c))*a^4 + 120*(\tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*\tan(d*x + c))*a^2*b^2 - 15*a^3*b*(2*(3*\sin(d*x + c)^3 - 5*\sin(d*x + c)))/(\sin(d*x + c)^4 - 2*\sin(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*\log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 60*a*b^3*(2*\sin(d*x + c)/(\sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 60*b^4*\tan(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.447.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(3a^3b + 4ab^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 15(3a^3b + 4ab^3) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right) - \frac{2(30a^4 \tan^2(c + dx) + 15a^3b \tan(c + dx) + 5a^2b^2 + 3b^3)}{\sin^2(c + dx)}}{\sin^2(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{30}*(15*(3*a^3*b + 4*a*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1)) - 15*(3*a^3*b + 4*a*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) - 2*(30*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 75*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 180*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 60*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 30*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 40*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 30*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 480*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 120*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 120*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 116*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 600*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 180*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 40*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 30*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 480*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 120*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 120*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 30*a^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 75*a^3*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 180*a^2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 60*a*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 30*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^5)/d$

---

3.447.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

**3.447.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) (3a^3b + 4ab^3)}{d} - \frac{(2a^4 - 5a^3b + 12a^2b^2 - 4ab^3 + 2b^4) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 + \left(-\frac{8a^4}{3} + 2a^3b - 32a^2b^2 + 8ab^3 - 8b^4\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{10}}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)^{10}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output

```
(atanh(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*(4*a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b))/d - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*
((116*a^4)/15 + 12*b^4 + 40*a^2*b^2) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*(2*a^4 - 5*a^3
*b - 4*a*b^3 + 2*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(8*a*b^3 + 2*a^3
*b + (8*a^4)/3 + 8*b^4 + 32*a^2*b^2) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*((8*a^4)/3 - 2
*a^3*b - 8*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 32*a^2*b^2) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a*b^3 + 5*a
^3*b + 2*a^4 + 2*b^4 + 12*a^2*b^2))/(d*(5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 10*tan(c/
2 + (d*x)/2)^4 + 10*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 - 5*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 + tan(c/
2 + (d*x)/2)^10 - 1))
```

### 3.448 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$

3.448.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3423
3.448.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3424
3.448.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3424
3.448.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3429
3.448.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3430
3.448.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3430
3.448.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3430
3.448.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3431
3.448.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3432

#### 3.448.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{16d} + \frac{4ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{a^2(5a^2 + 32b^2) \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{7a^3b \sec^4(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^5(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{4ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) \tan^3(c + dx)}{15d}$$

output `1/16*(5*a^4+36*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+4/5*a*b*(4*a^2+5*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/16*(5*a^4+36*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/24*a^2*(5*a^2+32*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+7/15*a^3*b*sec(d*x+c)^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/6*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^5*tan(d*x+c)/d+4/15*a*b*(4*a^2+5*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

**3.448.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + \tan(c + dx) (15(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sec(c + dx) + 10a^2(5$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]`output `(15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + Tan[c + d*x]*(15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Sec[c + d*x] + 10*a^2*(5*a^2 + 36*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3 + 40*a^4*Sec[c + d*x]^5 + 64*a*b*(15*(a^2 + b^2) + 5*(2*a^2 + b^2))*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + 3*a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^4))/(240*d)`**3.448.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 25, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^7(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) (14ba^2 + (5a^2 + 18b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 3b(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$





$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) + 5(5a^4 + 36b^2a^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{5a^2(5a^2 + 32b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} \\ \downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( 32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx \right) \right) + \frac{5a^2(5a^2 + 32b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( 32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) \right) + \frac{5a^2(5a^2 + 32b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} \\ \downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} \\ \downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) (-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} \\ \downarrow \text{4255}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) \right) - \frac{32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) (-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{32ab(4a^2 + 5b^2) \left( -\frac{1}{3} \right)}{6d} \right) \right) \right) \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} + \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{6d} + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{14a^3b \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{5a^2(5a^2 + 32b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( 5(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \left( \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]`

output `(a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^5*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d) + ((14*a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]^4*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((5*a^2*(5*a^2 + 32*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(5*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (32*a*b*(4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/4)/5)/6`

### 3.448.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3510 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.448.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^5(dx+c)}{6} - \frac{5(\sec^3(dx+c))}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)}{16} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{16} \right) - 4a^3b \left( - \frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} \right)$
default	$a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^5(dx+c)}{6} - \frac{5(\sec^3(dx+c))}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)}{16} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{16} \right) - 4a^3b \left( - \frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec^4(dx+c)}{5} \right)$
parts	$a^4 \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec^5(dx+c)}{6} - \frac{5(\sec^3(dx+c))}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)}{16} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{16} \right) \frac{1}{d} + \frac{b^4 \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$-1125 \left( a^4 + \frac{36}{5} a^2 b^2 + \frac{8}{5} b^4 \right) \left( \frac{\cos(6dx+6c)}{15} + \frac{2 \cos(4dx+4c)}{5} + \cos(2dx+2c) + \frac{2}{3} \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 1125 \left( a^4 + \frac{36}{5} a^2 b^2 + \frac{8}{5} b^4 \right)$
risch	$- \frac{i(-640a^3b^3 - 512a^3b - 3072a^3b e^{2i(dx+c)} - 5120a^3b e^{6i(dx+c)} - 3840a^3b^3 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 540a^2b^2 e^{i(dx+c)} - 3060a^2b^2 e^{3i(dx+c)})}{d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4*sec(d*x+c)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^4*(-(-1/6*sec(d*x+c)^5-5/24*sec(d*x+c)^3-5/16*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+5/16*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-4*a^3*b*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+6*a^2*b^2*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))-4*a*b^3*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+b^4*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))`

**3.448.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \cos(dx + c)^6 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 15(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \cos(dx + c)^6 \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) + 2(128(4a^3b + 5ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^5 + 192a^3b \cos(dx + c)^4 + 40a^4 + 64(4a^3b + 5ab^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 10(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \sin(dx + c))}{(d \cos(dx + c))^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/480*(15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^6*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^6*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(128*(4*a^3*b + 5*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 192*a^3*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 40*a^4 + 64*(4*a^3*b + 5*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 10*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^6)`**3.448.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4*sec(d*x+c)**7,x)`output `Timed out`**3.448.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{128(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))a^3b + 640(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))ab^3}{d}$$

3.448.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{480} \cdot (128 \cdot (3 \cdot \tan(dx + c))^5 + 10 \cdot \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \cdot \tan(dx + c)) \cdot a^3 \cdot b + 640 \cdot (\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \cdot \tan(dx + c)) \cdot a \cdot b^3 - 5 \cdot a^4 \cdot (2 \cdot (15 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^5 - 40 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^3 + 33 \cdot \sin(dx + c)) / (\sin(dx + c)^6 - 3 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^4 + 3 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - 15 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 15 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 180 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 \cdot (2 \cdot (3 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^3 - 5 \cdot \sin(dx + c)) / (\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \cdot \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - 3 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 3 \cdot \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 120 \cdot b^4 \cdot (2 \cdot \sin(dx + c) / (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1) - \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) + \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1))) / d$$

### 3.448.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 592 vs.  $2(208) = 416$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right|\right) - 15(5a^4 + 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right|\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 1/240*(15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))
- 15*(5*a^4 + 36*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)) + 2*(
165*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 - 960*a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 + 900*
a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 - 960*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 + 120*
b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^11 + 25*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 2240*a^3*b*t
an(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 1260*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 3520*a*b^3*t
an(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 - 360*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^9 + 450*a^4*tan(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 4992*a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 360*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^7 - 5760*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 240*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c)^7 + 450*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 4992*a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^5 + 360*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 5760*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
5 + 240*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 25*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2240*
a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 1260*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3520*
a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 360*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 165*a^4*ta
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 960*a^3*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 900*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) + 960*a*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 120*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^6/d
```

### 3.448.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) \left(\frac{5a^4}{8} + \frac{9a^2b^2}{2} + b^4\right)}{d} + \frac{\left(\frac{11a^4}{8} - 8a^3b + \frac{15a^2b^2}{2} - 8ab^3 + b^4\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^{11} + \left(\frac{5a^4}{24} + \frac{56a^3b}{3} - \frac{21a^2b^2}{2} + \frac{88ab^3}{3} - 3b^4\right) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9}{d}$$

```
input int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4/cos(c + d*x)^7,x)
```

output  $(\operatorname{atanh}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) * ((5*a^4)/8 + b^4 + (9*a^2*b^2)/2))/d + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9 * ((88*a*b^3)/3 + (56*a^3*b)/3 + (5*a^4)/24 - 3*b^4 - (21*a^2*b^2)/2) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 * ((88*a*b^3)/3 + (56*a^3*b)/3 - (5*a^4)/24 + 3*b^4 + (21*a^2*b^2)/2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 * (48*a*b^3 + (208*a^3*b)/5 + (15*a^4)/4 + 2*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7 * ((15*a^4)/4 - (20*8*a^3*b)/5 - 48*a*b^3 + 2*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (8*a*b^3 + 8*a^3*b + (11*a^4)/8 + b^4 + (15*a^2*b^2)/2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{11} * ((11*a^4)/8 - 8*a^3*b - 8*a*b^3 + b^4 + (15*a^2*b^2)/2)) / (d * (15*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 - 6*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 - 20*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 + 15*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8 - 6*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{10} + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^{12} + 1))$



### 3.449 $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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3.449.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3441
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3.449.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3442
3.449.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3443

#### 3.449.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{(8a^4 + 4a^2b^2 + 3b^4)x}{8b^5} - \frac{2a^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b}b^5\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{a(3a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^4d} + \frac{(4a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{8b^3d} - \frac{a \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2d} + \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4bd}$$

output `1/8*(8*a^4+4*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)*x/b^5-1/3*a*(3*a^2+2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d+1/8*(4*a^2+3*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-1/3*a*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+1/4*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-2*a^5*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^5/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)`

#### 3.449.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{12(8a^4 + 4a^2b^2 + 3b^4)(c+dx) + \frac{192a^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - 24ab(4a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) + 24b^2(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{96b^5d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(12*(8*a^4 + 4*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*(c + d*x) + (192*a^5*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] - 24*a*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*b^2*(a^2 + b^2)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 8*a*b^3*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*b^4*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]/(96*b^5*d)$

### 3.449.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3528, 25, 3042, 3528, 25, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(-4a \cos^2(c + dx) + 3b \cos(c + dx) + 3a)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2(-4a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 3b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3a)}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3528} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(c + dx)(8a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - 3(4a^2 + 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx))}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{3b} - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)(8a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - 3(4a^2 + 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx))}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{3b} - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.449.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(8a^2-b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a-3\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right)}{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
& - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
& \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{-8a\left(3a^2+2b^2\right)\cos^2(c+dx)-b\left(4a^2-9b^2\right)\cos(c+dx)+3a\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{3\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
& \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \int \frac{-8a\left(3a^2+2b^2\right)\cos^2(c+dx)-b\left(4a^2-9b^2\right)\cos(c+dx)+3a\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{3\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
& \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{-8a\left(3a^2+2b^2\right)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2-b\left(4a^2-9b^2\right)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+3a\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)}{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx - \frac{3\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
& \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& \int \frac{3\left(ab\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)+\left(8a^4+4b^2a^2+3b^4\right)\cos(c+dx)\right)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{8a\left(3a^2+2b^2\right)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3\left(4a^2+3b^2\right)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
& \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
& \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.449.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 \int \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2) + (8a^4+4b^2a^2+3b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{\frac{b}{2b}} - \frac{8a(3a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3(4a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 \int \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2) + (8a^4+4b^2a^2+3b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\frac{b}{2b}} - \frac{8a(3a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3(4a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3214}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x(8a^4+4a^2b^2+3b^4)}{b} - \frac{8a^5 \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \right)}{\frac{b}{2b}} - \frac{8a(3a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3(4a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x(8a^4+4a^2b^2+3b^4)}{b} - \frac{8a^5 \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right)}{\frac{b}{2b}} - \frac{8a(3a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3(4a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} + \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3138}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x(8a^4+4a^2b^2+3b^4)}{b} - \frac{16a^5 \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{bd} \right)}{\frac{b}{2b}} - \frac{8a(3a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3(4a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - 4a \sin(c+dx) \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.449.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{3(4a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{\left( \frac{x(8a^4+4a^2b^2+3b^4)}{b} - \frac{16a^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{8a(3a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd}}{\frac{4b}{4bd} \sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)} - \frac{4a\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d) + ((-4*a*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d) - ((-3*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d) - ((3*((8*a^4 + 4*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*x)/b - (16*a^5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/b - (8*a*(3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/(2*b))/(3*b))/(4*b)`

### 3.449.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

### 3.449.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a^5 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} + \frac{2\left((-a^3b - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2 - ab^3 - \frac{5}{8}b^4\right)\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-3a^3b - \frac{5}{3}ab^3 + \frac{3}{8}b^4 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}$
default	$-\frac{2a^5 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} + \frac{2\left((-a^3b - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2 - ab^3 - \frac{5}{8}b^4\right)\left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-3a^3b - \frac{5}{3}ab^3 + \frac{3}{8}b^4 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))}$
risch	$\frac{xa^4}{b^5} + \frac{xa^2}{2b^3} + \frac{3x}{8b} + \frac{ia^3e^{i(dx+c)}}{2b^4d} + \frac{3iae^{i(dx+c)}}{8b^2d} - \frac{ia^3e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b^4d} - \frac{3iae^{-i(dx+c)}}{8b^2d} - \frac{a^5 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{-ia^2+ib^2}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2*a^5/b^5/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))+2/b^5(((a^3*b-1/2*a^2*b^2-a*b^3-5/8*b^4)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7+(-3*a^3*b-5/3*a*b^3+3/8*b^4-1/2*a^2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+(1/2*a^2*b^2-3/8*b^4-3*a^3*b-5/3*a*b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+(1/2*a^2*b^2+5/8*b^4-a^3*b-a*b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^4+1/8*(8*a^4+4*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))))`

### 3.449.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{12\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}a^5 \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)-2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c)-a^2+2b^2}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2ab\cos(dx+c)+a^2}\right) - 3(8a^6 - 4a^4b^2 - a^2b^4 - 3b^6)dx + (24a^5b - 8a^3b^3 - 16ab^5)}{24\sqrt{a^2-b^2}a^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)+b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - 3(8a^6 - 4a^4b^2 - a^2b^4 - 3b^6)dx + (24a^5b - 8a^3b^3 - 16ab^5)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[-1/24*(12*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a^5*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 3*(8*a^6 - 4*a^4*b^2 - a^2*b^4 - 3*b^6)*d*x + (24*a^5*b - 8*a^3*b^3 - 16*a*b^5 - 6*(a^2*b^4 - b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(a^3*b^3 - a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(4*a^4*b^2 - a^2*b^4 - 3*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^2*b^5 - b^7)*d), -1/24*(24*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a^5*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(8*a^6 - 4*a^4*b^2 - a^2*b^4 - 3*b^6)*d*x + (24*a^5*b - 8*a^3*b^3 - 16*a*b^5 - 6*(a^2*b^4 - b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(a^3*b^3 - a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(4*a^4*b^2 - a^2*b^4 - 3*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^2*b^5 - b^7)*d)]`

### 3.449.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.449.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`



**3.449.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs.  $2(174) = 348$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) a^5}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^5} + \frac{3(8a^4 + 4a^2b^2 + 3b^4)(dx+c)}{b^5} - \frac{2(24a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right))}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{24} * (48 * (\pi * \operatorname{floor}(1/2 * (d*x + c) / \pi + 1/2) * \operatorname{sgn}(-2*a + 2*b) + \arctan(- (a * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c) - b * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)) / \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))) * a^5 / (\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} * b^5) + 3 * (8 * a^4 + 4 * a^2 * b^2 + 3 * b^4) * (d*x + c) / b^5 - 2 * (24 * a^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^7 + 12 * a^2 * b * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^7 + 24 * a * b^2 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^7 + 15 * b^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^7 + 72 * a^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^5 + 12 * a^2 * b * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^5 + 40 * a * b^2 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^5 - 9 * b^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^5 + 72 * a^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^3 - 12 * a^2 * b * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^3 + 40 * a * b^2 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^3 + 9 * b^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^3 + 24 * a^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c) - 12 * a^2 * b * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c) + 24 * a * b^2 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c) - 15 * b^3 * \tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)) / ((\tan(1/2 * d*x + 1/2 * c)^2 + 1)^4 * b^4)) / d$$

**3.449.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sin(2c+2dx)}{4bd} + \frac{\sin(4c+4dx)}{32bd} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{40 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) a^4 b^6 + 15 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) a^2 b^8 + 9 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) b^{10}}{b \cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) (40 a^4 b^5 + 15 a^2 b^7 + 9 b^9)}\right)}{4bd} - \frac{a \sin(3c+3dx)}{12b^2d} - \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx)}{b^4d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2c+2dx)}{4b^3d} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{40 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) a^4 b^6 + 15 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) a^2 b^8 + 9 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) b^{10}}{b \cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) (40 a^4 b^5 + 15 a^2 b^7 + 9 b^9)}\right)}{b^3d} + \frac{2 a^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{40 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) a^4 b^6 + 15 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) a^2 b^8 + 9 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) b^{10}}{b \cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) (40 a^4 b^5 + 15 a^2 b^7 + 9 b^9)}\right)}{b^5d} - \frac{3 a \sin(c+dx)}{4b^2d} - \frac{a^5 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) - b \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)) \operatorname{li}}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{b^2-a^2}}\right)}{b^5d \sqrt{b^2-a^2}} 2i$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

```
output sin(2*c + 2*d*x)/(4*b*d) + sin(4*c + 4*d*x)/(32*b*d) + (3*atan((9*b^10*sin
(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 15*a^2*b^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 40*a^4*b^6*sin(c/2 + (d*
x)/2))/(b*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(9*b^9 + 15*a^2*b^7 + 40*a^4*b^5)))/(4*b*d)
- (a*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/(12*b^2*d) - (a^3*sin(c + d*x))/(b^4*d) + (a^2*sin(
2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*b^3*d) + (a^2*atan((9*b^10*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 15*a^2*b^
8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 40*a^4*b^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(b*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/
2)*(9*b^9 + 15*a^2*b^7 + 40*a^4*b^5)))/(b^3*d) + (2*a^4*atan((9*b^10*sin(c
/2 + (d*x)/2) + 15*a^2*b^8*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) + 40*a^4*b^6*sin(c/2 + (d*x)
/2))/(b*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(9*b^9 + 15*a^2*b^7 + 40*a^4*b^5)))/(b^5*d) -
(3*a*sin(c + d*x))/(4*b^2*d) - (a^5*atan(((a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - b*sin(c/
2 + (d*x)/2))*1i)/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2)))*2i)/(b^5*d*(b^2
- a^2)^(1/2))
```

### 3.450 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.450.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3444
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#### 3.450.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{a(2a^2+b^2)x}{2b^4} + \frac{2a^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b}b^4\sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3b^3d} - \frac{a \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3bd}$$

output `-1/2*a*(2*a^2+b^2)*x/b^4+1/3*(3*a^2+2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-1/2*a*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+1/3*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2*a^4*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^4/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)`

#### 3.450.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6a(2a^2+b^2)(c+dx) - \frac{24a^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + 3b(4a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) - 3ab^2 \sin(2(c+dx))}{12b^4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(-6*a*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) - (24*a^4*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]) / Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]]) / Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] + 3*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] - 3*a*b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + b^3*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] / (12*b^4*d)$

### 3.450.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3528, 25, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(-3a \cos^2(c+dx)+2b \cos(c+dx)+2a)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(-3a \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2a)}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3528} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3a^2 - b \cos(c+dx)a - 2(3a^2 + 2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2b} dx}{3b} - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a^2 - b \cos(c+dx)a - 2(3a^2 + 2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2b} dx}{3b} - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.450.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{\frac{ax(2a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{4a^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{b} - \frac{2(3a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd}}{2b} + \frac{3b\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d) + ((-3*a*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d) - ((3*((a*(2*a^2 + b^2)*x)/b - (4*a^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/b - (2*(3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/(2*b))/(3*b)`

### 3.450.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 3528 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m +
n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*
d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a
*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m +
n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[
m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))
```

### 3.450.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a^4 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{(-a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2 - b^3)\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + (-2a^2b - \frac{2}{3}b^3)\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + (-a^2b - b^3 + \frac{1}{2}ab^2)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^3}\right)}{b^4}$
default	$\frac{2a^4 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{(-a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2 - b^3)\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + (-2a^2b - \frac{2}{3}b^3)\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + (-a^2b - b^3 + \frac{1}{2}ab^2)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^3}\right)}{b^4}$
risch	$-\frac{a^3x}{b^4} - \frac{ax}{2b^2} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}a^2}{2b^3d} - \frac{3ie^{i(dx+c)}}{8bd} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}a^2}{2b^3d} + \frac{3ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{8bd} - \frac{a^4 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}db^4}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}db^4}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \cdot \frac{2a^4/b^4}{((a-b)(a+b))^{1/2}} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)}{(a-b)(a+b)^{1/2}}\right) - \frac{2}{b^4} \cdot \frac{((-a^2b - 1/2*a*b^2 - b^3)\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5 + (-2*a^2*b - 2/3*b^3)\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3 + (-a^2*b - b^3 + 1/2*a*b^2)\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)}{(1 + \tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^3 + 1/2*a*(2*a^2+b^2)*\arctan(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))}$$

### 3.450.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}a^4 \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 - b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a \cos(dx+c) + b)\sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab \cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right) + 3(2a^5 - a^3b^2)}{6(a^2 + b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`



output `[-1/6*(3*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a^4*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 3*(2*a^5 - a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*d*x - (6*a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 - 4*b^5 + 2*(a^2*b^3 - b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((a^2*b^4 - b^6)*d), 1/6*(6*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a^4*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*(2*a^5 - a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*d*x + (6*a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 - 4*b^5 + 2*(a^2*b^3 - b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((a^2*b^4 - b^6)*d)]`

### 3.450.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.450.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.450.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{12 \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) a^4}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^4} + \frac{3(2a^3 + ab^2)(dx+c)}{b^4} - \frac{2(6a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 3a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 3a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 3a^2)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -1/6*(12*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*a^4/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*b^4) + 3*(2*a^3 + a*b^2)*(d*x + c)/b^4 - 2*(6*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 12*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 4*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^3*b^3)/d
```

**3.450.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)}{4bd} + \frac{\sin(3c + 3dx)}{12bd} - \frac{a \sin(2c + 2dx)}{4b^2d} + \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{b^3d} - \frac{2a^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{\cos(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}\right)}{b^4d} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{\cos(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}\right)}{b^2d} + \frac{a^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(a \sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}) - b \sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})) \operatorname{li}}{\cos(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}\right) 2i}{b^4d \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

```
output (3*sin(c + d*x))/(4*b*d) + sin(3*c + 3*d*x)/(12*b*d) - (a*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(4*b^2*d) + (a^2*sin(c + d*x))/(b^3*d) - (2*a^3*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(b^4*d) - (a*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(b^2*d) + (a^4*atan(((a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*li)/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2)))*2i)/(b^4*d*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))
```

---

3.450.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

### 3.451 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.451.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3452
3.451.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3452
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3.451.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3457
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#### 3.451.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{(2a^2 + b^2)x}{2b^3} - \frac{2a^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b} b^3 \sqrt{a+b} d} - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d} + \frac{\cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd}$$

output `1/2*(2*a^2+b^2)*x/b^3-a*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-2*a^3*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^3/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)`

#### 3.451.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)(c+dx) + \frac{8a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - 4ab \sin(c+dx) + b^2 \sin(2(c+dx))}{4b^3 d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) + (8*a^3*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] - 4*a*b*Sin[c + d*x] + b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/ (4*b^3*d)$

### 3.451.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{-2a\cos^2(c+dx)+b\cos(c+dx)+a}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{ab+(2a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{ab+(2a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\ & \frac{x(2a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a^3 \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.451.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\frac{x(2a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a^3 \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin\left(\frac{c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}}\right)} dx}{b}}{2b} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
 \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 \frac{\frac{x(2a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{4a^3 \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{b}}{2b} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{\frac{x(2a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{4a^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{2b} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d) + (((((2*a^2 + b^2)*x)/b - (4*a^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d))/b - (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/(2*b)`

### 3.451.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.451.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a^3 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} + \frac{2\left((-ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(-ab + \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + (2a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^3}$
default	$-\frac{2a^3 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} + \frac{2\left((-ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(-ab + \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + (2a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^3}$
risch	$\frac{x a^2}{b^3} + \frac{x}{2b} + \frac{ia e^{i(dx+c)}}{2b^2 d} - \frac{ia e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b^2 d} - \frac{a^3 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d b^3} + \frac{a^3 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d b^3}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.451. \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $1/d*(-2*a^3/b^3/((a-b)*(a+b))^{1/2}*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^{1/2}))+2/b^3*(((a*b-1/2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+(-a*b+1/2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}+1/2*(2*a^2+b^2)*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)))$

### 3.451.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}a^3 \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c)-a^2+2b^2}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2ab\cos(dx+c)+a^2}\right) - (2a^4 - a^2b^2 - b^4)}{2(a^2b^3 - b^5)d} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}a^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)+b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (2a^4 - a^2b^2 - b^4)dx + (2a^3b - 2ab^3 - (a^2b^2 - b^4)\cos(dx+c))}{2(a^2b^3 - b^5)d} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[-1/2*(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a^3*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - (2*a^4 - a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d*x + (2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - (a^2*b^2 - b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^2*b^3 - b^5)*d), -1/2*(2*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a^3*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (2*a^4 - a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d*x + (2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - (a^2*b^2 - b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^2*b^3 - b^5)*d)]$

### 3.451.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.451.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.451.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.451.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) a^3}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^3} + \frac{(2a^2 + b^2)(dx+c)}{b^3} - \frac{2 \left( 2a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) \right)}{\left( \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1 \right)^2 b^2} \frac{1}{d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/2*(4*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*a^3/(sqrt(a^2
- b^2)*b^3) + (2*a^2 + b^2)*(d*x + c)/b^3 - 2*(2*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3
+ b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*b^2))/d
```



**3.451.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{bd} + \frac{\sin(2c+2dx)}{4bd} + \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{b^3d} - \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d} - \frac{a^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) - b \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)) \operatorname{li}}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{b^2-a^2}}\right) 2i}{b^3d \sqrt{b^2-a^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(b*d) + sin(2*c + 2*d*x)/(4*b*d) + (2*a^2*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(b^3*d) - (a*sin(c + d*x))/(b^2*d) - (a^3*atan(((a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*1i)/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2)))*2i)/(b^3*d*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.452 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.452.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{ax}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b}b^2\sqrt{a+bd}} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{bd}$$

output `-a*x/b^2+sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2*a^2*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^2/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)`

#### 3.452.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{-a(c + dx) - \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + b \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-(a*(c + d*x)) - (2*a^2*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d)`

**3.452.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3225, 25, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3225} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{a\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{\int \frac{a\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{bd} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x}{b} - \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((a*(x/b - (2*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/b) + Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d)`

### 3.452.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3214 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.
)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d
*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3225 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(d*f)), x] + Simp[1/d
Int[Simp[a^2*d - b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

### 3.452.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} + a \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} + a \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}$
risch	$-\frac{ax}{b^2} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2bd} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2bd} - \frac{a^2 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} db^2} + \frac{a^2 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} db^2}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2/b^2*(-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)+a*arctan(tan(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)))+2*a^2/b^2/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

### 3.452.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} a^2 \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 - b^2) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a \cos(dx+c) + b) \sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab \cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right) + 2(a^3 - ab^2)dx}{2(a^2b^2 - b^4)d} \right]$$

---

3.452.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a^2*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*d*x - 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d), (sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a^2*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (a^3 - a*b^2)*d*x + (a^2*b - b^3)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d)]
```

### 3.452.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1744 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 65.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1744, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((zoo*x*cos(c), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (-d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + b*d) - d*x/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + b*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + b*d) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + b*d), Eq(a, b)), (d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3 + b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)) + d*x*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3 + b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)) + 3*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3 + b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)) + 1/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3 + b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)), Eq(a, -b)), ((x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d))/a, Eq(b, 0)), (x*cos(c)**2/(a + b*cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (-a**2*d*x*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(a*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) - a**2*d*x*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))/(a*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) + a**2*log(-sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(a*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) + a**2*log(-sqrt(...
```

**3.452.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.452.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) a^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^2} + \frac{(dx+c)a}{b^2} - \frac{2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)b}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -(2*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*a^2/(sqrt(a^2 -
b^2)*b^2) + (d*x + c)*a/b^2 - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
)^2 + 1)*b))/d
```

**3.452.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{bd} - \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{b^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{1i \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) a^2 b - 2i \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) a b^2 + 1i \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) b^3}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (b^2 - a^2)^{3/2} + a^2 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2} - a b \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} 2i$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `sin(c + d*x)/(b*d) - (2*a*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(b^2*d) - (a^2*atan((b^3*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*1i - a*b^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*2i + a^2*b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*1i)/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(3/2) + a^2*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - a*b*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2)))*2i)/(b^2*d*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))`



### 3.453 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.453.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3466
3.453.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3466
3.453.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3467
3.453.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3468
3.453.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3469
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3.453.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3470
3.453.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3470
3.453.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3471

#### 3.453.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{x}{b} - \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b}b\sqrt{a+b}}$$

output `x/b-2*a*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)`

#### 3.453.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{c + dx + \frac{2a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}}{bd}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(c + d*x + (2*a*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2])/(b*d)`

**3.453.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{x}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{x}{b} - \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `x/b - (2*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d)`

3.453.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

3.453.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b} - \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{d}$	65
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b} - \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{d}$	65
risch	$\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} db} + \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} db}$	152

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(2/b*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))-2/b*a/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

**3.453.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)dx - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}a \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 - b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a\cos(dx+c) + b)\sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab\cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right)}{2(a^2b - b^3)d} \right],$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*x - sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)))/((a^2*b - b^3)*d), ((a^2 - b^2)*d*x - sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c)))/((a^2*b - b^3)*d)]`**3.453.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 320 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 12.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.42

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\infty}x \\ \frac{x}{b} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{bd} \\ \frac{x}{b} + \frac{1}{bd \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} \\ \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{ad} \\ \frac{x \cos(c)}{a+b \cos(c)} \\ \frac{adx \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}}{abd \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} - b^2 d \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} - \frac{a \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{abd \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} - b^2 d \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} + \frac{a \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{abd \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} - b^2 d \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} - \frac{bd}{abd \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

```
output Piecewise((zoo*x, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (x/b - tan(c/2 + d*x/2)
/(b*d), Eq(a, b)), (x/b + 1/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)), Eq(a, -b)), (sin(c + d
*x)/(a*d), Eq(b, 0)), (x*cos(c)/(a + b*cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (a*d*x*sqrt(-a/
(a - b) - b/(a - b))/(a*b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**2*d*sqrt(-a/
(a - b) - b/(a - b))) - a*log(-sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*
x/2))/(a*b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a
- b))) + a*log(sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))/(a*b*d*sqr
t(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) - b*d*x*s
qrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))/(a*b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b**2*d*s
qrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))), True))
```

### 3.453.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

### 3.453.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}(2a - b)|a - b| + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}|a - b||b|) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx + c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] + \arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{2a + \sqrt{-4(a+b)(a-b) + 4a^2}} \frac{a-b}}{a-b}} \right) \right)}{(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)b^2 + (a^3 - 2a^2b + ab^2)|b|} + \frac{\left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx + c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] + \arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{2a - \sqrt{-4(a+b)(a-b) + 4a^2}} \frac{a-b}}{a-b}} \right) \right)}{b^2 - a|b|} d$$

3.453.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-((sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*(2*a - b)*abs(a - b) + sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*abs(a - b)*abs(b))*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2) + arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/sqrt((2*a + sqrt(-4*(a + b)*(a - b) + 4*a^2))/(a - b))))/((a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)*b^2 + (a^3 - 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*abs(b)) + (pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2) + arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/sqrt((2*a - sqrt(-4*(a + b)*(a - b) + 4*a^2))/(a - b))))*(2*a - b - abs(b))/(b^2 - a*abs(b))/d`

### 3.453.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{bd} + \frac{2a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) - b \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}\right)}{bd \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(2*atan(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(b*d) + (2*a*atanh((a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - b*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))))/(b*d*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.454 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.454.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3472
3.454.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3472
3.454.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3473
3.454.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3474
3.454.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3474
3.454.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3475
3.454.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3476
3.454.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3476
3.454.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3476

#### 3.454.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+bd}}$$

output `2*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)`

#### 3.454.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d)`

**3.454.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1), x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d)`

**3.454.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



```
rule 3138 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{
e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b +
(a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.454.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{d\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}$	44
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{d\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}$	44
risch	$-\frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}d} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}d}$	139

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))
```

### 3.454.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 - b^2) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a \cos(dx+c) + b) \sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab \cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right)}{2(a^2 - b^2)d}, \arctan\left(\frac{-a \cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) \right]$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `[-1/2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2))/((a^2 - b^2)*d), arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*d)]`

### 3.454.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs.  $2(41) = 82$ .

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty x}{\cos(c)} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge d = 0 \\ \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{bd} & \text{for } a = b \\ \frac{1}{bd \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} & \text{for } a = -b \\ \frac{x}{a + b \cos(c)} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{ad\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} - bd\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{ad\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} - bd\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*x/cos(c), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(b*d), Eq(a, b)), (1/(b*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)), Eq(a, -b)), (x/(a + b*cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (log(-sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))/(a*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) - log(sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))/(a*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))), True))`

**3.454.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.454.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2 \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a + 2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} d}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -2*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*
d)
```

**3.454.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) (a-b)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right)}{d \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(2*atan((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a - b))/(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2)))/(d*(a^2 - b^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.455 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.455.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3478
3.455.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3478
3.455.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3479
3.455.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3480
3.455.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3481
3.455.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3481
3.455.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3482
3.455.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3482
3.455.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3483

#### 3.455.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a-b} - b\sqrt{a+bd}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{ad}$$

output  $\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(d*x+c))/a/d-2*b*\arctan((a-b)^{(1/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a/d/(a-b)^{(1/2)}/(a+b)^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.455.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) / ad$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $((2*b*\operatorname{ArcTanh}(((a - b)*\operatorname{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] - \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] - \operatorname{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]] + \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2] + \operatorname{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]])/(a*d)$

---

3.455.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.455.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3226, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3226} \\
 & \frac{\int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{\int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{a} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{a} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-2*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(a*d)`

3.455.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3226 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.455.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a}$
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a}$
risch	$-\frac{b \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{-ia^2 + ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b}}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} da} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b}}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} da} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{da} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)})}{ad}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.455.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

output  $1/d*(-1/a*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-2/a*b/((a-b)*(a+b))^{(1/2)*\arctan((a-b)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^{(1/2)})+1/a*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))$

### 3.455.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}b \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c)-a^2+2b^2}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2ab\cos(dx+c)+a^2}\right) - (a^2-b^2)\log(\sin(dx+c)+1)}{2(a^3-ab^2)d} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}b \arctan\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)+b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (a^2-b^2)\log(\sin(dx+c)+1) + (a^2-b^2)\log(-\sin(dx+c))}{2(a^3-ab^2)d} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[-1/2*(\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}*b*\log((2*a*b*\cos(d*x+c)+(2*a^2-b^2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2-2*\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}*(a*\cos(d*x+c)+b)*\sin(d*x+c)-a^2+2*b^2)/(b^2*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*a*b*\cos(d*x+c)+a^2))-(a^2-b^2)*\log(\sin(d*x+c)+1)+(a^2-b^2)*\log(-\sin(d*x+c)+1))/((a^3-a*b^2)*d), -1/2*(2*\sqrt{a^2-b^2}*b*\arctan(-(a*\cos(d*x+c)+b)/(\sqrt{a^2-b^2}*\sin(d*x+c)))-(a^2-b^2)*\log(\sin(d*x+c)+1)+(a^2-b^2)*\log(-\sin(d*x+c)+1))/((a^3-a*b^2)*d)]$

### 3.455.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c+d*x)/(a+b*cos(c+d*x)), x)`



**3.455.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4\*b^2-4\*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

**3.455.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(2a-2b) + \arctan \left( \frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) b}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a} - \frac{\log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a} + \frac{\log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-(2*(\pi*\text{floor}(1/2*(d*x + c)/\pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(2*a - 2*b) + \arctan((a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/\text{sqrt}(a^2 - b^2)))*b/(\text{sqrt}(a^2 - b^2)*a) - \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a + \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a)/d$

**3.455.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{ad} + \frac{2b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)-b \sin\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `(2*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a*d) + (2*b*atanh((a*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2) - b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))))/(a*d*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.456 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.456.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3484
3.456.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3484
3.456.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3485
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3.456.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3488
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3.456.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3490

#### 3.456.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+bd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad}$$

```
output -b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^2/d+2*b^2*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)+tan(d*x+c)/a/d
```

#### 3.456.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + b \frac{\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{a^2d}$$

```
input Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

output  $((-2*b^2*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] + b*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + a*Tan[c + d*x]/(a^2*d)$

### 3.456.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 25, 27, 3042, 3226, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{b \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3226} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \right)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \right)}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad} \right)}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((b*((-2*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x])/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(a*d))/a) + Tan[c + d*x]/(a*d)`

### 3.456.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3226 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.456.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{a(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)} - \frac{b \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{a^2} + \frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} - \frac{1}{a(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)} + \frac{b \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)}{a^2}}{d}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{a(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)} - \frac{b \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{a^2} + \frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} - \frac{1}{a(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)} + \frac{b \ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)}{a^2}}{d}$
risch	$\frac{2i}{da(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} + \frac{b \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{a^2 d} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} da^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} da^2}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/a/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-b/a^2*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+2*b^2/a^2/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))-1/a/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+b/a^2*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))`

### 3.456.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} b^2 \cos(dx + c) \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 - b^2) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a \cos(dx+c) + b) \sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab \cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right)}{2(a^4} \right.$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + (a^2*b - b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (a^2*b - b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/((a^4 - a^2*b^2)*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*b^2*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c)))*cos(d*x + c) - (a^2*b - b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^2*b - b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/((a^4 - a^2*b^2)*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.456.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.456.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`



**3.456.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) b^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a^2} + \frac{b \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^2} - \frac{b \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^2} \frac{1}{d}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(2*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*b^2/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a^2) + b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^2 - b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^2 + 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a))/d`

**3.456.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{a^3 \sin(c+dx) - a b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a^2 d \cos(c+dx) (a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2 a^2 b \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{\cos(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})} \right) - 2 b^3 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})}{\cos(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2})} \right) + 2 b^2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{a^5 \sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2} + 2 b^3 \sin(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}) (b^2 - a^2)}{a^2 d (a^2 - b^2)} \right)}{a^2 d (a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `(a^3*sin(c + d*x) - a*b^2*sin(c + d*x))/(a^2*d*cos(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*a^2*b*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - 2*b^3*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) + 2*b^2*atanh((a^5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 2*b^3*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(3/2) - 2*b^5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b^3*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - a^3*b^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - a^4*b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a*b^2 - a^3)^(2))*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))/(a^2*d*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.457 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.457.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3491
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#### 3.457.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{2b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a-b} \sqrt{a+bd}} + \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^3 d} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{a^2 d} + \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2ad}$$

output `1/2*(a^2+2*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^3/d-2*b^3*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)-b*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d+1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d`

#### 3.457.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{8b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - 2a^2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - 4b^2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \dots$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

3.457.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

output  $((8*b^3*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] - 2*a^2*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - 4*b^2*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*a^2*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 4*b^2*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + a^2/(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2 - a^2/(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2 - 4*a*b*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*a^3*d)$

### 3.457.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 25, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3281 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{(-b\cos^2(c+dx)-a\cos(c+dx)+2b)\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(-b\cos^2(c+dx)-a\cos(c+dx)+2b)\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3534 \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int -\frac{(a^2+b\cos(c+dx)a+2b^2)\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} + \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.457.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^2+b\cos(c+dx)a+2b^2)\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+2b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+2b^2)\int \sec(c+dx)dx}{a} - 2b^3\int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+2b^2)\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx}{a} - 2b^3\int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+2b^2)\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx}{a} - \frac{4b^3\int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} dx}{ad}}{2a} d\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+2b^2)\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx}{a} - \frac{4b^3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+2b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{4b^3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*d) - (-((( (-4*b^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + ((a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d))/a) + (2*b*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(2*a)`

## 3.457.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.457.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} - \frac{1}{2a\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{-a-2b}{2a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} + \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2a^3} + \frac{1}{2a\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}$
default	$-\frac{2b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} - \frac{1}{2a\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{-a-2b}{2a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} + \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2a^3} + \frac{1}{2a\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}$
risch	$-\frac{i(ae^{3i(dx+c)} + 2be^{2i(dx+c)} - ae^{i(dx+c)} + 2b)}{da^2(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2da} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)b^2}{a^3d} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2ad} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2ad}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2*b^3/a^3/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)
*(a+b))^(1/2))-1/2/a/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^2-1/2*(-a-2*b)/a^2/(tan(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)+1)+1/2*(a^2+2*b^2)/a^3*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+1/2/a/(tan(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)-1)^2-1/2*(-a-2*b)/a^2/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+1/2/a^3*(-a^2-2*b^2)
*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))
```

$$3.457. \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.457.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}b^3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c)-a^2+2b^2}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2ab\cos(dx+c)+a^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{a^2-b^2}b^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)+b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sin(dx+c)}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - (a^4+a^2b^2-2b^4)\cos(dx+c)^2 \log(\sin(dx+c))} \right] - \frac{4(a^5 \dots}{4(a^5 \dots}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/4*(2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*
a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*
x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - (
a^4 + a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^4 + a^2*b
^2 - 2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^4 - a^2*b^2 - 2*(
a^3*b - a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^5 - a^3*b^2)*d*cos(d*x + c)
^2), -1/4*(4*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*b^3*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 -
b^2)*sin(d*x + c)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - (a^4 + a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^
2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^4 + a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(
d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^4 - a^2*b^2 - 2*(a^3*b - a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/((a^5 - a^3*b^2)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]
```

**3.457.6 SymPy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)
```

**3.457.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.457.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) b^3}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a^3} + \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1|)}{a^3} - \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \log(|\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1|)}{a^3}$$

 $2d$ 

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/2*(4*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*b^3/(sqrt(a^2
- b^2)*a^3) + (a^2 + 2*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^3 - (a^2
+ 2*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^3 + 2*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^3 + 2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*b*tan(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^2))/d
```



**3.457.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1087, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.13

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

```
output (a*(sin(c + d*x)/2 + atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/2 + (ata
nh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*cos(2*c + 2*d*x))/2)/(d*(a^2 -
b^2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x)/2 + 1/2)) + ((b^2*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2
+ (d*x)/2)))/2 - (b^2*sin(c + d*x))/2 + (b^2*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(
c/2 + (d*x)/2))*cos(2*c + 2*d*x))/2)/(a*d*(a^2 - b^2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x)/2
+ 1/2)) - (b*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(2*d*(a^2 - b^2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x)/2 + 1/2)
) - (b^3*atan(((a^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*b^7*sin(c/2 +
(d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(3/2) - 8*b^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) +
8*a^2*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^4*b^5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)
)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - 3*a^5*b^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) -
2*a^6*b^3*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 2*a^7*b^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)
)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - a^8*b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))*1i)/(c
os(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a*b^2 - a^3)*(a^7 - 3*a^3*b^4 + 2*a^5*b^2))*1i)/(a^3*d
*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x)/2 + 1/2)) - (b^4*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)
)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(a^3*d*(a^2 - b^2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x)/2 + 1/2)) +
(b^3*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/(2*a^2*d*(a^2 - b^2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x)/2 + 1/2)) -
(b^3*atan(((a^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d
*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(3/2) - 8*b^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*
a^2*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^4*b^5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2
)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - 3*a^5*b^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - ...
```

### 3.458 $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.458.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3499
3.458.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3499
3.458.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3500
3.458.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3504
3.458.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3505
3.458.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3506
3.458.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3506
3.458.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3506
3.458.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3507

#### 3.458.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{a-b} \sqrt{a+b} d} - \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^4 d} + \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{3a^3 d} - \frac{b \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^2 d} + \frac{\sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

```
output -1/2*b*(a^2+2*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d+2*b^4*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/d/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)+1/3*(2*a^2+3*b^2
)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/2*b*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d+1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(
d*x+c)/a/d
```

#### 3.458.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec^3(c+dx) (9b(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx) (\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))))$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $((-24*b^4*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] + (Sec[c + d*x]^3*(9*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + 3*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]*(Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + 4*a*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2 - 3*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/2)/(12*a^4*d)$

### 3.458.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 25, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{(-2b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+3b)\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(-2b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+3b)\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.458.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\int -\frac{(-3b^2\cos^2(c+dx)+ab\cos(c+dx)+2(2a^2+3b^2))\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{2a} + \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(-3b^2\cos^2(c+dx)+ab\cos(c+dx)+2(2a^2+3b^2))\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-3b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+ab\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2(2a^2+3b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(a\cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^2+2b^2)b)\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{2a} + \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3\int \frac{(a\cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^2+2b^2)b)\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3\int \frac{a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(a^2+2b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3\left(\frac{b(a^2+2b^2)}{a}\int \sec(c+dx)dx - \frac{2b^4}{a}\int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx\right)}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.458.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^4 \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(\frac{c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{4b^4 \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{4b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{4b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2(2a^2+3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*a*d) - ((3*b*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*d) - ((-3*((-4*b^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d)))/a + (2*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(2*a))/(3*a)`

## 3.458.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.458.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3a\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} - \frac{-a-b}{2a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{2a^2+ab+2b^2}{2a^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{b(a^2+2b^2)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2a^4} + \frac{2b^4\arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1}\right)}{a^4\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1}}}{d}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3a\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3} - \frac{-a-b}{2a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} - \frac{2a^2+ab+2b^2}{2a^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{b(a^2+2b^2)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2a^4} + \frac{2b^4\arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1}\right)}{a^4\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1}}}{d}$
risch	$\frac{i(3abe^{5i(dx+c)} + 6b^2e^{4i(dx+c)} + 12a^2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 12b^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3abe^{i(dx+c)} + 4a^2 + 6b^2)}{3a^3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{b\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2a^2d} + \frac{b^3\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2a^2d}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.458.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
output 1/d*(-1/3/a/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^3-1/2*(-a-b)/a^2/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)
^2-1/2*(2*a^2+a*b+2*b^2)/a^3/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-1/2*b*(a^2+2*b^2)/a^4*
ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+2*b^4/a^4/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))-1/3/a/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^3-1/2*(a+b)
/a^2/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^2-1/2*(2*a^2+a*b+2*b^2)/a^3/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)-1)+1/2*b*(a^2+2*b^2)/a^4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))
```

### 3.458.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{6\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}b^4 \cos(dx+c)^3 \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c)-a^2+2b^2}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2ab\cos(dx+c)+a^2}\right) + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/12*(6*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^3*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2
*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d
*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) +
3*(a^4*b + a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(a^4*
b + a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(2*a^5 - 2*
a^3*b^2 + 2*(2*a^5 + a^3*b^2 - 3*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^4*b - a^2*b^
3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6 - a^4*b^2)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), 1/12*(1
2*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*b^4*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*
x + c)))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*(a^4*b + a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(s
in(d*x + c) + 1) + 3*(a^4*b + a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-sin(d*x
+ c) + 1) + 2*(2*a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + 2*(2*a^5 + a^3*b^2 - 3*a*b^4)*cos(d*x
+ c)^2 - 3*(a^4*b - a^2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6 - a^4*b^2)*
d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]
```



**3.458.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.458.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.458.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{12 \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) b^4}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} a^4} + \frac{3(a^2 b + 2b^3) \log\left(\left| \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1 \right|\right)}{a^4} - \frac{3(a^2 b + 2b^3)}{a^4}$$

---

3.458.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(12*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*b^4/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*a^4) + 3*(a^2*b + 2*b^3)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^4 - 3*(a^2*b + 2*b^3)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^4 + 2*(6*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3*a^3)/d`

### 3.458.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 991, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.31

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `(a^5*(sin(c + d*x)/2 + sin(3*c + 3*d*x)/6) - a^4*((b*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/4 + (b*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*cos(3*c + 3*d*x))/4 + (3*b*cos(c + d*x)*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/4) - a^2*((3*b^3*cos(c + d*x)*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/4 - (b^3*sin(2*c + 2*d*x))/4 + (b^3*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*cos(3*c + 3*d*x))/4) - a^3*((b^2*sin(c + d*x))/4 - (b^2*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/12) - a*((b^4*sin(c + d*x))/4 + (b^4*sin(3*c + 3*d*x))/4) + (3*b^5*cos(c + d*x)*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/2 + (b^5*atanh(sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2))*cos(3*c + 3*d*x))/2 + (3*b^4*atanh((a^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(3/2) - 8*b^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*a^2*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^4*b^5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - 3*a^5*b^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - 2*a^6*b^3*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 2*a^7*b^2*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - a^8*b*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))/(cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a*b^2 - a^3)*(a^7 - 3*a^3*b^4 + 2*a^5*b^2)))*cos(c + d*x)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2))/2 + (b^4*atanh((a^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(3/2) - 8*b^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 8*a^2*b^7*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^4*b^5*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - 3*a^5*b^4*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^(1/2) - 2*a^6*...`

**3.459**       $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.459.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3508  
 3.459.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 3509  
 3.459.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3509  
 3.459.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3514  
 3.459.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3515  
 3.459.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3516  
 3.459.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3516  
 3.459.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3516  
 3.459.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3517

**3.459.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 266

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{a(4a^2+b^2)x}{b^5} + \frac{2a^4(4a^2-5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{3/2}b^5(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$+ \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^4(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$- \frac{a(2a^2-b^2) \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{b^3(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$+ \frac{(4a^2-b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-a*(4*a^2+b^2)*x/b^5+2*a^4*(4*a^2-5*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(3/2)/b^5/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+1/3*(12*a^4-7*a^2*b^2-2*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/(a^2-b^2)/d-a*(2*a^2-b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+1/3*(4*a^2-b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.459.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12a(2a - ib)(2a + ib)(c + dx) + \frac{24a^4(4a^2 - 5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} + 9b(4a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx) + \frac{1}{(a-b)}}{12b^5d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(-12*a*(2*a - I*b)*(2*a + I*b)*(c + d*x) + (24*a^4*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2) + 9*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + (12*a^5*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) - 6*a*b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + b^3*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]/(12*b^5*d)`

### 3.459.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3528, 25, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3271

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(3a^2-b \cos(c+dx)a-(4a^2-b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

---

3.459.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (3a^2 - b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + (b^2 - 4a^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
\hline
\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\downarrow 3528 \\
\int \frac{\cos(c+dx) (-6a(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - b(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2a(4a^2 - b^2))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \\
\hline
\frac{(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\int \frac{\cos(c+dx) (-6a(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - b(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2a(4a^2 - b^2))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \\
\hline
\frac{(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) (-6a(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - b(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2a(4a^2 - b^2))}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
\hline
\frac{(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\downarrow 3528 \\
\int \frac{2(3(2a^2 - b^2)a^2 - b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx)a - (12a^4 - 7b^2a^2 - 2b^4) \cos^2(c+dx))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \\
\hline
\frac{3a(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} \\
\frac{(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\int \frac{3(2a^2 - b^2)a^2 - b(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx)a - (12a^4 - 7b^2a^2 - 2b^4) \cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \\
\hline
\frac{3a(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} \\
\frac{(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
\downarrow 3042
\end{array}$$

---

3.459.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{3(2a^2-b^2)a^2-b(2a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(-12a^4+7b^2a^2+2b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{3b} \\
& \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& \int \frac{3(b(2a^2-b^2)a^2+(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)a)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{3b} \\
& \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{3(b(2a^2-b^2)a^2+(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)a)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{3b} \\
& \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{3(b(2a^2-b^2)a^2+(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a)}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{3b} \\
& \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3214 \\
& \int \left( \frac{ax(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{a^4(4a^2-5b^2)}{b} \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) - \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{3b} \\
& \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.459.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\left( \frac{ax(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{a^4(4a^2-5b^2)}{b} \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{3b} - \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)}{b} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{\left( \frac{ax(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a^4(4a^2-5b^2)}{b} \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \right)}{3b} - \frac{(12a^4-7a^2b^2-2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)}{b} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\left( \frac{ax(a^2-b^2)(4a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a^4(4a^2-5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd} - \frac{3a(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(4a^2-b^2)}{b} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) - (-1/3*((4*a^2 - b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d) - ((-3*a*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d) - ((3*((a*(a^2 - b^2)*(4*a^2 + b^2)*x)/b - (2*a^4*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/b - ((12*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/b)/(3*b))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))`

## 3.459.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`



```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 3528 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_
.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x
])^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m +
n + 2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*
d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a
*c - b*d*(m + n + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m +
n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[
m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))
```

### 3.459.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a^4 \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a + b \right) \right)} + \frac{(4a^2 - 5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{b^5} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(-3a^2b - ab^2 - b^3)}{d} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{2a^4 \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a + b \right) \right)} + \frac{(4a^2 - 5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{b^5} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(-3a^2b - ab^2 - b^3)}{d} \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{4a^3x}{b^5} - \frac{ax}{b^3} + \frac{iae^{2i(dx+c)}}{4b^3d} - \frac{3ie^{i(dx+c)}a^2}{2b^4d} - \frac{3ie^{i(dx+c)}}{8b^2d} + \frac{3ie^{-i(dx+c)}a^2}{2b^4d} + \frac{3ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{8b^2d} - \frac{iae^{-2i(dx+c)}}{4b^3d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.459.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



**3.459.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.459.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.459.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 a^5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{(a^2 b^4 - b^6) \left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + a + b\right)} - \frac{6 (4 a^6 - 5 a^4 b^2) \left(\pi \left[\frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2 a+2 b)+\arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx+\frac{1}{2} c\right)-b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx+\frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^2 b^5 - b^7) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.459.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output  $\frac{1}{3}*(6*a^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a^2*b^4 - b^6)*(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)) - 6*(4*a^6 - 5*a^4*b^2)*(pi*\text{floor}(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(-2*a + 2*b) + \arctan(-(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))/((a^2*b^5 - b^7)*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) - 3*(4*a^3 + a*b^2)*(d*x + c)/b^5 + 2*(9*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*a*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*a^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^3*b^4))/d$

### 3.459.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3852, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output  $-((2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(8*a*b^4 - 6*a^4*b - 36*a^5 - b^5 + 7*a^2*b^3 + 19*a^3*b^2))/(3*b^4*(a + b)*(a - b)) - (2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(4*a^5 - 2*a^4*b + b^5 + a^2*b^3 - 3*a^3*b^2))/(b^4*(a + b)*(a - b)) + (2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(8*a*b^4 + 6*a^4*b - 36*a^5 + b^5 - 7*a^2*b^3 + 19*a^3*b^2))/(3*b^4*(a + b)*(a - b)) + (2*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^5 - 4*a^5 - 2*a^4*b + a^2*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^2))/(b^4*(a + b)*(a - b)))/((d*(a + b + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))^8*(a - b) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(4*a + 2*b) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(4*a - 2*b) + 6*a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4) - (2*a*\text{atan}(((a*(4*a^2 + b^2))*((32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(32*a^12 - 32*a^11*b + a^2*b^10 - 2*a^3*b^9 + 7*a^4*b^8 - 12*a^5*b^7 + 7*a^6*b^6 - 2*a^7*b^5 + 2*a^8*b^4 + 48*a^9*b^3 - 48*a^10*b^2)))/(a*b^10 + b^11 - a^2*b^9 - a^3*b^8) + (a*(4*a^2 + b^2))*((32*(a*b^17 + a^3*b^15 - 5*a^4*b^14 - 4*a^5*b^13 + 9*a^6*b^12 + 2*a^7*b^11 - 4*a^8*b^10)))/(a*b^14 + b^15 - a^2*b^13 - a^3*b^12) - (a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a^2 + b^2)*(2*a*b^15 - 2*a^2*b^14 - 4*a^3*b^13 + 4*a^4*b^12 + 2*a^5*b^11 - 2*a^6*b^10))*32i)/(b^5*(a*b^10 + b^11 - a^2*b^9 - a^3*b^8))) * i)/b^5 + (a*(4*a^2 + b^2))*((32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(32*a^12 - 32*a^11*b + a^2*b^10 - 2*a^3*b^9 + 7*a^4*b^8 - 12*a^5*b^7 + 7*a^6*b^6 - 2*a^7*b^5 + 2*a^8*b^4 + 48*a^9*b^3 - 48*a^10*b^2)))/(a*b^10 + b^11 - a^2*b^9 - a^3*b^8) - (a*(4*a^2 + b^2))*((32*(a*b^17 + a^3*b^15 - 5*a^4*b^14 - 4*a^5*b^13 + 9*a^6*b^12 + 2*a^7*b^11 - 4*a^8*b^10)))/(a*b^14 + b^15 - a^2*b^13 - a^3*b^12) + (a*\tan(c/2 + (...$

### 3.460 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.460.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3518
3.460.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3518
3.460.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3519
3.460.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3523
3.460.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3523
3.460.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3524
3.460.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3524
3.460.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3525
3.460.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3525

#### 3.460.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{(6a^2 + b^2) x}{2b^4} - \frac{2a^3(3a^2 - 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(1+\cos(c+dx))}\right)}{b^4 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d} - \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{b^3 d} + \frac{\cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d} - \frac{a^4 \sin(c+dx)}{b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d(a + b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/2*(6*a^2+b^2)*x/b^4-2*a^3*(3*a^2-4*b^2)*arctanh((a-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)/b^4/(-a^2+b^2)^(3/2)/d-2*a*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+1/2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-a^4*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.460.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2(6a^2 + b^2) (c + dx) - \frac{8a^3(3a^2 - 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} - 8ab \sin(c+dx) - \frac{4a^4 b \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{4b^4 d} + b^4$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(2*(6*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) - (8*a^3*(3*a^2 - 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2) - 8*a*b*Sin[c + d*x] - (4*a^4*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/(4*b^4*d)$

### 3.460.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3528, 25, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2a^2 - b \cos(c+dx)a - (3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{a + b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2a^2 - b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + (b^2 - 3a^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{a + b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3528} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{2a(3a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - b(a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(3a^2 - b^2)}{a + b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{-2a(3a^2-2b^2)\cos^2(c+dx) - b(a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx) + a(3a^2-b^2)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
& \int \frac{-2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - b(a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + a(3a^2-b^2)}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{3502} \\
& \int \frac{ab(3a^2-b^2) + (a^2-b^2)(6a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
& \int \frac{ab(3a^2-b^2) + (a^2-b^2)(6a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{3214} \\
& \frac{x(a^2-b^2)(6a^2+b^2)}{b} - 2a^3\left(\frac{3a^2}{b}-4b\right) \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
& \frac{x(a^2-b^2)(6a^2+b^2)}{b} - 2a^3\left(\frac{3a^2}{b}-4b\right) \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{3138}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.460.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x(a^2-b^2)(6a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{4a^3\left(\frac{3a^2}{b}-4b\right) \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{b} - \frac{2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} \\
 & \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{x(a^2-b^2)(6a^2+b^2)}{b} - \frac{4a^3\left(\frac{3a^2}{b}-4b\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{2a(3a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd} - \frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) - (-1/2*((3*a^2 - b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d) - (((a^2 - b^2)*(6*a^2 + b^2)*x)/b - (4*a^3*((3*a^2)/b - 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d))/b - (2*a*(3*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/(2*b))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.460.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

---

3.460.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && !(GtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

### 3.460.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a^3 \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a + b \right)} + \frac{(3a^2 - 4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{b^4} + \frac{2 \left( (-2ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2) \left( \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{2a^3 \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a + b \right)} + \frac{(3a^2 - 4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{b^4} + \frac{2 \left( (-2ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2) \left( \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{3xa^2}{b^4} + \frac{x}{2b^2} - \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{8b^2d} + \frac{iae^{i(dx+c)}}{b^3d} - \frac{iae^{-i(dx+c)}}{b^3d} + \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8b^2d} - \frac{2ia^4(ae^{i(dx+c)}+b)}{b^4(a^2-b^2)d(be^{2i(dx+c)}+2ae^{i(dx+c)}+b)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2*a^3/b^4*(a*b/(a^2-b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)+(3*a^2-4*b^2)/(a-b)/(a+b)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))+2/b^4*(((2*a*b-1/2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+(-2*a*b+1/2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^2+1/2*(6*a^2+b^2)*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))))`

### 3.460.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 651, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (6a^6b - 11a^4b^3 + 4a^2b^5 + b^7)dx \cos(dx + c) + (6a^7 - 11a^5b^2 + 4a^3b^4 + ab^6)dx - (3a^6 - 4a^4b^2 + (3a^2 - 4b^2)ab) \right]}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/2*((6*a^6*b - 11*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + (6*a^7 -
11*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*d*x - (3*a^6 - 4*a^4*b^2 + (3*a^5*b - 4*a
^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 -
b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c)
- a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - (6*a^6*
b - 10*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^5 - (a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 +
3*(a^5*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b^5 - 2*
a^2*b^7 + b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^6 + a*b^8)*d), 1/2*((6*
a^6*b - 11*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + (6*a^7 - 11*a^5*b
^2 + 4*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*d*x - 2*(3*a^6 - 4*a^4*b^2 + (3*a^5*b - 4*a^3*b^3)
*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b
^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (6*a^6*b - 10*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^5 - (a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b
^5 + b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^5*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*s
in(d*x + c))/((a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5*b^4 - 2*a
^3*b^6 + a*b^8)*d)]
```

### 3.460.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

### 3.460.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.460.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{4a^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{(a^2b^3 - b^5)\left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + a + b\right)} - \frac{4(3a^5 - 4a^3b^2)\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

2d

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(4*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a^2*b^3 - b^5)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)) - 4*(3*a^5 - 4*a^3*b^2)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^2*b^4 - b^6)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) - (6*a^2 + b^2)*(d*x + c)/b^4 + 2*(4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2*b^3))/d`**3.460.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3751, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output  $(\operatorname{atan}(\frac{((8 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (72*a^{10} - 72*a^9*b - 2*a*b^9 + b^{10} + 11*a^2*b^8 - 20*a^3*b^7 + 23*a^4*b^6 - 26*a^5*b^5 + 17*a^6*b^4 + 120*a^7*b^3 - 120*a^8*b^2))}{(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6)} + ((a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * ((8*(2*b^{15} + 6*a^2*b^{13} - 16*a^3*b^{12} - 14*a^4*b^{11} + 28*a^5*b^{10} + 6*a^6*b^9 - 12*a^7*b^8))}{(a*b^{11} + b^{12} - a^2*b^{10} - a^3*b^9)} - (4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * (8*a*b^{13} - 8*a^2*b^{12} - 16*a^3*b^{11} + 16*a^4*b^{10} + 8*a^5*b^9 - 8*a^6*b^8))}{(b^4*(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6))}))/ (2*b^4)) * (a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * i) / (2*b^4) + (((8*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (72*a^{10} - 72*a^9*b - 2*a*b^9 + b^{10} + 11*a^2*b^8 - 20*a^3*b^7 + 23*a^4*b^6 - 26*a^5*b^5 + 17*a^6*b^4 + 120*a^7*b^3 - 120*a^8*b^2))}{(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6)} - ((a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * ((8*(2*b^{15} + 6*a^2*b^{13} - 16*a^3*b^{12} - 14*a^4*b^{11} + 28*a^5*b^{10} + 6*a^6*b^9 - 12*a^7*b^8))}{(a*b^{11} + b^{12} - a^2*b^{10} - a^3*b^9)} + (4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * (8*a*b^{13} - 8*a^2*b^{12} - 16*a^3*b^{11} + 16*a^4*b^{10} + 8*a^5*b^9 - 8*a^6*b^8))}{(b^4*(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6))}))/ (2*b^4)) * (a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * i) / (2*b^4)) / ((16*(108*a^{11} - 54*a^{10}*b + 4*a^3*b^8 - 4*a^4*b^7 + 41*a^5*b^6 - 9*a^6*b^5 + 63*a^7*b^4 + 81*a^8*b^3 - 216*a^9*b^2)) / (a*b^{11} + b^{12} - a^2*b^{10} - a^3*b^9) - (((8*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (72*a^{10} - 72*a^9*b - 2*a*b^9 + b^{10} + 11*a^2*b^8 - 20*a^3*b^7 + 23*a^4*b^6 - 26*a^5*b^5 + 17*a^6*b^4 + 120*a^7*b^3 - 120*a^8*b^2)) / (a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6) + ((a^2*6i + b^2*1i) * ((8*(2*b^{15} + 6...$

### 3.461 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.461.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2ax}{b^3} + \frac{2a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{3/2} b^3 (a+b)^{3/2} d} + \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 (a^2-b^2) d} - \frac{a^2 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{b (a^2-b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -2*a*x/b^3+2*a^2*(2*a^2-3*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)
^(1/2))/(a-b)^(3/2)/b^3/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+(2*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)
/d-a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.461.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{-2a(c+dx) + \frac{2a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}}}{b^3 d} + \left(b + \frac{a^3 b}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}\right) \sin(c+dx)$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

output  $(-2*a*(c + d*x) + (2*a^2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2) + (b + (a^3*b)/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) * Sin[c + d*x]) / (b^3*d)$

### 3.461.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - (2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + (b^2 - 2a^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2 + 2(a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx)a}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{bd} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2 + 2(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{bd} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.461.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\frac{2ax(a^2-b^2)}{b} - \frac{a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{2ax(a^2-b^2)}{b} - \frac{a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{2ax(a^2-b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{b}}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{2ax(a^2-b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) - (((2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*x)/b - (2*a^2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d))/b - ((2*a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))`

**3.461.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.461.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a^2 \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b} + \frac{(2a^2-3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{b^3} - 2 \left( \frac{b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a^2 \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b} + \frac{(2a^2-3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{b^3} - 2 \left( \frac{b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2ax}{b^3} - \frac{ie^{i(dx+c)}}{2b^2d} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b^2d} + \frac{2ia^3(ae^{i(dx+c)}+b)}{b^3(a^2-b^2)d(be^{2i(dx+c)}+2ae^{i(dx+c)}+b)} - \frac{2a^4 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{ia^2-ib^2+a\sqrt{-a^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a+b)(a-b)db^3}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(2/b^3*a^2*(a*b/(a^2-b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)+(2*a^2-3*b^2)/(a-b)/(a+b)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))-2/b^3*(-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)+2*a*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))))`

### 3.461.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(a^5b - 2a^3b^3 + ab^5)dx \cos(dx+c) + 4(a^6 - 2a^4b^2 + a^2b^4)dx + (2a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + (2a^4b - 3a^2b^3) \cos(dx+c) - 2(a^5b - 2a^3b^3 + ab^5)dx \cos(dx+c) + 2(a^6 - 2a^4b^2 + a^2b^4)dx - (2a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + (2a^4b - 3a^2b^3) \cos(dx+c) - (a^4b^4 - 2a^2b^6 + b^8)dc)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [-1/2*(4*(a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 4*(a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2
+ a^2*b^4)*d*x + (2*a^5 - 3*a^3*b^2 + (2*a^4*b - 3*a^2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))
*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 +
2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*
cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(2*a^5*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + a*b
^5 + (a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b^4 - 2
*a^2*b^6 + b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5*b^3 - 2*a^3*b^5 + a*b^7)*d), -(2*(a^
5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2 + a^2*b^4)*
d*x - (2*a^5 - 3*a^3*b^2 + (2*a^4*b - 3*a^2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 -
b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (2*a^5
*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5 + (a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/((a^4*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^6 + b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5*b^3 - 2*a^3*b^5
+ a*b^7)*d)]
```

### 3.461.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

### 3.461.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

---

3.461.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.461.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 847 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\frac{(4a^6b^2 - 2a^5b^3 - 9a^4b^4 + 4a^3b^5 + 5a^2b^6 - 2ab^7 + 2a^3|-a^2b^3+b^5|-a^2b|-a^2b^3+b^5|-2ab^2|-a^2b^3+b^5|)}{a^3b^2|-a^2b^3+b^5|-ab^4|-a^2b^3+b^5|+(a^2b^3-b^5)^2} \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + \arctan \left( \frac{2a^3b^2-2ab^4+\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((4*a^6*b^2 - 2*a^5*b^3 - 9*a^4*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^6 - 2*a*b^7 + 2*
a^3*abs(-a^2*b^3 + b^5) - a^2*b*abs(-a^2*b^3 + b^5) - 2*a*b^2*abs(-a^2*b^3
+ b^5))*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2) + arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)/sqrt((2*a^3*b^2 - 2*a*b^4 + sqrt(-4*(a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3 - a*b^4
- b^5)*(a^3*b^2 - a^2*b^3 - a*b^4 + b^5) + 4*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)^2))/(a^3*b^
2 - a^2*b^3 - a*b^4 + b^5))))/(a^3*b^2*abs(-a^2*b^3 + b^5) - a*b^4*abs(-a^
2*b^3 + b^5) + (a^2*b^3 - b^5)^2) - ((2*a^3 - a^2*b - 2*a*b^2)*sqrt(a^2 -
b^2)*abs(-a^2*b^3 + b^5)*abs(-a + b) - (4*a^6*b^2 - 2*a^5*b^3 - 9*a^4*b^4
+ 4*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^6 - 2*a*b^7)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*abs(-a + b))*(pi*floor(
1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2) + arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/sqrt((2*
a^3*b^2 - 2*a*b^4 - sqrt(-4*(a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3 - a*b^4 - b^5)*(a^3*b^2 - a
^2*b^3 - a*b^4 + b^5) + 4*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)^2))/(a^3*b^2 - a^2*b^3 - a*b^4
+ b^5))))/((a^2*b^3 - b^5)^2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) - (a^5*b^2 - 2*a^4*b^3 +
2*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*abs(-a^2*b^3 + b^5)) + 2*(2*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3
- a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + b^3*tan(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
) - a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^4 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a +
b)*(a^2*b^2 - b^4))/d
```

**3.461.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3180, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output

```
- ((2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(a*b^2 + a^2*b - 2*a^3 - b^3))/(b^2*(a + b)*(a - b)) + (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a*b^2 - a^2*b - 2*a^3 + b^3))/(b^2*(a + b)*(a - b)))/(d*(a + b + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(a - b) + 2*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2)) - (4*a*atan(((2*a*((32*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^8 - 8*a^7*b + 4*a^2*b^6 - 8*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 + 16*a^5*b^3 - 16*a^6*b^2)))/(a*b^6 + b^7 - a^2*b^5 - a^3*b^4) + (a*((32*(2*a*b^11 - 3*a^2*b^10 - 3*a^3*b^9 + 5*a^4*b^8 + a^5*b^7 - 2*a^6*b^6)))/(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6) - (a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^11 - 2*a^2*b^10 - 4*a^3*b^9 + 4*a^4*b^8 + 2*a^5*b^7 - 2*a^6*b^6)*64i)/(b^3*(a*b^6 + b^7 - a^2*b^5 - a^3*b^4)))*2i)/b^3))/b^3 + (2*a*((32*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^8 - 8*a^7*b + 4*a^2*b^6 - 8*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 + 16*a^5*b^3 - 16*a^6*b^2)))/(a*b^6 + b^7 - a^2*b^5 - a^3*b^4) - (a*((32*(2*a*b^11 - 3*a^2*b^10 - 3*a^3*b^9 + 5*a^4*b^8 + a^5*b^7 - 2*a^6*b^6)))/(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6) + (a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^11 - 2*a^2*b^10 - 4*a^3*b^9 + 4*a^4*b^8 + 2*a^5*b^7 - 2*a^6*b^6)*64i)/(b^3*(a*b^6 + b^7 - a^2*b^5 - a^3*b^4)))*2i)/b^3))/b^3)/((64*(8*a^8 - 4*a^7*b + 12*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 - 20*a^6*b^2)))/(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6) - (a*((32*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^8 - 8*a^7*b + 4*a^2*b^6 - 8*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 + 16*a^5*b^3 - 16*a^6*b^2)))/(a*b^6 + b^7 - a^2*b^5 - a^3*b^4) + (a*((32*(2*a*b^11 - 3*a^2*b^10 - 3*a^3*b^9 + 5*a^4*b^8 + a^5*b^7 - 2*a^6*b^6)))/(a*b^8 + b^9 - a^2*b^7 - a^3*b^6) - (a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^11 - 2*a^2*b^10 - ...
```

**3.462**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.462.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3535  
 3.462.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3535  
 3.462.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3536  
 3.462.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3538  
 3.462.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3538  
 3.462.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3539  
 3.462.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3539  
 3.462.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3540  
 3.462.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3540

**3.462.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{3/2} b^2 (a+b)^{3/2} d} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `x/b^2-2*a*(a^2-2*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(3/2)/b^2/(a+b)^(3/2)/d-a^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))`

**3.462.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{c+dx}{b^2 d} - \frac{2a(a^2-2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{a^2 b \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(c + d*x - (2*a*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2) - (a^2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b^2*d)$

### 3.462.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3269, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3269} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ab + (a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ab + (a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{\frac{x(a^2 - b^2)}{b} - \frac{a(a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b}}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{x(a^2 - b^2)}{b} - \frac{a(a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{x(a^2 - b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a - b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + a + b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{bd}}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.462.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{x(a^2-b^2)}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2-2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

218

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((a^2 - b^2)*x)/b - (2*a*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)) - (a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.462.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3269 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*(2*b*c*d - a*(c^2 + d^2)) + (a^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d*(m + 2) + b^2*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

3.462.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



### 3.462.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2a \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b} \right) + \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{d b^2}$
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2a \left( \frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b} \right) + \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{d b^2}$
risch	$\frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{2ia^2(a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)d(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)} - \frac{a^3 \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a+b)(a-b)db^2} + \frac{2a \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a+b)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \left( \frac{2}{b^2} \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right) - 2 \frac{a}{b^2} \left( \frac{a*b}{a^2 - b^2} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) / \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 * a - b * \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + a + b \right) + \frac{a^2 - 2*b^2}{(a-b) * (a+b)} / \left( (a-b) * (a+b) \right)^{1/2} * \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) * \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\left( (a-b) * (a+b) \right)^{1/2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

### 3.462.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)dx \cos(dx + c) + 2(a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4)dx - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + (a^3b - 2ab^3) \cos(dx + c))}{2((a^4b^3 - 2a^2b^5 + b^7)d \cos(dx + c) + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/2*(2*(a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 +
a*b^4)*d*x - (a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + (a^3*b - 2*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2
+ b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^
2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c
)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(a^4*b - a^2*b^3)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4
*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*d),
((a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*d
*x - (a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + (a^3*b - 2*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*ar
ctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (a^4*b - a^2*
b^3)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5*b^2
- 2*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*d)]
```

### 3.462.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

### 3.462.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.462.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{(a^2 b - b^3) \left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + a + b\right)} - \frac{2(a^3 - 2ab^2) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^2 b^2 - b^4) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

d

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(2*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a^2*b - b^3)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)) - 2*(a^3 - 2*a*b^2)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^2*b^2 - b^4)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) - (d*x + c)/b^2)/d`**3.462.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 20.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2872, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (2*\operatorname{atan}(\frac{(((((32*(2*a*b^8 - b^9 + a^2*b^7 - 3*a^3*b^6 + a^5*b^4)))/(a*b^5 + b^6 - a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3) - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^9 - 2*a^2*b^8 - 4*a^3*b^7 + 4*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 - 2*a^6*b^4)*32i)/(b^2*(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))))*1i)/b^2 + (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 2*a*b^5 + b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^3 - 5*a^4*b^2))/(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))/b^2 - (((((32*(2*a*b^8 - b^9 + a^2*b^7 - 3*a^3*b^6 + a^5*b^4))/(a*b^5 + b^6 - a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^9 - 2*a^2*b^8 - 4*a^3*b^7 + 4*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 - 2*a^6*b^4)*32i)/(b^2*(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))))*1i)/b^2 - (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 2*a*b^5 + b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^3 - 5*a^4*b^2))/(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))/b^2)/((64*(2*a*b^4 - a^4*b + a^5 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 3*a^3*b^2))/(a*b^5 + b^6 - a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3) + (((((32*(2*a*b^8 - b^9 + a^2*b^7 - 3*a^3*b^6 + a^5*b^4))/(a*b^5 + b^6 - a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3) - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^9 - 2*a^2*b^8 - 4*a^3*b^7 + 4*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 - 2*a^6*b^4)*32i)/(b^2*(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))))*1i)/b^2 + (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 2*a*b^5 + b^6 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^3 - 5*a^4*b^2))/(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))*1i)/b^2 + (((((32*(2*a*b^8 - b^9 + a^2*b^7 - 3*a^3*b^6 + a^5*b^4))/(a*b^5 + b^6 - a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^9 - 2*a^2*b^8 - 4*a^3*b^7 + 4*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 - 2*a^6*b^4)*32i)/(b^2*(a*b^4 + b^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))))*1i)/b^2 - (32*\tan(c/2 + (d...
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.463 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.463.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2) d(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

```
output -2*b*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.463.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} d$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

```
output ((-2*b*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]]/(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) / d
```

**3.463.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\int \frac{b}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{d(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

```
output (-2*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))
```

### 3.463.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3138 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3233 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.463.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b}\right) - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{d}$
default	$\frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b}\right) - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{2ia(ae^{i(dx+c)}+b)}{b(-a^2+b^2)d(be^{2i(dx+c)}+2ae^{i(dx+c)}+b)} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 + ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}b}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a+b)(a-b)d} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a+b)(a-b)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(2*a/(a^2-b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)-2*b/(a-b)/(a+b)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

### 3.463.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(b^2 \cos(dx+c) + ab)\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c) + (2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab\cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right)}{2((a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)d \cos(dx+c) + (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4)d)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(b^2 \cos(dx+c) + ab)\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \arctan\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)+b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (a^3 - ab^2)\sin(dx+c)}{(a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)d \cos(dx+c) + (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4)d} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`



```
output [1/2*((b^2*cos(d*x + c) + a*b)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) +
(2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin
(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2))
+ 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c)
+ (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*d), -((b^2*cos(d*x + c) + a*b)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)
*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c)))) - (a^3 - a*b
^2)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5 - 2*a^3
*b^2 + a*b^4)*d)]
```

### 3.463.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

### 3.463.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.463.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{\left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right) b}{(a^2 - b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + a + b\right)(a^2 - b^2)} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*((pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*b/(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2) + a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)*(a^2 - b^2)))/d`**3.463.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2 a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d (a + b) (a - b) \left( (a - b) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a + b \right)} - \frac{2 b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (2a - 2b)}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{a-b}}\right)}{d (a + b)^{3/2} (a - b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(2*a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a + b)*(a - b)*(a + b + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(a - b))) - (2*b*atan((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a - 2*b))/(2*(a + b)^(1/2)*(a - b)^(1/2))))/(d*(a + b)^(3/2)*(a - b)^(3/2))`

### 3.464 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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3.464.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3548
3.464.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3549
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3.464.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3551
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3.464.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3554

#### 3.464.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}d} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2)d(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `2*a*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d-b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))`

#### 3.464.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} d$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-2), x]`

output `((2*a*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2) - (b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d`

**3.464.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$ , Rules used = {3042, 3143, 25, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3143} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{a}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{d(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-2), x]`

---

3.464.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

```
output (2*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt
[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) - (b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*
x]))
```

### 3.464.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3138 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{
e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b +
(a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3143 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos
[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp
[1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*(n + 1)
- b*(n + 2)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

### 3.464.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b} + \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b} + \frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}$
risch	$\frac{2i(a e^{i(dx+c)}+b)}{d(-a^2+b^2)(b e^{2i(dx+c)}+2a e^{i(dx+c)}+b)} - \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + ia^2 - ib^2 + a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a+b)(a-b)d} + \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a+b)(a-b)d}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c))*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2/(a^2-b^2)*b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)+2*a/(a-b)/(a+b)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

### 3.464.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(ab \cos(dx + c) + a^2)\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 - b^2) \cos(dx+c) - 2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a \cos(dx+c)+b) \sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab \cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right)}{2((a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)d \cos(dx + c) + (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4)d)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output [1/2*((a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) +
(2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin
(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2))
- 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c)
+ (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*d), ((a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*
arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (a^2*b - b^
3)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^5 - 2*a^3*
b^2 + a*b^4)*d)]
```

### 3.464.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2470 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 34.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2470, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((zoo*x/cos(c)**2, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (tan(c/2 + d*
x/2)**3/(6*b**2*d) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(2*b**2*d), Eq(a, b)), (-1/(2*b**2*d
*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)) - 1/(6*b**2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3), Eq(a, -b)), (x/(a +
b*cos(c))**2, Eq(d, 0)), (a**2*log(-sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/
2 + d*x/2))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(a**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c
/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - 2*a**3*b*d*sqrt(-a/
(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - 2*a**2*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) -
b/(a - b)) + 2*a*b**3*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2
- b**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + b**4*d*sqrt(-a
/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) + a**2*log(-sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2
+ d*x/2))/(a**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a**4*
d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - 2*a**3*b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*t
an(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - 2*a**2*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + 2*a*b**3
*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - b**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a -
b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + b**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)))
- a**2*log(sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))*tan(c/2 + d*x
/2)**2/(a**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + a**4*d*s
qrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) - 2*a**3*b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(
c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - 2*a**2*b**2*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + 2*a*b**3*d*
sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 - b**4*d*sqrt(-a/(a - ...
```

**3.464.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.464.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{\left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) a}{(a^2 - b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + a + b)(a^2 - b^2)}}{d}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -2*((pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*a/(a^2 - b^2)^(3
/2) + b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^2 + a + b)*(a^2 - b^2)))/d
```



**3.464.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)(2a-2b)}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{a-b}}\right)}{d(a+b)^{3/2}(a-b)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d(a+b)(a-b)\left((a-b)\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a + b\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(2*a*atan((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a - 2*b))/(2*(a + b)^(1/2)*(a - b)^(1/2)))/d*(a + b)^(3/2)*(a - b)^(3/2)) - (2*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a + b)*(a - b)*(a + b + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(a - b)))`

**3.465**  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.465.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3555  
 3.465.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3555  
 3.465.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3556  
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 3.465.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3560  
 3.465.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3560  
 3.465.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3561

**3.465.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2b(2a^2 - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^2(a - b)^{3/2}(a + b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{a^2d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `-2*b*(2*a^2-b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/(a-b)^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^2/d+b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))`

**3.465.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2b(-2a^2+b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} - \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) + \frac{c + dx}{a^2d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

3.465.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output  $((2*b*(-2*a^2 + b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(3/2)} - Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + (a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(a^2*d)$

### 3.465.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3281

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - b^2) \sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \sec(c + dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b(2a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b(2a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 3138

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a^2-b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad} + \\
& \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{\downarrow 218} \\
& \frac{(a^2-b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b(2a^2-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \frac{\downarrow 4257}{(a^2-b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2, x]`

output `((-2*b*(2*a^2 - b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + ((a^2 - b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.465.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3281 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2
))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n
+ 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*
n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3480 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_
.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b
- a*B)/(b*c - a*d Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/
(b*c - a*d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f
, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.465.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2b \left( -\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b} \right) + \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2b \left( -\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2) \left( \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b} \right) + \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{2ib(ae^{i(dx+c)} + b)}{(-a^2 + b^2)da(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)} - \frac{2b \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a+b)(a-b)d} + \frac{b^3 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 - a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a+b)(a-b)d}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.465. \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

output  $1/d*(-1/a^2*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-2*b/a^2*(-a*b/(a^2-b^2)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)+(2*a^2-b^2)/(a-b))/(a+b)/((a-b)*(a+b))^{(1/2)*\arctan((a-b)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^{(1/2))}+1/a^2*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))$

### 3.465.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(2a^3b - ab^3 + (2a^2b^2 - b^4)\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c) + (2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c) + b\sin(dx+c))}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2ab\cos(dx+c) + a^2}\right) - (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4 + (a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)\cos(dx+c))\log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4 + (a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)\cos(dx+c))\log(-\sin(dx+c) + 1) - 2(a^3b^2 - ab^4)\sin(dx+c)/((a^6b - 2a^4b^3 + a^2b^5)d*\cos(dx+c) + (a^7 - 2a^5b^2 + a^3b^4)*d), -1/2*(2*(2a^3b - ab^3 + (2a^2b^2 - b^4)\cos(dx+c))*\sqrt{a^2-b^2}*\arctan(-(a*\cos(dx+c) + b)/(\sqrt{a^2-b^2}*\sin(dx+c))) - (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4 + (a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)\cos(dx+c))*\log(\sin(dx+c) + 1) + (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4 + (a^4b - 2a^2b^3 + b^5)\cos(dx+c))*\log(-\sin(dx+c) + 1) - 2(a^3b^2 - ab^4)\sin(dx+c)/((a^6b - 2a^4b^3 + a^2b^5)d*\cos(dx+c) + (a^7 - 2a^5b^2 + a^3b^4)*d)}{2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $[-1/2*((2*a^3*b - a*b^3 + (2*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})*\log((2*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + b)*\sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4 + (a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4 + (a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*\sin(d*x + c)/((a^6*b - 2*a^4*b^3 + a^2*b^5)*d*\cos(d*x + c) + (a^7 - 2*a^5*b^2 + a^3*b^4)*d), -1/2*(2*(2*a^3*b - a*b^3 + (2*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\arctan(-(a*\cos(d*x + c) + b)/(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\sin(d*x + c))) - (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4 + (a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4 + (a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*\sin(d*x + c)/((a^6*b - 2*a^4*b^3 + a^2*b^5)*d*\cos(d*x + c) + (a^7 - 2*a^5*b^2 + a^3*b^4)*d)]$

**3.465.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.465.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.465.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{(a^3 - ab^2) \left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + a + b\right)} - \frac{2(2a^2b - b^3) \left(\pi \left[\frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(2a-2b) + \arctan\left(\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^4 - a^2b^2) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

*d*

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.465.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output  $(2*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a^3 - a*b^2)*(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)) - 2*(2*a^2*b - b^3)*(pi*\text{floor}(1/2*(d*x + c))/pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(2*a - 2*b) + \arctan((a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))/((a^4 - a^2*b^2)*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) + \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^2 - \log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^2)/d$

### 3.465.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2886, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.46

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output  $-(\text{atan}(\frac{((32*(2*a^8*b - a^9 + a^4*b^5 - 3*a^6*b^3 + a^7*b^2))/(a^5*b + a^6 - a^3*b^3 - a^4*b^2) - (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^9*b - 2*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 + 4*a^6*b^4 - 4*a^7*b^3 - 2*a^8*b^2))/(a^2*(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2)))/a^2 - (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 2*a*b^5 + 2*b^6 - 5*a^2*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^2))/(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))*1i)/a^2 - (((32*(2*a^8*b - a^9 + a^4*b^5 - 3*a^6*b^3 + a^7*b^2))/(a^5*b + a^6 - a^3*b^3 - a^4*b^2) + (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^9*b - 2*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 + 4*a^6*b^4 - 4*a^7*b^3 - 2*a^8*b^2))/(a^2*(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2)))/a^2 + (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 2*a*b^5 + 2*b^6 - 5*a^2*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^2))/(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))*1i)/a^2)/(((32*(2*a^8*b - a^9 + a^4*b^5 - 3*a^6*b^3 + a^7*b^2))/(a^5*b + a^6 - a^3*b^3 - a^4*b^2) - (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^9*b - 2*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 + 4*a^6*b^4 - 4*a^7*b^3 - 2*a^8*b^2))/(a^2*(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2)))/a^2 - (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 2*a*b^5 + 2*b^6 - 5*a^2*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^2))/(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2))/a^2 - (64*(2*a^4*b - a*b^4 + b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^2))/(a^5*b + a^6 - a^3*b^3 - a^4*b^2) + (((32*(2*a^8*b - a^9 + a^4*b^5 - 3*a^6*b^3 + a^7*b^2))/(a^5*b + a^6 - a^3*b^3 - a^4*b^2) + (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^9*b - 2*a^4*b^6 + 2*a^5*b^5 + 4*a^6*b^4 - 4*a^7*b^3 - 2*a^8*b^2))/(a^2*(a^4*b + a^5 - a^2*b^3 - a^3*b^2)))/a^2 + (32*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b...$



### 3.466 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.466.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3562
3.466.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3562
3.466.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3563
3.466.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3566
3.466.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3567
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3.466.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3568
3.466.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3569

#### 3.466.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2b^2(3a^2 - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^3(a-b)^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}d} - \frac{2b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^3d} + \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{a^2(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 2*b^2*(3*a^2-2*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3
/(a-b)^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d-2*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^3/d+(a^2-2*b^2)*tan(d
*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b^2*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.466.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2b^2(-3a^2+2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} + 2b \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - 2b \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - \frac{2b \tan(c+dx)}{a^3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $((-2*b^2*(-3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(3/2)} + 2*b*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - 2*b*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] - (a*b^3*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + a*Tan[c + d*x]/(a^3*d)$

### 3.466.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3281

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - 2b^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - 2b^2 + b^2 \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(2b(a^2 - b^2) - ab^2 \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{ad} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(2b(a^2 - b^2) - ab^2 \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

---

3.466.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{2b(a^2-b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{3480} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{2b(a^2-b^2) \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b^2(3a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{2b(a^2-b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b^2(3a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{3138} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{2b(a^2-b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^2(3a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{2b(a^2-b^2) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^2(3a^2-2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\frac{2b(a^2-b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b^2(3a^2-2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

3.466.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

```
output (b^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + (-((( -2*b^2*(3
*a^2 - 2*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[
a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (2*b*(a^2 - b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d))/a
+ ((a^2 - 2*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.466.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3138 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{
e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b +
(a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3281 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2
))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n
+ 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*
n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3480 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b
- a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/
(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f
, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.466.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^3} - \frac{1}{a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} - \frac{1}{a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{2b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a^3} + \frac{2b^2 \left( -\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^3} - \frac{1}{a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} - \frac{1}{a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)} - \frac{2b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{a^3} + \frac{2b^2 \left( -\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{2i(-a^2 b^2 e^{3i(dx+c)} + a^2 b e^{2i(dx+c)} - 2b^3 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a^3 e^{i(dx+c)} - 3a b^2 e^{i(dx+c)} + a^2 b - 2b^3)}{(a^2 - b^2)d a^2 (b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{3b^2 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{ia^2 - ib^2 + b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}(a+b)(a-b)}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.466.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

output  $1/d*(2*b/a^3*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-1/a^2/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-1/a^2/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-2*b/a^3*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+2*b^2/a^3*(-a*b/(a^2-b^2)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)+(3*a^2-2*b^2)/(a-b)/(a+b)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*\arctan((a-b)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))))$

### 3.466.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 339 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{((3a^2b^3 - 2b^5)\cos(dx+c))^2 + (3a^3b^2 - 2ab^4)\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c) + (2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)}{b^2\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[-1/2*((3*a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*a^3*b^2 - 2*a*b^4)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*\log((2*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*\cos(d*x + c))^2 + 2*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + b)*\sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 2*((a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*((a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2 + a^2*b^4 + (a^5*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c)]/((a^7*b - 2*a^5*b^3 + a^3*b^5)*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^8 - 2*a^6*b^2 + a^4*b^4)*d*\cos(d*x + c)), (((3*a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*a^3*b^2 - 2*a*b^4)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\arctan(-(a*\cos(d*x + c) + b)/(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\sin(d*x + c)))) - ((a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + ((a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 + a*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2 + a^2*b^4 + (a^5*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c)]/((a^7*b - 2*a^5*b^3 + a^3*b^5)*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^8 - 2*a^6*b^2 + a^4*b^4)*d*\cos(d*x + c))]$

**3.466.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.466.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.466.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 332 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = 2 \left( \frac{(3a^2b^2 - 2b^4) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^5 - a^3b^2)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) + \frac{a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - a^2b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*((3*a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2))))/((a^5 - a^3*b^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))^4 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - a - b)*(a^4 - a^2*b^2) + b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^3 - b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^3)/d`

### 3.466.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3176, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.49

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`



output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (b \operatorname{atan}((b((32 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*b^8 - 8*a*b^7 - 16*a^2*b^6 + 16*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 - 8*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)))/(a^6*b + a^7 - a^4*b^3 - a^5*b^2) \\
& - (2*b*((32*(2*a^{11}*b - 2*a^6*b^6 + a^7*b^5 + 5*a^8*b^4 - 3*a^9*b^3 - 3*a^{10}*b^2)))/(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2) - (64*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*( \\
& 2*a^{11}*b - 2*a^6*b^6 + 2*a^7*b^5 + 4*a^8*b^4 - 4*a^9*b^3 - 2*a^{10}*b^2)))/(a^3*(a^6*b + a^7 - a^4*b^3 - a^5*b^2))))/a^3 * 2i)/a^3 + (b((32 \tan(c/2 + ( \\
& d*x)/2)*(8*b^8 - 8*a*b^7 - 16*a^2*b^6 + 16*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 - 8*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)))/(a^6*b + a^7 - a^4*b^3 - a^5*b^2) + (2*b*((32*(2*a^{11}*b - 2 \\
& *a^6*b^6 + a^7*b^5 + 5*a^8*b^4 - 3*a^9*b^3 - 3*a^{10}*b^2)))/(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2) + (64*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^{11}*b - 2*a^6*b^6 + 2*a^7 \\
& *b^5 + 4*a^8*b^4 - 4*a^9*b^3 - 2*a^{10}*b^2)))/(a^3*(a^6*b + a^7 - a^4*b^3 - a^5*b^2))))/a^3 * 2i)/a^3 / ((64*(8*b^8 - 4*a*b^7 - 20*a^2*b^6 + 6*a^3*b^5 + \\
& 12*a^4*b^4))/(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2) - (2*b*((32 \tan(c/2 + (d*x) \\
& )/2)*(8*b^8 - 8*a*b^7 - 16*a^2*b^6 + 16*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 - 8*a^5*b^3 + \\
& 4*a^6*b^2)))/(a^6*b + a^7 - a^4*b^3 - a^5*b^2) - (2*b*((32*(2*a^{11}*b - 2*a^6*b^6 + a^7*b^5 + 5*a^8*b^4 - 3*a^9*b^3 - 3*a^{10}*b^2)))/(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6* \\
& b^3 - a^7*b^2) - (64*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^{11}*b - 2*a^6*b^6 + 2*a^7*b^5 + 4*a^8*b^4 - 4*a^9*b^3 - 2*a^{10}*b^2)))/(a^3*(a^6*b + a^7 - a^4*b^3 - a^5 \\
& *b^2))))/a^3)/a^3 + (2*b*((32 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*b^8 - 8*a*b^7 - 16*a^2*b^6 + 16*a^3*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^4 - 8*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)))/(a^6*b + a^7 - ...
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.467 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.467.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3571
3.467.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3572
3.467.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3572
3.467.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3577
3.467.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3577
3.467.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3578
3.467.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3579
3.467.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3579
3.467.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3580

#### 3.467.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2b^3(4a^2-3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^4(a-b)^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{(a^2+6b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^4d} - \frac{b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{a^3(a^2-b^2)d} + \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^2(a^2-b^2)d} + \frac{b^2 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-2*b^3*(4*a^2-3*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a-b)^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+1/2*(a^2+6*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d-b*(2*a^2-3*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+1/2*(a^2-3*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.467.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^3(-4a^2+3b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} - 2a^2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) - 12b^2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(8b^3(-4a^2+3b^2)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{(a-b)\operatorname{Tan}[(c+d*x)/2]}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}] - 2a^2\operatorname{Log}[\cos[(c+d*x)/2] - \sin[(c+d*x)/2]] - 12b^2\operatorname{Log}[\cos[(c+d*x)/2] + \sin[(c+d*x)/2]] + 2a^2\operatorname{Log}[\cos[(c+d*x)/2] - \sin[(c+d*x)/2]] + 12b^2\operatorname{Log}[\cos[(c+d*x)/2] + \sin[(c+d*x)/2]] + a^2/(\cos[(c+d*x)/2] - \sin[(c+d*x)/2])^2 - a^2/(\cos[(c+d*x)/2] + \sin[(c+d*x)/2])^2 + (4ab^4\sin[c+d*x])/((a-b)(a+b)(a+b\cos[c+d*x])) - 8ab\operatorname{Tan}[c+d*x])/(4a^4d)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{3/2}}$$
**3.467.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3281}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-3b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a - 3b^2 + 2b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a - 3b^2 + 2b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{(b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - a(a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2b(2a^2 - 3b^2)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - a(a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2b(2a^2 - 3b^2)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-b(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a(a^2 + b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2b(2a^2 - 3b^2)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{\int -\frac{(a^4 + 5b^2 a^2 + b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c+dx) a - 6b^4) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{2b(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^4 + 5b^2 a^2 + b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c+dx) a - 6b^4) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.467.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{a^4+5b^2a^2+b(a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-6b^4}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3480} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^4+5a^2b^2-6b^4) \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^3(4a-\frac{3b^2}{a}) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^4+5a^2b^2-6b^4) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^3(4a-\frac{3b^2}{a}) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^4+5a^2b^2-6b^4) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{4b^3(4a-\frac{3b^2}{a}) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^4+5a^2b^2-6b^4) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{4b^3(4a-\frac{3b^2}{a}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{4257}
 \end{aligned}$$

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3.467.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{(a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad} - \frac{2b(2a^2-3b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^4+5a^2b^2-6b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{4b^3 \left(4a - \frac{3b^2}{a}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}$$


---


$$a(a^2-b^2)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*d) - (((-4*b^3*(4*a - (3*b^2)/a)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + ((a^4 + 5*a^2*b^2 - 6*b^4)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d))/a) + (2*b*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(2*a)/(a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.467.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.467.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{2a^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} - \frac{-a-4b}{2a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} + \frac{(-a^2-6b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a^4} - \frac{2b^3 \left( -\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2) \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2a^4}$
default	$\frac{1}{2a^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} - \frac{-a-4b}{2a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} + \frac{(-a^2-6b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a^4} - \frac{2b^3 \left( -\frac{ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a^2-b^2) \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a - b \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \right)}{2a^4}$
risch	$-\frac{i(a^3 e^{5i(dx+c)} b - 3b^3 a e^{5i(dx+c)} + 2a^4 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 2a^2 b^2 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 6b^4 e^{4i(dx+c)} + 8b a^3 e^{3i(dx+c)} - 12b^3 a e^{3i(dx+c)} - 2a^4 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a^2 b^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} - 2b^4 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a^3 e^{i(dx+c)} - 2a b^3 e^{i(dx+c)} + 2a^2 b^2 e^{i(dx+c)} - 2b^4 e^{i(dx+c)} + 2a^3)}{d a^3 (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 (a^2 - b^2) (b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a^2)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \left( \frac{1}{2a^2} \left( \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-a-4b)}{a^3} \left( \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-a^2-6b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right)}{a^4} - \frac{2b^3}{a^4} \frac{(-a/b)(a^2-b^2) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2 a - b \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2 + a + b} + \frac{4a^2 - 3b^2}{(a-b)(a+b)} \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{a^2} \left( \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-a-4b)}{a^3} \left( \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(a^2+6b^2)}{a^4} \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right) \right)$$

### 3.467.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 415 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 899, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 \left( (4a^2b^4 - 3b^6) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4a^3b^3 - 3ab^5) \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{-a^2+b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2-b^2) \cos(dx+c)}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)}\right) - 4 \left( (4a^2b^4 - 3b^6) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4a^3b^3 - 3ab^5) \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{a^2-b^2} \arctan\left(-\frac{a \cos(dx+c) + b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \sin(dx+c)}\right) - \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

3.467. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$



input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(2*((4*a^2*b^4 - 3*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (4*a^3*b^3 - 3*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - ((a^6*b + 4*a^4*b^3 - 11*a^2*b^5 + 6*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^7 + 4*a^5*b^2 - 11*a^3*b^4 + 6*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + ((a^6*b + 4*a^4*b^3 - 11*a^2*b^5 + 6*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^7 + 4*a^5*b^2 - 11*a^3*b^4 + 6*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^7 - 2*a^5*b^2 + a^3*b^4 - 2*(2*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 + 3*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^6*b - 2*a^4*b^3 + a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((a^8*b - 2*a^6*b^3 + a^4*b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^9 - 2*a^7*b^2 + a^5*b^4)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), -1/4*(4*((4*a^2*b^4 - 3*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (4*a^3*b^3 - 3*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - ((a^6*b + 4*a^4*b^3 - 11*a^2*b^5 + 6*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^7 + 4*a^5*b^2 - 11*a^3*b^4 + 6*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + ((a^6*b + 4*a^4*b^3 - 11*a^2*b^5 + 6*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^7 + 4*a^5*b^2 - 11*a^3*b^4 + 6*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^7 - 2*a^5*b^2 + a^3*b^4 - 2*(2*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 + 3*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^6*b - 2*a^4*b^3 + a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/((a^8*b - 2*a^6*b^3 + a^4*b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^9 - 2*a^7*b^2 + a^5*b^4)*d*cos(d*x + ...`

### 3.467.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.467.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4\*b^2-4\*a^2>0)', see 'assume?' f or more de

**3.467.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{4b^4 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{(a^5 - a^3 b^2) \left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + a + b\right)} + \frac{4(4a^2 b^3 - 3b^5) \left(\pi \left[\frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^6 - a^4 b^2) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(4*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a^5 - a^3*b^2)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)) + 4*(4*a^2*b^3 - 3*b^5)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^6 - a^4*b^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (a^2 + 6*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^4 - (a^2 + 6*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^4 + 2*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^3)/d`

**3.467.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3699, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.05

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

```
output - ((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(3*a*b^3 - 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 6*b^4 - 5*a^2*b^2))/((a^3*b - a^4)*(a + b)) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(3*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3 + a^4 + 6*b^4 - 5*a^2*b^2))/((a^3*b - a^4)*(a + b)) + (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(a^4 - 6*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^2))/(a*(a^2*b - a^3)*(a + b)))/(d*(a + b - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(a + 3*b) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(a - 3*b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(a - b))) - (atan((((a^2 + 6*b^2)*((8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^10 - 2*a^9*b - 7*2*a*b^9 + 72*b^10 - 120*a^2*b^8 + 120*a^3*b^7 + 17*a^4*b^6 - 26*a^5*b^5 + 23*a^6*b^4 - 20*a^7*b^3 + 11*a^8*b^2)))/(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2) - ((a^2 + 6*b^2)*((8*(2*a^15 - 12*a^8*b^7 + 6*a^9*b^6 + 28*a^10*b^5 - 14*a^11*b^4 - 16*a^12*b^3 + 6*a^13*b^2)))/(a^11*b + a^12 - a^9*b^3 - a^10*b^2) - (4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^2 + 6*b^2)*(8*a^13*b - 8*a^8*b^6 + 8*a^9*b^5 + 16*a^10*b^4 - 16*a^11*b^3 - 8*a^12*b^2)))/(a^4*(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2)))))/(2*a^4))*1i)/(2*a^4) + ((a^2 + 6*b^2)*((8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^10 - 2*a^9*b - 72*a*b^9 + 72*b^10 - 120*a^2*b^8 + 120*a^3*b^7 + 17*a^4*b^6 - 26*a^5*b^5 + 23*a^6*b^4 - 20*a^7*b^3 + 11*a^8*b^2)))/(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2) + ((a^2 + 6*b^2)*((8*(2*a^15 - 12*a^8*b^7 + 6*a^9*b^6 + 28*a^10*b^5 - 14*a^11*b^4 - 16*a^12*b^3 + 6*a^13*b^2)))/(a^11*b + a^12 - a^9*b^3 - a^10*b^2) + (4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^2 + 6*b^2)*(8*a^13*b - 8*a^8*b^6 + 8*a^9*b^5 + 16*a^10*b^4 - 16*a^11*b^3 - 8*a^12*b^2)))/(a^4*(a^8*b + a^9 - a^6*b^3 - a^7*b^2)))))/(2*a^4))*1i)/(2*a^4))/((16*(108*b^11 - 54*a*b^10 ...
```

### 3.468 $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.468.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3581
3.468.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3582
3.468.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3583
3.468.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3588
3.468.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3589
3.468.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3589
3.468.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3590
3.468.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3590
3.468.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3591

#### 3.468.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{2b^4(5a^2 - 4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^5(a-b)^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}d} - \frac{b(a^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^5d} + \frac{(2a^4 + 7a^2b^2 - 12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{3a^4(a^2 - b^2)d} - \frac{b(a^2 - 2b^2) \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a^3(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{(a^2 - 4b^2) \sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{b^2 \sec^2(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output  $2*b^4*(5*a^2-4*b^2)*\arctan((a-b)^{(1/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^5/(a-b)^{(3/2)/(a+b)^{(3/2)/d}-b*(a^2+4*b^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(d*x+c))/a^5/d+1/3*(2*a^4+7*a^2*b^2-12*b^4)*\tan(d*x+c)/a^4/(a^2-b^2)/d-b*(a^2-2*b^2)*\sec(d*x+c)*\tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+1/3*(a^2-4*b^2)*\sec(d*x+c)^2*\tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b^2*\sec(d*x+c)^2*\tan(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))$

**3.468.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = & -\frac{2b^4(5a^2-4b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^5(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}d} \\
& + \frac{(a^2b+4b^3)\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{a^5d} \\
& + \frac{(-a^2b-4b^3)\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{a^5d} \\
& + \frac{a-6b}{12a^3d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)^2} \\
& + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{6a^2d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)^3} \\
& + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{6a^2d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)^3} \\
& + \frac{-a+6b}{12a^3d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)^2} \\
& + \frac{2a^2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+9b^2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{3a^4d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)} \\
& + \frac{2a^2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+9b^2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{3a^4d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)} \\
& - \frac{b^5\sin(c+dx)}{a^4(a-b)(a+b)d(a+b\cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

```

(-2*b^4*(5*a^2 - 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2
]])/(a^5*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d) + ((a^2*b + 4*b^3)*Log[Cos[(c + d
*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/(a^5*d) + ((-(a^2*b) - 4*b^3)*Log[Cos[(c + d*x
)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/(a^5*d) + (a - 6*b)/(12*a^3*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]
- Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2) + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/(6*a^2*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin
[(c + d*x)/2])^3) + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/(6*a^2*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c +
d*x)/2])^3) + (-a + 6*b)/(12*a^3*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^
2) + (2*a^2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 9*b^2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*a^4*d*(Cos[(c +
d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) + (2*a^2*Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + 9*b^2*Sin[(c + d*
x)/2])/(3*a^4*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) - (b^5*Sin[c + d*x]
)/(a^4*(a - b)*(a + b)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))

```

**3.468.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.810$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+3b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^4(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-4b^2+3b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(-2b(a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-a(2a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)+6b(a^2-2b^2))\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a} + \frac{(a^2-4b^2)\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} + \\
 & \quad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-4b^2)\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(-2b(a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-a(2a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)+6b(a^2-2b^2))\sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a} + \\
 & \quad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.468.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-2b(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a(2a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 6b(a^2-2b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} + \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{2(2a^4+7b^2a^2-b(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-12b^4-3b^2(a^2-2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(2a^4+7b^2a^2-b(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-12b^4-3b^2(a^2-2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{2a^4+7b^2a^2-b(a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-12b^4-3b^2(a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{3(a(a^2-2b^2) \cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^4+3b^2a^2-4b^4)b) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a} + \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12ab^2-12b^4)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.468.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \int \frac{a(a^2-2b^2) \cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^4+3b^2a^2-4b^4)b}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3a}$$

$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \int \frac{a(a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(a^4+3b^2a^2-4b^4)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a}$$

$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^4+3a^2b^2-4b^4) \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b^4(5a^2-4b^2)}{a} \right)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^4+3a^2b^2-4b^4) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b^4(5a^2-4b^2)}{a} \right)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(a^4+3a^2b^2-4b^4) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^4(5a^2-4b^2)}{a} \right)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 218

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3.468.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad}}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{\left( \frac{b(a^4+3a^2b^2-4b^4)}{a} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2b^4}{a} \right)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{\left( \frac{b(a^4+3a^2b^2-4b^4)}{ad} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) - \frac{2b^4}{a} \right)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2-4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3ad} - \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(2a^4+7a^2b^2-12b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad}}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{\left( \frac{b(a^4+3a^2b^2-4b^4)}{ad} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) - \frac{2b^4}{a} \right)}{3a}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*a*d) - ((3*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d) - ((-3*((-2*b^4*(5*a^2 - 4*b^2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]])/Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (b*(a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 - 4*b^4)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d))/a + ((2*a^4 + 7*a^2*b^2 - 12*b^4)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/a/(3*a))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.468.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3480 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.468.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{3a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^3}-\frac{a+2b}{2a^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^2}-\frac{a^2+ab+3b^2}{a^4\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}+\frac{b\left(a^2+4b^2\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{a^5}-\frac{1}{3a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}$
default	$-\frac{1}{3a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^3}-\frac{a+2b}{2a^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^2}-\frac{a^2+ab+3b^2}{a^4\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}+\frac{b\left(a^2+4b^2\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)}{a^5}-\frac{1}{3a^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}$
risch	$\frac{2i\left(3a^3b^2e^{7i(dx+c)}-6ab^4e^{7i(dx+c)}+6ba^4e^{6i(dx+c)}+3a^2b^3e^{6i(dx+c)}-12b^5e^{6i(dx+c)}+21a^3b^2e^{5i(dx+c)}-30ab^4e^{5i(dx+c)}+12a^5e^{5i(dx+c)}\right)}{a^5}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{a^2}\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)-1\right)^3}-\frac{1}{2}\frac{a+2b}{a^3}\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)-1\right)^2}-\frac{a^2+ab+3b^2}{a^4}\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)-1\right)}+\frac{b\left(a^2+4b^2\right)}{a^5}\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)-1\right)-\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{a^2}\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)+1\right)^3}-\frac{1}{2}\frac{-a-2b}{a^3}\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)+1\right)^2}-\frac{a^2+ab+3b^2}{a^4}\frac{1}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)+1\right)}-\frac{b\left(a^2+4b^2\right)}{a^5}\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)+1\right)+\frac{2b^4}{a^5}\frac{-ab\left(a^2-b^2\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2-a-b\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+a+b\right)+\frac{5a^2-4b^2}{a-b}\frac{1}{a+b}}{\left(a-b\right)\left(a+b\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}\arctan\left(\frac{a-b}{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)\right)$$

**3.468.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/6*(3*((5*a^2*b^5 - 4*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a*b^6)*cos(d
*x + c)^3)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*
x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*
b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 3*((a^6*b^2 + 2*a^
4*b^4 - 7*a^2*b^6 + 4*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (a^7*b + 2*a^5*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^5
+ 4*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*((a^6*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^
4 - 7*a^2*b^6 + 4*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (a^7*b + 2*a^5*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^5 + 4
*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^8 - 2*a^6*b^2 + a^4*
b^4 + (2*a^7*b + 5*a^5*b^3 - 19*a^3*b^5 + 12*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(a^
8 + a^6*b^2 - 5*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(a^7*b - 2*a^5*b^3
+ a^3*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(a^9*b - 2*a^7*b^3 + a^5*b^5)*d*c
os(d*x + c)^4 + (a^10 - 2*a^8*b^2 + a^6*b^4)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), 1/6*(6*((5
*a^2*b^5 - 4*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3)*s
qrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))
) - 3*((a^6*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^4 - 7*a^2*b^6 + 4*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (a^7*b +
2*a^5*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^5 + 4*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) +
3*((a^6*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^4 - 7*a^2*b^6 + 4*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (a^7*b + 2*a
^5*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^5 + 4*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^3)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(
a^8 - 2*a^6*b^2 + a^4*b^4 + (2*a^7*b + 5*a^5*b^3 - 19*a^3*b^5 + 12*a*b^7)*
cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(a^8 + a^6*b^2 - 5*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)...
```

**3.468.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2, x)
```

---

3.468.  $\int \frac{\sec^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.468.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.468.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{6b^5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{(a^6 - a^4b^2)\left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + a + b\right)} + \frac{6(5a^2b^4 - 4b^6)\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^7 - a^5b^2)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -1/3*(6*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a^6 - a^4*b^2)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)) + 6*(5*a^2*b^4 - 4*b^6)*(pi*floor(1
/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) -
b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^7 - a^5*b^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2
)) + 3*(a^2*b + 4*b^3)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^5 - 3*(a^2*b +
4*b^3)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^5 + 2*(3*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c)^5 + 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2*a
^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 18*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*a^2*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 9*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((
tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^3*a^4)/d
```

**3.468.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3843, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.23

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

```
output ((2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(a^5 - 2*a*b^4 + 4*b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3 + a^3*b^2))/(a
^4*(a + b)*(a - b)) + (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(6*a*b^4 - 8*a^4*b + a^5 + 3
6*b^5 - 19*a^2*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^2))/(3*a^4*(a + b)*(a - b)) + (2*tan(c/2 + (d
*x)/2)^5*(6*a*b^4 + 8*a^4*b + a^5 - 36*b^5 + 19*a^2*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^2))/(3*a
^4*(a + b)*(a - b)) + (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^5 - 2*a*b^4 - 4*b^5 + 3*a^2
*b^3 + a^3*b^2))/(a^4*(a + b)*(a - b)))/(d*(a + b - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*(
a - b) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(2*a + 4*b) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(2*a - 4*
b) + 6*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4)) + (b*atan(((b*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*((32*tan(c/2 +
(d*x)/2)*(32*b^12 - 32*a*b^11 - 48*a^2*b^10 + 48*a^3*b^9 + 2*a^4*b^8 - 2*
a^5*b^7 + 7*a^6*b^6 - 12*a^7*b^5 + 7*a^8*b^4 - 2*a^9*b^3 + a^10*b^2)))/(a^1
0*b + a^11 - a^8*b^3 - a^9*b^2) + (b*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*((32*(a^17*b - 4*a^10*b
^8 + 2*a^11*b^7 + 9*a^12*b^6 - 4*a^13*b^5 - 5*a^14*b^4 + a^15*b^3)))/(a^14*
b + a^15 - a^12*b^3 - a^13*b^2) + (32*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*(
2*a^15*b - 2*a^10*b^6 + 2*a^11*b^5 + 4*a^12*b^4 - 4*a^13*b^3 - 2*a^14*b^2)
)/(a^5*(a^10*b + a^11 - a^8*b^3 - a^9*b^2))))/a^5)*i)/a^5 + (b*(a^2 + 4*b
^2)*((32*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(32*b^12 - 32*a*b^11 - 48*a^2*b^10 + 48*a^3*b
^9 + 2*a^4*b^8 - 2*a^5*b^7 + 7*a^6*b^6 - 12*a^7*b^5 + 7*a^8*b^4 - 2*a^9*b^3
+ a^10*b^2)))/(a^10*b + a^11 - a^8*b^3 - a^9*b^2) - (b*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*((32*
(a^17*b - 4*a^10*b^8 + 2*a^11*b^7 + 9*a^12*b^6 - 4*a^13*b^5 - 5*a^14*b^4 +
a^15*b^3)))/(a^14*b + a^15 - a^12*b^3 - a^13*b^2) - (32*b*tan(c/2 + (d*...
```

**3.469**       $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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 3.469.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3593  
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**3.469.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{(12a^2+b^2)x}{2b^5} - \frac{a^3(12a^4-29a^2b^2+20b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{5/2}b^5(a+b)^{5/2}d} - \frac{3a(4a^4-7a^2b^2+2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^4(a^2-b^2)^2d} + \frac{(6a^4-10a^2b^2+b^4) \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^3(a^2-b^2)^2d} - \frac{a^2 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2(a^2-b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/2*(12*a^2+b^2)*x/b^5-a^3*(12*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+20*b^4)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*t
an(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(5/2)/b^5/(a+b)^(5/2)/d-3/2*a*(4*a^4-
7*a^2*b^2+2*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/2*(6*a^4-10*a^2*b^2+b^4)*c
os(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/b/(
a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/2*a^2*(4*a^2-7*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c
)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.469.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(12a^2 + b^2)(c+dx) + \frac{4a^3(12a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 20b^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} - 12ab\sin(c+dx) + \frac{2a^5b\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{4b^5d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(2*(12*a^2 + b^2)*(c + d*x) + (4*a^3*(12*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 20*b^4)*ArcTan h[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(5/2) - 12*a*b*Sin[c + d*x] + (2*a^5*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (2*a^4*b*(-7*a^2 + 10*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/(4*b^5*d)`**3.469.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3526, 25, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(3a^2-2b\cos(c+dx)a-2(2a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.469.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (3a^2-2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3526

$$\frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2(4a^2-7b^2)a^2-b(a^2-4b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-2(6a^4-10b^2a^2+b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2(4a^2-7b^2)a^2-b(a^2-4b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-2(6a^4-10b^2a^2+b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2(4a^2-7b^2)a^2-b(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2(6a^4-10b^2a^2+b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3528

$$\int \frac{2(-3a(4a^4-7b^2a^2+2b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-b(2a^4-4b^2a^2-b^4)\cos(c+dx)+a(6a^4-10b^2a^2+b^4))}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{(6a^4-10a^2b^2+b^4)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{-3a(4a^4-7b^2a^2+2b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-b(2a^4-4b^2a^2-b^4)\cos(c+dx)+a(6a^4-10b^2a^2+b^4)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{(6a^4-10a^2b^2+b^4)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

---

3.469.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{-3a(4a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - b(2a^4 - 4b^2a^2 - b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a(6a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + b^4)}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{(6a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 7b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\int \frac{(12a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) (a^2 - b^2)^2 + ab(6a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + b^4)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(6a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 7b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{(12a^2 + b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a^2 - b^2)^2 + ab(6a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + b^4)}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(6a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 7b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{\frac{x(a^2 - b^2)^2(12a^2 + b^2)}{b} - \frac{a^3(12a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 20b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(6a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 7b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{x(a^2 - b^2)^2(12a^2 + b^2)}{b} - \frac{a^3(12a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 20b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(6a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 7b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}$$

---

3.469.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{x(a^2-b^2)^2(12a^2+b^2) - 2a^3(12a^4-29a^2b^2+20b^4) \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{b} \\
 & \frac{3a(4a^4-7a^2b^2+2b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{bd} - \frac{(6a^4-10a^2b^2+b^4)}{b} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \frac{a^2(4a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{(6a^4-10a^2b^2+b^4)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{x(a^2-b^2)^2(12a^2+b^2) - 2a^3(12a^4-29a^2b^2+20b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b} \\
 & \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{b(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((a^2*(4*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + (-(((6*a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d)) - (((a^2 - b^2)^2*(12*a^2 + b^2)*x)/b - (2*a^3*(12*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 20*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d))/b - (3*a*(4*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/b)/(b*(a^2 - b^2))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.469.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

$$3.469. \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 3526 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 -
d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m -
1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*
d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n +
1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))]*Sin[e + f*
*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 3528 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_
.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m +
n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*
d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a
*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m +
n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[
m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))
```

### 3.469.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\left(\left(-3ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(-3ab + \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + (12a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^3 \left(\frac{(6a^2 - ab - 10b^2)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{2(a-b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\left(-3ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \left(-3ab + \frac{1}{2}b^2\right)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} + (12a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^3 \left(\frac{(6a^2 - ab - 10b^2)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{2(a-b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{6xa^2}{b^5} + \frac{x}{2b^3} - \frac{ie^{2i(dx+c)}}{8b^3d} + \frac{3iae^{i(dx+c)}}{2b^4d} - \frac{3iae^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b^4d} + \frac{ie^{-2i(dx+c)}}{8b^3d} - \frac{ia^4(8b^3a^3e^{3i(dx+c)} - 11b^3ae^{3i(dx+c)} - 11b^3ae^{-3i(dx+c)} + 8b^3a^3e^{-3i(dx+c)})}{8b^3d}$

3.469.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(2/b^5*(((−3*a*b−1/2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+(−3*a*b+1/2*b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^2+1/2*(12*a^2+b^2)*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)))-2*a^3/b^5*((1/2*(6*a^2-a*b-10*b^2)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+1/2*(6*a^2+a*b-10*b^2)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2+1/2*(12*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+20*b^4)/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))))
```

### 3.469.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1161, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/4*(2*(12*a^8*b^2 - 35*a^6*b^4 + 33*a^4*b^6 - 9*a^2*b^8 - b^10)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*(12*a^9*b - 35*a^7*b^3 + 33*a^5*b^5 - 9*a^3*b^7 - a*b^9)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(12*a^10 - 35*a^8*b^2 + 33*a^6*b^4 - 9*a^4*b^6 - a^2*b^8)*d*x - (12*a^9 - 29*a^7*b^2 + 20*a^5*b^4 + (12*a^7*b^2 - 29*a^5*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(12*a^8*b - 29*a^6*b^3 + 20*a^4*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c))^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(12*a^9*b - 33*a^7*b^3 + 27*a^5*b^5 - 6*a^3*b^7 - (a^6*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^6 + 3*a^2*b^8 - b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4*(a^7*b^3 - 3*a^5*b^5 + 3*a^3*b^7 - a*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (18*a^8*b^2 - 50*a^6*b^4 + 43*a^4*b^6 - 11*a^2*b^8)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^7 - 3*a^4*b^9 + 3*a^2*b^11 - b^13)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b^6 - 3*a^5*b^8 + 3*a^3*b^10 - a*b^12)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8*b^5 - 3*a^6*b^7 + 3*a^4*b^9 - a^2*b^11)*d), 1/2*((12*a^8*b^2 - 35*a^6*b^4 + 33*a^4*b^6 - 9*a^2*b^8 - b^10)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(12*a^9*b - 35*a^7*b^3 + 33*a^5*b^5 - 9*a^3*b^7 - a*b^9)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + (12*a^10 - 35*a^8*b^2 + 33*a^6*b^4 - 9*a^4*b^6 - a^2*b^8)*d*x - (12*a^9 - 29*a^7*b^2 + 20*a^5*b^4 + (12*a^7*b^2 - 29*a^5*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(12*a^8*b - 29*a^6*b^3 + 20*a^4*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (12*a^9*b - 33*a^7*b^3 + 27*a^5*b...
```

**3.469.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.469.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.469.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1735 vs. 2(281) = 562.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1735, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

```

output -1/2*(((12*a^6 - 6*a^5*b - 23*a^4*b^2 + 10*a^3*b^3 + 10*a^2*b^4 - a*b^5 +
b^6)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9)*abs(-a + b) + (24*a^11
*b^4 - 12*a^10*b^5 - 100*a^9*b^6 + 47*a^8*b^7 + 158*a^7*b^8 - 68*a^6*b^9 -
111*a^5*b^10 + 42*a^4*b^11 + 28*a^3*b^12 - 8*a^2*b^13 + a*b^14 - b^15)*sq
rt(a^2 - b^2)*abs(-a + b))*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2) + arctan(2*ta
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/sqrt((4*a^5*b^4 - 8*a^3*b^6 + 4*a*b^8 + sqrt(-16*(a^5*b
^4 + a^4*b^5 - 2*a^3*b^6 - 2*a^2*b^7 + a*b^8 + b^9)*(a^5*b^4 - a^4*b^5 - 2
*a^3*b^6 + 2*a^2*b^7 + a*b^8 - b^9) + 16*(a^5*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^6 + a*b^8)^2))
/(a^5*b^4 - a^4*b^5 - 2*a^3*b^6 + 2*a^2*b^7 + a*b^8 - b^9))))/((a^4*b^5 -
2*a^2*b^7 + b^9)^2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) + (a^7*b^4 - 2*a^6*b^5 - a^5*b^6 +
4*a^4*b^7 - a^3*b^8 - 2*a^2*b^9 + a*b^10)*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9))
- (24*a^11*b^4 - 12*a^10*b^5 - 100*a^9*b^6 + 47*a^8*b^7 + 158*a^7*b^8 - 68
*a^6*b^9 - 111*a^5*b^10 + 42*a^4*b^11 + 28*a^3*b^12 - 8*a^2*b^13 + a*b^14
- b^15 - 12*a^6*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9) + 6*a^5*b*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a
^2*b^7 + b^9) + 23*a^4*b^2*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9) - 10*a^3*b^3*abs
(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9) - 10*a^2*b^4*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9) +
a*b^5*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9) - b^6*abs(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9))
*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2) + arctan(2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/sqrt((4
*a^5*b^4 - 8*a^3*b^6 + 4*a*b^8 - sqrt(-16*(a^5*b^4 + a^4*b^5 - 2*a^3*b^6 -
2*a^2*b^7 + a*b^8 + b^9)*(a^5*b^4 - a^4*b^5 - 2*a^3*b^6 + 2*a^2*b^7 + ...

```

### 3.469.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5962, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```

input int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)

```





### 3.470 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.470.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3603
3.470.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3603
3.470.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3604
3.470.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3608
3.470.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3608
3.470.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3609
3.470.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3610
3.470.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3610
3.470.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3611

#### 3.470.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{3ax}{b^4} + \frac{3a^2(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{5/2}b^4(a+b)^{5/2}d}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^3(a^2 - b^2)d} - \frac{a^2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^3(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-3*a*x/b^4+3*a^2*(2*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+4*b^4)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(5/2)/b^4/(a+b)^(5/2)/d+1/2*(3*a^2-2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d-1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+3/2*a^3*(a^2-2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.470.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6a(c+dx) - \frac{6a^2(2a^4-5a^2b^2+4b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} + 2b \sin(c+dx) - \frac{a^4 b \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a^5}{(a-b)^2}}{2b^4 d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(-6*a*(c + d*x) - (6*a^2*(2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{(a - b)*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]}{\text{Sqrt}[-a^2 + b^2]}])/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(5/2)} + 2*b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] - (a^4*b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2) + (a^3*b*(5*a^2 - 8*b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]))/(2*b^4*d)$

### 3.470.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2a^2-2b \cos(c+dx)a-(3a^2-2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2a^2-2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(2b^2-3a^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3510} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2)a^2+(3a^2-4b^2)(a^2-b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-b(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.470.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3b(a^2-2b^2)a^2+(3a^2-4b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-b(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a^2(a^2-2b^2)b^2+2a(a^2-b^2)^2\cos(c+dx)b)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3\int \frac{a^2(a^2-2b^2)b^2+2a(a^2-b^2)^2\cos(c+dx)b}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3\int \frac{a^2(a^2-2b^2)b^2+2a(a^2-b^2)^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{3\left(2ax(a^2-b^2)^2-a^2(2a^4-5a^2b^2+4b^4)\int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx\right)}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3\left(2ax(a^2-b^2)^2-a^2(2a^4-5a^2b^2+4b^4)\int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx\right)}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-2b^2)(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

---

3.470.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3138} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a^2(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} \right)}{2ax(a^2 - b^2)^2 - \frac{2a^2(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 4b^4)}{d}} - \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2)(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2a^2(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{2ax(a^2 - b^2)^2 - \frac{2a^2(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 4b^4)}{d}} - \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2)(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((-3*a^3*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((3*(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^2*x - (2*a^2*(2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/b - ((3*a^2 - 2*b^2)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.470.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.470.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3510 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(12*(a^7*b^2 - 3*a^5*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^6 - a*b^8)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 24*(a^8*b - 3*a^6*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^5 - a^2*b^7)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 12*(a^9 - 3*a^7*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^4 - a^3*b^6)*d*x + 3*(2*a^8 - 5*a^6*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^4 + (2*a^6*b^2 - 5*a^4*b^4 + 4*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(2*a^7*b - 5*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^3*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b))*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(6*a^8*b - 17*a^6*b^3 + 13*a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + 2*(a^6*b^3 - 3*a^4*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^7 - b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (9*a^7*b^2 - 25*a^5*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^6 - 4*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^6 - 3*a^4*b^8 + 3*a^2*b^10 - b^12)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b^5 - 3*a^5*b^7 + 3*a^3*b^9 - a*b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8*b^4 - 3*a^6*b^6 + 3*a^4*b^8 - a^2*b^10)*d), -1/2*(6*(a^7*b^2 - 3*a^5*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^6 - a*b^8)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 12*(a^8*b - 3*a^6*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^5 - a^2*b^7)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 6*(a^9 - 3*a^7*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^4 - a^3*b^6)*d*x - 3*(2*a^8 - 5*a^6*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^4 + (2*a^6*b^2 - 5*a^4*b^4 + 4*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(2*a^7*b - 5*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^3*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2))*sin(d*x + c))) - (6*a^8*b - 17*a^6*b^3 + 13*a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + 2*(a^6*b^3 - 3*a^4*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^7 - b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (9*a^7*b^2 - 25*a^5*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^6 - 4*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^6 - 3*a^4...`

### 3.470.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.470.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.470.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{3(2a^6 - 5a^4b^2 + 4a^2b^4) \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^4b^4 - 2a^2b^6 + b^8)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} - \frac{4a^6 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 5a^5b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -(3*(2*a^6 - 5*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^4)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(
-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sq
rt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^4*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^6 + b^8)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) - (4*a^6*tan
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*a^5*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 7*a^4*b^2*tan(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 8*a^3*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 4*a^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2
*c) + 5*a^5*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 7*a^4*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 8*a^
3*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^2) + 3*(d*x + c)*a/b^4 - 2*ta
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*b^3))/d
```

**3.470.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5350, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

```
output ((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(2*a*b^4 - 3*a^4*b + 6*a^5 - 2*b^5 + 4*a^2*b^3 - 12
*a^3*b^2))/((a*b^3 - b^4)*(a + b)^2) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^4 + 3*a^
4*b + 6*a^5 + 2*b^5 - 4*a^2*b^3 - 12*a^3*b^2))/((a + b)*(b^5 - 2*a*b^4 + a
^2*b^3)) + (2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(6*a^6 - 2*b^6 + 6*a^2*b^4 - 13*a^4*b^2
))/((b*(a*b^2 - b^3)*(a + b)^2*(a - b)))/(d*(2*a*b + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(
2*a*b + 3*a^2 - b^2) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) + a^2 + b^
2 - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(2*a*b - 3*a^2 + b^2))) - (6*a*atan(((3*a*((8*tan
(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(72*a^12 - 72*a^11*b + 36*a^2*b^10 - 72*a^3*b^9 + 36*a^4*b
^8 + 288*a^5*b^7 - 288*a^6*b^6 - 432*a^7*b^5 + 441*a^8*b^4 + 288*a^9*b^3 -
288*a^10*b^2)))/(a*b^12 + b^13 - 3*a^2*b^11 - 3*a^3*b^10 + 3*a^4*b^9 + 3*a
^5*b^8 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6) + (a*((24*(4*a*b^17 - 8*a^2*b^16 - 12*a^3*b^15
+ 26*a^4*b^14 + 14*a^5*b^13 - 32*a^6*b^12 - 8*a^7*b^11 + 18*a^8*b^10 + 2*
a^9*b^9 - 4*a^10*b^8)))/(a*b^15 + b^16 - 3*a^2*b^14 - 3*a^3*b^13 + 3*a^4*b^
12 + 3*a^5*b^11 - a^6*b^10 - a^7*b^9) - (a*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a*b^17 -
8*a^2*b^16 - 32*a^3*b^15 + 32*a^4*b^14 + 48*a^5*b^13 - 48*a^6*b^12 - 32*a^
7*b^11 + 32*a^8*b^10 + 8*a^9*b^9 - 8*a^10*b^8)*24i)/(b^4*(a*b^12 + b^13 -
3*a^2*b^11 - 3*a^3*b^10 + 3*a^4*b^9 + 3*a^5*b^8 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6))) * 3i)
/b^4)/b^4 + (3*a*((8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(72*a^12 - 72*a^11*b + 36*a^2*b^1
0 - 72*a^3*b^9 + 36*a^4*b^8 + 288*a^5*b^7 - 288*a^6*b^6 - 432*a^7*b^5 + 44
1*a^8*b^4 + 288*a^9*b^3 - 288*a^10*b^2)))/(a*b^12 + b^13 - 3*a^2*b^11 - ...
```

**3.471**  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.471.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3612  
 3.471.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3612  
 3.471.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3613  
 3.471.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3616  
 3.471.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3616  
 3.471.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 3617  
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**3.471.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{b^3} - \frac{a(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{5/2}b^3(a+b)^{5/2}d} - \frac{a^2 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a^2(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output x/b^3-a*(2*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+6*b^4)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(5/2)/b^3/(a+b)^(5/2)/d-1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/2*a^2*(2*a^2-5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.471.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2(c+dx) + \frac{2a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{a^2b(2a^3-5ab^2+3b(a^2-2b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}}{2b^3d}$$

---

3.471.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(2*(c + d*x) + (2*a*(2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(5/2) - (a^2*b*(2*a^3 - 5*a*b^2 + 3*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(2*b^3*d)$

### 3.471.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a^2 - 2b \cos(c + dx) a - 2(a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a^2 - 2b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a - 2(a^2 - b^2) \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} - \int \frac{2 \cos(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2)^2 + ab(a^2 - 4b^2)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.471.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\int \frac{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a^2-b^2)^2+ab(a^2-4b^2)}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
& \frac{a^2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\frac{2x(a^2-b^2)^2}{b} - \frac{a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4)}{b(a^2-b^2)} \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\frac{2x(a^2-b^2)^2}{b} - \frac{a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4)}{b(a^2-b^2)} \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
& \frac{a^2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\frac{2x(a^2-b^2)^2}{b} - \frac{2a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4)}{b(a^2-b^2)} \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{bd}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\frac{2x(a^2-b^2)^2}{b} - \frac{2a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b(a^2-b^2)}}{2b(a^2-b^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (((2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*x)/b - (2*a*(2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))) + (a^2*(2*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

## 3.471.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sine[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sine[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sine[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sine[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sine[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sine[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.471.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$2a \left( \frac{(2a^2-ab-6b^2)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (2a^2+ab-6b^2)ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right) \frac{d}{b^3}$
default	$2a \left( \frac{(2a^2-ab-6b^2)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (2a^2+ab-6b^2)ab \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(2a^4-5a^2b^2+6b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right) \frac{d}{b^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{b^3} - \frac{ia^2(4ba^3e^{3i(dx+c)} - 7b^3ae^{3i(dx+c)} + 6a^4e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9b^2a^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 6b^4e^{2i(dx+c)} + 8ba^3e^{i(dx+c)} - 17e^{i(dx+c)}b^3)}{b^3(a^2-b^2)^2d(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2*a/b^3*((1/2*(2*a^2-a*b-6*b^2)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^3+1/2*(2*a^2+a*b-6*b^2)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2+1/2*(2*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+6*b^4)/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))+2/b^3*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))`

### 3.471.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. 2(166) = 332.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 913, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{4(a^6b^2 - 3a^4b^4 + 3a^2b^6 - b^8)dx \cos(dx+c)^2 + 8(a^7b - 3a^5b^3 + 3a^3b^5 - ab^7)dx \cos(dx+c) + 4(a^8 - \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*(a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 4*(a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d*x - (2*a^7 - 5*a^5*b^2 + 6*a^3*b^4 + (2*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 + 6*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(2*a^6*b - 5*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(2*a^7*b - 7*a^5*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^5 + 3*(a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 2*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^5 - 3*a^4*b^7 + 3*a^2*b^9 - b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b^4 - 3*a^5*b^6 + 3*a^3*b^8 - a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8*b^3 - 3*a^6*b^5 + 3*a^4*b^7 - a^2*b^9)*d), 1/2*(2*(a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d*x - (2*a^7 - 5*a^5*b^2 + 6*a^3*b^4 + (2*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 + 6*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(2*a^6*b - 5*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (2*a^7*b - 7*a^5*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^5 + 3*(a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 2*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^5 - 3*a^4*b^7 + 3*a^2*b^9 - b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b^4 - 3*a^5*b^6 + 3*a^3*b^8 - a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8*b^3 - 3*a^6*b^5 + 3*a^4*b^7 - a^2*b^9)*d)]`

### 3.471.6 Sympy [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.471.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.471.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\frac{(2a^5 - 5a^3b^2 + 6ab^4) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^4b^3 - 2a^2b^5 + b^7)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} - \frac{2a^5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 3a^4b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output ((2*a^5 - 5*a^3*b^2 + 6*a*b^4)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a
+ 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^
2 - b^2)))/((a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*a^5*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*a^4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*a^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) +
3*a^4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 5*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 6*a^2*b^3
*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^4*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^2) + (d*x + c)/b^3)/d
```

**3.471.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5102, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output

```
(2*atan((((((8*(12*a*b^14 - 4*b^15 + 8*a^2*b^13 - 34*a^3*b^12 - 6*a^4*b^11
+ 36*a^5*b^10 + 4*a^6*b^9 - 18*a^7*b^8 - 2*a^8*b^7 + 4*a^9*b^6)))/(a*b^12
+ b^13 - 3*a^2*b^11 - 3*a^3*b^10 + 3*a^4*b^9 + 3*a^5*b^8 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b
^6) - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a*b^15 - 8*a^2*b^14 - 32*a^3*b^13 + 32*a^4*b
^12 + 48*a^5*b^11 - 48*a^6*b^10 - 32*a^7*b^9 + 32*a^8*b^8 + 8*a^9*b^7 - 8*a
^10*b^6)*8i)/(b^3*(a*b^10 + b^11 - 3*a^2*b^9 - 3*a^3*b^8 + 3*a^4*b^7 + 3*a
^5*b^6 - a^6*b^5 - a^7*b^4)))*1i)/b^3 + (8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^10 - 8*
a^9*b - 8*a*b^9 + 4*b^10 + 24*a^2*b^8 + 32*a^3*b^7 - 52*a^4*b^6 - 48*a^5*b
^5 + 57*a^6*b^4 + 32*a^7*b^3 - 32*a^8*b^2))/(a*b^10 + b^11 - 3*a^2*b^9 - 3
*a^3*b^8 + 3*a^4*b^7 + 3*a^5*b^6 - a^6*b^5 - a^7*b^4))/b^3 - (((((8*(12*a*b
^14 - 4*b^15 + 8*a^2*b^13 - 34*a^3*b^12 - 6*a^4*b^11 + 36*a^5*b^10 + 4*a^6
*b^9 - 18*a^7*b^8 - 2*a^8*b^7 + 4*a^9*b^6)))/(a*b^12 + b^13 - 3*a^2*b^11 -
3*a^3*b^10 + 3*a^4*b^9 + 3*a^5*b^8 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)
/2)*(8*a*b^15 - 8*a^2*b^14 - 32*a^3*b^13 + 32*a^4*b^12 + 48*a^5*b^11 - 48*
a^6*b^10 - 32*a^7*b^9 + 32*a^8*b^8 + 8*a^9*b^7 - 8*a^10*b^6)*8i)/(b^3*(a*b
^10 + b^11 - 3*a^2*b^9 - 3*a^3*b^8 + 3*a^4*b^7 + 3*a^5*b^6 - a^6*b^5 - a^7
*b^4)))*1i)/b^3 - (8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^10 - 8*a^9*b - 8*a*b^9 + 4*b
^10 + 24*a^2*b^8 + 32*a^3*b^7 - 52*a^4*b^6 - 48*a^5*b^5 + 57*a^6*b^4 + 32*a
^7*b^3 - 32*a^8*b^2))/(a*b^10 + b^11 - 3*a^2*b^9 - 3*a^3*b^8 + 3*a^4*b^7 +
3*a^5*b^6 - a^6*b^5 - a^7*b^4))/b^3)/((((((8*(12*a*b^14 - 4*b^15 + 8*a...
```

### 3.472 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.472.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}d} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a(a^2 - 4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output (a^2+2*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(5/2)
/(a+b)^(5/2)/d-1/2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/2*a*(
a^2-4*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.472.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2(a^2+2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{a(-3ab+(a^2-4b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$2d$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $((-2*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/((-a^2 + b^2)^(5/2) + (a*(-3*a*b + (a^2 - 4*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2))/(2*d)$

### 3.472.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3269, 3042, 3233, 25, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3269} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2ab + (a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2ab + (a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\ & \frac{\frac{a(a^2 - 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} - \int \frac{b(a^2 + 2b^2)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b(a^2 + 2b^2)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2 - 4b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.472.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{a(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 3138 \\
& \frac{2b(a^2+2b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{d(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{2b(a^2+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((2*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) + (a*(a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.472.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

---

3.472.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3269 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*(2*b*c*d - a*(c^2 + d^2)) + (a^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d*(m + 2) + b^2*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.472.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(a+4b)a\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(a-4b)a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)} + (a^2+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b\right)^2} + \frac{(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}{d}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(a+4b)a\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(a-4b)a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)} + (a^2+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b\right)^2} + \frac{(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}{d}$
risch	$\frac{ia(2ba^3e^{3i(dx+c)} - 5b^3ae^{3i(dx+c)} + 2a^4e^{2i(dx+c)} - 7b^2a^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 4b^4e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2ba^3e^{i(dx+c)} - 11e^{i(dx+c)}b^3a + a^2b^2 - b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2d(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)^2}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2d(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)^2}$

3.472.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(2*(-1/2*(a+4*b)*a/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+1/2*(a-4*b)*a/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2+(a^2+2*b^2)/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))`

### 3.472.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + (a^2b^2 + 2b^4)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(a^3b + 2ab^3)\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}\log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}(a\cos(dx+c)+b)\sin(dx+c)-a^2+2b^2}{(b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2a*b\cos(dx+c)+a^2)}\right) + 2*(3a^4*b - 3a^2*b^3 - (a^5 - 5a^3*b^2 + 4a*b^4)*\cos(dx+c))*\sin(dx+c)}{4((a^6b^2 - 3a^4b^4 + 3a^2b^6 - b^8)d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(a^7b^3 + 3a^5b^5 - a*b^7)*d\cos(dx+c) + (a^8 - 3a^6b^2 + 3a^4b^4 - a^2b^6)*d)}, \frac{1}{2}((a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + (a^2b^2 + 2b^4)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(a^3b + 2a*b^3)\cos(dx+c))*\sqrt{a^2-b^2}*\arctan\left(\frac{-(a\cos(dx+c)+b)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}*\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (3a^4*b - 3a^2*b^3 - (a^5 - 5a^3*b^2 + 4a*b^4)*\cos(dx+c))*\sin(dx+c)}{(a^6b^2 - 3a^4b^4 + 3a^2b^6 - b^8)*d\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3a^5*b^3 + 3a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d\cos(dx+c) + (a^8 - 3a^6*b^2 + 3a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d}]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[-1/4*((a^4 + 2*a^2*b^2 + (a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 2*(3*a^4*b - 3*a^2*b^3 - (a^5 - 5*a^3*b^2 + 4*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)]/(a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d), 1/2*((a^4 + 2*a^2*b^2 + (a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*a^4*b - 3*a^2*b^3 - (a^5 - 5*a^3*b^2 + 4*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)]/(a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d]`

**3.472.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.472.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.472.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) (a^2 + 2b^2)}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 3a^2b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 4ab^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + b^3}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.472.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



```
output -((pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*(a^2 + 2*b^2)/((a^
4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*a^
2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 4*a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - a^3*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 4*a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
)/((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c)^2 + a + b)^2))/d
```

### 3.472.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)(2a - 2b)(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)}{2\sqrt{a+b}(a-b)^{5/2}}\right)(a^2 + 2b^2)}{d(a+b)^{5/2}(a-b)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3(a^2 + 4ba)}{(a+b)^2(a-b)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)(4ab - a^2)}{(a+b)(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)}}{d\left(2ab + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2(2a^2 - 2b^2) + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4(a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + a^2 + b^2\right)}$$

```
input int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)
```

```
output (atan((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a - 2*b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2))/(2*(a + b)^(1/2)
)*(a - b)^(5/2)))*(a^2 + 2*b^2))/(d*(a + b)^(5/2)*(a - b)^(5/2)) - ((tan(c
/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(4*a*b + a^2))/((a + b)^2*(a - b)) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(
4*a*b - a^2))/((a + b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)))/(d*(2*a*b + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)
)^2*(2*a^2 - 2*b^2) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) + a^2 + b^2
))
```

### 3.473 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.473.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3627
3.473.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3627
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3.473.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3632
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#### 3.473.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{3ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}d} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{(a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -3*a*b*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(5/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/d+1/2*a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/2*(a^2+2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.473.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{6ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{(a(2a^2+b^2)+b(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{1}{2(a-b)^2(a+b)^2d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((6*a*b*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2] + ((a*(2*a^2 + b^2) + b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2)/(2*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*d)`

### 3.473.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3233, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2b-a\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2b-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3ab}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{a\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{3ab \int \frac{1}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.473.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{3ab \int \frac{1}{a+b\sin\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{6ab \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{6ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((6*a*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) - ((a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (2*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.473.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3233 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e +
f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(
m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.473.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left( -\frac{(2a^2+ab+2b^2) \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-ab+2b^2) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)} \right) - \frac{3ab \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4) \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{\left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a + b} \cdot \frac{1}{d}$
default	$\frac{2 \left( -\frac{(2a^2+ab+2b^2) \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-ab+2b^2) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)} \right) - \frac{3ab \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4) \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{\left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a + b} \cdot \frac{1}{d}$
risch	$\frac{i(3b^3 a e^{3i(dx+c)} + 2a^4 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 5b^2 a^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2b^4 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 4b a^3 e^{i(dx+c)} + 5e^{i(dx+c)} b^3 a + a^2 b^2 + 2b^4)}{b(a^2-b^2)^2 d (b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)^2} - \frac{3ab \ln(e^i)}{2\sqrt{a-b}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2*(-1/2*(2*a^2+a*b+2*b^2)/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3
-1/2*(2*a^2-a*b+2*b^2)/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2-3*a*b/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a
-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

**3.473.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs.  $2(121) = 242$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\begin{aligned} & 3(ab^3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2b^2\cos(dx+c) + a^3b)\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab\cos(dx+c)+(2a^2-b^2)\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}{b^2\cos(dx+c)^2+2ab\cos(dx+c)+a^2}\right) \\ & - 4((a^6b^2-3a^4b^4+3a^2b^6-b^8)d\cos(dx+c)^2+2(a^7b-3a^5b^3+3a^3b^5-ab^7)d\cos(dx+c) \\ & + (a^8-3a^6b^2+3a^4b^4-a^2b^6)d) \\ & - 3(ab^3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2a^2b^2\cos(dx+c) + a^3b)\sqrt{a^2-b^2} \arctan\left(-\frac{a\cos(dx+c)+b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sin(dx+c)}\right) - (2a^5-a^3b^2-ab^4) \\ & + (a^4b+a^2b^3-2b^5)\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c) \end{aligned}}{2((a^6b^2-3a^4b^4+3a^2b^6-b^8)d\cos(dx+c)^2+2(a^7b-3a^5b^3+3a^3b^5-ab^7)d\cos(dx+c)+(a^8-3a^6b^2+3a^4b^4-a^2b^6)d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[-1/4*(3*(a*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*b)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(2*a^5 - a^3*b^2 - a*b^4 + (a^4*b + a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d), -1/2*(3*(a*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*b)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (2*a^5 - a^3*b^2 - a*b^4 + (a^4*b + a^2*b^3 - 2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d)]`

**3.473.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.473.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

**3.473.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.473.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) ab}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{2a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - a^2b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + ab^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)} + \frac{d}{d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output (3*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))*a*b/((a^4 - 2*a^2
*b^2 + b^4)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - a^2*b*tan(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2
*c)^3 + 2*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + a^2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + a*b^2*ta
n(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*
(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^2))/d
```

**3.473.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^3(2a^2+ab+2b^2)}{(a+b)^2(a-b)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)(2a^2-ab+2b^2)}{(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)}}{d\left(2ab + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^2(2a^2-2b^2) + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)^4(a^2-2ab+b^2) + a^2+b^2\right)}$$

$$- \frac{3ab \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)(2a-2b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)}{2\sqrt{a+b}(a-b)^{5/2}}\right)}{d(a+b)^{5/2}(a-b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(a*b + 2*a^2 + 2*b^2))/((a + b)^2*(a - b)) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^2 - a*b + 2*b^2))/((a + b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)))/(d*(2*a*b + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(2*a^2 - 2*b^2) + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) + a^2 + b^2)) - (3*a*b*atan((tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a - 2*b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2))/(2*(a + b)^(1/2)*(a - b)^(5/2))))/(d*(a + b)^(5/2)*(a - b)^(5/2))`



### 3.474 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.474.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3634
3.474.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3634
3.474.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3635
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3.474.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3640

#### 3.474.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{(2a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a - b)^{5/2}(a + b)^{5/2}d} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{2(a^2 - b^2)d(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{3ab \sin(c + dx)}{2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

output  $(2*a^2+b^2)*\arctan((a-b)^{(1/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/(a-b)^{(5/2)}/(a+b)^{(5/2)}/d-1/2*b*\sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^2-3/2*a*b*\sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))$

#### 3.474.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{2(2a^2+b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b(-4a^2+b^2-3ab\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$2d$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3), x]`

output 
$$\frac{((-2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(5/2)} + (b*(-4*a^2 + b^2 - 3*a*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2)}{(2*d)}$$

### 3.474.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {3042, 3143, 25, 3042, 3233, 25, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3143} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{2a-b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{2a-b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{2a-b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{2a^2+b^2}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.474.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2+b^2}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3138 \\
& \frac{2(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{2(2a^2+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}}{2(a^2-b^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3), x]`

output `-1/2*(b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) - (3*a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*(a^2 - b^2))`

## 3.474.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3143 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*(n + 1) - b*(n + 2)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

### 3.474.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(4a+b)b \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(4a-b)b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4) \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{d}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(4a+b)b \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(4a-b)b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a^2-2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4) \sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{i(2a^2b e^{3i(dx+c)} + b^3 e^{3i(dx+c)} + 6a^3 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3a b^2 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 10a^2 b e^{i(dx+c)} - b^3 e^{i(dx+c)} + 3a b^2)}{(a^2-b^2)^2 d (b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)^2} - \frac{a^2 \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b}}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c))*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(2*(-1/2*(4*a+b)*b/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(4*a-b)*b/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2+(2*a^2+b^2)/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a-b)*(a+b))^2*(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))`

### 3.474.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. 2(120) = 240.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(2a^4 + a^2b^2 + (2a^2b^2 + b^4) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2(2a^3b + ab^3) \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \log\left(\frac{2ab \cos(dx+c) + (2a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}{(a-b) \cos(dx+c) + b}\right) + 2(a^7b - a^5b^3 + 3a^3b^5 - b^7) \cos(dx+c) + 2(a^7b - a^5b^3 + 3a^3b^5 - b^7) \cos(dx+c)}{4((a^6b^2 - 3a^4b^4 + 3a^2b^6 - b^8) d \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(a^7b - a^5b^3 + 3a^3b^5 - b^7) \cos(dx+c))} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((2*a^4 + a^2*b^2 + (2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 2*(2*a^3*b + a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 2*(4*a^4*b - 5*a^2*b^3 + b^5 + 3*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d), 1/2*((2*a^4 + a^2*b^2 + (2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 2*(2*a^3*b + a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (4*a^4*b - 5*a^2*b^3 + b^5 + 3*(a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6)*d)]`

### 3.474.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.474.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.474.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs.  $2(120) = 240$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan\left( -\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right) (2a^2 + b^2)}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{4a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 3ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - b^3}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)} \frac{1}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-\left(\pi \operatorname{floor}\left(\frac{1}{2}(dx + c)/\pi + \frac{1}{2}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(-2a + 2b) + \arctan\left(-\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right) \frac{(2a^2 + b^2)}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{(4a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 3a^2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 4a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 3a^2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right))}{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + a + b)^2} \frac{1}{d}$

**3.474.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (2a - 2b) (a^2 - 2ab + b^2)}{2\sqrt{a+b} (a-b)^{5/2}}\right) (2a^2 + b^2)}{d (a+b)^{5/2} (a-b)^{5/2}} + \frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (b^2 + 4ab)}{(a+b)^2 (a-b)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (4ab - b^2)}{(a+b) (a^2 - 2ab + b^2)}}{d \left(2ab + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 (2a^2 - 2b^2) + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 (a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + a^2 + b^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output  $(\text{atan}(\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a - 2*b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2))/(2*(a + b)^{(1/2)}*(a - b)^{(5/2)}))*(2*a^2 + b^2))/(d*(a + b)^{(5/2)}*(a - b)^{(5/2)}) - ((\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(4*a*b + b^2))/((a + b)^2*(a - b)) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a*b - b^2))/((a + b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)))/(d*(2*a*b + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(2*a^2 - 2*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) + a^2 + b^2))$



### 3.475 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.475.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{b(6a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^3(a-b)^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}d} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^3d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2a(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2a^2(a^2-b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -b*(6*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+2*b^4)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a-b)^(5/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/d+arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^3/d+1/2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/2*b^2*(5*a^2-2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

#### 3.475.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{2b(6a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} - 2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + 2 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2a(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2a^2(a^2-b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2a^3d}{2a^3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $((2*b*(6*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^{(5/2)} - 2*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + 2*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + (a*b^2*(6*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 + b*(5*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2)/(2*a^3*d)$

### 3.475.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab \cos(c+dx) + 2(a^2 - b^2)) \sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2(a^2 - b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(2(a^2 - b^2)^2 - ab(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(5a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} + \\ & \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.475.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^2 - ab(4a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3480} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b(6a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b(6a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3138} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b(6a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad}}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b(6a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
& \frac{\frac{b^2(5a^2-2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b(6a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a(a^2-b^2)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3, x]`

$$3.475. \quad \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

```
output (b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((-2*b*(6
*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b
]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]
)/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b^2*(5*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^
2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.475.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3480 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.475.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{a^3}}{d} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{-(6a^2 + ab - 2b^2)ab \tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2(a-b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{(6a^2 - ab - 2b^2)ab \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2(a+b)(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{(6a^4 - 5a^3b + 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3 + b^4)}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}{a^3}}{d} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{-(6a^2 + ab - 2b^2)ab \tan^3(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2(a-b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{(6a^2 - ab - 2b^2)ab \tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}{2(a+b)(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{(6a^4 - 5a^3b + 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3 + b^4)}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{ib(4ba^3e^{3i(dx+c)} - b^3ae^{3i(dx+c)} + 10a^4e^{2i(dx+c)} + b^2a^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 2b^4e^{2i(dx+c)} + 16ba^3e^{i(dx+c)} - 7e^{i(dx+c)}b^3a + 5a^2b^2 - 2ab^3)}{a^2d(a^2 - b^2)^2(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b)^2}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.475. \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output  $1/d*(-1/a^3*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+1/a^3*\ln(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-2*b/a^3*((-1/2*(6*a^2+a*b-2*b^2)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(6*a^2-a*b-2*b^2)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2+1/2*(6*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+2*b^4)/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*\arctan((a-b)*\tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))))$

### 3.475.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 536 vs.  $2(169) = 338$ .

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1142, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[-1/4*((6*a^6*b - 5*a^4*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^5 + (6*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 + 2*b^7)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(6*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 + 2*a*b^6)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*\log((2*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*(a*\cos(d*x + c) + b)*\sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6 + (a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6 + (a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(-\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(6*a^6*b^2 - 9*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 + (5*a^5*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^5 + 2*a*b^7)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c))/((a^9*b^2 - 3*a^7*b^4 + 3*a^5*b^6 - a^3*b^8)*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^10*b - 3*a^8*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^5 - a^4*b^7)*d*\cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 3*a^9*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^4 - a^5*b^6)*d), -1/2*((6*a^6*b - 5*a^4*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^5 + (6*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 + 2*b^7)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(6*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 + 2*a*b^6)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\arctan(-(a*\cos(d*x + c) + b)/(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}*\sin(d*x + c))) - (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6 + (a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*\cos(d*x + c))*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) + (a^8 - 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^4 - a^2*b^6 + (a^6*b^2 - 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^6 - b^8)*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^7*b - 3*a^...$

**3.475.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3, x)`

**3.475.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.475.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 344 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\frac{(6a^4b - 5a^2b^3 + 2b^5) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^7 - 2a^5b^2 + a^3b^4)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{6a^3b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 5a^2b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

---

3.475.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((6*a^4*b - 5*a^2*b^3 + 2*b^5)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/(a^7 - 2*a^5*b^2 + a^3*b^4)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (6*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*a^2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*a*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 5*a^2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 3*a*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^6 - 2*a^4*b^2 + a^2*b^4)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^2 + log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^3 - log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^3)/d`

### 3.475.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5090, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.97

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`



output

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left( \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(8(12a^{14}b - 4a^{15} + 4a^6b^9 - 2a^7b^8 - 18a^8b^7 + 4a^9b^6 + 36a^{10}b^5 - 6a^{11}b^4 - 34a^{12}b^3 + 8a^{13}b^2))}{(a^{12}b + a^{13} - a^6b^7 - a^7b^6 + 3a^8b^5 + 3a^9b^4 - 3a^{10}b^3 - 3a^{11}b^2)} - (8\tan(c/2 + (dx)/2)(8a^{15}b - 8a^6b^{10} + 8a^7b^9 + 32a^8b^8 - 32a^9b^7 - 48a^{10}b^6 + 48a^{11}b^5 + 32a^{12}b^4 - 32a^{13}b^3 - 8a^{14}b^2))}{(a^3(a^{10}b + a^{11} - a^4b^7 - a^5b^6 + 3a^6b^5 + 3a^7b^4 - 3a^8b^3 - 3a^9b^2))} \right) / a^3 - (8\tan(c/2 + (dx)/2)(4a^{10} - 8a^9b - 8a^8b^9 + 8b^{10} - 32a^2b^8 + 32a^3b^7 + 57a^4b^6 - 48a^5b^5 - 52a^6b^4 + 32a^7b^3 + 24a^8b^2)) / (a^{10}b + a^{11} - a^4b^7 - a^5b^6 + 3a^6b^5 + 3a^7b^4 - 3a^8b^3 - 3a^9b^2)) * i) / a^3 - \left( \frac{(8(12a^{14}b - 4a^{15} + 4a^6b^9 - 2a^7b^8 - 18a^8b^7 + 4a^9b^6 + 36a^{10}b^5 - 6a^{11}b^4 - 34a^{12}b^3 + 8a^{13}b^2))}{(a^{12}b + a^{13} - a^6b^7 - a^7b^6 + 3a^8b^5 + 3a^9b^4 - 3a^{10}b^3 - 3a^{11}b^2)} + (8\tan(c/2 + (dx)/2)(8a^{15}b - 8a^6b^{10} + 8a^7b^9 + 32a^8b^8 - 32a^9b^7 - 48a^{10}b^6 + 48a^{11}b^5 + 32a^{12}b^4 - 32a^{13}b^3 - 8a^{14}b^2))}{(a^3(a^{10}b + a^{11} - a^4b^7 - a^5b^6 + 3a^6b^5 + 3a^7b^4 - 3a^8b^3 - 3a^9b^2))} \right) / a^3 + (8\tan(c/2 + (dx)/2)(4a^{10} - 8a^9b - 8a^8b^9 + 8b^{10} - 32a^2b^8 + 32a^3b^7 + 57a^4b^6 - 48a^5b^5 - 52a^6b^4 + 32a^7b^3 + 24a^8b^2)) / (a^{10}b + a^{11} - a^4b^7 - a^5b^6 + 3a^6b^5 + 3a^7b^4 - 3a^8b^3 - 3a^9b^2)) * i) / a^3) / \left( \frac{(8(12a^{14}b - 4a^{15} + 4a^6b^9 - 2a^7b^8 - 18a^8b^7 + 4a^9b^6 + 36a^{10}b^5 - 6a^{11}b^4 - 34a^{12}b^3 + 8a^{13}b^2))}{(a^{12}b + a^{13} - a^6b^7 - a^7b^6 + 3a^8b^5 + 3a^9b^4 - 3a^{10}b^3 - 3a^{11}b^2)} + (8\tan(c/2 + (dx)/2)(8a^{15}b - 8a^6b^{10} + 8a^7b^9 + 32a^8b^8 - 32a^9b^7 - 48a^{10}b^6 + 48a^{11}b^5 + 32a^{12}b^4 - 32a^{13}b^3 - 8a^{14}b^2))}{(a^3(a^{10}b + a^{11} - a^4b^7 - a^5b^6 + 3a^6b^5 + 3a^7b^4 - 3a^8b^3 - 3a^9b^2))} \right) / a^3
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.476 $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.476.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{3b^2(4a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^4(a-b)^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}d} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^4d} + \frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2d} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 3*b^2*(4*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+2*b^4)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a-b)^(5/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/d-3*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d+1/2*(2*a^4-11*a^2*b^2+6*b^4)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/2*b^2*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+3/2*b^2*(2*a^2-b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.476.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{6b^2(4a^4-5a^2b^2+2b^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right) - 6b\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + 6b\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6b\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + 6b\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{2a^4d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output 
$$-1/2*((6*b^2*(4*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{(a-b)\operatorname{Tan}[(c+d*x)/2]}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}])/(-a^2+b^2)^{5/2} - 6*b*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[(c+d*x)/2] - \operatorname{Sin}[(c+d*x)/2]] + 6*b*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[(c+d*x)/2] + \operatorname{Sin}[(c+d*x)/2]] + (a*b^3*(8*a^3 - 5*a*b^2 + b*(7*a^2 - 4*b^2)*\operatorname{Cos}[c+d*x])*\operatorname{Sin}[c+d*x])/((a-b)^2*(a+b)^2*(a+b*\operatorname{Cos}[c+d*x])^2) - 2*a*\operatorname{Tan}[c+d*x])/(a^4*d)$$

### 3.476.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(2a^2-2b\cos(c+dx)a-3b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

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3.476.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - 3b^2 + 2b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(2a^4 - 11b^2a^2 - b(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + 6b^4 + 3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{b^2 \tan(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^4 - 11b^2a^2 - b(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 6b^4 + 3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{b^2 \tan(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3(2b(a^2 - b^2)^2 - ab^2(2a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{b^2 \tan(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - 3 \int \frac{(2b(a^2 - b^2)^2 - ab^2(2a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{b^2 \tan(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - 3 \int \frac{2b(a^2 - b^2)^2 - ab^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{b^2 \tan(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3480}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.476.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b^2(4a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2-b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b^2(4a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2-b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^2(4a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2-b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^2(4a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(2a^2-b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} +$$

$$\frac{\frac{3b^2(2a^2-b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{(2a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b^2(4a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

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3.476.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(b^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((3*b^2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((-3*((-2*b^2*(4*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (2*b*(a^2 - b^2)^2*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d))/a + ((2*a^4 - 11*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.476.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.476.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

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3.476.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$





output

```

[-1/4*(3*((4*a^4*b^4 - 5*a^2*b^6 + 2*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(4*a^5*b^3 -
5*a^3*b^5 + 2*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*a^6*b^2 - 5*a^4*b^4 + 2*a^2*b^6)*
cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos
(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 +
2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 6*((a^6*b^3 - 3
*a^4*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^7 - b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(a^7*b^2 - 3*a^5*b^4 + 3*a^
3*b^6 - a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^8*b - 3*a^6*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^5 - a^2*b^7)*
cos(d*x + c))*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 6*((a^6*b^3 - 3*a^4*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^7
- b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(a^7*b^2 - 3*a^5*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^6 - a*b^8)*cos(d*
x + c)^2 + (a^8*b - 3*a^6*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^5 - a^2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*log(-si
n(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(2*a^9 - 6*a^7*b^2 + 6*a^5*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^6 + (2*a^7*b^
2 - 13*a^5*b^4 + 17*a^3*b^6 - 6*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*a^8*b - 20*a^6*
b^3 + 25*a^4*b^5 - 9*a^2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^10*b^2 - 3*a
^8*b^4 + 3*a^6*b^6 - a^4*b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(a^11*b - 3*a^9*b^3 + 3
*a^7*b^5 - a^5*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^12 - 3*a^10*b^2 + 3*a^8*b^4 - a^
6*b^6)*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(3*((4*a^4*b^4 - 5*a^2*b^6 + 2*b^8)*cos(d*x +
c)^3 + 2*(4*a^5*b^3 - 5*a^3*b^5 + 2*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*a^6*b^2 - 5
*a^4*b^4 + 2*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c
) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*((a^6*b^3 - 3*a^4*b^5 + 3*a^2*b
^7 - b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(a^7*b^2 - 3*a^5*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^6 - a*b^8)*...

```

### 3.476.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3, x)`

**3.476.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.476.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{3(4a^4b^2 - 5a^2b^4 + 2b^6) \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^8 - 2a^6b^2 + a^4b^4)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{8a^3b^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 7a^2b^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -(3*(4*a^4*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^4 + 2*b^6)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(
-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sq
rt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^8 - 2*a^6*b^2 + a^4*b^4)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (8*a^3*b^3
*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 7*a^2*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 5*a*b^5*tan(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 4*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 8*a^3*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 7*a^2*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 5*a*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) -
4*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^7 - 2*a^5*b^2 + a^3*b^4)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^2) + 3*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c) + 1))/a^4 - 3*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^4 + 2*tan(1/
2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^3))/d
```

**3.476.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 22.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5347, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.05

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output

```
(b*atan((b*((8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(72*b^12 - 72*a*b^11 - 288*a^2*b^10 + 288*a^3*b^9 + 441*a^4*b^8 - 432*a^5*b^7 - 288*a^6*b^6 + 288*a^7*b^5 + 36*a^8*b^4 - 72*a^9*b^3 + 36*a^10*b^2)))/(a^12*b + a^13 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6 + 3*a^8*b^5 + 3*a^9*b^4 - 3*a^10*b^3 - 3*a^11*b^2) - (3*b*((24*(4*a^17*b - 4*a^8*b^10 + 2*a^9*b^9 + 18*a^10*b^8 - 8*a^11*b^7 - 32*a^12*b^6 + 14*a^13*b^5 + 26*a^14*b^4 - 12*a^15*b^3 - 8*a^16*b^2)))/(a^15*b + a^16 - a^9*b^7 - a^10*b^6 + 3*a^11*b^5 + 3*a^12*b^4 - 3*a^13*b^3 - 3*a^14*b^2) - (24*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^17*b - 8*a^8*b^10 + 8*a^9*b^9 + 32*a^10*b^8 - 32*a^11*b^7 - 48*a^12*b^6 + 48*a^13*b^5 + 32*a^14*b^4 - 32*a^15*b^3 - 8*a^16*b^2)))/(a^4*(a^12*b + a^13 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6 + 3*a^8*b^5 + 3*a^9*b^4 - 3*a^10*b^3 - 3*a^11*b^2))))/a^4)*3i)/a^4 + (b*((8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(72*b^12 - 72*a*b^11 - 288*a^2*b^10 + 288*a^3*b^9 + 441*a^4*b^8 - 432*a^5*b^7 - 288*a^6*b^6 + 288*a^7*b^5 + 36*a^8*b^4 - 72*a^9*b^3 + 36*a^10*b^2)))/(a^12*b + a^13 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6 + 3*a^8*b^5 + 3*a^9*b^4 - 3*a^10*b^3 - 3*a^11*b^2) + (3*b*((24*(4*a^17*b - 4*a^8*b^10 + 2*a^9*b^9 + 18*a^10*b^8 - 8*a^11*b^7 - 32*a^12*b^6 + 14*a^13*b^5 + 26*a^14*b^4 - 12*a^15*b^3 - 8*a^16*b^2)))/(a^15*b + a^16 - a^9*b^7 - a^10*b^6 + 3*a^11*b^5 + 3*a^12*b^4 - 3*a^13*b^3 - 3*a^14*b^2) + (24*b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^17*b - 8*a^8*b^10 + 8*a^9*b^9 + 32*a^10*b^8 - 32*a^11*b^7 - 48*a^12*b^6 + 48*a^13*b^5 + 32*a^14*b^4 - 32*a^15*b^3 - 8*a^16*b^2)))/(a^4*(a^12*b + a^13 - a^6*b^7 - a^7*b^6 + 3*a^8*b...
```

### 3.477 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.477.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 305

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^3(20a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^5(a-b)^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}d} + \frac{(a^2 + 12b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2a^5d} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^4(a^2 - b^2)^2d} + \frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2d} + \frac{b^2 \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2) \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -b^3*(20*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+12*b^4)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^5/(a-b)^(5/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/d+1/2*(a^2+12*b^2)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^5/d-3/2*b*(2*a^4-7*a^2*b^2+4*b^4)*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/2*(a^4-10*a^2*b^2+6*b^4)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/2*b^2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/2*b^2*(7*a^2-4*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

## 3.477.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{b^3(20a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^5(a^2-b^2)^2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}d} + \frac{(-a^2-12b^2)\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))}{2a^5d} + \frac{(a^2+12b^2)\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))}{2a^5d} + \frac{1}{4a^3d(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))^2} - \frac{3b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a^4d(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))} - \frac{1}{4a^3d(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))^2} - \frac{3b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a^4d(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+\sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))} + \frac{b^4\sin(c+dx)}{2a^3(a-b)(a+b)d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3(3a^2b^4\sin(c+dx)-2b^6\sin(c+dx))}{2a^4(a-b)^2(a+b)^2d(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

```
output (b^3*(20*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 12*b^4)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]]/(a^5*(a^2 - b^2)^2*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d) + ((-a^2 - 12*b^2)*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]/(2*a^5*d) + ((a^2 + 12*b^2)*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]/(2*a^5*d) + 1/(4*a^3*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2) - (3*b*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(a^4*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) - 1/(4*a^3*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])^2) - (3*b*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(a^4*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) + (b^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a^3*(a - b)*(a + b)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (3*(3*a^2*b^4*Sin[c + d*x] - 2*b^6*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*a^4*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))
```

**3.477.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab \cos(c+dx) + 2(a^2 - 2b^2)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2(a^2 - 2b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(2b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - ab(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2(a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 6b^4)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - ab(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2(a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 6b^4)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.477.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{2(-b(a^4-10b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-a(a^4+4b^2a^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)+3b(2a^4-7b^2a^2+4b^4))\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+6b^4)\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{ad}}{2a} + \frac{b^2}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+6b^4)\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(-b(a^4-10b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-a(a^4+4b^2a^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)+3b(2a^4-7b^2a^2+4b^4))\sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{a} + \frac{b^2(7a^2-4b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+6b^4)\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-b(a^4-10b^2a^2+6b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a(a^4+4b^2a^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3b(2a^4-7b^2a^2+4b^4)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{a} + \frac{b^2(7a^2-4b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+6b^4)\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int -\frac{((a^2+12b^2)(a^2-b^2)^2+ab(a^4-10b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{3b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\tan(c+dx)}{ad}}{a} + \frac{b^2}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+6b^4)\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{((a^2+12b^2)(a^2-b^2)^2+ab(a^4-10b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{a} + \frac{b^2(7a^2-4b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.477.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^2 + 12b^2)(a^2 - b^2)^2 + ab(a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} b^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)$$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{\frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b^3(20a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} b^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b^3(20a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx)} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} b^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{\frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^3(20a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \int \frac{(a-b) \tan^2(c+dx)}{ad} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} b^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^3(20a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}}{a+b}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} b^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)$$

↓ 4257

---

3.477.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{\frac{b^2(7a^2 - 4b^2) \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} + \frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{3b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2(a^2 + 12b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{ad}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(b^2*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((b^2*(7*a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])) + (((a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d) - ((((-2*b^3*(20*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 12*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + ((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a^2 + 12*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d))/a) + (3*b*(2*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/a)/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.477.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.477.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{2a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} - \frac{-a-6b}{2a^4 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} + \frac{(-a^2-12b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a^5} - \frac{2b^3 \left( \frac{(10a^2+ab-6b^2)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{((\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^{a-b} (\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)))}{(a-b)} \right)}{2b^3}$
default	$\frac{1}{2a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} - \frac{-a-6b}{2a^4 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} + \frac{(-a^2-12b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2a^5} - \frac{2b^3 \left( \frac{(10a^2+ab-6b^2)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{((\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^{a-b} (\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)))}{(a-b)} \right)}{2b^3}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/2/a^3/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)^2-1/2*(-a-6*b)/a^4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+1/2/a^5*(-a^2-12*b^2)*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-2*b^3/a^5*((-1/2*(10*a^2+a*b-6*b^2)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(10*a^2-a*b-6*b^2)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^2+1/2*(20*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+12*b^4)/(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))-1/2/a^3/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)^2-1/2*(-a-6*b)/a^4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)+1/2*(a^2+12*b^2)/a^5*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1))`

### 3.477.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs. 2(286) = 572.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1524, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/4*((20*a^4*b^5 - 29*a^2*b^7 + 12*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(20*a^5*b^4
- 29*a^3*b^6 + 12*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (20*a^6*b^3 - 29*a^4*b^5 + 12*a^
2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 -
b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c
) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - ((a^8*
b^2 + 9*a^6*b^4 - 33*a^4*b^6 + 35*a^2*b^8 - 12*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(a
^9*b + 9*a^7*b^3 - 33*a^5*b^5 + 35*a^3*b^7 - 12*a*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a
^10 + 9*a^8*b^2 - 33*a^6*b^4 + 35*a^4*b^6 - 12*a^2*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*lo
g(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + ((a^8*b^2 + 9*a^6*b^4 - 33*a^4*b^6 + 35*a^2*b^8 - 12
*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(a^9*b + 9*a^7*b^3 - 33*a^5*b^5 + 35*a^3*b^7 - 1
2*a*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^10 + 9*a^8*b^2 - 33*a^6*b^4 + 35*a^4*b^6 - 12
*a^2*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(a^10 - 3*a^8*b^2 + 3
*a^6*b^4 - a^4*b^6 - 3*(2*a^7*b^3 - 9*a^5*b^5 + 11*a^3*b^7 - 4*a*b^9)*cos(
d*x + c)^3 - (11*a^8*b^2 - 43*a^6*b^4 + 50*a^4*b^6 - 18*a^2*b^8)*cos(d*x +
c)^2 - 4*(a^9*b - 3*a^7*b^3 + 3*a^5*b^5 - a^3*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/((a^11*b^2 - 3*a^9*b^4 + 3*a^7*b^6 - a^5*b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(
a^12*b - 3*a^10*b^3 + 3*a^8*b^5 - a^6*b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^13 - 3*a^
11*b^2 + 3*a^9*b^4 - a^7*b^6)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), -1/4*(2*((20*a^4*b^5 - 29
*a^2*b^7 + 12*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(20*a^5*b^4 - 29*a^3*b^6 + 12*a*b^8)
*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (20*a^6*b^3 - 29*a^4*b^5 + 12*a^2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2...

```

### 3.477.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3, x)`

**3.477.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

**3.477.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 801 vs.  $2(286) = 572$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 801, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(2*(20*a^4*b^3 - 29*a^2*b^5 + 12*b^7)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/(a^9 - 2*a^7*b^2 + a^5*b^4)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + 2*(a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 4*a^6*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 13*a^5*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 2*a^4*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 33*a^3*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 17*a^2*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 18*a*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 12*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 3*a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 4*a^6*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 5*a^5*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 26*a^4*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 29*a^3*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 67*a^2*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*a*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 36*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 4*a^6*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 5*a^5*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 26*a^4*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 29*a^3*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 67*a^2*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 18*a*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 36*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 4*a^6*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 13*a^5*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*a^4*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 33*a^3*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 17*a^2*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 18*a*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 12*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^8 - 2*a^6*b^2 + a^4*b^4)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - a - b)^2) + (a^2 + 12*b^2)*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^5 - (a^2...$

### 3.477.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5910, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.38

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output  $((\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(18*a*b^6 - 4*a^6*b + 3*a^7 + 36*b^7 - 67*a^2*b^5 - 29*a^3*b^4 + 26*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^5*b^2))/((a + b)^2*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(18*a*b^6 + 4*a^6*b + 3*a^7 - 36*b^7 + 67*a^2*b^5 - 29*a^3*b^4 - 26*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^5*b^2))/((a + b)^2*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)) - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^7*(6*a*b^5 + 5*a^5*b + a^6 - 12*b^6 + 23*a^2*b^4 - 10*a^3*b^3 - 8*a^4*b^2))/((a^4*b - a^5)*(a + b)^2) - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a*b^5 + 5*a^5*b - a^6 + 12*b^6 - 23*a^2*b^4 - 10*a^3*b^3 + 8*a^4*b^2))/((a + b)*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)))/((d*(2*a*b - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(2*a^2 - 6*b^2) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(4*a*b + 4*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(4*a*b - 4*b^2) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) + a^2 + b^2)) - (\operatorname{atan}(((a^2 + 12*b^2)*((8*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^{14} - 2*a^{13}*b - 288*a*b^{13} + 288*b^{14} - 1104*a^2*b^{12} + 1104*a^3*b^{11} + 1538*a^4*b^{10} - 1538*a^5*b^9 - 827*a^6*b^8 + 872*a^7*b^7 + 18*a^8*b^6 - 108*a^9*b^5 + 74*a^{10}*b^4 - 40*a^{11}*b^3 + 21*a^{12}*b^2)))/(a^{14}*b + a^{15} - a^8*b^7 - a^9*b^6 + 3*a^{10}*b^5 + 3*a^{11}*b^4 - 3*a^{12}*b^3 - 3*a^{13}*b^2) - ((a^2 + 12*b^2)*((4*(4*a^{21} - 48*a^{10}*b^{11} + 24*a^{11}*b^{10} + 212*a^{12}*b^9 - 100*a^{13}*b^8 - 360*a^{14}*b^7 + 164*a^{15}*b^6 + 276*a^{16}*b^5 - 120*a^{17}*b^4 - 80*a^{18}*b^3 + 28*a^{19}*b^2)))/(a^{18}*b + a^{19} - a^{12}*b^7 - a^{13}*b^6 + 3*a^{14}*b^5 + 3*a^{15}*b^4 - 3*a^{16}*b^3 - 3*a^{17}*b^2) - (4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^2 + 12*b^2)*(8*a^{19}*b - 8*a^{10}*b^{10} + 8*a^{11}*b^9 + 32*a^{12}*b^8 - 32*a^{13}*b^7 - 48*a^{14}*b^6 + 48*a...$

**3.478**      $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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**3.478.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{4ax}{b^5} + \frac{a^2(8a^6 - 28a^4b^2 + 35a^2b^4 - 20b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{7/2}b^5(a+b)^{7/2}d} + \frac{(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{6b^4(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} - \frac{a^2 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 9b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{6b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^4(a^2 - b^2)^3 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-4*a*x/b^5+a^2*(8*a^6-28*a^4*b^2+35*a^2*b^4-20*b^6)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(7/2)/b^5/(a+b)^(7/2)/d+1/6*(12*a^4-23*a^2*b^2+6*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3-1/6*a^2*(4*a^2-9*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/2*a^3*(4*a^4-11*a^2*b^2+12*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```



### 3.478.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{-24a(c+dx) + \frac{6a^2(8a^6-28a^4b^2+35a^2b^4-20b^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} + 6b\sin(c+dx) + \frac{2a^5b\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{6b^5d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(-24*a*(c + d*x) + (6*a^2*(8*a^6 - 28*a^4*b^2 + 35*a^2*b^4 - 20*b^6)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(7/2) + 6*b*Sin[c + d*x] + (2*a^5*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + (5*a^4*b*(-2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (a^3*b*(26*a^4 - 71*a^2*b^2 + 60*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(6*b^5*d)`

### 3.478.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3526, 25, 3042, 3510, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-(4a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.478.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (3a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(3b^2-4a^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3526

$$\frac{a^2(4a^2-9b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(c+dx)(2(4a^2-9b^2)a^2-2b(a^2-6b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-(12a^4-23b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2(4a^2-9b^2)a^2-2b(a^2-6b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-(12a^4-23b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx + \frac{a^2(4a^2-9b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(2(4a^2-9b^2)a^2-2b(a^2-6b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(-12a^4+23b^2a^2-6b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx + \frac{a^2(4a^2-9b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3510

$$\int \frac{3b(4a^4-11b^2a^2+12b^4)a^2+(12a^6-37b^2a^4+43b^4a^2-18b^6)\cos(c+dx)a-b(a^2-b^2)(12a^4-23b^2a^2+6b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{3a^3(4a^4-11a^2b^2+12b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.478.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3b(4a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 12b^4)a^2 + (12a^6 - 37b^2a^4 + 43b^4a^2 - 18b^6) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a - b(a^2 - b^2)(12a^4 - 23b^2a^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\frac{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}} = \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 9b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(8ab \cos(c+dx)(a^2 - b^2)^3 + a^2b^2(4a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 12b^4))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{\frac{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 9b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{8ab \cos(c+dx)(a^2 - b^2)^3 + a^2b^2(4a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 12b^4)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{\frac{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 9b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a^2 - b^2)^3 + a^2b^2(4a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 12b^4)}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\frac{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 9b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{3(8ax(a^2 - b^2)^3 - a^2(8a^6 - 28a^4b^2 + 35a^2b^4 - 20b^6) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx)}{\frac{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{a^2(4a^2 - 9b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

3.478.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3 \left( 8ax(a^2-b^2)^3 - a^2(8a^6 - 28a^4b^2 + 35a^2b^4 - 20b^6) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right)}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{3 \left( 8ax(a^2-b^2)^3 - \frac{2a^2(8a^6 - 28a^4b^2 + 35a^2b^4 - 20b^6) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{3a^3(4a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 12b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{3 \left( 8ax(a^2-b^2)^3 - \frac{2a^2(8a^6 - 28a^4b^2 + 35a^2b^4 - 20b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)(12a^4 - 23a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2(4a^2-9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((a^2*(4*a^2 - 9*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-3*a^3*(4*a^4 - 11*a^2*b^2 + 12*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((3*(8*a*(a^2 - b^2)^3*x - (2*a^2*(8*a^6 - 28*a^4*b^2 + 35*a^2*b^4 - 20*b^6)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/b - ((a^2 - b^2)*(12*a^4 - 23*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

---

3.478.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

## 3.478.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3510 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3526 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n + 1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(d*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2) - C*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.478.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
derivativedivides	$2a^2 \left( \frac{(6a^4 - 2a^3b - 18a^2b^2 + 5ab^3 + 20b^4)ab \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} + \frac{2(9a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 30b^4)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(6a^4 + 2a^3b - 18a^2b^2 - 5ab^3 + 20b^4)ab \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a+b)(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)} \right) \frac{1}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^{a-b} \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b\right)^3} b^5$
default	$2a^2 \left( \frac{(6a^4 - 2a^3b - 18a^2b^2 + 5ab^3 + 20b^4)ab \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} + \frac{2(9a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 30b^4)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(6a^4 + 2a^3b - 18a^2b^2 - 5ab^3 + 20b^4)ab \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a+b)(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)} \right) \frac{1}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^{a-b} \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b\right)^3} b^5$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(2*a^2/b^5*((1/2*(6*a^4-2*a^3*b-18*a^2*b^2+5*a*b^3+20*b^4)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3))*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+2/3*(9*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+30*b^4)*a*b/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+1/2*(6*a^4+2*a^3*b-18*a^2*b^2-5*a*b^3+20*b^4)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2-b^3))*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^3+1/2*(8*a^6-28*a^4*b^2+35*a^2*b^4-20*b^6)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))-2/b^5*(-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)+4*a*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))))
```

### 3.478.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 762 vs. 2(290) = 580.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1593, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.19

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/12*(48*(a^9*b^3 - 4*a^7*b^5 + 6*a^5*b^7 - 4*a^3*b^9 + a*b^11)*d*x*cos(
d*x + c)^3 + 144*(a^10*b^2 - 4*a^8*b^4 + 6*a^6*b^6 - 4*a^4*b^8 + a^2*b^10)
*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 144*(a^11*b - 4*a^9*b^3 + 6*a^7*b^5 - 4*a^5*b^7 + a^
3*b^9)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 48*(a^12 - 4*a^10*b^2 + 6*a^8*b^4 - 4*a^6*b^6 +
a^4*b^8)*d*x + 3*(8*a^11 - 28*a^9*b^2 + 35*a^7*b^4 - 20*a^5*b^6 + (8*a^8*b
^3 - 28*a^6*b^5 + 35*a^4*b^7 - 20*a^2*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(8*a^9*b^2 -
28*a^7*b^4 + 35*a^5*b^6 - 20*a^3*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(8*a^10*b - 28*a
^8*b^3 + 35*a^6*b^5 - 20*a^4*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*
b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(
d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(
d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(24*a^11*b - 92*a^9*b^3 + 133*a^7*b^5 - 71*a^5*b^7 +
6*a^3*b^9 + 6*(a^8*b^4 - 4*a^6*b^6 + 6*a^4*b^8 - 4*a^2*b^10 + b^12)*cos(d*
x + c)^3 + (44*a^9*b^3 - 169*a^7*b^5 + 239*a^5*b^7 - 132*a^3*b^9 + 18*a*b^
11)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(20*a^10*b^2 - 77*a^8*b^4 + 110*a^6*b^6 - 59*a^4*b^
8 + 6*a^2*b^10)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^8 - 4*a^6*b^10 + 6*a^4
*b^12 - 4*a^2*b^14 + b^16)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^7 - 4*a^7*b^9 + 6*a
^5*b^11 - 4*a^3*b^13 + a*b^15)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b^6 - 4*a^8*b^8
+ 6*a^6*b^10 - 4*a^4*b^12 + a^2*b^14)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11*b^5 - 4*a^9*b
^7 + 6*a^7*b^9 - 4*a^5*b^11 + a^3*b^13)*d), -1/6*(24*(a^9*b^3 - 4*a^7*b^5
+ 6*a^5*b^7 - 4*a^3*b^9 + a*b^11)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 72*(a^10*b^2 - 4...

```

### 3.478.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.478.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4\*b^2-4\*a^2>0)', see `assume?` for more de

**3.478.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{3(8a^8 - 28a^6b^2 + 35a^4b^4 - 20a^2b^6) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^6b^5 - 3a^4b^7 + 3a^2b^9 - b^{11})\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} - \frac{18a^9 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/3*(3*(8*a^8 - 28*a^6*b^2 + 35*a^4*b^4 - 20*a^2*b^6)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x
+ c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^6*b^5 - 3*a^4*b^7 + 3*a^2*b^9 - b^1
1)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) - (18*a^9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 42*a^8*b*tan(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^5 - 24*a^7*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 117*a^6*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^5 - 24*a^5*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 105*a^4*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^5 + 60*a^3*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 36*a^9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^3 - 152*a^7*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 236*a^5*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^3 - 120*a^3*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 18*a^9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) +
42*a^8*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 24*a^7*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 117*a^6*
b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 24*a^5*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 105*a^4*b^5*t
an(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 60*a^3*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^6*b^4 - 3*a^4*b
^6 + 3*a^2*b^8 - b^10)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 + a + b)^3) + 12*(d*x + c)*a/b^5 - 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*b^4))/d

```

### 3.478.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 24.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7494, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& - ((\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(12*a^7*b - 72*a^8 - 18*b^8 + 72*a^2*b^6 + 60*a^3 \\
& *b^5 - 273*a^4*b^4 - 47*a^5*b^3 + 236*a^6*b^2))/(3*b^4*(a + b)^2*(a - b)^3 \\
& ) - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(12*a^7*b + 72*a^8 + 18*b^8 - 72*a^2*b^6 + 60*a^ \\
& 3*b^5 + 273*a^4*b^4 - 47*a^5*b^3 - 236*a^6*b^2))/(3*b^4*(a + b)^3*(a - b)^ \\
& 2) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^6 - 4*a^6*b - 8*a^7 + 2*b^7 - 6*a^2*b^5 - \\
& 26*a^3*b^4 + 11*a^4*b^3 + 24*a^5*b^2))/(b^4*(a + b)*(a - b)^3) + (\tan(c/2 \\
& + (d*x)/2)^7*(2*a*b^6 + 4*a^6*b - 8*a^7 - 2*b^7 + 6*a^2*b^5 - 26*a^3*b^4 - \\
& 11*a^4*b^3 + 24*a^5*b^2))/(b^4*(a + b)^3*(a - b)))/(d*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b \\
& - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(6*a*b^2 - 6*a^3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(6*a^2*b + \\
& 4*a^3 - 2*b^3) + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(4*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 2*b^3) + a^3 + b \\
& ^3 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^8*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3))) - (8*a*atan((( \\
& 4*a*((8*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(128*a^16 - 128*a^15*b + 64*a^2*b^14 - 128*a^3* \\
& b^13 + 80*a^4*b^12 + 768*a^5*b^11 - 824*a^6*b^10 - 1920*a^7*b^9 + 2025*a^8 \\
& *b^8 + 2560*a^9*b^7 - 2600*a^10*b^6 - 1920*a^11*b^5 + 1920*a^12*b^4 + 768* \\
& a^13*b^3 - 768*a^14*b^2)))/(a*b^18 + b^19 - 5*a^2*b^17 - 5*a^3*b^16 + 10*a^ \\
& 4*b^15 + 10*a^5*b^14 - 10*a^6*b^13 - 10*a^7*b^12 + 5*a^8*b^11 + 5*a^9*b^10 \\
& - a^10*b^9 - a^11*b^8) + (a*((16*(8*a*b^23 - 20*a^2*b^22 - 36*a^3*b^21 + \\
& 95*a^4*b^20 + 73*a^5*b^19 - 193*a^6*b^18 - 87*a^7*b^17 + 217*a^8*b^16 + 63 \\
& *a^9*b^15 - 143*a^10*b^14 - 25*a^11*b^13 + 52*a^12*b^12 + 4*a^13*b^11 - 8* \\
& a^14*b^10)))/(a*b^22 + b^23 - 5*a^2*b^21 - 5*a^3*b^20 + 10*a^4*b^19 + 10...
\end{aligned}$$

**3.479**       $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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**3.479.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{x}{b^4} - \frac{a(2a^6 - 7a^4b^2 + 8a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{7/2}b^4(a+b)^{7/2}d}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a^3(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{6b^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$- \frac{a^2(9a^4 - 28a^2b^2 + 34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{6b^3(a^2 - b^2)^3 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output x/b^4-a*(2*a^6-7*a^4*b^2+8*a^2*b^4-8*b^6)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(7/2)/b^4/(a+b)^(7/2)/d-1/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/6*a^3*(3*a^2-8*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/6*a^2*(9*a^4-28*a^2*b^2+34*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.479.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(c+dx) - \frac{6a(2a^6-7a^4b^2+8a^2b^4-8b^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{2a^4b\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{a^3b(7a^2-12b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}}{6b^4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(6*(c + d*x) - (6*a*(2*a^6 - 7*a^4*b^2 + 8*a^2*b^4 - 8*b^6)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(7/2) - (2*a^4*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + (a^3*b*(7*a^2 - 12*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (a^2*b*(-11*a^4 + 32*a^2*b^2 - 36*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(6*b^4*d)`

### 3.479.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3510, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin^4\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(2a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-3(a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.479.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \left(2a^2-3b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-3(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2\right)}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx & - & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow 3510 \\
& \int \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2)a^2+(3a^4-10b^2a^2+12b^4) \cos(c+dx)a-6b(a^2-b^2)^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx & - & \frac{a^3(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2)a^2+(3a^4-10b^2a^2+12b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-6b(a^2-b^2)^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx & - & \frac{a^3(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& \frac{a^2(9a^4-28a^2b^2+34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \int \frac{3 \left(2b \cos(c+dx)(a^2-b^2)^3+ab^2(a^4-2b^2a^2+6b^4)\right)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx & - & \frac{a^3(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{a^2(9a^4-28a^2b^2+34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - 3 \int \frac{2b \cos(c+dx)(a^2-b^2)^3+ab^2(a^4-2b^2a^2+6b^4)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx & - & \frac{a^3(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{a^2(9a^4-28a^2b^2+34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - 3 \int \frac{2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a^2-b^2)^3+ab^2(a^4-2b^2a^2+6b^4)}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx & - & \frac{a^3(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow 3214
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.479.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(9a^4 - 28a^2b^2 + 34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( 2x(a^2 - b^2)^3 - a(2a^6 - 7a^4b^2 + 8a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c+dx)} dx \right)}{2b^2(a^2 - b^2)}}{\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{a^3(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(9a^4 - 28a^2b^2 + 34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( 2x(a^2 - b^2)^3 - a(2a^6 - 7a^4b^2 + 8a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{a + b \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right)}{2b^2(a^2 - b^2)}}{\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{a^3(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(9a^4 - 28a^2b^2 + 34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( 2x(a^2 - b^2)^3 - \frac{2a(2a^6 - 7a^4b^2 + 8a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a+b}}{d} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \right)}{2b^2(a^2 - b^2)}}{\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{a^3(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(9a^4 - 28a^2b^2 + 34b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( 2x(a^2 - b^2)^3 - \frac{2a(2a^6 - 7a^4b^2 + 8a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{2b^2(a^2 - b^2)}}{\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{a^3(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

3.479.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

```
output -1/3*(a^2*cos[c + d*x]^2*sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3) - (-1/2*(a^3*(3*a^2 - 8*b^2)*sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((-3*(2*(a^2 - b^2)^3*x - (2*a*(2*a^6 - 7*a^4*b^2 + 8*a^2*b^4 - 8*b^6))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d)))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)) + (a^2*(9*a^4 - 28*a^2*b^2 + 34*b^4)*sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x]))/(2*b^2*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.479.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3138 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3214 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```



rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3510 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m + 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.479.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^4} - \frac{2a \left( \frac{(2a^4 - a^3b - 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + 12b^4)ab \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} + \frac{2(3a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 18b^4)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(2a^4 - a^3b - 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + 12b^4)ab \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{((\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^{a-b} (\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a + b)^3)} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^4} - \frac{2a \left( \frac{(2a^4 - a^3b - 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + 12b^4)ab \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} + \frac{2(3a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 18b^4)ab \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(2a^4 - a^3b - 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + 12b^4)ab \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{((\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))^{a-b} (\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a + b)^3)} \right)}{d}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(2/b^4*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))-2*a/b^4*((1/2*(2*a^4-a^3*b-6*a^2*b^2+4*a*b^3+12*b^4)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5+2/3*(3*a^4-11*a^2*b^2+18*b^4)*a*b/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+1/2*(2*a^4+a^3*b-6*a^2*b^2-4*a*b^3+12*b^4)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2-b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^3+1/2*(2*a^6-7*a^4*b^2+8*a^2*b^4-8*b^6)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))))
```

### 3.479.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 688 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1445, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/12*(12*(a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 36*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 36*(a^10*b - 4*a^8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 12*(a^11 - 4*a^9*b^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d*x - 3*(2*a^10 - 7*a^8*b^2 + 8*a^6*b^4 - 8*a^4*b^6 + (2*a^7*b^3 - 7*a^5*b^5 + 8*a^3*b^7 - 8*a*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(2*a^8*b^2 - 7*a^6*b^4 + 8*a^4*b^6 - 8*a^2*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(2*a^9*b - 7*a^7*b^3 + 8*a^5*b^5 - 8*a^3*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(6*a^10*b - 23*a^8*b^3 + 43*a^6*b^5 - 26*a^4*b^7 + (11*a^8*b^3 - 43*a^6*b^5 + 68*a^4*b^7 - 36*a^2*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 + 7*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^7 - 4*a^6*b^9 + 6*a^4*b^11 - 4*a^2*b^13 + b^15)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^6 - 4*a^7*b^8 + 6*a^5*b^10 - 4*a^3*b^12 + a*b^14)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b^5 - 4*a^8*b^7 + 6*a^6*b^9 - 4*a^4*b^11 + a^2*b^13)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11*b^4 - 4*a^9*b^6 + 6*a^7*b^8 - 4*a^5*b^10 + a^3*b^12)*d), 1/6*(6*(a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 18*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 18*(a^10*b - 4*a^8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + 6*(a^11 - 4*...`

### 3.479.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.479.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.479.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 531 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2a^7 - 7a^5b^2 + 8a^3b^4 - 8ab^6) \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^6b^4 - 3a^4b^6 + 3a^2b^8 - b^{10})\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} - \frac{6a^8 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 15a^7b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 + \dots}{(a^6b^4 - 3a^4b^6 + 3a^2b^8 - b^{10})\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output  $\frac{1}{3}(3(2a^7 - 7a^5b^2 + 8a^3b^4 - 8ab^6)(\pi \operatorname{floor}(1/2(dx + c)/p$   
 $i + 1/2) \operatorname{sgn}(-2a + 2b) + \arctan(-(a \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) - b \tan(1/2dx$   
 $+ 1/2c))/\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))/((a^6b^4 - 3a^4b^6 + 3a^2b^8 - b^{10})\sqrt{$   
 $t(a^2 - b^2) - (6a^8 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^5 - 15a^7b \tan(1/2dx + 1/2$   
 $*c)^5 - 6a^6b^2 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^5 + 45a^5b^3 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2*c)$   
 $^5 - 6a^4b^4 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^5 - 60a^3b^5 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2*c)$   
 $+ 36a^2b^6 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^5 + 12a^8 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^3 - 56a$   
 $^6b^2 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^3 + 116a^4b^4 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^3 - 72a^$   
 $2b^6 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^3 + 6a^8 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) + 15a^7b \tan(1$   
 $/2dx + 1/2c) - 6a^6b^2 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) - 45a^5b^3 \tan(1/2dx$   
 $+ 1/2c) - 6a^4b^4 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c) + 60a^3b^5 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2*c$   
 $) + 36a^2b^6 \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c))/((a^6b^3 - 3a^4b^5 + 3a^2b^7 - b$   
 $^9)(a \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^2 - b \tan(1/2dx + 1/2c)^2 + a + b)^3) + 3*($   
 $dx + c)/b^4)/d$

### 3.479.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 27.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7247, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output

```
(2*atan((((8*(16*a*b^20 - 4*b^21 + 12*a^2*b^19 - 64*a^3*b^18 - 20*a^4*b^17 + 110*a^5*b^16 + 30*a^6*b^15 - 110*a^7*b^14 - 30*a^8*b^13 + 70*a^9*b^12 + 14*a^10*b^11 - 26*a^11*b^10 - 2*a^12*b^9 + 4*a^13*b^8)))/(a*b^19 + b^20 - 5*a^2*b^18 - 5*a^3*b^17 + 10*a^4*b^16 + 10*a^5*b^15 - 10*a^6*b^14 - 10*a^7*b^13 + 5*a^8*b^12 + 5*a^9*b^11 - a^10*b^10 - a^11*b^9) - (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a*b^21 - 8*a^2*b^20 - 48*a^3*b^19 + 48*a^4*b^18 + 120*a^5*b^17 - 120*a^6*b^16 - 160*a^7*b^15 + 160*a^8*b^14 + 120*a^9*b^13 - 120*a^10*b^12 - 48*a^11*b^11 + 48*a^12*b^10 + 8*a^13*b^9 - 8*a^14*b^8)*8i)/(b^4*(a*b^16 + b^17 - 5*a^2*b^15 - 5*a^3*b^14 + 10*a^4*b^13 + 10*a^5*b^12 - 10*a^6*b^11 - 10*a^7*b^10 + 5*a^8*b^9 + 5*a^9*b^8 - a^10*b^7 - a^11*b^6)))*1i)/b^4 + (8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^14 - 8*a^13*b - 8*a*b^13 + 4*b^14 + 44*a^2*b^12 + 48*a^3*b^11 - 92*a^4*b^10 - 120*a^5*b^9 + 156*a^6*b^8 + 160*a^7*b^7 - 164*a^8*b^6 - 120*a^9*b^5 + 117*a^10*b^4 + 48*a^11*b^3 - 48*a^12*b^2))/(a*b^16 + b^17 - 5*a^2*b^15 - 5*a^3*b^14 + 10*a^4*b^13 + 10*a^5*b^12 - 10*a^6*b^11 - 10*a^7*b^10 + 5*a^8*b^9 + 5*a^9*b^8 - a^10*b^7 - a^11*b^6))/b^4 - (((8*(16*a*b^20 - 4*b^21 + 12*a^2*b^19 - 64*a^3*b^18 - 20*a^4*b^17 + 110*a^5*b^16 + 30*a^6*b^15 - 110*a^7*b^14 - 30*a^8*b^13 + 70*a^9*b^12 + 14*a^10*b^11 - 26*a^11*b^10 - 2*a^12*b^9 + 4*a^13*b^8)))/(a*b^19 + b^20 - 5*a^2*b^18 - 5*a^3*b^17 + 10*a^4*b^16 + 10*a^5*b^15 - 10*a^6*b^14 - 10*a^7*b^13 + 5*a^8*b^12 + 5*a^9*b^11 - a^10*b^10 - a^11*b^9) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(...
```

**3.480**       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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**3.480.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{b(3a^2 + 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a - b)^{7/2}(a + b)^{7/2}d} - \frac{a^2 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3b(a^2 - b^2) d(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{a^2(2a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{6b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{a(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 18b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{6b^2(a^2 - b^2)^3 d(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

```
output -b*(3*a^2+2*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(7/2)/(a+b)^(7/2)/d-1/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3-1/6*a^2*(2*a^2-7*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/6*a*(2*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+18*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.480.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b(3a^2+2b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{a(4a^4+11a^2b^2+3ab(a^2+9b^2)\cos(c+dx)+(2a^4-5a^2b^2+18b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^3(a+b)^3(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$6d$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`output `((-6*b*(3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(7/2) + (a*(4*a^4 + 11*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b*(a^2 + 9*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 18*b^4)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3)/(6*d)`**3.480.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^4} dx$$

↓ 3271

$$-\frac{\int \frac{a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-(2a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

3.480.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - 3b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + (3b^2 - 2a^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& \frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \int \frac{2ab(a^2 - 6b^2) + (2a^4 - 3b^2a^2 + 6b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \int \frac{2ab(a^2 - 6b^2) + (2a^4 - 3b^2a^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 18b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\int \frac{3b^3(3a^2 + 2b^2)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 18b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{3b^3(3a^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 18b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{3b^3(3a^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3138}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.480.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(2a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+18b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{6b^3(3a^2+2b^2)\int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{a(2a^4-5a^2b^2+18b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{6b^3(3a^2+2b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - ((a^2*(2*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((-6*b^3*(3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) + (a*(2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 18*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (2*b*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

**3.480.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.480.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left( -\frac{(2a^2+3ab+6b^2)a \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{2(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{2(a^2+9b^2)a \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-3ab+6b^2)a \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{2(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} \right)}{\left( \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + a + b \right)^3} - \frac{b(3a^2+2b^2) \arctan \left( \frac{a-b \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{a+b} \right)}{(a^6-3a^4b^2+3a^2b^4)}$
default	$\frac{2 \left( -\frac{(2a^2+3ab+6b^2)a \left( \tan^5 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{2(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{2(a^2+9b^2)a \left( \tan^3 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2-3ab+6b^2)a \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{2(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} \right)}{\left( \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + a + b \right)^3} - \frac{b(3a^2+2b^2) \arctan \left( \frac{a-b \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{a+b} \right)}{(a^6-3a^4b^2+3a^2b^4)}$
risch	$\frac{ia(6a^5e^{5i(dx+c)}b^2-18a^3b^4e^{5i(dx+c)}+27a^2b^6e^{5i(dx+c)}+12a^6be^{4i(dx+c)}-36a^4b^3e^{4i(dx+c)}+81a^2b^5e^{4i(dx+c)}+18b^7e^{4i(dx+c)})}{d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2*(-1/2*(2*a^2+3*a*b+6*b^2)*a/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*(a^2+9*b^2)*a/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(2*a^2-3*a*b+6*b^2)*a/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2-b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^3-b*(3*a^2+2*b^2)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

### 3.480.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 893, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^5b+2a^3b^3+(3a^2b^4+2b^6)\cos(dx+c)^3+3(3a^3b^3+2ab^5)\cos(dx+c)^2+3(3a^4b^2+2a^2b^4)\cos(dx+c)+3a^6b^2+3a^4b^4+3a^2b^6+b^8)}{12((a^8b^3-4a^6b^5+6a^4b^7-4a^2b^9+b^{11})d\cos(dx+c)+3(3a^5b+2a^3b^3+(3a^2b^4+2b^6)\cos(dx+c)^3+3(3a^3b^3+2ab^5)\cos(dx+c)^2+3(3a^4b^2+2a^2b^4)\cos(dx+c)+3a^6b^2+3a^4b^4+3a^2b^6+b^8))} + \frac{3(3a^5b+2a^3b^3+(3a^2b^4+2b^6)\cos(dx+c)^3+3(3a^3b^3+2ab^5)\cos(dx+c)^2+3(3a^4b^2+2a^2b^4)\cos(dx+c)+3a^6b^2+3a^4b^4+3a^2b^6+b^8)}{6((a^8b^3-4a^6b^5+6a^4b^7-4a^2b^9+b^{11})d\cos(dx+c)+3(a^9b^2-4a^7b^4+3a^5b^6+3a^3b^8+b^{10}))}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/12*(3*(3*a^5*b + 2*a^3*b^3 + (3*a^2*b^4 + 2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(3*a^4*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 2*(4*a^7 + 7*a^5*b^2 - 11*a^3*b^4 + (2*a^7 - 7*a^5*b^2 + 23*a^3*b^4 - 18*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^6*b + 8*a^4*b^3 - 9*a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a^8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 4*a^9*b^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d), -1/6*(3*(3*a^5*b + 2*a^3*b^3 + (3*a^2*b^4 + 2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(3*a^4*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (4*a^7 + 7*a^5*b^2 - 11*a^3*b^4 + (2*a^7 - 7*a^5*b^2 + 23*a^3*b^4 - 18*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^6*b + 8*a^4*b^3 - 9*a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a^8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 4*a^9*b^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d)]`

### 3.480.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.480.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.480.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$\frac{3(3a^2b + 2b^3) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{6a^5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 3a^4b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 6a^3b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 27a^2b^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 18ab^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 4a^5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 32a^3b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 36a^2b^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 6a^5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 3a^4b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 6a^3b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 27a^2b^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 18ab^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)(a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + a + b)^3} + \frac{1}{d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/3*(3*(3*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b
+ arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^
2)))/((a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (6*a^5*tan(1/
2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*a^4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^5 - 27*a^2*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*a*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/
2*c)^5 + 4*a^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 32*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3
- 36*a^2*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*a^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*a^4*b*t
an(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*a^3*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 27*a^2*b^3*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c) + 18*a*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^
4 - b^6)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^3))
/d
```

---

3.480.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

**3.480.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (a^3 + 9ab^2)}{3(a+b)^2 (a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 (2a^3 + 3a^2b + 6ab^2)}{(a+b)^3 (a-b)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a-b)} + \frac{d \left( 3ab^2 - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 (-3a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - 3b^3) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 (-3a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3) \right)}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (3a^2 + 2b^2) (2a - 2b) (a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)}{2(3a^2b + 2b^3) \sqrt{a+b} (a-b)^{7/2}}\right)}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}}}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

```
output ((4*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(9*a*b^2 + a^3))/(3*(a + b)^2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)
) + (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(6*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + 2*a^3))/((a + b)^3*(a - b))
+ (tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + 2*a^3))/((a + b)*(3*a*b^2 - 3*
a^2*b + a^3 - b^3)))/(d*(3*a*b^2 - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b
- 3*a^3 - 3*b^3) - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b - 3*a^3 + 3*b^
3) + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3 + tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 -
b^3))) - (b*atan((b*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*(2*a - 2*b)*(3*a*b
^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3))/(2*(3*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*(a + b)^(1/2)*(a - b)^(7/2
)))*(3*a^2 + 2*b^2))/(d*(a + b)^(7/2)*(a - b)^(7/2))
```

**3.481**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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 3.481.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3706  
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**3.481.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{a(a^2+4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{7/2}(a+b)^{7/2}d} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{a(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{6b(a^2-b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{6b(a^2-b^2)^3 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
a*(a^2+4*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(7/2)/(a+b)^(7/2)/d-1/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/6*a*(a^2-6*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/6*(a^4-10*a^2*b^2-6*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```



**3.481.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a(a^2+4b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{(-13a^4b-2a^2b^3+3a(a^4-9a^2b^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)+b(a^4-10a^2b^2-6b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^3(a+b)^3(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$6d$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`output `((6*a*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(7/2) + ((-13*a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*(a^4 - 9*a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*Cos[c + d*x] + b*(a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 - 6*b^4)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3)/(6*d)`**3.481.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3269, 3042, 3233, 25, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^4} dx$$

↓ 3269

$$\frac{\int \frac{3ab+(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.481.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{3ab + (a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \int \frac{2b(2a^2 + 3b^2) + a(a^2 - 6b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2b(2a^2 + 3b^2) + a(a^2 - 6b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2b(2a^2 + 3b^2) + a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{\frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 - 6b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} - \int \frac{3ab(a^2 + 4b^2)}{a^2 - b^2} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 \sin(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{3ab(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 - 6b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 \sin(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{3ab(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{(a^4 - 10a^2b^2 - 6b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 \sin(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3138}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.481.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6ab(a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b)\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)+a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-6b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{a(a^2-6b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}{218} \\
& \frac{6ab(a^2+4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-6b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \frac{a(a^2-6b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{a^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}{218}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((a*(a^2 - 6*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((6*a*b*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) + ((a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 - 6*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.481.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3269 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*(2*b*c*d - a*(c^2 + d^2)) + (a^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d*(m + 2) + b^2*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.481.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(a^3+6a^2b+2ab^2+2b^3)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{4(7a^2+3b^2)b\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(a^3-6a^2b+2ab^2-2b^3)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} a(a^2+4b^2)\operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{a^2+4b^2}{a^2-4b^2}\right)}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b\right)^3} + \frac{d}{(a^6-3a^4b^2+3a^2b^4-b^6) \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{a^2+4b^2}{a^2-4b^2}\right)}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(a^3+6a^2b+2ab^2+2b^3)\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{4(7a^2+3b^2)b\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(a^3-6a^2b+2ab^2-2b^3)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} a(a^2+4b^2)\operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{a^2+4b^2}{a^2-4b^2}\right)}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b\right)^3} + \frac{d}{(a^6-3a^4b^2+3a^2b^4-b^6) \operatorname{arccot}\left(\frac{a^2+4b^2}{a^2-4b^2}\right)}$
risch	$\frac{i(-3a^3b^4e^{5i(dx+c)} - 12ab^6e^{5i(dx+c)} + 6a^6b^4e^{4i(dx+c)} - 33a^4b^3e^{4i(dx+c)} - 42a^2b^5e^{4i(dx+c)} - 6b^7e^{4i(dx+c)} + 4a^7e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3a^5b^2e^{3i(dx+c)} + 12a^3b^4e^{3i(dx+c)} - 6a^6b^2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 33a^4b^3e^{2i(dx+c)} - 42a^2b^5e^{2i(dx+c)} - 6b^7e^{2i(dx+c)} + 4a^7e^{i(dx+c)} - 3a^5b^2e^{i(dx+c)} + 12a^3b^4e^{i(dx+c)} - 6a^6b^2e^{i(dx+c)} - 33a^4b^3e^{i(dx+c)} - 42a^2b^5e^{i(dx+c)} - 6b^7e^{i(dx+c)} + 4a^7)}{d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/d*(2*(-1/2*(a^3+6*a^2*b+2*a*b^2+2*b^3)/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*t
an(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*(7*a^2+3*b^2)*b/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*ta
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3+1/2*(a^3-6*a^2*b+2*a*b^2-2*b^3)/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*
b^2-b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2+a+b)^3+a*(a^2+4*b^2)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*a
rctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

### 3.481.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(191) = 382$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 893, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(a^6 + 4a^4b^2 + (a^3b^3 + 4ab^5)\cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(a^4b^2 + 4a^2b^4)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3(a^5b + 4a^3b^3)\cos(dx+c)}{12((a^8b^3 - 4a^6b^5 + 6a^4b^7 - 4a^2b^9 + b^{11})d\cos(dx+c))} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/12*(3*(a^6 + 4*a^4*b^2 + (a^3*b^3 + 4*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^4*b^
2 + 4*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^5*b + 4*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-
a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt
(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x
+ c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(13*a^6*b - 11*a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^
5 - (a^6*b - 11*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^5 + 6*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^7 - 10*
a^5*b^2 + 7*a^3*b^4 + 2*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^3 - 4*a
^6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a
^7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*
a^8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 4*a^9*
b^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d), 1/6*(3*(a^6 + 4*a^4*b^2 + (a^3*
b^3 + 4*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^4*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3
*(a^5*b + 4*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c)
+ b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (13*a^6*b - 11*a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5
- (a^6*b - 11*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^5 + 6*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*(a^7 - 10*a
^5*b^2 + 7*a^3*b^4 + 2*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^3 - 4*a
^6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a
^7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a
^8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 4*a^9*b
^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d)]
```

**3.481.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.481.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.481.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. 2(191) = 382.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{3(a^3 + 4ab^2) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{3a^5 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 12a^4b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

---

3.481.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/3*(3*(a^3 + 4*a*b^2)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + \arctan(-(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))) / ((a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) + (3*a^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 12*a^4*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 27*a^3*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 12*a^2*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 6*a*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*b^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 28*a^4*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*b^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*a^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*a^4*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 27*a^3*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*a^2*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*a*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*b^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) / ((a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^3) / d$$

### 3.481.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (a^2 + 4b^2) (2a - 2b) (a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)}{2\sqrt{a+b}(a-b)^{7/2}(a^3 + 4ab^2)}\right) (a^2 + 4b^2)}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}} - \frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 (a^3 + 6a^2b + 2ab^2 + 2b^3)}{(a+b)^3(a-b)} + \frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (7a^2b + 3b^3)}{3(a+b)^2(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{(a-b)}}{d \left(3ab^2 - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 (-3a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - 3b^3) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 (-3a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3) + \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^6 (3a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3)\right)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(a*\operatorname{atan}((a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*(2*a - 2*b)*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3))/(2*(a + b)^{(1/2)}*(a - b)^{(7/2)}*(4*a*b^2 + a^3))))*(a^2 + 4*b^2)}{d*(a + b)^{(7/2)}*(a - b)^{(7/2)}} - \frac{((\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(2*a*b^2 + 6*a^2*b + a^3 + 2*b^3))/((a + b)^3*(a - b)) + (4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(7*a^2*b + 3*b^3))/(3*(a + b)^2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)) - (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a*b^2 - 6*a^2*b + a^3 - 2*b^3))/((a + b)*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3)))}{d*(3*a*b^2 - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b - 3*a^3 - 3*b^3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b - 3*a^3 + 3*b^3) + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3))}$$

**3.482**       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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 3.482.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3714  
 3.482.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3714  
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**3.482.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{b(4a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a - b)^{7/2}(a + b)^{7/2}d} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{3(a^2 - b^2) d(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{6(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{a(2a^2 + 13b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{6(a^2 - b^2)^3 d(a + b \cos(c + dx))}$$

```
output -b*(4*a^2+b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(7/2)/(a+b)^(7/2)/d+1/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/6*(2*a^2+3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/6*a*(2*a^2+13*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```



### 3.482.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b(4a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{(6a^5 + 10a^3b^2 - ab^4 - 3b(-2a^4 - 9a^2b^2 + b^4) \cos(c+dx) + ab^2(2a^2 + 13b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^3(a+b)^3(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$6d$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((-6*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{(a - b)*\operatorname{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]}{\operatorname{Sqrt}[-a^2 + b^2]}])}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{((6*a^5 + 10*a^3*b^2 - a*b^4 - 3*b*(-2*a^4 - 9*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x] + a*b^2*(2*a^2 + 13*b^2)*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)*\operatorname{Sin}[c + d*x])}{((a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*(a + b*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x])^3)}/(6*d)$$

### 3.482.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {3042, 3233, 3042, 3233, 25, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4} dx$$

↓ 3233

$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3b - 2a \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3b - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow \text{3233} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{10ab-(2a^2+3b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2)} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\downarrow \text{25} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\int \frac{10ab-(2a^2+3b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2)} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\int \frac{10ab+(-2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3233} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{3b(4a^2+b^2)}{a^2-b^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(2a^2+13b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\downarrow \text{27} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{3b(4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(2a^2+13b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{3b(4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(2a^2+13b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\downarrow \text{3138} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{6b(4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(2a^2+13b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{(2a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
\frac{a \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)}
\end{array}$$

---

3.482.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} - \\
 & \frac{6b(4a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a(2a^2 + 13b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{3(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) - (-1/2*((2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((6*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) - (a*(2*a^2 + 13*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.482.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3233 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e +
f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(
m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.482.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left( -\frac{(2a^3+2a^2b+6ab^2+b^3) \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 2(3a^2+7b^2)a \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - (2a^3-2a^2b+6ab^2-b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{2(3a^2+7b^2)a \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - (2a^3-2a^2b+6ab^2-b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(2a^3-2a^2b+6ab^2-b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} \right)}{\frac{\left( \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a + b \right)^3}{d}}$
default	$\frac{2 \left( -\frac{(2a^3+2a^2b+6ab^2+b^3) \left( \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - 2(3a^2+7b^2)a \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - (2a^3-2a^2b+6ab^2-b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{2(3a^2+7b^2)a \left( \tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) - (2a^3-2a^2b+6ab^2-b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(2a^3-2a^2b+6ab^2-b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)} \right)}{\frac{\left( \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a - b \left( \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) + a + b \right)^3}{d}}$
risch	$\frac{i(12a^2b^4e^{5i(dx+c)} + 3b^6e^{5i(dx+c)} + 60a^3b^3e^{4i(dx+c)} + 15ab^5e^{4i(dx+c)} + 8a^6e^{3i(dx+c)} + 64a^4b^2e^{3i(dx+c)} + 78a^2b^4e^{3i(dx+c)} + 3b(a^2-b^2)^3d(b e^{2i(dx+c)}))}{3b(a^2-b^2)^3d(b e^{2i(dx+c)})}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2*(-1/2*(2*a^3+2*a^2*b+6*a*b^2+b^3)/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*
tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*(3*a^2+7*b^2)*a/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*t
an(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(2*a^3-2*a^2*b+6*a*b^2-b^3)/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a
*b^2-b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2+a+b)^3-b*(4*a^2+b^2)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*
arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```



**3.482.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.482.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.482.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$\frac{3(4a^2b + b^3) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{6a^5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 6a^4b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 12a^3b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 6a^2b^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 + 6ab^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 6b^5 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

$$=$$

---

3.482.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot (3 \cdot (4a^2b + b^3) \cdot (\pi \cdot \text{floor}(1/2 \cdot (dx + c)/\pi + 1/2) \cdot \text{sgn}(-2a + 2b) + \arctan(-\frac{a \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) - b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}})) / ((a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \cdot \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) + (6a^5 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 - 6a^4 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 12a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 - 27a^2 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 12a \cdot b^4 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 3b^5 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 + 12a^5 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 + 16a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 - 28a \cdot b^4 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 + 6a^5 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 6a^4 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 12a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 27a^2 \cdot b^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) + 12a \cdot b^4 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c) - 3b^5 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)) / ((a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6) \cdot (a \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^2 - b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot dx + 1/2 \cdot c)^2 + a + b)^3) / d$$

### 3.482.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 (2a^3 + 2a^2b + 6ab^2 + b^3)}{(a+b)^3(a-b)} + \frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (3a^3 + 7ab^2)}{3(a+b)^2(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{(a+b)} + \frac{d \left( 3ab^2 - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 (-3a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - 3b^3) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 (-3a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3) \right)}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (4a^2 + b^2) (2a - 2b) (a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)}{2\sqrt{a+b}(a-b)^{7/2}(4a^2 + b^3)}\right)}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}}}{d(a+b)^{7/2}(a-b)^{7/2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output 
$$\frac{((\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5 \cdot (6a \cdot b^2 + 2a^2 \cdot b + 2a^3 + b^3)) / ((a + b)^3 \cdot (a - b)) + (4 \cdot \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3 \cdot (7a \cdot b^2 + 3a^3)) / (3 \cdot (a + b)^2 \cdot (a^2 - 2a \cdot b + b^2)) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) \cdot (6a \cdot b^2 - 2a^2 \cdot b + 2a^3 - b^3)) / ((a + b) \cdot (3a \cdot b^2 - 3a^2 \cdot b + a^3 - b^3))) / (d \cdot (3a \cdot b^2 - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4 \cdot (3a \cdot b^2 + 3a^2 \cdot b - 3a^3 - 3b^3) - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 \cdot (3a \cdot b^2 - 3a^2 \cdot b - 3a^3 + 3b^3) + 3a^2 \cdot b + a^3 + b^3 + \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6 \cdot (3a \cdot b^2 - 3a^2 \cdot b + a^3 - b^3))) - (b \cdot \operatorname{atan}((b \cdot \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) \cdot (4a^2 + b^2) \cdot (2a - 2b) \cdot (3a \cdot b^2 - 3a^2 \cdot b + a^3 - b^3)) / (2 \cdot (a + b)^{1/2} \cdot (a - b)^{7/2} \cdot (4a^2 \cdot b + b^3))) \cdot (4a^2 + b^2)) / (d \cdot (a + b)^{7/2} \cdot (a - b)^{7/2})$$

3.482. 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

**3.483**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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**3.483.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{a(2a^2 + 3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a-b)^{7/2}(a+b)^{7/2}d} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{6(a^2-b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b(11a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{6(a^2-b^2)^3 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
a*(2*a^2+3*b^2)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a-b)^(7/2)/(a+b)^(7/2)/d-1/3*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3-5/6*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/6*b*(11*a^2+4*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```



**3.483.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a(2a^2 + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{b(18a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 2b^4 + 3ab(9a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + b^2(11a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)^3(a+b)^3(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$6d$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-4), x]`output `((6*a*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(-a^2 + b^2)^(7/2) - (b*(18*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4 + 3*a*b*(9*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + b^2*(11*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3)/(6*d)`**3.483.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3143, 25, 3042, 3233, 25, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^4} dx$$

↓ 3143

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{3a-2b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a-2b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{3a-2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a-2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{2(3a^2+2b^2)-5ab \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2(3a^2+2b^2)-5ab \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2(3a^2+2b^2)-5ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{3a(2a^2+3b^2)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(11a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3a(2a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(11a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{b \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3a(2a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(11a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{b \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \downarrow \text{3138}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.483.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6a(2a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(11a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{b \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\phantom{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{6a(2a^2+3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(11a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{5ab \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{b \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \frac{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\phantom{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-4), x]`

output `-1/3*(b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((-5*a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((6*a*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*d) - (b*(11*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) / (2*(a^2 - b^2)) / (3*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.483.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3143 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*(n + 1) - b*(n + 2)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

### 3.483.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(6a^2+3ab+2b^2)b\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)\left(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3\right)}-\frac{4\left(9a^2+b^2\right)b\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\left(a^2-2ab+b^2\right)\left(a^2+2ab+b^2\right)}-\frac{\left(6a^2-3ab+2b^2\right)b\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)\left(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3\right)}+a\left(2a^2+3b^2\right)\arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{\left(a^2-b^2\right)}}\right)}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b\right)^3}+\frac{1}{\left(a^6-3a^4b^2+3a^2b^4-b^6\right) d}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(6a^2+3ab+2b^2)b\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{(a-b)\left(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3\right)}-\frac{4\left(9a^2+b^2\right)b\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\left(a^2-2ab+b^2\right)\left(a^2+2ab+b^2\right)}-\frac{\left(6a^2-3ab+2b^2\right)b\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{(a+b)\left(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3\right)}+a\left(2a^2+3b^2\right)\arctan\left(\frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{\left(a^2-b^2\right)}}\right)}{\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a+b\right)^3}+\frac{1}{\left(a^6-3a^4b^2+3a^2b^4-b^6\right) d}$
risch	$-\frac{i\left(6a^3b^2e^{5i(dx+c)}+9a^4be^{5i(dx+c)}+30a^4be^{4i(dx+c)}+45a^2b^3e^{4i(dx+c)}+44a^5e^{3i(dx+c)}+82a^3b^2e^{3i(dx+c)}+24ab^4e^{3i(dx+c)}+20b^5e^{3i(dx+c)}\right)}{3\left(a^2-b^2\right)^3d\left(be^{2i(dx+c)}+2\right)}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/d*(2*(-1/2*(6*a^2+3*a*b+2*b^2)*b/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*tan(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*(9*a^2+b^2)*b/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(6*a^2-3*a*b+2*b^2)*b/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2-b^3)*tan(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^3+a*(2*
a^2+3*b^2)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*
tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

### 3.483.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 413 vs.  $2(169) = 338$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 895, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(2a^6 + 3a^4b^2 + (2a^3b^3 + 3ab^5) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(2a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3(2a^5b + 3a^3b^3) \cos(dx + c) + 3a^6) \log((2a^2 - b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} (a \cos(dx + c) + b) \sin(dx + c) - a^2 + 2b^2) / (b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2a^2 \cos(dx + c) + a^2)) - 2(18a^6b - 23a^4b^3 + 7a^2b^5 - 2b^7 + (11a^4b^3 - 7a^2b^5 - 4b^7) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3(9a^5b^2 - 8a^3b^4 - ab^6) \cos(dx + c)) \sin(dx + c)}{12((a^8b^3 - 4a^6b^5 + 6a^4b^7 - 4a^2b^9 + b^{11})d \cos(dx + c) + (a^8b^3 - 4a^6b^5 + 6a^4b^7 - 4a^2b^9 + b^{11})d \sin(dx + c))} \right]$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/12*(3*(2*a^6 + 3*a^4*b^2 + (2*a^3*b^3 + 3*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(2*
a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(2*a^5*b + 3*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)
)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2
- 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2
*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^2*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 2*(18*a^6*b - 23*a^4*b^3 +
7*a^2*b^5 - 2*b^7 + (11*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^2*b^5 - 4*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(9
*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^4 - a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^3 - 4*a^
6*b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^
7*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a^
8*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 4*a^9*b
^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d), 1/6*(3*(2*a^6 + 3*a^4*b^2 + (2*a
^3*b^3 + 3*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(2*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^
2 + 3*(2*a^5*b + 3*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*arctan(-(a*cos(d
*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c))) - (18*a^6*b - 23*a^4*b^3 + 7*
a^2*b^5 - 2*b^7 + (11*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^2*b^5 - 4*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(9*a
^5*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^4 - a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*
b^5 + 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*
b^4 + 6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a^8
*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^11 - 4*a^9*b^2
+ 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8)*d)]
```

**3.483.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.483.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.483.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{3(2a^3 + 3ab^2) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{18a^4b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 27a^3b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 + \dots}{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3*(3*(2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) \\ & + \arctan(-(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}))) / ((a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) + (18*a^4*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 27*a^3*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*a^2*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*a*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*b^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 36*a^4*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 32*a^2*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 4*b^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 18*a^4*b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 27*a^3*b^2*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*a^2*b^3*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*a*b^4*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*b^5*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) / ((a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*(a*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^3) \\ & )/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.483.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx \\ & = \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (2a^2 + 3b^2) (2a - 2b) (a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)}{2(2a^3 + 3ab^2) \sqrt{a+b} (a-b)^{7/2}}\right) (2a^2 + 3b^2)}{d (a + b)^{7/2} (a - b)^{7/2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^3 (9a^2b + b^3)}{3(a+b)^2 (a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^5 (6a^2b + 3ab^2 + 2b^3)}{(a+b)^3 (a-b)} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{(a+b)}}{d \left(3ab^2 - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^4 (-3a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - 3b^3) - \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 (-3a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3)\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (a*\operatorname{atan}((a*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*(2*a - 2*b)*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2 \\ & *b + a^3 - b^3))/(2*(3*a*b^2 + 2*a^3)*(a + b)^{(1/2)*(a - b)^{(7/2))}*(2*a^2 \\ & + 3*b^2)))/(d*(a + b)^{(7/2)*(a - b)^{(7/2)}) - ((4*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^3*(9*a \\ & ^2*b + b^3))/(3*(a + b)^2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2)) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^5*(3* \\ & a*b^2 + 6*a^2*b + 2*b^3))/((a + b)^3*(a - b)) + (\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(6*a^2 \\ & *b - 3*a*b^2 + 2*b^3))/((a + b)*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3)))/(d*(3*a* \\ & b^2 - \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^4*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b - 3*a^3 - 3*b^3) - \tan(c/2 + \\ & (d*x)/2)^2*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b - 3*a^3 + 3*b^3) + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3 + \tan \\ & (c/2 + (d*x)/2)^6*(3*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b + a^3 - b^3))) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.484 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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#### 3.484.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{b(8a^6 - 8a^4b^2 + 7a^2b^4 - 2b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^4(a-b)^{7/2}(a+b)^{7/2}d} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^4d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{6a^2(a^2-b^2)^2d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{6a^3(a^2-b^2)^3d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-b*(8*a^6-8*a^4*b^2+7*a^2*b^4-2*b^6)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a-b)^(7/2)/(a+b)^(7/2)/d+arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^4/d+1/3*
b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/6*b^2*(8*a^2-3*b^2)*sin(
d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/6*b^2*(26*a^4-17*a^2*b^2+6*b
^4)*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```



### 3.484.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b(-8a^6+8a^4b^2-7a^2b^4+2b^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{(-a^2+b^2)^{7/2}} - 6\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) + 6\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output  $((6*b*(-8*a^6 + 8*a^4*b^2 - 7*a^2*b^4 + 2*b^6)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{(a-b)*\tan[(c+d*x)/2]}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}])/(-a^2+b^2)^{(7/2)} - 6*\log[\cos[(c+d*x)/2] - \sin[(c+d*x)/2]] + 6*\log[\cos[(c+d*x)/2] + \sin[(c+d*x)/2]] + (2*a^3*b^2*\sin[c+d*x])/((a-b)*(a+b)*(a+b*\cos[c+d*x])^3) + (a^2*b^2*(8*a^2-3*b^2)*\sin[c+d*x])/((a-b)^2*(a+b)^2*(a+b*\cos[c+d*x])^2) + (a*b^2*(26*a^4-17*a^2*b^2+6*b^4)*\sin[c+d*x])/((a-b)^3*(a+b)^3*(a+b*\cos[c+d*x])))/(6*a^4*d)$

### 3.484.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3281}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)-3ab\cos(c+dx)+3(a^2-b^2))\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 3ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(6(a^2-b^2)^2 + b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab(6a^2-b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{2a(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2) b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{6(a^2-b^2)^2 + b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2ab(6a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{2a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2) b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \int \frac{3(2(a^2-b^2)^3 - ab(6a^4-2b^2a^2+b^4) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2) b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& 3 \int \frac{(2(a^2-b^2)^3 - ab(6a^4-2b^2a^2+b^4) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2) b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 3 \int \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^3 - ab(6a^4-2b^2a^2+b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2) b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.484.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{\frac{3 \left( \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b(8a^6-8a^4b^2+7a^2b^4-2b^6) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3 \left( \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b(8a^6-8a^4b^2+7a^2b^4-2b^6) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(8a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{\frac{3 \left( \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b(8a^6-8a^4b^2+7a^2b^4-2b^6) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))+a+b} d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{ad} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{3 \left( \frac{2(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b(8a^6-8a^4b^2+7a^2b^4-2b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(26a^4-17a^2b^2+6b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 4257

---

3.484.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{b^2(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{b^2(26a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 6b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{ad} - \frac{2b(8a^6 - 8a^4b^2 + 7a^2b^4 - 2b^6) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}}$$


---


$$3a(a^2 - b^2)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((b^2*(8*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((3*((-2*b*(8*a^6 - 8*a^4*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^4 - 2*b^6)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(a*d)))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b^2*(26*a^4 - 17*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

**3.484.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.484.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^4} - \frac{2b \left( -\frac{(12a^4 + 4a^3b - 6a^2b^2 - ab^3 + 2b^4)ab \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{2(18a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 3b^4)ab}{3(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)(a^2 + b^2)} \right)}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^{a-b} \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^d}$
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{a^4} - \frac{2b \left( -\frac{(12a^4 + 4a^3b - 6a^2b^2 - ab^3 + 2b^4)ab \tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2(a-b)(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{2(18a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 3b^4)ab}{3(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)(a^2 + b^2)} \right)}{\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^{a-b} \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^d}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/a^4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-1/a^4*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)-2*b/a^4
*((-1/2*(12*a^4+4*a^3*b-6*a^2*b^2-a*b^3+2*b^4)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*
b^2+b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*(18*a^4-11*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)*a*b/(a^2-2*a*b
+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(12*a^4-4*a^3*b-6*a^2*b^2+a
*b^3+2*b^4)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2-b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/(tan(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^3+1/2*(8*a^6-8*a^4*b^2+7*a^2
*b^4-2*b^6)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)
*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))))
```

### 3.484.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs. 2(236) = 472.

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1815, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.23

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```

[-1/12*(3*(8*a^9*b - 8*a^7*b^3 + 7*a^5*b^5 - 2*a^3*b^7 + (8*a^6*b^4 - 8*a^
4*b^6 + 7*a^2*b^8 - 2*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(8*a^7*b^3 - 8*a^5*b^5 + 7*
a^3*b^7 - 2*a*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(8*a^8*b^2 - 8*a^6*b^4 + 7*a^4*b^6 -
2*a^2*b^8)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^
2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x
+ c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) - 6*(
a^11 - 4*a^9*b^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8 + (a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*b^5
+ 6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 +
6*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a^8*b^3 + 6
*a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*cos(d*x + c))*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 6*(a
^11 - 4*a^9*b^2 + 6*a^7*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^6 + a^3*b^8 + (a^8*b^3 - 4*a^6*b^5 +
6*a^4*b^7 - 4*a^2*b^9 + b^11)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^9*b^2 - 4*a^7*b^4 + 6
*a^5*b^6 - 4*a^3*b^8 + a*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^10*b - 4*a^8*b^3 + 6*
a^6*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^7 + a^2*b^9)*cos(d*x + c))*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 2*(3
6*a^9*b^2 - 68*a^7*b^4 + 43*a^5*b^6 - 11*a^3*b^8 + (26*a^7*b^4 - 43*a^5*b^
6 + 23*a^3*b^8 - 6*a*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(4*a^8*b^3 - 7*a^6*b^5 + 4*
a^4*b^7 - a^2*b^9)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^12*b^3 - 4*a^10*b^5 + 6
*a^8*b^7 - 4*a^6*b^9 + a^4*b^11)*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^13*b^2 - 4*a^11*b
^4 + 6*a^9*b^6 - 4*a^7*b^8 + a^5*b^10)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^14*b - 4*a^
12*b^3 + 6*a^10*b^5 - 4*a^8*b^7 + a^6*b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^15 - 4*a...

```

### 3.484.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**4, x)`

**3.484.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4\*b^2-4\*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

**3.484.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs.  $2(236) = 472$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^6b - 8a^4b^3 + 7a^2b^5 - 2b^7) \left( \pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^{10} - 3a^8b^2 + 3a^6b^4 - a^4b^6)\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{36a^6b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 60a^5b^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 36a^4b^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`



```

output 1/3*(3*(8*a^6*b - 8*a^4*b^3 + 7*a^2*b^5 - 2*b^7)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x + c)/p
i + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^10 - 3*a^8*b^2 + 3*a^6*b^4 - a^4*b^6)*sqr
t(a^2 - b^2)) + (36*a^6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 60*a^5*b^3*tan(1/2*d*
x + 1/2*c)^5 - 6*a^4*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 45*a^3*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^5 - 6*a^2*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 15*a*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)^5 + 6*b^8*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 72*a^6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 -
116*a^4*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 56*a^2*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 1
2*b^8*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 36*a^6*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 60*a^5*b^
3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 6*a^4*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 45*a^3*b^5*tan(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 6*a^2*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 15*a*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) + 6*b^8*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^9 - 3*a^7*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^4 - a^3*b^
6)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + a + b)^3) + 3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^4 - 3*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^4)/d

```

### 3.484.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 27.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7235, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.82

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```

input int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4),x)

```

output

```

- (atan((((8*(16*a^20*b - 4*a^21 + 4*a^8*b^13 - 2*a^9*b^12 - 26*a^10*b^11
+ 14*a^11*b^10 + 70*a^12*b^9 - 30*a^13*b^8 - 110*a^14*b^7 + 30*a^15*b^6
+ 110*a^16*b^5 - 20*a^17*b^4 - 64*a^18*b^3 + 12*a^19*b^2)))/(a^19*b + a^20
- a^9*b^11 - a^10*b^10 + 5*a^11*b^9 + 5*a^12*b^8 - 10*a^13*b^7 - 10*a^14*b
^6 + 10*a^15*b^5 + 10*a^16*b^4 - 5*a^17*b^3 - 5*a^18*b^2) - (8*tan(c/2 + (
d*x)/2)*(8*a^21*b - 8*a^8*b^14 + 8*a^9*b^13 + 48*a^10*b^12 - 48*a^11*b^11
- 120*a^12*b^10 + 120*a^13*b^9 + 160*a^14*b^8 - 160*a^15*b^7 - 120*a^16*b
^6 + 120*a^17*b^5 + 48*a^18*b^4 - 48*a^19*b^3 - 8*a^20*b^2)))/(a^4*(a^16*b +
a^17 - a^6*b^11 - a^7*b^10 + 5*a^8*b^9 + 5*a^9*b^8 - 10*a^10*b^7 - 10*a^11
*b^6 + 10*a^12*b^5 + 10*a^13*b^4 - 5*a^14*b^3 - 5*a^15*b^2)))/a^4 - (8*ta
n(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(4*a^14 - 8*a^13*b - 8*a*b^13 + 8*b^14 - 48*a^2*b^12 + 48
*a^3*b^11 + 117*a^4*b^10 - 120*a^5*b^9 - 164*a^6*b^8 + 160*a^7*b^7 + 156*a
^8*b^6 - 120*a^9*b^5 - 92*a^10*b^4 + 48*a^11*b^3 + 44*a^12*b^2)))/(a^16*b +
a^17 - a^6*b^11 - a^7*b^10 + 5*a^8*b^9 + 5*a^9*b^8 - 10*a^10*b^7 - 10*a^11
*b^6 + 10*a^12*b^5 + 10*a^13*b^4 - 5*a^14*b^3 - 5*a^15*b^2))*1i)/a^4 - ((
((8*(16*a^20*b - 4*a^21 + 4*a^8*b^13 - 2*a^9*b^12 - 26*a^10*b^11 + 14*a^11
*b^10 + 70*a^12*b^9 - 30*a^13*b^8 - 110*a^14*b^7 + 30*a^15*b^6 + 110*a^16*
b^5 - 20*a^17*b^4 - 64*a^18*b^3 + 12*a^19*b^2)))/(a^19*b + a^20 - a^9*b^11
- a^10*b^10 + 5*a^11*b^9 + 5*a^12*b^8 - 10*a^13*b^7 - 10*a^14*b^6 + 10*a^15
*b^5 + 10*a^16*b^4 - 5*a^17*b^3 - 5*a^18*b^2) + (8*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*...

```

**3.485**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

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**3.485.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{b^2(20a^6 - 35a^4b^2 + 28a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^5(a-b)^{7/2}(a+b)^{7/2}d}$$

$$- \frac{4b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{a^5 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx)}{6a^4(a^2 - b^2)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(9a^2 - 4b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{6a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{2a^3(a^2 - b^2)^3 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output b^2*(20*a^6-35*a^4*b^2+28*a^2*b^4-8*b^6)*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^5/(a-b)^(7/2)/(a+b)^(7/2)/d-4*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/a^5/d+1/6*(6*a^6-65*a^4*b^2+68*a^2*b^4-24*b^6)*tan(d*x+c)/a^4/(a^2-b^2)^3/d+1/3*b^2*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3+1/6*b^2*(9*a^2-4*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+1/2*b^2*(12*a^4-11*a^2*b^2+4*b^4)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

**3.485.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{b^2(20a^6 - 35a^4b^2 + 28a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a-b)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^5(a^2-b^2)^3\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}d} + \frac{4b \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{a^5d} - \frac{4b \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{a^5d} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{a^4d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{a^4d\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)} - \frac{b^3 \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a-b)(a+b)d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} + \frac{-11a^2b^3 \sin(c+dx) + 6b^5 \sin(c+dx)}{6a^3(a-b)^2(a+b)^2d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{-47a^4b^3 \sin(c+dx) + 50a^2b^5 \sin(c+dx) - 18b^7 \sin(c+dx)}{6a^4(a-b)^3(a+b)^3d(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

```
output
-((b^2*(20*a^6 - 35*a^4*b^2 + 28*a^2*b^4 - 8*b^6)*ArcTanh[((a - b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(a^5*(a^2 - b^2)^3*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d) + (4*b*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/(a^5*d) - (4*b*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]])/(a^5*d) + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/(a^4*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/(a^4*d*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2])) - (b^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a^2*(a - b)*(a + b)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + (-11*a^2*b^3*Sin[c + d*x] + 6*b^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*a^3*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (-47*a^4*b^3*Sin[c + d*x] + 50*a^2*b^5*Sin[c + d*x] - 18*b^7*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*a^4*(a - b)^3*(a + b)^3*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))
```

**3.485.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3480, 3042, 3138, 218, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+3b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-4b^2+3b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(6a^4-23b^2a^2-2b(6a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+12b^4+2b^2(9a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(9a^2-4b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\
 & \quad \quad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6a^4-23b^2a^2-2b(6a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+12b^4+2b^2(9a^2-4b^2)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(9a^2-4b^2)\tan(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\
 & \quad \quad \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.485.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(6a^6 - 65b^2a^4 + 68b^4a^2 - b(18a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 4b^4)) \cos(c+dx) a - 24b^6 + 3b^2(12a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 4b^4) \cos^2(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \cdot \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{6a^6 - 65b^2a^4 + 68b^4a^2 - b(18a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 4b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a - 24b^6 + 3b^2(12a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 4b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \cdot \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{\int -\frac{3(8b(a^2 - b^2)^3 - ab^2(12a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 4b^4) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \cdot \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx) - 3 \int \frac{(8b(a^2 - b^2)^3 - ab^2(12a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 4b^4) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \cdot \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx) - 3 \int \frac{8b(a^2 - b^2)^3 - ab^2(12a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 4b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} \cdot \frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

---

3.485.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

↓ 3480

$$\frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{8b(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \sec(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b^2(20a^6 - 35a^4b^2 + 28a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{8b(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{b^2(20a^6 - 35a^4b^2 + 28a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{8b(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^2(20a^6 - 35a^4b^2 + 28a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + a+b} dx}{ad} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{d \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a+b}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{8b(a^2-b^2)^3 \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a} - \frac{2b^2(20a^6 - 35a^4b^2 + 28a^2b^4 - 8b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

↓ 4257

---

3.485.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{b^2 \tan(c + dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} + \frac{b^2(9a^2 - 4b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} + \frac{3b^2(12a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \tan(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} + \frac{(6a^6 - 65a^4b^2 + 68a^2b^4 - 24b^6) \tan(c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{\left( \frac{8b(a^2 - b^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{ad} \right)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(b^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3) + ((b^2*(9*a^2 - 4*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((3*b^2*(12*a^4 - 11*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) + (((-3*((-2*b^2*(20*a^6 - 35*a^4*b^2 + 28*a^2*b^4 - 8*b^6))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a - b]*Sqrt[a + b]*d) + (8*b*(a^2 - b^2)^3*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(a*d)))/a + ((6*a^6 - 65*a^4*b^2 + 68*a^2*b^4 - 24*b^6)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.485.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3480 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[(B*c - A*d)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.485.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
derivativedivides	$2b^2 \left( \frac{-\frac{(20a^4+5a^3b-18a^2b^2-2ab^3+6b^4)ab(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{2(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{2(30a^4-29a^2b^2+9b^4)ab(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(20a^4-5a^3b-18a^2b^2+2ab^3+6b^4)ab(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{2(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)}}{((\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))a-b(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))+a+b)^3} \right) \frac{1}{a^5}$
default	$2b^2 \left( \frac{-\frac{(20a^4+5a^3b-18a^2b^2-2ab^3+6b^4)ab(\tan^5(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{2(a-b)(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{2(30a^4-29a^2b^2+9b^4)ab(\tan^3(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{3(a^2-2ab+b^2)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(20a^4-5a^3b-18a^2b^2+2ab^3+6b^4)ab(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))}{2(a+b)(a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)}}{((\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))a-b(\tan^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))+a+b)^3} \right) \frac{1}{a^5}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(2*b^2/a^5*((-1/2*(20*a^4+5*a^3*b-18*a^2*b^2-2*a*b^3+6*b^4)*a*b/(a-b)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5-2/3*(30*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+9*b^4)*a*b/(a^2-2*a*b+b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3-1/2*(20*a^4-5*a^3*b-18*a^2*b^2+2*a*b^3+6*b^4)*a*b/(a+b)/(a^3-3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)))/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a-b*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^3+1/2*(20*a^6-35*a^4*b^2+28*a^2*b^4-8*b^6)/(a^6-3*a^4*b^2+3*a^2*b^4-b^6)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))-1/a^4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-4*b/a^5*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1)-1/a^4/(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1)+4*b/a^5*ln(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-1))`

### 3.485.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 989 vs. 2(291) = 582.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2048, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.65

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/12*(3*((20*a^6*b^5 - 35*a^4*b^7 + 28*a^2*b^9 - 8*b^11)*cos(d*x + c)^4
+ 3*(20*a^7*b^4 - 35*a^5*b^6 + 28*a^3*b^8 - 8*a*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(
20*a^8*b^3 - 35*a^6*b^5 + 28*a^4*b^7 - 8*a^2*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (20*a^9
*b^2 - 35*a^7*b^4 + 28*a^5*b^6 - 8*a^3*b^8)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)
*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^
2))*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 +
2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)) + 24*((a^8*b^4 - 4*a^6*b^6 + 6*a^4*b^8 - 4*a^2*
b^10 + b^12)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^9*b^3 - 4*a^7*b^5 + 6*a^5*b^7 - 4*a^3*b
^9 + a*b^11)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^10*b^2 - 4*a^8*b^4 + 6*a^6*b^6 - 4*a^4*
b^8 + a^2*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^11*b - 4*a^9*b^3 + 6*a^7*b^5 - 4*a^5*b
^7 + a^3*b^9)*cos(d*x + c))*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 24*((a^8*b^4 - 4*a^6*b
^6 + 6*a^4*b^8 - 4*a^2*b^10 + b^12)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^9*b^3 - 4*a^7*b
^5 + 6*a^5*b^7 - 4*a^3*b^9 + a*b^11)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a^10*b^2 - 4*a^8*b
^4 + 6*a^6*b^6 - 4*a^4*b^8 + a^2*b^10)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^11*b - 4*a^9*b
^3 + 6*a^7*b^5 - 4*a^5*b^7 + a^3*b^9)*cos(d*x + c))*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1)
- 2*(6*a^12 - 24*a^10*b^2 + 36*a^8*b^4 - 24*a^6*b^6 + 6*a^4*b^8 + (6*a^9*b
^3 - 71*a^7*b^5 + 133*a^5*b^7 - 92*a^3*b^9 + 24*a*b^11)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3
*(6*a^10*b^2 - 59*a^8*b^4 + 110*a^6*b^6 - 77*a^4*b^8 + 20*a^2*b^10)*cos(d*
x + c)^2 + (18*a^11*b - 132*a^9*b^3 + 239*a^7*b^5 - 169*a^5*b^7 + 44*a^3*b
^9)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^13*b^3 - 4*a^11*b^5 + 6*a^9*b^7 - 4...
```

### 3.485.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**4, x)`

**3.485.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

**3.485.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 587 vs. 2(291) = 582.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(20a^6b^2 - 35a^4b^4 + 28a^2b^6 - 8b^8) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(-2a+2b) + \arctan \left( -\frac{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - b \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right) \right)}{(a^{11} - 3a^9b^2 + 3a^7b^4 - a^5b^6) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} + \frac{60a^6b^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```

output -1/3*(3*(20*a^6*b^2 - 35*a^4*b^4 + 28*a^2*b^6 - 8*b^8)*(pi*floor(1/2*(d*x
+ c)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(-2*a + 2*b) + arctan(-(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - b*tan(1
/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/((a^11 - 3*a^9*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^4 - a^5*b^
6)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)) + (60*a^6*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 105*a^5*b^4*tan
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 24*a^4*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 117*a^3*b^6*tan(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 24*a^2*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 42*a*b^8*tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*b^9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 120*a^6*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^3 - 236*a^4*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 152*a^2*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^3 - 36*b^9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 60*a^6*b^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
) + 105*a^5*b^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 24*a^4*b^5*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1
17*a^3*b^6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 24*a^2*b^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 42*a*b
^8*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 18*b^9*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((a^10 - 3*a^8*b^2
+ 3*a^6*b^4 - a^4*b^6)*(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 + a + b)^3) + 12*b*log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))/a^5 - 12*b*log(abs
(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))/a^5 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c)^2 - 1)*a^4))/d

```

### 3.485.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7490, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.32

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```

input int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4),x)

```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b \operatorname{atan}((b((8 \tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) * (128*b^{16} - 128*a*b^{15} - 768*a^2*b^{14} + \\ & 768*a^3*b^{13} + 1920*a^4*b^{12} - 1920*a^5*b^{11} - 2600*a^6*b^{10} + 2560*a^7*b \\ & ^9 + 2025*a^8*b^8 - 1920*a^9*b^7 - 824*a^{10}*b^6 + 768*a^{11}*b^5 + 80*a^{12}*b \\ & ^4 - 128*a^{13}*b^3 + 64*a^{14}*b^2)))/(a^{18}*b + a^{19} - a^8*b^{11} - a^9*b^{10} + 5 \\ & *a^{10}*b^9 + 5*a^{11}*b^8 - 10*a^{12}*b^7 - 10*a^{13}*b^6 + 10*a^{14}*b^5 + 10*a^{15} \\ & *b^4 - 5*a^{16}*b^3 - 5*a^{17}*b^2) - (4*b*((16*(8*a^{23}*b - 8*a^{10}*b^{14} + 4*a^{11} \\ & *b^{13} + 52*a^{12}*b^{12} - 25*a^{13}*b^{11} - 143*a^{14}*b^{10} + 63*a^{15}*b^9 + 217* \\ & a^{16}*b^8 - 87*a^{17}*b^7 - 193*a^{18}*b^6 + 73*a^{19}*b^5 + 95*a^{20}*b^4 - 36*a^2 \\ & 1*b^3 - 20*a^{22}*b^2)))/(a^{22}*b + a^{23} - a^{12}*b^{11} - a^{13}*b^{10} + 5*a^{14}*b^9 \\ & + 5*a^{15}*b^8 - 10*a^{16}*b^7 - 10*a^{17}*b^6 + 10*a^{18}*b^5 + 10*a^{19}*b^4 - 5*a \\ & ^{20}*b^3 - 5*a^{21}*b^2) - (32*b*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(8*a^{23}*b - 8*a^{10}*b^{14} + \\ & 8*a^{11}*b^{13} + 48*a^{12}*b^{12} - 48*a^{13}*b^{11} - 120*a^{14}*b^{10} + 120*a^{15}*b^9 \\ & + 160*a^{16}*b^8 - 160*a^{17}*b^7 - 120*a^{18}*b^6 + 120*a^{19}*b^5 + 48*a^{20}*b^4 \\ & - 48*a^{21}*b^3 - 8*a^{22}*b^2)))/(a^5*(a^{18}*b + a^{19} - a^8*b^{11} - a^9*b^{10} + 5 \\ & *a^{10}*b^9 + 5*a^{11}*b^8 - 10*a^{12}*b^7 - 10*a^{13}*b^6 + 10*a^{14}*b^5 + 10*a^{15} \\ & *b^4 - 5*a^{16}*b^3 - 5*a^{17}*b^2))))/a^5)*4i)/a^5 + (b*((8*\tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2) \\ & )*(128*b^{16} - 128*a*b^{15} - 768*a^2*b^{14} + 768*a^3*b^{13} + 1920*a^4*b^{12} - 1 \\ & 920*a^5*b^{11} - 2600*a^6*b^{10} + 2560*a^7*b^9 + 2025*a^8*b^8 - 1920*a^9*b^7 \\ & - 824*a^{10}*b^6 + 768*a^{11}*b^5 + 80*a^{12}*b^4 - 128*a^{13}*b^3 + 64*a^{14}*b^2)) \\ & / (a^{18}*b + a^{19} - a^8*b^{11} - a^9*b^{10} + 5*a^{10}*b^9 + 5*a^{11}*b^8 - 10*a^{12}*b^7 - 10*a^{13}*b^6 + 10*a^{14}*b^5 + 10*a^{15}*b^4 - 5*a^{16}*b^3 - 5*a^{17}*b^2)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.486 $\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.486.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a(8a^2 + 19b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{105b^3 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(8a^4 + 17a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{105b^3 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(8a^2 + 25b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105b^2 d} - \frac{8a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{35b^2 d} + \frac{2 \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd}$$

output

```
-8/35*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/7*cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/105*(8*a^2+25*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d+2/105*a*(8*a^2+19*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/105*(8*a^4+17*a^2*b^2-25*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.486.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a(8a^3 + 8a^2b + 19ab^2 + 19b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 4(8a^4 + 17a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{210b^3d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(4*a*(8*a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 19*a*b^2 + 19*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 4*(8*a^4 + 17*a^2*b^2 - 25*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(-16*a^3 + 136*a*b^2 + (-4*a^2*b + 145*b^3)*Cos[c + d*x] + 36*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]/(210*b^3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.486.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (-4a \cos^2(c + dx) + 5b \cos(c + dx) + 2a) dx}{7b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(-4a \cos^2(c+dx)+5b \cos(c+dx)+2a) dx}{\frac{7b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} + \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+5b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2a) dx}{\frac{7b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} + \\
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(2ab-(8a^2+25b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{5b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{-\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(2ab-(8a^2+25b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{5b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{-\int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(2ab+(-8a^2-25b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{5b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \\
& \downarrow 3232 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{b(2a^2+25b^2)+a(8a^2+19b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{2 \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{\frac{5b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(2a^2+25b^2)+a(8a^2+19b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{\frac{5b}{7bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} +
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.486.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(2a^2+25b^2)+a(8a^2+19b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(8a^2+19b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{5b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(8a^2+19b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(8a^2+19b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{5b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(8a^2+19b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{5b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3132

---

3.486.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(8a^2+19b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - 8a \dots$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a(8a^2+19b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - 8a \dots$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a(8a^2+19b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - 8a \dots$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(8a^4+17a^2b^2-25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a(8a^2+19b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}}{5b} - 8a \dots$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{7bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output (2*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((-8*a*
(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) - (((-2*a*(8*a^2 + 19*b^2
)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqr
t[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*(8*a^4 + 17*a^2*b^2 - 25*b^4)*Sqrt[(
a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*S
qrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/3 - (2*(8*a^2 + 25*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]
*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)/(5*b))/(7*b)
```

### 3.486.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*SIN[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*SIN[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

rule 3231 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.486.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 826 vs.  $2(298) = 596$ .

Time = 7.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	827

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9*b^4+144*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*a*b^3-600*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*b^4-4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a^2*b^2-288*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^3+640*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^4-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^3*b+6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b^2+230*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^3-360*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^4-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4-17*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2+25*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^4+8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b+19*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2-19*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^3+8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*b-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*b^2-86*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^3+80*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^4)/b^3/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/...
```

### 3.486.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(16i a^4 + 32i a^2 b^2 - 75i b^4) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/315*(sqrt(2)*(16*I*a^4 + 32*I*a^2*b^2 - 75*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(-16*I*a^4 - 32*I*a^2*b^2 + 75*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^3*b - 19*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^3*b + 19*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(15*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c) - 4*a^2*b^2 + 25*b^4)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^4*d)
```

### 3.486.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

### 3.486.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**3.486.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.486.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



### 3.487 $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.487.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(2a^2 - 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{4a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15bd} + \frac{2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

```
output 2/5*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-4/15*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d-2/15*(2*a^2-9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+4/15*a*(a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.487.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2(2a^3 + 2a^2b - 9ab^2 - 9b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 4a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(-2*(2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - 9*a*b^2 - 9*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 4*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2 + 8*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]/(15*b^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.487.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3270}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(3b - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int (3b - 2a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int (3b - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3232} \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{7ab - (2a^2 - 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{7ab - (2a^2 - 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{7ab + (9b^2 - 2a^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{(2a^2 - 9b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{5b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{(2a^2 - 9b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{5b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{(2a^2 - 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{5b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.487.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{(2a^2-9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3132}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(2a^2-9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3142}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(2a^2-9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(2a^2-9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3140}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4a(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(2a^2-9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3140}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]],x]`

---

3.487.  $\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
output (2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + (((-2*(2*a^2 - 9*b^2)
)*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*ellipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*sqrt
[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (4*a*(a^2 - b^2)*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*
x])/(a + b)]*ellipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*sqrt[a + b*cos[c
+ d*x]]))/3 - (4*a*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)/(5*b)
```

### 3.487.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*ellipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*sin[c + d*x]]/sqrt[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*ellipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.487.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 664 vs.  $2(245) = 490$ .

Time = 6.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(24\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 16\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab^2 - 48\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 2\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/15*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(24*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*b^3+16*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^2-48*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5
*b^3+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b-24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^2+30*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^3+2*a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-2
*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))
^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/
(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b
^2-9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*a^2*b+8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^2-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^3)/b^2/(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/
(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.487.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(-4i a^3 - 3i ab^2) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right) + \sqrt{2}(4i$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/45*(sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^3 - 3*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^3 + 3*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*sqrt(2)*(2*I*a^2*b - 9*I*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-2*I*a^2*b + 9*I*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(3*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + a*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)`

### 3.487.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### 3.487.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a \cos(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`



**3.487.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.487.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.488 $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

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3.488.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3772
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3.488.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3776
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#### 3.488.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $2/3*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/3*a*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/3*(a^2-b^2)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)$

**3.488.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a(a + b) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a + b}\right) - 2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a + b}\right) + 2b(a + b)}{3bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(2*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]/(3*b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.488.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3232}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b + a \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b + a \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b + a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3142}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/3 + (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.488.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

**3.488.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 451 vs.  $2(204) = 408$ .

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a-b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(4\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+2\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab-6\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2-a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^2+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b-6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^2-a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2-(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^2)/b/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$
**3.488.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx$$

$$= \frac{3i\sqrt{2}ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}\right), \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b\cos(dx+c)}{2}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(3*I*sqrt(2)*a*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*a*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(2*I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(-2*I*a^2 + 3*I*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b))/(b^2*d)`

### 3.488.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.488.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c), x)`



**3.488.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.488.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.489 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.489.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3779
3.489.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3779
3.489.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3780
3.489.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3781
3.489.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3782
3.489.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3782
3.489.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3783
3.489.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3783
3.489.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3783

#### 3.489.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

output `2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)`

#### 3.489.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)])`

**3.489.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3134, 3042, 3132}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)])`

3.489.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

3.489.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a - b}}\right) (a - b)$	170
risch	Expression too large to display	104

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), (-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a-b)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.489.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -i \sqrt{2a} \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b} \right) + i \sqrt{2a} \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) - 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b} \right) + \frac{1}{b} \left( \frac{1}{3} (3b \cos(dx+c) + 3I b \sin(dx+c) + 2a) \right) + \frac{1}{b} \left( \frac{1}{3} (3b \cos(dx+c) - 3I b \sin(dx+c) + 2a) \right) + 3I \sqrt{2} b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta} \left( \frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{1}{3} (3b \cos(dx+c) + 3I b \sin(dx+c) + 2a) \right) \right) - 3I \sqrt{2} b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta} \left( \frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{1}{3} (3b \cos(dx+c) - 3I b \sin(dx+c) + 2a) \right) \right) \right) / (b*d)$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + I*sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/(b*d)`

**3.489.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.489.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.489.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.489.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.490 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.490.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3784
3.490.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3784
3.490.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3785
3.490.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3787
3.490.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	3788
3.490.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3788
3.490.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3788
3.490.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3789
3.490.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3789

#### 3.490.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(
d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elliptic
Pi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.490.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 13.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \left( b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) \right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*(b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.490.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3282, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3282} \\
 & b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + a \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a + b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3140} \\
& a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3286} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3284} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.490.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])]/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

### 3.490.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a-b}}\right)b - \Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b}d}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*b-\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*a)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.490.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### 3.490.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.490.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.490.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.490.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.491 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.491.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3790
3.491.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	3791
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#### 3.491.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.491.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 14.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$\frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2i \sqrt{-\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{b(1+\cos(c+dx))}{-a+b}} \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) \left(-2a(a-b)E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a+b}} \sqrt{a+b}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `((2*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)])))/(a*b*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)] + 4*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d)`

**3.491.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3539, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3275}$$

---

3.491.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(b - b \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(b - b \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b - b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3539 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{(b^2 + a \cos(c + dx)b) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(b^2 + a \cos(c + dx)b) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 + a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3134 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 + a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 + a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 + a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3481} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3286

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2ab \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*a*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/2 + (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.491.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3275 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3539 Int[((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])), x_Symbol] := Simp [C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a *c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b *c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.491.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 621 vs. 2(270) = 540.

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(2b\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+a-b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b+(-2a-2b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sqrt{-2b}}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(-2*a-2*b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b-EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b-b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d
```

---

3.491.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

**3.491.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.491.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`**3.491.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.491.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.491.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.492 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.492.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3800
3.492.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	3801
3.492.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3801
3.492.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3809
3.492.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	3810
3.492.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3810
3.492.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3810
3.492.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3811
3.492.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3811

#### 3.492.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 262

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4ad\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{(4a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4ad\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{4ad} + \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/4*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+3/4*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*(4*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d+1/2*sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.492.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2i \sqrt{-\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{b(1+\cos(c+dx))}{-a+b}}}{a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `((8*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*(8*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])) - ((2*I)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))] * Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)])))/(a^2*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]) + (4*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/a)/(16*d)`

**3.492.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3275} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(b \cos^2(c + dx) + 2a \cos(c + dx) + b) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(b \cos^2(c + dx) + 2a \cos(c + dx) + b) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(4a^2 + 2b \cos(c + dx)a - b^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{ad} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(4a^2 + 2b \cos(c + dx)a - b^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{ad} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 + 2b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b^2 - b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{ad} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3538}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{(3a \cos(c+dx)b^2 + (4a^2 - b^2)b) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} b} - b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(3a \cos(c+dx)b^2 + (4a^2 - b^2)b) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} b} - b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) b^2 + (4a^2 - b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - b \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) b^2 + (4a^2 - b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - \frac{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(4a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(4a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad}$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3286

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{6ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b(4a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{6ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2b(4a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + \frac{6ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{\frac{b}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((-2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((6*a*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(4*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(2*a) + (b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/4`

3.492.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

## 3.492.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3275 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.492.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 976 vs.  $2(323) = 646$ .

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 977, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	977

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-8*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*b^2+(12*a*b+8*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-4*a^2-6*a*b-2*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)+4*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(3*b*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-b*
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+b^2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-4*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b
))^(1/2))*a^2+EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^2)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(3*b*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(
1/2))*a-b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+b^2*Elliptic
E(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-4*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2+EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2
))*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+3*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b
/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))
*a+b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b
)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-4*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)...
```



**3.492.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.492.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`**3.492.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.492.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.492.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.493 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

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#### 3.493.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 314

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(8a^4 + 33a^2b^2 + 147b^4) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{315b^3d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{2a(8a^4 + 31a^2b^2 - 39b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{315b^3d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2a(8a^2 + 39b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{315b^2d} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2(8a^2 + 49b^2) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{315b^2d} \\
 &\quad - \frac{8a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{63b^2d} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2 \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{9bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\frac{2}{315}(8a^2+49b^2)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)/b^2/d-8/63a*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}\sin(dx+c)/b^2/d+2/9*\cos(dx+c)*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}\sin(dx+c)/b/d+2/315*a*(8a^2+39b^2)*\sin(dx+c)*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^2/d+2/315*(8a^4+33a^2*b^2+147b^4)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^{1/2}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^3/d/((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}-2/315*a*(8a^4+31a^2*b^2-39b^4)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^{1/2}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}/b^3/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}$$

### 3.493.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{8(8a^5+8a^4b+33a^3b^2+33a^2b^3+147ab^4+147b^5)}{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 8a(8a^4+dx)$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output 
$$(8*(8a^5+8a^4b+33a^3b^2+33a^2b^3+147ab^4+147b^5)*\text{Sqrt}[(a+b\cos[c+dx])/(a+b)]*\text{EllipticE}[(c+dx)/2, (2b)/(a+b)] - 8a*(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(a+b\cos[c+dx])/(a+b)]*\text{EllipticF}[(c+dx)/2, (2b)/(a+b)] + b*(-32a^4+916a^2b^2+301b^4+(-8a^3b+1606a*b^3)*\cos[c+dx] + 4*(53a^2b^2+84b^4)*\cos[2*(c+dx)] + 170a*b^3*\cos[3*(c+dx)] + 35b^4*\cos[4*(c+dx)])*\sin[c+dx])/(1260*b^3*d*\text{Sqrt}[a+b\cos[c+dx]])$$

### 3.493.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.493.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (-4a\cos^2(c+dx)+7b\cos(c+dx)+2a) dx}{\frac{9b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (-4a\cos^2(c+dx)+7b\cos(c+dx)+2a) dx}{\frac{9b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+7b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2a) dx}{\frac{9b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (6ab-(8a^2+49b^2)\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{9b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (6ab-(8a^2+49b^2)\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{9b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (6ab+(-8a^2-49b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{9b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3232}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.493.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(b(2a^2-49b^2)-a(8a^2+39b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx - \frac{2(8a^2+49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(b(2a^2-49b^2)-a(8a^2+39b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx - \frac{2(8a^2+49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b(2a^2-49b^2)-a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{2(8a^2+49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{2ab(a^2+93b^2)+(8a^4+33b^2a^2+147b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) - \frac{2(8a^2+49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2ab(a^2+93b^2)+(8a^4+33b^2a^2+147b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) - \frac{2(8a^2+49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2ab(a^2+93b^2)+(8a^4+33b^2a^2+147b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) - \frac{2(8a^2+49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

---

3.493.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4)}{b} \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd} \quad 9b$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4)}{b} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd} \quad 9b$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd} \quad 9b$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd} \quad 9b$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd} \quad 9b$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{2(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{7b} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{7b} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{2(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{7b} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{7b} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(8a^4+31a^2b^2-39b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - \frac{2(8a^4+33a^2b^2+147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{7b} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2a(8a^2+39b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{7b} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((-8*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) - ((-2*(8*a^2 + 49*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((-2*(8*a^4 + 33*a^2*b^2 + 147*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*a*(8*a^4 + 31*a^2*b^2 - 39*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/3 - (2*a*(8*a^2 + 39*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5)/(7*b))/(9*b)`



## 3.493.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.493.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 994 vs.  $2(344) = 688$ .

Time = 8.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 995, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	995

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/315*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1120*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10*b^5+(1360*a*b^4+2240*b^5)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-424*a^2*b^3-2040*a*b^4-2072*b^5)*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-4*a^3*b^2+424*a^2*b^3+1568*a*b^4+952*b
^5)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(8*a^4*b+2*a^3*b^2-282*a^2*b^3
-444*a*b^4-168*b^5)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^5-31*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b^2+39*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(
-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^4+8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*
b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^5-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/
2))*a^4*b+33*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b
^2-33*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/
(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^3+147*
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-...

```

### 3.493.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$4\sqrt{2}(-4i a^5 - 15i a^3 b^2 + 66i a b^4)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c)+3i b \sin(dx+c)}{3b}\right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/945*(4*sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^5 - 15*I*a^3*b^2 + 66*I*a*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 4*sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^5 + 15*I*a^3*b^2 - 66*I*a*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^4*b - 33*I*a^2*b^3 - 147*I*b^5)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^4*b + 33*I*a^2*b^3 + 147*I*b^5)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 6*(35*b^5*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 50*a*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 4*a^3*b^2 + 88*a*b^4 + (3*a^2*b^3 + 49*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^4*d)`

### 3.493.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.493.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.493.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.493.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.494 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

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#### 3.494.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{105b^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(6a^4 - 31a^2b^2 + 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{105b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$-\frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105bd}$$

$$-\frac{4a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{35bd} + \frac{2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd}$$

output

```
-4/35*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/7*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*s
in(d*x+c)/b/d-2/105*(6*a^2-25*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d-4
/105*a*(3*a^2-41*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b
^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/105*(6*a^4-31*a^2*b^2+25*b^4)*(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)
```

**3.494.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{-8a(3a^3 + 3a^2b - 41ab^2 - 41b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 4(6a^4 - 31a^2b^2 + 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-8*a*(3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b - 41*a*b^2 - 41*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 4*(6*a^4 - 31*a^2*b^2 + 25*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(12*a^3 + 178*a*b^2 + b*(108*a^2 + 145*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 78*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(210*b^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.494.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3270} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(5b - 2a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int (5b - 2a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int (5b - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (19ab - (6a^2 - 25b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (19ab - (6a^2 - 25b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (19ab + (25b^2 - 6a^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b(51a^2 + 25b^2) - 2a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(51a^2 + 25b^2) - 2a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d}}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.494.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$



$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(51a^2+25b^2)-2a(3a^2-41b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(6a^2-25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4-31a^2b^2+25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(3a^2-41b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2-25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4-31a^2b^2+25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(3a^2-41b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2-25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4-31a^2b^2+25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(3a^2-41b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2-25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4-31a^2b^2+25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(3a^2-41b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2-25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}$$


---


$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4 - 31a^2b^2 + 25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{4a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4 - 31a^2b^2 + 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(6a^4 - 31a^2b^2 + 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(6a^4 - 31a^2b^2 + 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4a(3a^2 - 41b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(6a^2 - 25b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((-4*a*(a + b*cos[c
+ d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (((-4*a*(3*a^2 - 41*b^2)*sqrt[a + b*cos
s[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c
+ d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*(6*a^4 - 31*a^2*b^2 + 25*b^4)*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d
*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*sqrt[a + b*cos[c
+ d*x]]))/3 - (2*(6*a^2 - 25*b^2)*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(
(3*d))/5)/(7*b)
```

### 3.494.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.494.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 826 vs.  $2(292) = 584$ .

Time = 7.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	827

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/105*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9*b^4+312*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*a*b^3-600*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*b^4+108*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a^2*b^2-624*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^3+640*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^4+6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^3*b-162*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b^2+440*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^3-360*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^4+6*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4-31*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2+25*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^4-6*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4+6*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b+82*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2-82*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^3-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*b+54*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*b^2-128*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^3+80*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^4)/b^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*...

```

### 3.494.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(-12i a^4 + 11i a^2 b^2 - 75i b^4) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c)+3}{b}\right)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/315*(sqrt(2)*(-12*I*a^4 + 11*I*a^2*b^2 - 75*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(12*I*a^4 - 11*I*a^2*b^2 + 75*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 6*sqrt(2)*(3*I*a^3*b - 41*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 6*sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^3*b + 41*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(15*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 24*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^2*b^2 + 25*b^4)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)`

### 3.494.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.494.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.494.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.494.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.495 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

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3.495.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3834
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#### 3.495.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{5bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{5bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output  $2/5*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*a*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/5*(a^2+3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/5*a*(a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)$



**3.495.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a^3 + a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{5bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`output `(2*(a^3 + a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(4*a^2 + b^2 + 6*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.495.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\ & \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{3}{2} (b + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{3}{5} \int (b + a \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{3}{5} \int \left( b + a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3232} \\
\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{4ab + (a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4ab + (a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4ab + (a^2 + 3b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231} \\
\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx}{b} - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3042}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3132}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3142}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3042}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3140}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*(((2*(a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/3 + (2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5`

### 3.495.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b]*Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[(a + b)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b) Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.495.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 662 vs. 2(237) = 474.

Time = 6.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\left(8\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 12\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab^2 - 16\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 4\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/5*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*b^3+12*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^2-16*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b
^3+4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b-18*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^2+10*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^3*b^3-a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+a*b^2
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/
2))*a^2*b+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(
a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-3*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3-4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*b
+6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^2-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^3)/b/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.495.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}(-i a^3 + 3i ab^2)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right) + 2\sqrt{2}(i a^3 + 3i ab^2)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) - 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output -1/15*(2*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 + 3*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a
^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*
b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 2*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 - 3*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstra
ssPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*
cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2*b - 3*I*b^
3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2
)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2
)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*sqrt(2)*
(I*a^2*b + 3*I*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*
(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*
(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b
)) - 6*(b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 2*a*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)
)/(b^2*d)
```

### 3.495.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*cos(c + d*x), x)
```

### 3.495.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)
```

**3.495.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.495.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



### 3.496 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.496.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3842
3.496.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3843
3.496.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3843
3.496.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3847
3.496.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3847
3.496.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3848
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3.496.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3849
3.496.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3849

#### 3.496.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{8a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $\frac{2}{3}b\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{a+b\cos(dx+c)}/d+8/3a\sqrt{\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)}^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2}\sqrt{b/(a+b)})\sqrt{a+b\cos(dx+c)}/d/(\sqrt{a+b\cos(dx+c)})^{1/2}-2/3\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\sqrt{\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)}^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2}\sqrt{b/(a+b)})\sqrt{a+b\cos(dx+c)}/d/(\sqrt{a+b\cos(dx+c)})^{1/2}$

**3.496.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{8a(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`output `(8*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.496.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {3042, 3135, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3135} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{3a^2 + 4b \cos(c + dx)a + b^2}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3a^2 + 4b \cos(c + dx)a + b^2}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3a^2 + 4b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b^2}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 4a \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx - (a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 4a \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{8a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3142}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `((8*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/3 + (2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.496.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3135 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[1/n Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[a^2*n + b^2*(n - 1) + a*b*(2*n - 1)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

**3.496.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs.  $2(199) = 398$ .

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a-b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+2\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab-6\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2-a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx)}{2}}}\right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{2}{3} * ((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * (4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^2+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b-6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^2-a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * ((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)}) + b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * ((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)}) + 4*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * ((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)}) * a^2 - 4*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} * ((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)}) * a*b - 2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b + 2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^2) / (-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b + (a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} / \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) / (-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^{(1/2)} / d$$

**3.496.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{12i \sqrt{2} ab^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}\right), \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(12*I*sqrt(2)*a*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 12*I*sqrt(2)*a*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^2 + 3*I*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b))/(b*d)`

### 3.496.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.496.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.496.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.496.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



### 3.497 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.497.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))
/(a+b))^(1/2)+2*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellipt
icF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*c
os(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.497.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 26.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} (b(a+b)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b}) + a(b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}) + a \operatorname{EllipticPi}(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)))}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*(b*(a + b)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*(b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]))/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.497.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3283, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3282, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3283} \\ & b \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx + a \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & b \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + a \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& a \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3282} \\
& a \left( b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + a \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
& a \left( a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
& a \left( a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3286} \\
& a \left( \frac{a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( \frac{a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3284}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + a\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2,\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + a*((2*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.497.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3283 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])]/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

### 3.497.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}}\left(bF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a-b}}\right)a + bE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{-2b\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}\sqrt{-2b\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

---

3.497.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(b*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-b^2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.497.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### 3.497.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.497.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.497.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.497.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`



### 3.498 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.498.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{(a^2 + 2b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
-a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+(a^2+2*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+3*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.498.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = b \left( \frac{8b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2i \sqrt{-\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(b*((8*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (10*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], (a + b)/(a - b)])))/(b^2*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]) + 4*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d)`

**3.498.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(2 \cos(c+dx)b^2 - a \cos^2(c+dx)b + 3ab) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(2 \cos(c+dx)b^2 - a \cos^2(c+dx)b + 3ab) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2 - a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b + 3ab}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{(3ab^2+(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx)b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - a \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(3ab^2+(a^2+2b^2) \cos(c+dx)b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - a \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ab^2+(a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - a \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ab^2+(a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ab^2 + (a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3132 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ab^2 + (a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3481 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b(a^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + 3ab^2 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b(a^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3142 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b(a^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + 3ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b(a^2+2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓  
3140

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b(a^2+2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓  
3286

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2b(a^2+2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓  
3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2b(a^2+2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓  
3284

---

3.498.  $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2b(a^2+2b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6ab^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{a \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `((-2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*a*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/2 + (a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.498.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3278 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.498.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 739 vs.  $2(282) = 564$ .

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(2b(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + a - b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 4 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) ab + (-2a^2 - 2ab) (\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 2 \sqrt{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a*b+(-2*a^2-2*a*b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*
a^2+2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^2-EllipticE(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2+b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b
/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-3*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b
)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1
/2))*a^2+2*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))- (si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1
/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*b*Elliptic
E(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-3*a*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)))/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d
```



**3.498.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.498.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.498.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.498.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.498.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.499 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.499.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3868
3.499.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	3869
3.499.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3869
3.499.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3877
3.499.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	3878
3.499.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3879
3.499.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3879
3.499.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3879
3.499.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3880

#### 3.499.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = -\frac{5b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{7ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(4a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{5b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output

```
-5/4*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+7/4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*(4*a^2+3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+5/4*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.499.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{4ab \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(8a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5i \sqrt{\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `((4*a*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + ((8*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((5*I)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b))))/(a*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])*(2*a + 5*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(8*d)`

**3.499.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3278 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(ab \cos^2(c+dx) + 2(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 5ab) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(ab \cos^2(c+dx) + 2(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 5ab) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{ab \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 2(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 5ab}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(2b \cos(c+dx)a^2 - 5b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a + (4a^2 + 3b^2)a) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(2b \cos(c+dx)a^2 - 5b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a + (4a^2 + 3b^2)a) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2 - 5b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + (4a^2 + 3b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \downarrow 3538
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{(7a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2 + a(4a^2+3b^2)b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} b} dx}{2a} - 5ab \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(7a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2 + a(4a^2+3b^2)b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} b} dx}{2a} - 5ab \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2 + a(4a^2+3b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - 5ab \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \downarrow 3134$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2 + a(4a^2+3b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - \frac{5ab \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(4a^2+3b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{5ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{7a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(4a^2+3b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{7a^2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + ab(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{7a^2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + ab(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{5b \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{7a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b} - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

2a

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

2d

3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{7a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b} - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

2a

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

2d

3140

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{14a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

2a

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

2d

3286



$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{14a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ab(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{14a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{14a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2ab(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{10ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{a \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((-10*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((14*a^2*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(2*a) + (5*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/4`

## 3.499.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*SIN[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*SIN[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x])*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.499.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 979 vs.  $2(316) = 632$ .

Time = 6.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 980, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	980

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-40*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*b^2+(28*a*b+40*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-4*a^2-14*a*b-10*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)-4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(4*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))
*a^2+3*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^2-7*b*Ellipti
cF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+5*b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-5*b^2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(
1/2)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(4*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-
2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2+3*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*b^2-7*b*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+5*b*EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-5*b^2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(
a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^2+7*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(
a-b))^(1/2))*a-5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1...

```

### 3.499.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.499.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.499.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`**3.499.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.499.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.500 $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.500.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3881
3.500.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3882
3.500.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3882
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#### 3.500.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 371

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 693b^3 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} - \frac{2(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 693b^3 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} + \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{693b^2 d} + \frac{2a(8a^2 + 67b^2) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{693b^2 d} + \frac{2(8a^2 + 81b^2) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{693b^2 d} - \frac{8a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{99b^2 d} + \frac{2 \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{11bd}$$



output  $\frac{2}{693}a(8a^2+67b^2)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)/b^2/d+2/693(8a^2+81b^2)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}\sin(dx+c)/b^2/d-8/99a(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{7/2}\sin(dx+c)/b^2/d+2/11\cos(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{7/2}\sin(dx+c)/b/d+2/693(8a^4+57a^2b^2+135b^4)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^2/d+2/693a(8a^4+51a^2b^2+741b^4)(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2}(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^3/d/((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2})-2/693(8a^6+49a^4b^2+78a^2b^4-135b^6)(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)*\text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2}(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}/b^3/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2})$

### 3.500.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{16\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}(b(2a^4b+663a^2b^3+135b^5)\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)+a(8a^4+51a^2b^2+741b^4))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output  $(16*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*(b*(2*a^4*b + 663*a^2*b^3 + 135*b^5)*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*(8*a^4 + 51*a^2*b^2 + 741*b^4)*((a + b)*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - a*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])) - b*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*((64*a^4 - 3732*a^2*b^2 - 2610*b^4)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] - b*(4*(6*a^3 + 619*a*b^2)*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + b*((452*a^2 + 513*b^2)*\text{Sin}[3*(c + d*x)] + 7*b*(46*a*\text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)] + 9*b*\text{Sin}[5*(c + d*x)])))))/(5544*b^3*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.500.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 24, number of rules used = 24,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.043$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.500.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (-4a\cos^2(c+dx)+9b\cos(c+dx)+2a) dx}{\frac{11b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (-4a\cos^2(c+dx)+9b\cos(c+dx)+2a) dx}{\frac{11b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (-4a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+9b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2a) dx}{\frac{11b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (10ab-(8a^2+81b^2)\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{11b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (10ab-(8a^2+81b^2)\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{11b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (10ab+(-8a^2-81b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{11b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3232}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.500.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{7} \int \frac{5}{2} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (3b(2a^2-27b^2)-a(8a^2+67b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx - \frac{2(8a^2+81b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd} \quad 11b$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{5}{7} \int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (3b(2a^2-27b^2)-a(8a^2+67b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx - \frac{2(8a^2+81b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd} \quad 11b$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{5}{7} \int (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (3b(2a^2-27b^2)-a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{2(8a^2+81b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd} \quad 11b$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} (2ab(a^2-101b^2)-(8a^4+57b^2a^2+135b^4) \cos(c+dx)) dx - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+81b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd} \quad 11b$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} (2ab(a^2-101b^2)-(8a^4+57b^2a^2+135b^4) \cos(c+dx)) dx - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+81b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd} \quad 11b$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (2ab(a^2-101b^2)+(-8a^4-57b^2a^2-135b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \frac{2(8a^2+81b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd} \quad 11b$$

---

3.500.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b(2a^4+663b^2a^2+135b^4)+a(8a^4+51b^2a^2+741b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2(8a^4+57a^2b^2+135b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right)$$


---

9b

11b

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(2a^4+663b^2a^2+135b^4)+a(8a^4+51b^2a^2+741b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2(8a^4+57a^2b^2+135b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right)$$


---

9b

11b

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(2a^4+663b^2a^2+135b^4)+a(8a^4+51b^2a^2+741b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(8a^4+57a^2b^2+135b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right)$$


---

9b

11b

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6+49a^4b^2+78a^2b^4-135b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{a(8a^4+51a^2b^2+741b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{b} dx \right) - \frac{2(8a^4+57a^2b^2+135b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right)$$


---

9b

11b

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6+49a^4b^2+78a^2b^4-135b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a(8a^4+51a^2b^2+741b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{b} dx \right) - \frac{2(8a^4+57a^2b^2+135b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3d} \right) - \frac{2a(8a^2+67b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right)$$


---

9b

11b

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3134

---

3.500.  $\int \cos^3(c+dx) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right) - \frac{2(8a^4 + 57a^2b^2 + 135b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{9b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

3.500.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(8a^6 + 49a^4b^2 + 78a^2b^4 - 135b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - \frac{2a(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}\right) - 2(8a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 741b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

96

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{11bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(11*b*d) + ((-8*a*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) - ((-2*(8*a^2 + 81*b^2)*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*((-2*a*(8*a^2 + 67*b^2)*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((-2*a*(8*a^4 + 51*a^2*b^2 + 741*b^4)*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)])) + (2*(8*a^6 + 49*a^4*b^2 + 78*a^2*b^4 - 135*b^6)*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]])))/3 - (2*(8*a^4 + 57*a^2*b^2 + 135*b^4)*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5)/7)/(9*b))/(11*b)`

### 3.500.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos
[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.500.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1139 vs.  $2(397) = 794$ .

Time = 14.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1140, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1140

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/693*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4032*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^12*b^6+(-7168*a*b^5-10080*b^6)*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^10*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(4384*a^2*b^4+14336*a*b^5+11376*b^6)*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-928*a^3*b^3-6576*a^2*b^4-13232*a*b
^5-6984*b^6)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-4*a^4*b^2+928*a^3*b
^3+5024*a^2*b^4+6064*a*b^5+2772*b^6)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)+(8*a^5*b+2*a^4*b^2-642*a^3*b^3-1416*a^2*b^4-1338*a*b^5-558*b^6)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)
)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2
*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^6-49*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(
1/2))*a^4*b^2-78*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a
^2*b^4+135*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(
a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^6+8*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^6-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*Ellipt
icE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^5*b+51*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(co...
```



**3.500.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(16i a^6 + 96i a^4 b^2 - 507i a^2 b^4 - 405i b^6) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3}{27b^3}\right) + \dots}{(b^4 d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2079*(sqrt(2)*(16*I*a^6 + 96*I*a^4*b^2 - 507*I*a^2*b^4 - 405*I*b^6)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(-16*I*a^6 - 96*I*a^4*b^2 + 507*I*a^2*b^4 + 405*I*b^6)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^5*b - 51*I*a^3*b^3 - 741*I*a*b^5)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^5*b + 51*I*a^3*b^3 + 741*I*a*b^5)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(63*b^6*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 161*a*b^5*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 4*a^4*b^2 + 205*a^2*b^4 + 135*b^6 + (113*a^2*b^4 + 81*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*a^3*b^3 + 229*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^4*d)`

**3.500.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.500.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

**3.500.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.500.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.500.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.501 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

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#### 3.501.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{315b^2d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} +$$

$$\frac{4a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{315b^2d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{315bd} -$$

$$\frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{315bd} -$$

$$\frac{4a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{63bd} + \frac{2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{9bd}$$

output `-2/315*(10*a^2-49*b^2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-4/63*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/9*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-4/315*a*(5*a^2-57*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d-2/315*(10*a^4-279*a^2*b^2-147*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+4/315*a*(5*a^4-62*a^2*b^2+57*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.501.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{-8(10a^5 + 10a^4b - 279a^3b^2 - 279a^2b^3 - 147ab^4 - 147b^5) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 16a^5 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[\frac{c+dx}{2}, \frac{2b}{a+b}\right] + 16a^4 b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\frac{c+dx}{2}, \frac{2b}{a+b}\right] + b(40a^4 + 1984a^2b^2 + 301b^4 + 4ab(160a^2 + 619b^2)\cos[c+dx] + 8(85a^2b^2 + 42b^4)\cos[2(c+dx)] + 260ab^3\cos[3(c+dx)] + 35b^4\cos[4(c+dx)])\sin[c+dx]}{1260b^2d\sqrt{a+b\cos[c+dx]}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`output `(-8*(10*a^5 + 10*a^4*b - 279*a^3*b^2 - 279*a^2*b^3 - 147*a*b^4 - 147*b^5)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 16*a*(5*a^4 - 62*a^2*b^2 + 57*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(40*a^4 + 1984*a^2*b^2 + 301*b^4 + 4*a*b*(160*a^2 + 619*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 8*(85*a^2*b^2 + 42*b^4)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 260*a*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)] + 35*b^4*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(1260*b^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.501.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3270} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2}(7b - 2a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int (7b - 2a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (7b - 2a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{\frac{2}{7} \int \frac{1}{2}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (39ab - (10a^2 - 49b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (39ab - (10a^2 - 49b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (39ab + (49b^2 - 10a^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{4a \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (b(55a^2 + 49b^2) - 2a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (b(55a^2 + 49b^2) - 2a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.501.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (b(55a^2 + 49b^2) - 2a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{ab(155a^2 + 261b^2) - (10a^4 - 279b^2a^2 - 147b^4) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{ab(155a^2 + 261b^2) - (10a^4 - 279b^2a^2 - 147b^4) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{ab(155a^2 + 261b^2) + (-10a^4 + 279b^2a^2 + 147b^4) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4)}{b} \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4)}{b} \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2(10a^2 - 49b^2) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right)}{9b} = \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

---

3.501.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2)}{9b} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

3134

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2)}{9b} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2)}{9b} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

3132

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2)}{9b} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

3142

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 57b^2)}{9b} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

3042

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4a(5a^4 - 62a^2b^2 + 57b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - \frac{2(10a^4 - 279a^2b^2 - 147b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}\right) \right) \right)}{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \quad 9b$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((-4*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + ((-2*(10*a^2 - 49*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((( -2*(10*a^4 - 279*a^2*b^2 - 147*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (4*a*(5*a^4 - 62*a^2*b^2 + 57*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/3 - (4*a*(5*a^2 - 57*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5)/7)/(9*b)`

### 3.501.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`



```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x
], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Ne
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.501.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 994 vs.  $2(338) = 676$ .

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 995, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	995

---

3.501.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/315*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1120*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10*b^5+(2080*a*b^4+2240*b^5)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-1360*a^2*b^3-3120*a*b^4-2072*b^5)*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(320*a^3*b^2+1360*a^2*b^3+2408*a*b^4+95
2*b^5)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*a^4*b-160*a^3*b^2-666*
a^2*b^3-684*a*b^4-168*b^5)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+10*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^5-124*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*Ellipti
cF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b^2+114*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^4-10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^5+10*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*
b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4*b+279*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))
^(1/2))*a^3*b^2-279*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*a^2*b^3+147*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*...
```

### 3.501.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(-20i a^5 + 93i a^3 b^2 - 489i a b^4) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c)}{27b^3}\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `1/945*(sqrt(2)*(-20*I*a^5 + 93*I*a^3*b^2 - 489*I*a*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(20*I*a^5 - 93*I*a^3*b^2 + 489*I*a*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*sqrt(2)*(10*I*a^4*b - 279*I*a^2*b^3 - 147*I*b^5)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-10*I*a^4*b + 279*I*a^2*b^3 + 147*I*b^5)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(35*b^5*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 95*a*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^3*b^2 + 163*a*b^4 + (75*a^2*b^3 + 49*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)`

### 3.501.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.501.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.501.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.501.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.502 $\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.502.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3902
3.502.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3903
3.502.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3903
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#### 3.502.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{21bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{21bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2a(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
2/7*a*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/d+2/21*(3*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/21*a*(3*a
^2+29*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*co
s(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/21*(3*a^4+2*a^2*b^2-5*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2
^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(
1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.502.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{4a(3a^3 + 3a^2b + 29ab^2 + 29b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 4(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(4*a*(3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 29*a*b^2 + 29*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 4*(3*a^4 + 2*a^2*b^2 - 5*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(36*a^3 + 44*a*b^2 + b*(72*a^2 + 29*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 24*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 3*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]*Sin[c + d*x])/(42*b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.502.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\ & \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{5}{2} (b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \int (b + a \cos(c + dx))(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \int \left(b + a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (8ab + (3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (8ab + (3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(8ab + (3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b(27a^2 + 5b^2) + a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(27a^2 + 5b^2) + a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(27a^2 + 5b^2) + a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \downarrow \text{3231}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \downarrow \text{3134}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \downarrow \text{3132}$$



$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \right) \right) \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \dots}}}{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right) \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(3a^4 + 2a^2b^2 - 5b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \dots}}}{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right) \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(3a^2 + 29b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) \right) \right) \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*((2*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (((2*a*(3*a^2 + 29*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(3*a^4 + 2*a^2*b^2 - 5*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/3 + (2*(3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5)/7`

## 3.502.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.502.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 826 vs.  $2(283) = 566$ .

Time = 7.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	827

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/21*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(48*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9*b^4+96*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*a*b^3-120*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
7*b^4+72*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a^2*b^2-192*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^3+128*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^4+18*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^3*b-108*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^3*a^2*b^2+130*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^3-72*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^4-3*
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2+5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b
/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^4+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4-
3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b+29*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2-29*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^3-18*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*b+36*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)*a^2*b^2-34*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^3+16*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^4)/b/(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*...
```

**3.502.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(6i a^4 - 23i a^2 b^2 - 15i b^4)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c)}{3b}\right)}{1}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/63*(sqrt(2)*(6*I*a^4 - 23*I*a^2*b^2 - 15*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(-6*I*a^4 + 23*I*a^2*b^2 + 15*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^3*b - 29*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(3*I*a^3*b + 29*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(3*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 9*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 9*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)
```

**3.502.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.502.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.502.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.502.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.503 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

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#### 3.503.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{16a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{16ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{2b(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/5*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+16/15*a*b*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/15*(23*a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-16/15*a*(a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.503.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(23a^3 + 23a^2b + 9ab^2 + 9b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 16a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + b(22a^2 + 3b^2 + 28ab \cos[c + dx] + 3b^2 \cos[2(c + dx)]) \sin[c + dx]}{15d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(23*a^3 + 23*a^2*b + 9*a*b^2 + 9*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 16*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(22*a^2 + 3*b^2 + 28*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]/(15*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.503.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.071$ , Rules used = {3042, 3135, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3135} \\ & \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (5a^2 + 8b \cos(c + dx)a + 3b^2) dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (5a^2 + 8b \cos(c + dx)a + 3b^2) dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( 5a^2 + 8b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + 3b^2 \right) dx +}{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3232} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{a(15a^2 + 17b^2) + b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{a(15a^2 + 17b^2) + b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{a(15a^2 + 17b^2) + b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (23a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx - 8a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (23a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx - 8a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx \right) + \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - 8a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - 8a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \downarrow \text{3132}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - 8a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \downarrow \text{3142}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{8a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{8a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \downarrow \text{3140}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{16a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (((2*(23*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (16*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/3 + (16*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5`

### 3.503.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b]*Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[(a + b)*Sin[c + d*x]/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`



input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/15*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(24*\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*b^3+56*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^2-48*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5 \\ & *b^3+22*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b-84*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^2+30*\cos(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^3-8*a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+ \\ & 8*a*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b) \\ & )^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+23*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*a^3-23*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2 \\ & *b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2 \\ & *b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*a^2*b+9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})* \\ & a*b^2-9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b) \\ & )^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*b^3-22*\cos(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c)*a^2*b+28*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^2-6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^3)/(-2*s \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & /(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.503.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(i a^3 - 33i ab^2)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right)}{}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/45*(sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 - 33*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2
- 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*s
in(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 + 33*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassP
Inverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos
(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-23*I*a^2*b - 9*I*b^
3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2
)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2
)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*sqrt(2)*
(23*I*a^2*b + 9*I*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/
27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/
27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a
)/b)) + 6*(3*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 11*a*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x
+ c))/(b*d)
```

### 3.503.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

### 3.503.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**3.503.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.503.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.504 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.504.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{14ab\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2b(2a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+14/3*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2
)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(
1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*b*(2*a^
2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*c
os(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ell
ipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a
+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.504.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{4b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a(6a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{14i \sqrt{-\frac{b(-1 + \cos(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]`

output `((4*b*(9*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*a*(6*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + ((14*I)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)]))/Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)] + 4*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

**3.504.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3272 \\
& \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(3a^3 + 7b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a + b(9a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(3a^3 + 7b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a + b(9a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3a^3 + 7b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + b(9a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 7ab \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx - \frac{\int -\frac{(3ba^3 + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(3ba^3 + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} + 7ab \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ba^3 + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + 7ab \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3134
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ba^3 + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{7ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ba^3 + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{7ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3ba^3 + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{14ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3 b \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{14ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3 b \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{14ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3b \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b^2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b} + \frac{14ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3b \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b^2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b} + \frac{14ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3140}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3b \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b^2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{14ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3286}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2b^2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{14ab\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^3 b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(2a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{14ab \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{6a^3 b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(2a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{14ab \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

```
output ((14*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*b^2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])) + (6*a^3*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/3 + (2*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)
```

3.504.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

---

3.504.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx$

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

```
rule 3286 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt
[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c +
d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3481 Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.504.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a-b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{4\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3+2\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab^2-6\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3+2a^2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-2/3*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^3+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^2-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^3+2*a^2*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b-7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-3*a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^2+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^3)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.504.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### 3.504.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.504.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.504.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.504.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`



### 3.505 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.505.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{5a^2 b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
output -(a^2-2*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*co
s(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+a*(a^2+4*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos
(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+5*a^2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a
+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+a^2*(a
+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

### 3.505.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{24ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b(9a^2+2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2i(a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `((24*a*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*b*(9*a^2 + 2*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + ((2*I)*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*Csc[c + d*x]*(2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] - b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)])))/(a*b*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]) + 4*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d)`

### 3.505.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(5ba^2 + 6b^2 \cos(c + dx)a - b(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(5ba^2 + 6b^2 \cos(c + dx)a - b(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{5ba^2 + 6b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( - \left( (a^2 - 2b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) - \frac{\int - \frac{(5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)b) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)b) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - (a^2 - 2b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - (a^2 - 2b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - (a^2 - 2b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3134}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2 + a(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ab(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + 5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + ab(a^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab(a^2+4b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab(a^2+4b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2ab(a^2+4b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3286

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5a^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2ab(a^2+4b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5a^2b^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2ab(a^2+4b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2)}{b} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \downarrow 3284$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2ab(a^2+4b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10a^2b^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) - \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

```
output ((-2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*a*b*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (10*a^2*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/2 + (a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d
```

3.505.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

---

3.505.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

```
rule 3286 Int[1/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt
[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c +
d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3481 Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])/(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[
B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.505.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 959 vs.  $2(295) = 590$ .

Time = 10.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 960, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	960

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

-((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a^2*b+(-2*a^3-2*a^2*b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/
2))*a^3+4*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(
-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*a*b^2-2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3-5*EllipticP
i(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3+4*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b
/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1
/2))*a*b^2-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^...

```

### 3.505.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.505.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.505.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`**3.505.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.505.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.506 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.506.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = -\frac{9ab\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{b(11a^2 + 8b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{a(4a^2 + 15b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{9ab\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

```
output -9/4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*
x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+1/4*b*(11*a^2+8*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*
cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*a*(4*a^2+15*b^2)*(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+
c))^(1/2)+9/4*a*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a^2*sec(d*x+c)*(
a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.506.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{4b(a^2 + 4b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{a(8a^2 + 21b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{9i \sqrt{-\frac{b(-1 + \cos(c+dx))}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `((4*b*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (a*(8*a^2 + 21*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((9*I)*Sqrt[-(b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)]))/Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)] + 2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*a + 9*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(8*d)`

**3.506.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(9ba^2 + 2(a^2 + 6b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(9ba^2 + 2(a^2 + 6b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{9ba^2 + 2(a^2 + 6b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + b(a^2 + 4b^2) \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(-9b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a^2 + (4a^2 + 15b^2)a^2 + 2b(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{9ab \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(-9b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a^2 + (4a^2 + 15b^2)a^2 + 2b(a^2 + 4b^2) \cos(c + dx)a) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{9ab \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-9b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + (4a^2+15b^2)a^2 + 2b(a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3538

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{(b(4a^2+15b^2)a^2+b^2(11a^2+8b^2) \cos(c+dx)a) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} - 9a^2b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(b(4a^2+15b^2)a^2+b^2(11a^2+8b^2) \cos(c+dx)a) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} - 9a^2b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+15b^2)a^2+b^2(11a^2+8b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - 9a^2b \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+15b^2)a^2+b^2(11a^2+8b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^a dx}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} - \frac{9a^2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+15b^2)a^2+b^2(11a^2+8b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^a dx}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} - \frac{9a^2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+15b^2)a^2+b^2(11a^2+8b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^a dx}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} - \frac{18a^2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ab^2(11a^2+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a^2b(4a^2+15b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{18a^2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{9ab \tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042



$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{a^2 b(4a^2 + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + ab^2(11a^2 + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$2a$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{a^2 b(4a^2 + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab^2(11a^2 + 8b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$2a$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{a^2 b(4a^2 + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab^2(11a^2 + 8b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$2a$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{a^2 b (4a^2 + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2ab^2 (11a^2 + 8b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3286

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{a^2 b (4a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2ab^2 (11a^2 + 8b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{a^2 b (4a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2ab^2 (11a^2 + 8b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{2ab^2 (11a^2 + 8b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 b (4a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{18a^2 b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((-18*a^2*b*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*a*b^2*(11*a^2 + 8*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*a^2*b*(4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(2*a) + (9*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/4`

### 3.506.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.506.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1133 vs.  $2(331) = 662$ .

Time = 33.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1134, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1134

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-72*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*a*b^2+(44*a^2*b+72*a*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-4*a^3-22*a^2*b-18*a*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+4*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(11*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b)
)^(1/2))*a^2*b+8*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3-9*El
lipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+9*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-4*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*
b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-15*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*a*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b
))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(11*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2
*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+8*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*
b^3-9*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+9*EllipticE(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-4*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-15*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b)
)^(1/2))*a*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+11*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b
/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+8*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)
)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*
b/(a-b))^(1/2))-9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+...

```

### 3.506.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.506.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.506.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`**3.506.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.506.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`



### 3.507 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.507.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 323

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \\
 & \frac{(16a^2 + 33b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{24d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & + \frac{a(16a^2 + 59b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{24d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{5b(4a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{8d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{(16a^2 + 33b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{24d} \\
 & + \frac{13ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{12d} \\
 & + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$-1/24*(16*a^2+33*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}*(b/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+1/24*a*(16*a^2+59*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}*(b/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+5/8*b*(4*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^{(1/2)}*(b/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+1/24*(16*a^2+33*b^2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*tan(d*x+c)/d+13/12*a*b*sec(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*tan(d*x+c)/d$$

### 3.507.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{104ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + \frac{2b(104a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - \frac{2i(16a^2 + 33b^2)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output 
$$\left( \frac{(104*a*b^2*\sqrt{(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)})*\operatorname{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/\sqrt{a + b*\cos[c + d*x]} + (2*b*(104*a^2 - 3*b^2)*\sqrt{(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)})*\operatorname{EllipticPi}[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/\sqrt{a + b*\cos[c + d*x]} - ((2*I)*(16*a^2 + 33*b^2)*\sqrt{-((b*(-1 + \cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))})*\sqrt{-((b*(1 + \cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))})*\operatorname{Csc}[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*\operatorname{EllipticE}[I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-(a + b)^{-1}}]*\sqrt{a + b*\cos[c + d*x]}], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*\operatorname{EllipticF}[I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-(a + b)^{-1}}]*\sqrt{a + b*\cos[c + d*x]}], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*\operatorname{EllipticPi}[(a + b)/a, I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-(a + b)^{-1}}]*\sqrt{a + b*\cos[c + d*x]}], (a + b)/(a - b)))/(a*b*\sqrt{-(a + b)^{-1}}) + 4*\sqrt{a + b*\cos[c + d*x]}*\sec[c + d*x]^2*(26*a*b*\sin[c + d*x] + (8*a^2 + (33*b^2)/2)*\sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*a^2*\tan[c + d*x])/(96*d)$$

**3.507.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 24, number of rules used = 24,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.043$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(13ba^2+2(2a^2+9b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+3b(a^2+2b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{(13ba^2+2(2a^2+9b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+3b(a^2+2b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{13ba^2+2(2a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+3b(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{(13b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a^2+(16a^2+33b^2)a^2+2b(19a^2+12b^2)\cos(c+dx)a)\sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{13ab \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(13b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + (16a^2 + 33b^2)a^2 + 2b(19a^2 + 12b^2) \cos(c+dx)a) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a} + \frac{13ab \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{13b^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (16a^2 + 33b^2)a^2 + 2b(19a^2 + 12b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a} + \frac{13ab \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3534 \\ \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(26b^2 \cos(c+dx)a^3 - b(16a^2 + 33b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + 15b(4a^2 + b^2)a^2) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{a(16a^2 + 33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{13ab \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(26b^2 \cos(c+dx)a^3 - b(16a^2 + 33b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + 15b(4a^2 + b^2)a^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{a(16a^2 + 33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{13ab \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{26b^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3 - b(16a^2 + 33b^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 15b(4a^2 + b^2)a^2}{\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} + \frac{a(16a^2 + 33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{13ab \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{-\left(a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx\right) - \frac{\int -\left(b(16a^2+59b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3+15b^2(4a^2+b^2)a^2\right) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3538

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\frac{\int \frac{b(16a^2+59b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3+15b^2(4a^2+b^2)a^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \sec(c+dx) dx}{2a} - a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}}{4a} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\frac{\int \frac{b(16a^2+59b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+15b^2(4a^2+b^2)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}}{4a} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\frac{\int \frac{b(16a^2+59b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+15b^2(4a^2+b^2)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} - \frac{a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}}{4a} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.507.  $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(16a^2+59b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) a^3+15b^2(4a^2+b^2) a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓  
3132

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(16a^2+59b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) a^3+15b^2(4a^2+b^2) a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓  
3481

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2 b^2 (4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + a^3 b (16a^2+59b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓  
3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2 b^2 (4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a^3 b (16a^2+59b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right) + \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2) \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓  
3142

---

3.507.  $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2b^2(4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a^3b(16a^2+59b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2b^2(4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{a^3b(16a^2+59b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2b^2(4a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^3b(16a^2+59b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3286

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2b^2(4a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^3b(16a^2+59b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{15a^2b^2(4a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^3b(16a^2+59b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2(16a^2+33b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} +$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{a(16a^2+33b^2)\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d} + \frac{\frac{30a^2b^2(4a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^3b(16a^2+59b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`



```
output (a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((13*a*
b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((-2*a^2*(1
6*a^2 + 33*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a +
b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*a^3*b*(16*a^2 + 59*b^2)
*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]
)/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (30*a^2*b^2*(4*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[
c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a +
b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(2*a) + (a*(16*a^2 + 33*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]
*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/(4*a))/6
```

### 3.507.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.507.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1741 vs. 2(380) = 760.

Time = 103.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1742, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1742

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/24*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((256*a^
2*b+528*b^3)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-128*a^3-384*a^2*b-4
72*a*b^2-792*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(128*a^3+328*a^2
*b+472*a*b^2+396*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-48*a^3-100
*a^2*b-118*a*b^2-66*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+8*(-2*b/(
a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(60*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+15*b^3*Ellip
ticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-16*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-59*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(
1/2))*a*b^2+16*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-16*El
lipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+33*EllipticE(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-33*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b
/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(60*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+15*b^3*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-16*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*a^3-59*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2+16*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-16*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+33*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))
^(1/2))*a*b^2-33*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3)*...

```

### 3.507.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.507.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.507.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`**3.507.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.507.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### 3.508 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

3.508.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3968
3.508.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3969
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#### 3.508.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{32a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{105d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{105d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105d} + \frac{24ab(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{2b(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
24/35*a*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*b*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/105*b*(71*a^2+25*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+
32/105*a*(11*a^2+13*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*E
llipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/105*(71*a^4-46*a^2*b^2-25*b^4)*(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1
/2)
```

**3.508.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{64a(11a^3 + 11a^2b + 13ab^2 + 13b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 4(71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 4(71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} F\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + b(488a^3 + 262a^2b + b(752a^2 + 145b^2) \cos[c + dx] + 162a^2b^2 \cos[2(c + dx)] + 15b^3 \cos[3(c + dx)]) \sin[c + dx]}{(210d \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(64*a*(11*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2 + 13*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 4*(71*a^4 - 46*a^2*b^2 - 25*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(488*a^3 + 262*a*b^2 + b*(752*a^2 + 145*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 162*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]/(210*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.508.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3135, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{7/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3135} \\ & \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{1}{2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (7a^2 + 12b \cos(c + dx)a + 5b^2) dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{7} \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (7a^2 + 12b \cos(c + dx)a + 5b^2) dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{3/2} \left( 7a^2 + 12b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + 5b^2 \right) dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (a(35a^2 + 61b^2) + b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{24ab \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (a(35a^2 + 61b^2) + b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{24ab \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( a(35a^2 + 61b^2) + b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx + \frac{24ab \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d}$$

↓ 3232

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{105a^4 + 254b^2a^2 + 16b(11a^2 + 13b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 25b^4}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{105a^4 + 254b^2a^2 + 16b(11a^2 + 13b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 25b^4}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{105a^4 + 254b^2a^2 + 16b(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + 25b^4}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a - b \sin(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 16a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx - (71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a - b \sin(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 16a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{16a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{16a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{32a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \quad \downarrow \quad 3142$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{32a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \quad \downarrow \quad 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{32a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(71a^4 - 46a^2b^2 - 25b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \quad \downarrow \quad 3140$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2b(71a^2 + 25b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{32a(11a^2 + 13b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + ((24*a*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (((32*a*(11*a^2 + 13*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(71*a^4 - 46*a^2*b^2 - 25*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/3 + (2*b*(71*a^2 + 25*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5)/7`

## 3.508.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3135 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[1/n Int[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[a^2*n + b^2*(n - 1) + a*b*(2*n - 1)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.508.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 823 vs.  $2(280) = 560$ .

Time = 7.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	824

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*cos
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^9*b^4+648*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*a*b^3-600*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^7*b^4+752*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a^2*b^2-1296*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^3+
640*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^4+244*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^3*b-1128*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b^2+860*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^3-360*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
3*b^4-71*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b
))^1/2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^1/2)*a^4+46*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^1/2*EllipticF
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^1/2)*a^2*b^2+25*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^1/2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^1/2)*b^4+176*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^1/2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b)
))^1/2)*a^4-176*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a
-b)/(a-b))^1/2*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^1/2)*a^3*b+20
8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^1/2
)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^1/2)*a^2*b^2-208*(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^1/2*EllipticE(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^1/2)*a*b^3-244*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^3*b+3
76*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a^2*b^2-212*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^3+80*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)*b^4)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2...
```

**3.508.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(37i a^4 - 346i a^2 b^2 - 75i b^4) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3a}{3}\right)}{1}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/315*(sqrt(2)*(37*I*a^4 - 346*I*a^2*b^2 - 75*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(-37*I*a^4 + 346*I*a^2*b^2 + 75*I*b^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 48*sqrt(2)*(-11*I*a^3*b - 13*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 48*sqrt(2)*(11*I*a^3*b + 13*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*(15*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 66*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 122*a^2*b^2 + 25*b^4)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)
```

**3.508.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.508.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.508.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.508.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.509 $\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.509.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{47E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{20\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{59 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{60\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{59\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105d}$$

$$- \frac{3(3 + 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{70d}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(c + dx)(3 + 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{14d}$$

```
output -3/70*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/14*cos(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))
^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+47/140*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+59/420*(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/
2))/d*7^(1/2)+59/105*sin(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```



**3.509.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{141\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right) + 59\sqrt{7}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right) + \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}(212 \sin(c + dx) + 9 \sin(2(c + dx)))}{420d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(141*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + 59*Sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*(212*Sin[c + d*x] + 9*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 30*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(420*d)`

**3.509.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3132, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} (-6 \cos^2(c + dx) + 10 \cos(c + dx) + 3) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) (4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \int \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} \left(-6 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + 10 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3\right) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) (4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{10} \int -2(3 - 59 \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( -\frac{1}{5} \int (3 - 59 \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( -\frac{1}{5} \int \left( 3 - 59 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 3} dx - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3232} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{118 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} - \frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{141 \cos(c + dx) + 209}{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{141 \cos(c + dx) + 209}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{118 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{141 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 209}{\sqrt{4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 3}} dx + \frac{118 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{413}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx + \frac{141}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} dx \right) + \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}}{3d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (4 \cos(c+dx)+3)^{3/2}}{14d} \right) \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{413}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{141}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3} dx \right) + \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}}{3d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (4 \cos(c+dx)+3)^{3/2}}{14d} \right) \downarrow 3132$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{413}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{141\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}}{3d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (4 \cos(c+dx)+3)^{3/2}}{14d} \right) \downarrow 3140$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) (4 \cos(c+dx)+3)^{3/2}}{14d} + \\ \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{59\sqrt{7} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{2d} + \frac{141\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \right) \right) - 3$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]*(3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(14*d) + ((-3*(3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (((141*sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) + (59*sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d))/3 + (118*sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5)/14`

## 3.509.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.509.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(7680 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 14976 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 12344 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 420 \sqrt{-8} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{420 \sqrt{-8} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/420*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(7680*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8-14976*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+12344*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-4480*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+413*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))-141*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2)))/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

3.509.  $\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

**3.509.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 (60 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 9 \cos(dx + c) + 91) \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sin(dx + c) - 277i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}}{}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/840*(4*(60*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 9*cos(d*x + c) + 91)*sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) - 277*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 277*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 282*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)) - 282*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)))/d`

**3.509.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.509.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.509.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.509.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.510 $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.510.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3985
3.510.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3985
3.510.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3986
3.510.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3989
3.510.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3989
3.510.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3990
3.510.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3990
3.510.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3990
3.510.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3991

#### 3.510.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{21\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{20d} - \frac{\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{20d} - \frac{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{(3 + 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{10d}$$

output `1/10*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+21/20*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/20*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/5*sin(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.510.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{21\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right) - \sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right) + 2\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}(\sin(c + dx) + 2 \sin(2(c + dx)))}{20d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`



output  $(21*\text{Sqrt}[7]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] - \text{Sqrt}[7]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + 2*\text{Sqrt}[3 + 4*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 2*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)]))/(20*d)$

### 3.510.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3132, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3270} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} \int 3(2 - \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{10} \int (2 - \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{10} \int \left(2 - \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{7(3 \cos(c + dx) + 2)}{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{3 \cos(c + dx) + 2}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{3 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\sin(c + dx)(4 \cos(c + dx) + 3)^{3/2}}{10d} + \frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{2\sqrt{7}d} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output ((3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(10*d) + (3*((7*((3*Sqrt[7]*Elli
pticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7]/(2*Sqrt[7]*d)
))/3 - (2*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/10
```

### 3.510.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x
], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Ne
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.510.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-256\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+384\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-140\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{20\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+2}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/20*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-256*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+384*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)-140*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/
2))-21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2)))/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.510.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} (4 \cos(dx + c) + 1) \sin(dx + c) - 7i \sqrt{2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + i)}{2}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.510.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

output `1/40*(4*sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*(4*cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sin(d*x + c) - 7*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 7*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 42*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)) - 42*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)))/d`

### 3.510.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### 3.510.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### 3.510.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.510.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.511 $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.511.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3992
3.511.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3992
3.511.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3993
3.511.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3995
3.511.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3995
3.511.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3996
3.511.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3996
3.511.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3996
3.511.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3997

#### 3.511.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{7} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{6d} + \frac{2\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/6*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.511.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{7} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right) + \sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right) + 4\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{6d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(3*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + Sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + 4*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

**3.511.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3132, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx) + 4}{2 \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3 \cos(c+dx) + 4}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 4}{\sqrt{4 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{7}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{7}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3}} dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} dx \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{7}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3}} dx + \frac{3\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} + \frac{3\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((3*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) + (Sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d))/3 + (2*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.511.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*
d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m,
0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.511.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(64\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 7\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{\dots}}{6\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(64*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+
7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2)))/(-8*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.511.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \cos(c + dx)\sqrt{3 + 4\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{4\cos(dx + c) + 3}\sin(dx + c) - 5i\sqrt{2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + i\sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2})}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `1/12*(8*sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)) - 6*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)))/d`

### 3.511.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)*cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.511.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### 3.511.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.511.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.512 $\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.512.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3998
3.512.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3998
3.512.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3999
3.512.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4000
3.512.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4000
3.512.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4001
3.512.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4001
3.512.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4001
3.512.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4002

#### 3.512.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d}$$

output `2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

#### 3.512.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d`

**3.512.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3132}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3132}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d`

**3.512.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

### 3.512.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$
risch	$-\frac{2i\sqrt{\left(2e^{2i(dx+c)}+3e^{i(dx+c)}+2\right)e^{-i(dx+c)}}}{d} - \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{4}+\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}+\frac{3}{4}+\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}{\frac{3}{4}+\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}}\sqrt{14}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+\frac{3}{4}-\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}\right)}\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}}{-\frac{3}{4}-\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}}}{7\sqrt{2e^{3i(dx+c)}+3e^{2i(dx+c)}+2e^{i(dx+c)}}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}}{-\frac{3}{4}-\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}}\right)}{i}$

input `int((3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.512.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70

$$\int \sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{-i\sqrt{2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(-1,1,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)+\frac{1}{2}\right)+i\sqrt{2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(-1,1,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.512.  $\int \sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)} dx$

output `1/2*(-I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 4*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)) - 4*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)))/d`

### 3.512.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

input `integrate((3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

### 3.512.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} dx$$

input `integrate((3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

### 3.512.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} dx$$

input `integrate((3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`



**3.512.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx$$

input `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.513 $\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.513.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4003
3.513.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4003
3.513.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4004
3.513.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4005
3.513.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4006
3.513.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4006
3.513.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4006
3.513.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4007
3.513.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4007

#### 3.513.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

```
output 8/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+6/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)
```

#### 3.513.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right) + 6 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

```
output (8*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + 6*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[
7]*d)
```

**3.513.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3282, 3042, 3140, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \sec(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3282} \\
 & 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + 3 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticPi}(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(8*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) + (6*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

## 3.513.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

## 3.513.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(4F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2\sqrt{2}\right)-3\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2,2\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))-3*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2*2^(1/2)))/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.513.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.513.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.513.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.513.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.513.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.514 $\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.514.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4008
3.514.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	4008
3.514.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4009
3.514.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4012
3.514.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	4013
3.514.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4013
3.514.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4014
3.514.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4014
3.514.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4014

#### 3.514.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} + \frac{3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
3/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+4/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14
^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### 3.514.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right) + \frac{i\sqrt{7}\left(21E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}\right)\middle|-\frac{1}{7}\right)-12 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}\right),-\frac{1}{7}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{21d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(6*Sqrt[7]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + (I*Sqrt[7]*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 21*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(21*d)`

### 3.514.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3539, 25, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3140, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3275} \\
 & \int \frac{2(1 - \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{(1 - \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1 - \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3539}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{(3 \cos(c+dx) + 4) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3 \cos(c+dx) + 4) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 4}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 4}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3481} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx + 4 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + 4 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3140}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d}$$

↓ 3284

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticPi}(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d + ((6*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) + (8*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d))/4 + (Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.514.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

```
rule 3275 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^
(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]
- b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m,
-1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3284 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[
2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3481 Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3539 Int[((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp
[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a
*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*
(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.514.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 349 vs. 2(165) = 330.

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}+3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

3.514.  $\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((-1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))-4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2*2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.514.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### 3.514.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**3.514.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.514.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.514.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.515 $\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.515.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4015
3.515.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	4016
3.515.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4016
3.515.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4021
3.515.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4021
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3.515.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4022
3.515.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4023

#### 3.515.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} + \frac{3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{5 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

```
output 3/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+5/21*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/3*(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*sec(d*x
+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

### 3.515.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}} + \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}} + \frac{2i\left(21E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}\right) \middle| -\frac{1}{7}\right) - 12 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}\right) \middle| -\frac{1}{7}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `((12*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/Sqrt[7] + (6*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/Sqrt[7] + (((2*I)/3)*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

### 3.515.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 3042, 3534, 3042, 3538, 27, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3140, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3275}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(2 \cos^2(c + dx) + 3 \cos(c + dx) + 2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 3 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(-4 \cos^2(c + dx) + 6 \cos(c + dx) + 5) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{2 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{-4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 6 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 5}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{2 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( - \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int - \frac{4(9 \cos(c + dx) + 5) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{(9 \cos(c + dx) + 5) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx - \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{9 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 5}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3} dx \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{9 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 5}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 9 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + 5 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 9 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + 5 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 5 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{18 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{18 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} + \frac{10 \operatorname{EllipticPi}(2, \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((-2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d + (18*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) + (10*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d))/3 + (2*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d))/2`

### 3.515.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3275 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3538 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.515.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\right)^2}-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{3\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -\left(-\left(1-8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(-\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \left(-8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+7\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)^2-2/3\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right) \\ & \left(-8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+7\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)+3\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \left(1-8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(-8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+7\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)+1/3\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \left(1-8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(-8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+7\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-5/3\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \left(1-8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(-8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4+7\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \text{EllipticPi}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left)/\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)\left(8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}/d \end{aligned}$$
**3.515.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)} \sec^3(c+dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4\cos(dx+c)+3} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.515.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**3.515.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.515.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.515.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.516 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx$

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3.516.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4025
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#### 3.516.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx = -\frac{47E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{20\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{59 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{60\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{59\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{105d} - \frac{3(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{70d} - \frac{(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{14d}$$

output

```
-3/70*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/14*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+47/140*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+59/420*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+59/105*sin(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.516.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{141 \sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 8\right) - 413 \sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 8\right) + 654 \sin(c + dx)}{420d \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^3,x]`output `(141*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8] - 413*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 654*Sin[c + d*x] - 511*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 108*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] - 60*Sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(420*d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.516.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3133, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$-\frac{1}{14} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} (-6 \cos^2(c + dx) - 10 \cos(c + dx) + 3) dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{14d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{14} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left( -6 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 - 10 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3 \right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{14d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{10} \int 2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} (59 \cos(c + dx) + 3) dx - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx)}{14d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} (59 \cos(c + dx) + 3) dx - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx)}{14d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left( 59 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3 \right) dx - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx)}{14d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{209 - 141 \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{118 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx)}{14d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{118 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{209 - 141 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) - \frac{3 \sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(c + dx)}{14d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{209 - 141 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) - \frac{3 \sin(c+dx)(3-4\cos(c+dx))}{5d} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3-4\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \cos(c+dx)}{14d}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{413}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{141}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) + \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3-4\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \cos(c+dx)}{14d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{413}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{141}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3-4\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \cos(c+dx)}{14d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{413}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{141\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3-4\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \cos(c+dx)}{14d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{1}{14} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{118 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{59\sqrt{7} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{141\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi))}{2d} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3-4\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \cos(c+dx)}{14d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/14*((3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/d + ((-3*(3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (((-141*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - (59*Sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d))/3 + (118*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/5)/14`

## 3.516.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`
- rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`
- rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
- rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.516.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(7680\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-8064\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+5432\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{420\sqrt{8\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{420} \cdot \left( -8 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 - 7 \right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \cdot \left( 7680 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^8 - 8064 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^6 + 5432 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 568 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 59 \left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \left( 56 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 - 7 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right), \frac{2}{7} \cdot 14^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) + 141 \cdot \left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \left( 56 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) \right)^2 - 7 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right), \frac{2}{7} \cdot 14^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) \right) / \left( 8 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} / \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right) / \left( -8 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + 7 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} / d$$

**3.516.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 (60 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 9 \cos(dx + c) + 91) \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sin(dx + c) + 277 \sqrt{2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/840*(4*(60*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 9*cos(d*x + c) + 91)*sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) + 277*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 277*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 282*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) + 282*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

**3.516.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.516.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.516.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.516.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^3(c + dx) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.517 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$

3.517.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4032
3.517.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4032
3.517.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4033
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3.517.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4036
3.517.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4037
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3.517.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4037
3.517.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4038

#### 3.517.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{21\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{20d} - \frac{\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{20d} + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{10d}$$

output

```
-1/10*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-21/20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/5*sin(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.517.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{21\sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|8\right) + 7\sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 8\right) + 14 \sin(c + dx)}{20d\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/20*(21*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 7*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 14*Sin[c + d*x] - 16*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.517.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 27, 3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3133, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3270} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10} \int -3\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}(\cos(c + dx) + 2) dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{10} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}(\cos(c + dx) + 2) dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{10} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 2\right) dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{7(2 - 3 \cos(c + dx))}{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{2 - 3 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{2 - 3 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{7}{3} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7})}{2\sqrt{7}d} \right) \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)(3 - 4 \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{10d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2,x]`

```
output -1/10*((3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*((7*((3*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7]/(2*Sqrt[7]*d)))/3 + (2*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))/10
```

### 3.517.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3133 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]
```

```
rule 3141 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3232 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x
], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Ne
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.517.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-256\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+128\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-12\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{20\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/20*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-256*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+128*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1
/2))-21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2)))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.517.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(4 \cos(dx + c) - 1) \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sin(dx + c) - 7 \sqrt{2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, -1, \cos(dx + c))}{2}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.517.  $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$

output `1/40*(4*(4*cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) - 7*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) - 7*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) - 42*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) - 42*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

### 3.517.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### 3.517.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### 3.517.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.517.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.518 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx$

3.518.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4039
3.518.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4039
3.518.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4040
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3.518.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4043
3.518.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4043
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3.518.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4044
3.518.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4044

#### 3.518.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{6d} + \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/6*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+2/3*sin(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.518.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|8\right) - 7\sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 8\right) + 12 \sin(c + dx)}{6d\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x],x]`

output `(3*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8] - 7*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 12*Sin[c + d*x] - 8*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(6*d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.518.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3232, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3133, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3232} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{4 - 3 \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4 - 3 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4 - 3 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{7}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{7}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{7}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{7}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x],x]`

output `((-3*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - (Sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d))/3 + (2*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/3*d)`

### 3.518.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`



rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*Simp[b*d*m + a*c*(m + 1) + (a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

### 3.518.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(64\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 8\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{56\right)}}{6\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(64*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2)))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d`

**3.518.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sin(dx + c) + 5 \sqrt{2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, -1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) - \frac{1}{2})}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(8*sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) + 5*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 5*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 6*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) + 6*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

**3.518.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x), x)`

**3.518.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.518.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.518.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.519 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.519.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4045
3.519.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4045
3.519.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4046
3.519.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4047
3.519.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4047
3.519.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4048
3.519.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4048
3.519.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4048
3.519.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4049

#### 3.519.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d}$$

output `-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

#### 3.519.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\middle|8\right)}{d\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8])/(d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.519.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3133}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d`

**3.519.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

### 3.519.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 3.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{7}\right)$
risch	$-\frac{2i\sqrt{-(2e^{2i(dx+c)}-3e^{i(dx+c)}+2)e^{-i(dx+c)}}}{d} + i \left( \frac{6\left(-\frac{3}{4}+\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}-\frac{3}{4}+\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}{-\frac{3}{4}+\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}}\sqrt{14}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-\frac{3}{4}-\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}\right)}\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}}{\frac{3}{4}-\frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}}}{7\sqrt{-2e^{3i(dx+c)}+3e^{2i(dx+c)}-2e^{i(dx+c)}}}} \right) F\left(\dots\right)$

```
input int((3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.519.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \sqrt{2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(-1, -1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(-1, -1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

```
input integrate((3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `-1/2*(sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 4*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) + 4*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

### 3.519.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.519.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

### 3.519.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.519.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



### 3.520 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.520.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4050
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#### 3.520.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = -\frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

output  $8/7*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^{(1/2)})/d*7^{(1/2)}+6/7*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2/7*14^{(1/2)})/d*7^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.520.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}(-4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 8\right) + 3 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 8\right))}{d\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[3 - 4*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\operatorname{Sec}[c + d*x], x]$

output  $(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-3 + 4*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(-4*\operatorname{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 3*\operatorname{EllipticPi}[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8]))/(d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[3 - 4*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

**3.520.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3282, 3042, 3141, 3285}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3282} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx - 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3141} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3285} \\
 & -\frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticPi}(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(-8*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) - (6*EllipticPi[2, (c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

## 3.520.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3285 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a - b)*Sqrt[c - d]))*EllipticPi[-2*(b/(a - b)), (1/2)*(e + Pi/2 + f*x), -2*(d/(c - d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c - d, 0]`

## 3.520.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7}\left(4F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{7}\right) + 3\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right)\right)}{7\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 7}}d$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*(4*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))+3*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2/7*14^(1/2)))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d`

**3.520.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.520.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.520.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.520.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.520.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.521 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.521.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4055
3.521.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	4056
3.521.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4056
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3.521.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4061
3.521.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4061
3.521.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4061

#### 3.521.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} + \frac{3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
-3/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-4/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.521.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{42\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),8\right)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{i\sqrt{7}\left(21E\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right) - 12\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{21d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `((-42*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8])/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]] - (I*Sqrt[7]*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 21*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(21*d)`

**3.521.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3539, 3042, 3133, 3481, 3042, 3141, 3285}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3275}$$

$$\int -\frac{2(1 - \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - 2 \int \frac{(1-\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - 2 \int \frac{1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3539} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(4-3\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3133} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3481} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3141}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{d} - 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(4\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx - \frac{6\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi),\frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)\right)}{2d}\right)$$

↓ 3285

$$2\left(\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)\right)}{2d} + \frac{1}{4}\left(-\frac{6\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi),\frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{8\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2,\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi),\frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `-2*((Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) + ((-6*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) - (8*EllipticPi[2, (c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d))/4) + (Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.521.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

```
rule 3275 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^
(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]
- b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m,
-1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3285 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a - b)*Sqrt[c - d]))*EllipticPi[
-2*(b/(a - b)), (1/2)*(e + Pi/2 + f*x), -2*(d/(c - d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2
, 0] && GtQ[c - d, 0]
```

```
rule 3481 Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3539 Int(((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a
*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*
(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.521.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 4.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}{7\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

3.521.  $\int \sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+3/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))+4/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.521.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### 3.521.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**3.521.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.521.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.521.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.522 $\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.522.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} - \frac{3 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{5 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + \pi + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

```
output 3/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/3*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/2*sec(d*x
+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.522.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-12\sqrt{-3+4 \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6\sqrt{-3+4 \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2i\left(21E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `((-12*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8])/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]] + (6*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8])/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]] + (((2*I)/3)*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

**3.522.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 25, 3042, 3534, 25, 3042, 3538, 27, 3042, 3133, 3481, 3042, 3141, 3285}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3275}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3 \cos(c+dx) + 2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3 \cos(c+dx) + 2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{(-4 \cos^2(c+dx) - 6 \cos(c+dx) + 5) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(-4 \cos^2(c+dx) - 6 \cos(c+dx) + 5) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{-4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 6 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 5}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4(5-9 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{(5 - 9 \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \int \frac{5 - 9 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{5 - 9 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -9 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + 5 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -9 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx - \frac{18 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3285 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} + \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{18\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} - \frac{10\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) - 2\sqrt{7} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d - (18*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) - (10*EllipticPi[2, (c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d))/3 - (2*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d))/2`

### 3.522.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3275 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3285 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a - b)*Sqrt[c - d]))*EllipticPi[-2*(b/(a - b)), (1/2)*(e + Pi/2 + f*x), -2*(d/(c - d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c - d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.522.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 5.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)^2} + \frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)}\right)}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)^2+2/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)-3/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(
56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))-5/21*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2/
7*14^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.522.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec^3(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.522.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**3.522.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec^3(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.522.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.522.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.523 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.523.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4071
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3.523.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4079

#### 3.523.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2(8a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^3 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(8a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^3 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{8a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15b^2 d} + \frac{2 \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5bd}$$

```
output -8/15*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d+2/5*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*
(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d+2/15*(8*a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*
(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/15*a*(8*a^2+
7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a
+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.523.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(8a^3 + 8a^2b + 9ab^2 + 9b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2a(8a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 15b^3 d \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{15b^3 d \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(2*(8*a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 9*a*b^2 + 9*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*(8*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + b*(-8*a^2 + 3*b^2 - 2*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(15*b^3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.523.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{-4a \cos^2(c+dx)+3b \cos(c+dx)+2a}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

---

3.523.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{-4a \cos^2(c+dx) + 3b \cos(c+dx) + 2a}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-4a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 3b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2a}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{2ab + (8a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2ab + (8a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2ab + (8a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} + \\
& \quad \frac{5b}{5bd} \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{\frac{(8a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{a(8a^2 + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{5b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{(8a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{a(8a^2 + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} - \frac{8a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{5b} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3134}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.523.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{a(8a^2+7b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}+ \\
 & \frac{5b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{5bd}{3042} \\
 & \frac{(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{a(8a^2+7b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}+ \\
 & \frac{5b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{5bd}{3132} \\
 & \frac{2(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{a(8a^2+7b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}+ \\
 & \frac{5b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{5bd}{3142} \\
 & \frac{2(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{a(8a^2+7b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}+ \\
 & \frac{5b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{5bd}{3042} \\
 & \frac{2(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{a(8a^2+7b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}}dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}+ \\
 & \frac{5b}{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{5bd}{3140}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.523.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2a(8a^2+7b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{3b} - \frac{8a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + (((2*(8*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*a*(8*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) - (8*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/(5*b)`

### 3.523.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.523.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 664 vs.  $2(253) = 506$ .

Time = 5.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a-b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(24\left(\cos^7\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3-4\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab^2-48\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3-8\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right.\right.\right.}$

---

3.523. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(24*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^7*b^3-4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a*b^2-48*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*
b^3-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a^2*b+6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b^2+30*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^3*b^3-8*a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^2+a-b)/(a-b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-7*a
*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a
-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2
-9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/
2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3+8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)*a^2*b-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b^2-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^3)/b^3/(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-
2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.523.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{2}(-4ia^3 - 3iab^2)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b\cos(dx+c)+3ib\sin(dx+c)+2a}{3b}\right) + 4}{-}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `-1/45*(4*sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^3 - 3*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 4*sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^3 + 3*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^2*b - 9*I*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^2*b + 9*I*b^3)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 6*(3*b^3*cos(d*x + c) - 4*a*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/(b^4*d)`

### 3.523.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.523.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.523.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.523.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.524**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.524.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4080  
 3.524.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4081  
 3.524.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4081  
 3.524.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4084  
 3.524.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4085  
 3.524.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4086  
 3.524.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4086  
 3.524.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4086  
 3.524.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4087

**3.524.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{4a\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^2d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^2d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3bd}$$

```
output 2/3*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d-4/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*(2*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.524.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4a(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 2b(a+b^2d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)})}{3b^2d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(-4*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.524.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3270}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{b-2a\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b-2a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

3.524.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b-2a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3231 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3134 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3132 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{4a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3142 \\
& \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{4a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.524.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3b}{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3bd}{3bd} \downarrow 3140$$

$$\frac{2(2a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - \frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{bd\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3b}{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3bd}{3bd}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-4*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) + (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d)`

### 3.524.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3270 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.524.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 452 vs.  $2(207) = 414$ .

Time = 4.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+a-b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+2\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab-6\left(\cos^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+2a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx)}{2}}}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.524. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output

```
-2/3*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*b^2+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*a*b-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*b^2+2*a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a*b+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*b^2)/b^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.524.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -6i\sqrt{2ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}\right), \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
1/9*(-6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 6*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^2 + 3*I*b^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b))/(b^3*d)
```

---

3.524.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.524.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.524.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.524.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.524.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \left( F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) (2a^2 + b^2) - 2a E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) (a + b) \right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sin(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(3*b*d) + (2*((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b))^(1/2)*(ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b))*(2*a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b))*(a + b)))/(3*b^2*d*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

**3.525**       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.525.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4088  
 3.525.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4088  
 3.525.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4089  
 3.525.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4091  
 3.525.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4092  
 3.525.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4093  
 3.525.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4093  
 3.525.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4093  
 3.525.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4094

**3.525.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.525.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \left( (a+b) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) \right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*((a + b)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.525.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.525.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3142} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}}dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3140} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.525.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.525.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}} \left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a-b}}\right) a - E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$
risch	$i \left( -\frac{2\left(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b\right)}{b \sqrt{\left(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b\right)} e^{i(dx+c)}} + \frac{2\left(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} + a\right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{b}}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} + a} \right) - \frac{i\left(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b\right) \sqrt{2} e^{-i(dx+c)}}{bd \sqrt{\left(b e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2a e^{i(dx+c)} + b\right)} e^{-i(dx+c)}}$

3.525.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.525.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b\cos(dx+c)+3ib\sin(dx+c)+2a}{3b}\right) - 2i\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b\cos(dx+c)-3ib\sin(dx+c)+2a}{3b}\right)}{(b^2+d)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/3*(2*I*sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 2*I*sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/(b^2*d)
```

**3.525.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.525.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.525.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.525.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \left( E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) (a+b) - a F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{bd \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b))*(a + b) - a*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)))*((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b))^(1/2))/(b*d*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

**3.526**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.526.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4095  
 3.526.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4095  
 3.526.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4096  
 3.526.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . . 4097  
 3.526.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4098  
 3.526.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4098  
 3.526.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4098  
 3.526.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4099  
 3.526.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4099

**3.526.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.526.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.526.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.526.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

## 3.526.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{2b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - a - b}{a + b}} \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a+b}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}}$	78

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^(1/2)*(-(2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)*b^(1/2))`



**3.526.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) + 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right) + i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3 - 9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b \cos(dx+c) - 3i b \sin(dx+c) + 2a}{3b}\right)}{bd}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b))/(b*d)`

**3.526.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.526.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.526.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.526.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b))*((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b))^(1/2))/(d*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

$$3.527 \quad \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.527.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4100
3.527.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4100
3.527.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4101
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3.527.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	4103
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3.527.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4104

### 3.527.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.527.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.527.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.527.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3286} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.527.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

### 3.527.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}}\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2, \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a - b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a + b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a + b}d}$	166

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, (-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.527.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.527.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.527.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.527.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.527.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.528**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.528.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4106  
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 3.528.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4113  
 3.528.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4114

**3.528.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{ad\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{ad}$$

output

```
-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/a/d
```



**3.528.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - 2i\sqrt{\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{b(1+\cos(c+dx))}{-a+b}} \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) \left(-2a(a-b)E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a+b}}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-6*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))] * Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)] * Csc[c + d*x] * (-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)]))/ (a*b*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]) + 4*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*a*d)`

**3.528.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3539, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3281}$$

---

3.528.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(b \cos^2(c+dx)+b) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(b \cos^2(c+dx)+b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3539 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} - \frac{\int -\frac{(b^2-ab \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(b^2-ab \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2-ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3134 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2-ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2-ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3132
 \end{aligned}$$

3.528.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\frac{\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

2a

3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

2a

3284

$$\frac{2b^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

2a

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*((2*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((-2*a*b*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]])) + (2*b^2*sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/a + (sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d)`

## 3.528.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3539 `Int[((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.528.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(-2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\left(-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b+(a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{a\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}+\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{2b}{\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)/a*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+1/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+1/a*b*
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/
(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.528.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.528.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.528.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.528.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.528.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`



**3.528.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.529 \quad \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.529.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4115
3.529.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	4116
3.529.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4116
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3.529.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	4124
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3.529.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4125
3.529.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4125

### 3.529.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4a^2d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4a^2d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{4a^2d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2ad}$$

output 
$$\frac{3}{4}b \cdot (\cos(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c))^2)^{(1/2)} / \cos(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c) \cdot \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{(1/2)} \cdot (b/(a+b))^{(1/2)}) \cdot (a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)} / a^2/d / ((a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c)) / (a+b))^{(1/2)} - 1/4 \cdot b \cdot (\cos(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c))^2)^{(1/2)} / \cos(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c) \cdot \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{(1/2)} \cdot (b/(a+b))^{(1/2)}) \cdot ((a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c)) / (a+b))^{(1/2)} / a/d / (a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)} + 1/4 \cdot (4a^2+3b^2) \cdot (\cos(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c))^2)^{(1/2)} / \cos(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c) \cdot \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\sin(\frac{1}{2}d*x + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{(1/2)} \cdot (b/(a+b))^{(1/2)}) \cdot ((a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c)) / (a+b))^{(1/2)} / a^2/d / (a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)} - 3/4 \cdot b \cdot (a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)} \cdot \tan(d*x+c) / a^2/d + 1/2 \cdot \sec(d*x+c) \cdot (a+b \cdot \cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)} \cdot \tan(d*x+c) / a/d$$

---

3.529.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.529.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\frac{8ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(8a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{6ib^2\sqrt{\frac{b-b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\sqrt{-\frac{b+b\cos(c+dx)}{a-b}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{3b\tan(c+dx)}{4a^2} + \frac{\sec(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{2a}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((8*a*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*(8*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((6*I)*b^2*Sqrt[(b - b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b))]*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*(2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] - b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)))*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[1 - Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[-((a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) + (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2)/b^2)]*(2*a^2 - b^2 - 4*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) + 2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2)))/(16*a^2*d) + (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((-3*b*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*a^2) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a)))/d`

**3.529.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.529.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{(-b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+3b)\sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(-b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+3b)\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \frac{\int -\frac{(4a^2+2b\cos(c+dx)a+3b^2+3b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(4a^2+2b\cos(c+dx)a+3b^2+3b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \frac{\int \frac{4a^2+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+3b^2+3b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.529.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{3b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int (b(4a^2+3b^2) - ab^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} \\
 & \frac{4a}{25} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(b(4a^2+3b^2) - ab^2 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2a} + 3b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \frac{4a}{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a} + 3b \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \frac{4a}{3134} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a} + \frac{3b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \frac{4a}{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a} + \frac{3b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \frac{4a}{3132} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\
 & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a} + \frac{6b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \frac{4a}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.529.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3481} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\ & \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{6b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2a} \\ & \frac{\hspace{15em}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\ & \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{6b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2a} \\ & \frac{\hspace{15em}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3142} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\ & \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{6b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2a} \\ & \frac{\hspace{15em}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\ & \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{6b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2a} \\ & \frac{\hspace{15em}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3140} \\ & \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2ad} - \\ & \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{6b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ & \frac{3b \tan(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2a} \\ & \frac{\hspace{15em}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3286} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.529.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{4a}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{4a}{2a}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{2b(4a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b\tan(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{4a}{2a}$$

```
input Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*d) - (-1/2*((6*b
*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(
a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((-2*a*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a +
b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) +
(2*b*(4*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c +
d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b/a + (3*b*Sqrt[a
+ b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(4*a)
```

## 3.529.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`



rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/
(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.529.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 709 vs.  $2(329) = 658$ .

Time = 3.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 710, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(-2b(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - a + b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\left( -\frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))b + (a+b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{a(2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1)^2} + \frac{3b\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))b + (a+b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{2a^2(2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1)^2} \right)}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-\cos(1/2*d \\
& *x+1/2*c)/a*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/( \\
& 2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^2+3/2*b/a^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1 \\
& /2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)-1/4 \\
& *b/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{( \\
& 1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*Elliptic \\
& F(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+3/4/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2} \\
& )*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+ \\
& (a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a- \\
& b))^{(1/2)})-3/4*b^2/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2* \\
& c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\
& ^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\
& 2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x \\
& +1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\
& ),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-3/4/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2 \\
& *d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d \\
& *x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*b^2 \\
& )/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^{(1/2)}/d
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.529.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### 3.529.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.529. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.529.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.529.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.529.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.530 $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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#### 3.530.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 326

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{5b^4(a^2 - b^2)d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{8a(4a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{5b^4d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2)d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2(a^2 - b^2)d}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/5*a*(8*a^2-3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+2/5*(6*a^2-b^2)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+2/5*(16*a^4-8*a^2*b^2-3*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^4/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-8/5*a*(4*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^4/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.530.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(16a^5 + 16a^4b - 8a^3b^2 - 8a^2b^3 - 3ab^4 - 3b^5) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b^4(a+b)d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(16*a^5 + 16*a^4*b - 8*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 3*a*b^4 - 3*b^5)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 8*a*(4*a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - b*(16*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + 4*a*b*(a^2 - b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + (-a^2*b^2) + b^4)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*(a - b)*b^4*(a + b)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.530.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & -\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-(6a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.530.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2 - b \cos(c+dx)a - (6a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(4a^2 - b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + (b^2 - 6a^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3528} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{-3a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2a(6a^2 - b^2)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{-3a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 2a(6a^2 - b^2)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{-3a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2a(6a^2 - b^2)}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& - \frac{2 \int \frac{3(ab(4a^2 + b^2) + (16a^4 - 8b^2a^2 - 3b^4) \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
& \quad \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.530.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(4a^2+b^2) + (16a^4 - 8b^2a^2 - 3b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(4a^2+b^2) + (16a^4 - 8b^2a^2 - 3b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.530.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{2(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
 & \frac{2(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{2a(8a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{2(16a^4 - 8a^2b^2 - 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{8a(a^2 - b^2)(4a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{bd \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{2(6a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.530.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((-2*(6*a^2 - b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) - (((2*(16*a^4 - 8*a^2*b^2 - 3*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (8*a*(a^2 - b^2)*(4*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b - (2*a*(8*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d))/(5*b))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.530.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 3528 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*sin[e + f*x]
)^m*((c + d*sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m +
n + 2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*
d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a
*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m +
n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[
m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))
```

### 3.530.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1284 vs.  $2(362) = 724$ .

Time = 6.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1285, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1285

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/5*(-8*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*
(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-8*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(a^3-a^2*b-a*b^2+b^3)*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(8*a^4+2*a^3*b-4*a^2*b^2-2*a*b^3+b^4)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-16*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^
5+12*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*E
llipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b^2+4*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^4+16*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1
/2))*a^5-16*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4*b-8*(-2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2...

```

### 3.530.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 687, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{6(8a^4b^2 - 3a^2b^4 - (a^2b^4 - b^6)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(a^3b^3 - ab^5)\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\sin(dx+c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-1/15*(6*(8*a^4*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^4 - (a^2*b^4 - b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^3*b^3 - a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) + (sqrt(2)*(-32*I*a^5*b + 28*I*a^3*b^3 + 9*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-32*I*a^6 + 28*I*a^4*b^2 + 9*I*a^2*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + (sqrt(2)*(32*I*a^5*b - 28*I*a^3*b^3 - 9*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(32*I*a^6 - 28*I*a^4*b^2 - 9*I*a^2*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(16*I*a^4*b^2 - 8*I*a^2*b^4 - 3*I*b^6)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(16*I*a^5*b - 8*I*a^3*b^3 - 3*I*a*b^5))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(-16*I*a^4*b^2 + 8*I*a^2*b^4 + 3*I*b^6)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-16*I*a^5*b + 8*I*a^3*b^3 + 3*I*a*b^5))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/((a^2*b^6 - b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^3*b^5 - a*b^7)*d)
```

### 3.530.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.530.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

---

3.530.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.530.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.530.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.531 $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.531.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4137
3.531.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4138
3.531.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4138
3.531.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4143
3.531.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4143
3.531.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	4144
3.531.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4145
3.531.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4145
3.531.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4145

#### 3.531.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a(8a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2(8a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^3 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(4a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*(4*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-2/3*a*(8*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*(8*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.531.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2a(8a^3+8a^2b-5ab^2-5b^3)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)+2(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3(a-b)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a*(8*a^3 + 8*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*(8*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*b*(-4*a^3 + a*b^2 + (-a^2*b) + b^3)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a - b)^2*b^3*(a + b)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.531.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{2a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-(4a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-(4a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.531.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{2a^2 - b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + (b^2 - 4a^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + (b^2 - 4a^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{b(2a^2 + b^2) + a(8a^2 - 5b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(2a^2 + b^2) + a(8a^2 - 5b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(2a^2 + b^2) + a(8a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(8a^2 - 5b^2)}{b} \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} - \frac{(8a^4 - 7a^2 b^2 - b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(8a^2 - 5b^2)}{b} \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} - \frac{(8a^4 - 7a^2 b^2 - b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.531.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{a(8a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b}}{3b}-\frac{2(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{a(8a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b}}{3b}-\frac{2(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{\frac{2a(8a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b}}{3b}-\frac{2(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{\frac{2a(8a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b}-\frac{2(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2a(8a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}}dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b}-\frac{2(4a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.531.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3140 \\
 & -\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{2a(8a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2(8a^4-7a^2b^2-b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(4a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{3b} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\hspace{10em}}{b(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (((2*a*(8*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(8*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) - (2*(4*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))`

**3.531.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b]*Sin[c + d*x]/Sqrt[(a + b)*Sin[c + d*x]/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.531.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 742 vs. 2(297) = 594.

Time = 5.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 743, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( 4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2 b^2 - 4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^4 - 8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^3 b - 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a b^3 \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/3*(4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a^2*b^2-4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^4-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^3*b-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2*b^2+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b^3+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^4+8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4-7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^4-8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^4+8*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3*b+5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2-5*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^3)/b^3/(a-b)/(a+b)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.531.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 630, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6(4a^3b^2 - ab^4 + (a^2b^3 - b^5)\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a\sin(dx+c)} - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(6*(4*a^3*b^2 - a*b^4 + (a^2*b^3 - b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) - (sqrt(2)*(16*I*a^4*b - 16*I*a^2*b^3 - 3*I*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(16*I*a^5 - 16*I*a^3*b^2 - 3*I*a*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - (sqrt(2)*(-16*I*a^4*b + 16*I*a^2*b^3 + 3*I*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-16*I*a^5 + 16*I*a^3*b^2 + 3*I*a*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*(sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^3*b^2 + 5*I*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^4*b + 5*I*a^2*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*(sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^3*b^2 - 5*I*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^4*b - 5*I*a^2*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/(a^2*b^5 - b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^3*b^4 - a*b^6)*d)`

### 3.531.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.531.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.531.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.531.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



### 3.532 $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.532.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4146
3.532.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4146
3.532.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4147
3.532.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4150
3.532.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4151
3.532.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4152
3.532.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4152
3.532.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4153
3.532.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4153

#### 3.532.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b^2 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{4a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*(2*a^2-b^2)*(cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^
(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*
x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-4*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ell
ipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b)
)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.532.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2a^3 + 2a^2b - ab^2 - b^3) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2a \left(2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\right)}{(a-b)b^2(a+b)d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - a*b^2 - b^3)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*(2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*b^2*(a + b)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.532.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3269, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3269} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{ab + (2a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ab + (2a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ab + (2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{b} dx - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.532.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) 2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) 2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) 2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) 2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) 2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.532.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3140} \\ \frac{2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a + b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{-2b}{a + b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\ \hline \frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)} \\ \hline \frac{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)} \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (4*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.532.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3269 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e
+ f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[
1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)
*(2*b*c*d - a*(c^2 + d^2)) + (a^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d*(m + 2) + b^2*(d^2*(m + 1)
) + c^2*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.532.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 529 vs.  $2(234) = 468$ .

Time = 5.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) a^2 b - 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{2b \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)}{a-b} + \frac{a+b}{a-b}} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a-b}}\right) a^3 + 2a b^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2*(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2*b-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3+2*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/
(a-b))^(1/2))*a^3-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)
)*a^2*b-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b
)/(a-b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a*b^2+(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/
2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b^3/b^2/(a-b)/(a+b)/s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.532.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$6\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+aa^2b^2}\sin(dx+c) + (\sqrt{2}(-4ia^3b+5iab^3)\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}(-4ia^4+5ia^2b^2))\sqrt{bwe}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3*(6*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a^2*b^2*sin(d*x + c) + (sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^3
*b + 5*I*a*b^3))*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^4 + 5*I*a^2*b^2))*sqrt(b)*w
eierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1
/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + (sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^3*b
- 5*I*a*b^3))*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^4 - 5*I*a^2*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weier
strassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(
3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(2*I*a^2*b^2
- I*b^4))*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(2*I*a^3*b - I*a*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrass
Zeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInv
erse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*
x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(-2*I*a^2*b^2 + I*b^4)
*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-2*I*a^3*b + I*a*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/
3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/
3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c)
- 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/((a^2*b^4 - b^6)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^3*b^
3 - a*b^5)*d)
```

### 3.532.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.532.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.532.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.532.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



### 3.533 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.533.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4154
3.533.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4154
3.533.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4155
3.533.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4158
3.533.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4159
3.533.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4159
3.533.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4160
3.533.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4160
3.533.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4160

#### 3.533.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{b(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.533.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2a(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{(a-b)b(a+b)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*b*(a + b)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.533.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
 & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\int \frac{b+a\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{b+a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{b+a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{a\int \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b}}{a^2-b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.533.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3142} \\
& \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3140}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.533.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.533.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`



**3.533.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+aab^2\sin(dx+c)} - (\sqrt{2}(2ia^2b-3ib^3)\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(6*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*a*b^2*sin(d*x + c) - (sqrt(2)*(2*I*a^2*b - 3*I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(2*I*a^3 - 3*I*a*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - (sqrt(2)*(-2*I*a^2*b + 3*I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-2*I*a^3 + 3*I*a*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*a^2*b)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*(I*sqrt(2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2)*a^2*b)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/((a^2*b^3 - b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^3*b^2 - a*b^4)*d)`

**3.533.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.533.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.533.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.533.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.534 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.534.1 Optimal result	4161
3.534.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4161
3.534.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4162
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3.534.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4164
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3.534.8 Giac [F]	4166
3.534.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4166

#### 3.534.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-2*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2  
^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^  
(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)`

#### 3.534.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2b \sin(c+dx)}{(a-b)(a+b) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `(2*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)  
/(a + b)] - 2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`



**3.534.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {3042, 3143, 27, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3143} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.534.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.534.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3143 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*(n + 1) - b*(n + 2)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

### 3.534.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left( \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) b + E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a-b}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{2b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a-b} + \frac{a+b}{a-b} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}} a - E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{a-b} + \frac{a+b}{a-b} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}}\right) \right)}{(a-b)(a+b) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a+b} d}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b)/(a-b)/(a+b)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.534.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 482, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + ab^2 \sin(dx + c)} + (i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c) + i \sqrt{2} a^2) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\right)}{...}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(6*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*sin(d*x + c) + (I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2)*a^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + (-I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*a^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*(I*sqrt(2)*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2)*a*b)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*(-I*sqrt(2)*b^2*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*a*b)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/((a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^3*b - a*b^3)*d)`

### 3.534.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(-3/2), x)`

### 3.534.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)**(-3/2), x)`

**3.534.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.534.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.535 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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#### 3.535.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b)))^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### 3.535.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

3.535.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-(((4*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b))*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b))*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((2*I)*Sqrt[-(b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)])))/(a*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]))/((-a + b)*(a + b)) + (4*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(2*a*d)`

### 3.535.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 27, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{(a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - b^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a^2 - b \cos(c + dx)a - b^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.535.  $\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a - b^2 - b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(a^2 - b^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3132}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.535.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2 - b^2) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3286} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2 - b^2) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2 - b^2) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
& \frac{2(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} +
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.535.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`



**3.535.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.535.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`**3.535.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.535.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.535.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.536**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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**3.536.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{a^2(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3b\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{a^2d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{a^2(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
b*(a^2-3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-(a^2-3*b^2)
*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b
*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*
EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a
+b))^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-3*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*
((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+tan(d*x+c)/a/d/
(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.536.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b \left( -\frac{8ab\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7a^2-9b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `((-((b*((-8*a*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*(7*a^2 - 9*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((2*I)*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))] *Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] *Csc[c + d*x] * (2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] - b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)])))/(a*b^2*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)])))/(a - b)*(a + b))) + (4*(a^3 - a*b^2 + b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a^2*d)`

**3.536.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3535, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int -\frac{(3b-b\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3b-b\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{3b-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(-2a\cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b+3(a^2-b^2)b)\sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3535} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(-2a\cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b+3(a^2-b^2)b)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b+3(a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3b^2(a^2-b^2)-ab(a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3b^2(a^2-b^2)-ab(a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.536.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{(3b^2(a^2-b^2) - ab(a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a  
↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) - ab(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a  
↓ 3134

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) - ab(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a  
↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) - ab(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a  
↓ 3132

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) - ab(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a  
↓ 3481

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3.536.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{\frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

2a

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{\frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

2a

↓ 3142

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{\frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{\frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{\frac{2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

2a

↓ 3286

3.536.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

2a

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3b^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

2a

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{6b^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$

2a

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(((2*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((-2*a*b*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/a + Tan[c + d*x]/(a*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.536.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`
- rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3535 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :>
Simp[(-(A*b^2 + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin
in[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin
[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A + C) + d*(A*b^2 + a^2*C)*(m + n
+ 2) - (c*(A*b^2 + a^2*C) + b*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A + C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d
*(A*b^2 + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, A, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2
- d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) ||
!(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a,
0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.536.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 897 vs.  $2(348) = 696$ .

Time = 6.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 898, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	898

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/a*(-\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & /((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+1/2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-1/2 \\ & *( \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)} \\ & /(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), \\ & (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+1/2/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(( \\ & 2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b) \\ & )*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)}) \\ & +1/2/a*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b) \\ & )/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & )*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+2/a^2*b*(\sin(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-2*b^2/a^2/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*b*\sin(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c)^2-a-b)/(a^2-b^2)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b+EllipticE(\cos(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(-2*b/(a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a \\ & -b))^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a-EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),\dots \end{aligned}$$

### 3.536.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.536.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.536.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.536.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`



**3.536.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.537**       $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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**3.537.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 345

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b(7a^2 - 15b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4a^3(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{5b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4a^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{4a^3 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 15b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^3(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5b \tan(c+dx)}{4a^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{2ad \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output 
$$-1/4*b^2*(7*a^2-15*b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}+1/4*b*(7*a^2-15*b^2)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d/((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}-5/4*b*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}/a^2/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}+1/4*(4*a^2+15*b^2)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticPi}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}/a^3/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}-5/4*b*\tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}+1/2*\sec(d*x+c)*\tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}$$

### 3.537.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8ab(a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 2(8a^4+29a^2b^2-45b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} &(-(((8*a*b*(a^2 - 5*b^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])]/(a + b))*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] + (2*(8*a^4 + 29*a^2*b^2 - 45*b^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])]/(a + b))*\text{EllipticPi}[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] - ((2*I)*(-7*a^2 + 15*b^2)*\text{Sqrt}[-(b*(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))]/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[-((b*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*\text{EllipticPi}[(a + b)/a, I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b))))/(a*\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]))/((-a + b)*(a + b)) + 4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((8*b^4*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])) + (-7*b + 2*a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]))/(16*a^3*d) \end{aligned}$$

**3.537.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 24, number of rules used = 24,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.043$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(-3b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+5b)\sec^2(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(-3b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+5b)\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+5b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(4a^2+6b\cos(c+dx)a+15b^2-5b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(4a^2+6b\cos(c+dx)a+15b^2-5b^2\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.537.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{5b \tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} = \frac{b(7a^2-15b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\int \frac{(b(4a^4+11b^2a^2-15b^4)-5ab^2(a^2-b^2) \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a} - \frac{2b^2(7a^2-15b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

4a

3042

$$\frac{\frac{5b \tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} = \frac{b(7a^2-15b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^4+11b^2a^2-15b^4)-5ab^2(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a} - \frac{2b^2(7a^2-15b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

4a

3134

$$\frac{\frac{5b \tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} = \frac{b(7a^2-15b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^4+11b^2a^2-15b^4)-5ab^2(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a} - \frac{2b^2(7a^2-15b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

4a

3042

$$\frac{\frac{5b \tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} = \frac{b(7a^2-15b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^4+11b^2a^2-15b^4)-5ab^2(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{2a} - \frac{2b^2(7a^2-15b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

4a

3132

$$\frac{\frac{5b \tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{4a} = \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^4+11b^2a^2-15b^4)-5ab^2(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{2a} - \frac{2b^2(7a^2-15b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

4a

3.537.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3481} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4)\int\frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx-5ab^2(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{b} + \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 \frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2a} \\
 \hline
 4a
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4)\int\frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-5ab^2(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b} + \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 \frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2a} \\
 \hline
 4a
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3142} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4)\int\frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - \frac{5ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + 2b(7a^2-15b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{d} \\
 \frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2a} \\
 \hline
 4a
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4)\int\frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - \frac{5ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + 2b(7a^2-15b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{d} \\
 \frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2a} \\
 \hline
 4a
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3140}
 \end{array}$$

---

3.537.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{10ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a}{4a}$$

3286

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4) \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{10ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}b} + \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a}{4a}$$

3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{10ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}b} + \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a}{4a}$$

3284

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(7a^2-15b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{2b(4a^4+11a^2b^2-15b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{10ab^2(a^2-b^2)}{b}$$


---


$$\frac{5b\tan(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a}{4a}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`



```
output (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (-1/2*((2*
b*(7*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(
a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((-10*a*b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*
Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/
(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(4*a^4 + 11*a^2*b^2 - 15*b^4)*Sqrt[(a
+ b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*S
qrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*b^2*(7*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Sin
[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/a + (5*b*Tan[c + d*
x])/(a*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*a)
```

### 3.537.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])]/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]))/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.537.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1545 vs.  $2(402) = 804$ .

Time = 8.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1546, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1546

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/a*(-1/2* \\ & \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2 \\ & )^{(1/2)})/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^2+3/4*b/a^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)})/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & ^2-1)-1/8*b/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b) \\ & /(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+3/8/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & )^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), \\ & (-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-3/8*b^2/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d \\ & *x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-1/2*(s \\ & in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(- \\ & 2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-3/8/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}* \\ & ((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a \\ & +b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b) \\ & ))^{(1/2)})*b^2-2*b^2/a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2* \\ & c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-2/a^2*b\dots \end{aligned}$$

### 3.537.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.537.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.537.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.537.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.537.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.538**       $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.538.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4200  
 3.538.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4201  
 3.538.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4201  
 3.538.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4208  
 3.538.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4209  
 3.538.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4210  
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 3.538.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4211  
 3.538.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4211

**3.538.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 436

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^5 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$- \frac{2a(128a^4 - 116a^2b^2 - 17b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15b^5 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \cos^3(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b (a^2 - b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8a^2(2a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{4a(32a^4 - 49a^2b^2 + 7b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15b^4 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(48a^4 - 71a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15b^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*a^2*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-8/3* \\ & a^2*(2*a^2-3*b^2)*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c) \\ & )^(1/2)-4/15*a*(32*a^4-49*a^2*b^2+7*b^4)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2 \\ & )/b^4/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+2/15*(48*a^4-71*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)*( \\ & a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+2/15*(128*a^6-212*a^4*b^2+55*a^2*b \\ & ^4+9*b^6)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^5/(a^2-b^2) \\ & ^2/d/((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/15*a*(128*a^4-116*a^2*b^2-17*b^4)*(c \\ & \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & , 2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^5/(a^2-b^2)/d/( \\ & a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.538.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{3/2} \left( (128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + a(-128a^5 + 128a^4b + 116a^3b^2 - \dots) \right)}{(a-b)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*((a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*((128*a^6 - 212*a^4*b^2 + 55*a^2* \\ & b^4 + 9*b^6)*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*(-128*a^5 + 128*a^4 \\ & *b + 116*a^3*b^2 - 116*a^2*b^3 + 17*a*b^4 - 17*b^5)*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, \\ & (2*b)/(a + b)]))/ (a - b)^2 + b*((10*a^5*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2) - (10*a \\ & ^4*(11*a^2 - 15*b^2)*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 - 28 \\ & *a*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 3*b*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2*\text{Sin}[2* \\ & (c + d*x)]))/ (15*b^5*d*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(3/2)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.538.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3526, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.538.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& -\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(6a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-(8a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(6a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-(8a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(6a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(3b^2-8a^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3526} \\
& -\frac{8a^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(16(2a^2-3b^2)a^2-2b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-(48a^4-71b^2a^2+3b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(16(2a^2-3b^2)a^2-2b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-(48a^4-71b^2a^2+3b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{8a^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.538.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(16(2a^2-3b^2)a^2-2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a+(-48a^4+71b^2a^2-3b^4)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}b(a^2-b^2)}dx + \frac{8a^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3528

$$2\int \frac{-6a(32a^4-49b^2a^2+7b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-b(16a^4-27b^2a^2-9b^4)\cos(c+dx)+2a(48a^4-71b^2a^2+3b^4)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}5b}dx - \frac{2(48a^4-71a^2b^2+3b^4)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{-6a(32a^4-49b^2a^2+7b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-b(16a^4-27b^2a^2-9b^4)\cos(c+dx)+2a(48a^4-71b^2a^2+3b^4)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}5b}dx - \frac{2(48a^4-71a^2b^2+3b^4)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{-6a(32a^4-49b^2a^2+7b^4)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2-b(16a^4-27b^2a^2-9b^4)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+2a(48a^4-71b^2a^2+3b^4)}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}5b}dx - \frac{2(48a^4-71a^2b^2+3b^4)\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3502

$$2\int \frac{3(4ab(8a^4-11b^2a^2-2b^4)+(128a^6-212b^2a^4+55b^4a^2+9b^6)\cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}3b}dx - \frac{4a(32a^4-49a^2b^2+7b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(48a^4-71a^2b^2+3b^4)}{5bd}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

---

3.538.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{4ab(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 - 2b^4) + (128a^6 - 212b^2a^4 + 55b^4a^2 + 9b^6) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} - \frac{4a(32a^4 - 49a^2b^2 + 7b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(48a^4 - 71a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{4ab(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 - 2b^4) + (128a^6 - 212b^2a^4 + 55b^4a^2 + 9b^6) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} - \frac{4a(32a^4 - 49a^2b^2 + 7b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(48a^4 - 71a^2b^2 + 3b^4)}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{\frac{(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} - \frac{4a(32a^4 - 49a^2b^2 + 7b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(48a^4 - 71a^2b^2 + 3b^4)}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} - \frac{4a(32a^4 - 49a^2b^2 + 7b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(48a^4 - 71a^2b^2 + 3b^4)}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{\frac{(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{5b} - \frac{4a(32a^4 - 49a^2b^2 + 7b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd} - \frac{2(48a^4 - 71a^2b^2 + 3b^4)}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

3.538.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}$$


---


$$\frac{2(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}$$


---


$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{2(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}$$


---


$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{2(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2(128a^6 - 212a^4b^2 + 55a^2b^4 + 9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(128a^6 - 244a^4b^2 + 99a^2b^4 + 17b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

---

3.538.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8a^2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{-2(48a^4-71a^2b^2+3b^4) \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5bd} - \frac{2(128a^6-212a^4b^2+55a^2b^4+9b^6) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

 $3b(a^2 -$ 

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - ((8*a^2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + ((-2*(48*a^4 - 71*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) - (((2*(128*a^6 - 212*a^4*b^2 + 55*a^2*b^4 + 9*b^6)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*a*(128*a^6 - 244*a^4*b^2 + 99*a^2*b^4 + 17*b^6)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b - (4*a*(32*a^4 - 49*a^2*b^2 + 7*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d)/(5*b))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.538.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 3526 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 -
d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m -
1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*
d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n +
1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))]*Sin[e + f*
*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 3528 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_
.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x
])^m*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m +
n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*
d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a
*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m +
n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[
m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))
```

### 3.538.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1687 vs.  $2(466) = 932$ .

Time = 12.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1688, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1688

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(16/b^2*(-1
/10/b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2)^(1/2)-1/60/b^2*(-4*a+12*b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+1/60/b^2*(-4*a+12*b)*(a-b)*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-1/60*(4*a^2-15*a*b+27*b^2)/b^3*(a-b)*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1
/2))))-8/b^3*(2*a+3*b)*(-1/6/b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(a-b)/b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*
b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-
b))^(1/2))-1/12/b^2*(-2*a+6*b)*(a-b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))))-10/b^5*a^4/sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2/(2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a-b)/(a^2-b^2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+...

```

### 3.538.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1040, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`



output

```
-1/45*(6*(64*a^7*b^2 - 98*a^5*b^4 + 14*a^3*b^6 - 3*(a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 +
b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(a^5*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^6 + a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*(
16*a^6*b^3 - 25*a^4*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a
)*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(sqrt(2)*(-128*I*a^7*b^2 + 260*I*a^5*b^4 - 121*I*a^3*b^
6 - 21*I*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(-128*I*a^8*b + 260*I*a^6*b^3 -
121*I*a^4*b^5 - 21*I*a^2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-128*I*a^9 + 260*I*
a^7*b^2 - 121*I*a^5*b^4 - 21*I*a^3*b^6))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(
4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3
*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 2*(sqrt(2)*(128*I*a^7*b^2 - 260*I*a^5*b^4 +
121*I*a^3*b^6 + 21*I*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(128*I*a^8*b - 260*
I*a^6*b^3 + 121*I*a^4*b^5 + 21*I*a^2*b^7)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(128*I*a^
9 - 260*I*a^7*b^2 + 121*I*a^5*b^4 + 21*I*a^3*b^6))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInv
erse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*
x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*(sqrt(2)*(-128*I*a^6*b^3 + 212*I
*a^4*b^5 - 55*I*a^2*b^7 - 9*I*b^9)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(-128*I*a^7*
b^2 + 212*I*a^5*b^4 - 55*I*a^3*b^6 - 9*I*a*b^8)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-1
28*I*a^8*b + 212*I*a^6*b^3 - 55*I*a^4*b^5 - 9*I*a^2*b^7))*sqrt(b)*weierstr
assZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassP
Inverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos
(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*(sqrt(2)*(128*I*a^6*b^3 - ...
```

### 3.538.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.538.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^5}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^5/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.538.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^5}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^5/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.538.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^5}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.539**       $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.539.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 345

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^4 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(16a^4 - 16a^2b^2 - b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^4 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \cos^2(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b (a^2 - b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4a^3 (3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+4/3*
a^3*(3*a^2-5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*
(2*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d-8/3*a*(4*a^4
-7*a^2*b^2+2*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elliptic
E(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^4/(
a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*(16*a^4-16*a^2*b^2-b^4)*(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^4/(a^2-b^2)/d/(
a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.539.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (-4(4a^5 - 7a^3b^2 + 2ab^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b}) + (16a^5 - 16a^4b - 16a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3 - ab^4)}{(a-b)^2} \right)}{3b^4}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*(-4*(4*a^5 - 7*a^3*b^2 + 2*a*b^4)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + (16*a^5 - 16*a^4*b - 16*a^3*b^2 + 16*a^2*b^3 - a*b^4 + b^5)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]))/(a - b)^2 + (b*(16*a^6 - 25*a^4*b^2 + b^6 + 4*a*b*(5*a^4 - 8*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*Cos[c + d*x] + (-a^2*b + b^3)^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*(a^2 - b^2)^2))/(3*b^4*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.539.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3510, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin^4(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2-3b \cos(c+dx)a-3(2a^2-b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(4a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-3(2a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(4a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-3(2a^2-b^2)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3510

$$\frac{2\int \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)a^2+2(6a^4-11b^2a^2+3b^4)\cos(c+dx)a-3b(a^2-b^2)(2a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}b^2(a^2-b^2)} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)a^2+2(6a^4-11b^2a^2+3b^4)\cos(c+dx)a-3b(a^2-b^2)(2a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}b^2(a^2-b^2)} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)a^2+2(6a^4-11b^2a^2+3b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-3b(a^2-b^2)(2a^2-b^2)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}b^2(a^2-b^2)} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{2\int \frac{3((4a^4-7b^2a^2-b^4)b^2+4a(4a^4-7b^2a^2+2b^4)\cos(c+dx)b)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}3b} dx}{b^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2)(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{b^2d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

---

3.539.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(4a^4 - 7b^2a^2 - b^4)b^2 + 4a(4a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 2b^4) \cos(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} - \frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{(4a^4 - 7b^2a^2 - b^4)b^2 + 4a(4a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} - \frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{4a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} - \frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} - \frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{4a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{4a^3(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)} - \frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.539.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{4a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\frac{b}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d}}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{8a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\frac{b}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{8a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\frac{b}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{8a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - (16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\frac{b}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}}$$

$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3140

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3.539.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8a(4a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 2b^4) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a + b}\right) - 2(16a^6 - 32a^4b^2 + 15a^2b^4 + b^6) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{2b}{a + b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{2(a^2 - b^2)(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$3b(a^2 - b^2)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - ((-4*a^3*(3*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (((8*a*(4*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(16*a^6 - 32*a^4*b^2 + 15*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b - (2*(a^2 - b^2)*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/(b^2*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.539.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`



rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 3510 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[
e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b^2*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - S
imp[1/(b^2*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(
m + 1)*((b*B - a*C)*(b*c - a*d) - A*b*(a*c - b*d)) + (b*B*(a^2*d + b^2*d*(m
+ 1) - a*b*c*(m + 2)) + (b*c - a*d)*(A*b^2*(m + 2) + C*(a^2 + b^2*(m + 1)
))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*C*d*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2,
0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.539.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1294 vs.  $2(379) = 758$ .

Time = 10.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1295, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1295

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8/b^2*(-1/
6/b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(a-b)/b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-1/12/b^2*(-2*a+6
*b)*(a-b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-
b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))))+4*(a+b)/b^4*(a-b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2
*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1
/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2)))+2/b^4*a^4*(1/6/b/(a
-b)/(a+b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+8/3*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2*b/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a/(-(-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+
b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+(3*a-b)/(3*a^3+3*a^2*b-3*a*b^2-3*b^3)*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-4/3*a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^
(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*...

```

### 3.539.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 954, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(6*(8*a^6*b^2 - 13*a^4*b^4 + a^2*b^6 + (a^4*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^6 + b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(5*a^5*b^3 - 8*a^3*b^5 + a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) + (sqrt(2)*(-32*I*a^6*b^2 + 68*I*a^4*b^4 - 37*I*a^2*b^6 - 3*I*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(32*I*a^7*b - 68*I*a^5*b^3 + 37*I*a^3*b^5 + 3*I*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-32*I*a^8 + 68*I*a^6*b^2 - 37*I*a^4*b^4 - 3*I*a^2*b^6))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + (sqrt(2)*(32*I*a^6*b^2 - 68*I*a^4*b^4 + 37*I*a^2*b^6 + 3*I*b^8)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(-32*I*a^7*b + 68*I*a^5*b^3 - 37*I*a^3*b^5 - 3*I*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(32*I*a^8 - 68*I*a^6*b^2 + 37*I*a^4*b^4 + 3*I*a^2*b^6))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 12*(sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^5*b^3 - 7*I*a^3*b^5 + 2*I*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^6*b^2 - 7*I*a^4*b^4 + 2*I*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^7*b - 7*I*a^5*b^3 + 2*I*a^3*b^5))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(a(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 12*(sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^5*b^3 + 7*I*a^3*b^5 - 2*I*a*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^6*b^2 + 7*I*a^4*b^4 - 2*I*a^2*b^6)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^7*b + 7*I*a^5*b^3 - 2*I*a^3...`

### 3.539.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.539.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.539.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.539.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.540**       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.540.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(8a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$- \frac{2a(8a^2 - 9b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b (a^2 - b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8a^2 (a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-8/3*a^2*(a^2-2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*(8*a^4-15*a^2*b^2+3*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/3*a*(8*a^2-9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.540.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} ((8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b}) + a(-8a^3+8a^2b+9ab^2-9b^3)\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b}))}{(a-b)^2} \right)}{3b^3d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*((8*a^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*(-8*a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 9*a*b^2 - 9*b^3)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]))/(a - b)^2 + (a^2*b*(-4*a^3 + 8*a*b^2 + (-5*a^2*b + 9*b^3)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2)/(3*b^3*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.540.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{2a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-(4a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-(4a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.540.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{2a^2 - 3b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + (3b^2 - 4a^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
 & \frac{8a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2ab(a^2 - 3b^2) + (8a^4 - 15b^2a^2 + 3b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{8a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{2ab(a^2 - 3b^2) + (8a^4 - 15b^2a^2 + 3b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{8a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{2ab(a^2 - 3b^2) + (8a^4 - 15b^2a^2 + 3b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{8a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{a(8a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 9b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{8a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{a(8a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 9b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3134}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.540.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\frac{8a^2(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(8a^4-17a^2b^2+9b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{8a^2(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(8a^4-17a^2b^2+9b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{8a^2(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(8a^4-17a^2b^2+9b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{8a^2(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(8a^4-17a^2b^2+9b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.540.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{8a^2(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{2(8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(8a^4-17a^2b^2+9b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin\left(\frac{c+dx}{a+b}\right)}}}{b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2-b^2)}}{\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\frac{8a^2(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{2(8a^4-15a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2a(8a^4-17a^2b^2+9b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2-b^2)}}{\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (-(((2*(8*a^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*a*(8*a^4 - 17*a^2*b^2 + 9*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))) + (8*a^2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.540.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

---

3.540.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

```
rule 3500 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.540.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 910 vs. 2(319) = 638.

Time = 9.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 911, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	911

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/b^3/(-2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(3*Ellipt
icF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*a+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*b)-
6/b^3*a^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a-b)/(a^2-b^2)*(-
2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1
/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b)-2
/b^3*a^3*(1/6/b/(a-b)/(a+b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+
(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+8/3
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a/(-(-2*b*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+(3*a-b)/(3*a^3+3*a^2*b-3*
a*b^2-3*b^3)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/
(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-4/3*a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(...
```

**3.540.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 867, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-1/9*(6*(4*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^4 + (5*a^4*b^3 - 9*a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt
t(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) + 4*(sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^5*b^2 + 9*I*a^3*b^
4 - 6*I*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^6*b + 9*I*a^4*b^3 - 6*I*
a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^7 + 9*I*a^5*b^2 - 6*I*a^3*b^4))*sq
rt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)
/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 4*(sqrt(2)*(4
*I*a^5*b^2 - 9*I*a^3*b^4 + 6*I*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^6*
b - 9*I*a^4*b^3 + 6*I*a^2*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^7 - 9*I*a^5*b
^2 + 6*I*a^3*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8
/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*
a)/b) + 3*(sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^4*b^3 + 15*I*a^2*b^5 - 3*I*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2
+ 2*sqrt(2)*(-8*I*a^5*b^2 + 15*I*a^3*b^4 - 3*I*a*b^6)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(
2)*(-8*I*a^6*b + 15*I*a^4*b^3 - 3*I*a^2*b^5))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*
(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*
(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) +
3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 3*(sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^4*b^3 - 15*I*a^2*b^5 + 3
*I*b^7)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^5*b^2 - 15*I*a^3*b^4 + 3*I*a*b^6
)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(8*I*a^6*b - 15*I*a^4*b^3 + 3*I*a^2*b^5))*sqrt(b)
*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, wei
erstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, ...
```

**3.540.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.540.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.540.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.540.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.540.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.541**  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.541.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4232
3.541.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4233
3.541.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4233
3.541.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4237
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3.541.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4240
3.541.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4240
3.541.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4240

**3.541.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 263

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4a(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b^2(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+4/3*a*(a^2-3*b^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-4/3*a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^
(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b*cos(
d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*(2*a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*c
os(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.541.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{\left(\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{3/2} \left(2(a^3-3ab^2)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + (-2a^3+2a^2b+3ab^2-3b^3) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)}{(a-b)^2} \right)}{3b^2d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`output `(2*(-(((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*(2*(a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + (-2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]))/(a - b)^2 + (a*b*(a^3 - 5*a*b^2 + 2*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2)/(3*b^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`**3.541.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3269, 27, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3269} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{3ab+(2a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3ab+(2a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.541.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{3ab + (2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3ab + (2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{\frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{b(a^2 + 3b^2) - 2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(a^2 + 3b^2) - 2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(a^2 + 3b^2) - 2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{b} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{b} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} + \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}}{3b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.541.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3142

$$\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(2a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{4a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3140

---

3.541.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{4a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(2a^4-5a^2b^2+3b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 4a(a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}a^2-b^2}$$


---


$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)}{2a^2\sin(c+dx)} - \frac{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((-4*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*(2*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(b*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(a^2 - b^2) + (4*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.541.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 3269 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(m + 1)*(2*b*c*d - a*(c^2 + d^2)) + (a^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d*(m + 2) + b^2*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.541.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 849 vs.  $2(301) = 602$ .

Time = 8.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 850, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	850

---

3.541.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/b^2*(\sin \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2* \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+2*a^2/b^2*(1/6/b/(a-b)/(a+b)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+8/3*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*c \\ & \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a/(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2 \\ & )^{(1/2)}+(3*a-b)/(3*a^3+3*a^2*b-3*a*b^2-3*b^3)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+( \\ & a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b)) \\ & ^{(1/2)})-4/3*a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x \\ & +1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-EllipticE \\ & (\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})))+4*a/b^2/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2* \\ & b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a-b)/(a^2-b^2)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b+Elli \\ & pticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(-2*b/(a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\ & )^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a-EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(-2*b/(a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b)) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.541.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 814, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(6*(a^4*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b^3 - 3*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) + (sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^4*b^2 + 9*I*a^2*b^4 - 9*I*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^5*b - 9*I*a^3*b^3 + 9*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^6 + 9*I*a^4*b^2 - 9*I*a^2*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + (sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^4*b^2 - 9*I*a^2*b^4 + 9*I*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(-4*I*a^5*b + 9*I*a^3*b^3 - 9*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(4*I*a^6 - 9*I*a^4*b^2 + 9*I*a^2*b^4))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 6*(sqrt(2)*(I*a^3*b^3 - 3*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(I*a^4*b^2 - 3*I*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^5*b - 3*I*a^3*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 6*(sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3*b^3 + 3*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^4*b^2 + 3*I*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^5*b + 3*I*a^3*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/((a^4*b^5 - 2*a^2*b^7 + b^9)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^5*b...`

### 3.541.6 Sympy [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.541.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.541.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.541.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.542**       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.542.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4241  
 3.542.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4242  
 3.542.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4242  
 3.542.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4246  
 3.542.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4247  
 3.542.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4248  
 3.542.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4249  
 3.542.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4249  
 3.542.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4249

**3.542.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3b(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/3*(a^2+3*b^2)*sin(d*
x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/3*(a^2+3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a
+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(1/2)+2/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/b
/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



### 3.542.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{\left(\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{3/2} \left( (a^2+3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + a(-a+b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) \right)}{(a-b)^2 b} + \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{3d(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(-(((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*((a^2 + 3*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + a*(-a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])))/((a - b)^2*b) + ((2*a*(a^2 + b^2) + b*(a^2 + 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2)/(3*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.542.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\ & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\int \frac{3b-a\cos(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3b-a\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.542.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3b-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b}}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
 & \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{b\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.542.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}{\frac{(a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}}{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}} - \frac{2a(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{bd \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

3.542.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

output 
$$\frac{(2a \sin[c + dx]) / (3(a^2 - b^2)d(a + b \cos[c + dx])^{3/2}) - ((2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]} \operatorname{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, (2b)/(a + b)]) / (b d \sqrt{(a + b \cos[c + dx]) / (a + b)}) - (2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{(a + b \cos[c + dx]) / (a + b)} \operatorname{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, (2b)/(a + b)]) / (b d \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]})) / (a^2 - b^2) - (2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sin[c + dx]) / ((a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a + b \cos[c + dx]})}{3(a^2 - b^2)}$$

### 3.542.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3132  $\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 * (\sqrt{a + b} / d) \operatorname{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2 * (b / (a + b))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[a + b, 0]$

rule 3134  $\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\sqrt{a + b \sin[c + dx]} / \sqrt{(a + b \sin[c + dx]) / (a + b)} \operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{a / (a + b) + (b / (a + b)) \sin[c + dx]}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a + b, 0]$

rule 3140  $\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2 / (d \sqrt{a + b})) \operatorname{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2 * (b / (a + b))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[a + b, 0]$

rule 3142  $\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) \sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\sqrt{(a + b \sin[c + dx]) / (a + b)} / \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + dx]} \operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{a / (a + b) + (b / (a + b)) \sin[c + dx]}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a + b, 0]$

```
rule 3231 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3233 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e +
f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*
(m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.542.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs. 2(281) = 562.

Time = 7.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - a + b} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + E\right)$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a-b)/(a^2-b^2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*a-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))*(-2*b/(a-b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(a+b)/(a-b))^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b)-2/b*a*(1/6/b/(a-b)/(a+b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+8/3*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a/(-(-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+(3*a-b)/(3*a^3+3*a^2*b-3*a*b^2-3*b^3)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-4/3*a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.542.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 765, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6(2a^3b^2+2ab^4+(a^2b^3+3b^5)\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a\sin(dx+c)}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

1/9*(6*(2*a^3*b^2 + 2*a*b^4 + (a^2*b^3 + 3*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d
*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c) - 2*(sqrt(2)*(I*a^3*b^2 - 3*I*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c
)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(I*a^4*b - 3*I*a^2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^5 - 3*
I*a^3*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*
a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) -
2*(sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3*b^2 + 3*I*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^4*b
+ 3*I*a^2*b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^5 + 3*I*a^3*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*
(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(I*a^2*b^3 +
3*I*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3*b^2 + 3*I*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)
+ sqrt(2)*(I*a^4*b + 3*I*a^2*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*
b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*
b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d
*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2*b^3 - 3*I*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*
sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3*b^2 - 3*I*a*b^4)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^4*b - 3*I*a^
2*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*
a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*
a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b))))/((a^4*b
^4 - 2*a^2*b^6 + b^8)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a^5*b^3 - 2*a^3*b^5 + a*b^7)*d
*cos(d*x + c) + (a^6*b^2 - 2*a^4*b^4 + a^2*b^6)*d)

```

### 3.542.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.542.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.542.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.542.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`



### 3.543 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.543.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4250
3.543.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4251
3.543.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4251
3.543.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4255
3.543.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4256
3.543.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4257
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3.543.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4258
3.543.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4258

#### 3.543.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -2/3*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-8/3*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8/3*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.543.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8a(a + b)^2 \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{3/2} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - 2(a - b)(a + b)^2 \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{3/2}}{3(a - b)^2(a + b)^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-5/2), x]`output `(8*a*(a + b)^2*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] - 2*(a - b)*(a + b)^2*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*(-5*a^2 + b^2 - 4*a*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`**3.543.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.071$ , Rules used = {3042, 3143, 27, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3143} \\ & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{3a-b \cos(c+dx)}{2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{3a-b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{3a-b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{3a^2+4b \cos(c+dx)a+b^2}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2+4b \cos(c+dx)a+b^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2+4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b^2}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& \frac{4a \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx - (a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{4a \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
& \frac{4a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.543.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
& \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - (a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
& \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
& \frac{8a\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-5/2), x]`

---

3.543.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
output (-2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((8*a*
Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[(a
+ b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a
+ b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
)/(a^2 - b^2) - (8*a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x
]]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.543.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

rule 3143 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*(n + 1) - b*(n + 2)*SIN[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*SIN[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

### 3.543.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2b(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - a + b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))b + (a + b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}} + \frac{16(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{3b(a - b)(a + b)\sqrt{-(-2b(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - a + b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1/3/b/(a-b)
)/(a+b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+16/3*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2*b/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a/(-(-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)
)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*(3*a-b)/(3*a^3+3*a^2*b-3*a*b^2-3*b^3)*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))-8/3*a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b
/(a-b))^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))))/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.543.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 692, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{6(4ab^3 \cos(dx + c) + 5a^2b^2 - b^4)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sin(dx + c) - (\sqrt{2}(-ia^2b^2 - 3ib^4) \cos(dx + c))^2 - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/9*(6*(4*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 5*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*
sin(d*x + c) - (sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2*b^2 - 3*I*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*
(I*a^3*b + 3*I*a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^4 - 3*I*a^2*b^2))*sqrt(
b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^
3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - (sqrt(2)*(I*a^2*
b^2 + 3*I*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3*b - 3*I*a*b^3)*cos(d*x +
c) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^4 + 3*I*a^2*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^
2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b
*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 12*(-I*sqrt(2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*I*sqrt(2
)*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*a^3*b)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a
^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a
^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*
b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) + 12*(I*sqrt(2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*I*sqrt(
2)*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(2)*a^3*b)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*
a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*
a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I
*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/((a^4*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^5 + b^7)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2
+ 2*(a^5*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^4 + a*b^6)*d*cos(d*x + c) + (a^6*b - 2*a^4*b^3 + a^
2*b^5)*d)
```

### 3.543.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(-5/2), x)`

### 3.543.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)**(-5/2), x)`



**3.543.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**3.543.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.544 $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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#### 3.544.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3a^2(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3a(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{a^2 d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2-b^2)^2 d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/3*b^2*(7*a^2-3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2/3*b*(7*a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.544.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{8ab(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 2(6a^4-19a^2b^2+9b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(((-8*a*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*(6*a^4 - 19*a^2*b^2 + 9*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]] + ((2*I)*(-7*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*(-2*a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*EllipticPi[(a + b)/a, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)]))/a*Sqrt[-(a + b)^(-1)])/(a^2*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2 + (4*b^2*(8*a^3 - 4*a*b^2 + b*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^3 - a*b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(6*d)`

**3.544.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

3.544.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{(b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3ab \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^2 - b^2)) \sec(c+dx)}{2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3ab \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^2 - b^2)) \sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 - 3ab \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 3(a^2 - b^2)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{\left(3(a^2 - b^2)^2 - b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab(3a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)\right) \sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} a(a^2 - b^2)} dx}{\frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\left(3(a^2 - b^2)^2 - b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab(3a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)\right) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} a(a^2 - b^2)} dx}{\frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(a^2 - b^2)^2 - b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 - 2ab(3a^2 - b^2) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.544.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{-b(7a^2-3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int \frac{(a(a^2-b^2) \cos(c+dx)b^2+3(a^2-b^2)^2b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a(a^2-b^2) \cos(c+dx)b^2+3(a^2-b^2)^2b) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(7a^2-3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3(a^2-b^2)^2b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(7a^2-3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3(a^2-b^2)^2b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(7a^2-3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3(a^2-b^2)^2b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(7a^2-3b^2) \int \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3132

---

3.544.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) b^2 + 3(a^2-b^2)^2 b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{ab^2(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{ab^2(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3142

$$3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab^2(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.544.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))\frac{2b}{a+b}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3286

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b(a^2-b^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx + \frac{2ab^2(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} - \frac{2b(7a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3284

---

3.544.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2ab^2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 6b(a^2 - b^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(7a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((-2*b*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((2*a*b^2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (6*b*(a^2 - b^2)^2*Sqrt[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*b^2*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.544.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`



rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.544.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 848 vs.  $2(383) = 766$ .

Time = 9.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 849, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	849

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



**3.544.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.544.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.544.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.544.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.545**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.545.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 380

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3a^4 - 26a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{3a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{5b \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{a^3 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(3a^4 - 26a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(dx+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}+1/3b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sin(dx+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}-1/3(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}+1/3(3a^2-5b^2)(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)*\text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}-5b(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c))^2)^{1/2}/\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)*\text{EllipticPi}(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c),2,2^{1/2}*(b/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+b\cos(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}/a^3/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}+\tan(dx+c)/a/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}$

### 3.545.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{b \left( -\frac{8ab(9a^2-5b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(33a^4-86a^2b^2+45b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{12a^3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output  $((-((b*((-8*a*b*(9*a^2 - 5*b^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] + (2*(33*a^4 - 86*a^2*b^2 + 45*b^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] + ((2*I)*(3*a^4 - 26*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*\text{Sqrt}[-((b*(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*\text{Sqrt}[-((b*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*(-2*a*(a - b)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b) + b*(-2*a*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b)] + b*\text{EllipticPi}[(a + b)/a, I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (a + b)/(a - b))))/(a*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b)^{-1}]))/(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2) + (2*(4*a*b*(3*a^4 - 17*a^2*b^2 + 10*b^4)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + (3*a^4*b^2 - 26*a^2*b^4 + 15*b^6)*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*(a^3 - a*b^2)^2*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]))/(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{3/2}))/((12*a^3*d)$

**3.545.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 24, number of rules used = 24,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.043$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3535, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3142, 3042, 3140, 3286, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(5b-3b\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(5b-3b\cos^2(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5b-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3535} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\int \frac{(-6a\cos(c+dx)b^2 - (3a^2-5b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b + 15(a^2-b^2)b)\sec(c+dx)}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(-6a\cos(c+dx)b^2 - (3a^2-5b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b + 15(a^2-b^2)b)\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.545.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \int \frac{-6a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2-(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b+15(a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 \frac{2a}{3a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 3534 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 2 \int \frac{(-2a(9a^2-5b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^2+15(a^2-b^2)^2b+(3a^4-26b^2a^2+15b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)b)\sec(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}a(a^2-b^2)} dx - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{2a}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \int \frac{(-2a(9a^2-5b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^2+15(a^2-b^2)^2b+(3a^4-26b^2a^2+15b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)b)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}a(a^2-b^2)} dx - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{2a}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \int \frac{-2a(9a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+15(a^2-b^2)^2b+(3a^4-26b^2a^2+15b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}a(a^2-b^2)} dx - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{2a}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \\
 \downarrow 3538 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 (3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} - \int \frac{(15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2-ab(3a^4-8b^2a^2+5b^4)\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}b} dx - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(3a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{2a}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \\
 \downarrow 25
 \end{array}$$

3.545.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\int \frac{(15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2-ab(3a^4-8b^2a^2+5b^4)\cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b}{3ad(a^2-b^2)}$$

2a

3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \int \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\int \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2-ab(3a^4-8b^2a^2+5b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)}$$

2a

3134

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{\frac{\int \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2-ab(3a^4-8b^2a^2+5b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b}{3ad(a^2-b^2)}$$

2a

3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{\frac{\int \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2-ab(3a^4-8b^2a^2+5b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b}{3ad(a^2-b^2)}$$

2a

3132

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{\frac{\int \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2-ab(3a^4-8b^2a^2+5b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \int \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | \frac{2b}{a+b})}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b}{3ad(a^2-b^2)}$$

2a

3.545.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3481 \\ \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \\ \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b(3a^4-26a^2b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ \hline \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \end{array}$$

2a

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \\ \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ \hline \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \end{array}$$

2a

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3142 \\ \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \\ \frac{ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ \hline \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \end{array}$$

2a

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \\ \frac{ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\ \hline \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \end{array}$$

2a

$$\downarrow 3140$$

---

3.545.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$2a$$

3286

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{2ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$2a$$

3042

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}} dx - \frac{2ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$2a$$

3284

$$\frac{\tan(c+dx)}{ad(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + \frac{30b^2(a^2-b^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) - \frac{2ab(3a^4-8a^2b^2+5b^4)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} + \frac{2(3a^4-26a^2b^2+15b^4)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$2a$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

---

3.545.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
output -1/2*((-2*b*(3*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((2*(3*a^4 - 26*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + ((-2*a*b*(3*a^4 - 8*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])) + (30*b^2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*b*(3*a^4 - 26*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))/a + Tan[c + d*x]/(a*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

### 3.545.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

rule 3142 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3286 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])/(c + d)]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c/(c + d) + (d/(c + d))*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && !GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]))/(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3535 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A + C) + d*(A*b^2 + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 + a^2*C) + b*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A + C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3538 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.545.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1323 vs.  $2(441) = 882$ .

Time = 12.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1324, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1324

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/a^2*(-\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/a*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)})/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+1/2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})-1/2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+1/2/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+1/2/a*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)}))+4/a^3*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})+2*b^2/a^2*(1/6/b/(a-b)/(a+b)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)})/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+8/3*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*a/(-(-2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+(3*a-b)/(3*a^3+3*a^2*b-3*a*b^2-3*b^3)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}...
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.545.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output Timed out

### 3.545.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

### 3.545.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.545.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.545.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.546 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

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#### 3.546.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15(a^2 - b^2)^3 d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{16a \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{15(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{5(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{16ab \sin(c+dx)}{15(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{15(a^2 - b^2)^3 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -2/5*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)-16/15*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/
(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-2/15*b*(23*a^2+9*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2
-b^2)^3/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/15*(23*a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(
1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)^3/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)
-16/15*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/(a^2-b
^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.546.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{\left( \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right)^{5/2} \left( (23a^2+9b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) + 8a(-a+b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)\right)}{(a-b)^3} + \frac{b(34a^2+9b^2) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{(a-b)^3} \right)}{15d(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-7/2), x]`

output `(2*(((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(5/2)*((23*a^2 + 9*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)] + 8*a*(-a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])))/(a - b)^3 + (b*(34*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4 + 2*a*b*(27*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + b^2*(23*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(-a^2 + b^2)^3)/(15*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

### 3.546.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3143, 27, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3233, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132, 3142, 3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3143} \\ & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{5a-3b \cos(c+dx)}{2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{5a-3b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.546.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{5a - 3b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5a - 3b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{3(5a^2 + 3b^2) - 8ab \cos(c + dx)}{2(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(5a^2 + 3b^2) - 8ab \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(5a^2 + 3b^2) - 8ab \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3233} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{a(15a^2 + 17b^2) + b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \frac{5(a^2 - b^2)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a(15a^2 + 17b^2) + b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{16ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \frac{5(a^2 - b^2)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.546.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(15a^2+17b^2)+b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \cdot \frac{1}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{(23a^2+9b^2)\int\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \cdot \frac{1}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(23a^2+9b^2)\int\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \cdot \frac{1}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3134

$$\frac{(23a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}dx-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \cdot \frac{1}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(23a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}}dx-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \cdot \frac{1}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3132

---

3.546.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(23a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\frac{a^2-b^2}}{3(a^2-b^2)}-\frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}-\frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3142} \\
 & \frac{2(23a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\frac{a^2-b^2}}{3(a^2-b^2)}-\frac{8a(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}-\frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}-\frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2(23a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)-8a(a^2-b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\frac{a^2-b^2}}{3(a^2-b^2)}-\frac{8a(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b}}}dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}-\frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}-\frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
 & \frac{2(23a^2+9b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)-16a(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\frac{a^2-b^2}}{3(a^2-b^2)}-\frac{2b(23a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}-\frac{16ab\sin(c+dx)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{5(a^2-b^2)}{2b\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{5d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-7/2), x]`

```
output (-2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + ((-16*a
*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((2*(23*a
^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]
)/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) - (16*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)]/(d*Sqrt[a + b
*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(a^2 - b^2) - (2*b*(23*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 -
b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2)))/(5*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.546.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3132 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3134 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3140 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*S
qrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]
```

```
rule 3142 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(a
+ b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]] Int[1/Sqrt[a/(a + b)
+ (b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]
```



rule 3143 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((a + b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a*(n + 1) - b*(n + 2)*SIN[c + d*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3233 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2)*SIN[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]`

### 3.546.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2b(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - a + b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\left( \frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))b + (a+b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{10b^2(a-b)(a+b)(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + \frac{a-b}{2b})^3} + \frac{8a \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))b + (a+b)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{15b(a-b)^2(a+b)} \right)}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1/10/b^2/(
a-b)/(a+b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^3+8/15*a/b/(a-b)^2/(a+
b)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1/2*(a-b)/b)^2+4/15*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*
b/(a-b)^3/(a+b)^3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(23*a^2+9*b^2)/((-2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-a+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*(15*a^2-8*a*b+9*b^2)/(15*a^5+15*
a^4*b-30*a^3*b^2-30*a^2*b^3+15*a*b^4+15*b^5)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
((2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a
+b)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(
1/2))-2/15*(23*a^2+9*b^2)/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*((
2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b
)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(
1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^(1/2))))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)/(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.546.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 985, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-1/45*(6*(34*a^4*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^4 + 3*b^6 + (23*a^2*b^4 + 9*b^6)*cos(d*x +
c)^2 + 2*(27*a^3*b^3 + 5*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin
(d*x + c) + (sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3*b^3 + 33*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sqrt(2)*
(I*a^4*b^2 - 33*I*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*sqrt(2)*(I*a^5*b - 33*I*a^3*
b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^6 + 33*I*a^4*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPI
nverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(
d*x + c) + 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + (sqrt(2)*(I*a^3*b^3 - 33*I*a*b^5
)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^4*b^2 + 33*I*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2 -
3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^5*b + 33*I*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^6 - 33*I*a
^4*b^2))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3
- 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) - 3*
(sqrt(2)*(23*I*a^2*b^4 + 9*I*b^6)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*sqrt(2)*(23*I*a^3*b^3
+ 9*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*sqrt(2)*(23*I*a^4*b^2 + 9*I*a^2*b^4)*cos(
d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(23*I*a^5*b + 9*I*a^3*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3
*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, weierstrassPInverse(4/3
*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*cos(d*x + c) +
3*I*b*sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*(sqrt(2)*(-23*I*a^2*b^4 - 9*I*b^6)*cos(
d*x + c)^3 + 3*sqrt(2)*(-23*I*a^3*b^3 - 9*I*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*sqrt
(2)*(-23*I*a^4*b^2 - 9*I*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-23*I*a^5*b - 9*
I*a^3*b^3))*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a...
```

### 3.546.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.546.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.546.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.546.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.547**       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.547.1 Optimal result	4294
3.547.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4294
3.547.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4295
3.547.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4298
3.547.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4299
3.547.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4299
3.547.7 Maxima [F]	4299
3.547.8 Giac [F]	4300
3.547.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4300

**3.547.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{9\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{20d} - \frac{23 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{20\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10d}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{10d}$$

output `-23/140*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+9/20*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/10*sin(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+1/10*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.547.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{63\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right) - 23\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right) + 7\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}(-2\sin(c+dx) + \sin(2(c+dx)))}{140d}$$

---

3.547.       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(63*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] - 23*Sqrt[7]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] + 7*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-2*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/ (140*d)`

### 3.547.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3132, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx$$

↓ 3272

$$\frac{1}{10} \int \frac{3(-2 \cos^2(c + dx) + 2 \cos(c + dx) + 1)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{10} \int \frac{-2 \cos^2(c + dx) + 2 \cos(c + dx) + 1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \int \frac{-2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2(9 \cos(c+dx) + 1)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{9 \cos(c+dx) + 1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{9 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} dx - \frac{23}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3} dx - \frac{23}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3132

$$\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{23}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{3d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{10d}$$

↓ 3140

---

3.547.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}}{10d} + \frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} - \frac{23\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2\sqrt{7}d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}}{3d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*d) + (3*(((9*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - (23*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d))/3 - (Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/10`

### 3.547.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



```
rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.547.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-64\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+56\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-23\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{20\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/20*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-64*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)-23*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))-9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2)))/(-8*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.547.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} (\cos(dx + c) - 1) \sin(dx + c) + 7i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) + 1/2) - 7i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c) + 1/2) + 18i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-1, 1, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) + 1/2)) - 18i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-1, 1, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c) + 1/2))}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/40*(4*sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*(cos(d*x + c) - 1)*sin(d*x + c) + 7*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) - 7*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 18*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)) - 18*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)))/d`

**3.547.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.547.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

---

3.547.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.547.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.547.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`

**3.548**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.548.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4301  
 3.548.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4301  
 3.548.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4302  
 3.548.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4304  
 3.548.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4304  
 3.548.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4305  
 3.548.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4305  
 3.548.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4305  
 3.548.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4306

**3.548.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{4d} + \frac{17 \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{12\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{6d}$$

output

```
17/84*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/4*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/6*sin(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.548.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{-21\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7}) + 17\sqrt{7} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}) + 14\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{84d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $(-21\sqrt{7}\text{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, 8/7] + 17\sqrt{7}\text{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 8/7] + 14\sqrt{3 + 4\cos[c + dx]}\sin[c + dx])/(84d)$

### 3.548.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3132, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx$$

↓ 3270

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2 - 3 \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2 - 3 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{6d}$$

↓ 3231

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{6d}$$

↓ 3132

---

3.548.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{6d}$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}{6d} + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7})}{2\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-3*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) + (17*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d))/6 + (Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

### 3.548.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3270 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])
^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x
], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && Ne
Q[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.548.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(32\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-28\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+17\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{12\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/12*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(32*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-28*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
+17*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*Elliptic
F(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2)))/(-8*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.548.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{4\cos(dx+c)+3}\sin(dx+c)-7i\sqrt{2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1,1,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)+\frac{1}{2})}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.548.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `1/24*(4*sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) - 7*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + 7*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) - 6*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, 1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2)))/d`

### 3.548.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

### 3.548.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

### 3.548.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

---

3.548.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.548.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}}{6d} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{4\cos(c+dx)}{7} + \frac{3}{7}} (42E(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | \frac{8}{7}) - 34F(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | \frac{8}{7}))}{24d \sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `(sin(c + d*x)*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2))/(6*d) - (((4*cos(c + d*x))/7 + 3/7)^(1/2)*(42*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8/7) - 34*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8/7)))/(24*d*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2))`

$$3.549 \quad \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.549.1 Optimal result	4307
3.549.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4307
3.549.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4308
3.549.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4309
3.549.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4310
3.549.6 Sympy [F]	4310
3.549.7 Maxima [F]	4311
3.549.8 Giac [F]	4311
3.549.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4311

### 3.549.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} - \frac{3\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2\sqrt{7}d}$$

output `-3/14*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

### 3.549.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{7E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right) - 3\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(7*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7] - 3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d)`

---

3.549.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.549.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3231, 3042, 3132, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3140} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{3 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{2\sqrt{7}d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - (3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d)`

3.549.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

3.549.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{1 - 8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(3F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\sqrt{2}\right) + E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sqrt{8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d$
risch	$i \left( \frac{2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} + 2}{\sqrt{(2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} + 2)e^{i(dx+c)}}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}} \sqrt{14} \sqrt{i}}{\sqrt{(2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} + 2)e^{i(dx+c)}}} \right)$

3.549.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{2} \left( (8 \cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 - 1) \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 \right)^{1/2} \left( \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 \right)^{1/2} \left( 1 - 8 \cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 \right)^{1/2} \left( 3 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{1/2}) + \operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{1/2}) \right) / (-8 \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^4 + 7 \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2)^{1/2} / \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c) / (8 \cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^2 - 1)^{1/2} / d$

### 3.549.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2}) - i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2})}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{4} \left( I \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + I \sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2}) - I \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) - I \sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2}) + 2 I \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-1, 1, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) + I \sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2})) - 2 I \sqrt{2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-1, 1, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, 1, \cos(dx + c) - I \sin(dx + c) + \frac{1}{2})) \right) / d$

### 3.549.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

---

3.549.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.549.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.549.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.549.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{4 \cos(c+dx)}{7} + \frac{3}{7}} (7 E(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | \frac{8}{7}) - 3 F(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | \frac{8}{7}))}{2 d \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `((((4*cos(c + d*x))/7 + 3/7)^(1/2)*(7*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8/7) - 3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8/7)))/(2*d*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2))`

**3.550**       $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.550.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4312  
 3.550.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4312  
 3.550.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4313  
 3.550.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . . 4314  
 3.550.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4314  
 3.550.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4315  
 3.550.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4315  
 3.550.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4315  
 3.550.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4316

**3.550.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

output `2/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

**3.550.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

**3.550.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3140}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx$$

↓ 3140

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

**3.550.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`



**3.550.4 Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{7} \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \mid \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{7}\right)}{7d}$	23

input `int(1/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7/d*7^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2/7*14^(1/2))`

**3.550.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i\sqrt{2}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(-1, 1, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c) + \frac{1}{2}\right) + i\sqrt{2}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(-1, 1, \cos(dx+c) - i\sin(dx+c) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(-I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2) + I*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, 1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) + 1/2))/d`

**3.550.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

**3.550.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.550.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.550.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{4 \cos(c+dx)}{7} + \frac{3}{7}} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}}$$

input `int(1/(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*((4*cos(c + d*x))/7 + 3/7)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8/7))/(d*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2))`

$$\mathbf{3.551} \quad \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.551.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4317
3.551.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4317
3.551.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4318
3.551.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4319
3.551.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4319
3.551.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4319
3.551.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4320
3.551.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4320
3.551.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4320

### 3.551.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

output `2/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

### 3.551.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

**3.551.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{2\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

**3.551.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

**3.551.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2,2\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d$	138

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*((8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2*2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.551.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\sqrt{4\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.551.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)/sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

---

3.551.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.551.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.551.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.551.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx) \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.552**       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.552.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4321  
 3.552.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4321  
 3.552.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4322  
 3.552.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4326  
 3.552.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4326  
 3.552.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4327  
 3.552.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4327  
 3.552.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4327  
 3.552.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4328

**3.552.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$- \frac{4 \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
1/7*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-4/21*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/3*(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.552.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6 \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}} + \frac{i\left(21E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\middle|-\frac{1}{7}\right)-12 \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\right), -\frac{1}{7}\right)-8 \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{3d}$$

3.552.       $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-6*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/Sqrt[7] + ((I/3)*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.552.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3539, 25, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3140, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{2(\cos^2(c+dx)+1)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(\cos^2(c+dx)+1)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3539}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(4-3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(4-3 \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4-3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3132 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4-3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3481 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3140 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{3d} - \\
\frac{2}{3} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx - \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.552.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3284 \\ \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3 \tan(c+dx)}}{3d} - \\ \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{7} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) \right) \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*((Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) + ((-6*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) + (8*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d))/4))/3 + (Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.552.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3539 `Int[((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.552.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 349 vs.  $2(166) = 332$ .

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{3\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}+\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}\right)$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-(-(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))+4/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2*2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d

```

**3.552.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\sqrt{4\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.552.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

**3.552.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.552.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.552.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.553 $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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#### 3.553.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{\sqrt{7}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\sec(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{6d}$$

output

```
-1/21*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/3*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/6*sec(d*x+c)*(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```



### 3.553.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}} + \frac{18 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}} - \frac{2i \left(21E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\right) \middle| -\frac{1}{7}\right) - 12 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3+4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/Sqrt[7] + (18*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/Sqrt[7] - (((2*I)/3)*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (-1 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

### 3.553.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 25, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 27, 3042, 3132, 3481, 3042, 3140, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3281}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{(-2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3 \cos(c+dx) + 6) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} - \\
& \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{(-2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3 \cos(c+dx) + 6) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{-2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 6}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{3(4 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2 \cos(c+dx) + 7) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{(4 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2 \cos(c+dx) + 7) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 7}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( \int \sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{4(7 - \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.553.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} dx + \int \frac{(7-\cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{7 - \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \int \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \downarrow 3132$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{7 - \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \downarrow 3481$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + 7 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \downarrow 3140$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( 7 \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx - \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|\frac{8}{7})}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx)+3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} \downarrow 3284$$

---

3.553.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d} + \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{4 \cos(c+dx) + 3}}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d) + ((2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d - (2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) + (2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d - (2*Sqrt[3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/6`

### 3.553.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a + b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3140 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a + b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.553.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(1-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)^2}+\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{3\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\right)}$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1/3*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^2+2/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)-1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2))-1/3*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*2^(1/2)
)-7/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-8*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+7*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2,2*2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.553.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.553.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

**3.553.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.553.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3+4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.553.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 + 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) + 3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(4*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)), x)`



**3.554**       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.554.1 Optimal result	4338
3.554.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4338
3.554.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4339
3.554.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4342
3.554.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4343
3.554.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4343
3.554.7 Maxima [F]	4343
3.554.8 Giac [F]	4344
3.554.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4344

**3.554.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{9\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{20d} + \frac{23\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{20\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{10d} - \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{10d}$$

output `-23/140*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+9/20*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/10*sin(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d-1/10*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.554.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{9\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|8\right) + 23\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right) - 4\sin(c+dx)}{20d\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.554.       $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(9*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 23*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8] - 4*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 2*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(20*d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.554.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3133, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10} \int \frac{3(-2 \cos^2(c + dx) - 2 \cos(c + dx) + 1)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx)}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3}{10} \int \frac{-2 \cos^2(c + dx) - 2 \cos(c + dx) + 1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx)}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{10} \int \frac{-2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx)}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.554.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2(1-9\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1-9\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1-9\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
& -\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{23}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{23}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3133} \\
& -\frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} - \frac{23}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3141}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.554.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\cos(c+dx)}{10d} - \frac{3}{10} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} - \frac{23\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi),\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2\sqrt{7}d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/10*(Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (3*(((9*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) - (23*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d)))/3 + (Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/10`

### 3.554.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.554.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-448\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+504\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{140\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/140*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-448*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+504*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)-56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+23*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*
14^(1/2))-63*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2
)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2)))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/
2)/d
```

$$3.554. \quad \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.554.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4(\cos(dx + c) + 1)\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sin(dx + c) + 7\sqrt{2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, -1, \cos(dx + c))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/40*(4*(cos(d*x + c) + 1)*sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) + 7*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 7*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) - 18*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) - 18*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

**3.554.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.554.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

---

3.554.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.554.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.554.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^3/(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.555**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.555.1 Optimal result	4345
3.555.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4345
3.555.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4346
3.555.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4348
3.555.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4349
3.555.6 Sympy [F]	4349
3.555.7 Maxima [F]	4349
3.555.8 Giac [F]	4350
3.555.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4350

**3.555.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{4d} + \frac{17 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{12\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{6d}$$

output

```
-17/84*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/4*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)-1/6*sin(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.555.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|8\right) + 17\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),8\right) - 6\sin(c+dx)}{12d\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```



output  $(3\sqrt{-3 + 4\cos[c + dx]} \text{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, 8] + 17\sqrt{-3 + 4\cos[c + dx]} \text{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 8] - 6\sin[c + dx] + 4\sin[2(c + dx)]) / (12d\sqrt{3 - 4\cos[c + dx]})$

### 3.555.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3270, 25, 3042, 3231, 3042, 3133, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{3 - 4\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3270} \\ & -\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{3\cos(c + dx) + 2}{\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}}{6d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3\cos(c + dx) + 2}{\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}}{6d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2}{\sqrt{3 - 4\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}}{6d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c + dx)\sqrt{3 - 4\cos(c + dx)}}{6d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{6d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{6d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{17\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7})}{2\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{3\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) - \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}{6d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-3*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*d) + (17*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d))/6 - (Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

### 3.555.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

---

3.555.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3231 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3270 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m + 1) + c^2*(m + 2)) - d*(a*d - 2*b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.555.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(224\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-28\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+17\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+\frac{c}{2})}{2}}\right)}{84\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/84*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(224*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-28*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+17*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))-21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2)))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d`

---

3.555. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.555.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sin(dx + c) + 7 \sqrt{2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, -1, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c) -$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/24*(4*sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sin(d*x + c) + 7*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + 7*sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) - 6*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) - 6*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

**3.555.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.555.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

---

3.555.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.555.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.555.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) - 3} (6 E(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 8) + 34 F(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 8))}{24 d \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sin(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}{6 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2/(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `((4*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)*(6*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8) + 34*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8)))/(24*d*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)) - (sin(c + d*x)*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(6*d)`

**3.556**       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.556.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4351  
 3.556.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4351  
 3.556.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4352  
 3.556.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4353  
 3.556.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4354  
 3.556.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4354  
 3.556.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4355  
 3.556.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4355  
 3.556.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4355

**3.556.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} + \frac{3\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{2\sqrt{7}d}$$

output `-3/14*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

**3.556.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}\left(E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|8\right)+3\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),8\right)\right)}{2d\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*(EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 8] + 3*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8]))/(2*d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.556.       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.556.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3231, 3042, 3133, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3231} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3133} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3141} \\
 & \frac{3\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7})}{2\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{\sqrt{7}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)|\frac{8}{7})}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d + (3*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(2*Sqrt[7]*d)`

3.556.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3231 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

3.556.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{14\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 7} \left(3F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{7}\right) - 7E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$ $+ i \left( \frac{-2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} - 2}{\sqrt{(-2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} - 2)e^{i(dx+c)}}} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}{-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}}} \sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{(-2e^{2i(dx+c)} + 3e^{i(dx+c)} - 2)e^{i(dx+c)}}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{i(2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3e^{i(dx+c)} + 2)e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{-(2e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3e^{i(dx+c)} + 2)e^{-i(dx+c)}}}$

3.556.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



input `int(cos(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/14*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*(3*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))-7*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2)))/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.556.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, -1, \cos(dx+c) + i \sin(dx+c) - \frac{1}{2}) + \sqrt{2}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1, -1, \cos(dx+c) - i \sin(dx+c) - \frac{1}{2})}{2}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) - 2*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)) - 2*sqrt(2)*weierstrassZeta(-1, -1, weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2)))/d`

### 3.556.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.556.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.556.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.556.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.556.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{4 \cos(c + dx) - 3} (E(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 8) + 3 F(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} | 8))}{2 d \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)/(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `((4*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)*(ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8) + 3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8)))/(2*d*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

$$3.557 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.557.1 Optimal result	4356
3.557.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4356
3.557.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4357
3.557.4 Maple [C] (verified)	4358
3.557.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4358
3.557.6 Sympy [F]	4359
3.557.7 Maxima [F]	4359
3.557.8 Giac [F]	4359
3.557.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4360

### 3.557.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

output `-2/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

### 3.557.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{d\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8])/(d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.557.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3141}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

**3.557.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

**3.557.4 Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7}\operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\mid 2\sqrt{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7}}$	54

input `int(1/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)*(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2*2^(1/2))`

**3.557.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1,-1,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)-\frac{1}{2})+\sqrt{2}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-1,-1,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c)-\frac{1}{2})}{2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2) + sqrt(2)*weierstrassPInverse(-1, -1, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c) - 1/2))/d`

**3.557.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.557.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.557.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.557.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{4\cos(c+dx)-3}F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 8\right)}{d\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `int(1/(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(4*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 8))/(d*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

$$3.558 \quad \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.558.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4361
3.558.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4361
3.558.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4362
3.558.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4363
3.558.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4363
3.558.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4363
3.558.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4364
3.558.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4364
3.558.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4364

### 3.558.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

output `2/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)`

### 3.558.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{d\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8])/(d*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.558.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.558.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {3042, 3285}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

↓ 3285

$$-\frac{2\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi),\frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*EllipticPi[2, (c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d)`

**3.558.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3285 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a - b)*Sqrt[c - d]))*EllipticPi[-2*(b/(a - b)), (1/2)*(e + Pi/2 + f*x), -2*(d/(c - d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c - d, 0]`

**3.558.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\left(8\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7}\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2,\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{7}\right)}{7\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{-8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+7}d$	139

input `int(sec(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7*(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d`

**3.558.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\sqrt{-4\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-4*cos(d*x+c)+3)*sec(d*x+c)/(4*cos(d*x+c)-3),x)`

**3.558.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c+d*x)/sqrt(3-4*cos(c+d*x)),x)`

---

3.558.  $\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.558.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.558.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.558.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx) \sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.559**  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.559.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4365  
 3.559.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4365  
 3.559.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4366  
 3.559.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4370  
 3.559.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4370  
 3.559.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4371  
 3.559.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4371  
 3.559.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4371  
 3.559.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4372

**3.559.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$- \frac{4\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
-1/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+4/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.559.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{i\left(21E\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\middle|-\frac{1}{7}\right)-12\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{1}{7}$$

3.559.  $\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((6*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8])/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]] - ((I/3)*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.559.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3539, 3042, 3133, 3481, 3042, 3141, 3285}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2(\cos^2(c+dx)+1)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(\cos^2(c+dx)+1)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3539}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3 \cos(c+dx) + 4) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} dx \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 4}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 4}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx + \pi) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 4 \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx + \pi) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx + \pi) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7})}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx + \pi) | \frac{8}{7})}{2d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

↓ 3285

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{6 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{8 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx+\pi)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{2d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^2/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d + ((6*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) - (8*EllipticPi[2, (c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d))/4)/3 + (Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.559.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3285 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a - b)*Sqrt[c - d]))*EllipticPi[-2*(b/(a - b)), (1/2)*(e + Pi/2 + f*x), -2*(d/(c - d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c - d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3539 `Int(((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



**3.559.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs.  $2(166) = 332$ .

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{3\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}+\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{56\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}{7\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}\right)$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-(-(8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/3*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)+1/7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))-1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2/7*14^(1/2))-4/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(56*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-7)^(1/2)/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2,2/7*14^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+7)^(1/2)/d

```

**3.559.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\sqrt{-4\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(4*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.559.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.559.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.559.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^2/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.559.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.560**       $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.560.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx)\middle|\frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3\sqrt{7}d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{7}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+\pi+dx), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\tan(c+dx)}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\sec(c+dx)\tan(c+dx)}{6d}$$

output

```
-1/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2, 2/7*14^(1/2))/d*7^(1/2)+1/3*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/6*sec(d*x+c)*(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**3.560.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{18\sqrt{-3+4\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 8\right)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2i\left(21E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

output `((-4*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 8])/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]] + (18*Sqrt[-3 + 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[2, (c + d*x)/2, 8])/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]] - (((2*I)/3)*(21*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 12*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7] - 8*EllipticPi[-1/3, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/7])*Sin[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*(1 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d)`

**3.560.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 27, 3042, 3133, 3481, 3042, 3141, 3285}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-4\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3281}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{(-2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 3 \cos(c+dx) + 6) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{-2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 6}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3(4 \cos^2(c+dx) - 2 \cos(c+dx) + 7) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{(4 \cos^2(c+dx) - 2 \cos(c+dx) + 7) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 7}{\sqrt{3-4 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3538

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( - \int \sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4(\cos(c+dx) + 7) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( - \int \sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} dx + \int \frac{(\cos(c+dx) + 7) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)} \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{6d}$$

---

3.560.  $\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4 \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( - \int \sqrt{3 - 4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \int \frac{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 7}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3133

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 7}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)\left|\frac{8}{7}\right.\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx + 7 \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)\left|\frac{8}{7}\right.\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)\left|\frac{8}{7}\right.\right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3141

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( 7 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)\left|\frac{8}{7}\right.\right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{6d}$$

↓ 3285

$$\frac{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{6d} +$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{7}d} - \frac{2\sqrt{7}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi)\left|\frac{8}{7}\right.\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{7} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx + \pi), \frac{8}{7}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^3/Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d) + ((-2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticE[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d + (2*EllipticF[(c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/(Sqrt[7]*d) - (2*Sqrt[7]*EllipticPi[2, (c + Pi + d*x)/2, 8/7])/d + (2*Sqrt[3 - 4*Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/6`

### 3.560.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3133 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a - b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3141 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(d*Sqrt[a - b]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c + Pi/2 + d*x), -2*(b/(a - b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a - b, 0]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`



rule 3285 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a - b)*Sqrt[c - d]))*EllipticPi[-2*(b/(a - b)), (1/2)*(e + Pi/2 + f*x), -2*(d/(c - d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c - d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3538 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.560.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(8\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-7\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)^2}-\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -\left(-\left(8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-7\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)\left(8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)^2-2/3\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\left(8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-1\right)+1/21\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(56\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-7\right)^{(1/2)}\left(8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2/7*14^{(1/2)}\right)-1/3\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(56\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-7\right)^{(1/2)}\left(8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2/7*14^{(1/2)}\right)-1/3\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(56\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2-7\right)^{(1/2)}\left(8\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2,2/7*14^{(1/2)}\right)\right)/\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)/\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)^2+7\right)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.560.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{\sqrt{-4\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(4*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.560.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.560.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.560.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{3 - 4 \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{-4 \cos(dx + c) + 3}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^3/(3-4*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(-4*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.560.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{3-4\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(3 - 4*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.561 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.561.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6AE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{10B \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{21d} + \frac{10B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+10/21*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*A*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+10/21*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.561.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{126AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 50B\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(65B + 42A\cos(c+dx)) + 15B\cos(c+dx)}{105d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(126*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 50*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(105*d)`

**3.561.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}\left(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$A\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)dx + B\int \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$A\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}dx + B\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2}dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d}\right) + \\
& A\left(\frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A\left(\frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right)\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $A*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + B*((2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(5/2)}*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/7$

### 3.561.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)*\text{sin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^{2*(n - 1)}/n \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \text{GtQ}\{n, 1\} \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}\{2*n\}$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)*\text{sin}[(e\_)+(f\_)*(x\_)]^{(m\_)}*((c\_)+(d\_)*\text{sin}[(e\_)+(f\_)*(x\_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

### 3.561.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(240B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(-168A-360B)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(240B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(-168A-360B)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$

3.561.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$



input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.561.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15B \cos(dx + c)^2 + 21A \cos(dx + c) + 25B) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 25i \sqrt{2} B \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 63i \sqrt{2} A \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 63i \sqrt{2} A \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(2*(15*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

**3.561.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.561.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.561.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.561.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2A \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} - \frac{2B \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `- (2*A*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*B*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.562 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.562.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4394

#### 3.562.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2A \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 6/5*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/5*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.562.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2\left(9BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(5A + 3B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)\right)}{15d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d)`

### 3.562.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & B \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & B \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad B \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad B \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `A*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/ (3*d)) + B*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d))`

### 3.562.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.562.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 261 vs. 2(127) = 254.

Time = 7.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (20A + 24B)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + (-10A - 12B)\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 5A\right)} + \frac{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (20A + 24B)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + (-10A - 12B)\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 5A\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)} + \frac{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-24*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})-9*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})}{(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### 3.562.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3B \cos(dx + c) + 5A)\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 5i\sqrt{2}A \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i)}{\dots}$$

---

3.562.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 5*A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

### 3.562.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.562.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.562.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.562.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \frac{2 A F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3 d} + \frac{2 A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3 d} \\ & \quad - \frac{2 B \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7 d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(2*A*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*A*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) - (2*B*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.563 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.563.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4395
3.563.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4395
3.563.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4396
3.563.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4397
3.563.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4398
3.563.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4398
3.563.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4399
3.563.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4399
3.563.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4399

#### 3.563.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.563.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2\left(3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3d}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

```
output (2*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d)
```

**3.563.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + B \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} + B \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

---

3.563.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx$

output  $(2*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + B*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))$

### 3.563.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $Int[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]$

rule 3115  $Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] \&\& GtQ[n, 1] \&\& IntegerQ[2*n]$

rule 3119  $Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]$

rule 3120  $Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]$

rule 3227  $Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]$

### 3.563.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{2} - 2B\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d - \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d}$
parts	

3.563.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.563.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2}B\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)) + i\sqrt{2}B\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c) - I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)+I*sin(d*x+c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)-I*sin(d*x+c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4,0,weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)+I*sin(d*x+c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4,0,weierstrassPInverse(-4,0,cos(d*x+c)-I*sin(d*x+c))))/d`

### 3.563.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx = \int (A+B\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.563.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$

**3.563.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.563.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.563.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2 A E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2 B F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3 d} + \frac{2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3 d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(2*A*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*B*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*B*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d)`

### 3.564 $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.564.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4400
3.564.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4400
3.564.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4401
3.564.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4402
3.564.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4403
3.564.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4403
3.564.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4404
3.564.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4404
3.564.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4404

#### 3.564.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d}$$

output `2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d`

#### 3.564.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d`

**3.564.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + B \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + B \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d`



3.564.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.564.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \left( AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \right) - 1 d$
parts	$\frac{2A \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}   \sqrt{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 1 d$
risch	$-\frac{iB(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)\sqrt{2}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)e^{-i(dx+c)}}} - i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e^{3i(dx+c)} + e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right) + B\left(-\frac{2(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)}{\sqrt{(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)e^{-i(dx+c)}}}\right)$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(A*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-B*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.564.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*A*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\text{sqrt}(2)*A*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\text{sqrt}(2)*B*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - I*\text{sqrt}(2)*B*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/d$$

### 3.564.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.564.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.564.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.564.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 A F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2 B E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*A*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*B*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d`

**3.565**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.565.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4405  
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 3.565.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4409  
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**3.565.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2AE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2B \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `-2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.565.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\left(-AE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) + B \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + \frac{A \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(-(A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/d`

---

3.565.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.565.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) + B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{2B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + A*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.565.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.565.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

method	result
default	$\frac{4A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2B \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \left( -2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{-2 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}{\sqrt{-2 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`**3.565.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c) \text{weiers}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(-I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

---

3.565.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.565.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.565.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.565.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.565.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2BF\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*B*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*A*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.566**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.566.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4411  
 3.566.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4412  
 3.566.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4414  
 3.566.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4414  
 3.566.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4415  
 3.566.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4415  
 3.566.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4416  
 3.566.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4416

**3.566.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.566.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{-6BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{2(A+3B \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output  $(-6*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (2*(A + 3*B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^{(3/2)})/(3*d)$

### 3.566.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
 & B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$A \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `A*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + B*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.566.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.566.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 396 vs. 2(127) = 254.

Time = 6.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.78

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-12\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/3*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(2*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+6*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.566.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{2}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.566.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.566.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.566.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.566.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 A \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3 d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{2 B \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*A*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*B*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.567**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.567.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{6AE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{2B \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6A \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+6/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.567.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{-18A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) + 10B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + 10B \sin(c + dx) + 9A}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]
```

3.567.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



output  $(-18*A*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*B*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 9*A*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*A*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(15*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)})$

### 3.567.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & A \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\ & A \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\ & B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `B*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/5)`

3.567.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.567.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 501 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 9.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{2B \left( -\frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{6(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{1}{2})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{3\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}} \right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{24\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} - 1\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}} E(c)$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.567. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

output 
$$-(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*B*(-1/6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))+2/5*A/(8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)})/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.567.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{\cos^2(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/15*(-5*I*\sqrt{2}*B*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*\sqrt{2}*B*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*\sqrt{2}*A*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*\sqrt{2}*A*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*A*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*A)*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c))/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^3)$$

**3.567.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.567.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.567.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.567.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 A \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{5 d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{2 B \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3 d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*A*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(5*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*B*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.568 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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3.568.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4425
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3.568.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4429
3.568.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4429
3.568.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	4430
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3.568.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4431
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#### 3.568.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(9a^2 + 7b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{20ab \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{20ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2(9a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{4ab \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2b^2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}$$

output `2/15*(9*a^2+7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+20/21*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/45*(9*a^2+7*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4/7*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+20/21*a*b*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.568.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{84(9a^2 + 7b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 600ab \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(7(36a^2 + 43b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 5b(156a + 36a\cos[2(c+dx)] + 7b\cos[3(c+dx)])) \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]}{630d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(84*(9*a^2 + 7*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 600*a*b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(7*(36*a^2 + 43*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*b*(156*a + 36*a*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*b*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[c + d*x])/(630*d)`

**3.568.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3120, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3268}$$

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
& \frac{1}{9} (9a^2 + 7b^2) \int \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}{9d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}{9d}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}{9d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}{9d}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}{9d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d) + ((9*a^2 + 7*b^2)*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9 + 2*a*b*((2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/7`

## 3.568.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**3.568.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 397 vs.  $2(192) = 384$ .

Time = 17.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-1120\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+(1440ab+2240b^2)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/315*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-1120*\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^{10}*b^2+(1440*a*b+2240*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & /2*c)^8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*a^2-2160*a*b-2072*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & ^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*a^2+1680*a*b+952*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-126*a^2-480*a*b-168*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x \\ & +1/2*c)+150*a*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)} \\ & *EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-189*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a^ \\ & 2-147*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*Elliptic \\ & icE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^2)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+ \\ & 1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.568.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-150i\sqrt{2}ab\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+150i\sqrt{2}ab\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.568.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$

output `1/315*(-150*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 150*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(35*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 90*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 150*a*b + 7*(9*a^2 + 7*b^2)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 21*sqrt(2)*(-9*I*a^2 - 7*I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 21*sqrt(2)*(9*I*a^2 + 7*I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.568.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.568.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.568.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.568.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\ &= -\frac{2a^2 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &\quad - \frac{2b^2 \cos(c + dx)^{11/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{15}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{11d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &\quad - \frac{4ab \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `- (2*a^2*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/4], 15/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(11*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (4*a*b*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.569 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.569.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{12abE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2(7a^2 + 5b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{2(7a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{4ab \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2b^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
12/5*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/21*(7*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4/5*a*b*cos(d*x+c)
^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/21*(7*a^2+5*b^
2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.569.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{252abE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) + 10(7a^2 + 5b^2)\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(70a^2 + 65b^2 + 84ab\cos(c+dx))\text{Sin}[c+dx]}{105d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(252*a*b*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*a^2 + 5*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*a^2 + 65*b^2 + 84*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(105*d)`

**3.569.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3268}$$

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a^2+b^2\cos^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \int \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) dx + 2ab \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}{7d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3120} \\ \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\ 2ab \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{7d} \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(7*d) + ((7*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7 + 2*a*b*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d))`

### 3.569.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.569.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 361 vs.  $2(171) = 342$ .

Time = 10.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(240\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+(-336ab-360b^2)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots}\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{2}{105}\left(\left(2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2-1\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(240\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^8b^2+(-336a*b-360b^2)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)+\dots\right)$$

**3.569.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{126i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 126i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(126*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 126*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 42*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + 35*a^2 + 25*b^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*sqrt(2)*(7*I*a^2 + 5*I*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*sqrt(2)*(-7*I*a^2 - 5*I*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.569.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.569.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.569.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.569.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d} \\ & \quad - \frac{2b^2 \cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{4ab \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output  $(2*(a^2*\text{ellipticF}(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^2*\cos(c + d*x)^{(1/2)}*\sin(c + d*x)) / (3*d) - (2*b^2*\cos(c + d*x)^{(9/2)}*\sin(c + d*x)*\text{hypergeom}([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, \cos(c + d*x)^2)) / (9*d*(\sin(c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)}) - (4*a*b*\cos(c + d*x)^{(7/2)}*\sin(c + d*x)*\text{hypergeom}([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, \cos(c + d*x)^2)) / (7*d*(\sin(c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)})$

### 3.570 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

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3.570.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4440
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#### 3.570.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(5a^2 + 3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{4ab \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2b^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/5*(5*a^2+3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elliptic
E(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4/3*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(
3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4/3*a*b*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.570.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{6(5a^2 + 3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 20ab \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2b\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(10a + 3b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{15d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(6*(5*a^2 + 3*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*a*b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(10*a + 3*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(15*d)`

### 3.570.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3120, 3493, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a^2+b^2\cos^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx + \\
 & 2ab\left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a^2+b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx + \\
 & 2ab\left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.570.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3493} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(5a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(5a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{2(5a^2 + 3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*(5*a^2 + 3*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + 2*a*b*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))`

## 3.570.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.570.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 9.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab+24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2-20\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab-24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2}\right)^{1/2}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2b^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}{d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(-24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*b^2+40*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a*b+24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^2-20*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b-6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^2+10*a*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})-15*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})*a^2-9*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})*b^2)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}/d$$

### 3.570.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-10i\sqrt{2}ab\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+10i\sqrt{2}ab\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(-10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(3*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 10*a*b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^2 + 3*I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

### 3.570.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.570.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.570.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.570.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{4ab F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{2b^2 \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `(2*a^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (4*a*b*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (4*a*b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) - (2*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.571**  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.571.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4447  
 3.571.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4447  
 3.571.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4448  
 3.571.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4450  
 3.571.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4450  
 3.571.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4451  
 3.571.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4451  
 3.571.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4451  
 3.571.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4452

**3.571.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*(3*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d+2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.571.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 6abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) + (3a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

output  $(2*(6*a*b*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (3*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d)$

### 3.571.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3119, 3493, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + 2ab \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2ab \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{4abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{4abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{4abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \overset{\downarrow 3120}{\frac{4abE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*a*b*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### 3.571.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Ssin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



**3.571.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 7.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+3a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx/2+c/2)}{2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2} \sqrt{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{2\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx/2+c/2)}{2}\right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^2-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^2+3*a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)* \\ & \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-6*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.571.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)+6i\sqrt{2}ab\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+1))}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^2 - I*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(3*I*a^2 + I*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.571.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.571.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.571.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.571.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2a^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{3d} \\ + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{4ab E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*a^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*b^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (4*a*b*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d`

**3.572** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.572.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4453  
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**3.572.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2(a^2 - b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{4ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `-2*(a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.572.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\left((-a^2 + b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + a\left(2b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

```
output (2*((-a^2 + b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + a*(2*b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2,
2] + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/d
```

### 3.572.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3120, 3491, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{4ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & -(a^2 - b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{4ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -(a^2 - b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{4ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{2(a^2 - b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{4ab \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a^2 - b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (4*a*b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.572.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**3.572.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

method	result
default	$4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2 - 4ab \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d$
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \left(-2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$2*(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2-2*a*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a^2+(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$
**3.572.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 2i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $(-2*I*\sqrt{2}*a*b*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 2*I*\sqrt{2}*a*b*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 2*a^2*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c) + \sqrt{2}*(-I*a^2 + I*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + \sqrt{2}*(I*a^2 - I*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/(d*\cos(d*x + c))$

### 3.572.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.572.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.572.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.572.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2b^2 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{4ab F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*b^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (4*a*b*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.573** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.573.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4459  
 3.573.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4460  
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 3.573.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4463  
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**3.573.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{4abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*(a^2+3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+4*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.573.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( -6abE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) + (a^2 + 3b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + \frac{a(a+6b \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(-6*a*b*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (a^2 + 3*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (a*(a + 6*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(3*d)`

### 3.573.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3491, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a^2 + 3*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + 2*a*b*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.573.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.573.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 8.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
parts	$\frac{2a^2 \left( -2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right) \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{-2 \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)} \left( 2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) \right)}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\left(-2 \left( \cos^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) + 1\right) \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)} \left( 24 \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \left( \sin^4 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) ab - 2F \left( \cos \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right), \sqrt{2} \right) \sqrt{2 \left( \sin^2 \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right) - 1} \right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.573. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*(-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(3/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d+2*b^
2/d*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))-4*a*b*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-
2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2
)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.573.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/3*(-6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPIn
verse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c
)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin
(d*x + c))) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInvers
e(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^2 + 3*I*b^2)*cos(d*
x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(6*
a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2
)
```

**3.573.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.573.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.573.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.573.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2b^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*b^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (4*a*b*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`



**3.574** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.574.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{4ab \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+4/3*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+4/3*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/5*(3*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.574.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{-6(3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) + 20ab \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + 20ab \sin(c + dx)}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-6*(3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*a*b*Sin[c + d*x] + 9*a^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 15*b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*a^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.574.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3120, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

```
output (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + 2*a*b*((2*EllipticF[(c + d
*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + ((3*a^2 +
5*b^2)*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c
+ d*x]])))/5
```

### 3.574.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3116 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) I
nt[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] &&
IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3268 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x]
+ Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d,
e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3491 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**3.574.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 632 vs.  $2(171) = 342$ .

Time = 11.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(2a^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-12\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/5*a^2/(8*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+2*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+4*a*b*(-1/6*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d

```

**3.574.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 10i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c)}{}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(-10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(3*I*a^2 + 5*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^2 - 5*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(10*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*(3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**3.574.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.574.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.574.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.574.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{6a^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right) + 30b^2 \cos(c + dx)^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{15d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(6*a^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2) + 30*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2) + 20*a*b*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(15*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

---

3.574.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

### 3.575 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.575.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{2b(27a^2 + 7b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d} + \frac{2a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{2a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{40ab^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{63d} + \frac{2b^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}$$

```
output 2/15*b*(27*a^2+7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/21*a*(7*a^2+15*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/45*b*(27*a^2+7*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+40/63*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/21*a*(7*a^2+15*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```



**3.575.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{84(27a^2b+7b^3)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)+60(7a^3+15ab^2)\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)+\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(7b(108a^2+630d))}{630d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(84*(27*a^2*b + 7*b^3)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 60*(7*a^3 + 15*a*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(7*b*(108*a^2 + 43*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(84*a^3 + 234*a*b^2 + 54*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[c + d*x])/(630*d)`**3.575.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{2}{9}\int\frac{1}{2}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\left(20ab^2\cos^2(c+dx)+b(27a^2+7b^2)\cos(c+dx)+a(9a^2+5b^2)\right)dx + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (20ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(9a^2 + 5b^2)) dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(20ab^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a(9a^2 + 5b^2)\right) dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) + 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{40ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) + 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{40ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) + 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx + \frac{40ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx + 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{40ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{9d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} dx + 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{5/2} dx \right) + \frac{40ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7a} \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{9d} \\ \downarrow \text{3115}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + 9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{9d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + 9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{9d} \\ \downarrow \text{3119}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{5d} \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{9d} \\ \downarrow \text{3120}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{6E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{5d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + 9a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{3d} \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{9d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

```
output (2*b^2*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])*sin[c + d*x]/(9*d) + ((40*
a*b^2*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*sin[c + d*x]/(7*d) + (9*a*(7*a^2 + 15*b^2)*((2*E
llipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d
)) + 7*b*(27*a^2 + 7*b^2)*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d) + (2*cos[c
+ d*x]^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/7)/9
```

### 3.575.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n Int[(b*sin
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[
2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.575.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 469 vs.  $2(226) = 452$ .

Time = 13.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-1120\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3+(2160ab^2+2240b^3)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1120*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10*b^3+(2160*a*b^2+2240*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-1512*a^2*b-3240*a*b^2-2072*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(420*a^3+1512*a^2*b+2520*a*b^2+952*b^3)*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-210*a^3-378*a^2*b-720*a*b^2-168*b^3)*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+105*a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+
225*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-567*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2*b-14
7*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^3)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.575.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35b^3 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 135ab^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 105a^3 + 225ab^2 + 7(27a^2b + 7b^3) \cos(dx + c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/315*(2*(35*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 135*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 105*a^3 + 225
*a*b^2 + 7*(27*a^2*b + 7*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c
) - 15*sqrt(2)*(7*I*a^3 + 15*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x +
c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 15*sqrt(2)*(-7*I*a^3 - 15*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 21*sqrt(2)*(-27*I*a^2*b - 7*I
*b^3)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*s
in(d*x + c))) - 21*sqrt(2)*(27*I*a^2*b + 7*I*b^3)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, w
eierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d
```

**3.575.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.575.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.575.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.575.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx \\
&= \frac{2a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d} \\
&\quad - \frac{2b^3 \cos(c+dx)^{11/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{15}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{11d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{6a^2 b \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ab^2 \cos(c+dx)^{9/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{3d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

```

output (2*a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (2*a^3*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(
c + d*x))/(3*d) - (2*b^3*cos(c + d*x)^(11/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2,
11/4], 15/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(11*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (6*a^2*b*cos
(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/
(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hy
pergeom([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))

```



### 3.576 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.576.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{2a(5a^2 + 9b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \frac{2b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d} + \frac{2b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{32ab^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{2b^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 2/5*a*(5*a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/21*b*(21*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+32/35*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/21*b*(21*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.576.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{42(5a^3 + 9ab^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 10(21a^2b + 5b^3) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(210a^2 + 65b^2 + 126ab\cos(c+dx) + 15b^2\cos(2(c+dx)))\sin(c+dx)}{105d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(42*(5*a^3 + 9*a*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(21*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(210*a^2 + 65*b^2 + 126*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(105*d)`

**3.576.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{2}{7} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(16ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(7a^2 + 3b^2)) dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{7d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(16ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(7a^2 + 3b^2)) dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{7d}$$

---

3.576.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left( 16ab^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \right) dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{32ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{32ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx + \frac{32ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + 7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{32ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx \right) + \frac{32ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d}$$

↓ 3115

---

3.576.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 7a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{3119}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{14a(5a^2 + 9b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d} \right) \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{3120}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{14a(5a^2 + 9b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d} + 5b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(2*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]/(7*d) + ((32*a*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((14*a*(5*a^2 + 9*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + 5*b*(21*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/5)/7`

## 3.576.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*SIN[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.576.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 420 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 12.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\left(240\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3+(-504ab^2-360b^3)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*b^3+(-504*a*b^2-360*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(420*a^2*b+504*a*b^2+280*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-210*a^2*b-126*a*b^2-80*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+105*a^2*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),2^(1/2))-105*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1
/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^3-189*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2
))*a*b^2/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.576.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15b^3\cos(dx+c)^2 + 63ab^2\cos(dx+c) + 105a^2b + 25b^3)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - 5\sqrt{2}(21ia^2b +$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/105*(2*(15*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 63*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 105*a^2*b + 25*b^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 5*sqrt(2)*(21*I*a^2*b + 5*I*b^3)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*sqrt(2)*(-21*I*a^2*b - 5*I*b^3)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 21*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^3 - 9*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 21*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^3 + 9*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

**3.576.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.576.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.576.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.576.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( a^3 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + a^2 b F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + a^2 b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\ & \quad - \frac{2b^3 \cos(c+dx)^{9/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}; \frac{13}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{9d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)}^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{6ab^2 \cos(c+dx)^{7/2} \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)}^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`



output  $(2*(a^3*\text{ellipticE}(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^2*b*\text{ellipticF}(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + a^2*b*\cos(c + d*x)^{(1/2)}*\sin(c + d*x))/d - (2*b^3*\cos(c + d*x)^{(9/2)}*\sin(c + d*x)*\text{hypergeom}([1/2, 9/4], 13/4, \cos(c + d*x)^2))/(9*d*(\sin(c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)}) - (6*a*b^2*\cos(c + d*x)^{(7/2)}*\sin(c + d*x)*\text{hypergeom}([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, \cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(\sin(c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)})$

**3.577**       $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.577.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4491  
 3.577.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4492  
 3.577.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4492  
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 3.577.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4496  
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 3.577.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4497  
 3.577.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4497  
 3.577.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4498

**3.577.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{2a(a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{8ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 6/5*b*(5*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elliptic
E(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*a*(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+8/5*a*b^2*sin(
d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/5*b^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/d
```

**3.577.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 3(5a^2b + b^3) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5a(a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(5a + b \cos(c + dx)) \right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*(3*(5*a^2*b + b^3)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*a*(a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(5*d)`

**3.577.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{12ab^2 \cos^2(c + dx) + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx) + a(5a^2 + b^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{12ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(5a^2 + b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))}{5d}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{12ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a(5a^2 + b^2)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))}{5d}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{3(5a(a^2 + b^2) + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))}{5d}} dx + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{5a(a^2 + b^2) + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))}{5d}} dx + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{5a(a^2 + b^2) + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))}{5d}} dx + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + 5a(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + 5a(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow \text{3119}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d} \\ \downarrow \text{3120}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{10a(a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d) + ((6*b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (10*a*(a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (8*a*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/5`

### 3.577.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.577.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 411 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 9.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 20\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a b^2 + 8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2a^3 \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \mid \sqrt{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a b^2 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

3.577.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/5*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-8*\cos(1/2*d \\ & *x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*b^3+20*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\ & )^4*a*b^2+8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^3-10*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b^2-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b \\ & ^3+5*a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*Ell \\ & ipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+5*a*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2 \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-15*(s \\ & in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a^2*b-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^3)/(-2*\sin(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.577.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b^3 \cos(dx + c) + 5ab^2)\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 5\sqrt{2}(i a^3 + i ab^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/5*(2*(b^3*\cos(d*x + c) + 5*a*b^2)*\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c) - 5*\text{sq} \\ & \text{rt}(2)*(I*a^3 + I*a*b^2)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d* \\ & x + c)) - 5*\text{sqrt}(2)*(-I*a^3 - I*a*b^2)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x \\ & + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 3*\text{sqrt}(2)*(-5*I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4 \\ & , 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 3*\text{sqrt}(2 \\ & )*(5*I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos \\ & (d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.577.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.577.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`**3.577.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.577.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2a^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6a^2 b E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2ab^2 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$- \frac{2b^3 \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{11}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{7d \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*a^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (6*a^2*b*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a*b^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/d - (2*b^3*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], 11/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(7*d*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.578**  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.578.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4499  
 3.578.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4500  
 3.578.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4500  
 3.578.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4503  
 3.578.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4504  
 3.578.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4505  
 3.578.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4505  
 3.578.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4505  
 3.578.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4506

**3.578.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} - \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)/d+2/3*b*(9*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)/d+2*a^2*(a+b*
cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/3*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.578.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -3(a^3 - 3ab^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (9a^2b + b^3) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{(3a^3 + b^3 \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`output `(2*(-3*(a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (9*a^2*b + b^3)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + ((3*a^3 + b^3*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*d)`**3.578.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$2 \int \frac{4ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{4ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{4ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b(9a^2 + b^2) - 3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(9a^2 + b^2) - 3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(9a^2 + b^2) - 3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( b(9a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - 3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.578.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} \left( b(9a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( b(9a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a(a^2 - 3b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \quad - \frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} + \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} - \frac{6a(a^2 - 3b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((-6*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*b*(9*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d)/3 - (2*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (2*a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.578.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### 3.578.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 - 6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^3 - 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 9a^2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}}{\dots}$
parts	$-\frac{2a^3\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d}{\dots}$

3.578. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^3-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^3-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^3+9*a^2*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^3-9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.578.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(-9i a^2 b - i b^3) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{2}(9i a^2 b + i b^3) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3\sqrt{2}(I a^3 - 3I a b^2) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I \sin(dx + c))) - 3\sqrt{2}(-I a^3 + 3I a b^2) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I \sin(dx + c))) + 2(b^3 \cos(dx + c) + 3a^3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(sqrt(2)*(-9*I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(9*I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 - 3*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 + 3*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.578.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.578.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.578.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.578.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2b^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{6ab^2 E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{6a^2 b F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*b^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d) + (6*a*b^2*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (6*a^2*b*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*b^3*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/(3*d) + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.579** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.579.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4507  
 3.579.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4507  
 3.579.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4508  
 3.579.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . . 4511  
 3.579.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4512  
 3.579.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4513  
 3.579.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4513  
 3.579.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4513  
 3.579.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4514

**3.579.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output -2*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a*(a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/3*a^2*(a
+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+16/3*a^2*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*
x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.579.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( (-9a^2b + 3b^3) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) + a \left( (a^2 + 9b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) + \frac{a(a+9b \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{3d}$$

3.579. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*((-9*a^2*b + 3*b^3)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + a*((a^2 + 9*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (a*(a + 9*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(3*d)`

### 3.579.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{8ba^2 + (a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{8ba^2 + (a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{8ba^2 + (a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.579.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( 2 \int \frac{a(a^2 + 9b^2) - 3b(3a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{a(a^2 + 9b^2) - 3b(3a^2 - b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{a(a^2 + 9b^2) - 3b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2 + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - 3b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2 + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 3b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2 + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6b(3a^2 - b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{16a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.579.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{6b(3a^2 - b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{16a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + ((-6*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*a*(a^2 + 9*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (16*a^2*b*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/3`

### 3.579.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3500 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.579.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 9.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 558, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

method	result
parts	$-\frac{2a^3 \left( -2\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2})}{2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)} \left( 2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left( 36\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2b - 2F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 \right)}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.579. \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output

```

-2/3*a^3*(-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(3/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d+2*b^
3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),2^(1/2))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d+6*a*b^2/d*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))-6*a^2*b*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2-1)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.579.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(-i a^3 - 9i a b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{2}(i a^3 + 9i a b^2) \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{(d \cos(dx + c))^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/3*(sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 - 9*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0
, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 + 9*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c
)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*
(3*I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInve
rse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^2*b + I*b^3
)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c
))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)

```

---

3.579.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.579.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.579.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.579.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`



**3.579.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) b^3 + 3 a F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right) b^2 \right)}{d} + \frac{2 a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{3 d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} + \frac{6 a^2 b \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(b^3*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + 3*a*b^2*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (6*a^2*b*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.580** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.580.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4515  
 3.580.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4516  
 3.580.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4516  
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 3.580.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4523

**3.580.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{6a(a^2 + 5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{2b(a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{8a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6a(a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output -6/5*a*(a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2*b*(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+8/5*a^2*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/5*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+6/5*a*(a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.580.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6a(a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10b(a^2 + b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 10a^2 b}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`output `(-6*a*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*b*(a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*a^2*b*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*(a^3 + 5*a*b^2)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 2*a^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`**3.580.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{12ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{12ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx) a + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{12ba^2 + 3(a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{3(3a(a^2 + 5b^2) + 5b(a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx))}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{8a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{3a(a^2 + 5b^2) + 5b(a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{8a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{3a(a^2 + 5b^2) + 5b(a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{8a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{8a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{8a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3116

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{8a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \frac{8a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right) + \frac{8a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{10b(a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{d} \right) + \frac{8a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

```
output (2*a^2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])*sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + ((10*
b*(a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (8*a^2*b*sin[c + d*x]/(d*cos
[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + 3*a*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (
2*sin[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]))))/5
```

### 3.580.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3116 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) I
nt[(b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] &&
IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.580.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 710 vs.  $2(187) = 374$ .

Time = 12.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.77

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	711
parts	Expression too large to display	783

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*b^3*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2/
5*a^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*
(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+6*a^2*b*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2
)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+6*a*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1
)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.580.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$


---


$$- \frac{5 \sqrt{2} (i a^2 b + i b^3) \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{2} (-i a^2 b$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`



output `-1/5*(5*sqrt(2)*(I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 + 5*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 - 5*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(5*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3 + 3*(a^3 + 5*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.580.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.580.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.580.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.580.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx &= \frac{2 b^3 F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \mid 2\right)}{d} \\ &+ \frac{2 a^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{5 d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{6 a b^2 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2 a^2 b \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right)}{d \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*b^3*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/d + (2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(5*d*cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (6*a*b^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)) + (2*a^2*b*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(sin(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.581**  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.581.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4524  
 3.581.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4525  
 3.581.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4525  
 3.581.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4529  
 3.581.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4530  
 3.581.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4531  
 3.581.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4531  
 3.581.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4532  
 3.581.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 4532

**3.581.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2b(9a^2 + 5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} + \frac{2a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{21d} + \frac{32a^2b \sin(c + dx)}{35d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output -2/5*b*(9*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellip
ticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+2/21*a*(5*a^2+21*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d+32/
35*a^2*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/21*a*(5*a^2+21*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/7*a^2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2/
5*b*(9*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.581.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-42b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) +$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`output `(-42*b*(9*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*a*(5*a^2 + 21*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 126*a^2*b*Sin[c + d*x] + 378*a^2*b*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x] + 210*b^3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x] + 25*a^3*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 105*a*b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 30*a^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(105*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`**3.581.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\frac{2}{7} \int \frac{16ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

---

3.581.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{16ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos(c + dx) a + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{16ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{32a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{32a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \frac{32a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{32a^2 b \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \right) + \frac{32a^2b \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3116

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + 7b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

```
output (2*a^2*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])*sin[c + d*x]/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((32*
a^2*b*sin[c + d*x]/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (5*a*(5*a^2 + 21*b^2)*((2*E
llipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d) + (2*sin[c + d*x]/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)
)) + 7*b*(9*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*sin[c + d*
x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))))/5)/7
```

### 3.581.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3116 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) I
nt[(b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] &&
IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
]*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3500 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.581.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 819 vs.  $2(226) = 452$ .

Time = 14.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	820
parts	Expression too large to display	1008

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*a^3*(-1/56*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*b^
3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+6/5*a^2*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)
^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+6*a
*b^2*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*...

```

### 3.581.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}(5i a^3 + 21i ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{2}(-5$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/105*(5*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^3 + 21*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^3 - 21*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(2)*(9*I*a^2*b + 5*I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*sqrt(2)*(-9*I*a^2*b - 5*I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(63*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + 21*(9*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 15*a^3 + 5*(5*a^3 + 21*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

### 3.581.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.581.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.581.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.581.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^3 \sin(c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{4}; \cos(c+dx)^2\right)}{7} + 2b^3 \cos(c + dx)^3 \sin(c + dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos(c + dx)^2\right) + \frac{6a^2b}{d \cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `((2*a^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-7/4, 1/2], -3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/7 + 2*b^3*cos(c + d*x)^3*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], 3/4, cos(c + d*x)^2) + (6*a^2*b*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], -1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/5 + 2*a*b^2*cos(c + d*x)^2*sin(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], 1/4, cos(c + d*x)^2))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(1 - cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.582**      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.582.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4533  
 3.582.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4533  
 3.582.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4534  
 3.582.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4537  
 3.582.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4538  
 3.582.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4538  
 3.582.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4539  
 3.582.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4539  
 3.582.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4539

**3.582.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{2aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2d} + \frac{2(3a^2+b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^3d} - \frac{2a^3 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^3(a+b)d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3bd}$$

```
output -2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^2/d+2/3*(3*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^3/d-2*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+
b), 2^(1/2))/b^3/(a+b)/d+2/3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d
```

**3.582.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 11.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{6a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + 4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) - \frac{6(-2abE(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}))}{6bd}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(4*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (6*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + 4*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x] - (6*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(6*b*d)`

### 3.582.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{-3a\cos^2(c+dx)+b\cos(c+dx)+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-3a\cos^2(c+dx)+b\cos(c+dx)+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3538} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{ab+(3a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx}{b} - \frac{3a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.582.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{ab + (3a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{3a \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{ab + (3a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{3a \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3119 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{ab + (3a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3481 \\
& \frac{(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx - 3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{bd} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3120 \\
& \frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) - 3a^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{bd} + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \downarrow 3284 \\
& \frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2) - 6a^3 \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a + b}, \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3b} - \frac{6aE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{bd} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

3.582.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

```
output ((-6*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c +
d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (6*a^3*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*
(a + b)*d))/b)/(3*b) + (2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d)
```

### 3.582.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

```
rule 3284 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[
2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3481 Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[(Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.582.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 551 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 552, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.93

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a b^2-4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.582. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$



output 
$$-2/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a*b^2-4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^3+3*a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*a^2*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+a*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-b^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a^2*b-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a*b^2-3*a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})/b^3/(a-b)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.582.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### 3.582.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output Timed out

---

3.582.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.582.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.582.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.582.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.583**      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.583.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4540  
 3.583.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4540  
 3.583.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4541  
 3.583.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4543  
 3.583.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4544  
 3.583.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4544  
 3.583.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4544  
 3.583.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4545  
 3.583.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4545

**3.583.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2d} + \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2(a+b)d}$$

```
output 2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b/d-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^2/d+2*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/b^2/(a+b)/d
```

**3.583.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\left(bE\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right) \mid -1\right) - (a+b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) + a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right), -1\right)\right)}{b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.583.      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-2*(b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] - (a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + a*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.583.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {3042, 3283, 3042, 3119, 3282, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3283} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3282} \\
 & \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.583.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{b}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{b} \right)}{b}}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)} \right)}{b}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (a*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d)))/b`

### 3.583.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.583.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
rule 3283 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x
] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b
^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3284 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[
2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

### 3.583.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)a^2 - F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{b^2(a-b)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),2^(1/2))*a^2-EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b+EllipticE(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-a^2*El
lipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))/b^2/(a-b)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.583.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.583.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.583.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.583.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.583.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`



$$3.584 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

3.584.1 Optimal result	4546
3.584.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4546
3.584.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4547
3.584.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4548
3.584.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4549
3.584.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4549
3.584.7 Maxima [F]	4549
3.584.8 Giac [F]	4550
3.584.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4550

### 3.584.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b(a+b)d}$$

output `2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b/d-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/b/(a+b)/d`

### 3.584.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b}}{bd}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b))/(b*d)`

---


$$3.584. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.584.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3282, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3282} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d)`

3.584.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

3.584.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)a-F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)b\right)}{(a-b)b\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a-EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b-a*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))/(a-b)/b/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

3.584.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.584.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.584.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.584.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.584.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.584.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.585 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx$$

3.585.1 Optimal result	4551
3.585.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4551
3.585.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4552
3.585.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4553
3.585.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4553
3.585.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4553
3.585.7 Maxima [F]	4554
3.585.8 Giac [F]	4554
3.585.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4554

### 3.585.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{(a+b)d}$$

output `2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/(a+b)/d`

### 3.585.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{(a+b)d}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(2*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d)`

**3.585.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d(a+b)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(2*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d)`

**3.585.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

**3.585.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.17

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),-\frac{2b}{a-b},\sqrt{2}\right)}{(a-b)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$	150

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))/(a-b)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.585.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.585.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.585.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$



**3.585.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.585.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.585.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.586**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$

3.586.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4555
3.586.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	4555
3.586.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4556
3.586.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4559
3.586.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	4559
3.586.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	4560
3.586.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4560
3.586.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4560
3.586.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4561

**3.586.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx = -\frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{ad} - \frac{2b \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a(a+b)d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d-2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/a/(a+b)/d+2*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.586.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx = \frac{6b \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a+b} + \frac{2a \left( 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a+b} \right)}{b} - \frac{4 \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(-2abE(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}))}{2ad}$$

3.586.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-1/2*((6*b*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (2*a*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)))/b - (4*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] + (2*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*d)`

### 3.586.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 27, 3042, 3119, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{b \cos^2(c+dx)+a \cos(c+dx)+b}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{b \cos^2(c+dx)+a \cos(c+dx)+b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3538}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int -\frac{b^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a}}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} + \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx + \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3284 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{2b \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} + \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-(((2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*b*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)*d))/a + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.586.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`
- rule 3538 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.586.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 353 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(-2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}(a-b)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+\frac{c}{2})}{2}}\right)}{d}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2*(-2*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(a-b)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*E \\ & \text{llipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a-(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b-b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/a/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a-b)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.586.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.586.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.586.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.586.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.586.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`



**3.587**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$

3.587.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4562  
 3.587.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4563  
 3.587.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4563  
 3.587.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4568  
 3.587.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4568  
 3.587.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4569  
 3.587.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4569  
 3.587.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4569  
 3.587.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4570

**3.587.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx = \frac{2bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2d} + \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3ad} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a^2(a+b)d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{a^2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^2/d+2/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*
EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/d+2*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/a^2
/(a+b)/d+2/3*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)-2*b*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+
c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.587.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2+9b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + 8a \left( 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} \right) + \frac{4(a-3b\cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `((2*(2*a^2 + 9*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + 8*a*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (4*(a - 3*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + (6*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(6*a^2*d)`

### 3.587.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3281$$

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{-b \cos^2(c+dx) - a \cos(c+dx) + 3b}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

---

3.587.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{-b \cos^2(c+dx) - a \cos(c+dx) + 3b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{3a} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{-b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} \\
\downarrow 3534 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{-\frac{a^2+4b \cos(c+dx)a+3b^2+3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a} + \frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3a} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2+4b \cos(c+dx)a+3b^2+3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a}}{3a} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2+4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+3b^2+3b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a}}{3a} \\
\downarrow 3538 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int -\frac{a \cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^2+3b^2)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b}}{a}}{3a} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a \cos(c+dx)b^2+(a^2+3b^2)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} + 3b \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a}}{3a} \\
\downarrow 3042
\end{array}$$

---

3.587.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) b^2 + (a^2 + 3b^2) b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b}}{a} + 3b \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) b^2 + (a^2 + 3b^2) b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b}}{a} + \frac{6bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx + ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b}}{a} + \frac{6bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}}{b}}{a} + \frac{6bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx + \frac{2ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{b}}{a} + \frac{6bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} - \frac{\frac{6b \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{6b^3 \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{-2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{b}}{a} + \frac{6bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

```
output (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) - (-((6*b*EllipticE[(c + d*x)
/2, 2])/d + ((2*a*b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (6*b^3*EllipticPi[(2*b)
/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/a + (6*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*Sq
rt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*a)
```

### 3.587.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3281 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2
))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m +
n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*
n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))
```

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3538 `Int[(((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.587.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 424 vs. 2(198) = 396.

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{\left( \frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{3(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{1}{2})^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{3\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}} \right) a}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a*(-1/6*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))-2/a^2*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))-4*b^3/a^2
/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(
1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c), -2*b/(a-b), 2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
    
```

### 3.587.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**3.587.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.587.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.587.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`



**3.587.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

$$3.588 \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

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3.588.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4579
3.588.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4579

### 3.588.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 245

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = & -\frac{a(5a^2-4b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^3(a^2-b^2)d} \\ & + \frac{(15a^4-16a^2b^2-2b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^4(a^2-b^2)d} \\ & - \frac{a^3(5a^2-7b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{(a-b)b^4(a+b)^2d} \\ & + \frac{(5a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2(a^2-b^2)d} \\ & - \frac{a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-a*(5*a^2-4*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+1/3*(15*a^4-16*a^2*b^2-2*b^4)
*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),2^(1/2))/b^4/(a^2-b^2)/d-a^3*(5*a^2-7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/(a-b
)/b^4/(a+b)^2/d-a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x
+c))+1/3*(5*a^2-2*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d
```

$$3.588. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

**3.588.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( 2 + \frac{3a^3}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right) \sin(c+dx) - \frac{2(5a^3-8ab^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + 8(2a^2+b^2)(a+b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b}}{12b^2d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2 + (3*a^3)/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) * Sin
[c + d*x] - ((2*(5*a^3 - 8*a*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2
])/ (a + b) + (8*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - a*Ellip
ticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])) / (a + b) + (6*(5*a^2 - 4*b^2)*(-2*a*
b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin
[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[
Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x]) / (b^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) / ((a - b)*(a
+ b))) / (12*b^2*d)
```

**3.588.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3271

---

3.588.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a^2-2b\cos(c+dx)a-(5a^2-2b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a^2-2b\cos(c+dx)a-(5a^2-2b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3a^2-2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(2b^2-5a^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3528 \\
& - \frac{2 \int -\frac{3a(5a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-2b(2a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)+a(5a^2-2b^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{3a(5a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-2b(2a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)+a(5a^2-2b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{3a(5a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-2b(2a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a(5a^2-2b^2)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& - \frac{3a(5a^2-4b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{\int -\frac{ab(5a^2-2b^2)+(15a^4-16b^2a^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.588.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(5a^2-2b^2)+(15a^4-16b^2a^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{3a(5a^2-4b^2)\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(5a^2-2b^2)+(15a^4-16b^2a^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{3a(5a^2-4b^2)\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(5a^2-2b^2)+(15a^4-16b^2a^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3b} - \frac{6a(5a^2-4b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{(15a^4-16a^2b^2-2b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{3a^3(5a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} - \frac{6a(5a^2-4b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(15a^4-16a^2b^2-2b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{3a^3(5a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} - \frac{6a(5a^2-4b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{2(5a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.588.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(15a^4 - 16a^2b^2 - 2b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{3a^3(5a^2 - 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}}{b} dx}{b} - \frac{6a(5a^2 - 4b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2(5a^2 - 2b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{2(15a^4 - 16a^2b^2 - 2b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{6a^3(5a^2 - 7b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)} - \frac{6a(5a^2 - 4b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2(5a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} - \frac{2(5a^2 - 2b^2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x]))) - (-1/3*((-6*a*(5*a^2 - 4*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + (2*(15*a^4 - 16*a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (6*a^3*(5*a^2 - 7*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b) - (2*(5*a^2 - 2*b^2)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.588.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.588.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && (!IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

---

3.588. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/
(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])),
x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.588.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1069 vs.  $2(315) = 630$ .

Time = 17.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1070, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1070

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4/3/b^2*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))+2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)-4*(a+b)/b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2/b^4*a^4*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+...
```

$$3.588. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$



**3.588.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.588.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.588.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.588.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.588.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.589**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.589.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4580  
 3.589.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4581  
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**3.589.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2)}{b^2 (a^2 - b^2) d} - \frac{a(3a^2 - 4b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d} + \frac{a^2(3a^2 - 5b^2) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{(a-b)b^3(a+b)^2d} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output (3*a^2-2*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-a*(3*a^2-4*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+a^2*(3*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/(a-b)/b^3/(a+b)^2/d-a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.589.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(-a^2+b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2(a^2-2b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + 4a \left( 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} \right) + \frac{2(3a^2-2b^2)}{4bd}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((4*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((-a^2 + b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + 4*a*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)) + (2*(3*a^2 - 2*b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)*(a + b)))/(4*b*d)`

### 3.589.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2} dx$$

↓ 3271

$$-\frac{\int \frac{a^2-2b\cos(c+dx)a-(3a^2-2b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

---

3.589.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a^2 - 2b \cos(c+dx)a - (3a^2 - 2b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{a^2 - 2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + (2b^2 - 3a^2) \sin^2(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \int \frac{ba^2 + (3a^2 - 4b^2) \cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2 + (3a^2 - 4b^2) \cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - (3a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2 + (3a^2 - 4b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - (3a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2 + (3a^2 - 4b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{2(3a^2 - 2b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119 \\
& - \frac{a(3a^2 - 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a^2(3a^2 - 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{2(3a^2 - 2b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3481 \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.589.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a(3a^2-4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(3a^2-2b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2a(3a^2-4b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{bd} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b} - \frac{2(3a^2-2b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{2a(3a^2-4b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{bd} - \frac{2a^2(3a^2-5b^2) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{bd(a+b)} - \frac{2(3a^2-2b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*(3*a^2 - 2*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((2*a*(3*a^2 - 4*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a^2*(3*a^2 - 5*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b)/(b*(a^2 - b^2)) - (a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.589.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.589.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3538 `Int(((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.589. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

**3.589.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 814 vs.  $2(261) = 522$ .

Time = 17.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	815

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/b^3/(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
*a+b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-12/b^2*a^2/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(
a-b),2^(1/2))-2/b^3*a^3*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1
/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/
(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-
b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),...
```

**3.589.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.589.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



output Timed out

### 3.589.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.589.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

### 3.589.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.589.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.590**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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**3.590.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b(a^2-b^2)d} + \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{b^2(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$- \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{(a-b)b^2(a+b)^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/(a^2-b^2)/d+(a^2-2*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/(a-b)/b^2/(a+b)^2/d+a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.590.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{8\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{10a\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + \frac{2(-2abE(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}))|-1) + 2a(a+b)\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}))}{(a-b)(a+b)}}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((4*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) - (8*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (10*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (2*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)*(a + b)))/(4*d)`

### 3.590.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3278

$$\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\int -\frac{-a\cos^2(c+dx)-2b\cos(c+dx)+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a^2-b^2}$$

↓ 27

---

3.590.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{-a \cos^2(c+dx) - 2b \cos(c+dx) + a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{-\int \frac{ab + (a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx - \frac{a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{ab + (a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx - \frac{a \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{ab + (a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - \frac{a \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{ab + (a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3481 \\
& \frac{\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{b} - \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b} - \frac{2aE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.590.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{b}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{bd} + \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)}}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2aE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((-2*a*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b)/(2*(a^2 - b^2)) + (a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.590.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3538 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.590.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 793 vs.  $2(239) = 478$ .

Time = 5.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	794

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(-(-2\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+2*a^2/b^2*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})+8*a/b/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2...
 \end{aligned}$$
**3.590.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.590.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



output Timed out

### 3.590.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.590.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

### 3.590.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.590.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.591**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.591.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4596  
 3.591.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4597  
 3.591.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4597  
 3.591.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4601  
 3.591.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4602  
 3.591.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4602  
 3.591.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4602  
 3.591.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4603  
 3.591.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4603

**3.591.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{(a^2-b^2)d} + \frac{a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{b(a^2-b^2)d} - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{(a-b)b(a+b)^2d} - \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output (cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/(a^2-b^2)/d+a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b/(a^2-b^2)/d-(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/(a-b)/b/(a+b)^2/d-b*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.591.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{(-a^2+b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{2\left(-\frac{b^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + 2a\left(2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b}\right)\right) + \frac{(-2abE(\arcsin(\dots))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((4*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((-a^2 + b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) - (2*(-((b^2*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)) + 2*a*(2 *EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2 ])/(a + b)) + ((-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi [-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[Sin[c + d* x]^2])))/(b*(-a + b)*(a + b)))/(4*d)`

### 3.591.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3275}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{-b\cos^2(c+dx)-2a\cos(c+dx)+b}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{-b \cos^2(c+dx) - 2a \cos(c+dx) + b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{-b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3538 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{b^2 - ab \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{b^2 - ab \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{b^2 - ab \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3119 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{b^2 - ab \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3481 \\
 & - \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & - \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3120
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.591.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{b} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\frac{2(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{b} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2(a^2-b^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((-2*a*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*(a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.591.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3275 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3538 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.591.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 712 vs. 2(224) = 448.

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-2ab+2b^2\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}\left(-\frac{4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),-\frac{2b}{a-b},\sqrt{2}\right)}{2a\left(-\frac{b^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{a}\right)}\right)$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4/(-2*a*b+2*b
^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))-2/b*a*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-
b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1
/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(
a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b
^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
/d
    
```



**3.591.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.591.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.591.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.591.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.591.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.592**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}} dx$

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**3.592.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}} dx = -\frac{bE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)d} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a(a-b)(a+b)^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/(a^2-b^2)/d-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/(a^2-b^2)/d+(3*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/d+b^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.592.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2(4a^2-3b^2)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + 8a \left( -\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \frac{a\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} \right) - \frac{2(-2abE(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)})) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)})))}{4ad}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2), x]`

output `((4*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + ((2*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + 8*a*(-EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)) - (2*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)*(a + b)))/(4*a*d)`

### 3.592.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3281

$$\frac{\int \frac{2a^2-2b\cos(c+dx)a-b^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \cos(c+dx)a - b^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b^2 - b^2 \sin^2(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{-\frac{\int -\frac{b(2a^2 - b^2) - ab^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{b} - b \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\frac{\int \frac{b(2a^2 - b^2) - ab^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{b} - b \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(2a^2 - b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - b \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3119 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(2a^2 - b^2) - ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3481 \\
& \frac{b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx - ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.592.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3120 \\
 & \frac{b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a + b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{2ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3284 \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
 & \frac{\frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} - \frac{2ab \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2bE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `((-2*b*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((-2*a*b*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### 3.592.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3538 `Int(((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.592.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 611 vs.  $2(233) = 466$ .

Time = 4.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{2b^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}\right)}$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(-2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)*\left(-2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\right. \\ & / \left(2*b*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+a-b\right)-1/a/(a+b)*\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \left(-2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)^{(1/2)}/\left(-2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{(1/2)}\right)-1/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \left(-2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)^{(1/2)}/\left(-2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{(1/2)}\right)+1/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \left(-2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)^{(1/2)}/\left(-2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),2^{(1/2)}\right)-6*a/(a^2-b^2)/\left(-2*a*b+2*b^2\right)*b*\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \left(-2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)^{(1/2)}/\left(-2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticPi}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)}\right)+2/a/(a^2-b^2)/\left(-2*a*b+2*b^2\right)*b^3*\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \left(-2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2+1\right)^{(1/2)}/\left(-2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}* \\ & \text{EllipticPi}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)}\right))/\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)/(2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}d*x+\frac{1}{2}c\right)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.592.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

---

3.592.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}} dx$



**3.592.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.592.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`**3.592.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.592.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.593**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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 3.593.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4613  
 3.593.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4613  
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 3.593.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4619  
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 3.593.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4620  
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**3.593.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = -\frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^2(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d} - \frac{b(5a^2 - 3b^2) \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a^2(a-b)(a+b)^2d} + \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{a^2(a^2 - b^2)d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-(2*a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/a/(a^2-b^2)/d-b*(5*a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/a^2/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/d+(2*a^2-3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.593.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(-10a^2b+9b^3)\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + \frac{(-4a^3+8ab^2)\left(2\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b}\right)}{b} - \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)(-2abE(\arcsin(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)})) - (-a+b)(a+b))}{(-a+b)(a+b)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2), x]`

output `(-(((2*(-10*a^2*b + 9*b^3)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]])/(a + b) + ((-4*a^3 + 8*a*b^2)*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(a + b)))/b - (2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((-a + b)*(a + b))) + 4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((b^3*Sin[c + d*x])/((-a^2 + b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + 2*Tan[c + d*x]))/(4*a^2*d)`

### 3.593.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3281

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \cos(c+dx)a - 3b^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \cos(c+dx)a - 3b^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a - 3b^2 + b^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(2a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) + 2a(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + b(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{a}} + \frac{2(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{2(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{b(2a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) + 2a(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + b(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{a}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{2(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{b(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 2a(a^2 - 2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + b(4a^2 - 3b^2)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{a}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{\frac{2(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - (2a^2 - 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \int \frac{b^2(4a^2 - 3b^2) - ab^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{a}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.593.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(2a^2-3b^2)\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{\int\frac{b^2(4a^2-3b^2)-ab^3\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(2a^2-3b^2)\int\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{\int\frac{b^2(4a^2-3b^2)-ab^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{\int\frac{b^2(4a^2-3b^2)-ab^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{a} + \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx - ab^2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{a} + \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx - ab^2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{a} + \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.593.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - \frac{2ab^2\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}}{a} + \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} +$$

$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{b^2\sin(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d(a+b)} - \frac{2ab^2\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + (-(((2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((-2*a*b^2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*b^2*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/a + (2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.593.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.593.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 846 vs.  $2(291) = 582$ .

Time = 6.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	847

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+1)\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(2/a^2/\sin(1/2d \\ & dx+1/2c)^2/(2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2-1)*(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d \\ & *x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)-(\sin(1/2dx \\ & +1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2dx+1/ \\ & 2c),2^{1/2})))+4*b^2/a^2/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2*c \\ & os(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2 \\ & )^{1/2}*\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{1/2})-2/a*b*(-1/a*b^2/ \\ & (a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)*(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2 \\ & )^{1/2}/(2*b*\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{ \\ & (1/2)*(-2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d \\ & *x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2})-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a \\ & *(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/ \\ & 2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c),2^ \\ & (1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2dx+1/2 \\ & c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{Ellipti \\ & cE}(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c),2^{1/2})-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(\sin(1/2dx \\ & +1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^ \\ & 4+\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2dx+1/2c),-2*b/(a-b),2^ \\ & (1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2*co \\ & s(1/2dx+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2dx+1/2c)... \end{aligned}$$

### 3.593.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(dx+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(dx+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.593.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.593.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.593.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.593.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.594**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.594.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4622
3.594.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4623
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**3.594.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{b(4a^2 - 5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{a^3(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{(2a^2 - 5b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)d} + \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 5b^2) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{a^3(a-b)(a+b)^2d} + \frac{(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(4a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{a^3(a^2 - b^2)d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output b*(4*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+1/3*(2*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b^2*(7*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/a^3/(a-b)/(a+b)^2
/d+1/3*(2*a^2-5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+b^2*sin(d
*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))-b*(4*a^2-5*b^2)*sin(
d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.594.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\frac{2(4a^4+44a^2b^2-45b^4)\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + 8(7a^3-10ab^2)\left((a+b)\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - a\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\right) + 6(4a^2-5b^2)\left(-2abE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)\right) + \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\right)}{(a-b)(a+b)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2), x]`

output `((2*(4*a^4 + 44*a^2*b^2 - 45*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (8*(7*a^3 - 10*a*b^2)*((a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(a + b) + (6*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x]/(a*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)*(a + b)) + 4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((3*b^4*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])) + 2*(-6*b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(12*a^3*d)`

### 3.594.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2} dx$$

↓ 3281

---

3.594.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \cos(c+dx)a - 5b^2 + 3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \cos(c+dx)a - 5b^2 + 3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 - 2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - 5b^2 + 3b^2 \sin^2(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(2a^2 - 5b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2a(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 3b(4a^2 - 5b^2)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(2a^2 - 5b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2a(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 3b(4a^2 - 5b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{3a} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{-b(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2a(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3b(4a^2 - 5b^2)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.594.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2\int\frac{2a^4+16b^2a^2+2b(7a^2-10b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-15b^4+3b^2(4a^2-5b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{3a} + \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{27} \\
 & \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int\frac{2a^4+16b^2a^2+2b(7a^2-10b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-15b^4+3b^2(4a^2-5b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{3042} \\
 & \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int\frac{2a^4+16b^2a^2+2b(7a^2-10b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-15b^4+3b^2(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{3538} \\
 & \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b(4a^2-5b^2)\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx - \frac{\int\frac{a(2a^2-5b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^2+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{a}}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{25} \\
 & \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b(4a^2-5b^2)\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{\int\frac{a(2a^2-5b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^2+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{a}}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.594.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



↓ 3042

$$\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b(4a^2-5b^2)\int\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{\int\frac{a(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{a}}{3a}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{\int\frac{a(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{a} + \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(2a^2-5b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx + 3b^3(7a^2-5b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}dx + \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(2a^2-5b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx + 3b^3(7a^2-5b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}}dx + \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{3a}$$


---


$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.594.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^3(7a^2-5b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx + \frac{2ab(2a^2-5b^2)\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}}{3a} + \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2ab(2a^2-5b^2)\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(7a^2-5b^2)\text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{d(a+b)}}{3a}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

```
input Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2),x]
```

```
output (b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]
)) + ((2*(2*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)) - (((6
*b*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((2*a*b*(2*a^2 - 5*b^2)*
EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (6*b^3*(7*a^2 - 5*b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a
+ b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/a + (6*b*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d
*x])/(a*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

3.594.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.594.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 980 vs.  $2(349) = 698$ .

Time = 9.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	981

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^2*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-4/a^3*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*b^2/a^2*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)...`

### 3.594.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.594.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.594.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.594.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.594.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.595**      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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**3.595.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{4b^4(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} + \frac{(105a^6 - 223a^4b^2 + 128a^2b^4 + 8b^6) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{12b^5(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} - \frac{a^3(35a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 63b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4(a-b)^2b^5(a+b)^3d} + \frac{(35a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{12b^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} - \frac{a^2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a^2(7a^2 - 13b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$



output 
$$-1/4*a*(35*a^4-65*a^2*b^2+24*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})/b^4/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/12*(105*a^6-223*a^4*b^2+128*a^2*b^4+8*b^6)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})/b^5/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*a^3*(35*a^4-86*a^2*b^2+63*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^{(1/2)})/(a-b)^2/b^5/(a+b)^3/d-1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/4*a^2*(7*a^2-13*b^2)*cos(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))+1/12*(35*a^4-61*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d$$

### 3.595.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(35a^6-57a^4b^2+4b^6+ab(49a^4-83a^2b^2+16b^4)\cos(c+dx)+4(-a^2b+b^3)^2\cos(2(c+dx)))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2(35a^5-73a^3b^2+56ab^4)\text{Elliptic}\pi(a+b\cos(c+dx),2^{1/2})}{a+b\cos(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output 
$$((4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(35*a^6 - 57*a^4*b^2 + 4*b^6 + a*b*(49*a^4 - 83*a^2*b^2 + 16*b^4)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 4*(-(a^2*b) + b^3)^2*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)])*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2) - ((2*(35*a^5 - 73*a^3*b^2 + 56*a*b^4)*\text{EllipticPi}[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (16*(7*a^4 - 14*a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*((a + b)*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - a*\text{EllipticPi}[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(a + b) + (6*(35*a^4 - 65*a^2*b^2 + 24*b^4)*(-2*a*b*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*\text{EllipticPi}[-(b/a), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], -1))*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]))/(a - b)^2*(a + b^2))/(48*b^3*d)$$

**3.595.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3526, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a^2-4b\cos(c+dx)a-(7a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(5a^2-4b\cos(c+dx)a-(7a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(5a^2-4b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(4b^2-7a^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3526} \\
 & -\frac{a^2(7a^2-13b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3(7a^2-13b^2)a^2-4b(a^2-4b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-(35a^4-61b^2a^2+8b^4)\cos^2(c+dx))}{2(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.595.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3(7a^2-13b^2)a^2-4b(a^2-4b^2)\cos(c+dx)a-(35a^4-61b^2a^2+8b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{a^2(7a^2-13b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2b(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(3(7a^2-13b^2)a^2-4b(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(-35a^4+61b^2a^2-8b^4)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{a^2(7a^2-13b^2)\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2b(a^2-b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3528

$$2 \int -\frac{-3a(35a^4-65b^2a^2+24b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-4b(7a^4-14b^2a^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)+a(35a^4-61b^2a^2+8b^4)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{2(35a^4-61a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\int -\frac{-3a(35a^4-65b^2a^2+24b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)-4b(7a^4-14b^2a^2-2b^4)\cos(c+dx)+a(35a^4-61b^2a^2+8b^4)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{2(35a^4-61a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{-3a(35a^4-65b^2a^2+24b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-4b(7a^4-14b^2a^2-2b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a(35a^4-61b^2a^2+8b^4)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{2(35a^4-61a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3538

---

3.595.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{3a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4)}{b} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int \frac{ab(35a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 8b^4) + (105a^6 - 223b^2a^4 + 128b^4a^2 + 8b^6) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(35a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(35a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 8b^4) + (105a^6 - 223b^2a^4 + 128b^4a^2 + 8b^6) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{3a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(35a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(35a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 8b^4) + (105a^6 - 223b^2a^4 + 128b^4a^2 + 8b^6) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{3a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(35a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{ab(35a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 8b^4) + (105a^6 - 223b^2a^4 + 128b^4a^2 + 8b^6) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{6a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{2(35a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{(105a^6 - 223a^4b^2 + 128a^2b^4 + 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{3a^3(35a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 63b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{3b} - \frac{6a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \int \frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

3.595.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(105a^6 - 223a^4b^2 + 128a^2b^4 + 8b^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{3a^3(35a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 63b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b} - \frac{6a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E}{bd}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2(105a^6 - 223a^4b^2 + 128a^2b^4 + 8b^6) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{bd} - \frac{3a^3(35a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 63b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b} - \frac{6a(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E}{bd}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2(105a^6 - 223a^4b^2 + 128a^2b^4 + 8b^6) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{bd} - \frac{6a^3(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E}{bd}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2(7a^2 - 13b^2) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2(35a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} - \frac{2(105a^6 - 223a^4b^2 + 128a^2b^4 + 8b^6) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{bd} - \frac{6a^3(35a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 24b^4) E}{bd}$$


---


$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((a^2*(7*a^2 - 13*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + (-1/3*((-6*a*(35*a^4 - 65*a^2*b^2 + 24*b^4)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((2*(105*a^6 - 223*a^4*b^2 + 128*a^2*b^4 + 8*b^6)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (6*a^3*(35*a^4 - 86*a^2*b^2 + 63*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b)/b - (2*(35*a^4 - 61*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)))/(4*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

---

3.595.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

## 3.595.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])]/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3526 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n + 1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))]*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(d*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2) - C*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 3528 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && !(GtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3538 `Int[(((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.595.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2193 vs.  $2(406) = 812$ .

Time = 87.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2194, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2194

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(4/3/b^3*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}-2/b^4*(3*a+2*b)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))+2*(6*a^2+3*a*b+b^2)/b^5*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-2/b^5*a^5*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}\dots
 \end{aligned}$$
**3.595.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.595.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

### 3.595.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.595.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

### 3.595.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.595.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.596**      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.596.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4644  
 3.596.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4645  
 3.596.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4645  
 3.596.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4650  
 3.596.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4651  
 3.596.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4652  
 3.596.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4652  
 3.596.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4652  
 3.596.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4653

**3.596.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 8b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{4b^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} - \frac{3a(5a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4b^4(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} + \frac{a^2(15a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4(a-b)^2b^4(a+b)^3d} - \frac{a^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{a^2(5a^2 - 11b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/4*(15*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-3/4*a*(5*a^4-11*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^4/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/4*a^2*(15*a^4-38*a^2*b^2+35*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/(a-b)^2/b^4/(a+b)^3/d-1/2*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/4*a^2*(5*a^2-11*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.596.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(5a^3-11ab^2+b(7a^2-13b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{(5a^4-7a^2b^2+8b^4)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + \frac{8(a^3-4ab^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}, 2\right)}{(a+b)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((-2*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*a^3 - 11*a*b^2 + b*(7*a^2 - 13*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((5*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (8*(a^3 - 4*a*b^2)*((a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(a + b) + ((15*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b^2*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2))/(8*b^2*d)`

### 3.596.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3526, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2}}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

---

3.596.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a^2-4b \cos(c+dx)a-(5a^2-4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{2(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a^2-4b \cos(c+dx)a-(5a^2-4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx))}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \left(3a^2-4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(4b^2-5a^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2\right)}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3526 \\
& - \frac{\frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} - \int \frac{(5a^2-11b^2)a^2-4b(a^2-4b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-(15a^4-29b^2a^2+8b^4) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{4b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2-11b^2)a^2-4b(a^2-4b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-(15a^4-29b^2a^2+8b^4) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2-11b^2)a^2-4b(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(-15a^4+29b^2a^2-8b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& - \frac{\frac{(15a^4-29a^2b^2+8b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \int \frac{b(5a^2-11b^2)a^2+3(5a^4-11b^2a^2+8b^4) \cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}
\end{aligned}$$

3.596.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(5a^2-11b^2)a^2+3(5a^4-11b^2a^2+8b^4)\cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{(15a^4-29a^2b^2+8b^4)\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(5a^2-11b^2)a^2+3(5a^4-11b^2a^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{(15a^4-29a^2b^2+8b^4)\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(5a^2-11b^2)a^2+3(5a^4-11b^2a^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{2(15a^4-29a^2b^2+8b^4)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{3a(5a^4-11a^2b^2+8b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{a^2(15a^4-38a^2b^2+35b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} - \frac{2(15a^4-29a^2b^2+8b^4)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3a(5a^4-11a^2b^2+8b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a^2(15a^4-38a^2b^2+35b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} - \frac{2(15a^4-29a^2b^2+8b^4)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a^2(5a^2-11b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

---

3.596.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{\frac{6a(5a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a^2(15a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{b}}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2(15a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 8b^4) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd}}{4b(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\frac{6a(5a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a^2(15a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)}}{b} - \frac{2(15a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 8b^4) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd}}{4b(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \frac{a^2(5a^2 - 11b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{\frac{6a(5a^4 - 11a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a^2(15a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)}}{b} - \frac{2(15a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 8b^4) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd}}{4b(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (((-2*(15*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((6*a*(5*a^4 - 11*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a^2*(15*a^4 - 38*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b)/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)) + (a^2*(5*a^2 - 11*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(4*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.596.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.596.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`



```
rule 3526 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 -
d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m -
1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*
d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n +
1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))]*Sin[e + f*
*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.596.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1934 vs.  $2(346) = 692$ .

Time = 88.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1935, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.86

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1935

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.596. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/b^4/(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(3*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
*a+b*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2/b^4*a^4*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2
)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/
2))*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3/8*b^3/a^
2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/
2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*...

```

### 3.596.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

**3.596.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.596.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`**3.596.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.596.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

$$3.597 \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

3.597.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4654
3.597.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4655
3.597.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4655
3.597.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4660
3.597.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	4661
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### 3.597.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 264

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = & -\frac{3a(a^2-3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{4b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 d} \\ & + \frac{(3a^4-5a^2b^2+8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{4b^3(a^2-b^2)^2 d} \\ & - \frac{3a(a^4-2a^2b^2+5b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{4(a-b)^2 b^3 (a+b)^3 d} \\ & - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2b(a^2-b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\ & + \frac{3a(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4b(a^2-b^2)^2 d (a+b \cos(c+dx))} \end{aligned}$$

output `-3/4*a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/4*(3*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-3/4*a*(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+5*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))/(a-b)^2/b^3/(a+b)^3/d-1/2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+3/4*a*(a^2-3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))`

---


$$3.597. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

**3.597.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a^3-7ab^2+3b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2(a^3+5ab^2)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - 16(a^2+2b^2)((a+b)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2b}{a+b})}{(a+b)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((4*a*\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}*(a^3 - 7*a*b^2 + 3*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*\cos[c + d*x])* \\ & \sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((2*(a^3 + 5*a*b^2) \\ & *EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) - (16*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*(( \\ & a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2 \\ & , 2]))/(a + b) + (6*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[\sqrt{\cos[c + d* \\ & x]}]], -1) + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}]], -1) + (-2*a^ \\ & 2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}]], -1)*\sin[c + d*x]) \\ & /((b^2*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2}))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)/(16*b*d) \end{aligned}$$
**3.597.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.597.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - 4b \cos(c+dx)a - (3a^2 - 4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - 4b \cos(c+dx)a - (3a^2 - 4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2 - 4b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + (4b^2 - 3a^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + (a^2 - 7b^2)a^2 + 4b(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx)a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + (a^2 - 7b^2)a^2 + 4b(a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + (a^2 - 7b^2)a^2 + 4b(a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{3a^2(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \int \frac{b(a^2 - 7b^2)a^2 + (3a^4 - 5b^2a^2 + 8b^4) \cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.597.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(a^2-7b^2)a^2+(3a^4-5b^2a^2+8b^4)\cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{3a^2(a^2-3b^2)\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{3a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(a^2-7b^2)a^2+(3a^4-5b^2a^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{3a^2(a^2-3b^2)\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{3a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(a^2-7b^2)a^2+(3a^4-5b^2a^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{6a^2(a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{3a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{\frac{a(3a^4-5a^2b^2+8b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{3a^2(a^4-2a^2b^2+5b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} - \frac{6a^2(a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{3a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{a(3a^4-5a^2b^2+8b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{3a^2(a^4-2a^2b^2+5b^4)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} - \frac{6a^2(a^2-3b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd} - \frac{3a(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} = \frac{4b(a^2-b^2)}{2bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.597.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2a(3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{3a^2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}} dx}{b} - \frac{6a^2(a^2 - 3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{d} \\
 & \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2a(3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{6a^2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)} - \frac{6a^2(a^2 - 3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c+dx))} - \frac{2a(3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{6a^2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)} - \frac{6a^2(a^2 - 3b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{bd} \\
 & \frac{4b(a^2 - b^2)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (-1/2*((-6*a^2*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((2*a*(3*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (6*a^2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - (3*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(4*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.597.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.597.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.597.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1913 vs.  $2(328) = 656$ .

Time = 86.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1914, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1914

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.597. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/b^3*(\sin(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-2/ \\ & b^3*a^3*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+ \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^ \\ & 2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(s \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d \\ & *x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/ \\ & 2)))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*Ellipt \\ & icF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+si \\ & n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^2-9/8*b/ \\ & (a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2) \\ & }/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3/8*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2 \\ & *cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & ^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2 \\ & *d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+... \end{aligned}$$

### 3.597.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.597. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

**3.597.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.597.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`**3.597.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.597.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.598**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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**3.598.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{(a^2+5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{4b(a^2-b^2)^2 d} + \frac{a(a^2-7b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 d} - \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4(a-b)^2 b^2 (a+b)^3 d} + \frac{a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4(a^2-b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -1/4*(a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/4*a*(a^2-7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2)^(1/2)
/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*(a^4-10*a^2*b^2-3*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2)^(1/2)/(a-b)
^2/b^2/(a+b)^3/d+1/2*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*
x+c))^2+1/4*(a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos
(d*x+c))
```

3.598.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

### 3.598.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3a(a^2+b^2)+b(a^2+5b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2(5a^2+b^2)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + 24a\left(2\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*a*(a^2 + b^2) + b*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - ((-2*(5*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + 24*a*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)) + (2*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2))/(16*d)`

### 3.598.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

↓ 3278

---

3.598.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{a \cos^2(c+dx)-4b \cos(c+dx)+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a \cos^2(c+dx)-4b \cos(c+dx)+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-12b \cos(c+dx)a^2-(a^2+5b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a+3(a^2+b^2)a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-12b \cos(c+dx)a^2-(a^2+5b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a+3(a^2+b^2)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-12b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2-(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a+3(a^2+b^2)a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{\frac{a(a^2+5b^2)}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(a^2-7b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^2+3b(a^2+b^2)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b}}{4(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.598.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a^2-7b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^2+3b(a^2+b^2)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - \frac{a(a^2+5b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+3b(a^2+b^2)a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{a(a^2+5b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+3b(a^2+b^2)a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{2a(a^2+5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(a^2-7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2+5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{a^2(a^2-7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} - \frac{2a(a^2+5b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.598.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2a^2(a^2-7b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{a(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{b}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a(a^2+5b^2)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{bd} + \frac{(a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2a^2(a^2-7b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)} - \frac{2a(a^2+5b^2)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{bd}$$


---


$$\frac{(a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2a^2(a^2-7b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd} - \frac{2a(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd(a+b)} - \frac{2a(a^2+5b^2)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{bd}$$


---


$$4(a^2-b^2)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(a*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((-2*a*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) + ((2*a^2*(a^2 - 7*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a*(a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 - 3*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))/b)/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)) + ((a^2 + 5*b^2)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(4*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.598.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.598.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

---

3.598.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.598.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1835 vs. 2(308) = 616.

Time = 9.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1836, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1836

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4/b/(-2*a*b+2
*b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+2*a^2/b^2*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a
-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Elliptic
F(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2
-b^2)/a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(
-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3/8*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+
9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2...
```

$$3.598. \quad \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

**3.598.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.598.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.598.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.598.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.598.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

$$3.599 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

3.599.1 Optimal result	4673
3.599.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4674
3.599.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4674
3.599.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4679
3.599.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	4680
3.599.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4680
3.599.7 Maxima [F]	4680
3.599.8 Giac [F]	4681
3.599.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4681

### 3.599.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{(5a^2 + b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{4a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} + \frac{3(a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{4b(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} - \frac{(3a^4 + 10a^2b^2 - b^4) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{4a(a-b)^2 b(a+b)^3 d} - \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output `1/4*(5*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+3/4*(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*(3*a^4+10*a^2*b^2-b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/a/(a-b)^2/b/(a+b)^3/d-1/2*b*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2-1/4*b*(5*a^2+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))`

---

3.599.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



### 3.599.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(7a^3-ab^2+b(5a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2(-9a^2b+3b^3)\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + \frac{8a(2a^2+b^2)\left(2\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((-4*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(7*a^3 - a*b^2 + b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((2*(-9*a^2*b + 3*b^3)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (8*a*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)))/b + (2*(5*a^2 + b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)/(16*a*d)`

### 3.599.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

↓ 3275

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{b \cos^2(c+dx) - 4a \cos(c+dx) + b}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b \cos^2(c+dx) - 4a \cos(c+dx) + b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 4a \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-b(5a^2+b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 4a(2a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx) + b(7a^2-b^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2 - b^2)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-b(5a^2+b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 4a(2a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx) + b(7a^2-b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2 - b^2)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 4a(2a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b(7a^2-b^2)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2 - b^2)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{-((5a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx) - \int \frac{b^2(7a^2-b^2) - 3ab(a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \frac{4(a^2 - b^2)}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.599.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b^2(7a^2-b^2)-3ab(a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - (5a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{b^2(7a^2-b^2)-3ab(a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - (5a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{b^2(7a^2-b^2)-3ab(a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2(5a^2+b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3481

$$\frac{(3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx - 3a(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2(5a^2+b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3042

$$\frac{(3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - 3a(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2(5a^2+b^2)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3120

---

3.599.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{6a(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2(5a^2+b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} \\
 & - \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{b(5a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{-\frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2(3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} - \frac{6a(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} - \frac{2(5a^2+b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{4(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (((-2*(5*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((-6*a*(a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*(3*a^4 + 10*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(4*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.599.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.599.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3275 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.599.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1735 vs.  $2(314) = 628$ .

Time = 8.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1736, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.94

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1736

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/b*(-1/a*b^2/
(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^
(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^
(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(
1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))-2/b*a*(-1/2/a*b^
2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^
2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin...
```

**3.599.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.599.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.599.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.599.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.599.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`



**3.600**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}} dx$

3.600.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4682  
 3.600.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4683  
 3.600.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4683  
 3.600.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4688  
 3.600.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4689  
 3.600.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4690  
 3.600.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4690  
 3.600.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4690  
 3.600.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4691

**3.600.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b(3a^2 - b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{4a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} - \frac{(7a^2 - b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{3(5a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4a^2(a-b)^2(a+b)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2a(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

```
output -3/4*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*(7*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+3/4*(5*a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/a^2/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^3/d+1/2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2+3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))
```

### 3.600.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(11a^3-5ab^2+(9a^2b-3b^3)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2(16a^4-19a^2b^2+9b^4)\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + \frac{16(-4a^3+ab^2)(a+b)\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}, 2\right)}{(a+b)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3), x]`

output `((4*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(11*a^3 - 5*a*b^2 + (9*a^2*b - 3*b^3)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + ((2*(16*a^4 - 19*a^2*b^2 + 9*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (16*(-4*a^3 + a*b^2)*((a + b)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(a + b) - (6*(3*a^2 - b^2)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)/(16*a^2*d)`

### 3.600.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

↓ 3281

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 - 4b \cos(c+dx)a - 3b^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 - 4b \cos(c+dx)a - 3b^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 - 4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a - 3b^2 + b^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 5b^2 a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + 3b^4 - 3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 5b^2 a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + 3b^4 - 3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 5b^2 a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + 3b^4 - 3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
& \frac{-3b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \int \frac{b(8a^4 - 5b^2 a^2 + 3b^4) - ab^2(7a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.600.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(8a^4 - 5b^2a^2 + 3b^4) - ab^2(7a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{b}{2a(a^2-b^2)}} - 3b(3a^2-b^2) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(8a^4 - 5b^2a^2 + 3b^4) - ab^2(7a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{\frac{b}{2a(a^2-b^2)}} - 3b(3a^2-b^2) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(8a^4 - 5b^2a^2 + 3b^4) - ab^2(7a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{\frac{b}{2a(a^2-b^2)}} - \frac{6b(3a^2-b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{3b(5a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - ab(7a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{6b(3a^2-b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{\frac{b}{2a(a^2-b^2)}} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b(5a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - ab(7a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6b(3a^2-b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{\frac{b}{2a(a^2-b^2)}} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.600.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b(5a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - \frac{2ab(7a^2 - b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{b} - \frac{6b(3a^2 - b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b\cos(c + dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a + b\cos(c + dx))^2} + \\
 & \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{6b(5a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} - \frac{2ab(7a^2 - b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} - \frac{6b(3a^2 - b^2) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (((-6*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((-2*a*b*(7*a^2 - b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (6*b*(5*a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (3*b^2*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(4*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.600.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.600.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3}} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int((((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.600.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1175 vs.  $2(325) = 650$ .

Time = 6.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1176, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.51

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1176

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-
b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/2*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^
(1/2))*b+3/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-9/4*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3/4*b^3
/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(
1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9/4*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3/4*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2...

```

### 3.600.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`



**3.600.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.600.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`**3.600.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.600.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.601**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.601.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4692  
 3.601.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4693  
 3.601.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4693  
 3.601.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4699  
 3.601.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 4700  
 3.601.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4701  
 3.601.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 4701  
 3.601.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4701  
 3.601.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4702

**3.601.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 328

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{4a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} + \frac{b(11a^2 - 5b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4a^3(a-b)^2(a+b)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2a(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output

```
-1/4*(8*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+15*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/4*b*(11*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*b*(35*a^4-38*a^2*b^2+15*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))/a^3/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^3/d+1/4*(8*a^4-29*a^2*b^2+15*b^4)*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/4*b^2*(11*a^2-5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.601.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(56a^4b-95a^2b^3+45b^5) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b} + \frac{8a(2a^4-10a^2b^2+5b^4) \left(2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - \frac{2a \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{a+b}\right)}{b} + \frac{2(8a^4-29a^2b^2)}{(a-b)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3), x]`

output `(-(((2*(56*a^4*b - 95*a^2*b^3 + 45*b^5)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b) + (8*a*(2*a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*(2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(a + b)))/b + (2*(8*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*(-2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticPi[-(b/a), ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*b*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2) + 4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((b^3*(-15*a^3 + 9*a*b^2 + (-13*a^2*b + 7*b^3)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2 + 8*Tan[c + d*x]))/(16*a^3*d)`

### 3.601.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^3} dx$$

↓ 3281

---

3.601.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 - 4b \cos(c+dx)a - 5b^2 + 3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 - 4b \cos(c+dx)a - 5b^2 + 3b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4a^2 - 4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a - 5b^2 + 3b^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 29b^2 a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + 15b^4 + b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 29b^2 a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + 15b^4 + b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 29b^2 a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + 15b^4 + b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(8a^4 - 29b^2 a^2 + 15b^4) \cos^2(c+dx) + 4a(2a^4 - 10b^2 a^2 + 5b^4) \cos(c+dx) + 3b(8a^4 - 11b^2 a^2 + 5b^4)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2 b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.601.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{b(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) \cos^2(c+dx) + 4a(2a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \cos(c+dx) + 3b(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{b(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 4a(2a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3b(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) dx}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3538

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int \frac{3b^2(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\int \frac{3b^2(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.601.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \int \frac{3b^2(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3119

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b^2(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3481

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b^2(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx - ab^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b^2(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - ab^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

3120

---

3.601.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b^2(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx - \frac{2ab^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{c+dx}{2}, 2)}{d(a+b)}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}} + \frac{\frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2b^2(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{c+dx}{2}, 2)}{d(a+b)}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output `(b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2] + ((b^2*(11*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + (-(((2*(8*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + ((-2*a*b^2*(11*a^2 - 5*b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/d + (2*b^2*(35*a^4 - 38*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/((a + b)*d))/b)/a + (2*(8*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)))/(4*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.601.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.601.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3481 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.601.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1964 vs. 2(388) = 776.

Time = 11.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1965, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.99

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1965

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/a^3/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))-2/a*b*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3/8*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+9/8*b/(a^2...$$

### 3.601.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.601.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.601.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: THROW: The catch RAT-ERR is undefined.`**3.601.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.601.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.602**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.602.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4703  
 3.602.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4704  
 3.602.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4705  
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 3.602.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4713  
 3.602.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4714

**3.602.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 395

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{4a^4(a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{12a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{4a^4(a-b)^2(a+b)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{12a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^4(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2a(a^2 - b^2) d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}$$

output  $\frac{1}{4}b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \frac{(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)} \text{EllipticE}(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{\frac{1}{2}}) / a^4 (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d + \frac{1}{12}(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \frac{(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)} \text{EllipticF}(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c), 2^{\frac{1}{2}}) / a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d + \frac{1}{4}b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \frac{(\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)} \text{EllipticPi}(\sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c), 2b/(a+b), 2^{\frac{1}{2}}) / a^4 (a-b)^2 / (a+b)^3 / d + \frac{1}{12}(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a (a^2 - b^2) / d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} / (a+b \cos(dx+c))^2 + \frac{1}{4}b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} / (a+b \cos(dx+c)) - \frac{1}{4}b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{a^4 (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

### 3.602.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$\frac{2(16a^6 + 328a^4b^2 - 641a^2b^4 + 315b^6)}{a+b} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \frac{16(20a^5 - 64a^3b^2 + 35ab^4)}{a+b} \left( (a+b) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - a \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \right) + 6 \dots$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output  $((2*(16a^6 + 328a^4b^2 - 641a^2b^4 + 315b^6) \text{EllipticPi}[(2b)/(a+b), (c+d*x)/2, 2]) / (a+b) + (16*(20a^5 - 64a^3b^2 + 35ab^4) * ((a+b) \text{EllipticF}[(c+d*x)/2, 2] - a \text{EllipticPi}[(2b)/(a+b), (c+d*x)/2, 2])) / (a+b) + (6*(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) * (-2*a*b \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]]], -1] + 2*a*(a+b) \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]]], -1] + (-2*a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticPi}[-(b/a), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]]], -1]) * \text{Sin}[c+d*x]) / (a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c+d*x]^2])) / ((a-b)^2*(a+b)^2 + 4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]] * ((3*b^4*(19*a^3 - 13*a*b^2 + b*(17*a^2 - 11*b^2)*\text{Cos}[c+d*x]) * \text{Sin}[c+d*x]) / ((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a+b*\text{Cos}[c+d*x])^2) + 8*(-9*b + a*\text{Sec}[c+d*x]) * \text{Tan}[c+d*x])) / (48*a^4*d)$

**3.602.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.913$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3538, 25, 3042, 3119, 3481, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4a^2-4b\cos(c+dx)a-7b^2+5b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4a^2-4b\cos(c+dx)a-7b^2+5b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4a^2-4b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-7b^2+5b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{8a^4-61b^2a^2-4b(4a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+35b^4+3b^2(13a^2-7b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(13a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{b^2\sin(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.602.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + 35b^4 + 3b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 - 4b(4a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + 35b^4 + 3b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} \downarrow \text{3534}$$

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{b(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos^2(c+dx) - 4a(2a^4 + 14b^2a^2 - 7b^4) \cos(c+dx) + 3b(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} \downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \int \frac{-b(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos^2(c+dx) - 4a(2a^4 + 14b^2a^2 - 7b^4) \cos(c+dx) + 3b(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \int \frac{-b(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 4a(2a^4 + 14b^2a^2 - 7b^4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3b(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2)}{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} +$$

$$\frac{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} \downarrow \text{3534}$$

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3.602.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{8a^6 + 128b^2a^4 - 223b^4a^2 + 4b(20a^4 - 64b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos(c+dx)a + 105b^6 + 3b^2(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int -\frac{8a^6 + 128b^2a^4 - 223b^4a^2 + 4b(20a^4 - 64b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos(c+dx)a + 105b^6 + 3b^2(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int -\frac{8a^6 + 128b^2a^4 - 223b^4a^2 + 4b(20a^4 - 64b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 105b^6 + 3b^2(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \sin^2(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3538 \\
 & \frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - 3b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{\int -\frac{a(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos(c+dx)b^2 + (8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx}{a} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

3.602.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\int \frac{a(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \cos(c+dx)b^2 + (8a^6 - 128b^2a^4 - 223b^4a^2 + 105b^6)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a}}{3a}$$


---


$$2a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\int \frac{a(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a}}{3a}$$


---


$$2a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{a(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b^2 + (8a^6 + 128b^2a^4 - 223b^4a^2 + 105b^6)b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b} + \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a}}{3a}$$


---


$$2a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3481

$$\frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^3(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b}$$


---


$$2a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.602.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



## 3.602.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

```
rule 3481 Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]))/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
B/d Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[(a + b*
Sin[e + f*x])^m/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3538 Int[(((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x]
, x] - Simp[1/(b*d) Int[Simp[a*c*C - A*b*d + (b*c*C - b*B*d + a*C*d)*Sin[
e + f*x], x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0
] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.602.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2100 vs.  $2(451) = 902$ .

Time = 15.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2101, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2101

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.602. \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

output `-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^3*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-6/a^4*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*b^2/a^2*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(...`

### 3.602.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.602.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.602.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`**3.602.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3 \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`



**3.602.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

### 3.603 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

3.603.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4715
3.603.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4716
3.603.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4716
3.603.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4721
3.603.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4722
3.603.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	4723
3.603.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4723
3.603.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	4723
3.603.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4724

#### 3.603.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 438

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4bd}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(a + 2b) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4bd}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(a^2 - 4b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4b^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

```
output 1/4*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*sin(d*x+c)
)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d-1/4*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE
((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))
*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)
/b/d+1/4*(a+2*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/c
os(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))
^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d+1/4*(a^2-4*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*Ellip
ticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/
(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))
/(a-b))^(1/2)/b^2/d
```

**3.603.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( 4(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx) + \frac{2a(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \middle| \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) + 4(a-2b)b \right)}{8d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] + (2*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 4*(a - 2*b)*b*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 4*a^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 16*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] - a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])))/(8*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.603.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3300 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+a \cos^2(c+dx)b+ab}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+a \cos^2(c+dx)b+ab}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b+ab}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 3540 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{ba^2-2b^2 \cos(c+dx)a+b(a^2-4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2-2b^2 \cos(c+dx)a+b(a^2-4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2-2b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 3532 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b-2ab^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + b(a^2-4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
 & \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.603.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(a^2-4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{a^2b-2ab^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b-2ab^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{d}}{2b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{d}}{2b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2)}{d}}{2b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{d}}{2b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4b}{2d} \frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3473}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.603.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*(
(2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 -
Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (2*b*Sqr
t[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/
(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c
+ d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (2*Sqrt[a + b]
*(a^2 - 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1
- Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/b + (a*
Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*b)
```

**3.603.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c
*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*Ellipti
cPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(c +
d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 -
d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

---

3.603.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3300 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e
_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]
/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*
B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x
]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &
& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f
*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) -
2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e +
f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a
*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.603.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1687 vs.  $2(396) = 792$ .

Time = 7.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1688, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1688

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output `1/4/d*(-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-8*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+4*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)-16*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))...`

### 3.603.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.603.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.603.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.603.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**3.603.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.604 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

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3.604.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4726
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3.604.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4732
3.604.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4733

#### 3.604.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 371

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{ad}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{d}$$

$$- \frac{a\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{bd}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*Elli
pticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(
1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(
1/2)/a/d+cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+
c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*
(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d-a*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/
2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d
```

**3.604.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right) \frac{-a+b}{a+b}}{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}} - \frac{4a\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((2*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] - (4*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] + (4*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] + b*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 2*a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.604.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3533, 27, 3042, 3280, 3042, 3288, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3300}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -\frac{ab-ab\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab-ab\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab-ab\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3533 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - ab\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - ab\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - ab\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3280 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \frac{ab\left(\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx\right) - ab\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \frac{ab\left(\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx\right) - ab\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.604.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3288 \\ & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\ ab \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3295 \\ & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\ ab \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3473 \\ & \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\ ab \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)\Big|_{-\frac{a+b}{a-b}}}{a^2d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{a^2d} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*((2*a*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + a*b*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d))/b + (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.604.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3280 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[b/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`



```
rule 3300 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) I
nt[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(
m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c
- b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e +
f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&
NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] &&
NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(
c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3533 Int[((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :
> Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x]
+ Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C - 2*a*b*C*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e +
f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
A, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.604.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1084 vs. 2(343) = 686.

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1085, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1085

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```

output 1/d*(-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1
+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*
x+c)^2-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(
1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*b*cos(d
*x+c)^2-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d
*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*
a*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(co
s(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/
2)*a*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(
1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))
*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)
^(1/2)*b*cos(d*x+c)-4*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(
a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(
a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)+b*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x
+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((a+cos(
d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)...

```

### 3.604.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

```

input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")

```

```

output integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)

```

**3.604.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.604.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.604.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.604.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.605**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.605.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4734  
 3.605.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4734  
 3.605.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4735  
 3.605.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4736  
 3.605.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4737  
 3.605.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4737  
 3.605.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4737  
 3.605.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4738  
 3.605.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4738

**3.605.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b}{a+b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a+bd}}$$

output

```
-2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),b/(a+b),((-a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

**3.605.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}((a-b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) + 2b \operatorname{EllipticPi}(-1, \frac{d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}))}{d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.605.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*((a - b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.605.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3290}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3290

$$\frac{2 \csc(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b}{a + b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a - b}{a + b}\right)}{d \sqrt{a + b}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[b/(a + b), ArcSin[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], -(a - b)/(a + b)))/(Sqrt[a + b]*d)`

## 3.605.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3290 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])/(d*f*Rt[(a + b)/(c + d), 2]*Cos[e + f*x]))*Sqrt[(b*c - a*d)*((1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((c - d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])))]*Sqrt[(-(b*c - a*d))*((1 - Sin[e + f*x])/((c + d)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])))]*EllipticPi[b*((c + d)/(d*(a + b))), ArcSin[Rt[(a + b)/(c + d), 2]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x])]], (a - b)*((c + d)/((a + b)*(c - d))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/(c + d)]`

## 3.605.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}}}{d\sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)}b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \left( F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)a - F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)b + 2b\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), -1, \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right) \right)$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a-EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b+2*b*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))/((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c)))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.605.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.605.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.605.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.605.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.605.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.606** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.606.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad}$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad}$$

```
output 2*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a
*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d-2*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x
+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*
(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.606.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) \Big|_{\frac{-a+b}{a+b}}\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`output `-((Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]))`**3.606.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3274, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3274}$$

$$a \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) + 1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - (a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

---

3.606.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a - \\
b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
\downarrow 3295 \\
a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \\
\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} \\
\downarrow 3473 \\
\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} \\
\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]), -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]), -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d)`

3.606.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3274 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c - d)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

3.606.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 769 vs. 2(213) = 426.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2-1\right)\left(-\sqrt{-\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2+1}\sqrt{\frac{\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)a\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)^2-\left(\csc^2(dx+c)\right)b\left(1-\cos(dx+c)\right)}{a+b}}\right)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$

3.606.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2))*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b+csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3*a-csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3*b+a*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+b*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)))*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(3/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)`

### 3.606.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.606.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

---

3.606.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.606.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.606.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.606.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.607**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.607.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4745  
 3.607.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4746  
 3.607.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4746  
 3.607.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4749  
 3.607.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4750  
 3.607.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4751  
 3.607.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4751  
 3.607.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4751  
 3.607.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4752

**3.607.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3ad}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2/3*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*(a-b)*b*cot(d
*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b
)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c
)))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d+2/3*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec
(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d
```



**3.607.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2b(a + b) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b)(1 + \cos(c + dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \middle| \frac{-a + b}{a + b}\right) + 2a(a + b)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`output `(-2*b*(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*a*(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + (2*a^2 + a*b + b^2 + 2*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[c + d*x] + b*(a + b)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.607.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3275}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b + a \cos(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

---

3.607.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b + a \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b + a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3477 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( b \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) + 1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + (a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( (a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3295 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( b \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}}}{ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3473 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2b(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right)}{a^2 d} + \frac{2(a - b) \sqrt{a + b}}{ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

---

3.607.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

```
output ((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 -
Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) + (
2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x
]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec
[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/3 + (2*S
qrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

### 3.607.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3275 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^
(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]
- b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m,
-1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.607.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1178 vs.  $2(245) = 490$ .

Time = 12.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1179, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1179

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $2/3/d*(-(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))$   
 $/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*a^2*\cos$   
 $(d*x+c)^3-(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+$   
 $c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*a*b$   
 $*\cos(d*x+c)^3+(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d$   
 $*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*$   
 $a*b*\cos(d*x+c)^3+(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos$   
 $(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})$   
 $)*b^2*\cos(d*x+c)^3-2*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/$   
 $(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))$   
 $^{1/2})*a^2*\cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})$   
 $*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*$   
 $x+c)))^{1/2}*a*b*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a$   
 $+b))^{1/2})*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+$   
 $\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*a*b*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a$   
 $+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c)$   
 $,(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*b^2*\cos(d*x+c)^2-(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*$   
 $((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x$   
 $+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*a^2*\cos(d*x+c)-EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-$   
 $-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(\cos...$

### 3.607.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)+a}}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.607.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**3.607.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.607.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.607.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.608** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.608.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4753  
 3.608.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4754  
 3.608.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4754  
 3.608.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4758  
 3.608.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4759  
 3.608.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4760  
 3.608.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4760  
 3.608.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4760  
 3.608.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4761

**3.608.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 329

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2-2b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{15a^3d}$$

$$- \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{15a^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{15ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2/5*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/15*b*sin(d*x+c)
*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/15*(a-b)*(9*a^2-2*b^2)*cot(
d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-
b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+
c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d-2/15*(a-b)*(9*a+2*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(
d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/
2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d
```



### 3.608.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)} \left(-2(9a^3 + 9a^2b - 2ab^2 - 2b^3) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right. \\ \left. + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{2 \sec(c+dx)(9a^2 \sin(c+dx) - 2b^2 \sin(c+dx))}{15a^2} + \frac{2b \sec(c+dx) \tan(c+dx)}{15a} + \frac{2}{5} \sec^2(c + dx)\right)}{d}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(8*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(-2*(9*a^3 + 9*a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*a*(9*a^2 + 7*a*b - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(15*a^2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((2*Sec[c + d*x]*(9*a^2*Sin[c + d*x] - 2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*a^2) + (2*b*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(15*a) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/5))/d`

### 3.608.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3275} \\
& \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{2b \cos^2(c + dx) + 3a \cos(c + dx) + b}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2b \cos^2(c + dx) + 3a \cos(c + dx) + b}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 3a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{9a^2 + 7b \cos(c + dx)a - 2b^2}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{9a^2 + 7b \cos(c + dx)a - 2b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{9a^2 + 7b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - 2b^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{(9a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(9a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\ \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{(9a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(9a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\ \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3295}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{(9a^2 - 2b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}}{ad}}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\ \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbf{3473}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2-2b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - \frac{a+b}{a-b}}{a^2d} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a+2b) \cot(c+dx)}{3a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\ \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

```
output (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*
(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a +
b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)))*Sq
rt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(
a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[
Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a -
b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a
- b)]/(a*d))/(3*a) + (2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*C
os[c + d*x]^(3/2))/5
```

### 3.608.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3275 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^
(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]
- b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m,
-1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.608.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2104 vs.  $2(297) = 594$ .

Time = 12.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2105, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.40

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2105

---

3.608. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15/d*(-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4-7*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^4+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4+18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-4*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3-14*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-18*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3+9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+c...`

### 3.608.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)+a}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.608.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.608.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.608.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.608.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`



**3.609** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.609.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4762  
 3.609.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4763  
 3.609.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4763  
 3.609.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4768  
 3.609.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4769  
 3.609.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4770  
 3.609.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4770  
 3.609.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4770  
 3.609.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4771

**3.609.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 389

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b}(19a^2+8b^2)\cot(c+dx)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\middle|-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{105a^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2+6ab+8b^2)\cot(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right),-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{105a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{35ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(25a^2-4b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{105a^2d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

```
output 2/7*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2/35*b*sin(d*x+c)
*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/105*(25*a^2-4*b^2)*sin(d*x+
c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/105*(a-b)*b*(19*a^2+8*b
^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/
2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+
sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/d+2/105*(a-b)*(25*a^2+6*a*b+8*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)
*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-
b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a
-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d
```



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3275} \\
& \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{4b \cos^2(c+dx) + 5a \cos(c+dx) + b}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{4b \cos^2(c+dx) + 5a \cos(c+dx) + b}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{4b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{25a^2+23b \cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{25a^2+23b \cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{25a^2+23b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-4b^2+2b^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.609.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(19a^2+8b^2)+a(25a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(25a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{b(19a^2+8b^2)+a(25a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2(25a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{b(19a^2+8b^2)+a(25a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(25a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{b(19a^2+8b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-b)(25a^2+6ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(25a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.609.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{(a-b)(25a^2+6ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b(19a^2+8b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(25a^2-4b^2) \sin(c)}{3ad \cos} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{b(19a^2+8b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2+6ab+8b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad}}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2+6ab+8b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} + \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(19a^2+8b^2) \cot(c+dx)}{3a}}{5a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

```
output (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((2*b
*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*
(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(19*a^2 + 8*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[
a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))
*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]
)/(a^2*d) + (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(25*a^2 + 6*a*b + 8*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*E
llipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]
, -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Se
c[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(3*a) + (2*(25*a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/7
```

### 3.609.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 275 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3275 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(a^2 - b^2) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(
n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]
- b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m,
-1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sine[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sine[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.609.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2498 vs.  $2(351) = 702$ .

Time = 16.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2499, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2499

$$3.609. \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/105/d*(15*a^4*sin(d*x+c)-a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+8*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+25*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+19*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5-25*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^5+16*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-50*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^4+8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^3-25*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^3+16*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4-38*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))...`

### 3.609.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)+a}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`



**3.609.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.609.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`**3.609.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.609.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

### 3.610 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$

3.610.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4772
3.610.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	4773
3.610.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4774
3.610.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4781
3.610.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4781
3.610.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	4782
3.610.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4782
3.610.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4782
3.610.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4783

#### 3.610.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 508

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(3a^2 + 16b^2) \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{24abd}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(a + 2b)(3a + 8b) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{24bd}$$

$$+ \frac{a\sqrt{a + b}(a^2 - 12b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{8b^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{24bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}/d+1/24(3a^2+16b^2)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/b/d/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/4a\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d-1/24(a-b)(3a^2+16b^2)\cot(dx+c)\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a/b/d+1/24(a+2b)(3a+8b)\cot(dx+c)\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b/d+1/8a(a^2-12b^2)\cot(dx+c)\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*(a(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b^2/d$

### 3.610.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(4 \cos(c+dx)b^2+3a \cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \quad \downarrow \quad 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(4 \cos(c+dx)b^2+3a \cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 3042 \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b+ab)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(4 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b+ab)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{6b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 3528 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2 \cos(c+dx)a+b(3a^2+16b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2 \cos(c+dx)a+b(3a^2+16b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}}{6b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 27 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2 \cos(c+dx)a+b(3a^2+16b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2 \cos(c+dx)a+b(3a^2+16b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}}{6b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}}{6b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 3540 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \int \frac{-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+3a(a^2-12b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b+a(3a^2+16b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+3a(a^2-12b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b+a(3a^2+16b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{6b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+3a(a^2-12b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b+a(3a^2+16b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-14a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3a(a^2-12b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b+a(3a^2+16b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3532

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2)-14a^2b^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3ab(a^2-12b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3ab(a^2-12b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2)-14a^2b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) - 14a^2b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-12b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

6b

↓ 3477

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(a+2b)(3a+8b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab(a+2b)(3a+8b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-12b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

↓ 3473



$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (3a^2+16b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{\sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{3d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*(3*a + 8*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (6*a*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - 12*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/b + ((3*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/4)/(6*b)`

### 3.610.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3300 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.610.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2310 vs.  $2(460) = 920$ .

Time = 8.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2311, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2311

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24/d*(-3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^2-16*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^2+22*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+14*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*b^3+3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a^3+17*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*a^2*b+16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a*b^2+8*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-16*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-14*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+52*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-72*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)-32*Ellip...`

**3.610.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.610.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.610.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.610.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.610.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.611 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

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#### 3.611.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 433

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{5(a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(5a + 2b) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(3a^2 + 4b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4bd}$$

$$+ \frac{3a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/4*a*sin(d*x+c)*
(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5/4*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((
a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(
a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d
+1/4*(5*a+2*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d-1/4*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*Ellipti
cPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a
-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(
a-b))^(1/2)/b/d
```

**3.611.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( 4b(a+b\cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx) + \frac{10a(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))} \right)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] + (10*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 4*(4*a^2 - a*b + 2*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 12*a^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 16*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 5*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] + 10*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] - 5*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])/(8*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**3.611.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3526, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx$$

---

3.611.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{-\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(-2 \cos(c+dx)b^2-3a \cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3300} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(-2 \cos(c+dx)b^2-3a \cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(-2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2-3a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b+ab)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(-2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+ab^2+2(2a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx)b)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3526} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a \cos^2(c+dx)b^2+ab^2+2(2a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a \cos^2(c+dx)b^2+ab^2+2(2a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^2+ab^2+2(2a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3540} \\
& \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2a \cos(c+dx)b^3+5a^2b^2-(3a^2+4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.611.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-2a\cos(c+dx)b^3+5a^2b^2-(3a^2+4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{4b}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^3+5a^2b^2-(3a^2+4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{4b}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3532} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2-2ab^3\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - b^2(3a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{4b}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2-2ab^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b^2(3a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \frac{4b}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3288} \\
 & \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2-2ab^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{2b}}{4b} \\
 & \frac{4b}{\downarrow} \quad \mathbf{3477}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.611.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab^2(5a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d}}{2b}$$


---

4b

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^2(5a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d}}{2b}$$


---

4b

↓ 3295

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}}{2b}$$


---

2b

↓ 3473

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}}{d} - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{a+b}(5a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{d}}$$


---

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

```
output ((a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) - (((10
*(a - b)*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c +
d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 -
Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (2*b^2*S
qrt[a + b]*(5*a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*
x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Se
c[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + (2*b*Sqrt[
a + b]*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a +
b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqr
t[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d
/(2*b) - (3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x
]])))/(4*b)
```

### 3.611.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c
*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*Ellipti
cPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c +
d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 -
d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

rule 3300 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3526 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n + 1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))]*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(d*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2) - C*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e
_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]
/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*
B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x
]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &
& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f
*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) -
2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e +
f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a
*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.611.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1945 vs.  $2(391) = 782$ .

Time = 7.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1946, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1946

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```

output 1/4/d*(-5*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*
x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*
cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+c
os(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-10*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))
*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))
^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)-4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c
)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+7*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)*a*b+2*a*b*cos(d*x+c)*si
n(d*x+c)-8*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+c
os(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*
((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(
1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-10*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x
+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)-12*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/
(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1
+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)-16*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,
(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d
*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d...

```

### 3.611.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

```

input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")

```

```

output integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)

```

**3.611.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.611.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.611.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.611.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.612** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.612.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4795  
 3.612.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4796  
 3.612.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4796  
 3.612.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4800  
 3.612.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4801  
 3.612.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4802  
 3.612.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4802  
 3.612.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4802  
 3.612.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4803

**3.612.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 375

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(2a + b) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d}$$

$$- \frac{3a\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{b\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output b*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-(a-b)*b*cot(d*x+c)*
EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b
))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-
b))^(1/2)/a/d+(2*a+b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1
/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(
a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d-3*a*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+
b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1
/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(
1/2)/d
```

3.612. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.612.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(2b(a + b) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \mid \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `-(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(2*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))] * EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 4*a*(a - 2*b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))] * EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 12 * a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))] * EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]) / (d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^4))`**3.612.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3300}$$

3.612.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{-2 \cos(c+dx)a^2 - 3b \cos^2(c+dx)a + ba}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-2 \cos(c+dx)a^2 - 3b \cos^2(c+dx)a + ba}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 - 3b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + ba}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 3532 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{ab - 2a^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( 3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{ab - 2a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3288 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{ab - 2a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a \sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3477 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( -ab \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + a(2a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{6a \sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.612.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( a(2a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -ab \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(2a+b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d} \right) - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(2a+b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)))/(a*d) + (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a + b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)))/d - (6*a*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)))/d)/2 + (b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.612.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3300 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]
/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*
B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x
]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &
& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.612.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1362 vs.  $2(347) = 694$ .

Time = 9.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1363, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1363

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)
*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(
d*x+c)^2-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*c
os(d*x+c)^2-6*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d
*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)
/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))
^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d
*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(
a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+
cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),
(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)-12*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*
x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)-4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))
^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-
csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc
(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(...
```

### 3.612.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)
```



**3.612.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.612.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.612.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.612.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.613** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.613.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4804  
 3.613.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4805  
 3.613.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4805  
 3.613.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4808  
 3.613.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4809  
 3.613.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4810  
 3.613.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4810  
 3.613.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4810  
 3.613.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4811

**3.613.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d} - \frac{2(a - 2b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{d} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{d}$$

```
output 2*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a
*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d-2*(a-2*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x
+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*
(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d-2*b*cot(d*
x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/
b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+s
ec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.613.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 8.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) + \cos(c + dx) \left( -\frac{2a(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E(\arcsin(\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}}))}{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}} \right)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] + Cos[c + d*x]*((-2*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] + (2*(a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] + (4*b^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] - a*b*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2] - 2*a^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.613.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3277, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3277} \\ & b^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + a \int \frac{a + 2b \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \frac{a+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3288} \\
& a \int \frac{a+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& a \left( a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \left( a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& a \left( a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-2b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{ad} \right) - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3473} \\
& a \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) \Big| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}}{ad} - \frac{2(a-2b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{ad} \right) - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.613.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + a*(2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d) - (2*(a - 2*b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d))`

### 3.613.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3277 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^2/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b^2 Int[Simp[b*c + a*d + 2*b*d*sin[e + f*x], x]/((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

---

3.613. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.613.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1015 vs.  $2(313) = 626$ .

Time = 10.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1016, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1016

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2))*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2+csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+a^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+a*b*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(...
```

### 3.613.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.613.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.613.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.613.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.613.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.614** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.614.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4812  
 3.614.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4813  
 3.614.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4813  
 3.614.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4816  
 3.614.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4817  
 3.614.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4818  
 3.614.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4818  
 3.614.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4818  
 3.614.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4819

**3.614.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3ad} + \frac{2(a - 3b)(a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3ad} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+8/3*(a-b)*b*cot
(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x
+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d+2/3*(a-3*b)*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+
c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(
a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.614.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\frac{2(a+b \cos(c+dx))(a+4b \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} + 2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \left(-4b(a+b)E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right))\right)}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(a + 4*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]
^(3/2) + 2*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(-4*b*(a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c
+ d*x)/2]]], (-a + b)/(a + b))*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^
2)/(a + b)] + (a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]], (-
a + b)/(a + b))*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] -
4*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Tan[(c + d*
x)/2]))/(3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**3.614.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{4ab + (a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.614.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4ab + (a^2 + 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4ab + (a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 4ab \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) + 1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + (a - 3b)(a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( (a - 3b)(a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4ab \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 4ab \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a - 3b)(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(a - 3b)(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right)}{ad} + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

```
output ((8*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 -
Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) + (2*
(a - 3*b)*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos
[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*
(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/
3 + (2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

### 3.614.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3278 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))),
x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c +
d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1)
+ (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a
*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1
] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.614.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1449 vs.  $2(251) = 502$ .

Time = 12.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1450, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1450

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-2/3/d*((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))  
/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*co  
s(d*x+c)^3+4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*  
x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a  
*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((  
a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1  
/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3-4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b  
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b)  
))^(1/2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+  
c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/  
(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos  
(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a  
-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a  
-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c  
)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+6*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)  
,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(  
d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d  
*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*  
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-8*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*  
x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(co...`

### 3.614.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`



**3.614.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**3.614.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.614.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.614.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.615** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.615.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4820  
 3.615.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4821  
 3.615.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4821  
 3.615.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4825  
 3.615.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4826  
 3.615.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4827  
 3.615.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4827  
 3.615.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4827  
 3.615.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4828

**3.615.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(3a^2 + b^2) \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a + b}{a - b}}}{5a^2 d} - \frac{2(a - b)(3a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{5ad} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 2/5*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+4/5*b*sin(d*x+c)
*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/5*(a-b)*(3*a^2+b^2)*cot(d*x+
c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(
a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/
(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d-2/5*(a-b)*(3*a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(
1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d
```

### 3.615.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 \cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))} (-2(3a^3+3a^2b+ab^2+b^3) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))})}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

output `((8*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(-2*(3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b + a*b^2 + b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (3*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2) + (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(5*a^2 + b^2 + 4*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + (3*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]/(5*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.615.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\ & \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{2ab \cos^2(c + dx) + (3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c + dx) + 6ab}{2 \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.615.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2ab \cos^2(c+dx) + (3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 6ab}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + (3a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 6ab}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3534 \\
\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(4b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + (3a^2 + b^2)a)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{4b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + (3a^2 + b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{4b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (3a^2 + b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} + \frac{4b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3477 \\
\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a-b)(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{4b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.615.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(a-b)(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} + \frac{4b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)(3a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d}}{a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} - \frac{2(a-b)(3a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx)}{a} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

```
input Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

```
output (2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*(3*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/d)/a + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/5
```

---

3.615.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.615.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*SIN[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.615.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2103 vs. 2(293) = 586.

Time = 13.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2104, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.47

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2104

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output 
$$-2/5/d*(-\text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a*b^2*\cos(dx+c)^4+4*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^2*b*\cos(dx+c)^4+\text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a*b^2*\cos(dx+c)^4-6*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^2*b*\cos(dx+c)^3-2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a*b^2*\cos(dx+c)^3+8*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^2*b*\cos(dx+c)^3+2*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a*b^2*\cos(dx+c)^3-3*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^2*b*\cos(dx+c)^2+6*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^3*\cos(dx+c)^3-3*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}$$

### 3.615.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^7(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(dx+c))^(3/2)/cos(dx+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*cos(dx + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(dx + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.615.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.615.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.615.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.615.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.616** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.616.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4829  
 3.616.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4830  
 3.616.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4830  
 3.616.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4835  
 3.616.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4836  
 3.616.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4837  
 3.616.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4837  
 3.616.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4837  
 3.616.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4838

**3.616.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{4(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b}(41a^2-3b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{105a^3d} + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{105a^2d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{16b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{35d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(25a^2+3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{105ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

```
output 2/7*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+16/35*b*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/105*(25*a^2+3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+4/105*(a-b)*b*(41*a^2-3*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d+2/105*(a-b)*(25*a^2-57*a*b-6*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.616.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1302, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output

```
((-4*a*(25*a^4 - 31*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(-82*a^3*b + 6*a*b^3)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(-82*a^2*b^2 + 6*b^4)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x])/(a + b)) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + ...
```

**3.616.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.616.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\
& \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{4ab \cos^2(c + dx) + (5a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c + dx) + 8ab}{2 \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{4ab \cos^2(c + dx) + (5a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c + dx) + 8ab}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + (5a^2 + 7b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 8ab}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{44b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 16b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a + (25a^2 + 3b^2)a}{2 \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{16b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{44b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 16b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a + (25a^2 + 3b^2)a}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{16b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.616.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{44b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 16b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + (25a^2+3b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5a} + \frac{16b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3534

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(25a^2+51b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 2b(41a^2-3b^2)a}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2(25a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{16b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(25a^2+51b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 2b(41a^2-3b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2(25a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{16b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(25a^2+51b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 2b(41a^2-3b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2(25a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{16b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3477

---

3.616.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2ab(41a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a(a-b)(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(25a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a(a-b)(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2ab(41a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(25a^2+3b^2)}{5a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2ab(41a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}), -\frac{a+b}{a-b})}{d}}{3a} + \frac{4b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(41a^2-3b^2)}{5a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}), -\frac{a+b}{a-b})}{d} + \frac{4b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(41a^2-3b^2)}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

3.616.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



```
output (2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((1
6*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((4
*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(41*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt
[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))
]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b
)]/(a*d) + (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(25*a^2 - 57*a*b - 6*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*E
llipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]
, -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Se
c[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/(3*a) + (2*(25*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d
*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/7
```

### 3.616.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3278 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))),
x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c +
d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1)
+ (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a
*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1
] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.616.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2498 vs.  $2(349) = 698$ .

Time = 15.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2499, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2499

$$3.616. \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/105/d*(15*a^4*sin(d*x+c)+27*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-6*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+25*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+82*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5-25*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^5-12*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-50*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^3-25*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^3-12*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4-164*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*cos(d*x+c)^4-102*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d...`

### 3.616.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^2(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.616.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.616.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`**3.616.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.616.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

$$3.617 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.617.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4839
3.617.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	4840
3.617.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4840
3.617.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4847
3.617.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	4848
3.617.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	4849
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3.617.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4849
3.617.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4850

### 3.617.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 454

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^4 + 33a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{315a^4d} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^3 - 39a^2b - 6ab^2 - 8b^3) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{a(1-\cos(c+dx))}}{315a^3d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{20b\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{63d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(49a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{315ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{8b(22a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{315a^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2/9*a*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+20/63*b*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2/315*(49*a^2+3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+8/315*b*(22*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/315*(a-b)*(147*a^4+33*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/d-2/315*(a-b)*(147*a^3-39*a^2*b-6*a*b^2-8*b^3)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d
```

---


$$3.617. \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

### 3.617.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1368, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output

```
-1/315*((-4*a*(-39*a^4*b + 31*a^2*b^3 + 8*b^5)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt
[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a +
b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*
x]]) - 4*a*(147*a^5 + 33*a^3*b^2 + 8*a*b^4)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/
2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[
((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin
[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a +
b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x
]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c +
d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^
2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Cs
c[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqr
t[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(147*a^4*b + 33*a^2*b^3 + 8
*b^5)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Si
n[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt
[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])
/(a + b)]) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((
a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])...
```

### 3.617.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.617.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{11/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\
& \frac{2}{9} \int \frac{6ab \cos^2(c + dx) + (7a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx) + 10ab}{2 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{6ab \cos^2(c + dx) + (7a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx) + 10ab}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{6ab \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + (7a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 10ab}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{92b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 40b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a + (49a^2 + 3b^2)a}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{20b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{92b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 40b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a + (49a^2 + 3b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{20b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.617.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{92b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 40b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + (49a^2+3b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{7a} + \frac{20b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(147a^2+209b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 2b(49a^2+3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a + 12b(22a^2-b^2)a}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{20b \sin(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(147a^2+209b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 2b(49a^2+3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a + 12b(22a^2-b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{20b \sin(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(147a^2+209b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 2b(49a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a + 12b(22a^2-b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{20b \sin(c+dx)}{7d} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3534}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.617.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(2b(93a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^2 + (147a^4+33b^2a^2+8b^4)a) dx}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{8b(22a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{2b(93a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^2 + (147a^4+33b^2a^2+8b^4)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{8b(22a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{2b(93a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (147a^4+33b^2a^2+8b^4)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{8b(22a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3477

---

3.617.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\left( \frac{1}{9} \right) \left( \frac{a(147a^4 + 33a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a-b)(147a^3 - 39a^2b - 6ab^2 - 8b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{8b(22a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\left( \frac{1}{9} \right) \left( \frac{a(147a^4 + 33a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(a-b)(147a^3 - 39a^2b - 6ab^2 - 8b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} + \frac{8b(22a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\left( \frac{1}{9} \right) \left( \frac{a(147a^4 + 33a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^3 - 39a^2b - 6ab^2 - 8b^3) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d}}{a} + \frac{8b(22a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2(49a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{8b(22a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (147a^4+33a^2b^2+8b^4) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{ad} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)) + ((20*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((2*(49*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(147*a^4 + 33*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(147*a^3 - 39*a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 - 8*b^3)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/a + (8*b*(22*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/(7*a))/9`

### 3.617.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.617.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3453 vs.  $2(410) = 820$ .

Time = 19.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3454, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.61

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3454

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/315/d*(4*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+35*a^5*sin(d*x+c)-2*EllipticF(cot
(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4-8*Elli
pticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4
+147*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^4*b*cos
(d*x+c)^6+33*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*
x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a
^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^6+33*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
))*cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^6+53*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-a^2*b^3*c
os(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+147*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)+88*a^3*b^2*cos(d*
x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)+33*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)-4*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5*
sin(d*x+c)+85*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+85*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)
+53*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+137*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+121*
a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+137*a^4*b*
cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+147*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))
^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
)/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^5*cos(d*x+c)^6+8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b...
```

### 3.617.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{11/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)
```

**3.617.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.617.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`**3.617.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`



**3.617.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`

### 3.618 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.618.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4851
3.618.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	4852
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3.618.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4862

#### 3.618.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 506

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(33a^2 + 16b^2) \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{24ad}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(33a^2 + 26ab + 16b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{24d}$$

$$- \frac{5a\sqrt{a + b}(a^2 + 4b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{8bd}$$

$$+ \frac{(33a^2 + 16b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{24d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{13ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{12d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}b^2\cos(dx+c)^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d+1/24*(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}+13/12ab\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d-1/24*(a-b)*(33a^2+16b^2)\cot(dx+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a/d+1/24*(33a^2+26ab+16b^2)\cot(dx+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/d-5/8a*(a^2+4b^2)\cot(dx+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}), (a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b/d$

### 3.618.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1203, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output  $((-4*a*(59*a^2*b + 16*b^3)*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{(-a + b)}]*\text{Sqrt}[-\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]}{a}]*\text{Csc}[\frac{(c + d*x)}{2}]^2/a]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(48*a^3 + 76*a*b^2)*((\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{(-a + b)}]*\text{Sqrt}[-\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]}{a}]*\text{Csc}[\frac{(c + d*x)}{2}]^2/a]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) - (\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{(-a + b)}]*\text{Sqrt}[-\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]}{a}]*\text{Csc}[\frac{(c + d*x)}{2}]^2/a]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])) + 2*(33*a^2*b + 16*b^3)*((I*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])/(b*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]}{(a + b)}]) + (2*a*(a*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{(-a + b)}]*\text{Sqrt}[-\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2}{a}]*\text{Sqrt}[\frac{(a + b)\text{Cos}[c + d*x]}{a}]*\text{Csc}[\frac{(c + d*x)}{2}]^2/a]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}...$

### 3.618.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 3272

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(13ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2b(9a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 3a(2a^2 + b^2))}{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(13ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2b(9a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 3a(2a^2 + b^2))}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \left( 13ab^2 \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 2b(9a^2 + 2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3a(2a^2 + b^2) \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3528

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{13a^2b^2 + (33a^2 + 16b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + 2a(12a^2 + 19b^2) \cos(c+dx)b}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{13a^2b^2 + (33a^2 + 16b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + 2a(12a^2 + 19b^2) \cos(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{13a^2b^2 + (33a^2 + 16b^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2 + 2a(12a^2 + 19b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3540} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \left( \frac{\int \frac{-26a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^3 - 15a(a^2+4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + a(33a^2+16b^2)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx)}{6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

$\downarrow$  25

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-26a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^3 - 15a(a^2+4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + a(33a^2+16b^2)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx)}{6} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

$\downarrow$  3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-26a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^3 - 15a(a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^2 + a(33a^2+16b^2)b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx)}{6} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

$\downarrow$  3532

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2) - 26a^2b^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - 15ab^2(a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{13ab \sin(c+dx)}{6} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

$\downarrow$  3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)-26a^2b^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 15ab^2(a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} + \frac{13ab}{6} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)-26a^2b^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{30ab\sqrt{a+b}(a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a+b}}}{2b}}{4b} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab^2(33a^2+26ab+16b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{-ab^2(33a^2+26ab+16b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + ab^2(33a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{4b} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{a+b} (33a^2+26ab+16b^2) \cot(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{a+b} (33a^2+26ab+16b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((1
3*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-
1/2*((2*(a - b)*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*(33*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[A
rcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b
)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]
))/(a - b]))/(a*d) - (2*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*(33*a^2 + 26*a*b + 16*b^2)*Cot[c +
d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*
(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b]))/d + (30*a*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c
+ d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a +
b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b]))/d)/b + (b*(33*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])))/(4*b))/6
```



## 3.618.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]  
 $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*\text{EllipticE}[ArcSin[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\sin[e + f*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[b*\sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[A, B] \&\& \text{PosQ}[(c + d)/b]$`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*  
 $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A - B)/(a - b) \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\sin[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) \text{Int}[(1 + \sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[A, B]$`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*(((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +  
 $(f_)*(x_)]^n)*((A_) + (B_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*\sin[e + f*x])^{n+1}/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^{m-1}*(c + d*\sin[e + f*x])^n*\text{Simp}[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*\sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*\sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (!\text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (!\text{IntegerQ}[m] || (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c, 0])))$`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)/  
 $((a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[C/b^2 \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\sin[e + f*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/b^2 \text{Int}[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*\sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$`

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f
*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) -
2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e +
f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a
*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.618.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2567 vs.  $2(458) = 916$ .

Time = 8.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2568, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2568

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24/d*(-33*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x
+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^
2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-33*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^2-16*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(
a+b))^(1/2)*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^2+34*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+26*a^2*b*cos
(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*b^3+33*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)
*a^3+59*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*a^2*b+16*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a*b^2+8*b^3
*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-16*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))
^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-26*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)
/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos
(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+76*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c)
),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)
)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-120*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)
-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a
+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-66*EllipticE
(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(
1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)-32*...
```

**3.618.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.618.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.618.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.618.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.618.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

$$3.619 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.619.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4863
3.619.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4864
3.619.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4864
3.619.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4870
3.619.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	4870
3.619.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	4871
3.619.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	4871
3.619.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4871
3.619.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4872

### 3.619.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 443

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{9(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b}(8a^2+9ab+2b^2) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a+b}(15a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{9ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d}$$

output `9/4*a*b*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d-9/4*(a-b)*b*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d+1/4*(8*a^2+9*a*b+2*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d-1/4*(15*a^2+4*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d`

---


$$3.619. \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.619.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) + \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)} \left(9ab(a + b \cos(c + dx))\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] + Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(9*a*b*(a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 2*(4*a^3 - 12*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 2*b*(15*a^2 + 4*b^2)*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 9*a*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(4*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.619.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3272

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{9ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2b(6a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(4a^2 + b^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{9ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2b(6a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(4a^2 + b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{9ab^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 2b(6a^2 + b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a(4a^2 + b^2)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3540 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{9a^2b^2 - (15a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 - 2a(4a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2 - (15a^2 + 4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 - 2a(4a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2 - (15a^2 + 4b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^2 - 2a(4a^2 + b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3532
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2 - 2ab(4a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b^2(15a^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2 - 2ab(4a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b^2(15a^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2 - 2ab(4a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(15a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{2b}}{2b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{9a^2b^2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(8a^2 + 9ab + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{9a^2b^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab(8a^2 + 9ab + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

---

3.619.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{9a^2 b^2 \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(8a^2+9ab+2b^2) \cot(c+dx)}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(8a^2+9ab+2b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\dots}{\dots}\right)\right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((18*(a - b)*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(8*a^2 + 9*a*b + 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(15*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/b + (9*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/4`

## 3.619.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])  
 $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*A*  
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((1 + \text{Csc}[e + f*x])  
)/(c - d)]]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((1 - \text{Csc}[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[c +  
d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]/\text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],  
x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[A, B] \&\&  
\text{PosQ}[(c + d)/b]$`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*  
(x_)]) $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{S}$   
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*  
x]]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + \text{Sin}[e + f*x])/((a + b*\text{Si}n[e + f*x])  
 $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e$   
, f, A, B\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2,  
0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[A, B]`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] $\wedge$   
2)/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*\sin[(e_)$   
+ (f_)*(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[C/b^2 Int[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]  
/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*  
B - 2*a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]) $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]$   
)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\&  
\&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] $\wedge$   
2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)  
+ (f_)*(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*  
*x]]/(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*\text{Si}n[e + f*x])  
 $\wedge(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]))]*\text{Simp}[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) -$   
2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*\text{Sin}[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*\text{Sin}[e +  
f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*  
d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.619.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2231 vs.  $2(401) = 802$ .

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2232, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2232

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/d*(9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)
)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*
b*cos(d*x+c)^2-11*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-9*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x
+c)-2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*b^3-2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a*b^2-2*b^3*cos(
d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b)
)^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-24*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-
b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+co
s(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+
c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*
b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)+18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-cs
c(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d
*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)-48*EllipticF(cot(d*x
+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a
+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)+4*EllipticF(co
t(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+16*Ellipt
icF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+...
```

**3.619.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.619.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.619.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.619.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.619.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.620** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.620.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4873  
 3.620.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4874  
 3.620.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4874  
 3.620.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4879  
 3.620.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4880  
 3.620.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4881  
 3.620.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4881  
 3.620.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4881  
 3.620.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4882

**3.620.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 445

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d} - \frac{5ab\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-(2*a^2-b^2)*sin
(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(a-b)*(2*a^2-b^2)*cot(d*
x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)
/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)
))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/d-(2*a^2-6*a*b-b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(
1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d-5*a*b*cot(d*x+
c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,
((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec
(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d
```



**3.620.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 11.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( a^2 \cos^2(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) + \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)^{5/2} \left( \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \right) \right)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*(a^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] + (Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(5/2)*(Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(-2*(2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - a*b^2 - b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 4*a*(a^2 + 3*a*b - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 20*a*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + ((2*a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(Sin[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2]))/2)/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**3.620.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3540, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3271

---

3.620.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \int \frac{3ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{3ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{3ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow 3540 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5a \cos^2(c + dx)b^3 + 6a^2 \cos(c + dx)b^2 + a(2a^2 - b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^3 + 6a^2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b^2 + a(2a^2 - b^2)b}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3532 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{6a^2 \cos(c + dx)b^2 + a(2a^2 - b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + 5ab^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{2b} - \\
& \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$


---

3.620.  $\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 5ab^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}} -$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{\int \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{10ab^2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)}{d}}{\frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{ab(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{10ab^2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)}{d}}{\frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-ab(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + ab(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{10ab^2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)}{d}}{\frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{ab(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right)\right)}{d}}{\frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

↓ 3473

---

3.620.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-6ab-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right),-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} + \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-b^2)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))] * Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)] * Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/(a*d) - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))] * Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)] * Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (10*a*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))] * Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)] * Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)))/d)/(2*b) + (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((2*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.620.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.620.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2507 vs.  $2(413) = 826$ .

Time = 10.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2508, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.64

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2508

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.620. \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

output `-1/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(2*a^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+b^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-2*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+2*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a*b^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+csc(d*x+c)^5*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2+2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b...`

### 3.620.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.620.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.620.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.620.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.620.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.621** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.621.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 392

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{14(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-7ab+9b^2) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{2b^2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+14/3*(a-b)*b*
cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(
d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d+2/3*(a^2-7*a*b+9*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1
/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d-2*b^2*
cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),
(a+b)/b, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(
a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.621.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2a(a+b \cos(c+dx))(a+7b \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} + 2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \left(-7ab(a+b)E(\arcsin(\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)))\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((2*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(a + 7*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 2*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(-7*a*b*(a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + (a^3 + 7*a^2*b + 9*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 6*b^3*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - 7*a*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.621.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3271

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx) b^3 + 7a^2 b + a(a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

---

3.621.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)b^3 + 7a^2b + a(a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^3 + 7a^2b + a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3532 \\
\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{7ba^2 + (a^2 + 9b^2) \cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \\
\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{7ba^2 + (a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3288 \\
\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{7ba^2 + (a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6b^2 \sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d} \right) \\
\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3477 \\
\frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2 - 7ab + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 7a^2b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx) + 1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{6b^2}{d} \right) \\
\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.621.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2 - 7ab + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 7a^2b \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( 7a^2b \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - 7ab + 9b^2) \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a+b}}}{\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - 7ab + 9b^2) \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((14*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - 7*a*b + 9*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (6*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/3 + (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

## 3.621.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]
/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*
B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x
]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &
& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.621.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2210 vs. 2(358) = 716.

Time = 12.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2211, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.64

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2211

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $\frac{2}{3}d*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2-1})*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1}))^{(1/2)}*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1})^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2-7*\csc(d*x+c)^2*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^2*b*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1})^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2-9*\csc(d*x+c)^2*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1})^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+3*\csc(d*x+c)^2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1})^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*b^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+7*\csc(d*x+c)^2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^2*b*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1})^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+7*\csc(d*x+c)^2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+1})^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2}-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2+a+b})/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{-2-6*\csc(d*x+c)^2*(-\csc(d*x+c))...$

### 3.621.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`



**3.621.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.621.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.621.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.621.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.622** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.622.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4892  
 3.622.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4893  
 3.622.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4893  
 3.622.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4897  
 3.622.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4898  
 3.622.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4899  
 3.622.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4899  
 3.622.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4899  
 3.622.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4900

**3.622.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 338

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(9a^2 + 23b^2) \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)}}}{15ad} - \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(9a^2 - 8ab + 15b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{15ad} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{22ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{15d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 2/5*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+22/15*a*b*sin
(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/15*(a-b)*(9*a^2+23*b^2
)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+se
c(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d-2/15*(a-b)*(9*a^2-8*a*b+15*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*Elli
pticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(
1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(
1/2)/a/d
```

**3.622.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{-4 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)^{5/2} \left(\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left((9a^3 + 9a^2b + 23ab^2 + 3b^3) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right]\right] - (9a^3 + 17a^2b + 23ab^2 + 15b^3) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right]\right] - (9a^3 + 17a^2b + 23ab^2 + 15b^3) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right]\right] + (9a^2 + 23b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] \operatorname{Sec}[(c + dx)/2]^{3/2} \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx] \operatorname{Tan}[(c + dx)/2] + (a + b \cos(c + dx))(15a^2 + 23b^2 + 22ab \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + (9a^2 + 23b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[2(c + dx)]) \operatorname{Tan}[c + dx] / (15d \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]^{3/2} \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b \cos(c + dx)])}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-4*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(5/2)*(Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((9*a^3 + 9*a^2*b + 23*a*b^2 + 23*b^3)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/(a + b) - (9*a^3 + 17*a^2*b + 23*a*b^2 + 15*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/(a + b) + (9*a^2 + 23*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(15*a^2 + 23*b^2 + 22*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + (9*a^2 + 23*b^2)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.622.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3271



$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{a^2(9a^2 + 23b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a-b)(9a^2 - 8ab + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + 22a \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{a^2(9a^2 + 23b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(a-b)(9a^2 - 8ab + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{a^2(9a^2 + 23b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2 - 8ab + 15b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d}}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2 + 23b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2 - 8ab + 15b^2)}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

```
output (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (
((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a^2 + 23*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b
))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b
)])/d - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a^2 - 8*a*b + 15*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*Ellip
ticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(
(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c
+ d*x]))/(a - b)])/d)/(3*a) + (22*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x
])/((3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/5
```

### 3.622.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.622.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2372 vs.  $2(306) = 612$ .

Time = 14.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2373, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.02

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2373

---

3.622. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$



input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15/d*(-23*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*cos(d*x+c)^4+17*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^4+23*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4-18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-46*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+34*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+46*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3-9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+18*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^2*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3-9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)...`

### 3.622.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.622.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.622.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.622.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.622.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.623** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.623.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4901  
 3.623.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4902  
 3.623.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4902  
 3.623.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4907  
 3.623.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4908  
 3.623.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4909  
 3.623.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4909  
 3.623.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4909  
 3.623.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4910

**3.623.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}(29a^2 + 3b^2) \cot(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{21a^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(5a^2 - 24ab + 3b^2) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{21ad}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{7d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 2/7*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+6/7*a*b*sin(d
*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/21*(5*a^2+9*b^2)*sin(d*x
+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/21*(a-b)*b*(29*a^2+3*b^2)*
cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(
d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a^2/d+2/21*(a-b)*(5*a^2-24*a*b+3*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*Elli
pticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(
1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(
1/2)/a/d
```

**3.623.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1302, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output

```
((-4*a*(5*a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 - 3*b^4)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(-29*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(-29*a^2*b^2 - 3*b^4)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(a + b)) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*...
```

**3.623.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.623.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{15ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(4a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cdot 2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cdot 7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{15ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + b(4a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cdot 2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cdot 7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{15ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + b(4a^2 + 7b^2) \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \cdot 2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cdot 7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5(6b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + (5a^2 + 9b^2)a^2 + b(13a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c+dx)a)}{2 \cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{6ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{6b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + (5a^2 + 9b^2)a^2 + b(13a^2 + 7b^2) \cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{6ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{6b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + (5a^2+9b^2)a^2 + b(13a^2+7b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} + \frac{6ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(5a^2+27b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + b(29a^2+3b^2)a^2}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{2a(5a^2+9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2+27b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + b(29a^2+3b^2)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{2a(5a^2+9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2+27b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) a^3 + b(29a^2+3b^2) a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} + \frac{2a(5a^2+9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3477
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.623.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a^2 b (29a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + a^2 (a-b) (5a^2 - 24ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a (5a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a^2 (a-b) (5a^2 - 24ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a^2 b (29a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2a (5a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a^2 b (29a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (5a^2 - 24ab + 3b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}), -\frac{a+b}{a-b})}{d}}{3a} + \frac{2a (5a^2 + 9b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2a(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (5a^2 - 24ab + 3b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}), -\frac{a+b}{a-b})}{d} + \frac{2b(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (29a^2 + 3b^2)}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

3.623.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



```
output (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (
(6*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((
2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(29*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)
))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b
))]/d + (2*a*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(5*a^2 - 24*a*b + 3*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*Ell
ipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])],
-((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[
c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/(3*a) + (2*a*(5*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*
x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/a)/7
```

### 3.623.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.623.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2498 vs.  $2(349) = 698$ .

Time = 16.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2499, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2499

---

3.623. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/21/d*(-3*a^4*sin(d*x+c)-18*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-3*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-5*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-29*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5+5*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^5-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4+10*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^3+5*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^3-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4+58*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*cos(d*x+c)^4+54*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/...`

### 3.623.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^9(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.623.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.623.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`**3.623.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.623.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

**3.624**  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.624.1 Optimal result	4911
3.624.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4912
3.624.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4912
3.624.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4919
3.624.5 Fricas [F]	4920
3.624.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4921
3.624.7 Maxima [F]	4921
3.624.8 Giac [F]	4921
3.624.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4922

**3.624.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 454

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{315a^3d} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{315a^2d} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{38ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{63d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2(49a^2+75b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{315d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2b(163a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{315ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2/9*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+38/63*a*b*sin
(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2/315*(49*a^2+75*b^2)*si
n(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/315*b*(163*a^2+5*b^2)
*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/315*(a-b)*(147*a
^4+279*a^2*b^2-10*b^4)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(
1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/
(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d-2/315*(a-b)*(147*a^3-114
*a^2*b+165*a*b^2+10*b^3)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)
^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)
)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

3.624.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.624.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1368, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output

```
-1/315*((-4*a*(-114*a^4*b + 124*a^2*b^3 - 10*b^5)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d
*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*S
qrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[Arc
Sin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-
a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]) - 4*a*(147*a^5 + 279*a^3*b^2 - 10*a*b^4)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c +
d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*
Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[Arc
Sin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-
a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos
[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)
]/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x]
)*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((
b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])) + 2*(147*a^4*b + 279*a^2*b
^3 - 10*b^5)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*Arc
Sinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/
(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c
+ d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*S
qrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c ...
```

**3.624.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.624.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{11/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& \frac{2}{9} \int \frac{19ba^2 + (7a^2 + 27b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 3b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{9/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} + 2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} + 9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{19ba^2 + (7a^2 + 27b^2) \cos(c + dx)a + 3b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} + 2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} + 9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{19ba^2 + (7a^2 + 27b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + 3b(2a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} + 2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} + 9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{76b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a^2 + (49a^2 + 75b^2)a^2 + b(137a^2 + 63b^2) \cos(c + dx)a}{2 \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{38ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{76b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)a^2 + (49a^2 + 75b^2)a^2 + b(137a^2 + 63b^2) \cos(c + dx)a}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{38ab \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.624.  $\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{76b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + (49a^2+75b^2)a^2 + b(137a^2+63b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{7a} + \frac{38ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \downarrow 3534 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(147a^2+605b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + 2b(49a^2+75b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + 3b(163a^2+5b^2)a^2}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{38ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(147a^2+605b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + 2b(49a^2+75b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2 + 3b(163a^2+5b^2)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{38ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(147a^2+605b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3 + 2b(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2 + 3b(163a^2+5b^2)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{38ab \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \downarrow 3534
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.624.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(b(261a^2+155b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + (147a^4+279b^2a^2-10b^4)a^2) dx}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2ab(163a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{b(261a^2+155b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + (147a^4+279b^2a^2-10b^4)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2ab(163a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{b(261a^2+155b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3 + (147a^4+279b^2a^2-10b^4)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2ab(163a^2+5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3477

---

3.624.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\left( \frac{1}{9} \right) \left( \frac{a^2(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a^2(a-b)(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\left( \frac{1}{9} \right) \left( \frac{a^2(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a^2(a-b)(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\left( \frac{1}{9} \right) \left( \frac{a^2(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2a(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{d} + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2a(49a^2 + 75b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2ab(163a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^4 + 279a^2b^2 - 10b^4) \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-s)}{a+b}}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)) + (38*a*b*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((2*a*(49*a^2 + 75*b^2)*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*sqrt[a + b]*(147*a^4 + 279*a^2*b^2 - 10*b^4)*cot[c + d*x]*ellipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (2*a*(a - b)*sqrt[a + b]*(147*a^3 - 114*a^2*b + 165*a*b^2 + 10*b^3)*cot[c + d*x]*ellipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/a + (2*a*b*(163*a^2 + 5*b^2)*sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/(7*a))/9`

### 3.624.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.624.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3453 vs.  $2(410) = 820$ .

Time = 18.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3454, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.61

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3454

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-2/315/d*(5*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-35*a^5*sin(d*x+c)+155*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4-10*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-147*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^6-279*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^6-279*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^6-170*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-80*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-147*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)-163*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)-279*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)-5*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)-130*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)-130*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-170*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-212*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-442*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-80*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)-212*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-147*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^5*cos(d*x+c)^6+10*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)...`

### 3.624.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`

**3.624.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.624.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`**3.624.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`



**3.624.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`

**3.625** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.625.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4923  
 3.625.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 4924  
 3.625.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4925  
 3.625.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4933  
 3.625.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4933  
 3.625.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 4934  
 3.625.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4934  
 3.625.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4934  
 3.625.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4935

**3.625.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 522

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b}(741a^4+51a^2b^2+8b^4) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{693a^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(135a^4-606a^3b+57a^2b^2+6ab^3+8b^4) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{693a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{46ab\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{99d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(81a^2+113b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{693d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(229a^2+3b^2)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{693ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(135a^4+205a^2b^2-4b^4)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{693a^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output  $2/11*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)+46/99*a*b*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+2/693*(81*a^2+113*b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2/693*b*(229*a^2+3*b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/693*(135*a^4+205*a^2*b^2-4*b^4)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/693*(a-b)*b*(741*a^4+51*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*\cot(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/d+2/693*(a-b)*(135*a^4-606*a^3*b+57*a^2*b^2+6*a*b^3+8*b^4)*\cot(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d$

### 3.625.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]`

output  $((-4*a*(135*a^6 - 78*a^4*b^2 - 49*a^2*b^4 - 8*b^6)*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b)*\text{Cot}[(c + dx)/2]^2]/(-a + b))*\text{Sqrt}[-((a + b)*\text{Cos}[c + dx]*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]*\text{Csc}[c + dx]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b))*\text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]^4/((a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + dx]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx]]) - 4*a*(-741*a^5*b - 51*a^3*b^3 - 8*a*b^5)*((\text{Sqrt}[(a + b)*\text{Cot}[(c + dx)/2]^2]/(-a + b))*\text{Sqrt}[-((a + b)*\text{Cos}[c + dx]*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a])*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]*\text{Csc}[c + dx]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b))*\text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]^4/((a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + dx]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx]]) - (\text{Sqrt}[(a + b)*\text{Cot}[(c + dx)/2]^2]/(-a + b))*\text{Sqrt}[-((a + b)*\text{Cos}[c + dx]*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a])*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]*\text{Csc}[c + dx]*\text{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b))*\text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]^4/(b*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + dx]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx]]) + 2*(-741*a^4*b^2 - 51*a^2*b^4 - 8*b^6)*((\text{I}*\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx]])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{I}*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sin}[(c + dx)/2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + dx]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b))*\text{Sec}[c + dx])/(b*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + dx)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c + dx]])*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + dx])*\text{Sec}[c + dx])/(a + b)) + (2*a*((a*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b)*\text{Cot}[(c + dx)/2]^2]/(-a + b))*\text{Sqrt}[-((a + b)*\text{Cos}[c + dx]*\text{Csc}[(c + dx)/2]^2)/a])*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}...$

### 3.625.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{13/2}} dx$$

↓ 3271

---

3.625.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3534 \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(405a^2+1531b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3+4b(81a^2+113b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2+5b(229a^2+3b^2)a^2}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{9a} + \frac{2a(81a^2+113b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + 46a \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(405a^2+1531b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3+4b(81a^2+113b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2+5b(229a^2+3b^2)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{9a} + \frac{2a(81a^2+113b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + 46ab \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(405a^2+1531b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+4b(81a^2+113b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a^2+5b(229a^2+3b^2)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{9a} + \frac{2a(81a^2+113b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3534 \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5(b(1011a^2+461b^2) \cos(c+dx)a^3+2b^2(229a^2+3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a^2+3(135a^4+205b^2a^2-4b^4)a^2)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{7a} + \frac{2ab(229a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.625.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \left( \frac{1}{11} \int \frac{b(1011a^2+461b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+2b^2(229a^2+3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+3(135a^4+205b^2a^2-4b^4)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2ab(229a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(81a^2+27ab+3b^2)}{9a} \right) \\ & \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \left( \frac{1}{11} \int \frac{b(1011a^2+461b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+2b^2(229a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a^2+3(135a^4+205b^2a^2-4b^4)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2ab(229a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(81a^2+27ab+3b^2)}{9a} \right) \\ & \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3534 \\ & \left( \frac{1}{11} \int \frac{2^3\left(\left(135a^4+663b^2a^2+2b^4\right)\cos(c+dx)a^3+b(741a^4+51b^2a^2+8b^4)a^2\right)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a(135a^4+205a^2b^2-4b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(229a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(81a^2+27ab+3b^2)}{9a} \right) \\ & \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \left( \frac{1}{11} \int \frac{3\left(\left(135a^4+663b^2a^2+2b^4\right)\cos(c+dx)a^3+b(741a^4+51b^2a^2+8b^4)a^2\right)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a(135a^4+205a^2b^2-4b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(229a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(81a^2+27ab+3b^2)}{9a} \right) \\ & \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \int \frac{(135a^4 + 663b^2a^2 + 2b^4) \cos(c+dx)a^3 + b(741a^4 + 51b^2a^2 + 8b^4)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a(135a^4 + 205a^2b^2 - 4b^4) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(229a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$


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$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \int \frac{(135a^4 + 663b^2a^2 + 2b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^3 + b(741a^4 + 51b^2a^2 + 8b^4)a^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a(135a^4 + 205a^2b^2 - 4b^4) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(229a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( a^2b(741a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a^2(a-b)(135a^4 - 606a^3b + 57a^2b^2 + 6ab^3 + 8b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a(135a^4 + 205a^2b^2 - 4b^4) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(229a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042



$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{a^2 b (741a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a^2 (a-b) (135a^4 - 606a^3b + 57a^2b^2 + 6ab^3 + 8b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{a^2 b (741a^4 + 51a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (135a^4 - 606a^3b + 57a^2b^2 + 6ab^3 + 8b^4) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{11d \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{2a(81a^2 + 113b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{7d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(229a^2 + 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2a(135a^4 + 205a^2b^2 - 4b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2), x]`

```
output (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(11*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2)) +
((46*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))
+ ((2*a*(81*a^2 + 113*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos
[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((2*a*b*(229*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[
c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(741*a^4 + 5
1*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/
(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c
+ d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d + (2*a*(a - b)*S
qrt[a + b]*(135*a^4 - 606*a^3*b + 57*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*Cot[c + d*
x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x
]]], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1
+ Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/a + (2*a*(135*a^4 + 205*a^2*b^2 - 4*b^4)*Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))/a/(7*a)/(9*a
))/11
```

### 3.625.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

**3.625.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3890 vs.  $2(472) = 944$ .

Time = 21.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3891, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.45

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3891

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{693}d*(135*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^5*\sin(d*x+c)+135*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^4*\sin(d*x+c)+81*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)+81*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+63*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)+8*b^6*\cos(d*x+c)^6*\sin(d*x+c)+63*a^6*\sin(d*x+c)+8*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*b^6*\cos(d*x+c)^5-135*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^7+8*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*b^6*\cos(d*x+c)^7-270*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^6+16*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*b^6*\cos(d*x+c)^6-135*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*a^6*\cos(d*x+c)^5-8*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*a*b^5*\cos(d*x+c)^7+741*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*a^5*b*\cos(d*x+c)^7+741*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)...$$

**3.625.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.625. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/cos(d*x + c)^(13/2), x)`

### 3.625.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(13/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.625.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(13/2), x)`

### 3.625.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(13/2), x)`

**3.625.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2), x)`

**3.626** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.626.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4936  
 3.626.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4937  
 3.626.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4937  
 3.626.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4942  
 3.626.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4943  
 3.626.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4944  
 3.626.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4944  
 3.626.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4944  
 3.626.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4945

**3.626.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 379

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{abd}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{bd}$$

$$+ \frac{a\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*El
lipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))
^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b)
)^(1/2)/a/b/d+cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(
d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1
/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d+a*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*
x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a
+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b^2
/d
```

3.626. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.626.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left( (a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \middle| \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) - 2a \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} \right)}{2bd \left(\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right)^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(2*b*d*(Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.626.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 3299, 3042, 3288, 3482, 27, 3042, 3472, 25, 27, 3042, 3280, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3299}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+2b\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b}$$

---

3.626.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(\cos(c+dx)a^2+ba)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3482} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a^2+ba}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a^2+ba}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+ba}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3472} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.626.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b}{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}$$

$b^2d$   
↓ 27

$$\frac{-a\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b}{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}$$

$b^2d$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{-a\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b}{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}$$

$b^2d$   
↓ 3280

$$\frac{-a\left(\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx\right) + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b}{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}$$

$b^2d$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{-a\left(\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx\right) + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2b}{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}$$

$b^2d$   
↓ 3295

---

3.626.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -a \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad} \right) \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2 d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
 & -a \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{a^2 d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a+b} \right) \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2 d} \quad 2b
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(b^2*d) + (-a*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d)) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(2*b)`

### 3.626.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

3.626.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3280 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[b/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3299 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*(d/(2*b)) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/(2*b) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*((a + 2*b*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3472 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3482 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[-2*B*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*
n + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(2*n + 3) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*A*c*(2*n + 3) + B*(b*c + 2*a*d*n) + (B*(a*c + b*d
)*(2*n + 1) + A*(b*c + a*d)*(2*n + 3))*Sin[e + f*x] + (A*b*d*(2*n + 3) + B*
(a*d + 2*b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && Eq
Q[n^2, 1/4]
```

### 3.626.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 833 vs.  $2(351) = 702$ .

Time = 8.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 834, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result
default	$\frac{-E\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}}a(\cos^2(dx+c))-E\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/d*(-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)^2-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*b*cos(d*x+c)+4*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)+b*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*b+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b`

### 3.626.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.626.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.626.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.626.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.626.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



$$3.627 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.627.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4946
3.627.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4946
3.627.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4947
3.627.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4948
3.627.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	4948
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3.627.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	4949
3.627.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4950

### 3.627.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{bd}$$

```
output -2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/b, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d
```

### 3.627.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} \left( \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-1, \arcsin\left(\frac{d \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d}\right)\right) \right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

$$3.627. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output  $(-2\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + d*x]} / ((a + b)(1 + \cos[c + d*x])) * (\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]) / (d\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]} / (1 + \cos[c + d*x])\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + d*x]})$

### 3.627.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right)}{bd}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}/\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + d*x]}, x]$

output  $(-2\sqrt{a + b}\text{Cot}[c + d*x]\text{EllipticPi}[(a + b)/b, \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + d*x]}/(\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]})], -((a + b)/(a - b))\sqrt{(a*(1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a + b)}\sqrt{(a*(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a - b))})/(b*d)$

## 3.627.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

## 3.627.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$\frac{2\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),-1,\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}}}{d\sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}(1+\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.627.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

---

3.627.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.627.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.627.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.627.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.627.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.628**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.628.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4951  
 3.628.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4951  
 3.628.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4952  
 3.628.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 4953  
 3.628.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4953  
 3.628.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4954  
 3.628.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4954  
 3.628.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4954  
 3.628.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4955

**3.628.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad}$$

```
output 2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.628.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4(a+b)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{-\frac{(a+b)\cot^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a-b}}\sqrt{\frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\csc^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a}}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(a+b)\cot^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a-b}}\right)\right)}{ad\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{(a+b)\cos(c+dx)\csc^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{a}\right)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]
```

---

3.628.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(-4*(a + b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[ -(((a + b)*\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a - b)) ]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2/a]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(a*(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))]], (2*a)/(a - b)])/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*(-(((a + b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2/a))^{(3/2)})$

### 3.628.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3295}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]),x]$

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*\text{Sqrt}[(a*(1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a*(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d)$

## 3.628.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

## 3.628.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	111

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.628.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.628.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.628.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.628.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.628.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.629**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.629.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4956  
 3.629.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4957  
 3.629.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4957  
 3.629.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4959  
 3.629.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 4960  
 3.629.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4960  
 3.629.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4961  
 3.629.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4961  
 3.629.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4961

**3.629.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a^2d}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad}$$

```
output 2*(a-b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a
*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d-2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(
1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d
```

**3.629.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(-\left((a+b)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\mid\frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right)\right)+a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{ad\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*(-((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]) + a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(a*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.629.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3280, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3280}$$

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.629.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
 & \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{a^2 d}{ad}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d)`

### 3.629.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3280 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin
[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin
[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[b/(a - b) Int[(1 + Si
n[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.629.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 657 vs. 2(208) = 416.

Time = 11.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1\right)\left(-\sqrt{-\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}\sqrt{\frac{\csc^2(dx+c)a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\csc^2(dx+c)b(1-\cos(dx+c))}{a+b}}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.629. \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/d*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1) \\ & )^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+ \\ & a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a+ \\ & (-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2 \\ & -\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc \\ & (d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}* \\ & ((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+ \\ & b))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*b+\csc(d*x+ \\ & c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*a-\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*b+a*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot( \\ & d*x+c))+b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d \\ & *x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{(1/2)}/( \\ & \csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc( \\ & d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(\csc(d*x+ \\ & c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{(3/2)}/a \end{aligned}$$

### 3.629.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

### 3.629.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.629.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.629.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.629.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**3.630** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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**3.630.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\middle|-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^3d}$$

$$+\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b)\cot(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right),-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^2d}$$

$$+\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

```
output 2/3*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)-4/3*(a-b)*b*cot
(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x
+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d+2/3*(a+2*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1
-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d
```

**3.630.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left((a-2b\cos(c+dx))(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx) + \frac{8\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)^{7/2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)}{(2b\cos(c+dx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`output

```
(2*((a - 2*b*Cos[c + d*x])*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] + (8*(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(7/2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(2*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*(a - 2*b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*a^2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**3.630.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3281}$$

---

3.630.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{2b-a \cos(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b-a \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b-a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \\
 & \frac{4b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2 d}}{3a}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.630.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `-1/3*((4*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d))/a + (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.630.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.630.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1183 vs. 2(248) = 496.

Time = 13.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1184, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1184

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3/d*((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*co
s(d*x+c)^3-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*
x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a
*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+c
os(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+
c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/
(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(
a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-
b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c
)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/
2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(
d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^
(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-c
sc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)-2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(
d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1...
```

### 3.630.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a*cos(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**3.630.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)`

**3.630.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.630.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.630.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**3.631**      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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**3.631.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 465

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ab^2 \sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a+b) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^2 \sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{3a\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^3 d}$$

$$- \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.631.      $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

output  $-2*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+(3*a^2-b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}-(3*a^2-b^2)*\cot(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/(a+b)^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/a/b^2/d/(a+b)^{(1/2)}+(3*a+b)*\cot(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/(a+b)^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/b^2/d/(a+b)^{(1/2)}+3*a*\cot(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/(a+b)^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)},(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(a+b)^{(1/2)}*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/b^3/d$

### 3.631.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

```
output (2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(-a^2 + b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]) + ((-4*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]
*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c +
d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*C
os[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*
x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 8*a^2*b*(
(Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*
Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*
Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^
2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a
+ b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Co
s[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[
Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b
)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) +
2*(3*a^2 - b^2)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*
ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x
])/ (b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec
[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)
])*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos...
```

### 3.631.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3540, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3271

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{a^2 - b \cos(c + dx) a - (3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c + dx)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.631.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \cos(c+dx)a - (3a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\int \frac{a^2 - b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + (b^2 - 3a^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3540 \\
\frac{\int \frac{2b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + 3(a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)a + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\int \frac{2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + 3(a^2 - b^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3532 \\
\frac{\int \frac{2b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{3a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
\frac{b(a^2 - b^2)}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3288
\end{array}$$

---

3.631.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\int \frac{2b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) a^2 + (3a^2 - b^2) a}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{bd}$$


---

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \quad b(a^2 - b^2)$$

↓ 3477

$$a(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a-b)(3a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{2b}$$


---

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \quad b(a^2 - b^2)$$

↓ 3042

$$a(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - a(a-b)(3a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{2b}$$


---

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \quad b(a^2 - b^2)$$

↓ 3295

$$a(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{bd}$$


---

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \quad 2b$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) - 6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{ad}$$


---

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.631.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a + b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (6*a*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(b*d))/(2*b) - ((3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(b*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.631.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.631. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

rule 3540 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[1/((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]])*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

### 3.631.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2525 vs.  $2(433) = 866$ .

Time = 9.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2526, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.43

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2526

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(5/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^2*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-3*a^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+b^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3+3*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a*b^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+csc(d*x+c)^5*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+2*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-...`

---

3.631. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$



**3.631.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

**3.631.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.631.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.631.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.631.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.632** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.632.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4980  
 3.632.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4981  
 3.632.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4981  
 3.632.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 4985  
 3.632.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4986  
 3.632.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4986  
 3.632.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4986  
 3.632.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4987  
 3.632.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4987

**3.632.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b\sqrt{a+bd}} - \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b\sqrt{a+bd}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bd} \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^2 d} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*
cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b
))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b)^(1/2)-2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+
b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b)^(1/2)-2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticP
i((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/b, ((-a-b)/(a-b
))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-
b))^(1/2)/b^2/d
```

3.632. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.632.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( -2a(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \mid \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) \right)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(-2*a*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 2*(a - b)*(-2*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**3.632.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3276, 3042, 3273, 3042, 3274, 3042, 3288, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3276} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.632.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3273} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3274} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b} \right)}{b^2 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.632.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 3295

$$a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a-b}}}{a^2-b^2} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d}$$

↓ 3473

$$a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a-b}}}{a^2-b^2} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{b^2d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(b^2*d) - (a*(-((2*(a - b)*sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b`

---

3.632.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

## 3.632.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3273 `Int[Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*a*d*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[d^2/(a^2 - b^2) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3274 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c - d)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3276 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[a*(d/b) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.632.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1035 vs. 2(359) = 718.

Time = 9.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1036

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))
^(3/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^2*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)
^(1/2)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(
d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(
d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))
*b^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+
c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+
c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)
^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a
+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b
-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c)
)^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c
)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2+2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1
/2))*b^2+csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^3-a^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+a*b*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)))/(csc(d*x+c)...
```

$$3.632. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$



**3.632.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

**3.632.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.632.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.632.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.632.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.633**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.633.1 Optimal result . . . . . 4988  
 3.633.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 4989  
 3.633.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 4989  
 3.633.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 4992  
 3.633.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 4992  
 3.633.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 4993  
 3.633.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 4993  
 3.633.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 4993  
 3.633.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 4994

**3.633.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 266

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a\sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a\sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*cot(d
*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b
)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1
/2)/a/d/(a+b)^(1/2)+2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1
/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*
(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

**3.633.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((a+b)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)\right)}{a}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*((a + b)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (a + b)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + (a - b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.633.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3273, 3042, 3274, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3273} \\ & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.633.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2 - b^2}$$

↓ 3274

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) + 1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - (a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2 - b^2}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad}}{a^2 - b^2}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right)}{ad} - \frac{2(a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}}}{a^2 - b^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

3.633.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

## 3.633.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3273 `Int[Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*a*d*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] - Simp[d^2/(a^2 - b^2) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3274 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c - d)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

**3.633.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 782 vs.  $2(246) = 492$ .

Time = 6.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 783, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}} \left( (\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - (\csc^2(dx+c))b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/d*(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)) \\ & ^{(1/2)*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2 \\ & -\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{( \\ & 1/2)*(-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d* \\ & x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d* \\ & x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2))*a-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1) \\ & ^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a \\ & +b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2))*b+( \\ & -\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2- \\ & \csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc \\ & (d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2))*a+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)* \\ & ((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b \\ & ))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2))*b+\csc(d*x+c \\ & )^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*a-\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*b-a*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d \\ & *x+c))+b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c)))/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x \\ & +c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(a-b)/(a+b \\ & ) \end{aligned}$$

**3.633.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

### 3.633.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.633.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.633.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`



**3.633.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.634 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.634.1 Optimal result . . . . .	4995
3.634.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4996
3.634.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4996
3.634.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	4999
3.634.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5000
3.634.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5000
3.634.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5000
3.634.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5001
3.634.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5001

#### 3.634.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2 \sqrt{a+bd}} + \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a \sqrt{a+bd}} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+b)^(1/2)+2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

**3.634.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-b(a+b)\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}E(\arcsin(\tan\right.$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`output `(2*(-(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*(a + b)*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*(-a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.634.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 3279, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3279} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b+a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{b+a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3477 \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3295 \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{a^2 - b^2}}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3473 \\
& \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{a^2 d} + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2 - b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

```
output ((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 -
Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) + (
2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x
]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec
[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b
^2) - (2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[
c + d*x]])
```

### 3.634.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3279 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*
(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a +
b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(b +
a*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.634.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 749 vs. 2(247) = 494.

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

method	result
default	$2 \frac{\left(-\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))^a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - (\csc^2(dx+c))^b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b}{a+b}}\right) F(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), \dots)}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2+csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-csc(d*x+c)^3*b^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-a*b*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+b^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)/(a+b)/(a-b)/a
```

**3.634.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.634.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.634.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.634.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.634.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`



**3.635**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.635.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5002  
 3.635.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 5003  
 3.635.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5003  
 3.635.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5006  
 3.635.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5007  
 3.635.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5008  
 3.635.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5008  
 3.635.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5008  
 3.635.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5009

**3.635.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^3 \sqrt{a+bd}} - \frac{2(a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a^2 \sqrt{a+bd}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*(a^2-2*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+b)^(1/2)-2*(a+2*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

**3.635.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1233, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((-4*a*(2*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(a^3 - 2*a*b^2)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(a^2*b - 2*b^3)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]])*Sec[c + d*x])/(a + b)) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sq...
```

**3.635.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.635.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\right)}{ad}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$


---

3.635.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-2b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\middle|-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{a^2d} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/ (a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/ (a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.635.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.635.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1227 vs. 2(265) = 530.

Time = 12.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1228, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1228

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3+csc(d*x+c)^3*a^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-2*csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+2*csc(d*x+c)^3*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))...

```

### 3.635.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**3.635.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.635.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.635.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.635.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`



**3.636**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.636.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5010
3.636.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	5011
3.636.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5011
3.636.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5015
3.636.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5016
3.636.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5017
3.636.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5017
3.636.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5017
3.636.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5018

**3.636.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2b(5a^2 - 8b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^4 \sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a+2b)(a+4b) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^3 \sqrt{a+bd}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2) d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a^2 - 4b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3
*(a^2-4*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(
3/2)-2/3*b*(5*a^2-8*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b
)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1
/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/d/(a+b)^(1/2)+2/3*(a+2*b)*(a+4*b)*c
ot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((
-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b
))^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

**3.636.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1269, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((-4*a*(a^4 + 7*a^2*b^2 - 8*b^4)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(5*a^3*b - 8*a*b^3)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(5*a^2*b^2 - 8*b^4)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x])/(a + b)] + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*Ell...
```

**3.636.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.636.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-4b^2+2b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)-a(a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)-a(a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.636.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2) - a(a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2) 2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2) 2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2) 2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b)(a+4b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3a}}{3a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2) 2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(5a^2-8b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - \frac{a+b}{a-b}}{a^2 d} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2) 2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.636.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (-1/3*((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(5*a^2 - 8*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*(a + 4*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/a + (2*(a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.636.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.636.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2617 vs.  $2(327) = 654$ .

Time = 14.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2618, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.33

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2618

---

3.636. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(5*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-5*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+5*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+5*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)-8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^4*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(...`

### 3.636.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**3.636.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.636.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.636.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`



**3.636.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{5/2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.637**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.637.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5019
3.637.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	5020
3.637.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5020
3.637.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5025
3.637.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5026
3.637.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5027
3.637.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5027
3.637.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5027
3.637.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5028

**3.637.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 433

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^4 + 8a^2b^2 - 16b^4) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{5a^5 \sqrt{a+bd}} - \frac{2(3a+4b)(a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{5a^4 \sqrt{a+bd}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2) d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a^2-6b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5a^2(a^2-b^2) d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5a^3(a^2-b^2) d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5
*(a^2-6*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(
5/2)-2/5*b*(3*a^2-8*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/
d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/5*(3*a^4+8*a^2*b^2-16*b^4)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*
cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1
-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^5/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
-2/5*(3*a+4*b)*(a^2+4*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+
b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

3.637.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.637.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1314, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((a^2 + 4*b^2)*((-4*a*(4*a^2*b - 4*b^3)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(3*a^3 - 4*a*b^2)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(3*a^2*b - 4*b^3)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[(a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*...
```

**3.637.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.637.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-6b^2+4b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-6b^2+4b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-6b^2+4b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{-2b(a^2-6b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-a(3a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)+3b(3a^2-8b^2)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2(a^2-6b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2(a^2-6b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5ad\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{-2b(a^2-6b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-a(3a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)+3b(3a^2-8b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \\
& \quad \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{-2b(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a(3a^2+2b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3b(3a^2-8b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{3(3a^4+8b^2a^2-b(a^2+4b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-16b^4)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^4+8b^2a^2-b(a^2+4b^2) \cos(c+dx)a-16b^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^4+8b^2a^2-b(a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-16b^4}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2-8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{(3a^4+8a^2b^2-16b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(3a+4b)}{5a} \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)} + \\
 & \frac{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.637.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{(3a^4 + 8a^2b^2 - 16b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)}{5a}$$


---


$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \quad a(a^2 - b^2)$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{2(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{(3a^4 + 8a^2b^2 - 16b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 2(a-b)}{5a}$$


---


$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \quad a(a^2 - b^2)$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (3a^4 + 8a^2b^2 - 16b^4) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2 d}$$


---


$$\frac{2(a^2 - 6b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{5ad \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(3a^2 - 8b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

```
output (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]) + ((2*(a^2 - 6*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d
*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) - (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^4 + 8*a^2*b^2 - 16*
b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a +
b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]
*(3*a + 4*b)*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1
- Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/a)
+ (2*b*(3*a^2 - 8*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*Cos[c +
d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.637.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3281 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2
))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m +
n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*
n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.637.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3371 vs.  $2(397) = 794$ .

Time = 16.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3372, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.79

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3372

---

3.637. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^2(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$





**3.637.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.637.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`**3.637.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.637.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{7/2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.638**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.638.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5029
3.638.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5030
3.638.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5030
3.638.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5035
3.638.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5036
3.638.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5037
3.638.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5037
3.638.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5037
3.638.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5038

**3.638.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 497

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^2 - 7b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3(a-b)b^2(a+b)^{3/2}d} - \frac{2(3a^2 + ab - 6b^2) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3(a-b)b^2(a+b)^{3/2}d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^3d} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-
2/3*a^2*(3*a^2-7*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*c
os(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a^2-7*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/
(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a-b)/b^2/(a+b)^(3/2)/d-2/3*(3
*a^2+a*b-6*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+
sec(d*x+c))/(a-b)^(1/2)/(a-b)/b^2/(a+b)^(3/2)/d-2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((
a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(
1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b)
^(1/2)/b^3/d
```

3.638.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.638.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*(-a^2 + b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (2*(3*a^3*Sin[c + d*x] - 7*a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*b*(-a^2 + b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d - ((-4*a*(a^3 - a*b^2)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(-(a^2*b) - 3*b^3)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(3*a^3 - 7*a*b^2)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSin[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c ...`

**3.638.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3530, 3042, 3288, 3472, 25, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.638.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-3(a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-3(a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-3(a^2-b^2)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3530} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ba^2+3(a^2-2b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{3(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ba^2+3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{3(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ba^2+3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{b^2d} \\
 & \quad \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3472}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.638.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(3a^2-7b^2)a^2+2b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

25

$$\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2-7b^2)a^2+2b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

3042

$$\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2-7b^2)a^2+2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

3477

$$\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - a(a-b)(3a^2+ab-6b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

3042

$$\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - a(a-b)(3a^2+ab-6b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{3b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

3.638.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-7b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+ab-6b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2-b^2}}{b}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) + \frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b}}}{b^2d}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - ((6*sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(b^2*d) + (-(((2*(a - b)*sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*(a - b)*sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + a*b - 6*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a^2*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/b)/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))`

3.638.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



## 3.638.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3472 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3530 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b Int[(A*b + (b*B - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.638.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4444 vs. 2(457) = 914.

Time = 9.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4445, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.94

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4445

---

3.638. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(5/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^3*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^5*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^4*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^4*b+12*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b^2+12*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^3-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^4-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)...`

### 3.638.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c)+a)*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b^3*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)+a^3),x)`

**3.638.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)`output `Timed out`**3.638.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`**3.638.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.638.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.639**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.639.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5039  
 3.639.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5040  
 3.639.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5040  
 3.639.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5044  
 3.639.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5045  
 3.639.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5045  
 3.639.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5045  
 3.639.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5046  
 3.639.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5046

**3.639.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 342

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8b \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{2(a-3b) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-8/3*a
*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8/3*b*
cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b
))^(1/2)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+2/3*(a-3*b)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(
d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d
```

**3.639.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a^3+3ab^2+4b^3\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx) - \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\right)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a^3 + 3*a*b^2 + 4*b^3*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] - Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(4*b*(a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - (a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 4*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2)^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

**3.639.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3472, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\ & \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\int -\frac{a-3b\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.639.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a-3b \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{a-3b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3472} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2) \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& \frac{4ab \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-3b)(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(a-3b)(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4ab \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3295}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.639.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4ab \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{a^2-b^2} dx + \frac{2(a-3b)(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a}{a-b}\right)}{ad} \\
 & \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
 & \frac{2(a-3b)(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) + 8b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2-b^2} \\
 & \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((8*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) + (2*(a - 3*b)*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) - (8*a*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2))`

**3.639.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

3.639.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3472 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
.(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.639.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2128 vs. 2(310) = 620.

Time = 9.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2129, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2129

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1
))^3/2*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^2*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c
))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1
))^1/2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d
*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2
*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c
))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+csc
(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2*(-cs
c(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc
(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+3*csc(d*x+
c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+
c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+
c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+4*csc(d*x+c)^2*El
lipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(
1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*
(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-4*csc(d*x+c)^2*Ellipti
cE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d
*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-c...
```

$$3.639. \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.639.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

**3.639.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.639.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.639.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.639.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

$$3.640 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.640.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5047
3.640.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	5048
3.640.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5048
3.640.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5052
3.640.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5053
3.640.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5054
3.640.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5054
3.640.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5054
3.640.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5055

### 3.640.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 359

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^2(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3a-b) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$- \frac{2b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/3*
(3*a^2+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/
2)-2/3*(3*a^2+b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*
(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+2/3*(3*a-b)*cot(d*x+c)
*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-
b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a
/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d
```

### 3.640.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1273, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((-2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (2*(3*a^2*b*Sin[c + d*x] + b^3*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d + ((-4*a*(-(a^2*b) + b^3)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(3*a^3 + a*b^2)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(3*a^2*b + b^3)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(...
```

### 3.640.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3472, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.640.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3275} \\
& -\frac{2 \int \frac{b-3a\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{b-3a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{b-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3472} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+4b\cos(c+dx)a+b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+4b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& -\frac{(3a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.640.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\frac{(3a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{(3a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)(3a-b) \sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{a^2-b^2}}{a^2-b^2}$$


---


$$\frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2(a-b) \sqrt{a+b} (3a^2+b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - \frac{2(a-b)(3a-b) \sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2 d}}{a^2-b^2}$$


---


$$\frac{3(a^2-b^2)}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*(3*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) - (2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2))`

---

3.640.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

## 3.640.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3275 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3472 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.640.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2613 vs.  $2(327) = 654$ .

Time = 8.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2614, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.28

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2614

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $\frac{2}{3}d \cdot \left( -\frac{\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-1}}{(\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2}} \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^3b \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(a+b)^{1/2}} \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-7 \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^3b \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(a+b)^{1/2}} - 5 \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^2b^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(a+b)^{1/2}} - \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^3b^3 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(a+b)^{1/2}} + 6 \cdot \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^3b \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(a+b)^{1/2}} + 4 \cdot \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^2b^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2-\csc(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+a+b}}}{(a+b)^{1/2}} + 2 \cdot \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-\frac{a-b}{a+b})^{1/2})) \cdot a^2b^3 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{-2+1})^{1/2} \dots$

### 3.640.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

**3.640.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.640.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.640.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.640.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.641**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.641.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5056  
 3.641.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 5057  
 3.641.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5057  
 3.641.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5061  
 3.641.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5062  
 3.641.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5063  
 3.641.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5063  
 3.641.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5063  
 3.641.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5064

**3.641.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 381

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4b(3a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a-b}}}{3a^3(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{2(3a^2 - 3ab - 2b^2) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^2(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4b(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)-4
/3*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+
c))^(1/2)+4/3*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a
+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d+2/3*(3*a^2-3*
a*b-2*b^2)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x
+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d
*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d
```

### 3.641.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1296, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (4*(3*a^2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x] - b^4*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*a^2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d + ((-4*a*(3*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(-6*a^3*b + 2*a*b^3)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(-6*a^2*b^2 + 2*b^4)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*C...
```

### 3.641.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3472, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.641.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2b^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3472} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2)+a(3a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{4b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2)+a(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{4b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-b)(3a^2-3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{4b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$


---

3.641.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(a-b)(3a^2-3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2b(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{4b(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{2b(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-3ab-2b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad}}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{4b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-b^2) \cot(c+dx)}{3a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-3ab-2b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) + \frac{4b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-b^2) \cot(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}}{3a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((4*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) + (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - 3*a*b - 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) - (4*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

## 3.641.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3472 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

### 3.641.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2840 vs. 2(349) = 698.

Time = 11.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2841, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2841

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $\frac{2}{3}d \cdot (-3 \csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot a^5 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+6 \cdot \csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-2 \cdot \csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot a \cdot b^4 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+2 \cdot \csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot b^5 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-9 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot 7 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \cdot ((\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot a \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot b \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}} / (a+b))^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \cdot a^2 \cdot b^3 \cdot 2 \cdot (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \cdot (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} \dots$

### 3.641.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))/(b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4+3*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+a^3*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.641.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(5/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.641.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.641.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.641.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

$$3.642 \quad \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.642.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5065
3.642.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	5066
3.642.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5066
3.642.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5070
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### 3.642.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 398

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{3a^4(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$- \frac{2(3a^3 + 9a^2b - 6ab^2 - 8b^3) \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3a^3(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+8
/3*b^2*(2*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(
d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a^4-15*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(
d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/
d-2/3*(3*a^3+9*a^2*b-6*a*b^2-8*b^3)*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))
/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d
```



### 3.642.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1321, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
-1/3*((-4*a*(9*a^4*b - 17*a^2*b^3 + 8*b^5)*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - 4*a*(3*a^5 - 15*a^3*b^2 + 8*a*b^4)*((Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/((a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*a)/(-a + b)]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 2*(3*a^4*b - 15*a^2*b^3 + 8*b^5)*((I*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sin[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], (-2*a)/(-a - b)]*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(a + b)]) + (2*a*((a*Sqrt[((a + b)*Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(-a + b)]*Sqrt[-(((a + b)*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/a])*Sqrt[((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c ...
```

### 3.642.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$ , Rules used = {3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.642.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-4b^2+2b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{3a^4-15b^2a^2-2b(3a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+8b^4}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^4-15b^2a^2-2b(3a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+8b^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3a^4-15b^2a^2-2b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+8b^4}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.642.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{(3a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(3a^3+9a^2b-6ab^2-8b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(3a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(3a^3+9a^2b-6ab^2-8b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{(3a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^3+9a^2b-6ab^2-8b^3)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticE}}{ad}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^4-15a^2b^2+8b^4)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{a^2d}$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2-b^2)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

```
output (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c +
d*x])^(3/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Cot[c
+ d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c
+ d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(
a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^3 +
9*a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 - 8*b^3)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1
- Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a*
(a^2 - b^2)) + (8*b^2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Co
s[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.642.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3281 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2
))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n
+ 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*
n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.642.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3674 vs.  $2(366) = 732$ .

Time = 13.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3675, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3675

---

3.642. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+8*b^6*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-7*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^2*b^4*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-16*csc(d*x+c)^5*a*b^5*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-18*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^4*b^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-16*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^3*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+36*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*b^4*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+8*csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b^5*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-3*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)-6*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^5*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-12*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^4*b^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+30*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^3*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+3*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^5*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x...`

### 3.642.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**3.642.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.642.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.642.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.642.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`



**3.643**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.643.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 473

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \cot(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^5(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^4 + 9a^3b + 16a^2b^2 - 12ab^3 - 16b^4) \cot(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3a^4(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2) d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output  $\frac{2}{3}b^2\sin(dx+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/\cos(dx+c)^{(3/2)}/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{(3/2)}+4/3b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(dx+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/\cos(dx+c)^{(3/2)}/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/\cos(dx+c)^{(3/2)}-8/3b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\cot(dx+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}/(a+b)^{(1/2)}/\cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/a^5/(a-b)/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/d+2/3(a^4+9a^3b+16a^2b^2-12ab^3-16b^4)\cot(dx+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}/(a+b)^{(1/2)}/\cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{(1/2)}/a^4/(a-b)/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/d$

### 3.643.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1351, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{4b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3ab \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^2 - 2b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{4b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 3ab \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3(a^2 - 2b^2)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& 2 \int \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab(3a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^4 - 13b^2a^2 + 8b^4)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \cos^2(c+dx) - 2ab(3a^2 - b^2) \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^4 - 13b^2a^2 + 8b^4)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 2ab(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 3(a^4 - 13b^2a^2 + 8b^4)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3534 \\
& 2 \int -\frac{3(4b(2a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 4b^4) - a(a^4 + 7b^2a^2 - 4b^4) \cos(c+dx))}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.643.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{4b(2a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 4b^4) - a(a^4 + 7b^2a^2 - 4b^4) \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{4b(2a^4 - 7b^2a^2 + 4b^4) - a(a^4 + 7b^2a^2 - 4b^4) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3477

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx) + 1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(a^4 + 9a^3b + 16a^2b^2 - 12ab^3 - 16b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(a^4 + 9a^3b + 16a^2b^2 - 12ab^3 - 16b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2)}{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3295

---

3.643.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a^4 + 9a^3b + 16a^2b^2 - 12ab^3 - 16b^4)}{a}}{a(a^2 - b^2)} = \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3473

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{8b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2}$$

```
input Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((4*b^2*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (-(((8*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^4 + 9*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2 - 12*a*b^3 - 16*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/a + (2*(a^4 - 13*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]/(a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

3.643.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

## 3.643.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

### 3.643.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5223 vs.  $2(435) = 870$ .

Time = 15.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5224, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.04

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5224

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```



**3.643.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^3*cos(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**3.643.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.643.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.643.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.643.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.644**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.644.1 Optimal result	5084
3.644.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	5084
3.644.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5085
3.644.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5086
3.644.5 Fricas [F]	5086
3.644.6 Sympy [F]	5087
3.644.7 Maxima [F]	5087
3.644.8 Giac [F]	5087
3.644.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5088

**3.644.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `2/5*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)),1/5*5^(1/2))/d*5^(1/2)`

**3.644.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. 2(32) = 64.

Time = 9.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\csc(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Cs}$   
 $c[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/$   
 $2], -4])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[(-2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d$   
 $*x]/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))$

### 3.644.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2}} dx$$

↓ 3292

$$\frac{2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(2*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])], 1/5])/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d)$

#### 3.644.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear}$   
 $\text{Q}[u, x]$

```
rule 3292 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x])], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]
```

### 3.644.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 7.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c),\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5d\sqrt{2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	103

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*5^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.644.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**3.644.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.644.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.644.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.644.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.645**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.645.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5089  
 3.645.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 5089  
 3.645.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5090  
 3.645.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5091  
 3.645.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5091  
 3.645.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5091  
 3.645.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5092  
 3.645.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5092  
 3.645.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5092

**3.645.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right), 5\right)}{d}$$

output `2*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)),5^(1/2))/d`

**3.645.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{-((-2+3\cos(c+dx))\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right))}\operatorname{csc}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[-((-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]]/2], 4/5]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.645.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



### 3.645.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx$$

↓ 3292

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right), 5\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])], 5])/d`

#### 3.645.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)+(b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x])], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

**3.645.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs.  $2(26) = 52$ .

Time = 6.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{5})}{d\sqrt{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	95

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.645.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.645.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

---

3.645.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.645.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.645.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.645.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.646**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.646.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5093
3.646.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	5093
3.646.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5094
3.646.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5095
3.646.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5096
3.646.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5096
3.646.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5096
3.646.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5097
3.646.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5097

**3.646.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-2/5*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c)),1/5*5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.646.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{(2-3 \cos(c+dx)) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{d\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(-4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], -4]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[2 - 3 * \text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.646.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3293, 3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3293} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3292} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5d}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x])], 1/5])/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

---

3.646.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.646.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

rule 3293 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[b^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0])`

## 3.646.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 7.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{2-3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{5}\right)}{d(-2+3\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	107

input `int(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.646.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.646.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.646.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.646.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.646.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**3.647**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.647.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5098  
 3.647.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5098  
 3.647.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5099  
 3.647.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5100  
 3.647.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5101  
 3.647.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5101  
 3.647.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5101  
 3.647.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5102  
 3.647.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5102

**3.647.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), 5\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-2*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c)), 5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.647.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{2+3 \cos(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5])/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])])`

**3.647.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3293, 3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3 \cos(c+dx) - 2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 2\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3293} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3 \cos(c+dx) - 2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) - 2\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3292} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), 5\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 - Cos[c + d*x])], 5])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.647.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3 \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.647.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x])], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

rule 3293 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[b^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0])`

## 3.647.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 7.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-2-3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\frac{\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{5}}{5},\sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5d(2+3\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	121

input `int(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/5*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),5^(1/2))/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*5^(1/2)`

**3.647.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.647.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.647.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.647.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.647.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.648**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.648.1 Optimal result	5103
3.648.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	5103
3.648.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5104
3.648.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5105
3.648.5 Fricas [F]	5105
3.648.6 Sympy [F]	5106
3.648.7 Maxima [F]	5106
3.648.8 Giac [F]	5106
3.648.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5107

**3.648.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output `2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF(1/5*(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), I*5^(1/2))*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

**3.648.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\operatorname{csc}(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{(3+2\cos(c+dx))\operatorname{csc}^2}}{\sqrt{6}}\right)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{(3+2\cos(c+dx))\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/Sqrt[6]], 6])/(d*Sqrt[-(Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2])*Sqrt[(3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2])`

### 3.648.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx$$

↓ 3294

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}\cot(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -5]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/d`

## 3.648.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3294 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]`

## 3.648.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c),\frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5d\sqrt{3+2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	104

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*I*5^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.648.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.648.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.648.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.648.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.648.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.649**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.649.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5108
3.649.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	5108
3.649.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5109
3.649.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5110
3.649.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5110
3.649.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5111
3.649.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5111
3.649.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5111
3.649.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5112

**3.649.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `2/5*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)`

**3.649.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{(3-2 \cos(c+dx)) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{(3-2 \cos(c+dx)) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{d \sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

3.649.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]/\text{Sqrt}[3]], 6]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.649.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2 \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3294

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\tan^2(c + dx)} \cot(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3 - 2 \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(2*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], -1/5)*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d)$

## 3.649.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3294 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]`

## 3.649.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 7.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{3-2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{-2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),i\sqrt{5}\right)}{d(-3+2\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	113

input `int(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),I*5^(1/2))/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.649.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.649.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2 \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2 \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

### 3.649.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2 \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

### 3.649.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2 \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \cos(dx + c) + 3} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.649.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.650 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.650.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5113
3.650.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5113
3.650.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5114
3.650.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	5115
3.650.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5116
3.650.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5116
3.650.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5116
3.650.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5117
3.650.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5117

### 3.650.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

output

```
-2/5*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)
```

### 3.650.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{-\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{6}{5}\right)\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

---

3.650.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[(-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]]/\text{Sqrt}[3]], 6/5*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.650.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3296, 3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx$$

↓ 3296

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3294

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

---

3.650.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (-2*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/5]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(Sqrt[5]*d)
```

### 3.650.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3294 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3296 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NegQ[(a + b)/d]
```

### 3.650.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{i(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{-2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5},\frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5d\sqrt{-3+2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	112

```
input int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*I/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*5^(1/2)
```

---

3.650.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.650.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.650.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.650.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.650.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.650.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.651**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.651.1 Optimal result	5118
3.651.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5118
3.651.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5119
3.651.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5120
3.651.5 Fricas [F]	5121
3.651.6 Sympy [F]	5121
3.651.7 Maxima [F]	5121
3.651.8 Giac [F]	5122
3.651.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5122

**3.651.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output

```
-2*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF(1/5*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),I*5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.651.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{(3+2 \cos(c+dx)) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5}d \sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

---

3.651.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Sqrt}[(3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[5/3]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]], 6/5]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[-3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.651.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3296, 3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \cos(c + dx) - 3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - 3} \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3296} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \cos(c + dx) - 3} \sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - 3} \sqrt{-\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3294} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{-\tan^2(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2 \cos(c + dx) - 3}}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]),x]$

```
output (-2*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])], -5]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/d
```

### 3.651.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3294 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3296 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NegQ[(a + b)/d]
```

### 3.651.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{i(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-3-2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}F\left(\frac{i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}}{5},i\sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5d(3+2\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	126

```
input int(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*I/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/5*I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),I*5^(1/2))/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*5^(1/2)
```

**3.651.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.651.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.651.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`



**3.651.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.651.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.652**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.652.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5123
3.652.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	5123
3.652.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5124
3.652.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5125
3.652.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5126
3.652.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5126
3.652.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5126
3.652.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5127
3.652.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5127

**3.652.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/5*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)),1/5*5^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.652.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{(2+3\cos(c+dx))\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\operatorname{csc}(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(-4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Sqrt}[(2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], -4]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.652.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3293, 3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2}} dx$$

↓ 3293

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3292

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])], 1/5])/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

## 3.652.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x]]], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

rule 3293 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[b^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0])`

## 3.652.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 7.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))F\left(\frac{\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{5}}{5}, \sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{5}}{5d\sqrt{2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}$	111

input `int(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*EllipticF(1/5*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),5^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)`

**3.652.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.652.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)), x)`

**3.652.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)), x)`

**3.652.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)), x)`

**3.652.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.653**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.653.1 Optimal result	5128
3.653.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	5128
3.653.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5129
3.653.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5130
3.653.5 Fricas [F]	5131
3.653.6 Sympy [F]	5131
3.653.7 Maxima [F]	5131
3.653.8 Giac [F]	5132
3.653.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5132

**3.653.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}\right), 5\right)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)),5^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.653.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{-((-2+3\cos(c+dx))\operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right))}\operatorname{csc}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-((-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-((-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]/2], 4/5]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.653.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3293, 3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3293} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3292} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\cos(c+dx)+1}\right), 5\right)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])], 5])/ (d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$



## 3.653.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x])], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

rule 3293 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[b^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0])`

## 3.653.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 6.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(1+\cos(dx+c))F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{d\sqrt{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}$	97

input `int(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.653.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.653.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)), x)`

**3.653.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)), x)`

**3.653.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)), x)`

**3.653.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.654**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.654.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5133  
 3.654.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 5133  
 3.654.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5134  
 3.654.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5135  
 3.654.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5135  
 3.654.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5135  
 3.654.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5136  
 3.654.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5136  
 3.654.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5136

**3.654.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `-2/5*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c)),1/5*5^(1/2))/d*5^(1/2)`

**3.654.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 145 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{(2-3 \cos(c+dx)) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{d\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-4*Sqrt[Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], -4]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.654.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.654.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3292

$$-\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 - Cos[c + d*x])], 1/5])/(Sqrt[5]*d)`

**3.654.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x])], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

---

3.654.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.654.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 6.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(1+\cos(dx+c))F(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c),\sqrt{5})\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{2-3\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}(-2+3\cos(dx+c))}$	109

input `int(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))`

**3.654.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)/(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.654.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

---

3.654.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.654.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)), x)`

**3.654.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)), x)`

**3.654.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.655 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.655.1 Optimal result	5137
3.655.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	5137
3.655.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5138
3.655.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5139
3.655.5 Fricas [F]	5139
3.655.6 Sympy [F]	5139
3.655.7 Maxima [F]	5140
3.655.8 Giac [F]	5140
3.655.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5140

### 3.655.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), 5\right)}{d}$$

output `-2*EllipticF(sin(d*x+c)/(1-cos(d*x+c)),5^(1/2))/d`

### 3.655.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs.  $2(27) = 54$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{2+3\cos(c+dx)}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5])/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])])`

---


$$3.655. \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



### 3.655.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3 \cos(c+dx) - 2} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - 2} \sqrt{-\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3292

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{1-\cos(c+dx)}\right), 5\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[c + d*x]/(1 - Cos[c + d*x])], 5])/d`

#### 3.655.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3292 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d/(f*Sqrt[a + b*d]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e + f*x]/(1 + d*Sin[e + f*x])], -(a - b*d)/(a + b*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[d^2, 1] && GtQ[b*d, 0]`

**3.655.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 6.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-2-3\cos(dx+c)}}{5d\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}(2+3\cos(dx+c))}$	117

input `int(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*5^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))`

**3.655.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x+c)-2)/(3*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.655.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c+d*x))*sqrt(-3*cos(c+d*x)-2)),x)`

---

3.655.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.655.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)), x)`

**3.655.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)), x)`

**3.655.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.656**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.656.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5141  
 3.656.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5141  
 3.656.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5142  
 3.656.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5143  
 3.656.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5144  
 3.656.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5144  
 3.656.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5144  
 3.656.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5145  
 3.656.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5145

**3.656.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF(1/5*(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), I*5^(1/2))*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.656.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{-\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{(3+2\cos(c+dx))\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\csc(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output  $(-4*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Sqrt}[(3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/\text{Sqrt}[6]], 6]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.656.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3296, 3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx$$

↓ 3296

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3294

$$\frac{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]]/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), -5]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^2])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

---

3.656.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.656.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3294 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_ + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]`

rule 3296 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_ + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NegQ[(a + b)/d]`

## 3.656.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{i(1+\cos(dx+c))F\left(\frac{i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}}{5}, i\sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{5}}{5d\sqrt{3+2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}$	116

input `int(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5*I/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*EllipticF(1/5*I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2), I*5^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)`

**3.656.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.656.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)), x)`

**3.656.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)), x)`

**3.656.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)), x)`

**3.656.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2)), x)`



**3.657**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.657.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5146
3.657.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5146
3.657.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5147
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3.657.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5149
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3.657.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5150
3.657.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5150

**3.657.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/5*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.657.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{(3-2\cos(c+dx))\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[-(Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2])*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(-1 + Cos[c + d*x])]/Sqrt[3]], 6]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.657.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3296, 3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3296} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3294} \\
 & \frac{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5d}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/5]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.657.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.657.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3294 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]`

rule 3296 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[(-d)*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NegQ[(a + b)/d]`

## 3.657.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2iF\left(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{3-2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{5}}{5d\sqrt{-\frac{2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}$	106

input `int(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/5*I/d*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)`

**3.657.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.657.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.657.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)), x)`

**3.657.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)), x)`

**3.657.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.658**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.658.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5151  
 3.658.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 5151  
 3.658.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5152  
 3.658.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5153  
 3.658.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5153  
 3.658.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5154  
 3.658.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5154  
 3.658.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5154  
 3.658.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5155

**3.658.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `-2/5*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF((-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)`

**3.658.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{-\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{-((-3+2\cos(c+dx)) \operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right))}}{\sqrt{5}d(-\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

---

3.658.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Sqrt}[-((-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]/\text{Sqrt}[3]], 6/5]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*(-\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.658.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx$$

↓ 3294

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}\cot(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]), x]$

output  $(-2*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]], -1/5)*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d)$

## 3.658.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3294 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]`

## 3.658.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), i\sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{-\frac{2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}$	96

input `int(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),I*5^(1/2))/(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

## 3.658.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.658.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)), x)`

**3.658.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)), x)`

**3.658.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)), x)`

**3.658.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.659**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.659.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5156
3.659.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	5156
3.659.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5157
3.659.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5158
3.659.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5158
3.659.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5159
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**3.659.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output `-2*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticF(1/5*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), I*5^(1/2))*(-tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

**3.659.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{(3+2 \cos(c+dx)) \operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{5} d \sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

3.659.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2 \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*\text{Sqrt}[(3 + 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[5/3]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(-1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]], 6/5]*\text{Sin}[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[-3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.659.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3294}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \cos(c + dx) - 3} \sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - 3} \sqrt{-\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3294

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\tan^2(c + dx)} \cot(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2 \cos(c + dx) - 3}}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]),x]$

output  $(-2*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-3 - 2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])], -5]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^2])/d$

## 3.659.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3294 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_)] + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*Sqrt[a^2]*(Sqrt[-Cot[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Cot[e + f*x]))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d] && GtQ[a^2, 0]`

## 3.659.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 6.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(1+\cos(dx+c))F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-3-2\cos(dx+c)}}{5d\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}(3+2\cos(dx+c))}$	118

input `int(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*I*5^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))`

## 3.659.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.659.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.659.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(-2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)), x)`

### 3.659.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)), x)`

### 3.659.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)), x)`

**3.659.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.660**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.660.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 5161  
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 3.660.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5164  
 3.660.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5165

**3.660.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right) \sqrt{-1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

output

```
-4/3*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),5/3,5^(1/2))*(-1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.660.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 12.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\csc(c+dx)\left(3\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(2+3\cos(c+dx))}\right), \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{3d\sqrt{\frac{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}{-1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

---

3.660.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Cs  
c[c + d*x]*(3*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^  
2]/2], -4] - 5*EllipticPi[-2/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[(2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c +  
d*x)/2]^2]/2], -4]))/(3*d*Sqrt[(-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x])/(-1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(-1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.660.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2}} dx$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)-1} \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], 5]*Sqrt[-1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]])/(  
3*d)`

## 3.660.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

## 3.660.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	s
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{10}\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),-1,\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(1+\cos(dx+c))}{5d\sqrt{2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	1

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5/d*2^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,1/5*5^(1/2)))*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.660.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

---

3.660.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.660.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2), x)`

**3.660.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.660.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.660.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2), x)`

**3.661**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.661.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5166
3.661.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5166
3.661.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5167
3.661.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	5168
3.661.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5168
3.661.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5169
3.661.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5169
3.661.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5169
3.661.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5170

**3.661.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{-1+\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `-4/15*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),1/3,1/5*5^(1/2))*(-1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)`

**3.661.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{5} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{5} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5}d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

---

3.661.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `(-4*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*(EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5] - 2*EllipticPi[-1/5, ArcSin[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5]))/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.661.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)-1} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[1/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], 1/5]*Sqrt[-1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*Sqrt[5]*d)`

## 3.661.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

## 3.661.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),-1,\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(1+\cos(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	118

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,5^(1/2)))*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.661.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

---

3.661.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.661.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2), x)`

**3.661.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

**3.661.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`



**3.661.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.662 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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3.662.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5175

### 3.662.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{-1+\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{3\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `-4/15*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),1/3,1/5*5^(1/2))*(-1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.662.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{-((-2+3\cos(c+dx))\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right))}}{\csc(c+dx)}$$

---

3.662.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[-((-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*Csc[c + d*x]*(3*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], 4/5] - EllipticPi[2/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[(2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], 4/5])*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(3*Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.662.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & \frac{4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)-1} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{3\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.662.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[1/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]], 1/5]*Sqrt[-1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.662.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3289 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]`

### 3.662.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),-1,\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{2-3\cos(dx+c)}(1+\cos(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(-2+3\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.662.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $-2/d*(\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),5^{(1/2)})-2*\text{EllipticPi}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),-1,5^{(1/2)}))*((-2+3*\cos(d*x+c))/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*(2-3*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*(1+\cos(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(-2+3*\cos(d*x+c))}$

### 3.662.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

### 3.662.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.662.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.662.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.662.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

$$3.663 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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3.663.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5179
3.663.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5180
3.663.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5180

### 3.663.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right) \sqrt{-1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}}{3d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -4/3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),5/3,5^(1/2))*(-1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.663.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{-\frac{(2+3\cos(c+dx))^2}{(1+\cos(c+dx))^2}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticP}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\frac{2+3\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

---

3.663.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-((2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])^2/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^2)]*(EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5] - 2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5]))/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-((2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))])`

### 3.663.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3289} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & \frac{4\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)-1}\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right)}{3d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])], 5]*Sqrt[-1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.663.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3289 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]`

### 3.663.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(F\left(\frac{\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{5}}{5}, \sqrt{5}\right) - 2\Pi\left(\frac{\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{5}}{5}, -5, \sqrt{5}\right)\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-2-3\cos(dx+c)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(2+3\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/5/d*(\text{EllipticF}(1/5*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))*5^{1/2},5^{1/2})-2*\text{EllipticPi}(1/5*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))*5^{1/2},-5,5^{1/2}))*2^{1/2}*10^{1/2}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*((2+3*\cos(d*x+c))/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{1/2}*(-2-3*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}*(1+\cos(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}/(2+3*\cos(d*x+c))*5^{1/2}$

### 3.663.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

### 3.663.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(-3*cos(c + d*x) - 2), x)`

### 3.663.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

---

3.663.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.663.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

**3.663.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2), x)`

**3.664**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.664.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5184  
 3.664.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5185

**3.664.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output

```
-3*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),5/2,I*5^(1/2))*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.664.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{5}}\right), -5\right) - 2\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(5, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{5}}\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{(1+3\cos(c+dx)+\cos(2(c+dx)))}\sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}$$

---

3.664.       $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5] - 2*EllipticPi[5, I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(d*Sqrt[(1 + 3*Cos[c + d*x] + Cos[2*(c + d*x)])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4)`

### 3.664.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/d`

## 3.664.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3287 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]`

## 3.664.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), -1, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(1+\cos(dx+c))}{5d\sqrt{3+2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5/d*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), 1/5*I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, 1/5*I*5^(1/2)))*10^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

## 3.664.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

---

3.664.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.664.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

**3.664.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.664.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.664.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`



**3.665**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.665.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

```
output 3/5*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),-1/2,1/5
*I*5^(1/2))*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)
```

**3.665.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{5}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) - 2\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{5}, \operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{5}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{30-20\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

---

3.665.       $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5] - 2*EllipticPi[1/5, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5])*Sqrt[1 + 5*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/(d*Sqrt[30 - 20*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]`

### 3.665.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(3*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-1/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[5]*d)`

## 3.665.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3287 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]`

## 3.665.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 5.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), i\sqrt{5}\right) - 2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), -1, i\sqrt{5}\right) \right) \sqrt{-\frac{2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{3-2\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*2^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,I*5^(1/2)))*(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))`

**3.665.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.665.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.665.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.665.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.665.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.666**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.666.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 3/5*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), -1/2, 1/5*I*5^(1/2))*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.666.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{5+5\cos(c+dx)}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{5}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) - 2\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{5}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{3-2\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-2*I)*Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(5 + 5*Cos[c + d*x])] *  
(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5] - 2*EllipticPi[1/5,  
I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(3  
- 2*Cos[c + d*x])/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.666.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx$$

↓ 3289

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5d}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.666.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (3*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-1/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos
[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec
[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.666.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3287 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e
+ f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/
d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]],
-(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3289 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[
Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.666.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
default	$\frac{i \left( F \left( i(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) - 2\Pi \left( i(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-\frac{2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{5d\sqrt{-3+2\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} (1+\cos(dx+c))$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*I/d*(EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),1/5,1/5*I*5^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*5^(1/2)
```

$$3.666. \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



**3.666.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.666.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3), x)`

**3.666.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.666.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.666.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.667 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.667.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5196
3.667.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	5196
3.667.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5197
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3.667.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5200

### 3.667.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),5/2,I*5^(1/2))*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.667.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2i \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{5}}\right), -5\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(5, i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{5}}\right), -5\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.667.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5] - 2*EllipticPi[5, I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*(3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.667.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx$$

↓ 3289

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.667.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (-3*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[-3 - 2*cos
[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])], -5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt
[1 + Sec[c + d*x]]/(d*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.667.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3287 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e
+ f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/
d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]],
-(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3289 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] I
nt[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.667.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{i\sqrt{10}\sqrt{2}\left(F\left(\frac{i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}}{5},i\sqrt{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\frac{i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}}{5},5,i\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{-3-2\cos(dx+c)}}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(3+2\cos(dx+c))}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*I/d*10^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(EllipticF(1/5*I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2)
,I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(1/5*I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),5,I*5^(1/2)
))*((cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/
2))*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c)
)*5^(1/2)
```

3.667.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.667.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.667.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(-2*cos(c + d*x) - 3), x)`

**3.667.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.667.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.667.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2), x)`

**3.668**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.668.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5201  
 3.668.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5201  
 3.668.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5202  
 3.668.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5203  
 3.668.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5204  
 3.668.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5204  
 3.668.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5204  
 3.668.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5205  
 3.668.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5205

**3.668.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right)\sqrt{-1-\sec(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

output `-4/3*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),5/3,5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.668.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{(2+3\cos(c+dx))\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\csc(c+dx)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.668.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cot}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*(3*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], -4] - 5*\text{EllipticPi}[-2/3, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[(2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Csc}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], -4])*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(3*d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.668.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2}} dx$$

↓ 3289

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{4\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)}-1\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{3d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x]$

3.668.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (-4*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], 5]*Sqrt[-1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d)
```

### 3.668.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3289 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.668.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)} \left( F\left(\frac{\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{5}}{5}, \sqrt{5}\right) - 2\Pi\left(\frac{\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{5}}{5}, -5, \sqrt{5}\right) \right) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\frac{2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{5d\sqrt{2+3\cos(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5/d*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(1/5*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2), 5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(1/5*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2), -5, 5^(1/2)))*10^(1/2)*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))*5^(1/2)
```

3.668.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.668.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.668.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2), x)`

**3.668.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.668.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.668.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)+2}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) + 2)^(1/2), x)`

**3.669**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.669.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5206
3.669.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5206
3.669.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5207
3.669.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	5208
3.669.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5209
3.669.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5209
3.669.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5209
3.669.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5210
3.669.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5210

**3.669.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)\sqrt{-1+\sec(c+dx)}}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `-4/15*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),1/3,1/5*5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)`

**3.669.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{5}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) - 2\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.669.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(4*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[(-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*(\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[5]*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5] - 2*\text{EllipticPi}[-1/5, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[5]*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5)))/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.669.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3289} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)-1}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[-2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x]$

---

3.669.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (-4*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[1/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], 1/5]*Sqrt[-1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*Sqrt[5]*d)
```

### 3.669.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3289 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.669.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)} \left( F(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{5}) - 2\Pi(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),-1,\sqrt{5}) \right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} (1+\sec(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,5^(1/2)))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))
```

$$3.669. \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.669.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

**3.669.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2), x)`

**3.669.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`



**3.669.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

**3.669.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2+3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.670 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.670.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5211
3.670.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	5211
3.670.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5212
3.670.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5213
3.670.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5213
3.670.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5214
3.670.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5214
3.670.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5214
3.670.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5215

### 3.670.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{-1+\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `-4/15*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),1/3,1/5*5^(1/2))*(-1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)`

### 3.670.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 203 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cot^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sqrt{-((-2+3\cos(c+dx)) \operatorname{csc}^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right))}}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

---

3.670.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[Cot[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Cot[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[-((-2 + 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2)]*(3*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], 4/5] - EllipticPi[2/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[(2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/2], 4/5])*Sin[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(3*Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.670.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)-1} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), \frac{1}{5}\right)}{3\sqrt{5}d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[1/3, ArcSin[Sqrt[2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]], 1/5]*Sqrt[-1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*Sqrt[5]*d)`

## 3.670.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

## 3.670.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{2-3\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{-2+3\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{d(-2+3\cos(dx+c))}\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c),\sqrt{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c),\sqrt{5}\right)\right)$

input `int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/d*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((-2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,5^(1/2)))/(-2+3*cos(d*x+c))*(1+sec(d*x+c))`

## 3.670.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)+2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.670.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2)/(3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

### 3.670.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{2 - 3\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{2 - 3\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.670.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{2 - 3\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx + c) + 2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

### 3.670.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{2 - 3\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx + c) + 2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

**3.670.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(2 - 3*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.671** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.671.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5216  
 3.671.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5216  
 3.671.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5217  
 3.671.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5218  
 3.671.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5218  
 3.671.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5219  
 3.671.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5219  
 3.671.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5219  
 3.671.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5220

**3.671.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right) \sqrt{-1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}}{3d}$$

output `-4/3*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),5/3,5^(1/2))*(-1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.671.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4 \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{-\frac{(2+3\cos(c+dx))^2}{(1+\cos(c+dx))^2}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{1}{5}\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5}d \sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\frac{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-2 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

---

3.671. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output  $(4*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[-((2 + 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2)]*(\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5] - 2*\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], 1/5]))/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*d*\text{Sqrt}[-2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[(-2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])])$

### 3.671.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{-3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-2}} dx$$

↓ 3288

$$\frac{4 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-\sec(c+dx)-1} \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), 5\right)}{3d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[-2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x]$

output  $(-4*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticPi}[5/3, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-2 - 3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/(\text{Sqrt}[5]*\text{Sqrt}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])], 5)*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]]/(3*d)$



## 3.671.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

## 3.671.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 6.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-2-3\cos(dx+c)}\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),-1,\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{10}}{5d(2+3\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5/d*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,1/5*5^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((2+3*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(2+3*cos(d*x+c))*(1+sec(d*x+c))`

## 3.671.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.671.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2)/(3*cos(d*x + c) + 2), x)`

### 3.671.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(-3*cos(c + d*x) - 2), x)`

### 3.671.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

### 3.671.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(dx+c)-2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-2-3*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-3*cos(d*x + c) - 2), x)`

**3.671.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2-3\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3\cos(c+dx)-2}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(- 3*cos(c + d*x) - 2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.672 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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### 3.672.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output

```
-3*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),5/2,I*5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.672.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{5}}\right), -5\right) - 2\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(5, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{5}}\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{(1+3\cos(c+dx)+\cos(2(c+dx)))}\sec^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}$$

---

3.672.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5] - 2*EllipticPi[5, I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(d*Sqrt[(1 + 3*Cos[c + d*x] + Cos[2*(c + d*x)])]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4)`

### 3.672.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx$$

↓ 3289

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.672.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (-3*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/d
```

### 3.672.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3287 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3289 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.672.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$\frac{i\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\frac{3+2\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\left(F\left(\frac{i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}}{5}, i\sqrt{5}\right)-2\Pi\left(\frac{i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}}{5}, i\sqrt{5}\right)\right)}{5d\sqrt{3+2\cos(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*I/d*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*10^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(1/5*I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2), I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(1/5*I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2), 5, I*5^(1/2)))*(1+sec(d*x+c))*5^(1/2)
```

---

3.672. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.672.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.672.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3), x)`

**3.672.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.672.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.672.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)+3}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) + 3)^(1/2), x)`



**3.673**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.673.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

```
output 3/5*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),-1/2,1/5
*I*5^(1/2))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)
```

**3.673.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{5}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) - 2\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{5}, i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{5}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{30-20\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}}$$

---

3.673.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5] - 2*EllipticPi[1/5, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5])*Sqrt[1 + 5*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2])/(d*Sqrt[30 - 20*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.673.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {3042, 3289, 3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3289} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{3-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3287} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1}\text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.673.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (3*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-1/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[5]*d)
```

### 3.673.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3287 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3289 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]] Int[Sqrt[(-b)*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NegQ[(c + d)/b]
```

### 3.673.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
default	$\frac{i \left( 2\Pi \left( i(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) - F \left( i(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c))\sqrt{5}, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) \right) \sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{3-2\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{5d(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}$

```
input int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*I/d*(2*EllipticPi(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),1/5,1/5*I*5^(1/2))-EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*5^(1/2),1/5*I*5^(1/2)))*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))*(1+sec(d*x+c))*5^(1/2)
```

---

3.673.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.673.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3)/(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.673.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.673.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.673.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)+3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

**3.673.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(3 - 2*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

$$3.674 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.674.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5231
3.674.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	5231
3.674.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5232
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3.674.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5235

### 3.674.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

output `3/5*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),-1/2,1/5*I*5^(1/2))*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d*5^(1/2)`

### 3.674.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{5}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))), -\frac{1}{5}) - 2\operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{1}{5}, i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{5}\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))))}{\sqrt{5}d\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{3-2\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.674.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5] - 2*EllipticPi[1/5, I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[5]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], -1/5]))/(Sqrt[5]*d*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x])/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])`

### 3.674.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}}{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{1}{5}\right)}{\sqrt{5}d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(3*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-1/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[-3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]], -1/5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[5]*d)`

## 3.674.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3287 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]`

## 3.674.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-\frac{2(-3+2\cos(dx+c))}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \left( F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), i\sqrt{5}\right) - 2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), -1, i\sqrt{5}\right) \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{d\sqrt{-3+2\cos(dx+c)}} (1-$

input `int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2*(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,I*5^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))`

## 3.674.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

---

3.674.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.674.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3), x)`

**3.674.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.674.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3+2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.674.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3+2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2),x)`output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2), x)`

**3.675**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.675.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5236  
 3.675.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 5236  
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 3.675.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5239  
 3.675.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5240

**3.675.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{1+\sec(c+dx)}}{d}$$

output `-3*cot(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(1/5*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)/(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),5/2,I*5^(1/2))*(1-sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1+sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.675.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2i \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{5}}\right), -5\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(5, i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{5}}\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

3.675.       $\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output ((-2*I)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]],
-5] - 2*EllipticPi[5, I*ArcSinh[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/Sqrt[5]], -5])*Sqrt[Cos[
c + d*x]*(3 + 2*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^4)/(d*Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c +
d*x]]*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.675.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3287}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})-3}} dx$$

↓ 3287

$$\frac{3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{1-\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)+1} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -5\right)}{d}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (-3*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[5/2, ArcSin[Sqrt[-3 - 2*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[5]
*Sqrt[-Cos[c + d*x]])], -5]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]])
/d
```

## 3.675.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3287 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*Rt[b*(c + d), 2]*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 + Csc[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[1 - Csc[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2 - d^2]))*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b] && GtQ[c^2, 0]`

## 3.675.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-3-2\cos(dx+c)}}{5d(3+2\cos(dx+c))} \left( F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right) - 2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), -1, \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{5}\right) \right) \sqrt{1}$

input `int((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5/d*2^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),1/5*I*5^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,1/5*I*5^(1/2)))*10^(1/2)*((3+2*cos(d*x+c))/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)/(3+2*cos(d*x+c))*(1+sec(d*x+c))`

## 3.675.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.675. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output `integral(-sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3)/(2*cos(d*x + c) + 3), x)`

### 3.675.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(-2*cos(c + d*x) - 3), x)`

### 3.675.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

### 3.675.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(dx+c)-3}} dx$$

input `integrate((-cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(-3-2*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(-2*cos(d*x + c) - 3), x)`

**3.675.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-3-2\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{-2\cos(c+dx)-3}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2),x)`output `int((-cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(- 2*cos(c + d*x) - 3)^(1/2), x)`

**3.676**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.676.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5241  
 3.676.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5242  
 3.676.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5242  
 3.676.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 5244  
 3.676.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5245  
 3.676.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5245  
 3.676.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5245  
 3.676.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5246  
 3.676.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5246

**3.676.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)}} + \frac{a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -b*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*cos(d
*x+c)^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/3)+a*AppellF1(1/2,1/6
,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/6)*sin(
d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)
```



**3.676.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4614 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 34.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4614, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output

```
(9*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x]*((a*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2,
-((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)
)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2
- b^2))]) - 2*(3*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, 1/3, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan
[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))] + (a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 4/3, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c
+ d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2) + (b*Appe
llF1[1/2, 5/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2)
)))/(-9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan
[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))] + (6*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, 5/6, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*
x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))] + 5*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 1
1/6, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c
+ d*x]^2))/((d*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5
/6)*(-b^2 + a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((9*(a^2 - b^2)*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(1/6)*((a
*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 -
b^2)))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -T
an[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) - 2*(3*a^2*AppellF1[3/
2, 1/3, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))] + (a
^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 4/3, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^
2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2) + (b*AppellF1[1/2, 5/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c +
d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])/(-9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1...
```

**3.676.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3302, 3042, 3668, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.676.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{2/3}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3302} \\
& a \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx - b \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{2/3}}{a^2-b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx - b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/3}}{a^2-b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3668} \\
& \frac{a \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{1-\sin^2(c+dx)}(a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx))} d\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad - \frac{b \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1-\sin^2(c+dx)}}{a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx)} d\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((b*AppellF1[1/2, -1/3, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(1/3))) + (a*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(1/6)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3))`

## 3.676.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3302 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] - Simp[b/d Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3668 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(-ff)*d^(2*IntPart[(m - 1)/2] + 1)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(2*FracPart[(m - 1)/2])/(f*(Sin[e + f*x]^2)^FracPart[(m - 1)/2])) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b - b*ff^2*x^2)^p, x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

## 3.676.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(dx + c)}{a + \cos(dx + c)b} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

**3.676.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.676.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.676.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.676.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.676.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{2/3}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.677 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

3.677.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5247
3.677.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5248
3.677.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5248
3.677.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	5250
3.677.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5251
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3.677.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5251
3.677.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5252
3.677.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5252

### 3.677.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= - \frac{b \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c + dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c + dx)}{a^2 - b^2}\right) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c + dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c + dx)}{a^2 - b^2}\right) \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2) d \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output -b*AppellF1(1/2,-1/6,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*cos(d
*x+c)^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/6)+a*AppellF1(1/2,1/3
,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/3)*sin(
d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)
```

**3.677.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4613 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 34.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4613, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output

```
(9*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x]*((a*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2,
-((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)
)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2
- b^2))]) + (-6*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, 1/6, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[
c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-a^2 + b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 7/6, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c
+ d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (b*Appe
llF1[1/2, 2/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2)
)))/(-9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, 2/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan
[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + 2*(3*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, 2/3, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c +
d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + 2*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2,
5/3, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c
+ d*x]^2))/((d*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(
2/3)*(-b^2 + a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((9*(a^2 - b^2)*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(1/3)*((
a*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2
- b^2)))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -
Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-6*a^2*AppellF1[3/
2, 1/6, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-
a^2 + b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 7/6, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]
^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (b*AppellF1[1/2, 2/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c
+ d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]))/(-9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF...
```

**3.677.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3302, 3042, 3668, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.677.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3302} \\
& a \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx - b \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{a^2-b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx - b \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{4/3}}{a^2-b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3668} \\
& \frac{a \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-\sin^2(c+dx)}(a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx))} d\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{b \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt[6]{1-\sin^2(c+dx)}}{a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx)} d\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((b*AppellF1[1/2, -1/6, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(1/6))) + (a*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3))`

---

3.677.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$



## 3.677.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3302 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] - Simp[b/d Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3668 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(-ff)*d^(2*IntPart[(m - 1)/2] + 1)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(2*FracPart[(m - 1)/2])/(f*(Sin[e + f*x]^2)^FracPart[(m - 1)/2])) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b - b*ff^2*x^2)^p, x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

## 3.677.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx + c)}{a + \cos(dx + c)b} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

**3.677.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.677.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.677.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.677.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.677.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{1/3}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.678 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

3.678.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5253
3.678.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5254
3.678.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5254
3.678.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	5256
3.678.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5257
3.678.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5257
3.678.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5257
3.678.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5258
3.678.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5258

### 3.678.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^2(c+dx)^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \cos^{4/3}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
-b*AppellF1(1/2,1/6,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/6)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)+a*AppellF1(1/2,2/3,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)
```

**3.678.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4605 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 34.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4605, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output

```
(9*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x]*((a*AppellF1[1/2, -1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, -1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-6*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, -1/6, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 5/6, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (b*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + 2*(3*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, 1/3, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 4/3, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(1/3)*(-b^2 + a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((9*(a^2 - b^2)*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(2/3)*((a*AppellF1[1/2, -1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, -1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-6*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, -1/6, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 5/6, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (b*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*Appel...
```

**3.678.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3302, 3042, 3668, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.678.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3302} \\
& a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx))} dx - b \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a^2-b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right)} dx - b \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{2/3}}{a^2-b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3668} \\
& \frac{a \cos^2(c+dx)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(c+dx))^{2/3}(a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx))} d\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)} - \\
& \frac{b \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{1-\sin^2(c+dx)}(a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx))} d\sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{2/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2) \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)} - \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[6]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-((b*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(1/6)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3))) + (a*AppellF1[1/2, 2/3, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3))`

---

3.678.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$

## 3.678.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3302 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] - Simp[b/d Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3668 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(-ff)*d^(2*IntPart[(m - 1)/2] + 1)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(2*FracPart[(m - 1)/2])/(f*(Sin[e + f*x]^2)^FracPart[(m - 1)/2])) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b - b*ff^2*x^2)^p, x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

## 3.678.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+\cos(dx+c)b)} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x)`

output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x)`

**3.678.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.678.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.678.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`



**3.678.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`

**3.678.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{1/3}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.679**  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$

3.679.1 Optimal result	5259
3.679.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	5259
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3.679.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5264

**3.679.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^2(c+dx)^{5/6} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2) d \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
-b*AppellF1(1/2,1/3,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)+a*AppellF1(1/2,5/6,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(5/6)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)
```

**3.679.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4608 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 34.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4608, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.18

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(9*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x]*((a*AppellF1[1/2, -1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, -1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) - 2*(3*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, -1/3, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-a^2 + b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 2/3, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (b*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])/(-9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (6*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, 1/6, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 7/6, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(1/6)*(-b^2 + a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((9*(a^2 - b^2)*(Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5/6)*((a*AppellF1[1/2, -1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]^2])/(9*(a^2 - b^2)*AppellF1[1/2, -1/3, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) - 2*(3*a^2*AppellF1[3/2, -1/3, 2, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]) + (-a^2 + b^2)*AppellF1[3/2, 2/3, 1, 5/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (b*AppellF1[1/2, 1/6, 1, 3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2, -((a^2*Tan[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))])/(-9*(a^2 - b^2)*App...`

### 3.679.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {3042, 3302, 3042, 3668, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{2}{3}}(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3302

---

3.679.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) (a^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c+dx))} dx - b \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{2/3} (a^2 - b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)} dx - b \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{a^2 - b^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3668} \\
& \frac{a \cos^2(c+dx)^{5/6} \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(c+dx))^{5/6} (a^2 - b^2 + b^2 \sin^2(c+dx))} d \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)} - \\
& \frac{b \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-\sin^2(c+dx)} (a^2 - b^2 + b^2 \sin^2(c+dx))} d \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{5/6} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2 - b^2}\right)}{d (a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)} - \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\cos^2(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2 - b^2}\right)}{d (a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-((b*AppellF1[1/2, 1/3, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3))) + (a*AppellF1[1/2, 5/6, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(5/6)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3))`

### 3.679.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3302 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] - Simp[b/d Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3668 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(-ff)*d^(2*IntPart[(m - 1)/2] + 1)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(2*FracPart[(m - 1)/2])/(f*(Sin[e + f*x]^2)^FracPart[(m - 1)/2])) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b - b*ff^2*x^2)^p, x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

### 3.679.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} (a + \cos(dx + c)b)} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

### 3.679.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.679.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.679.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)), x)`**3.679.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)), x)`

**3.679.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{2}{3}}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.680**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.680.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}, x \right)$$

output `Unintegrable(cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

**3.680.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 122.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`



**3.680.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/3}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.680.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.680.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{a + \cos(dx + c)b}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.680.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{3}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(7/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.680.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`

**3.680.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.680.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 22.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(7/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.680.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 16.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{7}{3}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(7/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

---

3.680.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.681** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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3.681.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	5272
3.681.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	5272

**3.681.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}, x \right)$$

output `Unintegrable(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

**3.681.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 55.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

**3.681.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{3}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.681.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.681.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{a + \cos(dx + c)b}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.681.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(5/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.681.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`

**3.681.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.681.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 23.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(5/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.681.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

---

3.681.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.682** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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3.682.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	5274
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3.682.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	5275
3.682.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	5276
3.682.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	5276
3.682.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	5276

**3.682.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}, x \right)$$

output `Unintegrable(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

**3.682.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 33.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`



**3.682.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{4/3}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.682.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.682.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{a + \cos(dx + c)b}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.682.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(4/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.682.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 102.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(4/3)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.682.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.682.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(4/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.682.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 20.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(4/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.682.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{4}{3}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

---

3.682.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.683** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.683.1 Optimal result	5277
3.683.2 Mathematica [N/A]	5277
3.683.3 Rubi [N/A]	5278
3.683.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	5279
3.683.5 Fracas [N/A]	5279
3.683.6 Sympy [N/A]	5279
3.683.7 Maxima [N/A]	5280
3.683.8 Giac [N/A]	5280
3.683.9 Mupad [N/A]	5280

**3.683.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

**3.683.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 24.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

**3.683.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{2/3}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.683.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.683.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.683.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{a + \cos(dx + c)b}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.683.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.683.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.683.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.683.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.683.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 18.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.683.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

---

3.683.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$3.684 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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### 3.684.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.684.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

---


$$3.684. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



**3.684.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.684.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.684.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.684.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{a + \cos(dx + c)}b} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.684.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.684.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.684.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

**3.684.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.684.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 18.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.684.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

---

3.684.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.685** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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**3.685.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

**3.685.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 13.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

**3.685.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.685.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

---

3.685.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.685.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)} b} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.685.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c)), x)`**3.685.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)), x)`

---

3.685.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.685.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`**3.685.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 19.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`**3.685.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 16.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{1/3}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

---

3.685.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$3.686 \quad \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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3.686.9 Mupad [N/A]	5292

### 3.686.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.686.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`



**3.686.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.686.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.686.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)} b} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.686.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c) + a \cos(dx+c)}^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a*cos(d*x + c)), x)`**3.686.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)), x)`

**3.686.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)), x)`**3.686.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 19.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)), x)`**3.686.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 14.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(2/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.687} \quad \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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### 3.687.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.687.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 101.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

**3.687.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{4}{3}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.687.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.687.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}} \sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)} b} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.687.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c) + a \cos(dx+c)}^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`**3.687.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 9.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(4/3)), x)`

---

3.687.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.687.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(4/3)), x)`**3.687.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 20.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(4/3)), x)`**3.687.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 16.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.688**       $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.688.1 Optimal result	5297
3.688.2 Mathematica [N/A]	5297
3.688.3 Rubi [N/A]	5298
3.688.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	5299
3.688.5 Fricas [N/A]	5299
3.688.6 Sympy [N/A]	5299
3.688.7 Maxima [N/A]	5300
3.688.8 Giac [N/A]	5300
3.688.9 Mupad [N/A]	5300

**3.688.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

**3.688.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 83.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`



**3.688.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{3}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.688.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.688.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)} b} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.688.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c) + a \cos(dx+c)}^{\frac{5}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(1/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + a*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`**3.688.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 23.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(5/3)), x)`

---

3.688.  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.688.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/3)), x)`**3.688.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 19.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(5/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/3)), x)`**3.688.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 14.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.689** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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 3.689.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 5301  
 3.689.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 5302  
 3.689.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 5303  
 3.689.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . . 5303  
 3.689.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5303  
 3.689.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . . 5304  
 3.689.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 5304  
 3.689.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 5304

**3.689.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

**3.689.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 103.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

**3.689.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3304}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{7}{3}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3304

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.689.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3304 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

**3.689.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{3}} \sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)} b} dx$$

input `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x)`**3.689.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c) + a \cos(dx+c)}^{\frac{7}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a*cos(d*x + c)^3), x)`**3.689.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)**(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`

**3.689.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/3)), x)`**3.689.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 19.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/cos(d*x+c)^(7/3)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/3)), x)`**3.689.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 16.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)^{7/3}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/3)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.690 $\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.690.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5305
3.690.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5306
3.690.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5306
3.690.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5309
3.690.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	5310
3.690.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5311
3.690.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5311
3.690.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5311
3.690.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5312

#### 3.690.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{6A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{6A\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2B\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2A\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/3*B*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*A*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+6/
5*A*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellipt
icF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```



**3.690.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -36A \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 20B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 21A \sin\right)}{30d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(-36*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 21*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 10*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 9*A*Sin[3*(c + d*x)])/(30*d)`

**3.690.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A \sec(c + dx) + B) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4274}$$

$$A \int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& A \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{7/2} dx + B \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{5/2} dx \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 4258 \\
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \right) \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + A*((2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5)`

### 3.690.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4274 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]
```

### 3.690.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 501 vs. 2(179) = 358.

Time = 22.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))) + 1}(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{2B \left( -\frac{\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})}}{6(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \frac{1}{2})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{3\sqrt{-2(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}} \right)}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))) + 1}(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{24\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} - 1\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}} E(c)$

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*B*(-1/6*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2/5*A/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(24*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.690.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{(d \cos(dx + c))^2}$$

```
input integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c
) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4,
0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstr
assZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)))
+ 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(
-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d
*x + c) + 3*A)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

---

3.690.  $\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.690.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.690.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.690.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.690.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.691 $\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.691.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5314
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#### 3.691.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 123

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2B \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2A \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} \end{aligned}$$

output  $2/3*A*\sec(dx+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(dx+c)/d+2*B*\sin(dx+c)*\sec(dx+c)^{(1/2)}/d-2*B*(\cos(1/2*dx+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*dx+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*dx+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(dx+c)^{(1/2)}/d+2/3*A*(\cos(1/2*dx+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*dx+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*dx+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(dx+c)^{(1/2)}/d$



**3.691.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -6B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2(A + 3B) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(-6*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/ (3*d)`

**3.691.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A \sec(c + dx) + B) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4274}$$

$$A \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{5/2} dx + B \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& A \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& A \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2 \right)}{d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

$$A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `B*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d) + A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))`

### 3.691.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

### 3.691.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 396 vs.  $2(159) = 318$ .

Time = 20.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) - 12}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1 F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{3} * (-(-2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) / (4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 - 4 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 1) / \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 3 * (2 * A * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 12 * B * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 + 6 * B * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 + 2 * A * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - A * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2)) + 6 * B * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 3 * B * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2 ^ (1/2))) * (-2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 4 + \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2) ^ (1/2) / (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) ^ 2 - 1) ^ (1/2) / d \end{aligned}$$

**3.691.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 3i \sqrt{2} B \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2(3B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.691.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.691.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.691.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.691.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.692 $\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.692.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5320
3.692.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5320
3.692.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5321
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3.692.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	5324
3.692.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5325
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3.692.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5325
3.692.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5326

#### 3.692.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
output 2*A*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x
+c)^(1/2)/d+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.692.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\left(-A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-(A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/d`

### 3.692.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(A \sec(c + dx) + B) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & A \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + B \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + B \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + B \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + \\
& \quad B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \quad B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + A*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)`

## 3.692.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

**3.692.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
default	$\frac{4A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2B \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}} d$
parts	$-\frac{2A \left(-2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}} d$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$2*(2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$
**3.692.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 2 A \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{\sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$(-I*\text{sqrt}(2)*B*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\text{sqrt}(2)*B*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - I*\text{sqrt}(2)*A*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + I*\text{sqrt}(2)*A*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 2*A*\sin(d*x + c)/\text{sqrt}(\cos(d*x + c)))/d$$

**3.692.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.692.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.692.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.692.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.693 $\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.693.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

output

```
2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.693.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(B*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]])/d$

### 3.693.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{A\sec(c+dx)+B}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+B}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \\
 & B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d`

### 3.693.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`



rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

### 3.693.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}d$
risch	$-\frac{iB(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{e^{i(dx+c)}}{e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1}}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} - i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{e^{3i(dx+c)} + e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(A*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-B*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.693.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - i \sqrt{2} B \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.693.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.693.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.693.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.693.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.694**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.694.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5333  
 3.694.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5334  
 3.694.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5337  
 3.694.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 5337  
 3.694.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5338  
 3.694.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5338  
 3.694.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5338  
 3.694.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5339

**3.694.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.694.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 6A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B \left( 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sin(2(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(6*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(3*d)`

### 3.694.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{A \sec(c + dx) + B}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4256}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + B \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \\
& B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))`

## 3.694.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

**3.694.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right),\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{2}{3} * \left( (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c))^{2-1} * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^2 \right)^{1/2} * (-4 * B * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^4 + 3 * A * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^2)^{1/2} * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^{2-1})^{1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2^{1/2}) + 2 * B * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^2 - B * (\sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^2)^{1/2} * (2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^{2-1})^{1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c), 2^{1/2})) / (-2 * \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^4 + \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^2)^{1/2} / \sin(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c) / (2 * \cos(1/2 * d * x + 1/2 * c)^{2-1})^{1/2} / d$$
**3.694.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - i\sqrt{2}B\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `1/3*(2*B*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

### 3.694.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.694.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.694.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.694.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.695**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.695.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{6B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+6/
5*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(
d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.695.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 18B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 3B) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{15d}$$

3.695.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(18*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(15*d)`

### 3.695.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{A \sec(c + dx) + B}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4256}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + B \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$A \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$B \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$A \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$B \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$A \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$B \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$A \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) +$$

$$B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2 \right)}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2 \right)}{3d} \right) +$$

$$B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2 \right)}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

```
output B*((6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]^(3/2))) + A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))
```

### 3.695.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4256 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4274 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]
```

**3.695.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(20A+24B\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-10A-6B)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{15\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-24*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-9*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d}$$
**3.695.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i\sqrt{2}A\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i\sqrt{2}A\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{\sin^2(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*A*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.695.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### 3.695.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.695.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.695.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.696**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.696.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5347  
 3.696.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5347  
 3.696.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5348  
 3.696.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5351  
 3.696.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 5352  
 3.696.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5352  
 3.696.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5353  
 3.696.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5353  
 3.696.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5353

**3.696.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{6A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{10B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{10B \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/7*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+10
/21*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+10/21*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*El
lipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.696.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 252A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 100B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (65B \right)}{210d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(252*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(210*d)`

### 3.696.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{A \sec(c + dx) + B}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + B}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx + B \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4256}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) + B\left(\frac{5}{7} \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A\left(\frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) + \\
& B\left(\frac{5}{7} \left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& B \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \\
& \quad A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \quad A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `A*((6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (5*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/7)`

### 3.696.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

### 3.696.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(240B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(-168A-360B)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots\right)}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\frac{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}{\left(2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2-1} \frac{1}{d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.696.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-25i \sqrt{2} B \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 25i \sqrt{2} B \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 63 \sqrt{2} A \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 63 \sqrt{2} A \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2(15B \cos(dx + c)^3 + 21A \cos(dx + c)^2 + 25B \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 21*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 25*B*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.696.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/sec(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**3.696.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.696.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.696.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`



### 3.697 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.697.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5354
3.697.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5355
3.697.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5355
3.697.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5360
3.697.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	5360
3.697.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5361
3.697.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5361
3.697.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5362
3.697.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5362

#### 3.697.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{12ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(5a^2 + 7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{12ab\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2(5a^2 + 7b^2)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{4ab\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a^2\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
2/21*(5*a^2+7*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4/5*a*b*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*
sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+12/5*a*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-12/5*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*E
llipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2
/21*(5*a^2+7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elliptic
F(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.697.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -504ab \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 20(5a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 63a^2 + 35b^2 + 273ab \cos(c + dx) + 5(5a^2 + 7b^2) \cos[2(c + dx)] \right)}{210d}$$

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input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(-504*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*(5*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(55*a^2 + 35*b^2 + 273*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(5*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 63*a*b*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/ (210*d)`**3.697.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.826$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4275}$$

---

 3.697.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.697.  $\int (a + b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3119 \\ & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(b^2+a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\ 2ab & \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 4534 \\ & \frac{1}{7}(5a^2+7b^2) \int \sec^{5/2}(c+dx) dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{7d} + \\ 2ab & \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{1}{7}(5a^2+7b^2) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{7d} + \\ 2ab & \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 4255 \\ & \frac{1}{7}(5a^2+7b^2) \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{3d}\right) + \\ & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{7d} + \\ 2ab & \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{1}{7}(5a^2+7b^2) \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{3/2}(c+dx)}{3d}\right) + \\ & \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{7/2}(c+dx)}{7d} + \\ 2ab & \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 4258 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}(5a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} +$$

$$2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7}(5a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} +$$

$$2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{7}(5a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{7d} +$$

$$2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + ((5*a^2 + 7*b^2)*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7 + 2*a*b*((2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (3*((-2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5)`

## 3.697.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

**3.697.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 688 vs.  $2(224) = 448$ .

Time = 112.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 689, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	689
parts	Expression too large to display	821

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*b^2*(-1/6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))+2*a^2*(-1/56*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))+4/5*a*b/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d
 \end{aligned}$$
**3.697.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-126i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)))}{\dots}$$

---


$$3.697. \quad \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-126*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 126*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 5*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^2 + 7*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^2 - 7*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(126*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 42*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + 5*(5*a^2 + 7*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*a^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.697.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.697.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`



**3.697.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.697.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.698 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.698.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5364
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#### 3.698.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 175

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(3a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{4ab \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4/3*a*b*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/
d+2/5*(3*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2/5*(3*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4/3*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(
1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.698.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -12(3a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 40ab \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \right)}{30d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(-12*(3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 40*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(15*(a^2 + b^2) + 20*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 3*(3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(30*d)`**3.698.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4275}$$

---

 3.698.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4534}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} +$$

$$2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{5}(3a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{5d} +$$

$$2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((-2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5 + 2*a*b*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))`

### 3.698.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.698.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 632 vs. 2(203) = 406.

Time = 111.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{2a^2 \left( 24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12 \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) \right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

3.698.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/5*a^2/(8*\sin \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)/\sin(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*\sin(1/2*d \\ & *x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)+12*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{Ellip \\ & ticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & ^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & ^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}+2*b^2/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/ \\ & 2*c)^2-1)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2* \\ & d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d* \\ & x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))+4*a*b*(-1/6*\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(\cos( \\ & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\text{Elli \\ & pticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2* \\ & c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.698.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-10i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 10i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `1/15*(-10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(3*I*a^2 + 5*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^2 - 5*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(10*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*(3*a^2 + 5*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.698.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.698.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.698.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.698.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.699 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.699.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5373
3.699.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5373
3.699.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5377
3.699.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	5377
3.699.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5378
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3.699.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5379
3.699.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5379

#### 3.699.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{4ab\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2a^2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+4*a*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-
4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*(a^2+3*b^2)*(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.699.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -6ab \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (a^2 + 3b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + a \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(-6*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (a^2 + 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + a*(a + 6*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d)`

**3.699.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4275}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c+dx)) dx + 2ab \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + \\
& \quad 2ab\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)}{d}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4534}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2ab \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2ab \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 3b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 3b^2) \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3}(a^2 + 3b^2) \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2(a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + 2*a*b*((-2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)`

## 3.699.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.699.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 512 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 106.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab - 2F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\right)}$
parts	$- \frac{2a^2\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/3*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(24*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a*b-2*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2-6*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^2-12*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2-12*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b+a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+6*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a*b)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.699.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-6i \sqrt{2} ab \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + \dots}{\dots}$$



input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^2 + 3*I*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(6*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.699.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.699.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.699.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.699.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.700 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.700.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5381
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3.700.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5386
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#### 3.700.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2*(a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+4*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.700.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( - \left( (a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + a \left( 2b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-((a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + a*(2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + a*Sin[c + d*x]))) / d`

**3.700.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4275}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + 2ab \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2ab \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
& -(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& -(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - (a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& - \frac{2(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (4*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

### 3.700.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m_*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n_)^p), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

```
rule 4275 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) +
(a_.))^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x]
+ Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d,
e, f, n}, x]
```

```
rule 4534 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1)
)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.700.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
default	$\frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2 - 4ab \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$
parts	$-\frac{2a^2 \left(-2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2*a^2-2*a*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^
(1/2))- (sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*a^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*b^2/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.700.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 2i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 2a^2 \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} + \sqrt{2} (-Ia^2 + Ib^2) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + \sqrt{2} (Ia^2 - Ib^2) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-2*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*a^2*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2 + I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^2 - I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d`

**3.700.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.700.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.700.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$



**3.700.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.700.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.701 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.701.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/3*b^2*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+4*a*b*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/c$   
 $os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)*s}$   
 $ec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d+2/3*(3*a^2+b^2)*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x$   
 $+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

#### 3.701.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 12ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(12*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b^2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(3*d)`

### 3.701.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+b)^2}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2+a^2\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2+a^2\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + 2ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + 2ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3}(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.701.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

```
rule 4533 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2*(C_.)
+ (A_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] +
Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.701.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+3a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx)}{2}}}\right)^{-1} \frac{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1} d$
parts	$-\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1} d$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^2-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2*b^2+3*a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-6*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*a*b)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.701.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) + 6i \sqrt{2} ab \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + 1))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 6*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^2 - I*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(3*I*a^2 + I*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.701.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.701.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.701.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.701.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`



### 3.702 $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.702.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5394
3.702.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5394
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#### 3.702.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(5a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} + \frac{4ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/5*b^2*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}+4/3*a*b*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+2/5*(5*a^2+3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d+4/3*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d$

#### 3.702.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 6(5a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 20ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \right)}{15d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(6*(5*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b*(10*a + 3*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(15*d)`

### 3.702.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
& \frac{1}{5} (5a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{5} (5a^2 + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4258 \\
& \frac{1}{5}(5a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{5}(5a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3119 \\
& \frac{2(5a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*(5*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + 2*a*b*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.702.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.702.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. 2(173) = 346.

Time = 10.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2 + 40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab + 24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}} - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}}$

3.702. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-24*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*b^2+40*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4*a*b+24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^2-20*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^
2+10*a*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-15*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2-9*(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.702.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 10i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(-10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*
x + c)) + 10*I*sqrt(2)*a*b*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin
(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^2 - 3*I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^2 +
3*I*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) -
I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 10*a*b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d
```

**3.702.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.702.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.702.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.702.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



**3.703** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.703.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 175

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{12ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ &+ \frac{2(7a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} \\ &+ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(7a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2/7*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+4/5*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)
)+2/21*(7*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+12/5*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/21*(7*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c
)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.703.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 504ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 20(7a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \right)}{210d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(504*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*(7*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (70*a^2 + 65*b^2 + 84*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(210*d)`**3.703.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4533, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.703.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4533}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.703.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}(7a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + 2*a*b*((6*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + ((7*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/7`

### 3.703.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^m*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.703.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(240\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2 + (-336ab - 360b^2)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \dots}$
parts	$- \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/105*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(240*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*b^2+(-336*a*b-360*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*a^2+336*a*b+280*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-70*a^2-84*a*b-80*b^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+25*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-126*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a*b)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.703.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{126i \sqrt{2} ab \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 126i \sqrt{2} abw}{}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/105*(126*I*\sqrt{2}*a*b*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 126*I*\sqrt{2}*a*b*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 5*\sqrt{2}*(7*I*a^2 + 5*I*b^2)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 5*\sqrt{2}*(-7*I*a^2 - 5*I*b^2)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(15*b^2*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 42*a*b*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*(7*a^2 + 5*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c))*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})/d$$

**3.703.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.703.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.703.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.703.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.704** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.704.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5411  
 3.704.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5412  
 3.704.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5412  
 3.704.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5417  
 3.704.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 5417  
 3.704.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5418  
 3.704.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5418  
 3.704.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5419  
 3.704.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5419

**3.704.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(9a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{15d} + \frac{20ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{4ab \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(9a^2 + 7b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{20ab \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/9*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)+4/7*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)
)+2/45*(9*a^2+7*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+20/21*a*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/
sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/15*(9*a^2+7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c
)^(1/2)/d+20/21*a*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellipt
icF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.704.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 168(9a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 1200ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)}{1260d}$$

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input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(168*(9*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 1200*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (7*(36*a^2 + 43*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*b*(156*a + 36*a*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*b*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(1260*d)`**3.704.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.826$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4533, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2}{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.704.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\sec^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + 2ab \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \frac{1}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.704.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \int \frac{b^2 + a^2 \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
& \frac{1}{9} (9a^2 + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9} (9a^2 + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{1}{9} (9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
2ab & \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} \right) + \\
& 2ab \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{5}{7} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2/Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((9*a^2 + 7*b^2)*((6*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(5*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))))/9 + 2*a*b*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (5*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/7)`

---

3.704.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

## 3.704.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

**3.704.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 13.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-1120\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2+(1440ab+2240b^2)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2a^2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1120*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10*b^2+(1440*a*b+2240*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*a^2-2160*a*b-2072*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*a^2+1680*a*b+952*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-126*a^2-480*a*b-168*b^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+150*a*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-189*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2-147*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.704.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-150i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 150i \sqrt{2} ab \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.704.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



output  $1/315*(-150*I*\sqrt{2}*a*b*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 150*I*\sqrt{2}*a*b*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 21*\sqrt{2}*(-9*I*a^2 - 7*I*b^2)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 21*\sqrt{2}*(9*I*a^2 + 7*I*b^2)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(35*b^2*\cos(d*x + c)^4 + 90*a*b*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 150*a*b*\cos(d*x + c) + 7*(9*a^2 + 7*b^2)*\cos(d*x + c)^2)*\sin(d*x + c)/\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})/d$

### 3.704.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.704.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.704.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2/sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.704.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.705 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.705.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{32a^2b \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
2/21*a*(5*a^2+21*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+32/35*a^2*b*sec(d*x+c)
^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d
+2/5*b*(9*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2/5*b*(9*a^2+5*b^2)*(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/21*a*(5*a^2+21*b^2)*(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.705.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -42b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right. \right.}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(-42*b*(9*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*a*(5*a^2 + 21*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 30*a^3*Sin[c + d*x] + 50*a^3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x] + 210*a*b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x] + 378*a^2*b*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x] + 210*b^3*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x] + 63*a^2*b*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(105*d)`

**3.705.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4329, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^3 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4329} \\
& \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{1}{2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) (16a^2b \sec^2(c + dx) + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \sec(c + dx) + b(3a^2 + 7b^2)) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) (16a^2b \sec^2(c + dx) + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \sec(c + dx) + b(3a^2 + 7b^2)) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(16a^2b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b(3a^2 + 7b^2)\right) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4535} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \int \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) (16a^2b \sec^2(c + dx) + b(3a^2 + 7b^2)) dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} dx + \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(16a^2b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(3a^2 + 7b^2)\right) dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(16a^2b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(3a^2 + 7b^2)\right) dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx\right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} \left( 16a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \right) dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow 4258$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} \left( 16a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \right) dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} \left( 16a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \right) dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow 3120$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} \left( 16a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(3a^2 + 7b^2) \right) dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow 4534$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5}b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5}b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{3/2} dx + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow 4255$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow \text{4258}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) + a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d} \\ \downarrow \text{3119}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( a(5a^2 + 21b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + \frac{7}{5} b(9a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

```
output (2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + ((32*
a^2*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (7*b*(9*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((-2*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqr
t[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5 + a*(5*a^2 + 21*b^2)*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sec[c + d*x
]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7
```

### 3.705.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p
)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x
])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] &&
EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```



```
rule 4329 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n - 1)) Int[
(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n - 1) + a*
b^2*d*n + b*(b^2*d*(m + n - 2) + 3*a^2*d*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x] + a*b^2*
d*(3*m + 2*n - 4)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x
] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
&& !(IGtQ[n, 2] && !IntegerQ[m])
```

```
rule 4534 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1)
)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4535 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*
(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/b Int[(b*Cs
c[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2)
, x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
```

### 3.705.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 819 vs.  $2(258) = 516$ .

Time = 506.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	820
parts	Expression too large to display	1008

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*a^3*(-1/56*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*b^
3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+6/5*a^2*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)
^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+6*a
*b^2*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*...

```

### 3.705.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}(5i a^3 + 21i ab^2) \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{2}(-5$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/105*(5*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^3 + 21*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^3 - 21*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(2)*(9*I*a^2*b + 5*I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*sqrt(2)*(-9*I*a^2*b - 5*I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(63*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + 21*(9*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 15*a^3 + 5*(5*a^3 + 21*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.705.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.705.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.705.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.705.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.706 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.706.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5430
3.706.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5431
3.706.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5431
3.706.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5436
3.706.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	5437
3.706.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5437
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#### 3.706.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 189

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{6a(a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2b(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{6a(a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{8a^2 b \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

output `8/5*a^2*b*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d+6/5*a*(a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-6/5*a*(a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2*b*(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`

**3.706.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\left(-3a(a^2 + 5b^2) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5b(a^2 + b^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{a^3}{2}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`output `(2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-3*a*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*b*(a^2 + b^2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (a*(5*(a^2 + 3*b^2) + 10*a*b*cos[c + d*x] + 3*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*cos[2*(c + d*x)])*sin[c + d*x])/((2*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))))/(5*d)`**3.706.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4329, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^3 dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4329 \\
& \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (12a^2b \sec^2(c+dx) + 3a(a^2+5b^2) \sec(c+dx) + b(a^2+5b^2)) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (12a^2b \sec^2(c+dx) + 3a(a^2+5b^2) \sec(c+dx) + b(a^2+5b^2)) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(12a^2b \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + 3a(a^2+5b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b(a^2+5b^2)\right) dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4535 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( 3a(a^2+5b^2) \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx + \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (12a^2b \sec^2(c+dx) + b(a^2+5b^2)) dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( 3a(a^2+5b^2) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} dx + \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(12a^2b \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(a^2+5b^2)\right) dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(12a^2b \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(a^2+5b^2)\right) dx + 3a(a^2+5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( 12a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \right) dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow 4258$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( 12a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \right) dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( 12a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \right) dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow 3119$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( 12a^2b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b(a^2 + 5b^2) \right) dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow 4534$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d} \right) \\ \downarrow 4258$$

---

3.706.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$



$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}}{5d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5b(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}}{5d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{10b(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + 3a(a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}}{5d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + ((10*b*(a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (8*a^2*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + 3*a*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/5`

### 3.706.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4329 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n - 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n - 1) + a*b^2*d*n + b*(b^2*d*(m + n - 2) + 3*a^2*d*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x] + a*b^2*d*(3*m + 2*n - 4)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && !IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 4535 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*
(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/b Int[(b*Cs
c[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2
, x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
```

### 3.706.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 710 vs.  $2(219) = 438$ .

Time = 482.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	711
parts	Expression too large to display	898

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*b^3*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2/
5*a^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*
(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+6*a^2*b*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2
)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+6*a*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1
)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.706.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}(ia^2b + ib^3) \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{2}(-ia^2b$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/5*(5*sqrt(2)*(I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 + 5*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 - 5*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(5*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3 + 3*(a^3 + 5*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.706.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.706.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.706.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.706.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.707 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.707.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{16a^2 b \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
16/3*a^2*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*a^2*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*a*(a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.707.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \left( 6b(-3a^2 + b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + a \left( 2(a^2 + 9b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2a(a + 9b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) \right) \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(6*b*(-3*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + a*(2*(a^2 + 9*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*a*(a + 9*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d)`

**3.707.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4329, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b)^3}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4329 \\
& \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{-8a^2b \sec^2(c+dx) - a(a^2+9b^2) \sec(c+dx) + b(a^2-3b^2)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{3d}} dx + \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{-8a^2b \sec^2(c+dx) - a(a^2+9b^2) \sec(c+dx) + b(a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{3d}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{-8a^2b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - a(a^2+9b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + b(a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{3d}} dx \\
& \downarrow 4535 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2+9b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx - \int \frac{b(a^2-3b^2) - 8a^2b \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2+9b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \int \frac{b(a^2-3b^2) - 8a^2b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 4258 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2+9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{b(a^2-3b^2) - 8a^2b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} (a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{3} \left( a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{b(a^2 - 3b^2) - 8a^2b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3120}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} - \int \frac{b(a^2 - 3b^2) - 8a^2b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{4534}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{16a^2}{d} \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3b(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{16a^2}{d} \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{4258}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{16a^2}{d} \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{16a^2}{d} \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d} \\ \downarrow \text{3119}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{6b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]/(3*d) + ((-6*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*(a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (16*a^2*b*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/3`

### 3.707.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

```
rule 4329 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (
a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m -
2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n - 1)) Int[
(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n - 1) + a*
b^2*d*n + b*(b^2*d*(m + n - 2) + 3*a^2*d*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x] + a*b^2*
d*(3*m + 2*n - 4)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x
] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
&& !(IGtQ[n, 2] && !IntegerQ[m])
```

```
rule 4534 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1)
)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4535 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*
(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/b Int[(b*Cs
c[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2)
, x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
```

### 3.707.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 629 vs.  $2(194) = 388$ .

Time = 483.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 630, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}}{(36\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))a^2b - 2\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}})} F(\dots)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(4*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3*(36*cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a^2*b-2*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2*a^3-18*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b^2-18*
(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2*b+6*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^3-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*
a^3-18*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^2*b+a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))+9*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2
*b-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^3*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.707.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(-i a^3 - 9i a b^2) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{2}(i a^3 + 9i a b^2) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3\sqrt{2}(3i a^2 b - i b^3) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 3\sqrt{2}(-3i a^2 b + i b^3) \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2(9a^2 b \cos(dx + c) + a^3) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

1/3*(sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 - 9*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0,
cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 + 9*I*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)*
weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(3*I
*a^2*b - I*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4
, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-3*I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*cos(
d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) -
I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*
x + c)))/(d*cos(d*x + c))

```

---

3.707.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.707.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*3*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.707.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.707.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.707.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.708 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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3.708.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5449
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#### 3.708.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2b^2(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*b^2*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*a*(3*a^2-b^2)*s
in(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-2*a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*
sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/3*b*(9*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+
c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.708.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( -6a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2*(3*a^3 + b^3*\cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-6*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*b*(9*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*a^3 + b^3*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d)`**3.708.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4328, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b)^3}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4328}$$

---

3.708.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{8ab^2 + (9a^2 + b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(3a^2 - b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{8ab^2 + (9a^2 + b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(3a^2 - b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{8ab^2 + (9a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b + a(3a^2 - b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4535} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{8ab^2 + a(3a^2 - b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + b(9a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( b(9a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \int \frac{8ab^2 + a(3a^2 - b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{8ab^2 + a(3a^2 - b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{8ab^2 + a(3a^2 - b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{8ab^2 + a(3a^2 - b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 4534

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2a(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2a(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -3a(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2a(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2a(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} + \frac{2b(9a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*b^2*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + ((-6*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*b*(9*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/3`

### 3.708.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4328 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^2*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*n)), x] - Simp[1/(d*n) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a^2*b*(m - 2*n - 2) - a*(3*b^2*n + a^2*(n + 1))*Csc[e + f*x] - b*(b^2*n + a^2*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && ((IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[n, -1]) || (IntegersQ[m + 1/2, 2*n] && LeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^m_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

rule 4535 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^m_*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/b Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]`

### 3.708.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3-6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^3-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3+9a^2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right)}{2a^3\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}d\right)}$
parts	

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.708. \quad \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

output `-2/3*(4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^3-6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a^3-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^3+9*a^2*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^3-9*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.708.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(-9i a^2 b - i b^3) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{2}(9i a^2 b + i b^3) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 3 \sqrt{2}(I a^3 - 3 I a b^2) \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I \sin(dx + c))) - 3 \sqrt{2}(-I a^3 + 3 I a b^2) \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I \sin(dx + c))) + 2(b^3 \cos(dx + c) + 3 a^3) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(sqrt(2)*(-9*I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(9*I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 - 3*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 + 3*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(b^3*cos(d*x + c) + 3*a^3)*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.708.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*3*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.708.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.708.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.708.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.709 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.709.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 156

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \\ & \quad + \frac{2a(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \end{aligned}$$

output `2/5*b^2*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+8/5*a*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+6/5*b*(5*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2*a*(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d`



**3.709.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10a(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + b^2(5a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin[2(c + dx)] \right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(6*b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*a*(a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b^2*(5*a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(5*d)`**3.709.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4328, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3717$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3}{\sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b)^3}{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4328$$

---

3.709.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{12ab^2 + 3(5a^2 + b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(5a^2 + b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{12ab^2 + 3(5a^2 + b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(5a^2 + b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{12ab^2 + 3(5a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b + a(5a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4535 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{12ab^2 + a(5a^2 + b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{12ab^2 + a(5a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{12ab^2 + a(5a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{12ab^2 + a(5a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + 3b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \int \frac{12ab^2 + a(5a^2 + b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 4533

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(a^2 + b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} + \frac{8ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 5a(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{d} \right) + \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{10a(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*b^2*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + ((6*b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (10*a*(a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (8*a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/5`

### 3.709.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4328 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^2*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*n)), x] - Simp[1/(d*n) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a^2*b*(m - 2*n - 2) - a*(3*b^2*n + a^2*(n + 1))*Csc[e + f*x] - b*(b^2*n + a^2*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && ((IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[n, -1]) || (IntegersQ[m + 1/2, 2*n] && LeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

rule 4535 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/b Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]`

### 3.709.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 411 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 9.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

method	result
default	$-2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + 20\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)ab^2 + 8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a^3\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - \frac{2b^3\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.709. \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

output

```
-2/5*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*b^3+20*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a*b^2+8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^3-10*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b^2-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^3+5*a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-15*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2*b-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^3)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.709.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}(i a^3 + i a b^2) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{2}(-i a^3 - i a b^2) \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-1/5*(5*sqrt(2)*(I*a^3 + I*a*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-I*a^3 - I*a*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^2*b - I*b^3)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^2*b + I*b^3)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d
```

**3.709.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.709.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.709.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.709.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`



**3.710**  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.710.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5467  
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**3.710.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d}$$

$$+ \frac{32ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{35d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 32/35*a*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/7*b^2*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x
+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/21*b*(21*a^2+5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
+2/5*a*(5*a^2+9*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellip
ticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/21*
b*(21*a^2+5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.710.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 84a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 20b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}, 2\right) + b(210a^2 + 65b^2 + 126ab \cos(c + dx) + 15b^2 \cos[2(c + dx)]) \sin[2(c + dx)] \right)}{210d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(84*a*(5*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 20*b*(21*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + b*(210*a^2 + 65*b^2 + 126*a*b*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(210*d)`**3.710.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.783$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4328, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.710.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4328} \\
& \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{16ab^2 + (21a^2 + 5b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{16ab^2 + (21a^2 + 5b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{16ab^2 + (21a^2 + 5b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4535} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \int \frac{16ab^2 + a(7a^2 + 3b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 4533

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \text{Elliptic} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \text{Elliptic} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7}{5} a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{14a(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d} + b(21a^2 + 5b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{7d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*b^2*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + ((14*a*(5*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (32*a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) + b*(21*a^2 + 5*b^2)*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]))/7`

### 3.710.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*n), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4328 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^2*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*n), x] - Simp[1/(d*n) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a^2*b*(m - 2*n - 2) - a*(3*b^2*n + a^2*(n + 1))*Csc[e + f*x] - b*(b^2*n + a^2*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && ((IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[n, -1]) || (IntegerQ[m + 1/2, 2*n] && LeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

rule 4535 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/b Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]`

### 3.710.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(240\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3+(-504ab^2-360b^3)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}$
parts	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/105*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*b^3+(-504*a*b^2-360*b^3)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(420*a^2*b+504*a*b^2+280*b^3)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-210*a^2*b-126*a*b^2-80*b^3)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+105*a^2*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*b^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-105*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^3-189*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b^2)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d$$

### 3.710.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5\sqrt{2}(21ia^2b + 5ib^3)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{2}(-21ia^2b - 5ib^3)}{}$$

---

3.710.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/105*(5*sqrt(2)*(21*I*a^2*b + 5*I*b^3)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-21*I*a^2*b - 5*I*b^3)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(2)*(-5*I*a^3 - 9*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*sqrt(2)*(5*I*a^3 + 9*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(15*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 63*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*(21*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

### 3.710.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.710.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`



**3.710.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.710.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.711** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.711.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5475  
 3.711.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5476  
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**3.711.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 234

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{2b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{15d} \\ &+ \frac{2a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{21d} \\ &+ \frac{40ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{63d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{45d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ &+ \frac{2a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{21d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 40/63*a*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2/45*b*(27*a^2+7*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/9*b^2*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)
+2/21*a*(7*a^2+15*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/15*b*(27*a^2+7*b^2)
*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+2/21*a*(7*a^2+15*b^2)*(co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.711.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 168b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 120a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{c + dx}{2}, 2\right) + (7b(108a^2 + 43b^2)\cos(c + dx) + 5(84a^3 + 234ab^2 + 54a^2b^2\cos(2(c + dx)) + 7b^3\cos(3(c + dx))))\sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{(1260d)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(168*b*(27*a^2 + 7*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 120*a*(7*a^2 + 15*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (7*b*(108*a^2 + 43*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(84*a^3 + 234*a*b^2 + 54*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*b^3*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(1260*d)`**3.711.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4328, 27, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4533, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3}{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.711.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)^3}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4328} \\
& \frac{2}{9} \int \frac{20ab^2 + (27a^2 + 7b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{20ab^2 + (27a^2 + 7b^2) \sec(c + dx)b + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \int \frac{20ab^2 + (27a^2 + 7b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4535} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx + \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4256} \\
& \frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.711.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ \downarrow \text{4258}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ \downarrow \text{3119}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \int \frac{20ab^2 + a(9a^2 + 5b^2) \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{5d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ \downarrow \text{4533}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{5d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{5d} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2b^2 \sin(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 4256

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right) + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9}{7} a(7a^2 + 15b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d} \right) + b(27a^2 + 7b^2) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{6\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{5d} \right) \right) \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{9d \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]`

```
output (2*b^2*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((40*
a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + b*(27*a^2 + 7*b^2)*((6*sqrt
[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(5*d) + (2*Si
n[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2))) + (9*a*(7*a^2 + 15*b^2)*((2*sqrt[Cos
[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*Sin[c
+ d*x])/(3*d*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])))/7)/9
```

### 3.711.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)
*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4256 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d^n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c
+ d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x]
)^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] &&
EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4328 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^2*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*n)), x] - Simp[1/(d*n) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[a^2*b*(m - 2*n - 2) - a*(3*b^2*n + a^2*(n + 1))*Csc[e + f*x] - b*(b^2*n + a^2*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && ((IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[n, -1]) || (IntegersQ[m + 1/2, 2*n] && LeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 4533 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4535 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/b Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
```

### 3.711.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
default	$-2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-1120\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^{10}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3 + (2160ab^2 + 2240b^3)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.711. \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$



output `-2/315*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1120*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10*b^3+(2160*a*b^2+2240*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-1512*a^2*b-3240*a*b^2-2072*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(420*a^3+1512*a^2*b+2520*a*b^2+952*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-210*a^3-378*a^2*b-720*a*b^2-168*b^3)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+105*a^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+225*a*b^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-567*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2*b-147*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^3)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.711.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{15\sqrt{2}(7i a^3 + 15i ab^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 15\sqrt{2}(-7i a^3 - 15i ab^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 21\sqrt{2}(-27Ia^2b - 7Ib^3)\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I\sin(dx + c))) + 21\sqrt{2}(27Ia^2b + 7Ib^3)\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I\sin(dx + c))) - 2*(35b^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 135a*b^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 7*(27a^2b + 7b^3) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 15*(7a^3 + 15a*b^2) \cos(dx + c)) \sin(dx + c) / \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/315*(15*sqrt(2)*(7*I*a^3 + 15*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 15*sqrt(2)*(-7*I*a^3 - 15*I*a*b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(2)*(-27*I*a^2*b - 7*I*b^3)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*sqrt(2)*(27*I*a^2*b + 7*I*b^3)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(35*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 135*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 7*(27*a^2*b + 7*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(7*a^3 + 15*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))/d`

---

3.711.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.711.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.711.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.711.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.711.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.712**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.712.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5485  
 3.712.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5486  
 3.712.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5486  
 3.712.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5492  
 3.712.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5492  
 3.712.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5493  
 3.712.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5493  
 3.712.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5493  
 3.712.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5494

**3.712.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3ad} + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2(a+b)d} - \frac{2b\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{a^2d} + \frac{2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

```
output 2/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-2*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+
2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/d+2/3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d+2*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c
)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b)/d
```

**3.712.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 35.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\cot(c+dx) \left( -a^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) + a^2 \cos(2(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) + 6abE\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right)\right) - 1 \right)}{a^3 d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-1/3*(Cot[c + d*x]*(-(a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + a^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2) + 6*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 2*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 6*b^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^3*d)`

**3.712.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4338, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\ & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{a\sec(c+dx)+b} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.712.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2}}{a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+b} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4338 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(-3b \sec^2(c+dx)+a \sec(c+dx)+b)}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(-3b \sec^2(c+dx)+a \sec(c+dx)+b)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(-3b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4590 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{3b^2+4a \sec(c+dx)b+(a^2+3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{3a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3b^2+4a \sec(c+dx)b+(a^2+3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{3a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3b^2+4a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(a^2+3b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{3a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4594 \\
& \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\int \frac{3b^3+a \sec(c+dx)b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2}}{3a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\int \frac{3b^3+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2}}{3a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.712.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + 3b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2}}{a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \\
 & \qquad \frac{3a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 3b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2}}{a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \\
 & \qquad \frac{3a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2}}{a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \\
 & \qquad \frac{3a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}}{a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \\
 & \qquad \frac{3a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2}}{a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \\
 & \qquad \frac{3a}{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.712.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d}}{a} - \frac{6b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4336} \\
& \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx + \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d}}{a} \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(a+b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}} dx + \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d}}{a} \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
& \frac{6b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d(a+b)} + \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{d}}{a} \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d) + (((6*b^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (6*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/((a + b)*d)/a - (6*b*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d)/(3*a)`

---

3.712.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$



## 3.712.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4338 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d^3)*Cot[e + f*x]*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)/(b*f*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[d^3/(b*(n - 2)) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)*(Simp[a*(n - 3) + b*(n - 3)*Csc[e + f*x] - a*(n - 2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x]/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 3]`

rule 4590 `Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*d*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(b*f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*C*(n - 1) + (A*b*(m + n + 1) + b*C*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x] + (b*B*(m + n + 1) - a*C*n)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 4594 `Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))/(Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.712.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{3\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}+\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{3\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\dots}}\right)}{a}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-2/a^2*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-4*b^3/a^2/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.712.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.712.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.712.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.712.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.712.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.712.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.713**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.713.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5495
3.713.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5495
3.713.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5496
3.713.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5499
3.713.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5500
3.713.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5500
3.713.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5500
3.713.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5501
3.713.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5501

**3.713.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a(a+b)d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{ad}$$

```
output 2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/d-2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c
)^(1/2)/a/d-2*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi
(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a
/(a+b)/d
```

**3.713.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 14.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \left( aE\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right) \middle| -1\right) - (a+b) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) + bE\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right) \middle| -1\right) \right)}{a^2d}$$

---

3.713.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*Cot[c + d*x]*(a*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1] - (a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1] + b*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(a^2*d)`

### 3.713.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4337, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{a\sec(c+dx)+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4337} \\
 & \frac{\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a\sec(c+dx)} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.713.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4336} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} - \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} - \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
& \frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} - \frac{2b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{ad(a+b)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

3.713.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$



```
output (-2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a*(a + b)*d) + ((-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/a
```

### 3.713.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3284 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4258 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]
```

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4337 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(5/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] - Simp[a*(d/b Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.713.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 353 vs.  $2(159) = 318$ .

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(-2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}(a-b)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{d}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(-2*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(a-b)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a-(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b-b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/a/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(a-b)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

---

3.713. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.713.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.713.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`**3.713.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.713.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.713.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.714 $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.714.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5502
3.714.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5502
3.714.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5503
3.714.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5504
3.714.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5505
3.714.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5505
3.714.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5505
3.714.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5506
3.714.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5506

#### 3.714.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b)d}$$

```
output 2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b)/d
```

#### 3.714.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \left( \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) - \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{a}{b}, \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) \right)}{ad}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

```
output (2*Cot[c + d*x]*(EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1] - EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1])*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(a*d)
```

**3.714.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{a\sec(c+dx)+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4336} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d(a+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/((a + b)*d)`

---

3.714.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.714.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

3.714.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), -\frac{2b}{a-b}, \sqrt{2}\right)}{(a-b)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d$	150

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-2*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), -2*b/(a-b), 2^{(1/2)})/(a-b)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.714.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### 3.714.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.714.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`



**3.714.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{b\cos(dx+c)+a} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.714.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.715**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.715.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5507  
 3.715.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5507  
 3.715.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5508  
 3.715.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5510  
 3.715.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5511  
 3.715.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5511  
 3.715.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5511  
 3.715.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5512  
 3.715.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5512

**3.715.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

$$- \frac{2a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b(a+b)d}$$

```
output 2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a+b)/d
```

**3.715.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{a}{b}, \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) \sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(b*d)`

### 3.715.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4335, 3042, 3282, 3042, 3120, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a\sec(c+dx)+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4335} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3282}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.715.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{b}-\frac{a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{b}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{b}-\frac{a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{b}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{bd}-\frac{a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}dx}{b}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{bd}-\frac{2a\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{bd(a+b)}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((2*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d) - (2*a*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*(a + b)*d))*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]`

### 3.715.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3282 `Int[Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3284 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[
2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^(n_.)]^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p
)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 4335 Int[Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)]/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]]/d) Int[
Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(b + a*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.715.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)a - F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)b\right)}{(a-b)b\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}d$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c), 2^(1/2))*a-EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*b-a*EllipticPi(cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c), -2*b/(a-b), 2^(1/2)))/(a-b)/b/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.715.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.715.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.715.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.715.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.715.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.716** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.716.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5513  
 3.716.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5514  
 3.716.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5514  
 3.716.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5518  
 3.716.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5518  
 3.716.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5518  
 3.716.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5519  
 3.716.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5519  
 3.716.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5519

**3.716.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

$$- \frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^2(a+b)d}$$

output

```
2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d+2*a^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a+b)/d
```



**3.716.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 19.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cot(c + dx) \left( -b \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) - b \cos(2(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + b \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) + b \cos(2(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \right)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`output `(Cot[c + d*x]*(-(b*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)) - b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + b*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2) + b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2) - 2*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 2*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 2*a*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(b^2*d)`**3.716.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4339, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a \sec(c + dx) + b)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b)} dx$$

---

3.716.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{4339} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \frac{b-a \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \frac{b-a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - a \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{4258} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \\
& \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \\
& \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \\
& \frac{2b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.716.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b^2}{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4336} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{\frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b^2}{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{\frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b^2}{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3284} \\
& \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2 d (a+b)} + \\
& \quad \frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{b^2}{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(b^2*(a + b)*d)`

### 3.716.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

---

3.716.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3284  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(f*(a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d]))*\text{EllipticPi}[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - \text{Pi}/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c + d, 0]$

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(3/2)}/(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 4339  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.)]*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^2/(a^2*d^2) \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(3/2)}/(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/a^2 \text{Int}[(a - b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

**3.716.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)a^2-F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{b^2(a-b)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a^2-EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b+EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*a*b-EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-a^2*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))/b^2/(a-b)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.716.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.716.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)
```

---

3.716.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.716.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.716.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.716.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

$$3.717 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.717.1 Optimal result	5520
3.717.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5521
3.717.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5521
3.717.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5526
3.717.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	5526
3.717.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5527
3.717.7 Maxima [F]	5527
3.717.8 Giac [F]	5527
3.717.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5528

### 3.717.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3b^3d}$$

$$- \frac{2a^3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^3(a+b)d} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `2/3*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d+2/3*(3*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3/d-2*a^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3/(a+b)/d`

**3.717.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 21.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$


---


$$\cot(c + dx) \left( -b^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} + 6ab \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) - 6ab \cos(2(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + b^2 \cos(3(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`output `-1/6*(Cot[c + d*x]*(-(b^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + 6*a*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - 6*a*b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + b^2*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - 12*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 4*(3*a - b)*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 12*a^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(b^3*d)`**3.717.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4340, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.717.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+b\right)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 4340 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{-a \sec^2(c+dx)-b \sec(c+dx)+3a}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{3b} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-a \sec^2(c+dx)-b \sec(c+dx)+3a}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2-b \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+3a}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)} dx}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4594 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \frac{3ab-(3a^2+b^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \frac{3ab+(-3a^2-b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{3ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - (3a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{3ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - (3a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.717.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{3ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - (3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{3ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3119 \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) - (3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3120 \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3a^3 \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) - 2(3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 4336 \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) - 2(3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3a^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) - 2(3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3284
 \end{aligned}$$

3.717.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{6a^3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2d(a+b)} + \frac{\frac{6ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2}}{3b}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*(((6*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (6*a^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(b^2*(a + b)*d)/b + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.717.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.) )^{(m\_)}*((a\_.) + (b\_.)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_.)})^{(p\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) )^{(n\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.) )^{(n\_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_.) ), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.) )^{(3/2)} / ((\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_.) ), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\sin[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 4340  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.) )^{(n\_.)} / ((\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_.) ), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*n)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*d*n) \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)} / (a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])]*\text{Simp}[b*n - a*(n + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - b*(n + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4594  $\text{Int}[(A\_.) + \text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(B\_.) + \text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^2*(C\_.) ) / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.) ]*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_.) ), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(3/2)} / (a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/a^2 \text{Int}[(a*A - (A*b - a*B)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]) / \text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

### 3.717.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 551 vs.  $2(232) = 464$ .

Time = 3.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 552, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2b^2-4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}$

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*a*b^2-4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b^3-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*a*b^2+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b^3+3*a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*a^2*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+a*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-b^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a^2*b-3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*a*b^2-3*a^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})/b^3/(a-b)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.717.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

---

3.717.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.717.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.717.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.717.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.717.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.718**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.718.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5529  
 3.718.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5530  
 3.718.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5530  
 3.718.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5537  
 3.718.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5537  
 3.718.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5538  
 3.718.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5538  
 3.718.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5538  
 3.718.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5539

**3.718.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 341

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(4a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^3 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

$$+ \frac{(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{3a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(7a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^3 (a-b)(a+b)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{b(4a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{a^3 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

$$+ \frac{(2a^2 - 5b^2) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d} + \frac{b^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{a (a^2 - b^2) d (b + a \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

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1/3*(2*a^2-5*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b^2*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))-b*(4*a^2-5*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+b*(4*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+1/3*(2*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b^2*(7*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^3/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/d
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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



### 3.718.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \left( \frac{3b^2(-4a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2} + 2a(-5b+a\sec(c+dx))\tan(c+dx) \right)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)(-6ab(4a^2-5b^2)E(\arcsin(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)})|-1)\sqrt{-\tan^2(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((2*a*((3*b^2*(-4*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2) + 2*a*(-5*b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (Cot[c + d*x]*(-6*a*b*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 2*(2*a^4 + 12*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2 - 15*a*b^3 - 15*b^4)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 6*b*(a*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + b*(-7*a^2 + 5*b^2)*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(a - b)*(a + b))/(6*a^4*d)`

### 3.718.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 23,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4332} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3b^2-2a \sec(c+dx)b+(2a^2-5b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3b^2-2a \sec(c+dx)b+(2a^2-5b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(3b^2-2a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(2a^2-5b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4590} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(-3b(4a^2-5b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)+2a(a^2+2b^2) \sec(c+dx)+b(2a^2-5b^2))}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(-3b(4a^2-5b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)+2a(a^2+2b^2) \sec(c+dx)+b(2a^2-5b^2))}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(-3b(4a^2-5b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+2a(a^2+2b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b(2a^2-5b^2))}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}
\end{aligned}$$

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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

↓ 4590

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(4a^2-5b^2)b^2+2a(7a^2-10b^2)\sec(c+dx)b+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)\sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a\sec(c+dx))} dx - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(4a^2-5b^2)b^2+2a(7a^2-10b^2)\sec(c+dx)b+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)\sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a\sec(c+dx))} dx - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(4a^2-5b^2)b^2+2a(7a^2-10b^2)\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(2a^4+16b^2a^2-15b^4)\csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}$$

↓ 4594

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a\sec(c+dx)} dx + \int \frac{3(4a^2-5b^2)b^3+a(2a^2-5b^2)\sec(c+dx)b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}b^2} dx - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \int \frac{3(4a^2-5b^2)b^3+a(2a^2-5b^2)\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}b^2} dx - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

$$\frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}$$

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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

↓ 4274

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + 3b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)}{3a} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 3b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)}{3a} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)}{3a} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a} - \frac{6b(4a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{2(2a^2-5b^2)}{3a} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3119

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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} dx + \frac{3a}{b^2} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} dx + \frac{3a}{b^2} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4336

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx + \frac{2ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} dx + \frac{3a}{b^2} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx + \frac{2ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(4a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{a} dx + \frac{3a}{b^2} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{3a}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{2(2a^2-5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} + \frac{6b^2(7a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d(a+b)} + \frac{2ab^2(2a^2-5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{a} dx + \frac{3a}{b^2} \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{3a}$$

3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])) + ((2*(2*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d) + (((6*b^3*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*b^2*(2*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (6*b^2*(7*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/((a + b)*d)/a - (6*b*(4*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d)/(3*a)/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.718.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[c] + (d \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \text{Csc}[c + d \cdot x])^n \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (d \cdot x))^n \cdot (\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x) + a), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{n+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4332  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (d \cdot x))^n \cdot (\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x) + a)^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a^2) \cdot d^3 \cdot \text{Cot}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} \cdot ((d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{n-3} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1) \cdot (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d^3 / (b \cdot (m+1) \cdot (a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} \cdot (d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{n-3} \cdot \text{Simp}[a^2 \cdot (n-3) + a \cdot b \cdot (m+1) \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x] - (a^2 \cdot (n-2) + b^2 \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x]^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IGtQ}[n, 3] \mid\mid (\text{IntegersQ}[n + 1/2, 2 \cdot m] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 2]))]$

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (d \cdot x))^{3/2} / (\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x) + a), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot \text{Sqrt}[d \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x]] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x]] \cdot (b + a \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x])), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 4590  $\text{Int}[(A + \text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (B \cdot x) + \text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (C \cdot x)) \cdot (\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (d \cdot x))^n \cdot (\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x) + a)^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot d \cdot \text{Cot}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} \cdot ((d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{n-1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d / (b \cdot (m+n+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^m \cdot (d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{n-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot C \cdot (n-1) + (A \cdot b \cdot (m+n+1) + b \cdot C \cdot (m+n)) \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x] + (b \cdot B \cdot (m+n+1) - a \cdot C \cdot n) \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x]^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 4594  $\text{Int}[(A + \text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (B \cdot x) + \text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (C \cdot x)) / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (d \cdot x)] \cdot (\text{csc}[e] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot x) + a)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A \cdot b^2 - a \cdot b \cdot B + a^2 \cdot C) / (a^2 \cdot d^2) \text{Int}[(d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x])^{3/2} / (a + b \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/a^2 \text{Int}[(a \cdot A - (A \cdot b - a \cdot B) \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x]) / \text{Sqrt}[d \cdot \text{Csc}[e + f \cdot x]], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

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3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.718.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 980 vs.  $2(397) = 794$ .

Time = 37.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	981

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^2*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-4/a^3*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*b^2/a^2*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)...
```

**3.718.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.718.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



output Timed out

### 3.718.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.718.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

### 3.718.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.718.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.719** 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

3.719.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5540  
 3.719.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5541  
 3.719.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5541  
 3.719.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5547  
 3.719.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5548  
 3.719.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5548  
 3.719.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5548  
 3.719.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5549  
 3.719.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5549

**3.719.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 277

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2(a^2-b^2)d} \\ & \quad + \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a(a^2-b^2)d} \\ & \quad - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a^2(a-b)(a+b)^2d} \\ & \quad + \frac{(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{a^2(a^2-b^2)d} + \frac{b^2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)d(b+a\sec(c+dx))} \end{aligned}$$

```
output b^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))+
(2*a^2-3*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-(2*a^2-3*b^2)*
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)/d+b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d-b*(5*a^2-3*b^2)*
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),
2*b/(a+b), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/d
```

3.719. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

**3.719.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a(2a^2b-3b^3+2a(a^2-b^2)\sec(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)(-2a^3\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)+3ab^2\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)+2a^3\cos(2(c+dx))\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)-3ab^2\cos(2(c+dx)))}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{((2*a*(2*a^2*b - 3*b^3 + 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (Cot[c + d*x]*(-2*a^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 3*a*b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 2*a^3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - 3*a*b^2*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 2*a*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2 - 2*(2*a^3 + 4*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 10*a^2*b*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 6*b^3*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)*(a + b)))/(2*a^3*d)}$$
**3.719.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.719.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4332} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b^2-2a \sec(c+dx)b+(2a^2-3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b^2-2a \sec(c+dx)b+(2a^2-3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b^2-2a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(2a^2-3b^2) \csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4590} \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(4a^2-3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)+2a(a^2-2b^2) \sec(c+dx)+b(2a^2-3b^2)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a} + \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2-3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)+2a(a^2-2b^2) \sec(c+dx)+b(2a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{b(4a^2-3b^2) \csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+2a(a^2-2b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b(2a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{a} + \\
& \quad \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4594}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.719.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx + \int \frac{b^2(2a^2-3b^2) - ab^3 \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} b^2} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \int \frac{b^2(2a^2-3b^2) - ab^3 \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} b^2} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(2a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - ab^3 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2}}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(2a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^3 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(2a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - ab^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2}}{a}}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.719.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2)\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - ab^3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2}}{a} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2)\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - ab^3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{a} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2)\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2ab^3\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{a} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4336

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}} dx + \frac{2b^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{a} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(5a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx + \frac{2b^2(2a^2-3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{a} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3284

---

3.719.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)} + \frac{2b(5a^2 - 3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d(a+b)} + \frac{2b^2(2a^2 - 3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{a}$$


---


$$\frac{2(2a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{2b(5a^2 - 3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d(a+b)} + \frac{2b^2(2a^2 - 3b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{a}$$


---


$$2a(a^2 - b^2)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])) + (-((((2*b^2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*b^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (2*b*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(a + b)*d)/a) + (2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]/(a*d))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.719.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

---

3.719.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)](d\_)]^{(m\_)}((a\_)+ (b\_)\sin[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)]^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_)+ (d\_)(x\_)](b\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](d\_)]^{(n\_)}*(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](b\_)+ (a\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]

rule 4332  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](d\_)]^{(n\_)}*(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](b\_)+ (a\_))^{(m\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a^2)*d^3*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 3)})/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[d^3/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 3)}*\text{Simp}[a^2*(n - 3) + a*b*(m + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - (a^2*(n - 2) + b^2*(m + 1))*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IGtQ[n, 3] || (IntegersQ[n + 1/2, 2\*m] && GtQ[n, 2]))

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](d\_)]^{(3/2)}/(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](b\_)+ (a\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

rule 4590  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+ \text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](B\_)+ \text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)]^2*(C\_)]*(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](d\_)]^{(n\_)}*(\text{csc}[(e\_)+ (f\_)(x\_)](b\_)+ (a\_))^{(m\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*d*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)})/(b*f*(m + n + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[d/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^m*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*C*(n - 1) + (A*b*(m + n + 1) + b*C*(m + n))*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] + (b*B*(m + n + 1) - a*C*n)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))/ (Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.719.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 846 vs.  $2(339) = 678$ .

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	847

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^2/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))))+4*b^2/a^2/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))-2/a*b*(-1/a*b^2/
(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(
1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)...
```

---

3.719. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

**3.719.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.719.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.719.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.719.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.719.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.720**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.720.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5550  
 3.720.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5551  
 3.720.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5551  
 3.720.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5556  
 3.720.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5557  
 3.720.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5557  
 3.720.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5557  
 3.720.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5558  
 3.720.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5558

**3.720.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{a(a-b)(a+b)^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2-b^2)d(b+a\sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output b^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))-b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d-(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d+(3*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^2/d
```

**3.720.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ab^2 \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)(ab \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)+ab \cos(2(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)-ab \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)-ab \cos(2(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx))}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

```
((2*a*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (Cot[c + d*x]*(a*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + a*b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - a*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2) - a*b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2) + 2*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 2*(2*a^2 - a*b - b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 6*a^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 2*b^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)*(a + b))/(2*a^2*d)
```

**3.720.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4332} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{b^2+2a \sec(c+dx)b-(2a^2-b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2+2a \sec(c+dx)b-(2a^2-b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2+2a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(b^2-2a^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4594} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b^3+a \sec(c+dx)b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b^3+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2 \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.720.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2 \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + b^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - (3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} - (3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} - (3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} - (3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} - (3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 4336

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d} + \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} - (3a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.720.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{b^2} - (3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$


---

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d(a+b)}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(((2*b^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 - (2*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/((a + b)*d)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

### 3.720.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4332 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a^2)*d^3*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[d^3/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)*Simp[a^2*(n - 3) + a*b*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (a^2*(n - 2) + b^2*(m + 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IGtQ[n, 3] || (IntegerQ[n + 1/2, 2*m] && GtQ[n, 2]))`

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4594 `Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.)))/(Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.720.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 611 vs.  $2(281) = 562$ .

Time = 4.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{2b^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}\right)}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-6*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+2/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)/d`

**3.720.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.720.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.720.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.720.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.720.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

**3.721** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.721.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5559  
 3.721.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5560  
 3.721.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5560  
 3.721.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5565  
 3.721.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5566  
 3.721.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5566  
 3.721.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5567  
 3.721.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5567  
 3.721.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5567

**3.721.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 208

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)d} \\ &+ \frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b(a^2-b^2)d} \\ &- \frac{(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a-b)b(a+b)^2d} \\ &- \frac{b \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d(b+a \sec(c+dx))} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))+cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d+a*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d-(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-b)/b/(a+b)^2/d
```

**3.721.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 574 vs.  $2(208) = 416$ .

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( -\frac{\sin(c + dx)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \sin(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \right)}{d} + \frac{2b \cos^2(c + dx) \left( \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \right), -1 \right) - \text{EllipticPi} \left( -\frac{a}{b}, \arcsin \left( \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \right), -1 \right) \right) (b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sqrt{1 - \sec^2(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{a(a + b \cos(c + dx))(1 - \cos^2(c + dx))}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-(Sin[c + d*x]/(a^2 - b^2)) + (a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) / d + ((-2*b*Cos[c + d*x]^2*(EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1] - EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1])*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]) / (a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]^2)) + (8*a*Cos[c + d*x]^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]) / (b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]^2)) + (Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*(-4*a*b + 4*a*b*Sec[c + d*x]^2 - 4*a*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]^2] + 2*(2*a - b)*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]^2] - 4*a^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]^2] + 2*b^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sec[c + d*x]^2])*Sin[c + d*x]) / (a*b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(2 - Sec[c + d*x]^2)) / (4*(a - b)*(a + b)*d)`

**3.721.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4331, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.721.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4331} \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{-b\sec^2(c+dx)+2a\sec(c+dx)+b}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a\sec(c+dx))} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-b\sec^2(c+dx)+2a\sec(c+dx)+b}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a\sec(c+dx))} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-b\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+2a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4594} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b^2+a\sec(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b^2+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{ab \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{ab \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{2ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{(a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4336

---

3.721.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{b^2} - \frac{(a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}dx}{b}$$

$$\frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{b^2} - \frac{(a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(a+b\cos\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}dx}{b}$$

$$\frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\frac{2ab\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d}}{b^2} - \frac{2(a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{bd(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 - (2*(a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(b*(a + b)*d))/(2*(a^2 - b^2)) - (b*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

**3.721.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3284  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(f*(a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d]))*\text{EllipticPi}[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - \text{Pi}/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c + d, 0]$

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^m*((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{n*p} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m - n*p}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n + 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4331  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*d^2*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m + 1}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n - 2}/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - \text{Simp}[d^2/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m + 1}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n - 2}*(a*(n - 2) + b*(m + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - a*(m + n)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[1, n, 2] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n]$

```
rule 4336 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) +
(a_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[
1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e,
f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))/ (Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.721.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 712 vs. 2(272) = 544.

Time = 5.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-2ab + 2b^2\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} \left( -\frac{4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \Pi\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), -\frac{2b}{a-b}, \sqrt{2}\right)}{\left(-2ab + 2b^2\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}} - 2a \left( -\frac{b^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{a} \right) \right)$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4/(-2*a*b+2*b
^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))-2/b*a*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-
b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1
/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(
a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b
^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
/d

```

### 3.721.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### 3.721.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

---

3.721.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`

### 3.721.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

### 3.721.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

### 3.721.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.722**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.722.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5569  
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**3.722.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^2(a^2-b^2)d}$$

$$- \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a-b)b^2(a+b)^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{a \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d(b+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

output

```
a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))-a*(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*c
os(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d+(a^2-2*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b)
,2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-b)/b^2/(a+b)^2/d
```

**3.722.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(2(c + dx)) \csc(c + dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \left( -b(-a + b)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`output `(Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Csc[c + d*x]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(-(b*(-a + b)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]) - (a^2 - 3*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + a*b*(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2 - (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])))/((a - b)*b^2*(a + b)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*(-2 + Sec[c + d*x]^2))`**3.722.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4330, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2} dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+b\right)^2} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-a \sec^2(c+dx)+2b \sec(c+dx)+a}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} && \downarrow \text{4330} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{-a \sec^2(c+dx)+2b \sec(c+dx)+a}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} && \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{-a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2+2b \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \frac{ab-(a^2-2b^2)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} && \downarrow \text{4594} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \frac{ab+(2b^2-a^2)\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{b^2} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - (a^2-2b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} && \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - (a^2-2b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - (a^2-2b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} && \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.722.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - (a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 3119 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\frac{2ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - (a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 3120 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\frac{2ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d}}{b^2} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 4336 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\frac{2ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{b^2} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{2(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\
 & \frac{a(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{b^2} + \frac{\frac{2ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{b^2} \\
 & \frac{2(a^2-b^2)}{2(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.722.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3284 \\ \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \\ \frac{2a(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2 d(a+b)} + \frac{2ab \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} - \frac{2(a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d} \\ \hline 2(a^2-b^2) \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(((2*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (2*a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(b^2*(a + b)*d)/(a^2 - b^2) + (a*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

### 3.722.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^{(m\_)}*((a\_.) + (b\_.)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_.)})^{(p\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^{(n\_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]

rule 4330  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^{(n\_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_))^{(m\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*d*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)}/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*d*(n - 1) + a*d*(m + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*m, 2\*n]

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^{(3/2)}/(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

rule 4594  $\text{Int}[(A\_.) + \text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(B\_.) + \text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^2*(C\_.)]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_))], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(3/2)}/(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/a^2 \text{Int}[(a*A - (A*b - a*B)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

**3.722.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 793 vs.  $2(287) = 574$ .

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	794

input `int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(-(-2\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2/b^2*(\sin(1/2 \\
 & *d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\
 & *c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+2* \\
 & a^2/b^2*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+si \\
 & n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin( \\
 & 1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+ \\
 & 1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}) \\
 & -1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1 \\
 & )^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos \\
 & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(- \\
 & 2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\
 & )^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b \\
 & ^2)*b*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*s \\
 & in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\
 & *c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2* \\
 & c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin \\
 & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)}) \\
 & )+8*a/b/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\
 & ^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticP \\
 & i(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(2*\cos(1/2\dots
 \end{aligned}$$
**3.722.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.722.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output Timed out

### 3.722.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

### 3.722.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.722.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.722.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.723**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.723.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5577  
 3.723.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5578  
 3.723.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5578  
 3.723.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5583  
 3.723.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5584  
 3.723.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5585  
 3.723.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5585  
 3.723.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5585  
 3.723.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5586

**3.723.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^2 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

$$- \frac{a(3a^2 - 4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2(3a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a-b)b^3(a+b)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d(b+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output -a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))+(3*a^2-2*b
^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-a*(3*a^2
-4*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)/d+a^2*
(3*a^2-5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-
b)/b^3/(a+b)^2/d
```



**3.723.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b(-a^2+b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \cot(c+dx) (-3a^2 b \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) + 2b^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) + 3a^2 b \cos(2(c+dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) - 2b^3 \cos(2(c+dx)))}{b(-a^2+b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
((4*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(-a^2 + b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) - (2*Cot[c + d*x]*(-3*a^2*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 2*b^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 3*a^2*b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - 2*b^3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + 2*b*(3*a^2 - 2*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 2*b*(-3*a^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 6*a^3*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 10*a*b^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(a - b)*b^3*(a + b))/(4*d)
```

**3.723.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4334, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

---

3.723.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4334} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-\sec^2(c+dx)a^2+3a^2+2b \sec(c+dx)a-2b^2}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-\sec^2(c+dx)a^2+3a^2+2b \sec(c+dx)a-2b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{-\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 a^2+3a^2+2b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4594} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(3a^2-2b^2)-a(3a^2-4b^2)\sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}b^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - a^2\left(5-\frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(3a^2-2b^2)-a(3a^2-4b^2)\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}b^2} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - a^2\left(5-\frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
& \frac{b(3a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - a(3a^2-4b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - a^2\left(5-\frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.723.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{b(3a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(3a^2-4b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} - a^2 \left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{b(3a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - a(3a^2-4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} - a^2 \left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx)}{b+a \csc(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(3a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - a(3a^2-4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - a^2 \left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx)}{b+a \csc(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2b(3a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - a(3a^2-4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - a^2 \left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2b(3a^2-2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{d} - \frac{2a(3a^2-4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d}}{b^2} - a^2 \left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 4336

---

3.723.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2b(3a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} - \frac{2a(3a^2-4b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{b^2}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - a^2\left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2b(3a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} - \frac{2a(3a^2-4b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{b^2}}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - a^2\left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\frac{2b(3a^2-2b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{d} - \frac{2a(3a^2-4b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2a^2\left(5 - \frac{3a^2}{b^2}\right)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a+b)}}{2b(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `((2*b*(3*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*(3*a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 - (2*a^2*(5 - (3*a^2)/b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/((a + b)*d)/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)) - (a^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))`

### 3.723.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.723.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3284  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(f*(a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d]))*\text{EllipticPi}[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - \text{Pi}/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c + d, 0]$

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^m*((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{n*p} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m - n*p}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n + 1}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4334  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^2*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m + 1}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m + 1}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n*(a^2*(m + 1) - b^2*(m + n + 1) - a*b*(m + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] + b^2*(m + n + 2)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n]$

```
rule 4336 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) +
(a_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[
1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e,
f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))/ (Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.723.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 814 vs.  $2(309) = 618$ .

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	815

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -(-(-2\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2+1)\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2/b^3/(-2\sin \\
& (1/2d*x+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(2\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2-1)^{(1/2)} \\
& *(2\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(2\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),2^{1/2})) \\
& *a+b*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),2^{1/2})) - 12/b^2*a^2/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*( \sin \\
& (1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2d*x \\
& +1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),-2*b/( \\
& a-b),2^{1/2}) - 2/b^3*a^3*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)*(-2\sin(1/2 \\
& *d*x+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}/(2*b*\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2+a-b) - 1 \\
& /2/a/(a+b)*(\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/ \\
& (-2\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2d*x \\
& +1/2c),2^{1/2}) - 1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/ \\
& 2d*x+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2} \\
& *\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),2^{1/2}) + 1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(\sin(1/2d*x+1/ \\
& 2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^4+s \\
& \sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),2^{1/2}) - 3*a/(a^2- \\
& b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^ \\
& 2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticPi} \\
& (\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{1/2}) + 1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*( \\
& \sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*(-2\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2+1)^{1/2}/(-2\sin(1/2* \\
& d*x+1/2c)^4+\sin(1/2d*x+1/2c)^2)^{1/2}*\text{EllipticPi}(\cos(1/2d*x+1/2c),...
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.723.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.723.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.723.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.723.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`



**3.723.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.724**      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.724.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5587
3.724.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5588
3.724.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5589
3.724.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5597
3.724.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5598
3.724.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5599
3.724.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	5599
3.724.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5599
3.724.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5600

**3.724.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 455

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\ &= \frac{b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^4 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d} \\ &+ \frac{(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{12a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d} \\ &+ \frac{b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^4 (a-b)^2 (a+b)^3 d} \\ &- \frac{b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4a^4 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d} \\ &+ \frac{(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{12a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d} \\ &+ \frac{b^2 \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a (a^2 - b^2) d (b + a \sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \sec(c+dx))} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.724.      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

output  $\frac{1}{12}(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sec(d*x+c)^{3/2} \sin(d*x+c) / a^3 / (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d + 1/2 b^2 \sec(d*x+c)^{7/2} \sin(d*x+c) / a / (a^2 - b^2) / d / (b+a \sec(d*x+c))^{2+1/4} b^2 (13a^2 - 7b^2) \sec(d*x+c)^{5/2} \sin(d*x+c) / a^2 / (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d / (b+a \sec(d*x+c)) - 1/4 b (24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(d*x+c) \sec(d*x+c)^{1/2} / a^4 / (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d + 1/4 b (24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) (\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{1/2} / \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{1/2}) \cos(d*x+c)^{1/2} \sec(d*x+c)^{1/2} / a^4 / (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d + 1/12 (8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) (\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{1/2} / \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{1/2}) \cos(d*x+c)^{1/2} \sec(d*x+c)^{1/2} / a^3 / (a^2 - b^2)^2 / d + 1/4 b^2 (63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) (\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{1/2} / \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \text{EllipticPi}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2b/(a+b), 2^{1/2}) \cos(d*x+c)^{1/2} \sec(d*x+c)^{1/2} / a^4 / (a-b)^2 / (a+b)^3 / d$

### 3.724.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 747, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(16a^6 + 328a^4b^2 - 641a^2b^4 + 315b^6) \cos^2(c+dx) \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) - \text{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{a}{b}, \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\right), -1\right) \right) (b+a \sec(c+dx))}{a(a+b \cos(c+dx))(1-\cos^2(c+dx))} + \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^4(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{b^3 \sin(c+dx)}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{3(5a^2b^3 \sin(c+dx) - 3b^5 \sin(c+dx))}{4a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2(a+b \cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2 \tan^3(c+dx)}{3} \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $((2*(16*a^6 + 328*a^4*b^2 - 641*a^2*b^4 + 315*b^6)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*(\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1] - \text{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1])*(b + a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])* \text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]) / (a*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*(1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)) + (2*(160*a^5*b - 512*a^3*b^3 + 280*a*b^5)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*\text{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1]*(b + a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])* \text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]) / (b*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*(1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)) + ((72*a^4*b^2 - 195*a^2*b^4 + 105*b^6)*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)]*(b + a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])*(-4*a*b + 4*a*b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2 - 4*a*b*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2] + 2*(2*a - b)*b*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2] - 4*a^2*\text{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2] + 2*b^2*\text{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]], -1]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2])* \text{Sin}[c + d*x]) / (a*b^2*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*(1 - \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(2 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2)) / (48*a^4*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2*d) + (\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(-1/4*(b*(24*a^4 - 65*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]) / (a^4*(a^2 - b^2)^2) - (b^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]) / (2*a^2*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2) - (3*(5*a^2*b^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] - 3*b^5*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])) / (4*a^3*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])) + (2*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]) / (3*a^3))) / d$

### 3.724.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 26, number of rules used = 26,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4586, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3} dx$$

---

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{11/2}}{\left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+b\right)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 4332 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(5b^2-4a \sec(c+dx)b+(4a^2-7b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(5b^2-4a \sec(c+dx)b+(4a^2-7b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}\left(5b^2-4a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)b+(4a^2-7b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right)}{\left(b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow 4586 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\left(3\left(13a^2-7b^2\right)b^2-4a\left(4a^2-b^2\right) \sec(c+dx)b+\left(8a^4-61b^2a^2+35b^4\right) \sec^2(c+dx)\right)}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))}{a(a^2-b^2)} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(13a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} + \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\left(3\left(13a^2-7b^2\right)b^2-4a\left(4a^2-b^2\right) \sec(c+dx)b+\left(8a^4-61b^2a^2+35b^4\right) \sec^2(c+dx)\right)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(13a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} + \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(3\left(13a^2-7b^2\right)b^2-4a\left(4a^2-b^2\right) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)b+\left(8a^4-61b^2a^2+35b^4\right) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right)}{b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2(13a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} + \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 4590

$$2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(-3b(24a^4-65b^2a^2+35b^4) \sec^2(c+dx)+4a(2a^4+14b^2a^2-7b^4) \sec(c+dx)+b(8a^4-61b^2a^2+35b^4))}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx + \frac{2(8a^4-61a^2b^2+35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}$$


---


$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(-3b(24a^4-65b^2a^2+35b^4) \sec^2(c+dx)+4a(2a^4+14b^2a^2-7b^4) \sec(c+dx)+b(8a^4-61b^2a^2+35b^4))}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2(8a^4-61a^2b^2+35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}$$


---


$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(-3b(24a^4-65b^2a^2+35b^4) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+4a(2a^4+14b^2a^2-7b^4) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b(8a^4-61b^2a^2+35b^4))}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2(8a^4-61a^2b^2+35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad}$$


---


$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 4590

$$2 \int \frac{3(24a^4-65b^2a^2+35b^4)b^2+4a(20a^4-64b^2a^2+35b^4) \sec(c+dx)b+(8a^6+128b^2a^4-223b^4a^2+105b^6) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx - \frac{6b(24a^4-65a^2b^2+35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}$$


---


$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{3(24a^4-65b^2a^2+35b^4)b^2+4a(20a^4-64b^2a^2+35b^4) \sec(c+dx)b+(8a^6+128b^2a^4-223b^4a^2+105b^6) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx - \frac{6b(24a^4-65a^2b^2+35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad}$$


---


$$\frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

---

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{3(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)b^2 + 4a(20a^4 - 64b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b + (8a^6 + 128b^2a^4 - 223b^4a^2 + 105b^6) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx$$


---


$$\frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$4a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 4594

$$3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx + \int \frac{3(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)b^3 + a(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \sec(c+dx)b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$


---


$$\frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$4a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \int \frac{3(24a^4 - 65b^2a^2 + 35b^4)b^3 + a(8a^4 - 61b^2a^2 + 35b^4) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$


---


$$\frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$4a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 4274

$$3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + 3b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2}$$


---


$$\frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{3a}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$4a(a^2 - b^2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 3b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} \\
 & \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 4258

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a} \\
 & \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{4a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{a} \\
 & \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{4a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d}}{a} \\
 & \frac{6b(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2)}{4a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3120

---

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2}$$


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$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$


---



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$$\downarrow \text{4336}$$

$$3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx + \frac{2ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2}$$


---



---


$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$


---



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$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$3b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx + \frac{2ab^2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(24a^4 - 65a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2}$$


---



---


$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$


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$$\downarrow \text{3284}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2} + \frac{b^2(13a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 61a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3ad} + \frac{6b^2(63a^4 - 86a^2b^2 + 35b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{c+dx}{2})}{d(a+b)}$$


---



---

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

```
output (b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*
x])^2) + ((b^2*(13*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 -
b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])) + ((2*(8*a^4 - 61*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*Sec[c +
d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d) + (((6*b^3*(24*a^4 - 65*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4
)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*
a*b^2*(8*a^4 - 61*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)
/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (6*b^2*(63*a^4 - 86*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c +
d*x]])/((a + b)*d)/a - (6*b*(24*a^4 - 65*a^2*b^2 + 35*b^4)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d
*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d)/(3*a))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))/(4*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

### 3.724.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3284 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[
2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]
```

```
rule 3717 Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)
*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]
```

---

3.724.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4332 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a^2)*d^3*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[d^3/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)*Simp[a^2*(n - 3) + a*b*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (a^2*(n - 2) + b^2*(m + 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IGtQ[n, 3] || (IntegersQ[n + 1/2, 2*m] && GtQ[n, 2]))`

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4586 `Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(b*f*(a^2 - b^2)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b^2*(n - 1) - a*(b*B - a*C)*(n - 1) + b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (b*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1) + C*(a^2*n + b^2*(m + 1)))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 4590 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*d*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1
)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(b*f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(b*(m + n + 1))
Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*C*(n - 1) + (
A*b*(m + n + 1) + b*C*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x] + (b*B*(m + n + 1) - a*C*n)*Csc
[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[a^2
- b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))/Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.724.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2100 vs.  $2(499) = 998$ .

Time = 160.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2101, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2101

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^3*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))-6/a^4*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*b^2/a^2*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(...`

### 3.724.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.724.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.724.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`**3.724.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.724.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.725**      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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 3.725.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5602  
 3.725.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5603  
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 3.725.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5611  
 3.725.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5611  
 3.725.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 5611  
 3.725.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5612  
 3.725.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5612

**3.725.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 388

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{b(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^3 (a-b)^2 (a+b)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4a^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a (a^2 - b^2) d (b + a \sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b^2 (11a^2 - 5b^2) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \sec(c+dx))}$$



output  $\frac{1}{2}b^2 \sec(dx+c)^{5/2} \sin(dx+c) / a / (a^2-b^2) / d / (b+a \sec(dx+c))^{2+1/4} b^2 (11a^2-5b^2) \sec(dx+c)^{3/2} \sin(dx+c) / a^2 / (a^2-b^2)^2 / d / (b+a \sec(dx+c)) + 1/4 (8a^4-29a^2b^2+15b^4) \sin(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / a^3 / (a^2-b^2)^2 / d - 1/4 (8a^4-29a^2b^2+15b^4) (\cos(1/2 dx+1/2 c))^2)^{1/2} / \cos(1/2 dx+1/2 c) \operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2 dx+1/2 c), 2^{1/2}) \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / a^3 / (a^2-b^2)^2 / d + 1/4 b (11a^2-5b^2) (\cos(1/2 dx+1/2 c))^2)^{1/2} / \cos(1/2 dx+1/2 c) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2 dx+1/2 c), 2^{1/2}) \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / a^2 / (a^2-b^2)^2 / d - 1/4 b (35a^4-38a^2b^2+15b^4) (\cos(1/2 dx+1/2 c))^2)^{1/2} / \cos(1/2 dx+1/2 c) \operatorname{EllipticPi}(\sin(1/2 dx+1/2 c), 2b/(a+b), 2^{1/2}) \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / a^3 / (a-b)^2 / (a+b)^3 / d$

### 3.725.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a(16a^6-24a^4b^2-13a^2b^4+15b^6+(32a^5b-94a^3b^3+50ab^5) \cos(c+dx)+(8a^4b^2-29a^2b^4+15b^6) \cos(2(c+dx))) \tan(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{4 \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}{(a^2-b^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $((2a(16a^6-24a^4b^2-13a^2b^4+15b^6+(32a^5b-94a^3b^3+50ab^5) \cos(c+dx)+(8a^4b^2-29a^2b^4+15b^6) \cos(2(c+dx))) \tan(c+dx)) / (a^2-b^2)^2 - (4 \cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx)) \cot(c+dx) * (b+a \sec(c+dx)) * (-8a^5+29a^3b^2-15ab^4+8a^5 \sec^2(c+dx)-29a^3b^2 \sec^2(c+dx)+15ab^4 \sec^2(c+dx)-a(8a^4-29a^2b^2+15b^4) \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}], -1] \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\tan(c+dx)^2} + (8a^5+24a^4b-29a^3b^2-33a^2b^3+15ab^4+15b^5) \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}], -1] \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\tan(c+dx)^2} - 35a^4b \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}], -1] \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\tan(c+dx)^2} + 38a^2b^3 \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}], -1] \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\tan(c+dx)^2} - 15b^5 \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(a/b), \operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}], -1] \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\tan(c+dx)^2})) / ((a-b)^2(a+b)^2)) / (16a^4d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)})$

$$3.725. \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

**3.725.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 23,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4586, 27, 3042, 4590, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}}{(a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4332} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3b^2-4a\sec(c+dx)b+(4a^2-5b^2)\sec^2(c+dx))}{2(b+a\sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(3b^2-4a\sec(c+dx)b+(4a^2-5b^2)\sec^2(c+dx))}{(b+a\sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}(3b^2-4a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(4a^2-5b^2)\csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4586}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.725.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( (11a^2 - 5b^2)b^2 - 4a(4a^2 - b^2) \sec(c+dx)b + (8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) \sec^2(c+dx) \right) dx}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx)) a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( (11a^2 - 5b^2)b^2 - 4a(4a^2 - b^2) \sec(c+dx)b + (8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) \sec^2(c+dx) \right) dx}{b+a \sec(c+dx) 2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \left( (11a^2 - 5b^2)b^2 - 4a(4a^2 - b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b + (8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) \csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) 2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 4590

$$\frac{2 \int - \frac{3b(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \sec^2(c+dx) + 4a(2a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \sec(c+dx) + b(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx + \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \int \frac{3b(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \sec^2(c+dx) + 4a(2a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \sec(c+dx) + b(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.725.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{\int \frac{3b(8a^4 - 11b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + 4a(2a^4 - 10b^2a^2 + 5b^4) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + b(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) dx}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

4594

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b^2(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} b^2} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{\int \frac{b^2(8a^4 - 29b^2a^2 + 15b^4) - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} b^2} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

4274

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b^2}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^3(11a^2 - 5b^2)}{b^2}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

---

3.725.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 4258

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 4336

---

3.725.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx + \frac{2b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx + \frac{2b^2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{a}}{2a(a^2 - b^2)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2} + \frac{b^2(11a^2 - 5b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{ad(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)} + \frac{2(8a^4 - 29a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad} - \frac{2b(35a^4 - 38a^2b^2 + 15b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}, c+dx)}{d(a+b)}$$

```
input Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3,x]
```

```
output (b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + ((b^2*(11*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])) + (-(((2*b^2*(8*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*b^3*(11*a^2 - 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (2*b*(35*a^4 - 38*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/((a + b)*d))/a + (2*(8*a^4 - 29*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d))/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2))/(4*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

3.725.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

## 3.725.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`
- rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`
- rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`
- rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4332 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a^2)*d^3*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[d^3/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)*Simp[a^2*(n - 3) + a*b*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (a^2*(n - 2) + b^2*(m + 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IGtQ[n, 3] || (IntegersQ[n + 1/2, 2*m] && GtQ[n, 2]))`

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4586 `Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(b*f*(a^2 - b^2)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b^2*(n - 1) - a*(b*B - a*C)*(n - 1) + b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (b*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1) + C*(a^2*n + b^2*(m + 1)))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 4590 `Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*d*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(b*f*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*C*(n - 1) + (A*b*(m + n + 1) + b*C*(m + n))*Csc[e + f*x] + (b*B*(m + n + 1) - a*C*n)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`



```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))/ (Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.725.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1964 vs.  $2(436) = 872$ .

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1965, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1965

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^3/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2/(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))-2/a*b*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-
3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)
/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/
(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2
))*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3/8*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9/8*b/(a^2...
```

$$3.725. \quad \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

**3.725.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.725.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3, x)`**3.725.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`

**3.725.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.725.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.726**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

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**3.726.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{(7a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a (a^2 - b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{3(5a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a^2 (a-b)^2 (a+b)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2a (a^2 - b^2) d (b + a \sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/2*b^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+3/4*b
^2*(3*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+
c))-3/4*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a
^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*(7*a^2-b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/
a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+3/4*(5*a^4-2*a^2*b^2+b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c
)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^3/d
```

### 3.726.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ab^2(11a^3-5ab^2+(9a^2b-3b^3)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2} + \frac{4\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))\cot(c+dx)(b+a\sec(c+dx))}{(a^2-b^2)^2} (3ab(3a^2-b^2)E(\arcsin(\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}))$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `((4*a*b^2*(11*a^3 - 5*a*b^2 + (9*a^2*b - 3*b^3)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2 + (4*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Cot[c + d*x]*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))*(3*a*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + (8*a^4 - 9*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + 3*b^4)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 3*(a*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + (5*a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)/(16*a^3*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

### 3.726.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4586, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

↓ 3717

---

3.726.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4332} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b^2-4a \sec(c+dx)b+(4a^2-3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{2(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b^2-4a \sec(c+dx)b+(4a^2-3b^2) \sec^2(c+dx))}{(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b^2-4a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(4a^2-3b^2) \csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4586} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3(3a^2-b^2)b^2+4a(4a^2-b^2) \sec(c+dx)b-(8a^4-5b^2a^2+3b^4) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3(3a^2-b^2)b^2+4a(4a^2-b^2) \sec(c+dx)b-(8a^4-5b^2a^2+3b^4) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3(3a^2-b^2)b^2+4a(4a^2-b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(-8a^4+5b^2a^2-3b^4) \csc^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.726.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4594 \\
 & \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3(3a^2-b^2)b^3+a(7a^2-b^2)\sec(c+dx)b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}b^2} dx - 3(5a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a\sec(c+dx)} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3(3a^2-b^2)b^3+a(7a^2-b^2)\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}b^2} dx - 3(5a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 4274 \\
 & \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}dx + 3b^3(3a^2-b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}dx - 3(5a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + 3b^3(3a^2-b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - 3(5a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 4258 \\
 & \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx + 3b^3(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx - 3(5a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)\int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \\
 & \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
 & \frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.726.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+3b^3(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{b^2} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{6b^3(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{2ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}+\frac{6b^3(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 4336

$$\frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{2ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}+\frac{6b^3(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2ab^2(7a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{d}+\frac{6b^3(3a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2} = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2\sin(c+dx)\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a\sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

---

3.726.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3284 \\
 \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} + \\
 \frac{3b^2(3a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2ab^2(7a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} + \frac{6b^3(3a^2-b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d} \\
 \hline
 4a(a^2-b^2)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(b^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (-1/2*(((6*b^3*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (2*a*b^2*(7*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 - (6*(5*a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b)*d)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (3*b^2*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))/(4*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.726.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*Sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4332 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a^2)*d^3*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[d^3/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 3)*Simp[a^2*(n - 3) + a*b*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (a^2*(n - 2) + b^2*(m + 1))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IGtQ[n, 3] || (IntegerQ[n + 1/2, 2*m] && GtQ[n, 2]))`

rule 4336 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(3/2)/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]] Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 4586 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a +
b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(b*f*(a^2 - b^2)*(m + 1)
), x] + Simp[d/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(
d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[A*b^2*(n - 1) - a*(b*B - a*C)*(n - 1) + b*(a*A
- b*B + a*C)*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] - (b*(A*b - a*B)*(m + n + 1) + C*(a^2*n
+ b^2*(m + 1)))*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C
}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.
))/(Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.726.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1175 vs.  $2(373) = 746$ .

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1176

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2- \\ & b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & /((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/2*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & /((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & )*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+1/2/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a \\ & *(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/ \\ & 2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}) \\ & *b+3/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2* \\ & d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^2-9/4*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+ \\ & 1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4 \\ & +\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3/4*b^3 \\ & /a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)} \\ & /(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1 \\ & /2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+9/4*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2* \\ & \cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^ \\ & 2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3/4*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2\dots \end{aligned}$$

### 3.726.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.726.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3, x)`

**3.726.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.726.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.726.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.727**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.727.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 317

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{(5a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} \\ &+ \frac{3(a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4b(a^2 - b^2)^2 d} \\ &- \frac{(3a^4 + 10a^2b^2 - b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4a(a-b)^2 b(a+b)^3 d} \\ &+ \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2a(a^2 - b^2) d(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b(7a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(b+a \sec(c+dx))} \end{aligned}$$

output `1/2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))^2-1/4*b*(7*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))+1/4*(5*a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+3/4*(a^2+b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-1/4*(3*a^4+10*a^2*b^2-b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a-b)^2/b/(a+b)^3/d`

**3.727.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b(7a^3 - ab^2 + b(5a^2 + b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \cot(c + dx) (5a^3 b \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) + ab^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) - 5a^3 b \cos(2(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) - ab^3 \cos(2(c + dx)) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx))}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output

```
((-4*b*(7*a^3 - a*b^2 + b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (2*Cot[c + d*x]*(5*a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) + a*b^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - 5*a^3*b*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - a*b^3*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2) - 2*a*b*(5*a^2 + b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 2*b*(5*a^3 - 7*a^2*b + a*b^2 + b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 6*a^4*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 20*a^2*b^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 2*b^4*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(a^2*(a - b)^2*b*(a + b^2))/(16*d)
```

**3.727.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4332, 27, 3042, 4588, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

---

3.727.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3717} \\
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{4332} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{b^2+4a \sec(c+dx)b-(4a^2-b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{2a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2+4a \sec(c+dx)b-(4a^2-b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2+4a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+(b^2-4a^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{4588} \\
& \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \int -\frac{((7a^2-b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)b^2)+(5a^2+b^2)b^2+4a(2a^2+b^2) \sec(c+dx)b}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \int -\frac{((7a^2-b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)b^2)+(5a^2+b^2)b^2+4a(2a^2+b^2) \sec(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.727.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-((7a^2-b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^2) + (5a^2+b^2)b^2 + 4a(2a^2+b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4594 \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2+b^2)b^3 + 3a(a^2+b^2) \sec(c+dx)b^2}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} - (3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx \\
& \frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(5a^2+b^2)b^3 + 3a(a^2+b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - (3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{3ab^2(a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx + b^3(5a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} - (3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{3ab^2(a^2+b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + b^3(5a^2+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} - (3a^4+10a^2b^2-b^4) \int \frac{\csc^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
& \frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2)}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.727.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{3ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} - (3a^4 - 2b^4)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{3ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} - (3a^4 - 2b^4)$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{3ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} - (3a^4 - 2b^4)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{6ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2) + \frac{2b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} - (3a^4 - 2b^4)$$

↓ 4336

$$\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{6ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2) + \frac{2b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d}}{b^2}}{4a(a^2-b^2)} - (3a^4 - 2b^4)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{6ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + 2b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d b^2}}{\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2ad(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{6ab^2(a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + 2b^3(5a^2+b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d b^2}}{\frac{b(7a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{4a(a^2-b^2)}}$$

```
input Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]
```

```
output (b^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((2*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - (-1/2*(((2*b^3*(5*a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d + (6*a*b^2*(a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 - (2*(3*a^4 + 10*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/((a + b)*d))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)) + (b*(7*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))/(4*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

3.727.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3284  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(f*(a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d]))*\text{EllipticPi}[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - \text{Pi}/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c + d, 0]$

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4332  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n_.)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a^2)*d^3*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 3)})/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[d^3/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 3)}*\text{Simp}[a^2*(n - 3) + a*b*(m + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - (a^2*(n - 2) + b^2*(m + 1))*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IGtQ}[n, 3] || (\text{IntegersQ}[n + 1/2, 2*m] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 2]))$

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(3/2)}/((\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

```
rule 4588 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.
))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a
_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc
[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Sim
p[1/(a*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f
*x])^n*Simp[a*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n +
1) - a*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] + (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m
+ n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x
] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(ILtQ[m + 1/2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.
))/(Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.727.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1735 vs.  $2(369) = 738$ .

Time = 8.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1736, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1736

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/b*(-1/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-1/2/a/(a+b)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+1/2/(a^2-b^2)*b/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2))+1/a/(a^2-b^2)/(-2*a*b+2*b^2)*b^3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),-2*b/(a-b),2^(1/2)))-2/b*a*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin...`

### 3.727.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.727.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.727.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.727.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`



**3.727.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.728**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.728.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5635  
 3.728.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5636  
 3.728.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5636  
 3.728.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5642  
 3.728.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 5643  
 3.728.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5644  
 3.728.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5644  
 3.728.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5644  
 3.728.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5645

**3.728.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4b(a^2-b^2)^2d}$$

$$+ \frac{a(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4b^2(a^2-b^2)^2d}$$

$$- \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b},\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4(a-b)^2b^2(a+b)^3d}$$

$$- \frac{b\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2)d(b+a\sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{3(a^2+b^2)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{4(a^2-b^2)^2d(b+a\sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output -1/2*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+3/4*(a^2
+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))-1/4*(a^2+
5*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+1/4*a
*(a^2-7*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2
/d-1/4*(a^4-10*a^2*b^2-3*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(
d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-b)^2/b^2/(a+b)^3/d
```

**3.728.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2(3a(a^2+b^2)+b(a^2+5b^2)\cos(c+dx))\sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2} + \frac{4\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))\cot(c+dx)(b+a\sec(c+dx))(a^3b+5ab^3-a^3b\sec^2(c+dx)-5ab^3)}{(a^2-b^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((4*b^2*(3*a*(a^2 + b^2) + b*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 + (4*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Cot[c + d*x]*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*(a^3*b + 5*a*b^3 - a^3*b*Sec[c + d*x]^2 - 5*a*b^3*Sec[c + d*x]^2 + a*b*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + b*(-a^3 + 3*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + a^4*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 10*a^2*b^2*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 3*b^4*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)/(16*b^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])
```

**3.728.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4331, 27, 3042, 4588, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

---

3.728.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3717} \\
& \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{(a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{4331} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{-3b \sec^2(c+dx)+4a \sec(c+dx)+b}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3b \sec^2(c+dx)+4a \sec(c+dx)+b}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} dx}{4(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+4a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx}{4(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{4588} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{12a \sec(c+dx)b^2-3(a^2+b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)b+(a^2+5b^2)b}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{12a \sec(c+dx)b^2-3(a^2+b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)b+(a^2+5b^2)b}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(b+a \sec(c+dx))} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.728.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{12a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) b^2 - 3(a^2+b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b + (a^2+5b^2)b}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4594 \\
& \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2) - ab(a^2-7b^2) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx}{b} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2) - ab(a^2-7b^2) \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4274 \\
& \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - ab(a^2-7b^2) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab(a^2-7b^2) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \\
& \frac{4(a^2-b^2)}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258
\end{aligned}$$

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3.728.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx - ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx - ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2+3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 4336

$$\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))} dx}{b} + \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} + \frac{2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.728.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{(a^4-10a^2b^2-3b^4)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b} + \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d}}{4(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

↓ 3284

$$\frac{\frac{3(a^2+b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} - \frac{2b^2(a^2+5b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d} - \frac{2ab(a^2-7b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{b^2}}{4(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$\frac{b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2}$$

```
input Int[1/((a + b*cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output -1/2*(b*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) + (-1/2*(((2*b^2*(a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*a*b*(a^2 - 7*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (2*(a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2 - 3*b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(b*(a + b)*d))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)) + (3*(a^2 + b^2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))/(4*(a^2 - b^2))
```

3.728.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3284  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)])*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(f*(a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d]))*\text{EllipticPi}[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - \text{Pi}/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c + d, 0]$

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(m)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n)})^{(p)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m - n*p)}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 4331  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(n)}*(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(m)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*d^2*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] - \text{Simp}[d^2/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}*(a*(n - 2) + b*(m + 1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - a*(m + n)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[1, n, 2] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n]$

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(d_.))^{(3/2)}/(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$



```
rule 4588 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.
))*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^n*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a
_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc
[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Sim
p[1/(a*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Csc[e + f
*x])^n*Simp[a*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n +
1) - a*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1)*Csc[e + f*x] + (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m
+ n + 2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x
] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(ILtQ[m + 1/2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.
))/(Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.728.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1835 vs.  $2(354) = 708$ .

Time = 8.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1836, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1836

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-(-2\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-4/b/(-2*a*b+2 \\ & *b^2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*s \\ & \sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c),-2*b/(a-b),2^{(1/2)})+2*a^2/b^2*(-1/2/a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & *(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2 \\ & *c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*si \\ & n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a \\ & -b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c \\ & )^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*Elliptic \\ & F(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2* \\ & d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2 \\ & -b^2)/a^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/( \\ & -2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+ \\ & 1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})*b^2-9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos \\ & (1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+3/8*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1 \\ & /2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1 \\ & /2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+ \\ & 9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2\dots \end{aligned}$$

### 3.728.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.728.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.728.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.728.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.728.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

**3.729**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

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**3.729.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 319

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3a(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4b^2(a^2-b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^4-5a^2b^2+8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4b^3(a^2-b^2)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{3a(a^4-2a^2b^2+5b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{4(a-b)^2 b^3 (a+b)^3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{a \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2(a^2-b^2) d (b+a \sec(c+dx))^2} + \frac{a(a^2-7b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4b(a^2-b^2)^2 d (b+a \sec(c+dx))}$$

```
output 1/2*a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))^2+1/4*a*(a^
2-7*b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(b+a*sec(d*x+c))-3/4*
a*(a^2-3*b^2)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^
2/d+1/4*(3*a^4-5*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/b^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-3/4*a*(a^4-2*a^2*b^2+5*b^4)*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticPi(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2*b/(a+b),2^(1/2))*c
os(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a-b)^2/b^3/(a+b)^3/d
```

**3.729.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ab^2(a^3 - 7ab^2 + 3b(a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{\cot(c + dx) (-6ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin^2(c + dx) + 6ab(a^2 - 3b^2) E(\arcsin(\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}))}{(a^2 - b^2)^2 (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
((2*a*b^2*(a^3 - 7*a*b^2 + 3*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]) + (Cot[c + d*x]*(-6*a*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + 6*a*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] - 2*b*(3*a^3 - a^2*b - 9*a*b^2 + 7*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2] + 6*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*EllipticPi[-(a/b), ArcSin[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]], -1]*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2)/(8*b^3*d)
```

**3.729.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4330, 27, 3042, 4588, 27, 3042, 4594, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119, 3120, 4336, 3042, 3284}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3} dx$$

---

3.729.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\left(a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+b\right)^3} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int -\frac{-3a \sec^2(c+dx)+4b \sec(c+dx)+a}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2}} dx + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} && \downarrow \text{4330} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-3a \sec^2(c+dx)+4b \sec(c+dx)+a}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)(b+a \sec(c+dx))^2}} dx}{4(a^2-b^2)} && \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-3a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2+4b \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+a}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^2}} dx}{4(a^2-b^2)} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-a(a^2-7b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)-4b(a^2+2b^2) \sec(c+dx)+3a(a^2-3b^2)}{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)(b+a \sec(c+dx))}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} && \downarrow \text{4588} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-a(a^2-7b^2) \sec^2(c+dx)-4b(a^2+2b^2) \sec(c+dx)+3a(a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)(b+a \sec(c+dx))}} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} && \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-a(a^2-7b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2-4b(a^2+2b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+3a(a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-a(a^2-7b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2-4b(a^2+2b^2) \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+3a(a^2-3b^2)}{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(b+a \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}} dx}{2b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{a(a^2-7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)} && \downarrow \text{4594}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.729.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{b+a \sec(c+dx)} dx + \frac{3ab(a^2 - 3b^2) - (3a^4 - 5b^2a^2 + 8b^4) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2} - \frac{a(a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4(a^2 - b^2)} -$$

3042

$$\frac{\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{3ab(a^2 - 3b^2) + (-3a^4 + 5b^2a^2 - 8b^4) \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2} - \frac{a(a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4(a^2 - b^2)} -$$

4274

$$\frac{\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{3ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx - (3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} dx}{b^2}}{b^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2} - \frac{a(a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4(a^2 - b^2)} -$$

3042

$$\frac{\frac{3ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \int \sqrt{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}}{b^2} + \frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)^2} - \frac{a(a^2 - 7b^2) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}}{4(a^2 - b^2)} -$$

4258

$$\frac{\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{3ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx - (3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

3042

---

3.729.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{3ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2} -$$

3119

$$\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - (3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2} -$$

3120

$$\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \int \frac{\csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{b+a \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2(3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2} -$$

4336

$$\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2(3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2} -$$

3042

$$\frac{3a(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + 5b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{6ab(a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) - 2(3a^4 - 5a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b(a^2 - b^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{2d(a^2 - b^2)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2} -$$

3284

---

3.729.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\frac{a \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{2d(a^2-b^2)(a \sec(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{6a(a^4-2a^2b^2+5b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2 d(a+b)} + \frac{6ab(a^2-3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d} - \frac{2(3a^4-5a^2b^2+8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(a^2-b^2)}{4(a^2-b^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(a*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])^2) - (((6*a*b*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d - (2*(3*a^4 - 5*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/d)/b^2 + (6*a*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + 5*b^4)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticPi[(2*b)/(a + b), (c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])/(b^2*(a + b)*d)/(2*b*(a^2 - b^2)) - (a*(a^2 - 7*b^2)*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x]))/(4*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.729.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3284 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(f*(a + b)*sqrt[c + d]))*EllipticPi[2*(b/(a + b)), (1/2)*(e - Pi/2 + f*x), 2*(d/(c + d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[c + d, 0]`

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^m*((a\_.) + (b\_.)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^{n\_})^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{(n*p)} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m - n*p}*(b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]

rule 4274  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^n*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b/d \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n+1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]

rule 4330  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^n*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*d*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m+1}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n-1}/(f*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m+1}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{n-1}*\text{Simp}[b*d*(n-1) + a*d*(m+1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] - b*d*(m+n+1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2\*m, 2\*n]

rule 4336  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^{3/2}/(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]*(b + a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

rule 4588  $\text{Int}[(A\_.) + \text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(B\_.) + \text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^2*(C\_.)*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.)^n*(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) + (a\_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m+1}*((d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n/(a*f*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m+1}*(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^n*\text{Simp}[a*(A*A - b*B + a*C)*(m+1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m+n+1) - a*(A*b - a*B + b*C)*(m+1)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x] + (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m+n+2)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(ILtQ[m + 1/2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0])

```
rule 4594 Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.
))/ (Sqrt[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.)]*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a
_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)/(a^2*d^2) Int[(d*Csc[e +
f*x])^(3/2)/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/a^2 Int[(a*A - (A*b - a
*B)*Csc[e + f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e + f*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### 3.729.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1913 vs.  $2(371) = 742$ .

Time = 9.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1914, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.00

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1914

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2/b^3*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2/
b^3*a^3*(-1/2*a*b^2/(a^2-b^2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)^2-3/4*b^2*(3*a^
2-b^2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(2*b*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)-7/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)*(s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/
2))+1/4/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b+3/8/(a+b)/(a^2-b^2)/a^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*b^2-9/8*b/
(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)
/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3/8*b^3/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9/8*b/(a^2-b^2)^2*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+...
```

**3.729.5 Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**3.729.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.729.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.729.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.729.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3), x)`

### 3.730 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.730.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5656
3.730.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5657
3.730.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5657
3.730.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5661
3.730.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5662
3.730.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5663
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3.730.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5663
3.730.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5664

#### 3.730.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 369

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(9a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{15a^3 d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(9a + 2b) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{15a^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{15ad} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/15*b*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d+2/5*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/15*(a-b)*(9*a^2-2*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a^3/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/15*(a-b)*(9*a+2*b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.730.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 23.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= 2 \left( \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec(c+dx)} \left(-2(9a^3+9a^2b-2ab^2-2b^3)E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\middle|\frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\sec(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \sec(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\sec(c+dx))}} + 2a(9a^2+7ab) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*((Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(-2*(9*a^3 + 9*a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] + 2*a*(9*a^2 + 7*a*b - 2*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] - (9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + a*(b + 3*a*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])))/(15*a^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))]`

### 3.730.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}}dx$$

↓ 3275

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2}{5}\int\frac{2b\cos^2(c+dx)+3a\cos(c+dx)+b}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\int\frac{2b\cos^2(c+dx)+3a\cos(c+dx)+b}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\int\frac{2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3534

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{9a^2+7b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{\int\frac{9a^2+7b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{\int\frac{9a^2+7b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)+\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)$$

↓ 3477

---

3.730.  $\int\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{(9a^2-2b^2)\int\frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx-(a-b)(9a+2b)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{(9a^2-2b^2)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-(a-b)(9a+2b)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{3a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{(9a^2-2b^2)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a+2b)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}}{3a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2-2b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)-\frac{a}{a-b}}{a^2d}\right)\right)$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(3*a) + (2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/5
```

## 3.730.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3275 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Ssin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Ssin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.730.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2114 vs.  $2(329) = 658$ .

Time = 10.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2115, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.73

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2115

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-2/15/d*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(4*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4+14*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4-9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+7*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+9*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3-3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a^3-4*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*a^2*b-18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+co...`

### 3.730.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.730.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.730.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.730.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.730.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.731 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.731.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5665
3.731.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5666
3.731.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5666
3.731.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5669
3.731.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5670
3.731.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5671
3.731.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5671
3.731.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5671
3.731.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5672

#### 3.731.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{3a^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{3ad \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/3*(a-b)*b*csc(d
*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b
)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1/2
))*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a-b)*csc(d*x+
c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(
a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(
a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```



**3.731.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 14.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( -4b(a + b) \cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b)(1 + \cos(c + dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right) \middle| \frac{-a + b}{a + b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \sec(c + dx)}} \right)}{3a^2 d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-4*b*(a + b)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)] + 4*a*(a + b)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)] + (2*a^2 + a*b + b^2 + 2*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[c + d*x] + b*(a + b)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*a*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.731.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

 3.731.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3275

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{b+a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b+a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b+a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)}{a^2d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{a^2d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) + (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/3 + (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))`

### 3.731.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3275 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.731.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1200 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 11.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1201, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1201

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-2/3/d*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)^4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+cos(d*x+c)^4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b-cos(d*x+c)^4*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b-cos(d*x+c)^4*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*...`

### 3.731.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.731.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.731.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.731.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.731.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.732 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

3.732.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5673
3.732.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5674
3.732.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5674
3.732.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5677
3.732.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5677
3.732.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5678
3.732.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5678
3.732.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5678
3.732.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5679

#### 3.732.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*(a-b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)
)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*(a-b)
*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),
((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)
)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```



### 3.732.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) + \frac{(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} \left( E \left( \arcsin \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \frac{-a+b}{a+b} \right) - \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\sec^2 \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \right)} \sqrt{\cos^2 \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \right)}} \right)}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x] + (-(((a + b)*Sqrt[t[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])]/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*(EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]) - (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]])))/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.732.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3274, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3274} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3473} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))`

## 3.732.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3274 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c - d)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.732.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 769 vs.  $2(245) = 490$ .

Time = 9.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

method	result
default	$2 \left( -\frac{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}{\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1 \right) \left( -\sqrt{-\csc^2(dx+c)(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \sqrt{\csc^2(dx+c)} \right)$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/d*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1) \\ & )^{3/2}*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \\ & *a(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \\ & *b(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \\ & *a(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) \\ & *b+\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*a-\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*b+a*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))+b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{1/2}/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1) \end{aligned}$$
**3.732.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.732.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

**3.732.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.732.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.732.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.732.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.733 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

3.733.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5680
3.733.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5680
3.733.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5681
3.733.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	5682
3.733.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5683
3.733.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5683
3.733.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5683
3.733.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5684
3.733.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5684

#### 3.733.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b}{a + b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a + bd}}$$

output

```
-2*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),b/(a+b),((-a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(a+b)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.733.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \left( (a - b) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right), \frac{-a + b}{a + b}\right) + 2b \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-1, \arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) \right)}{(a + b)d \sqrt{\frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{a + b}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]
```

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((a - b)*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*b*\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]/((a + b)*d*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]/(a + b))$

### 3.733.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3290}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4710$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3290$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\cos(c + dx) + 1)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b}{a + b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a + b}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]], x]$



```
output (-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])]*S
qrt[(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[
c + d*x]*EllipticPi[b/(a + b), ArcSin[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]], -((a - b)/(a + b))]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a +
b]*d)
```

### 3.733.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3290 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])/(d*f*Rt[(a + b)/
(c + d), 2]*Cos[e + f*x]))*Sqrt[(b*c - a*d)*((1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((c - d)*(a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x])))]*Sqrt[(- (b*c - a*d))*((1 - Sin[e + f*x])/((c + d)*(a +
b*Sin[e + f*x])))]*EllipticPi[b*((c + d)/(d*(a + b))), ArcSin[Rt[(a + b)/
(c + d), 2]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])], (a - b)*((
c + d)/((a + b)*(c - d))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/(c + d)]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.733.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}}\left(F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)a-F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)b+2b\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)}b}$

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-2/d*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a-EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b+2*b*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1+cos(d*x+c))`

### 3.733.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.733.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.733.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.733.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.733.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

$$3.734 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.734.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5685
3.734.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5686
3.734.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5687
3.734.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5692
3.734.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5692
3.734.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5693
3.734.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5693
3.734.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5693
3.734.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5694

### 3.734.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 431

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d}$$

output `sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-(a-b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-a*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/b/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.734.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2995 vs.  $2(431) = 862$ .

Time = 19.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2995, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output (Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*(8*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1
+ Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*
EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 16*a*Sqrt[Cos[c +
d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d
*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 16*a*E
llipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x
])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] + 2*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(-Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/
2])))/(16*d*((1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((b*Sec[(c
+ d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]*(8*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*
x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x
]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 16*a*Sqrt[Cos
[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[
c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 1
6*a*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c
+ d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] + 2*
(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(-Sin[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(3*(c + d
*x))/2])))/(32*((1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(-1))^(3/2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
- (3*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 + Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]*(8*(a + b)*Sq
rt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*...
```

### 3.734.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3533, 27, 3042, 3280, 3042, 3288, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

---

3.734.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}dx \\
 & \downarrow 3300 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{ab-ab\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab-ab\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab-ab\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3533 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx - ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3280
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.734.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \left( \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{a^2d} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{a^2d} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`



```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/2*((2*a*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]
*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[C
os[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*S
qrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d + a*b*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c
+ d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c
+ d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(
a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -
((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c
+ d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/b + (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d
*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))
```

### 3.734.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3280 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin
[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin
[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[b/(a - b) Int[(1 + Si
n[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c
*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*Ellipti
cPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c +
d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 -
d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3300 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3533 `Int[((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C - 2*a*b*C*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)])*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.734.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1068 vs.  $2(391) = 782$ .

Time = 6.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1069, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1069

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b*cos(d*x+c)-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*cos(d*x+c)+4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b-4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a+2*sec(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-sec(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)...
```

**3.734.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.734.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.734.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.734.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.734.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.735** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.735.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5695
3.735.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5696
3.735.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5697
3.735.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5703
3.735.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5703
3.735.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5704
3.735.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5704
3.735.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5704
3.735.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5705

**3.735.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 498

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4b^2d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4bd}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/4*a*\sin(dx+c)*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}/b/d-1/4*(a-b)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b)^{1/2}/b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/4*(a+2*b)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b)^{1/2}/b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/4*(a^2-4*b^2)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b)^{1/2}/b^2/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.735.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 15.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 837, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(2(c+dx))}{4d} - \frac{a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + 2ab \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) - ab \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output  $(\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin[2(c + dx)] / (4d) + (-a^2 \tan[(c + dx)/2]) - a b \tan[(c + dx)/2] + 2 a^2 b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 + a^2 \tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - a b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 2 a^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1, \operatorname{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] \sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2} \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (a + b)} - 8 b^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1, \operatorname{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] \sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2} \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (a + b)} + 2 a^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1, \operatorname{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 \sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2} \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (a + b)} - 8 b^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1, \operatorname{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 \sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2} \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (a + b)} - a(a + b) \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] \sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2} (1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (a + b)} - 2(a - 2b) b \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] \sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2} (1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (a + b)} / (4 b d \sqrt{(1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)^{-1}} (-1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) (1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{(a + b + a \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) / (1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)})$

### 3.735.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

---

3.735.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3300} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\cos(c+dx)b^2+a\cos^2(c+dx)b+ab}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\cos(c+dx)b^2+a\cos^2(c+dx)b+ab}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)b^2+a\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2b+ab}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3540} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{ba^2-2b^2\cos(c+dx)a+b(a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2-2b^2\cos(c+dx)a+b(a^2-4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.735.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2-2b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b(a^2-4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b}}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3532

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b-2ab^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + b(a^2-4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(a^2-4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{a^2b-2ab^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b-2ab^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a(1-\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}}{2b}}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2 b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - ab(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2 b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{d}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right]\right)}{d}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/b + (a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*b)`

## 3.735.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3300 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])3/2*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])3/2*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])3/2*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])2)/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])3/2*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])3/2*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])3/2*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.735.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1654 vs. 2(444) = 888.

Time = 7.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1655, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1655

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(2*((a+cos(d
*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-
b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b-4*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b
)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2+((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*
x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b-2*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)
*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+8*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*Ell
ipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(
d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2+4*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a
+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+c
os(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b-8*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)
/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(
1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2+2*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-
b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)
)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+2*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),
(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos...
```

**3.735.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### 3.735.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### 3.735.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.735.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.735.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



### 3.736 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx$

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3.736.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5707
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#### 3.736.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 427

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}(41a^2 - 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{105a^3 d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(25a^2 - 57ab - 6b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{105a^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(25a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{105ad} + \frac{16b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{35d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output  $2/105*(25*a^2+3*b^2)*\sec(d*x+c)^{3/2}*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/a/d+16/35*b*\sec(d*x+c)^{5/2}*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/d+2/7*a*\sec(d*x+c)^{7/2}*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/d+4/105*(a-b)*b*(41*a^2-3*b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^3/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}+2/105*(a-b)*(25*a^2-57*a*b-6*b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^2/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.736.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec(c + dx)} \left(2b(-41a^3 - 41a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}\left(-\frac{4b(-41a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{105a^2} + \frac{2\sec(c+dx)(25a^2\sin(c+dx)+3b^2\sin(c+dx))}{105a}\right) + \frac{16}{35}b\sec(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output  $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(2*b*(-41*a^3 - 41*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])]/((a + b)*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*(25*a^3 + 82*a^2*b + 51*a*b^2 - 6*b^3)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])]/((a + b)*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*(-41*a^2 + 3*b^2)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/ (105*a^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2]) + (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*((-4*b*(-41*a^2 + 3*b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/ (105*a^2) + (2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*(25*a^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 3*b^2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])))/(105*a) + (16*b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/35 + (2*a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/7))/d$

**3.736.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{4ab\cos^2(c+dx) + (5a^2+7b^2)\cos(c+dx) + 8ab}{2\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{4ab\cos^2(c+dx) + (5a^2+7b^2)\cos(c+dx) + 8ab}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{4ab\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + (5a^2+7b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 8ab}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3534}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{44b\cos(c+dx)a^2+16b^2\cos^2(c+dx)a+(25a^2+3b^2)a}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{5a}+\frac{16b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{44b\cos(c+dx)a^2+16b^2\cos^2(c+dx)a+(25a^2+3b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{5a}+\frac{16b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{44b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+16b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a+(25a^2+3b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{5a}+\frac{16b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3534

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{(25a^2+51b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^2+2b(41a^2-3b^2)a}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2(25a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{16b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{(25a^2+51b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^2+2b(41a^2-3b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2(25a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{16b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{(25a^2+51b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+2b(41a^2-3b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2(25a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{16b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3477

---

3.736.  $\int(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2ab(41a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a(a-b)(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a(a-b)(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2ab(41a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2ab(41a^2-3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a(1-\cos(c+dx))}}{3a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(25a^2-57ab-6b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c
+ d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((16*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c
+ d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((4*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(41*a^2 - 3*
b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a +
b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) + (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(
25*a^2 - 57*a*b - 6*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c +
d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 -
Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/(3*a) + (
2*(25*a^2 + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x
]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/7)
```

### 3.736.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3278 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))),
x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c +
d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1)
+ (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a
*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1
] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2A(c - d) \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{f b c^2} \text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2] \sqrt{c(1 + \csc(e + fx))} / (c - d)] + \text{Simp}[c(1 - \csc(e + fx)) / (c + d)] \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}] / \sqrt{b \sin(e + fx)}] / \text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A - B)/(a - b) \int 1/(\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + fx)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}) dx, x] - \text{Simp}[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) \int (1 + \sin(e + fx))/(a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)} dx, x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +  

$$\int ((a + b \sin(e + fx))^m ((c + d \sin(e + fx))^n ((A + B \sin(e + fx)) + (C + f(x))^2)) dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*\text{Cos}[e + fx] * (a + b \sin(e + fx))^{m+1} ((c + d \sin(e + fx))^{n+1} / (f*(m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)))] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + fx))^n \text{Simp}[(m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m+n+2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*\text{Sin}[e + fx] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m+n+3)*\text{Sin}[e + fx]^2, x], x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a  

$$\int (\csc(a + bx))^m (c \sin(a + bx))^m \text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c \sin(a + bx))^m dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \csc(a + bx))^m (c \sin(a + bx))^m \text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c \sin(a + bx))^m, x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

### 3.736.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2508 vs. 2(381) = 762.

Time = 15.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2509, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2509

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/105/d*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(25*a^4*cos
(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+15*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+27*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^
4*sin(d*x+c)-6*cos(d*x+c)^5*b^4*sin(d*x+c)-12*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x
+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(c
os(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5-50*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-c
sc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1
/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^5-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x
+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b
))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-25*EllipticF(c
ot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*cos(d*x+c)^4-6*Ellipt
icE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d
*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4-8
2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/
(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*cos(d*
x+c)^4-51*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*
x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*
b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4+6*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((
a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(
1/2)*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4+164*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a...
```

### 3.736.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)
```

---

3.736.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx$



**3.736.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.736.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`**3.736.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.736.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.737 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.737.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 365

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{5a^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(a - b)(3a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{5ad \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
4/5*b*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/5*a*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/5*(a-b)*(3*a^2+b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/5*(a-b)*(3*a-b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.737.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)} (-2(3a^3 + 3a^2b + ab^2 + b^3) E(\arcsin(\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))) | \frac{-a+b}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\sec(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \sec(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\sec(c+dx))}} + 2a \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

output `(2*((Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(-2*(3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b + a*b^2 + b^3)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] + 2*a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] - (3*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((3*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + a*(2*b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])))/(5*a*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.737.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3278} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{2ab\cos^2(c+dx) + (3a^2+5b^2)\cos(c+dx) + 6ab}{2\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2ab\cos^2(c+dx) + (3a^2+5b^2)\cos(c+dx) + 6ab}{\cos^5(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\cos^5(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2ab\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + (3a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 6ab}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^5(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(4b\cos(c+dx)a^2 + (3a^2+b^2)a)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{4b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^5(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b\cos(c+dx)a^2 + (3a^2+b^2)a}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{4b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^5(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (3a^2+b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a} + \frac{4b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^5(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.737.  $\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{a(3a^2+b^2)\int\frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx-a(a-b)(3a-b)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{a(3a^2+b^2)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-a(a-b)(3a-b)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{a(3a^2+b^2)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-\frac{2(a-b)(3a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)-\frac{a}{a-b}}{ad}\right)\right)$$

```
input Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*(3*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/a + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/5)
```

## 3.737.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*SIN[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.737.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2113 vs.  $2(325) = 650$ .

Time = 13.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2114, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2114

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output `-2/5/d*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(-2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^4+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4-3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3-sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a^3-3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*a^2*b-6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))...`

### 3.737.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.737.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.737.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.737.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.737.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.738 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.738.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5725
3.738.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5726
3.738.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5726
3.738.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5729
3.738.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	5730
3.738.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5731
3.738.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5731
3.738.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5731
3.738.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5732

#### 3.738.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 317

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{8(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(a - 3b)(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2/3*a*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+8/3*(a-b)*b*csc
(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1
/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a-3*b)*(a-b)*
csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),
((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)
^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.738.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( 4 \cos^2 \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \right) \left( -4b(a + b) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(4*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(-4*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + (a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(Sin[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2])) + 2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(a + 4*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**3.738.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{5/2} \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.738.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3278

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 4ab \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-3b)(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (a-3b)(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4ab \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 4ab \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-3b)(a-b)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(a-3b)(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}\right)\right)}{ad} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((8*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) + (2*(a - 3*b)*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/3 + (2*a*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.738.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3278 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*Simp[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*Sine[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*Sine[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[1, n, 2] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sine[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sine[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.738.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1468 vs.  $2(283) = 566$ .

Time = 11.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1469, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1469

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output  $\frac{2}{3}d \sec(dx+c)^{5/2} / (1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+\cos(dx+c)*b)^{1/2} * (4*\cos(dx+c) ^4 * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * a*b + 4*\cos(dx+c)^4 * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * b^2 - \cos(dx+c)^4 * \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * a^2 - 4*\cos(dx+c)^4 * \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * a*b - 3*\cos(dx+c)^4 * \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * (\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * b^2 + 8*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * a*b*\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * \text{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * b^2*\cos(dx+c)^3 - 2*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * a^2*\cos(dx+c)^3 - 8*(\cos(dx+c)/(1+\cos(dx+c)))^{1/2} * ((a+\cos(dx+c)*b)/(1+\cos(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} * \text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) * a*b*\cos(dx+c)^3 - 6*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), (-a-b...$

### 3.738.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.738.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.738.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.738.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.738.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.739 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$

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3.739.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5734
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#### 3.739.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 397

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(a - 2b)\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*(a-b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)
)/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*(a-2*b)
*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),
((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)
)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*b*csc(d*x+c)*E
llipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1
/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.739.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 15.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 2ab \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - a^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + ab \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (2*(a^2
*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] - 2*a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^3 - a^2*
Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 - 2*b^2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[
Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a
+ b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*b^2*Ellipt
icPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sq
rt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c +
d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + a*(a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a +
b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*Sqrt[(a
+ b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - (a^2 + 2*a*
b - b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Ta
n[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2
]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)))/(d*Sqrt[(1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(-
1)]*(-1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b +
a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2))
```

**3.739.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3277, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

---

3.739.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( b^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + a \int \frac{a + 2b \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( b^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a \int \frac{a + 2b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( a \int \frac{a + 2b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b \sqrt{a + b} \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a}}}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( a \left( a \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) + 1}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - (a - 2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( a \left( a \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a - 2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3295}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\left(a\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-\frac{2(a-2b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)}{ad}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(a\left(\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{ad}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + a*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d) - (2*(a - 2*b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d))`

### 3.739.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3277 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^2/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b^2 Int[Simp[b*c + a*d + 2*b*d*Sin[e + f*x], x]/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^m_.*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.739.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1015 vs.  $2(361) = 722$ .

Time = 10.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1016, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1016

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)
)^(3/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))
*a^2-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d
*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*
x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+
1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2
+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b
^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c)
)^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)
-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(
1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b
)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b-2
*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-
csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2+csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-
csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+a^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+a*b*(csc(d*x
+c)-cot(d*x+c))*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d
*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*a*...
```

**3.739.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)
```

---

3.739.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$

**3.739.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.739.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.739.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.739.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.740 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.740.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 435

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(2a + b)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
output b*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-(a-b)*b*csc(d*x+c)*
EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b
))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(
1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(2*a+b)*csc(d*x+c)*Ellipti
cF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2
))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d
*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-3*a*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(
d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*
(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c
)))/(a-b))^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.740.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left(2b(a + b) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c + dx)}{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b)(1 + \cos(c + dx))}} E(\arcsin\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 4*a*(a - 2*b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 12*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.740.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\ & \downarrow 3300 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int -\frac{-2\cos(c+dx)a^2-3b\cos^2(c+dx)a+ba}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-2\cos(c+dx)a^2-3b\cos^2(c+dx)a+ba}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \\ & \downarrow 3532 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{ab-2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{b\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{ab-2a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{b\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 3288 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{ab-2a^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{b\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 3477 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-ab\int\frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx+a(2a+b)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(a(2a+b)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-ab\int\frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-ab\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(2a+b)\cot(c+dx)}{d}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(2a+b)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right)}{d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((( -2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) + (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a + b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (6*a*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/2 + (b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.740.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3300 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`



```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]
/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*
B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x
]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &
& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.740.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1361 vs.  $2(395) = 790$ .

Time = 8.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1362, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1362

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.740. \quad \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$$

output

```
-1/d*(EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)
*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(
d*x+c)^2+(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*c
os(d*x+c)^2+6*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d
*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)
/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))
^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d
*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(
a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+
cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2))*((a+
cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),
(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+12*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*
x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))
^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-
csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)-8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc
(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(...
```

### 3.740.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.740.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.740.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`**3.740.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.740.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

$$3.741 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.741.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5750
3.741.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5751
3.741.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5752
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3.741.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5760
3.741.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5761

### 3.741.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 493

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\middle|-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b}(5a+2b)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right),-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right),-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{4bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{4d} +$$

$$\frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{2d}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}/d+3/4*a*\sin(dx+c)*(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}/d-5/4*(a-b)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b))^{1/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/4*(5*a+2*b)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b))^{1/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}-1/4*(3*a^2+4*b^2)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c)))/(a+b)^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c)))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.741.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 15.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 845, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(2(c + dx))}{4d}$$

$$\frac{5a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 5ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 10ab \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 5a^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 5ab \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(b\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]}\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}\sin[2(c + dx)]/(4d) - (5a^2\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 5ab\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 10ab\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 - 5a^2\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 5ab\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 6a^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 8b^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 6a^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 8b^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 5a(a + b)\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 2(4a^2 - ab + 2b^2)\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)})/(4d\sqrt{(1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)^{-1}}(-1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)})$

### 3.741.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.760$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3526, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

---

3.741.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3300} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}(-2\cos(c+dx)b^2-3a\cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}(-2\cos(c+dx)b^2-3a\cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx}{4b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(-2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{4b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3526} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{5a\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+ab^2+2(2a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)b}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{2ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{5a\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+ab^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\frac{2ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \int \frac{5a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^2+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.741.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3540} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2a\cos(c+dx)b^3+5a^2b^2-(3a^2+4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2a\cos(c+dx)b^3+5a^2b^2-(3a^2+4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} - \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)}{4b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^3+5a^2b^2-(3a^2+4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3532} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2-2ab^3\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - b^2(3a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2-2ab^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b^2(3a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3288} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a^2b^2-2ab^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab^2(5a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^2(5a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{5a^2b^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) - (((10*(a - b)*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*(5*a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d + (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/(2*b) - (3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*b)`

### 3.741.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3300 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3526 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x] *(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[A*d*(b*d*m + a*c*(n + 1)) + (c*C - B*d)*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) - (d*(A*(a*d*(n + 2) - b*c*(n + 1)) + B*(b*d*(n + 1) - a*c*(n + 2))) - C*(b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*(c^2 + d^2*(n + 1)))]*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(d*(B*c - A*d)*(m + n + 2) - C*(c^2*(m + 1) + d^2*(n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])]*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.741.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1915 vs.  $2(439) = 878$ .

Time = 7.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1916, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1916

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(5*EllipticE
(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+
c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+2*Ellipt
icF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d
*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)-2*a*b
*sin(d*x+c)-4*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1
/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+
c)))^(1/2)*b^2+5*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))
^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d
*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+6*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)
/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(
1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+8*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,
(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d
*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2-7*a*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+5*EllipticE(co
t(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)+6*EllipticP
i(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(
d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)+8*El
lipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/
(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d...
```

**3.741.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.741.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.741.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)/sqrt(sec(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.741.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.741.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.741.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



$$3.742 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.742.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5762
3.742.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5763
3.742.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5764
3.742.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5772
3.742.5 Fracas [F(-1)] . . . . .	5772
3.742.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5773
3.742.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5773
3.742.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5773
3.742.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5774

### 3.742.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 568

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{a+b}}}{24abd\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(a + 2b)(3a + 8b) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{24bd\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + b}(a^2 - 12b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{8b^2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{24bd}$$

output  $1/3*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*\sin(d*x+c)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/4*a*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/24*(3*a^2+16*b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d-1/24*(a-b)*(3*a^2+16*b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/b/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/24*(a+2*b)*(3*a+8*b)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/b/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*a*(a^2-12*b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/b^2/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)$

### 3.742.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 14.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 961, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{12} b \sin(c + dx) + \frac{7}{24} a \sin(2(c + dx)) + \frac{1}{12} b \right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}} \left( 3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 3a^2 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 16ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 16b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])/12 + (7*a*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/24 + (b*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]/12))/d + (Sqrt[(1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(-1)]*(3*a^3*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + 3*a^2*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + 16*a*b^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + 16*b^3*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] - 6*a^2*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^3 - 32*b^3*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^3 - 3*a^3*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + 3*a^2*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 - 16*a*b^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + 16*b^3*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 - 6*a^3*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 72*a*b^2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*a^3*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 72*a*b^2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + (3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 16*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + 2*a*(7*a - 26*b)*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)...`

### 3.742.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.760$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3300, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

---

3.742.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3300} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}(4\cos(c+dx)b^2+3a\cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}(4\cos(c+dx)b^2+3a\cos^2(c+dx)b+ab)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(4\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+3a\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b+ab)}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{6b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))}{3d} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3528} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2\cos(c+dx)a+b(3a^2+16b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}}{6b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2\cos(c+dx)a+b(3a^2+16b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}}{6b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{7ba^2+26b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b(3a^2+16b^2)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d}}{6b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.742.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3540} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2 + 3a(a^2 - 12b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b + a(3a^2 + 16b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \\ \hline 6b \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{25} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-14a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2 + 3a(a^2 - 12b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b + a(3a^2 + 16b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) \right) \\ \hline 6b \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-14a^2 \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b^2 + 3a(a^2 - 12b^2) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 b + a(3a^2 + 16b^2)}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}}{2b} \right) \right) \\ \hline 6b \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3532} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2 + 16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab(3a^2 + 16b^2) - 14a^2b^2 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3ab(a^2 - 12b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) \right) \\ \hline 6b \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \hline \end{array}$$


---

3.742.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3ab(a^2-12b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2)-1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{2b} \right) \right)$$

6b

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2)-14a^2b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-12b^2)}{\dots}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(a+2b)(3)}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab(3a^2+16b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a}{d} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(3a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+16b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a}}}{ad} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c +
d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos
[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 +
16*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a +
b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x])]/(
a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])]/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(a
+ 2*b)*(3*a + 8*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/
(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c
+ d*x])]/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])]/(a - b))]/d - (6*a*Sqrt[a +
b]*(a^2 - 12*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos
[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*
(1 - Sec[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])]/(a - b))]/d)/b +
((3*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d
*x]]))/4)/(6*b))
```

### 3.742.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c
*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*Ellipti
cPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(c +
d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 -
d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```



rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3300 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)*Simp[a^2*c*d*(m + n) + b*d*(b*c*(m - 1) + a*d*n) + (a*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*(m + n) - b*d*(a*c - b*d*(m + n - 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + b*d*(b*c*n + a*d*(2*m + n - 1))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[0, m, 2] && LtQ[-1, n, 2] && NeQ[m + n, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3528  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \sin(e) + f x))^m ((c + (d \sin(e) + f x))^n ((a + (b \sin(e) + f x)) + (C \sin(e) + f x))^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cos[e + f x] (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m ((c + d \sin[e + f x])^{n+1} / (d f (m + n + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (d (m + n + 2)) \text{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{m-1} (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n \text{Simp}[a A d (m + n + 2) + C (b c m + a d (n + 1)) + (d (A b + a B) (m + n + 2) - C (a c - b d (m + n + 1))) \sin[e + f x] + (C (a d m - b c (m + 1)) + b B d (m + n + 2)) \sin[e + f x]^2, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& !(\text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (!\text{IntegerQ}[m] \mid (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c, 0])))$

rule 3532  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \sin(e) + f x) + (C \sin(e) + f x))^2 / ((a + (b \sin(e) + f x))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + (d \sin(e) + f x))}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[C / b^2 \text{Int}[\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]} / \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}, x], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / b^2 \text{Int}[(A b^2 - a^2 C + b (b B - 2 a C) \sin[e + f x]) / ((a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]})], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

rule 3540  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \sin(e) + f x) + (C \sin(e) + f x))^2 / (\sqrt{a + (b \sin(e) + f x)} \sqrt{c + (d \sin(e) + f x)} + (f x))], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cos[e + f x] (\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]} (\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]})), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 d) \text{Int}[(1 / ((a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}))] \text{Simp}[2 a A d - C (b c - a d) - 2 (a c C - d (A b + a B)) \sin[e + f x] + (2 b B d - C (b c + a d)) \sin[e + f x]^2, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$

rule 4710  $\text{Int}[(\csc(a + (b x)) (c))^m (u), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \csc[a + b x])^m (c \sin[a + b x])^m \text{Int}[\text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c \sin[a + b x])^m, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{KnownSineIntegrandQ}[u, x]$

### 3.742.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2264 vs. 2(508) = 1016.

Time = 8.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2265, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.99

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2265

```
input int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-8*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*b^3-22*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a*b^2-22*sin(d*x+c)*a*b^2-17*sin(d*x+c)*a^2*b-16*b^3*sin(d*x+c)-3*a^3*tan(d*x+c)-8*b^3*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)-104*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2+14*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b-52*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2+3*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b+16*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2+72*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2+6*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b-14*a^2*b*tan(d*x+c)+6*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+...
```

### 3.742.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

### 3.742.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)/sec(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### 3.742.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.742.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{\sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.742.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.743 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.743.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 494

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(147a^4 + 279a^2b^2 - 10b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right) + 2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(147a^3 - 114a^2b + 165ab^2 + 10b^3) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right)\right) + \frac{2b(163a^2 + 5b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{315ad} + \frac{2(49a^2 + 75b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{315d} + \frac{38ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{63d} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{9d}}{315a^3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{315a^2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{315a^3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

output  $\frac{2}{315}b(163a^2+5b^2)\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}$   
 $/a/d+2/315(49a^2+75b^2)\sec(dx+c)^{5/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}$   
 $/d+38/63ab\sec(dx+c)^{7/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d+2/9a$   
 $^2\sec(dx+c)^{9/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d+2/315(a-b)(147a$   
 $^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{($   
 $1/2)/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*($   
 $a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^3/d/\sec(dx$   
 $+c)^{1/2}-2/315(a-b)(147a^3-114a^2b+165a*b^2+10b^3)\csc(dx+c)\text{Elli$   
 $pticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{($   
 $1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a(1+\sec$   
 $(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^2/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.743.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)} \sec(c + dx) \left(-2(147a^5 + 147a^4b + 279a^3b^2 + 279a^2b^3 - 10ab^4 - 10b^5)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c + dx)}{1 + \cos(c + dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \left(\frac{2(147a^4 + 279a^2b^2 - 10b^4) \sin(c + dx)}{315a^2} + \frac{2}{315} \sec^2(c + dx) (49a^2 \sin(c + dx) + 75b^2 \sin^2(c + dx))\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output  $(2\sqrt{\cos[(c+dx)/2]^2 \sec[c+dx]} * (-2*(147*a^5 + 147*a^4*b + 279*a^3*b^2 + 279*a^2*b^3 - 10*a*b^4 - 10*b^5) * \sqrt{\cos[c+dx]/(1+\cos[c+dx])}) * \sqrt{(a+b*\cos[c+dx])/((a+b)*(1+\cos[c+dx]))} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c+dx)/2]], (-a+b)/(a+b)] + 2*a*(147*a^4 + 261*a^3*b + 279*a^2*b^2 + 155*a*b^3 - 10*b^4) * \sqrt{\cos[c+dx]/(1+\cos[c+dx])} * \sqrt{(a+b*\cos[c+dx])/((a+b)*(1+\cos[c+dx]))} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c+dx)/2]], (-a+b)/(a+b)] - (147*a^4 + 279*a^2*b^2 - 10*b^4) * \cos[c+dx] * (a+b*\cos[c+dx]) * \sec[(c+dx)/2]^2 * \text{Tan}[(c+dx)/2]) / (315*a^2*d*\sqrt{a+b*\cos[c+dx]} * \sqrt{\sec[(c+dx)/2]^2}) + (\sqrt{a+b*\cos[c+dx]} * \sqrt{\sec[c+dx]} * ((2*(147*a^4 + 279*a^2*b^2 - 10*b^4) * \sin[c+dx]) / (315*a^2) + (2*\sec[c+dx]^2 * (49*a^2*\sin[c+dx] + 75*b^2*\sin[c+dx])) / 315 + (2*\sec[c+dx] * (163*a^2*b*\sin[c+dx] + 5*b^3*\sin[c+dx])) / (315*a) + (38*a*b*\sec[c+dx]^2 * \text{Tan}[c+dx]) / 63 + (2*a^2*\sec[c+dx]^3 * \text{Tan}[c+dx]) / 9)) / d$

### 3.743.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.760$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{11/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.743.  $\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx) dx$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2}{9}\int\frac{19ba^2+(7a^2+27b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+3b(2a^2+3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{9}\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}\int\frac{19ba^2+(7a^2+27b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+3b(2a^2+3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx+\frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{9}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}\int\frac{19ba^2+(7a^2+27b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+3b(2a^2+3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{9}\right)$$

↓ 3534

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{76b^2\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+(49a^2+75b^2)a^2+b(137a^2+63b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{2\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{7a}+\frac{38ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}\left(\frac{\int\frac{76b^2\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+(49a^2+75b^2)a^2+b(137a^2+63b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{7a}+\frac{38ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{7d\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}\left(\frac{\int\frac{76b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a^2+(49a^2+75b^2)a^2+b(137a^2+63b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{7a}+\frac{38ab\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{7d\sin^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3534

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{9}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{(147a^2+605b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+2b(49a^2+75b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+3b(163a^2+5b^2)a^2}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{5a}+\frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

---

3.743.  $\int(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(147a^2+605b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+2b(49a^2+75b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+3b(163a^2+5b^2)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{5d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(147a^2+605b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+2b(49a^2+75b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a^2+3b(163a^2+5b^2)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{5d\sin^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3534

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(b(261a^2+155b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+(147a^4+279b^2a^2-10b^4)a^2)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2ab(163a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(261a^2+155b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+(147a^4+279b^2a^2-10b^4)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a} + \frac{2ab(163a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(261a^2+155b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+(147a^4+279b^2a^2-10b^4)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5a} + \frac{2ab(163a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{a^2(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a^2(a-b)(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{a^2(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - a^2(a-b)(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3)}{5a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{a^2(147a^4+279a^2b^2-10b^4)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2a(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(147a^3-114a^2b+165ab^2+10b^3)}{a}}{5a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{9d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{2a(49a^2+75b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{2ab(16}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

```
input Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(11/2), x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*d*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)) + ((38*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + ((2*a*(49*a^2 + 75*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(147*a^4 + 279*a^2*b^2 - 10*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/d - (2*a*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(147*a^3 - 114*a^2*b + 165*a*b^2 + 10*b^3)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/d)/a + (2*a*b*(163*a^2 + 5*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(5*a))/(7*a))/9
```

3.743.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*SIN[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*SIN[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.743.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3463 vs.  $2(442) = 884$ .

Time = 1052.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3464, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.01

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3464

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `2/315/d*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(294*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^6+558*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^6+558*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^6+170*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+212*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)+442*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)+80*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)-5*a*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)+130*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+212*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+170*a^3*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+80*a^2*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^4*sin(d*x+c)+130*a^4*b*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)+147*cos(d*x+c)^7*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^5-10*cos(d*x+c)^7*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^5-147*cos(d*x+c)^7*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^5+294*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a...`

### 3.743.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{11/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`

**3.743.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.743.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{11/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`**3.743.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{11/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{11/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`



**3.743.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{11/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(11/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(11/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.744 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.744.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 427

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \\
 & \frac{2(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}(29a^2 + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{21a^2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(5a^2 - 24ab + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{21ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{2(5a^2 + 9b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{21d} \\
 & + \frac{6ab\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d} \\
 & + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{7d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{2}{21}(5a^2+9b^2)\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d+6/7ab\sec(dx+c)^{5/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d+2/7a^2\sec(dx+c)^{7/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d+2/21(a-b)b(29a^2+3b^2)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^2/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+2/21(a-b)(5a^2-24ab+3b^2)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2})$

### 3.744.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sec(c+dx)} \left( -2b(29a^3 + 29a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3) E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right) \middle| \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\sec(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\sec(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\sec(c+dx))}} \right) \right)}{+ dx}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output  $(2*((\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(-2*b*(29*a^3 + 29*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x])^{-1}]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x])])]) + 2*a*(5*a^3 + 29*a^2*b + 27*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x])^{-1}]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x])])]) - b*(29*a^2 + 3*b^2)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2])/ \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2 + (a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*(b*(29*a^2 + 3*b^2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + a*(5*a^2 + 9*b^2 + 9*a*b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x] + 3*a^2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2)*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])))/(21*a*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

**3.744.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{9/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3271}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{7} \int \frac{15ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + b(4a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{15ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \cos(c+dx)a + b(4a^2 + 7b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{7} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{15ba^2 + (5a^2 + 21b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a + b(4a^2 + 7b^2) \sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2} \sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \cos(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{7} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3534}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{5(6b^2\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+(5a^2+9b^2)a^2+b(13a^2+7b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{5a}+\frac{6ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{6b^2\cos^2(c+dx)a^2+(5a^2+9b^2)a^2+b(13a^2+7b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{a}+\frac{6ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{6b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a^2+(5a^2+9b^2)a^2+b(13a^2+7b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{a}+\frac{6ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3534

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{2\int\frac{(5a^2+27b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+b(29a^2+3b^2)a^2}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2a(5a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{6ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{(5a^2+27b^2)\cos(c+dx)a^3+b(29a^2+3b^2)a^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2a(5a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{6ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{\int\frac{(5a^2+27b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^3+b(29a^2+3b^2)a^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{3a}+\frac{2a(5a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}+\frac{6ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a^2b(29a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + a^2(a-b)(5a^2-24ab+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a^2(a-b)(5a^2-24ab+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + a^2b(29a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{a^2b(29a^2+3b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(5a^2-24ab+3b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a(1-\cos(c+dx))}}{3a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{2a(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(5a^2-24ab+3b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin
[c + d*x])/(7*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)) + (((2*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin
[c + d*x])/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(29*a^2 + 3
*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a +
b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)])/d + (2*a*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(5
*a^2 - 24*a*b + 3*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*
x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Se
c[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/(3*a) + (2*
a*(5*a^2 + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]
^(3/2)))/a)/7
```

### 3.744.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2A(c - d) \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{f b c^2} \text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2] \sqrt{c(1 + \csc(e + fx))} / (c - d)] \sqrt{c(1 - \csc(e + fx)) / (c + d)} \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}] / \sqrt{b \sin(e + fx)}] / \text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A - B)/(a - b) \int 1/(\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + fx)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) \int (1 + \sin(e + fx))/(a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}, x], x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +  

$$\int (a + b \sin(e + fx))^m (c + d \sin(e + fx))^n (A + B \sin(e + fx) + C \sin^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sin(e + fx))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + fx))^{n+1} / (f*(m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx))^{m+1} (c + d \sin(e + fx))^n \text{Simp}[(m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m+n+2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*\sin(e + fx) - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m+n+3)*\sin^2(e + fx), x], x], x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a  

$$\int (\csc(a + bx))^m (c \sin(a + bx))^m \text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c \sin(a + bx))^m dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \csc(a + bx))^m (c \sin(a + bx))^m \text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c \sin(a + bx))^m, x] /;$$` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.744.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2508 vs.  $2(381) = 762$ .

Time = 1590.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2509, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2509

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/21/d*\sec(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(1+\cos(d*x+c))/(a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(5*a^4*\cos(d \\ & *x+c)^4*\sin(d*x+c)+3*a^4*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+18*a^2*b^2*\cos(d*x+c)^4*s \\ & \sin(d*x+c)+3*\cos(d*x+c)^5*b^4*\sin(d*x+c)+6*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), \\ & (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(\cos(d \\ & *x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*\cos(d*x+c)^5-10*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d \\ & *x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)* \\ & (\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*\cos(d*x+c)^5+3*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)- \\ & \csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^( \\ & 1/2)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^4*\cos(d*x+c)^4-5*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d* \\ & x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+ \\ & b))^(1/2)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^4*\cos(d*x+c)^4+3*\text{EllipticE}(c \\ & \cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c) \\ & ))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*\cos(d*x+c)^4-29*\text{Ell \\ & ipsisF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+co \\ & s(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*\cos(d*x+c)^ \\ & 4-27*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+\cos(d*x+c)* \\ & b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c \\ & \cos(d*x+c)^4-3*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+co \\ & s(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)* \\ & a*b^3*\cos(d*x+c)^4+58*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1... \end{aligned}$$

**3.744.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

### 3.744.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(9/2), x)`

output Timed out

### 3.744.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

### 3.744.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{9/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(9/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.744.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{9/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.745 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.745.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5797
3.745.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5798
3.745.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5798
3.745.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5802
3.745.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5803
3.745.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5804
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3.745.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5804
3.745.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5805

#### 3.745.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 378

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(9a^2 + 23b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{15ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(9a^2 - 8ab + 15b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{15ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{22ab\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{15d} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
22/15*a*b*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/5*a^2*sec
(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/15*(a-b)*(9*a^2+23*b^2
)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/15*(a-b)*(9
*a^2-8*a*b+15*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1
-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1
/2)
```

### 3.745.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(2(9a^3 + 9a^2b + 23ab^2 + 23b^3)E(\arcsin(\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))) | \frac{-a+b}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\sec(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \sec(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\sec(c+dx))}} - 2(9a^3 + 17a^2b + 23ab^2 + 15b^3) \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)/2)) | \frac{-a+b}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\sec(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \sec(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\sec(c+dx))}}) + (9a^2 + 23b^2) \cos(c+dx) (a + b \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2((c+dx)/2) \tan((c+dx)/2) / (\sqrt{\sec((c+dx)/2)} \sqrt{\cos((c+dx)/2)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}) * (-1 + \tan((c+dx)/2)^2) + 2(a + b \cos(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} * ((9a^2 + 23b^2) \sin(c+dx) + a(11b + 3a \sec(c+dx)) \tan(c+dx)) / (15d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c+dx)})}{\sqrt{\sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))} \sqrt{\cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `((2*(2*(9*a^3 + 9*a^2*b + 23*a*b^2 + 23*b^3)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]], (-a + b)/(a + b))*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] - 2*(9*a^3 + 17*a^2*b + 23*a*b^2 + 15*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]], (-a + b)/(a + b))*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))] + (9*a^2 + 23*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2) + 2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((9*a^2 + 23*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] + a*(11*b + 3*a*Sec[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.745.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^{7/2}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{7/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{11ba^2+3(a^2+5b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+b(2a^2+5b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{11ba^2+3(a^2+5b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+b(2a^2+5b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{11ba^2+3(a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b(2a^2+5b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2\cos(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(9a^2+23b^2)a^2+b(17a^2+15b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{22ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(9a^2+23b^2)a^2+b(17a^2+15b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{22ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(9a^2+23b^2)a^2+b(17a^2+15b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} + \frac{22ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.745.  $\int (a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c+dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{a^2(9a^2+23b^2)\int\frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx-a(a-b)(9a^2-8ab+15b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{3a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{a^2(9a^2+23b^2)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-a(a-b)(9a^2-8ab+15b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{3a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{a^2(9a^2+23b^2)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx-\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2-8ab+15b^2)\cot(c+dx)}{3a}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2+23b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)-\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(9a^2-8ab+15b^2)\cot(c+dx)}{3a}}{d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a^2 + 23*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(9*a^2 - 8*a*b + 15*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/(3*a) + (22*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/5)`

## 3.745.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`



```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.745.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2382 vs.  $2(338) = 676$ .

Time = 1036.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2383, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.30

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2383

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.745. \quad \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

output `2/15/d*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(46*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4-34*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^4-46*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^4+9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+23*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3-17*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-23*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3-9*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^3*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a^3+14*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*a^2*b+18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/...`

### 3.745.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.745.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.745.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.745.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.745.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{7/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.746 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.746.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5806
3.746.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5807
3.746.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5807
3.746.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5811
3.746.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5812
3.746.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5813
3.746.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5813
3.746.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5813
3.746.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5814

#### 3.746.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 452

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{14(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + b}(a^2 - 7ab + 9b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{3d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+14/3*(a-b)*b*
csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)
^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a^2-7*a*b+9*
b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1
/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(
a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*b^2*csc(d*
x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/
b, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+
b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.746.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( -\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( 28ab(a + b) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)\right) \right) \right)}{3d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-(Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(28*a*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 4*(a^3 + 7*a^2*b + 9*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 24*b^3*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))])*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 14*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])) + 2*a*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(a + 7*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.746.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2} \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{3\cos^2(c+dx)b^3 + 7a^2b + a(a^2+9b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3\cos^2(c+dx)b^3 + 7a^2b + a(a^2+9b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^3 + 7a^2b + a(a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3532} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{7ba^2 + (a^2+9b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{7ba^2 + (a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{7ba^2 + (a^2+9b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6b^2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a(1+b\cos(c+dx))}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(a(a^2-7ab+9b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx+7a^2b\int\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}dx\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(a(a^2-7ab+9b^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+7a^2b\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx\right)\right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(7a^2b\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx+\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-7ab+9b^2)\cot(c+dx)}{d}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-7ab+9b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}\right)\right)}{d}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((14*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d + (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - 7*a*b + 9*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (6*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/3 + (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))`



## 3.746.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*
x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2,
0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^
2)/(((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e
_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]
/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*
B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x
]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &
& NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.746.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2210 vs.  $2(406) = 812$ .

Time = 1044.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2211, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2211

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.746. \quad \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx$$

```

output 2/3/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1
))^5/2*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))
)^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)
)^(1/2)*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
)*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x
+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-
7*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b
*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-9*csc
(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2*(-cs
c(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc
(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+3*csc(d*x+
c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+
c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+
c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+7*csc(d*x+c)^2*El
lipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(
1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*
(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+7*csc(d*x+c)^2*Ellipti
cE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos
(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1..

```

### 3.746.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x +
c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)
```

**3.746.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.746.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.746.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.746.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.747 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$

3.747.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5815
3.747.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5816
3.747.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5817
3.747.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5822
3.747.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5822
3.747.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5823
3.747.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5823
3.747.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5823
3.747.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5824

#### 3.747.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 505

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \\
 & \frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(2a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
 & - \frac{5ab\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $2a^2 \sin(dx+c) (a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / d - (2a^2 - b^2) \sin(dx+c) (a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / d + (a-b) (2a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{csc}(dx+c) \operatorname{EllipticE}((a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / (a+b)^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}), ((-a-b) / (a-b))^{1/2} (a+b)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (a(1-\sec(dx+c))) / (a+b)^{1/2} (a(1+\sec(dx+c))) / (a-b)^{1/2} / a / d \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} - (2a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \operatorname{csc}(dx+c) \operatorname{EllipticF}((a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / (a+b)^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}), ((-a-b) / (a-b))^{1/2} (a+b)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (a(1-\sec(dx+c))) / (a+b)^{1/2} (a(1+\sec(dx+c))) / (a-b)^{1/2} / d \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} - 5ab \operatorname{csc}(dx+c) \operatorname{EllipticPi}((a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / (a+b)^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}), (a+b) / b, ((-a-b) / (a-b))^{1/2} (a+b)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (a(1-\sec(dx+c))) / (a+b)^{1/2} (a(1+\sec(dx+c))) / (a-b)^{1/2} / d \sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.747.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \frac{2a^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) + \sqrt{\cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)} (-2(2a^3 + 2a^2b - ab^2 - b^3)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c + dx)}{1 + \cos(c + dx)}}}{+ dx} dx =$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output  $(2a^2(a + b \cos[c + dx]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]] \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx] + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Cos}[(c + dx)/2]^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]] * (-2(2a^3 + 2a^2b - ab^2 - b^3)) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] / (1 + \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx])]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + b \cos[c + dx]) / ((a + b)(1 + \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]))] \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b) / (a + b)] + 4a(a^2 + 3ab - 3b^2) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] / (1 + \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx])] \operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + b \cos[c + dx]) / ((a + b)(1 + \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]))] \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b) / (a + b)] + 20ab^2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] / (1 + \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx])] \operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + b \cos[c + dx]) / ((a + b)(1 + \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]))] \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1, \operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b) / (a + b)] + ((2a^2 - b^2)(a + b \cos[c + dx]) \operatorname{Sec}[(c + dx)/2]^3 (\operatorname{Sin}[(c + dx)/2] - \operatorname{Sin}[(3(c + dx))/2])) / 2) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Sec}[(c + dx)/2]^2]) / (d \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b \cos[c + dx]])$

**3.747.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3540, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3271} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( 2 \int \frac{3ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c+dx)a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{3ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \cos(c+dx)a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{3ba^2 - (a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a - b(2a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{d\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3540}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int \frac{5a \cos^2(c+dx)b^3+6a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int \frac{5a \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^3+6a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)$$

↓ 3532

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int \frac{6a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 5ab^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 5ab^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{\int \frac{6a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2+a(2a^2-b^2)b}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{10ab^2\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{d}}{2b}\right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{ab(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b}\right)$$

↓ 3042

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3.747.  $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-ab(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + ab(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{ab(2a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(2a^2-6ab-b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (10*a*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/(2*b) + (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) - ((2*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

## 3.747.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`
- rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2A(c - d) \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{f b c^2} \text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2] \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)} / (c - d)] + \text{Simp}[c \frac{(1 - \text{Csc}(e + fx))}{c + d}] \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{b \sin(e + fx)}}] / \text{Rt}[(c + d)/b, 2], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x \} \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[A, B] \&\& \text{PosQ}[(c + d)/b]$$`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(A - B)/(a - b) \int [1 / (\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + fx)} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)})], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(A * b - a * B)/(a - b) \int [(1 + \sin(e + fx)) / ((a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)})], x], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B\}, x \} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[A, B]$$`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)/  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx) + C \sin^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[C/b^2 \int [\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + fx)} / \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/b^2 \int [(A * b^2 - a^2 * C + b * (b * B - 2 * a * C) * \sin(e + fx)) / ((a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)})], x], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x \} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$$`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)/  

$$\int \frac{(A + B \sin(e + fx) + C \sin^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}}{(\sqrt{a + b \sin(e + fx)}) \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \text{Cos}[e + fx] * (\sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)} / (d * f * \sqrt{a + b \sin(e + fx)})), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 * d) \int [(1 / ((a + b \sin(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin(e + fx)}))] * \text{Simp}[2 * a * A * d - C * (b * c - a * d) - 2 * (a * c * C - d * (A * b + a * B)) * \sin(e + fx) + (2 * b * B * d - C * (b * c + a * d)) * \sin^2(e + fx), x], x], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x \} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$$`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a  

$$\int (\csc(a + bx))^m (c \sin(a + bx))^m \text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c \sin(a + bx))^m dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c * \text{Csc}[a + b * x])^m * (c * \text{Sin}[a + b * x])^m \text{ActivateTrig}[u] / (c * \text{Sin}[a + b * x])^m, x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \} \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{KnownSineIntegrandQ}[u, x]$$`

**3.747.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2507 vs.  $2(461) = 922$ .

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2508, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2508

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)
)^(3/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^
(1/2)*(2*a^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+b^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-2*csc(d*x
+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+
c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c
)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+2*csc(d*x+c)^2*E
llipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1
-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(
1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(
cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+
c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x
+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a*b^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+cs
c(d*x+c)^5*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)
*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a
+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+6*(
-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-
csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc
(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2+2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(
1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+...
```

**3.747.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.747.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.747.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.747.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.747.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.748 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx$

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#### 3.748.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 503

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{9(a - b)b\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sec(c + dx))}{a - b}}}{4d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(8a^2 + 9ab + 2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{4d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(15a^2 + 4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{4d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{9ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$



output  $1/2*b^2*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+9/4*a*b*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d-9/4*(a-b)*b*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/4*(8*a^2+9*a*b+2*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/4*(15*a^2+4*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)$

### 3.748.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 8.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(2(c + dx)) + \frac{-18ab(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}}{(a+b)^2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{4d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(b^2*(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + (-18*a*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 4*(4*a^3 - 12*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 4*b*(15*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 9*a*b*\cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*\cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\sec[c + d*x]]*(-1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)))/(4*d*Sqrt[a + b*\cos[c + d*x]])$

**3.748.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3272} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{9ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2b(6a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(4a^2 + b^2)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{9ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 2b(6a^2 + b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(4a^2 + b^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{9ab^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + 2b(6a^2 + b^2) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a(4a^2 + b^2)}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{b^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3540}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{\int -\frac{9a^2b^2-(15a^2+4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2-2a(4a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b} + \frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2-(15a^2+4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2-2a(4a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)b}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2-(15a^2+4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^2-2a(4a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{2b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3532

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2-2ab(4a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - b^2(15a^2+b^2)}{2b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2-2ab(4a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - b^2(15a^2+b^2)}{2b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{9a^2b^2-2ab(4a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx + \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{9a^2b^2\int\frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx - ab(8a\right.\right.$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{9a^2b^2\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - \right.\right.$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{9a^2b^2\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx - \right.\right.$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{9ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a+b}(8a^2+9ab+2b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{\right.\right.$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*
Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((18*(a - b)*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot
[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[
c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt
[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d - (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(8*a^2 + 9*a*b + 2*
b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a +
b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d + (2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(15*a^2 + 4
*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(
Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c +
d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/d)/b + (9*a*b*Sqrt[
a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/4
```

### 3.748.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))
```

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f
*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Si
n[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]))]*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) -
2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e +
f*x]^2, x], x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a
*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Ssin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Ssin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.748.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2231 vs. 2(449) = 898.

Time = 9.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2232, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2232

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d*(-9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)
)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*
b*cos(d*x+c)^2+11*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+9*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x
+c)+2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2*b^3+2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*a*b^2+2*b^3*cos(
d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-9*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b)
)^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+24*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b)
))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))/(a+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-
b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+co
s(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+
c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*
b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)-18*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-cs
c(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d
*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+48*EllipticF(cot(d*x
+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a
+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)-4*EllipticF(co
t(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)-16*Ellipt
icF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+...
```

### 3.748.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x +
c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)
```



**3.748.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.748.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`**3.748.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.748.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

$$3.749 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.749.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5836
3.749.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5837
3.749.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5838
3.749.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5845
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3.749.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5846
3.749.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5846
3.749.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5846
3.749.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5847

### 3.749.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 566

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(33a^2 + 16b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{24ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(33a^2 + 26ab + 16b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a}}}{24d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{5a\sqrt{a + b}(a^2 + 4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a + b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}}}{8bd\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{13ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{12d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{(33a^2 + 16b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{24d}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}b^2\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}+13/12ab\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/24*(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}/d-1/24*(a-b)*(33a^2+16b^2)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/24*(33a^2+26ab+16b^2)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}-5/8a*(a^2+4b^2)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}), (a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.749.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 14.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 970, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{12} b^2 \sin(c + dx) + \frac{13}{24} ab \sin(2(c + dx)) + \frac{1}{12} \right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}} \left( 33a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 33a^2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 16ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 16b^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]}\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}((b^2\sin[c + dx])/12 + (13ab\sin[2(c + dx)])/24 + (b^2\sin[3(c + dx)])/12))/d + (\sqrt{(1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)^{-1}}(33a^3\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 33a^2b\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 16ab^2\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 16b^3\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 66a^2b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 - 32b^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 - 33a^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 33a^2b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - 16ab^2\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 16b^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 30a^3\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 120ab^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 30a^3\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 120ab^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + (33a^3 + 33a^2b + 16ab^2 + 16b^3)\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 2a(24a^2 - 13ab + 38b^2)\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2})$

### 3.749.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.760$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

---

3.749.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\ & \downarrow \text{3272} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(13ab^2\cos^2(c+dx)+2b(9a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)+3a(2a^2+b^2))}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx\right) \\ & \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(13ab^2\cos^2(c+dx)+2b(9a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)+3a(2a^2+b^2))}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx\right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(13ab^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2+2b(9a^2+2b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+3a(2a^2+b^2)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx\right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3528} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{13a^2b^2+(33a^2+16b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+2a(12a^2+19b^2)\cos(c+dx)b}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{13ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b}\right)\right) \\ & \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{13a^2b^2+(33a^2+16b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+2a(12a^2+19b^2)\cos(c+dx)b}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{13ab\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{4b}\right)\right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{13a^2b^2+(33a^2+16b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2b^2+2a(12a^2+19b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)b}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{13ab\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{4b}\right)\right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3540} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.749.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-26a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^3 - 15a(a^2+4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + a(33a^2+16b^2)b^2 dx}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-26a^2 \cos(c+dx)b^3 - 15a(a^2+4b^2) \cos^2(c+dx)b^2 + a(33a^2+16b^2)b^2 dx}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-26a^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^3 - 15a(a^2+4b^2) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 b^2 + a(33a^2+16b^2)b^2 dx}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3532

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2) - 26a^2b^3 \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - 15ab^2(a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2) - 26a^2b^3 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 15ab^2(a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)-26a^2b^3\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{30ab\sqrt{a+b}(a^2)}{4b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{-ab^2(33a^2+26ab+16b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^2(33a^2+26ab+16b^2)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - ab^2(33a^2+16b^2)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{b(33a^2+16b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{a+b}(33a^2+26ab+16b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right)$$



input `Int[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/sqrt[sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((b^2*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((13*a*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((2*(a - b)*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*(33*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*(33*a^2 + 26*a*b + 16*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d + (30*a*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/b + (b*(33*a^2 + 16*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*b))/6`

### 3.749.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

---


$$3.749. \quad \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.749.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2525 vs.  $2(506) = 1012$ .

Time = 9.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2526, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2526

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/24/d/(1+\cos(d*x+c))/(a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)^{(1/2)}/\sec(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(-34*a*b^2* \\
 & \cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)-59*a^2*b*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)-8*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d* \\
 & x+c)^2*b^3-34*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*a*b^2-16*\sin(d*x+c)*a*b^2-26*\sin(d*x+c) \\
 & )*a^2*b-33*a^3*\sin(d*x+c)-8*b^3*\cos(d*x+c)^3*\sin(d*x+c)-16*b^3*\cos(d*x+c)* \\
 & \sin(d*x+c)-76*\sec(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)} \\
 & )*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a \\
 & +b))^{(1/2)}*a*b^2+33*\sec(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+ \\
 & b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+ \\
 & c)))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a^2*b+33*\sec(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a- \\
 & b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+co \\
 & s(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a^3+16*\sec(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), \\
 & (-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/( \\
 & 1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*b^3+30*\sec(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticPi}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x \\
 & +c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x \\
 & +c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a^3+33*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c), \\
 & (-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x+c)*b)/ \\
 & (1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a^2*b*\cos(d*x+c)+16*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d \\
 & *x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}*((a+\cos(d*x+ \\
 & c)*b)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*a*b^2*\cos(d*x+c)+120*\text{EllipticPi}(\cot(d*x+ \\
 & c)-\csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cos(d*x+c)/(1+\cos(d*x+c)))^{(1/2)}\dots
 \end{aligned}$$
**3.749.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.749.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.749.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.749.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.749.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.750** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.750.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5848
3.750.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5849
3.750.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5850
3.750.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5858
3.750.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	5858
3.750.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5859
3.750.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5859
3.750.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5859
3.750.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5860

**3.750.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 638

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a - b)\sqrt{a + b}(15a^2 + 284b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{192bd\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(15a^3 + 118a^2b + 284ab^2 + 72b^3) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{192bd\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b}(5a^4 - 120a^2b^2 - 48b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{64b^2d\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{17ab \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{24d \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} +$$

$$\frac{(59a^2 + 36b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{96d \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{a(15a^2 + 284b^2) \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{192bd}$$

---

3.750. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $\frac{1}{4}b^2\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d\sec(dx+c)^{5/2}+17/24ab\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}+1/96(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/d\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/192a(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}/b/d-1/192(a-b)(15a^2+284b^2)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b/d\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/192(15a^3+118a^2b+284ab^2+72b^3)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}),((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2})/b/d\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/64(5a^4-120a^2b^2-48b^4)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}), (a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})(a+b)^{1/2}\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2})/b^2/d\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.750.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 13.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`



output  $(\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]}\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}((17ab\sin[c + dx])/96 + (59a^2 + 48b^2)\sin[2(c + dx)]/192 + (17ab\sin[3(c + dx)]/96 + (b^2\sin[4(c + dx)]/32))/d + (-15a^4\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 15a^3b\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 284a^2b^2\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 284ab^3\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 30a^3b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 + 568ab^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 + 15a^4\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - 15a^3b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 284a^2b^2\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - 284ab^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 30a^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 720a^2b^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 288b^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 30a^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 720a^2b^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 288b^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + \dots$

### 3.750.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 22,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.880$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3528, 27, 3042, 3540, 25, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)(a + b\cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

---

3.750.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2} dx \\
& \downarrow 3272 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (17ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 6b(4a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(8a^2+5b^2))}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx\right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (17ab^2 \cos^2(c+dx) + 6b(4a^2+b^2) \cos(c+dx) + a(8a^2+5b^2))}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx\right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2} \left(17ab^2 \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + 6b(4a^2+b^2) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a(8a^2+5b^2)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx\right) \\
& \downarrow 3528 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(51a^2b^2+(59a^2+36b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+2a(24a^2+49b^2)\cos(c+dx)b)}{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{17ab\sin(c+dx)}{3b}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(51a^2b^2+(59a^2+36b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+2a(24a^2+49b^2)\cos(c+dx)b)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{6b} + \frac{17ab\sin(c+dx)}{6b}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(51a^2b^2+(59a^2+36b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2b^2+2a(24a^2+49b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)b\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{6b} + \frac{17ab\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{6b}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 3528
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.750.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{\int\frac{2(161a^2+36b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^3+a(15a^2+284b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+a(59a^2+36b^2)b^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b}+\frac{b(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{6b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{\int\frac{2(161a^2+36b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^3+a(15a^2+284b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+a(59a^2+36b^2)b^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{4b}+\frac{b(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{6b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{\int\frac{2(161a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^3+a(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2b^2+a(59a^2+36b^2)b^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{4b}+\frac{b(59a^2+36b^2)}{6b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3540

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{\int\frac{-2a(59a^2+36b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^3+3(5a^4-120b^2a^2-48b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2+a^2(15a^2+284b^2)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{2b}+\frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)}{6b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\frac{\frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}-\int\frac{-2a(59a^2+36b^2)\cos(c+dx)b^3+3(5a^4-120b^2a^2-48b^4)\cos^2(c+dx)b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}dx}{4b}+\frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)}{6b}\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.750.  $\int \frac{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2a(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^3+3(5a^4-120b^2a^2-48b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6b^2\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3532

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b^2(15a^2+284b^2)-2ab^3(59a^2+36b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2(5a^4-120b^2a^2-48b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b^2(15a^2+284b^2)-2ab^3(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2(5a^4-120b^2a^2-48b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2b^2(15a^2+284b^2)-2ab^3(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6b^2\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b^2(15a^2+284b^2)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - ab^2(15a^3+120b^2a^2+48b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b^2(15a^2+284b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a \right) \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2b^2(15a^2+284b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 6 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{b(59a^2+36b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} + \frac{ab(15a^2+284b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - 2 \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)/Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

```

output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b
Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((17*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b
*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((b*(59*a^2 + 36*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*
x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (-1/2*((2*(a - b)*b^2*S
qrt[a + b]*(15*a^2 + 284*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos
[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*
(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*
b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*(15*a^3 + 118*a^2*b + 284*a*b^2 + 72*b^3)*Cot[c + d*x]*Ell
ipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])],
-((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[
c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (6*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(5*a^4 - 120*a^2*b^2 - 48*b^4)*C
ot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a
+ b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))
/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d)/b + (a*b*(15*a^2 + 284*
b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(4*b)
/(6*b))/8)

```

### 3.750.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

```

rule 3272 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m
+ n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d
*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) -
3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m
] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0]
&& NeQ[c, 0])))

```

---

3.750. 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^2(c+dx)} dx$$

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3528 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*A*d*(m + n + 2) + C*(b*c*m + a*d*(n + 1)) + (d*(A*b + a*B)*(m + n + 2) - C*(a*c - b*d*(m + n + 1)))*Sin[e + f*x] + (C*(a*d*m - b*c*(m + 1)) + b*B*d*(m + n + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3532 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3540 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*Sin[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`



**3.750.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3158 vs.  $2(572) = 1144$ .

Time = 10.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3159, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3159

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/192/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-254*sin(
d*x+c)*a^2*b^2-15*a^4*tan(d*x+c)-48*b^4*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)-118*a^3*b*
tan(d*x+c)-72*tan(d*x+c)*a*b^3-133*sin(d*x+c)*a^3*b-356*sin(d*x+c)*a*b^3-7
2*sin(d*x+c)*b^4-30*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-
b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+co
s(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^4+288*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+
c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+
c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^4+15*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)
-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+co
s(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^4-60*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticPi(cot(d
*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2
))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^4+576*sec(d*x+c)*Ellipti
cPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+
c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^4+30*sec(d*x+c)
*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(
d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a^4-144*sec(d
*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/
(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^4-28
8*sec(d*x+c)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*
x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2...
```

**3.750.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.750.  $\int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.750.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.750.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.750.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{\sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/sec(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.750.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.751**      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.751.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5861  
 3.751.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5862  
 3.751.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5862  
 3.751.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 5866  
 3.751.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 5866  
 3.751.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5867  
 3.751.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5867  
 3.751.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5867  
 3.751.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5868

**3.751.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(a-b)b\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\middle|-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right),-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^2d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{3ad}$$

```
output 2/3*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d-4/3*(a-b)*b*csc
(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1
/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a+2*b)*csc(
d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/
2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.751.      $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.751.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sec(c+dx) \left(2b(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right) \Big|_{\frac{-a}{a+1}}^{\frac{-a}{a+1}}\right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(-\frac{4b\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2} + \frac{2\tan(c+dx)}{3a}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*(a - 2*b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*a^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]) + (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-4*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a^2) + (2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*a)))/d`

**3.751.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

---

3.751.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4710 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3281 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{2b-a\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b-a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b-a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3477 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3295
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.751.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(a-b)}{a^2d} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E}{a^2d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-1/3*((4*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/a + (2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))`

### 3.751.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Ssin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Ssin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Ssin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Ssin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

---

3.751. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$



**3.751.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1201 vs. 2(280) = 560.

Time = 12.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1202, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1202

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2/3/d*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(-cos(d*x+c)^
4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/
(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2+2*cos(d*
x+c)^4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)
)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b-2*c
os(d*x+c)^4*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+c
os(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*
b-2*cos(d*x+c)^4*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
))*b^2-2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*c
os(d*x+c)^3+4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d
*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*
a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+
cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1
/2))*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^3-4*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)
)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b)
))^(1/2))*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)
)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(
a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)...
```

**3.751.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

---

3.751.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `integral(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.751.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.751.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.751.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.751.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.752** 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.752.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5869  
 3.752.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5870  
 3.752.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5870  
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 3.752.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5874  
 3.752.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5875

**3.752.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*(a-b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)
)/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*csc
(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a
-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b)^(1
/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.752.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 11.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{ad} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sec(c+dx)\left(2(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)\right)}{a}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d) - (2*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(a*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2])`

**3.752.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3280, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

↓ 4710

---

3.752.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3280} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{a^2d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))`

---

3.752.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

## 3.752.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3280 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[b/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 4710 `Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]`

**3.752.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 657 vs.  $2(240) = 480$ .

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

method	result
default	$- \frac{2 \left( - \frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( (\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1 \right) \left( -\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1} \sqrt{\csc^2(dx+c)} \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/d*(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1) \\ & )^(3/2)*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^ \\ & 2+1)^(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c)) \\ & ^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)) \\ & *a+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c)) \\ & )^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c) \\ & -\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/ \\ & 2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/ \\ & (a+b))^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b+\csc(d \\ & *x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*a-\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*b+a*(\csc(d*x+c)-\c \\ & \cot(d*x+c))+b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c)))*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\c \\ & \csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2) \\ & )/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d \\ & *x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/a \end{aligned}$$
**3.752.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

---

3.752.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.752.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.752.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.752.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.752.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.753**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.753.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5876  
 3.753.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5876  
 3.753.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5877  
 3.753.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 5878  
 3.753.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5879  
 3.753.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 5879  
 3.753.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5879  
 3.753.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5880  
 3.753.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5880

**3.753.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.753.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

output  $(2\sqrt{a + b\cos(c + dx)} / ((a + b)(1 + \cos(c + dx))) \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\tan((c + dx)/2)], (-a + b)/(a + b)] / (d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)/(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sqrt{a + b\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)})$

### 3.753.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3295}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{a + b\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a + b\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{a + b\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \sqrt{a + b\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3295

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c + dx))}{a + b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c + dx) + 1)}{a - b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b}\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}\right), -\frac{a + b}{a - b}\right)}{ad\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x]$

```
output (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b
*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt
[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*
d*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.753.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f
_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x]))/(a + b))*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]))/(a - b))*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_)] + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_)^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.753.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(1+\cos(dx+c))(\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)})F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c),\sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{d\sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)b}}$	111

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/d*(1+cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(
d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(
a+b)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
```

---

3.753.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.753.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.753.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.753.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.753.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.753.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.754**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.754.1 Optimal result	5881
3.754.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5881
3.754.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5882
3.754.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5883
3.754.5 Fricas [F]	5884
3.754.6 Sympy [F]	5884
3.754.7 Maxima [F]	5884
3.754.8 Giac [F]	5885
3.754.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5885

**3.754.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{bd \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

output `-2*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/b, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/b/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.754.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right), \frac{-a+b}{a+b}\right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-1, \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

3.754.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$



```
output (-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a +
b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*(EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a +
b)] - 2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)])*Sqrt[
1 + Sec[c + d*x]]/(d*Sqrt[(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x
]]))
```

### 3.754.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3288}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3288} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\csc(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]
```

```
output (-2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Csc[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcS
in[sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(
a - b))*sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/
(a - b)]/(b*d*sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.754.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3288 Int[sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*sqrt[c
*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))*sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*Ellipti
cPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[sqrt[c + d*sin[e + f*x]]/sqrt[b*sin[e + f*x]]]/Rt[(c +
d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 -
d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^m*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.754.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}} \left( F\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right) - 2\Pi\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), -1, \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right) \right)}{d\sqrt{a+\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}$	137

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(
EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x
+c)-csc(d*x+c), -1, (-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)/(1+c
os(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
```

---

3.754.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.754.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.754.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.754.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.754.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.754.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.755** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.755.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5886
3.755.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5887
3.755.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5888
3.755.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	5893
3.755.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5894
3.755.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5895
3.755.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5895
3.755.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5895
3.755.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5896

**3.755.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 474

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{abd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{bd\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^2d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{a\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output  $\sin(dx+c)/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+a\sin(dx+c)*\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}/b/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}-(a-b)*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a/b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+a*\csc(dx+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2},(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*(a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b^2/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.755.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\cos(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{(1+\cos(c+dx))^2}}(\cos^2(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))\sec(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\left((a+b)E(\arcsin(\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))))\Big|_{\frac{-a+b}{a+b}}\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output  $(2*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x])^2]*(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*((a + b)*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2/(a + b)] - 2*a*\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2/(a + b)] + (a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])* \text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]* \text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^2*\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]))/(b*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

**3.755.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3299, 3042, 3288, 3482, 27, 3042, 3472, 25, 27, 3042, 3280, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3299} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+2b\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3288}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)-1)}{a-b}}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3482

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(\cos(c+dx)a^2+ba)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)a^2+ba}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+ba}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 3472

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 27

---

3.755.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-a \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) +$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-a \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) +$$

↓ 3280

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-a \left( \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) +$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-a \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}}{2b} \right) +$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-a \left( \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{ad} \right)}{2b} \right) +$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{-a \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right) - \frac{a+b}{a-b}}{a^2d} \right)}{2b} \right) +$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((a*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(b^2*d) + (-a*((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a*d)) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(2*b))`

### 3.755.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3280 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[b/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3299 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*(d/(2*b)) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[d/(2*b) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]*((a + 2*b*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3472 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3482 Int[Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[-2*B*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(2*
n + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(2*n + 3) Int[((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[a
+ b*Sin[e + f*x]])*Simp[a*A*c*(2*n + 3) + B*(b*c + 2*a*d*n) + (B*(a*c + b*d
)*(2*n + 1) + A*(b*c + a*d)*(2*n + 3))*Sin[e + f*x] + (A*b*d*(2*n + 3) + B*
(a*d + 2*b*c*n))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A,
B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && Eq
Q[n^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.755.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} E\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}} a - \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} E\left(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c), \sqrt{-\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\cos(dx+c)b}{(1+\cos(dx+c))(a+b)}} a$

```
input int(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.755.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output `1/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))`  
`*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b+2*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-2*sec(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-2*sec(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b+4*sec(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a+b*sin(d*x+c)-sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a-sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*b+2*sec(d*x+c)^2*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*a+tan(d*x+c)*a/b`

### 3.755.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)+a} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.755.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**3.755.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.755.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.755.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.756**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.756.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5897
3.756.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5898
3.756.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5899
3.756.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	5904
3.756.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	5905
3.756.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5906
3.756.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5906
3.756.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5906
3.756.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5907

**3.756.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 505

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4b^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{(3a-2b)\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4b^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{4b^3 d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2bd \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{3a \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4b^2 d}$$



output  $\frac{1}{2} \sin(dx+c) (a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / b/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2} - 3/4 a \sin(dx+c) (a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} / b^2/d + 3/4 (a-b) \operatorname{csc}(dx+c) \operatorname{EllipticE}((a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / (a+b)^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2}) (a+b)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (a(1-\sec(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} (a(1+\sec(dx+c)) / (a-b))^{1/2} / b^2/d / \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} - 1/4 (3a-2b) \operatorname{csc}(dx+c) \operatorname{EllipticF}((a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / (a+b)^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2}) (a+b)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (a(1-\sec(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} (a(1+\sec(dx+c)) / (a-b))^{1/2} / b^2/d / \sec(dx+c)^{1/2} - 1/4 (3a^2+4b^2) \operatorname{csc}(dx+c) \operatorname{EllipticPi}((a+b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2} / (a+b)^{1/2} / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}, (a+b)/b, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2}) (a+b)^{1/2} \cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (a(1-\sec(dx+c)) / (a+b))^{1/2} (a(1+\sec(dx+c)) / (a-b))^{1/2} / b^3/d / \sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.756.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(2(c+dx))}{4bd} - \frac{\sec(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( 24a(a+b) \cos^3(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E(\arcsin(\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))) \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}) \right)}{4bd}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + bCos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output  $(\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]}\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}\sin[2(c + dx)]/(4bd) - (\sec[(c + dx)/2]\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}(24a(a + b)\cos[(c + dx)/2]^3\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]/(1 + \cos[c + dx])}\sqrt{(a + b\cos[c + dx])/((a + b)(1 + \cos[c + dx]))})\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 16(a - 2b)b\cos[(c + dx)/2]^3\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]/(1 + \cos[c + dx])}\sqrt{(a + b\cos[c + dx])/((a + b)(1 + \cos[c + dx]))})\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 36a^2\cos[(c + dx)/2]\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{(1 + \sec[c + dx])}^{-1})\sqrt{(b + a\sec[c + dx])/((a + b)(1 + \sec[c + dx]))} - 48b^2\cos[(c + dx)/2]\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{(1 + \sec[c + dx])}^{-1})\sqrt{(b + a\sec[c + dx])/((a + b)(1 + \sec[c + dx]))} - 12a^2\cos[(3(c + dx))/2]\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{(1 + \sec[c + dx])}^{-1})\sqrt{(b + a\sec[c + dx])/((a + b)(1 + \sec[c + dx]))} - 16b^2\cos[(3(c + dx))/2]\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{(1 + \sec[c + dx])}^{-1})\sqrt{(b + a\sec[c + dx])/((a + b)(1 + \sec[c + dx]))} - 6a^2\sin[(c + dx)/2] + 6ab\sin[(c + dx)/2] + 6a^2\sin[(3(c + dx))/2] - 3ab\sin[(3(c + dx))/2] + 3ab\sin[(5(c + dx))/2]))/(16b^2d\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]})$

### 3.756.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3272, 27, 3042, 3540, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a + b\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3272} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-3a\cos^2(c+dx)+2b\cos(c+dx)+a}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-3a\cos^2(c+dx)+2b\cos(c+dx)+a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3540} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2+2b\cos(c+dx)a+(3a^2+4b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b} - \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2+2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(3a^2+4b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b} - \frac{3a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3532}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.756.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \int \frac{3a^2+2b \cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)}{bd} \right) \frac{1}{4b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^2+4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{3a^2+2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{3a \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \frac{1}{4b}$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2+2b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{bd}}{2b} \right) \frac{1}{4b}$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(3a-2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b}}{bd}}{2b} \right) \frac{1}{4b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(3a-2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b}}{bd}}{2b} \right) \frac{1}{4b}$$

↓ 3295

---

3.756.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \begin{array}{l} 3a^2 \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{bd} \\ \hline \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+4b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{bd} \\ \hline \end{array} \right)$$

```
input Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d) + (((6*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*(3*a - 2*b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (2*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(b*d))/(2*b) - (3*a*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(4*b))
```

**3.756.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

---

3.756.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*SIN[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.756.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1688 vs.  $2(451) = 902$ .

Time = 8.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1689, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1689

---


$$3.756. \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-6*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)^2-8*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)-4*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*a^2*cos(d*x+c)+6*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(...`

### 3.756.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)+a} \sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`



**3.756.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.756.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.756.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a} \sec(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.756.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.757**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.757.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5908  
 3.757.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5909  
 3.757.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5909  
 3.757.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5914  
 3.757.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5915  
 3.757.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5915  
 3.757.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 5915  
 3.757.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5916  
 3.757.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5916

**3.757.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 397

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2b(5a^2 - 8b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^4 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2(a+2b)(a+4b) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^3 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a^2 - 4b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

output

```
2*b^2*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3
*(a^2-4*b^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b
^2)/d-2/3*b*(5*a^2-8*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b
)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(
d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(
d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a+2*b)*(a+4*b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/
2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a
*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+b)^(1/
2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.757.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.757.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 11.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)} \sec(c+dx) \left(2b(-5a^3 - 5a^2b + 8ab^2 + 8b^3) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}} E(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}\right)\right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left(-\frac{2b(5a^2-8b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b^3\sin(c+dx)}{a^2(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} + \frac{2\tan(c+dx)}{3a^2}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*b*(-5*a^3 - 5*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*(a^3 - 5*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*(-5*a^2 + 8*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(3*a^3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]) + (Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*b*(5*a^2 - 8*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a^3*(a^2 - b^2)) - (2*b^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])) + (2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*a^2)))/d
```

**3.757.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.757.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-4b^2+2b^2\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)-a(a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right) + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.757.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \int \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)-a(a^2+2b^2)\cos(c+dx}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \int \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)-a(a^2+2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b)(a+4b)}{3a}}{a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b)(a+4b)}{3a}}{a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{b(5a^2-8b^2)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3a}}{a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3473

---

3.757.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a^2-4b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(5a^2-8b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{a^2d} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (-1/3*((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(5*a^2 - 8*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*(a + 4*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/a + (2*(a^2 - 4*b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.757.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

---

3.757.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

rule 3534 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))`



```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.757.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2617 vs. 2(359) = 718.

Time = 12.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2618, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.59

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2618

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1
))^(5/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(5*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d
*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c)
)^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-5*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-
(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(
d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1
/2)+2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*(-csc(
d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d
*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+8*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*
x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*
((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+
b))^(1/2)+5*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*b*(-
csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-c
sc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+5*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-cs
c(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(
1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+
b)/(a+b))^(1/2)-8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a
b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c)
))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)-csc(d*x+c)^2*Ell...
```

---

3.757. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.757.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

**3.757.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.757.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.757.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.757.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.758**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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**3.758.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 - 2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a-b}}}{a^3 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a+2b) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a^2 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{a(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*(
a^2-2*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x
+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*
(a+2*b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/
2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.758.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 7.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((ab^2 + (a^2 - 2b^2)(a + b\cos(c+dx)))\sqrt{\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\sin\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*((a*b^2 + (a^2 - 2*b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x] - Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*(a^3 + a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - 2*a*(a^2 - a*b - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + (a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(a^2*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2])`

### 3.758.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

---

3.758.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2b^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(a^2-2b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{a(a^2-b^2)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.758.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-2b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)-\frac{a+b}{a-b}}{a^2d} \right) a$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.758.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

---

3.758.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.758.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1227 vs.  $2(297) = 594$ .

Time = 11.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1228, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1228

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.758. \quad \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$



output

```
-2/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)
)^(3/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*(-(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))
*a^3+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+
c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+
c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b+2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))
*a*b^2+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*
x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*
x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3+(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+
1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2
+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a
^2*b-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*
x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*
x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^2-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c)
)^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c)
))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
))*b^3+csc(d*x+c)^3*a^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+...
```

### 3.758.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

**3.758.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.758.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.758.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.758.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

$$3.759 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.759.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5925
3.759.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5926
3.759.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5926
3.759.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5929
3.759.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	5930
3.759.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	5930
3.759.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5931
3.759.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5931
3.759.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5931

### 3.759.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a\sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b*csc
c(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-
a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+s
ec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*csc(d*x+c)*El
lipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))
^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/
(a-b)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.759.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-2b(a+b)\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-2*b*(a + b)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)] + 2*a*(a + b)*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(1 + Sec[c + d*x])^(-1)] + b*(-a + b)*Cos[c + d*x]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.759.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3279, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.759.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3279} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b+a\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b+a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3477} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{b \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{ad}}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2b(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - \frac{a+b}{a-b}}{a^2d} + \frac{2(a-b)}{a^2-b^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.759.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(((2*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) + (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) - (2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))]`

### 3.759.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3279 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x])), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.759.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 749 vs. 2(279) = 558.

Time = 9.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1}} \sqrt{\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))^a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-(\csc^2(dx+c))^b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}} \left(-\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))}\right)$

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.759.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



output  $2/d*(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1))^{\frac{1}{2}}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{\frac{1}{2}}*(-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{\frac{1}{2}}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}}*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}})*a^2-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{\frac{1}{2}}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}}*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}})*a*b+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{\frac{1}{2}}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}}*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}})*a*b+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{\frac{1}{2}}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}}*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{\frac{1}{2}})*b^2+\csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3-\csc(d*x+c)^3*b^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3-a*b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))+b^2*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c)))/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)$

### 3.759.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c)+a)*sqrt(sec(d*x+c))/(b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+a^2),x)`

### 3.759.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(c+d*x))/(a+b*cos(c+d*x))**(3/2),x)`

---

3.759.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.759.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.759.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.759.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.760**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.760.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 5933  
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**3.760.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a\sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{a\sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2a\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*a*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*csc(d
*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b
)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(
d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*csc(d*x+c)*Ellipti
cF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2
))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b
)^(1/2)/a/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.760.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left( (a + b \cos(c + dx)) E(\arcsin(\tan(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) \right)}{(a^2 -$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + (a - b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]])`

**3.760.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3273, 3042, 3274, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.760.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3273} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3274} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - (a - \dots) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3295} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3473} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(s)}{a+b}}}{a^2-b^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.760.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[1/((a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(-(((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) + (2*a*SIN[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.760.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3273 `Int[Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-2*a*d*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[d^2/(a^2 - b^2) Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]/(d*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3274 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(c - d)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/(a - b) Int[(1 + SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*SIN[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.760.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 782 vs. 2(278) = 556.

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 783, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( (\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(\csc^2(dx+c))^a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - (\csc^2(dx+c))^b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b}{(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1}}}{\left( -\sqrt{-(\csc^2(dx+c))(1-\cos(dx+c))} \right)}$

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.760. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

output  $2/d*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{1/2}*(-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*a-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticF(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*b+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*a+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{1/2}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{1/2}*EllipticE(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2})*b+\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*a-\csc(d*x+c)^3*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^3*b-a*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))+b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c)))/(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1))^{1/2}/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-1)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a-b)/(a+b)$

### 3.760.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

### 3.760.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(sec(c + d*x))), x)`

---

3.760.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.760.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.760.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.760.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.761** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.761.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 447

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{b\sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b\sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*
csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1
+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*csc(d*x+c)*El
lipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), ((-a-b)/(a-b))
^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/
(a-b))^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticPi((a+b
*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (a+b)/b, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/
2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(
d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/b^2/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.761. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.761.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 15.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 893, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( \frac{2a \sin(c + dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{b(-a^2 + b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \right)}{d}$$

$$2 \left( -a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + 2ab \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + a^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - ab \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 -
b^2)) + (2*a^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(-a^2 + b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d -
(2*(-(a^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]) - a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2] + 2*a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2
]^3 + a^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 - a*b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^5 + 2*a^2*EllipticPi[-
1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2
]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*
b^2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Ta
n[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^
2)/(a + b)] + 2*a^2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a +
b)]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(
c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*b^2*EllipticPi[-1, ArcS
in[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c
+ d*x)/2]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(
a + b)] - a*(a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*
Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[
(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)] + b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcS
in[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2]*(1 +
Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2 - b*Tan[(c + d*x)/2
]^2)/(a + b)))/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[(1 - Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(-1)]*(-1 +
Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)*(1 + Tan[(c + d*x)/2]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b + a*Tan...
```

**3.761.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3276, 3042, 3273, 3042, 3274, 3042, 3288, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3276} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3273} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.761.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3274 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3288 \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3295 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.761.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{a-b}}\right)}{ad} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(b^2*d) - (a*(-((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b))]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b)`

## 3.761.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3273 `Int[Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*a*d*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x] - Simp[d^2/(a^2 - b^2) Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3274 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c - d)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3276 `Int[((d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d/b Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]], x], x] - Simp[a*(d/b) Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/(((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])
^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*
(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x]
)/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c +
d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)],
x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] &&
PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*(c_))^(m_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.761.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1035 vs.  $2(407) = 814$ .

Time = 8.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1036

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output  $2/d*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^2*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1}))^{(1/2)*(-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b-(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*b^2+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^2+(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b-2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticPi}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^2+2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1})^{(1/2)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+a+b}}/(a+b))^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticPi}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*b^2+\csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{3-\csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{3-a^2*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))+a*b*(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))}}/(-(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2+1}}/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^{2-1}))^{(3/2}}/(\csc(d*x+c)...$

### 3.761.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c)+a)/((b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*a*b*cos(d*x+c)+a^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)),x)`

**3.761.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.761.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.761.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.761.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.762 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.762.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5949
3.762.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5950
3.762.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5951
3.762.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5956
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3.762.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5958
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3.762.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5958
3.762.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5959

### 3.762.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 525

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \mid -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{ab^2 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{(3a+b) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^2 \sqrt{a+bd} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3a \sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{b^3 d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{b(a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 (a^2 - b^2) d}$$

output  $-2*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(3*a^2-b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)*(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(a^2-b^2)/d-(3*a^2-b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/b^2/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(3*a+b)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(a+b)^(1/2)/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3*a*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*(a+b)^(1/2)*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/b^3/d/\sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)$

### 3.762.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 13.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1025, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^5(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( -\frac{2a^2 \sin(c + dx)}{b^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^3 \sin(c + dx)}{b^2(-a^2 + b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx))} \right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}} \sqrt{\frac{a + b + a \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) - b \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{1 + \tan^2(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}} \left( -3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) - 3a^2 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) + ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output  $(\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]}\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}*((-2a^2\sin[c + dx])/(b^2(a^2 - b^2)) - (2a^3\sin[c + dx])/(b^2(-a^2 + b^2)(a + b\cos[c + dx]))) / d - (\sqrt{(1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)^{-1}}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)}*(-3a^3\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 3a^2b\tan[(c + dx)/2] + ab^2\tan[(c + dx)/2] + b^3\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 6a^2b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 - 2b^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 + 3a^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - 3a^2b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - ab^2\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + b^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 6a^3\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 6ab^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 6a^3\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 6ab^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - (3a^3 + 3a^2b - ab^2 - b^3)\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 2ab(a + b)\text{EllipticF}[\text{Ar}...$

### 3.762.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3540, 3042, 3532, 3042, 3288, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b\cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + b\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4710}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b\cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

---

3.762.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b\cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3271} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-(3a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\cos(c+dx)a-(3a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+(b^2-3a^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3540} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{2b\cos(c+dx)a^2+3(a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)a+(3a^2-b^2)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2a^2}{bd(a^2-b^2)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{2b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a^2+3(a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2a+(3a^2-b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3532}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.762.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b \cos(c+dx)a^2 + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3a(a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \int \frac{2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

↓ 3288

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a^2 + (3a^2 - b^2)a}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{Ellip}}{bd}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a-b)(3a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{Ellip}}{bd}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a(3a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - a(a-b)(3a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 - b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1 - \sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \text{Ellip}}{bd}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2) \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b(a^2 - b^2)}$$

↓ 3295

---

3.762.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$



$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{a(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{6a\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{ad} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-b^2) \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - \frac{a+b}{a-b}}{ad} - 6a\sqrt{a+b} \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \right)$$

```
input Int[1/((a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]) - (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a + b)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/d - (6*a*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(b*d))/(2*b) - ((3*a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(b*(a^2 - b^2))
```

3.762.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

---

3.762.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^5(c+dx)} dx$

rule 3271 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2 + b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 - d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])`

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3532 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[C/b^2 Int[Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b^2 Int[(A*b^2 - a^2*C + b*(b*B - 2*a*C)*SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3540 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]), x] + Simp[1/(2*d) Int[(1/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]))*Simp[2*a*A*d - C*(b*c - a*d) - 2*(a*c*C - d*(A*b + a*B))*SIN[e + f*x] + (2*b*B*d - C*(b*c + a*d))*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.762.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2525 vs.  $2(481) = 962$ .

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2526, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2526

---


$$3.762. \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sec^5(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a*cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^2*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-3*a^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+b^3*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3+3*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^3*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-6*csc(d*x+c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a*b^2*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))+csc(d*x+c)^5*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+2*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-(a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cot...`

### 3.762.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.762.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.762.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.762.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.762.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.763** 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.763.1 Optimal result . . . . . 5960  
 3.763.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5961  
 3.763.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 5962  
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 3.763.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 5968  
 3.763.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 5968  
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 3.763.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 5969  
 3.763.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 5969

**3.763.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 513

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8b(2a^4 - 7a^2b^2 + 4b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3a^5(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2(a^4 + 9a^3b + 16a^2b^2 - 12ab^3 - 16b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{3a^4(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2 - 3b^2) \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2(a^4 - 13a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2d}$$

---

3.763. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

output  $\frac{2}{3}b^2\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}+ \frac{4}{3}b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}+ \frac{2}{3}(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sec(dx+c)^{3/2}\sin(dx+c)(a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/a^3/(a^2-b^2)^2/d- \frac{8}{3}b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticE}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^5/(a-b)/(a+b)^{3/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}+ \frac{2}{3}(a^4+9a^3b+16a^2b^2-12ab^3-16b^4)\csc(dx+c)\text{EllipticF}((a+b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}, ((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}(a(1-\sec(dx+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}(a(1+\sec(dx+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/a^4/(a-b)/(a+b)^{3/2}/d/\sec(dx+c)^{1/2}$

### 3.763.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 13.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sec(c+dx)}\left(4b(2a^5+2a^4b-7a^3b^2-7a^2b^3+4ab^4+4b^5)\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{8b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^4(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{2b^3\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2} - \frac{2(11a^2b^3\sin(c+dx)-7b^5)}{3a^3(a^2-b^2)^2(a+b\cos(c+dx))}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output  $(4\sqrt{\cos((c+d*x)/2)^2}\sec[c+d*x]*(4*b*(2*a^5+2*a^4*b-7*a^3*b^2-7*a^2*b^3+4*a*b^4+4*b^5)*\sqrt{\cos[c+d*x]/(1+\cos[c+d*x])}*\sqrt{[(a+b\cos[c+d*x])/((a+b)*(1+\cos[c+d*x]))]}\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c+d*x)/2]], (-a+b)/(a+b)] + a*(a^5-8*a^4*b+7*a^3*b^2+28*a^2*b^3-4*a*b^4-16*b^5)*\sqrt{\cos[c+d*x]/(1+\cos[c+d*x])}*\sqrt{(a+b\cos[c+d*x])/((a+b)*(1+\cos[c+d*x]))}*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Tan}[(c+d*x)/2]], (-a+b)/(a+b)] + 2*b*(2*a^4-7*a^2*b^2+4*b^4)*\cos[c+d*x]*(a+b\cos[c+d*x])*Sec[(c+d*x)/2]*\text{Tan}[(c+d*x)/2])/(3*a^4*(a^2-b^2)^2*d*\sqrt{a+b\cos[c+d*x]}*\sqrt{\sec[(c+d*x)/2]^2}) + (\sqrt{a+b\cos[c+d*x]}*\sqrt{\sec[c+d*x]}*((-8*b*(2*a^4-7*a^2*b^2+4*b^4)*\sin[c+d*x])/(3*a^4*(a^2-b^2)^2) - (2*b^3*\sin[c+d*x])/(3*a^2*(a^2-b^2)*(a+b\cos[c+d*x])^2) - (2*(11*a^2*b^3*\sin[c+d*x]-7*b^5*\sin[c+d*x]))/(3*a^3*(a^2-b^2)^2*(a+b\cos[c+d*x])) + (2*\text{Tan}[c+d*x])/(3*a^3)))/d$

---

3.763.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$



**3.763.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{4b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3ab \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^2 - 2b^2)}{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{3a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b^2 \cos^2(c+dx) - 3ab \cos(c+dx) + 3(a^2 - 2b^2)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{3a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b^2 \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 - 3ab \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + 3(a^2 - 2b^2)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx}{3a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2 - b^2) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.763.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3534} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-2ab(3a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)+3(a^4-13b^2a^2+8b^4)}{2\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{27} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)-2ab(3a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)+3(a^4-13b^2a^2+8b^4)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2-2ab(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+3(a^4-13b^2a^2+8b^4)}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3534} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{3(4b(2a^4-7b^2a^2+4b^4)-a(a^4+7b^2a^2-4b^4)\cos(c+dx))}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} \right)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \end{array}$$

\downarrow \text{27}

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{4b(2a^4-7b^2a^2+4b^4)-a(a^4+7b^2a^2-4b^4)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{4b(2a^4-7b^2a^2+4b^4)-a(a^4+7b^2a^2-4b^4)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(a^4+9a^2b^2+8b^4)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(a^4+9a^2b^2+8b^4)}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{ad(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

---

3.763.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a^4-13a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{ad\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} - \frac{4b(2a^4-7a^2b^2+4b^4)\int\frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}dx}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4b^2(5a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

```
input Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)/(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((4*b^2*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (-(((8*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(2*a^4 - 7*a^2*b^2 + 4*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]], -(a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^4 + 9*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2 - 12*a*b^3 - 16*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]], -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/a + (2*(a^4 - 13*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Sqrt[a + b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))/(a*(a^2 - b^2))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))
```

## 3.763.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`
- rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`
- rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*SIN[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + SIN[e + f*x])/((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*SIN[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*SIN[e + f*x] - d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*SIN[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) | EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.763.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5848 vs.  $2(467) = 934$ .

Time = 13.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5849, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.40

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5849

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

---

3.763. 
$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.763.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

**3.763.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.763.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.763.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.763.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`



**3.764**  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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 3.764.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 5971  
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**3.764.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 438

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^4 - 15a^2b^2 + 8b^4) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right) - 2(3a^3 + 9a^2b - 6ab^2 - 8b^3) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^4(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2}d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+8
/3*b^2*(2*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(
d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a^4-15*a^2*b^2+8*b^4)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^4/(
a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/3*(3*a^3+9*a^2*b-6*a*b^2-8*b^3)*csc(
d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-
b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec
(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.764.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.764.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 12.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{2(3a^4-15a^2b^2+8b^4)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^3(a^2-b^2)^2} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sec(c+dx)\left(-2(3a^5+3a^4b-15a^3b^2-15a^2b^3+8ab^4+8b^5)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*(3*a^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a^3*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + (2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (8*(2*a^2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x] - b^4*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*a^2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d + (2*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(-2*(3*a^5 + 3*a^4*b - 15*a^3*b^2 - 15*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*a*(3*a^4 - 6*a^3*b - 15*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (3*a^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]))/(3*a^3*(a^2 - b^2)^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2])
```

**3.764.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3534, 27, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.764.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-4b^2+2b^2\cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a-4b^2+2b^2\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3534} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3a^4-15b^2a^2-2b(3a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+8b^4}{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{1}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.764.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^4-15b^2a^2-2b(3a^2-b^2)\cos(c+dx)a+8b^4}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{1}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^4-15b^2a^2-2b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+8b^4}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{1}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^4-15a^2b^2+8b^4) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)} dx - (a-b)(3a^3+9a^2b-6ab^2-8b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{1}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^4-15a^2b^2+8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - (a-b)(3a^3+9a^2b-6ab^2-8b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{1}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^4-15a^2b^2+8b^4) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^3+9a^2b-6ab^2-8b^3)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{a(a^2-b^2)}}{a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{1}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3473

---

3.764.  $\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2(2a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{ad(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*b^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 8*b^4)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^3 + 9*a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 - 8*b^3)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -(a + b)/(a - b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (8*b^2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2))`

### 3.764.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3281 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n + 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

```
rule 3534 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*
c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int
[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*
d)*(a*A - b*B + a*C) + d*(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 2) - (c*(A*b^2 -
a*b*B + a^2*C) + (m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*Sin[e + f*x] - d*(A
*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*(m + n + 3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ
[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) |
| EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sin[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.764.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3674 vs.  $2(398) = 796$ .

Time = 11.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3675, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.39

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3675

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/d*(-(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1))^(3/2)*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-1)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^(1/2)*(-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+8*b^6*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))-7*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^2*b^4*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-16*csc(d*x+c)^5*a*b^5*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-18*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^4*b^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-16*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^3*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+36*csc(d*x+c)^3*a^2*b^4*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3+8*csc(d*x+c)^3*a*b^5*(1-cos(d*x+c))^3-3*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+3*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)+8*EllipticE(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)-6*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^5*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5-12*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^4*b^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+30*csc(d*x+c)^5*a^3*b^3*(1-cos(d*x+c))^5+3*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^5*b*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d...
```

### 3.764.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)
```



**3.764.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.764.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`**3.764.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.764.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.765** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.765.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5980
3.765.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5981
3.765.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5981
3.765.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	5985
3.765.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	5986
3.765.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	5987
3.765.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	5987
3.765.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	5987
3.765.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	5988

**3.765.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 421

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{a}}{3a^3(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2} d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(3a^2 - 3ab - 2b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{a}}{3a^2(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2} d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{4b(3a^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/a/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4
/3*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+
c))^(1/2)+4/3*b*(3*a^2-b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a
+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-se
c(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^3/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2
)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a^2-3*a*b-2*b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+
c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2
/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.765.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 11.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}\left(\frac{4b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{3a^2(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^2}\right) + \frac{4\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}\sec(c+dx)\left(2b(-3a^3-3a^2b+ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(c+dx)}{1+\cos(c+dx)}}\sqrt{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{(a+b)(1+\cos(c+dx))}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\tan\left(\frac{c+dx}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((4*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a^2*(a^2 - b^2)^2) - (2*b*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) - (2*(5*a^2*b*Sin[c + d*x] - b^3*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])))/d + (4*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*b*(-3*a^3 - 3*a^2*b + a*b^2 + b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + a*(3*a^3 + 6*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + b*(-3*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(3*(a^3 - a*b^2)^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2])
```

**3.765.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3281, 27, 3042, 3472, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

---

3.765.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4710} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3281} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-2b^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-2b^2}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3472} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2)+a(3a^2+b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{4b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)(a-} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.765.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2)+a(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{4b(3a^2-b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2\sin(c+dx)}{3ad(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-b)(3a^2-3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{d(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(a-b)(3a^2-3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 2b(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{d(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2b(3a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-3ab-2b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{a^2-b^2}}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-3ab-2b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{ad} - \frac{d(a^2-b^2)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

3.765.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d
*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((4*(a - b)*b*Sqrt[
a + b]*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]
]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[
c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b)]/(a^2*d) + (2*(a
- b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - 3*a*b - 2*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)
))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b
))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) - (4*b*(3*a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)))
```

### 3.765.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3281 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2
))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b^2*d*(m + n
+ 2) - (b^2*c + b*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*d*(m + n + 3)*Si
n[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n] && ((EqQ[a, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]) || !(IntegerQ[2*
n] && LtQ[n, -1] && ((IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) || EqQ[a, 0])))
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```

```
rule 3472 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sine[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sine[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.765.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2840 vs.  $2(381) = 762$ .

Time = 9.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2841, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2841

```
input int(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.765. \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$



output  $\frac{2}{3}d \cdot \left( -\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1 \right) / \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-1 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left( -3\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / (a+b) \right)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2} \cdot a^5(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+6\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / (a+b) \right)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2} \cdot a^4b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-2\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / (a+b) \right)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2} \cdot a^3b^4(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+2\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / (a+b) \right)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2} \cdot b^5(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-9(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / (a+b) \right)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2} \cdot a^4b^7(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \cdot \left( \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2b(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+a+b \right) / (a+b) \right)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2} \cdot a^3b^2+(-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^2+1)^{1/2} \dots$

### 3.765.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

**3.765.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.765.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`**3.765.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(sec(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.765.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.766**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

3.766.1 Optimal result	5989
3.766.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	5990
3.766.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5990
3.766.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	5994
3.766.5 Fricas [F]	5995
3.766.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5996
3.766.7 Maxima [F]	5996
3.766.8 Giac [F]	5996
3.766.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5997

**3.766.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 399

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a^2(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2} d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2(3a-b) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2} d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2 - b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*
(3*a^2+b^2)*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/
2)-2/3*(3*a^2+b^2)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c))
/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a^2/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/sec(d
*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a-b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(
1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*
x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)*(a*(1+sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^(1/2)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/se
c(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.766.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( -\frac{2(3a^2 + b^2) \sin(c + dx)}{3a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{2a}{3(a^2 - b^2)} \right) + 2\sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sec(c + dx)} \left( -2(3a^3 + 3a^2b + ab^2 + b^3) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(c + dx)}{1 + \cos(c + dx)}} \sqrt{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b)(1 + \cos(c + dx))}} E(\arcsin(\tan$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + (2*a*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2) + (4*(a^2*Sin[c + d*x] + b^2*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2)^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))) / d - (2*Sqrt[Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Sec[c + d*x]]*(-2*(3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b + a*b^2 + b^3)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))] * EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] + 2*a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x])] * Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))] * EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (3*a^2 + b^2)*Cos[c + d*x]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]) / (3*a*(a^2 - b^2)^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2])`

### 3.766.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3275, 27, 3042, 3472, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4710 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow 3275 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{b-3a\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{b-3a\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{b-3a\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3472 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+4b\cos(c+dx)a+b^2}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+4b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b^2}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2+b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.766.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3477} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - (a-b)(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a-b)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\ \hline 3(a^2-b^2) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - (a-b)(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a-b)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} \right) \\ \hline 3(a^2-b^2) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3295} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(3a^2+b^2) \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - \frac{2(a-b)(3a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{2(3a-b)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}}{3(a^2-b^2)} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3473} \\ \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\middle|-\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) - \frac{2(3a-b)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}}{a^2d} \right) \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]),x]`

```
output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*
x])/(3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (((2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b
]*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sq
rt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d
*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a^2*d) - (2*(a - b)*
(3*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x
]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]]), -(a + b)/(a - b))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec
[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b
^2) - (2*(3*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqr
t[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2)))
```

### 3.766.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3275 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^(m + 1)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m
+ 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^
(n - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m + 1) + b*d*n + (a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2))*Sin[e + f*x]
- b*d*(m + n + 2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && LtQ[m,
-1] && LtQ[0, n, 1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]
```

```
rule 3295 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqr
t[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Ssin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]
], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& PosQ[(a + b)/d]
```



```
rule 3472 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sine[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sine[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.766.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2613 vs.  $2(359) = 718$ .

Time = 7.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2614, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.55

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2614

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---


$$3.766. \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(cx+d))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(cx+d)}} dx$$

output  $\frac{2}{3}d*(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1))^{(1/2)}*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^3*b*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-7*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^3*b*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}-5*\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^2*b^2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}-\text{EllipticF}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+4*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a^2*b^2*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)})*a*b^3*(-\csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^{(1/2)}*((\csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2-\csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-\cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}+2*\text{EllipticE}(\cot(d*x+c)-\csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}...$

### 3.766.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2}\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)/((b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.766.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.766.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`**3.766.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(sec(d*x + c))), x)`

**3.766.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.767**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

3.767.1 Optimal result . . . . .	5998
3.767.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	5999
3.767.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	5999
3.767.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	6003
3.767.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6004
3.767.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6005
3.767.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6005
3.767.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6005
3.767.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6006

**3.767.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 382

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{8b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \middle| -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{3a(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2} d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(a-3b)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a-b}}}{3a(a-b)(a+b)^{3/2} d \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2) d (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{8ab \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3(a^2-b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*a*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)-8/3*a
*b*sin(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8/3*b*
csc(d*x+c)*EllipticE((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), (
(-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a*(1
+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a-3*
b)*csc(d*x+c)*EllipticF((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2
), ((-a-b)/(a-b))^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*(1-sec(d*x+c)))/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a
*(1+sec(d*x+c)))/(a-b)^(1/2)/a/(a-b)/(a+b)^(3/2)/d/sec(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.767.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$


---


$$2\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \left( a^2(a^2 - b^2) \sin(c + dx) - a(a^2 - 5b^2)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) - 4b^2(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`output

```
(-2*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*(a^2*(a^2 - b^2)*Sin[c + d*x] - a*(a^2 - 5*b^2)*(a
+ b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x] - 4*b^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x]
+ 2*b*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*(4*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d
*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d
*x]))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)] - (a^2 + 4*a*b
+ 3*b^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]/(1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/
((a + b)*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Tan[(c + d*x)/2]], (-a + b)
/(a + b)] - b*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^3*(Sin[(c + d*x)/2] -
Sin[(3*(c + d*x))/2])))/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)^2*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**3.767.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3278, 27, 3042, 3472, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{3/2}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

---

3.767.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \downarrow \text{3278} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\int -\frac{a-3b\cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a-3b\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{a-3b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx}{3(a^2-b^2)} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3472} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2)\cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4ab+(a^2+3b^2)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2a\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3d(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3477} \end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.767. \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{4ab \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + (a-3b)(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{8ab \sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \frac{1}{3(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(a-3b)(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4ab \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{d(a^2-b^2)}{3(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{4ab \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2(a-3b)(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{ad}}{a^2-b^2} \right) \frac{1}{3(a^2-b^2)}$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{2(a-3b)(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right)}{ad} + \frac{8b}{a^2-b^2} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]`



output  $\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c + d*x]]*((2*a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((3*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (((8*(a - b)*b*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*\text{Sqrt}[(a*(1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a*(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d) + (2*(a - 3*b)*(a - b)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]]/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]]), -((a + b)/(a - b)))*\text{Sqrt}[(a*(1 - \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a*(1 + \text{Sec}[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]/(a*d))/(a^2 - b^2) - (8*a*b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]))/(3*(a^2 - b^2)))$

### 3.767.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3278  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]])^(m_)*((c_*) + (d_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]])^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*c - a*d)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*((c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(n - 2)*\text{Simp}[c*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c - a*d)*(n - 1) + (d*(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 2))*\text{Sin}[e + f*x] - d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + n + 1)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[1, n, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n]$

rule 3295  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]])*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Tan}[e + f*x]/(a*f))*\text{Rt}[(a + b)/d, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[a*((1 - \text{Csc}[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*\text{Sqrt}[a*((1 + \text{Csc}[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]]/\text{Sqrt}[d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]/\text{Rt}[(a + b)/d, 2], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[(a + b)/d]$

```
rule 3472 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 3473 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]
```

```
rule 3477 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])*(c_.)^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a + b*x])^m*(c*Sine[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Sine[a + b*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.767.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2128 vs.  $2(342) = 684$ .

Time = 8.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2129, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2129

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.767. \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^3(c+dx)} dx$$

output 
$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{d} \frac{(\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1}))^{1/2} (-\csc(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) a^3 (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (a+b))^{1/2} (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-3} \csc(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) a^2 b (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (a+b))^{1/2} (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+c} \csc(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) a b^2 (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (a+b))^{1/2} (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+3} \csc(dx+c)^2 (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (a+b))^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) b^3 (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+4} \csc(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) a^2 b (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (a+b))^{1/2} (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2-4} \csc(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{EllipticE}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c), (-a-b)/(a+b))^{1/2}) b^3 (-\csc(dx+c)^2(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+1})^{1/2} ((\csc(dx+c)^2 a(1-\cos(dx+c))^2 - \csc(dx+c)^2 b(1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+a+b}) / (a+b))^{1/2} (1-\cos(dx+c))^{2+4} \csc(dx+c)^5 a^2 b (1-\cos(d...$$

### 3.767.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(dx+c))^(5/2)/sec(dx+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(dx + c) + a)/((b^3*cos(dx + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(dx + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(dx + c) + a^3)*sec(dx + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.767.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.767.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`**3.767.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.767.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{3/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.768** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.768.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6007  
 3.768.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 6008  
 3.768.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6009  
 3.768.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 6015  
 3.768.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6016  
 3.768.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6017  
 3.768.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6017  
 3.768.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6017  
 3.768.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6018

**3.768.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 557

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{2(3a^2 - 7b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right)\right) - 2(3a^2 + ab - 6b^2) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} - 2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}\right), -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}}{3(a-b)b^2(a+b)^{3/2}d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} - b^3d\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$-\frac{2a^2 \sin(c+dx)}{3b(a^2 - b^2) d(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)}}$$

$$-\frac{2a^2(3a^2 - 7b^2) \sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.768. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*a^2*\sin(d*x+c)/b/(a^2-b^2)/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{3/2}/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}- \\ & 2/3*a^2*(3*a^2-7*b^2)*\sin(d*x+c)*\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}/b^2/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/(a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}+ \\ & 2/3*(3*a^2-7*b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticE}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}* \\ & (a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/(a-b)/b^2/(a+b)^{3/2}/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}- \\ & 2/3*(3*a^2+a*b-6*b^2)*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticF}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2},((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})*\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}* \\ & (a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/(a-b)/b^2/(a+b)^{3/2}/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2}- \\ & 2*\csc(d*x+c)*\text{EllipticPi}((a+b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2},(a+b)/b,((-a-b)/(a-b))^{1/2})* \\ & (a+b)^{1/2}*\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}*(a*(1-\sec(d*x+c))/(a+b))^{1/2}*(a*(1+\sec(d*x+c))/(a-b))^{1/2}/b^3/d/\sec(d*x+c)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.768.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1335 vs.  $2(557) = 1114$ .

Time = 12.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1335, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output  $(\sqrt{a + b\cos[c + dx]}\sqrt{\sec[c + dx]}*((2a(3a^2 - 7b^2)\sin[c + dx])/(3b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2) - (2a^3\sin[c + dx])/(3b^2(-a^2 + b^2)(a + b\cos[c + dx])^2) - (8(a^4\sin[c + dx] - 2a^2b^2\sin[c + dx]))/(3b^2(-a^2 + b^2)^2(a + b\cos[c + dx]))))/d + (2\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(1 + \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)}*(-3a^4\tan[(c + dx)/2] - 3a^3b\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 7a^2b^2\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 7ab^3\tan[(c + dx)/2] + 6a^3b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 - 14ab^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^3 + 3a^4\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - 3a^3b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 - 7a^2b^2\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 7ab^3\tan[(c + dx)/2]^5 + 6a^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 12a^2b^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 6b^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} + 6a^4\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2)/(a + b)} - 12a^2b^2\text{EllipticPi}[-1, \text{ArcSin}[\tan[(c + dx)/2]], (-a + b)/(a + b)]\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2\sqrt{1 - \tan[(c + dx)/2]^2}\sqrt{(a + b + a\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2 - b\tan[(c + dx)/2]^2) - \dots$

### 3.768.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {3042, 4710, 3042, 3271, 27, 3042, 3530, 3042, 3288, 3472, 25, 3042, 3477, 3042, 3295, 3473}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

↓ 4710

$$\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

---

3.768.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{5/2}}{(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \downarrow \mathbf{3271} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-3(a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-3b\cos(c+dx)a-3(a^2-b^2)\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a^2-3b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a-3(a^2-b^2)\sin^2(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \mathbf{3530} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{ba^2+3(a^2-2b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{3(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
& \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{ba^2+3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{3(a^2-b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} - \frac{2a^2\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \mathbf{3288}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.768.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^2(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{ba^2+3(a^2-2b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}^{3/2}} dx}{b} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}}{3b(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3472

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\int -\frac{(3a^2-7b^2)a^2+2b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2-7b^2)a^2+2b(a^2-3b^2)\cos(c+dx)a}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b}}{b} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2-7b^2)a^2+2b(a^2-3b^2)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{b} + \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)}{3b(a^2-b^2)} \right)$$

↓ 3477

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( - \frac{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx - a(a-b)(3a^2+ab-6b^2)\int \frac{1}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b}}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.768.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sec^2(c+dx)} dx$

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - a(a-b)(3a^2+a^2-b^2)}{a^2-b^2}}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3295

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\frac{2a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\sin(c+dx)}{d(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2(3a^2-7b^2)\int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{a+b}}{a^2-b^2}}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3473

$$\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sec(c+dx)} \left( \frac{6\sqrt{a+b}(a^2-b^2)\cot(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{a(1-\sec(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(\sec(c+dx)+1)}{a-b}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{a+b}{b},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{b^2d} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

```

output Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[Sec[c + d*x]]*((-2*a^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c +
d*x])/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2)*d*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - ((6*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^
2 - b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticPi[(a + b)/b, ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]
]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[
c + d*x])]/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])]/(a - b))]/(b^2*d) + (-((2
*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[a
+ b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)/(a - b)))*S
qrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x])]/(a - b)))/
d - (2*(a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + a*b - 6*b^2)*Cot[c + d*x]*EllipticF[Ar
cSin[Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])], -((a + b)
/(a - b)))*Sqrt[(a*(1 - Sec[c + d*x])]/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*(1 + Sec[c + d*x]
))/(a - b))]/d)/(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a^2*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2 -
b^2)*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]])/b)/(3*b*(a^2 - b^2))
)

```

### 3.768.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

```

rule 3271 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*Co
s[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*
(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(n + 1)*(c^2 - d^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin
[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[b*(m - 2)*(b*c - a*d)^
2 + a*d*(n + 1)*(c*(a^2 + b^2) - 2*a*b*d) + (b*(n + 1)*(a*b*c^2 + c*d*(a^2
+ b^2) - 3*a*b*d^2) - a*(n + 2)*(b*c - a*d)^2)*Sin[e + f*x] + b*(b^2*(c^2 -
d^2) - m*(b*c - a*d)^2 + d*n*(2*a*b*c - d*(a^2 + b^2)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && LtQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] ||
IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n])

```

rule 3288 `Int[Sqrt[(b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(d*f))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticPi[(c + d)/d, ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3295 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(Tan[e + f*x]/(a*f))*Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]*Sqrt[a*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(a + b))]*Sqrt[a*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(a - b))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(a + b)/d, 2]], -(a + b)/(a - b)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[(a + b)/d]`

rule 3472 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*(A*b - a*B)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e + f*x]])), x] + Simp[d/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(A*b - a*B + (a*A - b*B)*Sin[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3473 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*A*(c - d)*(Tan[e + f*x]/(f*b*c^2))*Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]*Sqrt[c*((1 + Csc[e + f*x])/(c - d))]*Sqrt[c*((1 - Csc[e + f*x])/(c + d))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e + f*x]]/Rt[(c + d)/b, 2]], -(c + d)/(c - d)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && EqQ[A, B] && PosQ[(c + d)/b]`

rule 3477 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/(((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(A - B)/(a - b) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] - Simp[(A*b - a*B)/(a - b) Int[(1 + Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && NeQ[A, B]`

```
rule 3530 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^
2)/(Sqrt[(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)])^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[C/(b*d) Int[Sqrt[d*SIN[e + f*x]]/Sqrt[a + b
*SIN[e + f*x]], x], x] + Simp[1/b Int[(A*b + (b*B - a*C)*SIN[e + f*x])/((
a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[d*SIN[e + f*x]]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d,
e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4710 Int[(csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(c_.))^(m_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*Csc[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*SIN[a + b*x])^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

### 3.768.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4444 vs.  $2(505) = 1010$ .

Time = 9.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4445, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.98

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4445

```
input int(1/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3/d*(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^3*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))
^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)
^(1/2)*(-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x
+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*b^5*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2-3*csc(d*x+c)^2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a
*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^4*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-6*(
-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-
csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-cs
c(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^4*b+12*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2
+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^
2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2))*a^3*b^2+12*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(
1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*Elliptic
Pi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a^2*b^3-6*(-csc(d*x+c)^2
*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((csc(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*
b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*EllipticPi(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c),-1,(
-a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2))*a*b^4-2*(-csc(d*x+c)^2*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+1)^(1/2)*((cs
c(d*x+c)^2*a*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2-csc(d*x+c)^2*b*(1-cos(d*x+c))^2+a+b)/(a+b)...
```

### 3.768.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx+c)+a)^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c)+a)/((b^3*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*a*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*a^2*b*cos(d*x+c)+a^3)*sec(d*x+c)^(5/2)),x)`

**3.768.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.768.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`**3.768.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/sec(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`



**3.768.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos(c+dx)}\right)^{5/2} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((1/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.769 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.769.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6019
3.769.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6020
3.769.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6020
3.769.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6024
3.769.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6024
3.769.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6024
3.769.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6025
3.769.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6025
3.769.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6025

#### 3.769.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 330

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2(b^2(3 + m) + a^2(22 + 5m)) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2ab^3(5 + m) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + m)(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d(4 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{(b^4(3 + 4m + m^2) + 6a^2b^2(4 + 5m + m^2) + a^4(8 + 6m + m^2)) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m)(4 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{4ab(b^2(2 + m) + a^2(3 + m)) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b^2*(b^2*(3+m)+a^2*(22+5*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(4+m)+2*a
*b^3*(5+m)*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+m)/(4+m)+b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*
(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+m)-(b^4*(m^2+4*m+3)+6*a^2*b^2*(m^2+5*m+
4)+a^4*(m^2+6*m+8))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m
], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+m)/(m^2+3*m+2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4*a*b*
(b^2*(2+m)+a^2*(3+m))*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m],
cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(3+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.769.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) \left( -\frac{a^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{1+m} + b \cos(c+dx) \left( -\frac{4a^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2+m} + b \cos(c+dx) \left( -\frac{6a^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{3+m} + b \cos(c+dx) \left( -\frac{4a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{6+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4+m} - \frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5+m} \right) \right) \right) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin^2(c+dx)]}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(a^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(1 + m)) + b*Cos[c + d*x]*((-4*a^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(2 + m) + b*Cos[c + d*x]*((-6*a^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(3 + m) + b*Cos[c + d*x]*((-4*a*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(4 + m) - (b*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + m)/2, (7 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(5 + m))))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/d`**3.769.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3512, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx)) (2ab^2(m+5)\cos^2(c+dx) + b(3(m+4)a^2 + b^2(m+3))\cos(c+dx) + a((m+4)\sin^2(c+dx) + b\cos(c+dx)))}{d(m+4)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^m (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) \left( 2ab^2(m + 5) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + b(3(m + 4)a^2 + b^2(m + 3)) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx}{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} \quad m + 4$$

↓ 3512

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx) \left( (m+3)((m+4)a^2+b^2(m+1))a^2+4b(m+4)((m+3)a^2+b^2(m+2)) \cos(c+dx)a+b^2(m+3)((5m+22)a^2+b^2(m+3)) \cos^2(c+dx) \right) dx}{m+3} \quad m + 4$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d(m + 4)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m \left( (m+3)((m+4)a^2+b^2(m+1))a^2+4b(m+4)((m+3)a^2+b^2(m+2)) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+b^2(m+3)((5m+22)a^2+b^2(m+3)) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx}{m+3} \quad m + 4$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d(m + 4)}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c+dx) \left( (m+3)((m^2+6m+8)a^4+6b^2(m^2+5m+4)a^2+b^4(m^2+4m+3))+4ab(m+2)(m+4)((m+3)a^2+b^2(m+2)) \cos(c+dx) \right) dx}{m+2} + \frac{b^2(m+3)(a^2(5m+22)+b^2(m+3))}{m+3} \quad m + 4$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d(m + 4)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m \left( (m+3)((m^2+6m+8)a^4+6b^2(m^2+5m+4)a^2+b^4(m^2+4m+3))+4ab(m+2)(m+4)((m+3)a^2+b^2(m+2)) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx}{m+2} + \frac{b^2(m+3)(a^2(5m+22)+b^2(m+3))}{m+3} \quad m + 4$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d(m + 4)}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{4ab(m+2)(m+4)(a^2(m+3)+b^2(m+2)) \int \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)dx + (m+3)(a^4(m^2+6m+8)+6a^2b^2(m^2+5m+4)+b^4(m^2+4m+3)) \int \cos^m(c+dx)dx}{m+2} + \frac{b^2(m+3)(a^2(5m+22)+b^2(m+3))}{m+3} \quad m + 4$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2}{d(m + 4)}$$

---

3.769.  $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4ab(m+2)(m+4)(a^2(m+3)+b^2(m+2)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+1} dx + (m+3) \left( \frac{a^4(m^2+6m+8)+6a^2b^2(m^2+5m+4)+b^4(m^2+4m+3)}{m+2} \right) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m dx + \frac{b^2(m+3)}{m+3}}{m+4}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{d(m+4)}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{b^2(m+3)(a^2(5m+22)+b^2(m+3)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)} + \frac{4ab(m+4)(a^2(m+3)+b^2(m+2)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2}{d(m+4)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + m)) + ((2*a*b^3*(5 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + m)) + ((b^2*(3 + m)*(b^2*(3 + m) + a^2*(22 + 5*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)) + (-(((3 + m)*(b^4*(3 + 4*m + m^2) + 6*a^2*b^2*(4 + 5*m + m^2) + a^4*(8 + 6*m + m^2))*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (4*a*b*(4 + m)*(b^2*(2 + m) + a^2*(3 + m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(2 + m))/(3 + m))/(4 + m)`

### 3.769.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)]$ , x\_Symbol]  $\rightarrow$   $\text{Simp}[c \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e + f \cdot x))^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e + f \cdot x))^{m+1}, x], x]$  /;  $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3272  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^n]$ , x\_Symbol]  $\rightarrow$   $\text{Simp}[(-b^2) \cdot \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m-2} \cdot (c + d \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{n+1} / (d \cdot f \cdot (m+n))]$ , x] +  $\text{Simp}[1 / (d \cdot (m+n)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m-3} \cdot (c + d \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^n \cdot \text{Simp}[a^3 \cdot d \cdot (m+n) + b^2 \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (m-2) + a \cdot d \cdot (n+1)) - b \cdot (a \cdot b \cdot c - b^2 \cdot d \cdot (m+n-1) - 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot d \cdot (m+n)) \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x] - b^2 \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (m-1) - a \cdot d \cdot (3 \cdot m + 2 \cdot n - 2)) \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x]^2, x], x], x]$  /;  $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0]$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[m, 2]$  &&  $(\text{IntegerQ}[m] \mid \mid \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot n])$  &&  $!(\text{IGtQ}[n, 2])$  &&  $(! \text{IntegerQ}[m] \mid \mid (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + B \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) + (C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2]$ , x\_Symbol]  $\rightarrow$   $\text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2))]$ , x] +  $\text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (m+2)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m \cdot \text{Simp}[A \cdot b \cdot (m+2) + b \cdot C \cdot (m+1) + (b \cdot B \cdot (m+2) - a \cdot C) \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x], x], x], x]$  /;  $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x]$  &&  $! \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 3512  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) \cdot (A + B \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) + (C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2]$ , x\_Symbol]  $\rightarrow$   $\text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot d \cdot \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+3))]$ , x] +  $\text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (m+3)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot C \cdot d + A \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (m+3) + b \cdot (B \cdot c \cdot (m+3) + d \cdot (C \cdot (m+2) + A \cdot (m+3))) \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x] - (2 \cdot a \cdot C \cdot d - b \cdot (c \cdot C + B \cdot d) \cdot (m+3)) \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x]^2, x], x], x]$  /;  $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$  &&  $! \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**3.769.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (\cos^m(dx+c))(a+\cos(dx+c)b)^4 dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^4,x)`

**3.769.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4 dx = \int (b\cos(dx+c)+a)^4 \cos(dx+c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*cos(d*x+c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*cos(d*x+c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*cos(d*x+c) + a^4)*cos(d*x+c)^m, x)`

**3.769.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^4 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.769.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.769.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^4 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^4*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.769.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^4, x)`



### 3.770 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

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3.770.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6027
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#### 3.770.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{ab^2(7 + 2m) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m)} + \frac{b^2 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + m)} - \frac{a(3b^2(1 + m) + a^2(2 + m)) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{b(b^2(2 + m) + 3a^2(3 + m)) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)(3 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output a*b^2*(7+2*m)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(3+m)+b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+m)-a*(3*b^2*(1+m)+a^2*(2+m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+m)/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-b*(b^2*(2+m)+3*a^2*(3+m))*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(3+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.770.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \csc(c+dx) \left( -\frac{a^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{1+m} + b \cos(c+dx) \left( -\frac{3a^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2+m} + b \cos(c+dx) \left( -\frac{3a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{3+m} - \frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{6+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4+m} \right) \right) \right)}{d} \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin^2(c+dx)]}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(a^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(1 + m)) + b*Cos[c + d*x]*((-3*a^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(2 + m) + b*Cos[c + d*x]*((-3*a*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(3 + m) - (b*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2)]/(4 + m))))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/d`**3.770.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3272, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a+b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3272}$$

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \frac{ab^2(2m+7)\cos^2(c+dx) + b(3(m+3)a^2 + b^2(m+2))\cos(c+dx) + a((m+3)a^2 + b^2(m+1))}{d(m+3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---


$$3.770. \quad \int \cos^m(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^3 dx$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left( ab^2(2m + 7) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b(3(m + 3)a^2 + b^2(m + 2)) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a((m + 3)a^2 + b^2(m + 2)) \right) dx$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d(m + 3)}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\int \cos^m(c + dx) (a(m + 3)((m + 2)a^2 + 3b^2(m + 1)) + b(m + 2)(3(m + 3)a^2 + b^2(m + 2)) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{m + 2} + \frac{ab^2(2m + 7) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{d(m + 2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d(m + 3)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m (a(m + 3)((m + 2)a^2 + 3b^2(m + 1)) + b(m + 2)(3(m + 3)a^2 + b^2(m + 2)) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{m + 2} + \frac{ab^2(2m + 7) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{d(m + 2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d(m + 3)}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(m + 2)(3a^2(m + 3) + b^2(m + 2)) \int \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) dx + a(m + 3)(a^2(m + 2) + 3b^2(m + 1)) \int \cos^m(c + dx) dx}{m + 2} + \frac{ab^2(2m + 7) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{d(m + 2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d(m + 3)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{a(m + 3)(a^2(m + 2) + 3b^2(m + 1)) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx + b(m + 2)(3a^2(m + 3) + b^2(m + 2)) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+1} dx}{m + 2} + \frac{ab^2(2m + 7) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{d(m + 2)}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d(m + 3)}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{a(m + 3)(a^2(m + 2) + 3b^2(m + 1)) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m + 1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{b(3a^2(m + 3) + b^2(m + 2)) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+2}(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))}{d(m + 3)}$$

$m + 3$

---

3.770.  $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + m)) + ((a*b^2*(7 + 2*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)) + (-((a*(3 + m)*(3*b^2*(1 + m) + a^2*(2 + m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (b*(b^2*(2 + m) + 3*a^2*(3 + m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(2 + m))/(3 + m)`

### 3.770.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3272 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(d*f*(m + n))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(c + d*Sin[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n) + b^2*(b*c*(m - 2) + a*d*(n + 1)) - b*(a*b*c - b^2*d*(m + n - 1) - 3*a^2*d*(m + n))*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*(b*c*(m - 1) - a*d*(3*m + 2*n - 2))*Sin[e + f*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && (!IntegerQ[m] || (EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[c, 0])))`

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.770.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)b)^3 dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3,x)
```

### 3.770.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x +
c) + a^3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

### 3.770.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.770.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.770.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.770.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.771 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.771.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6032
3.771.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6032
3.771.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6033
3.771.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6035
3.771.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6036
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3.771.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6037
3.771.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6037

#### 3.771.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)} - \frac{(b^2(1 + m) + a^2(2 + m)) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{2ab \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output b^2*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)-(b^2*(1+m)+a^2*(2+m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+m)/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*a*b*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.771.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \csc(c + dx) (a^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + b(1 + m) \cos^m(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(a^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + b*(1 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]*(2*a*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + b*(2 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m))`

### 3.771.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3268, 3042, 3122, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3268} \\
 & \int \cos^m(c + dx) (a^2 + b^2 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx + 2ab \int \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a^2 + b^2 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx - 2ab \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+2}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2(m+1)}{m+2} \right) \int \cos^m(c+dx) dx - \\
& \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2(m+1)}{m+2} \right) \int \sin\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx - \\
& \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{\left( a^2 + \frac{b^2(m+1)}{m+2} \right) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \\
& \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \\
& \frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{d(m+2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)) - ((a^2 + (b^2*(1 + m))/(2 + m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*a*b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

## 3.771.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3268 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[2*c*(d/b) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(c^2 + d^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## 3.771.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)b)^2 dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x)`

**3.771.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.771.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \cos^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*cos(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**3.771.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.771.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.771.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.772 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.772.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6038
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3.772.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6041
3.772.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6041
3.772.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6042

#### 3.772.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{b \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2+m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -a*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*s
in(d*x+c)/d/(1+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-b*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2,
1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.772.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (a(2 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + b(1 + m) \cos(c + dx))}{d(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

output  $-\left(\left(\cos[c + dx]^{(1+m)} \operatorname{Csc}[c + dx] (a(2+m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(1+m)}{2}, \frac{(3+m)}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] + b(1+m) \cos[c + dx] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(2+m)}{2}, \frac{(4+m)}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right]\right) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}\right) / (d(1+m)(2+m))$

### 3.772.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & a \int \cos^m(c + dx) dx + b \int \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & a \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx + b \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\ & \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+1}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\ & \frac{b \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+2}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\operatorname{Int}[\cos[c + dx]^m (a + b \cos[c + dx]), x]$

output  $-\left(a \cos[c + dx]^{(1+m)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(1+m)}{2}, \frac{(3+m)}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] \sin[c + dx]\right) / (d(1+m) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}) - (b \cos[c + dx]^{(2+m)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(2+m)}{2}, \frac{(4+m)}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] \sin[c + dx]) / (d(2+m) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2})$

## 3.772.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.772.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c))(a + \cos(dx + c)b) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

## 3.772.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.772.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \cos^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**3.772.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.772.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a) \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`



**3.772.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.773 $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.773.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^{-1+m}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1-m}{2}} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d} - \frac{b \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^m(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{-m/2} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)d}$$

```
output a*AppellF1(1/2,-1/2*m+1/2,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*
cos(d*x+c)^(-1+m)*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(-1/2*m+1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d-b*App
ellF1(1/2,-1/2*m,1,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*cos(d*x+c
)^m*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)/d/((cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2*m))
```

#### 3.773.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6534 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 23.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6534, normalized size of antiderivative = 34.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + b*cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

### 3.773.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3302, 3042, 3668, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a+b\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m}{a+b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3302} \\
 & a \int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx - b \int \frac{\cos^{m+1}(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2\cos^2(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^m}{a^2-b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx - b \int \frac{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+1}}{a^2-b^2\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3668} \\
 & \frac{a \cos^{m-1}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1-m}{2}} \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(c+dx))^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx)} d\sin(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad - \frac{b \cos^m(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{-m/2} \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(c+dx))^{m/2}}{a^2-b^2+b^2\sin^2(c+dx)} d\sin(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-1}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1-m}{2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b \sin(c+dx) \cos^m(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{-m/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*AppellF1[1/2, (1 - m)/2, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1 + m)*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^((1 - m)/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d) - (b*AppellF1[1/2, -1/2*m, 1, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^m*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*d*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(m/2))`

### 3.773.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3302 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] - Simp[b/d Int[(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1)/(a^2 - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3668 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(-ff)*d^(2*IntPart[(m - 1)/2] + 1)*((d*Sin[e + f*x])^(2*FracPart[(m - 1)/2])/(f*(Sin[e + f*x]^2)^FracPart[(m - 1)/2])) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2*(a + b - b*ff^2*x^2)^p, x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

**3.773.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(dx + c)}{a + \cos(dx + c)b} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x)`

**3.773.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.773.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.773.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.773.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{b \cos(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.773.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.774**  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

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3.774.8 Giac [F]	6052
3.774.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6052

**3.774.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1-m), 2, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2 d}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}, 2, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^{-1+m}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1-m}{2}} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2 d}$$

$$- \frac{2ab \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 2, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right) \cos^m(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{-m/2} \sin(c+dx)}{(a^2-b^2)^2 d}$$

```
output b^2*AppellF1(1/2,-1/2-1/2*m,2,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2)
)*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(-1/2-1/2*m)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d+a^
2*AppellF1(1/2,-1/2*m+1/2,2,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*
cos(d*x+c)^(-1+m)*(cos(d*x+c)^2)^(-1/2*m+1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d-2*a
*b*AppellF1(1/2,-1/2*m,2,3/2,sin(d*x+c)^2,-b^2*sin(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2))*cos
(d*x+c)^m*sin(d*x+c)/(a^2-b^2)^2/d/((cos(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2*m))
```

3.774.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.774.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7214 vs.  $2(294) = 588$ .

Time = 28.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7214, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.54

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `Result too large to show`

**3.774.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3303, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^m}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3303} \\ & \int \left( -\frac{2ab \cos^{m+1}(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c + dx))^2} + \frac{b^2 \cos^{m+2}(c + dx)}{(b^2 \cos^2(c + dx) - a^2)^2} + \frac{a^2 \cos^m(c + dx)}{(a^2 - b^2 \cos^2(c + dx))^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{b^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-m-1), 2, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)^2} +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-1}(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{\frac{1-m}{2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}, 2, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2ab \sin(c+dx) \cos^m(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)^{-m/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 2, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx), -\frac{b^2 \sin^2(c+dx)}{a^2-b^2}\right)}{d(a^2-b^2)^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*AppellF1[1/2, (-1 - m)/2, 2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^((-1 - m)/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*d) + (a^2*AppellF1[1/2, (1 - m)/2, 2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1 + m)*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^((1 - m)/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*d) - (2*a*b*AppellF1[1/2, -1/2*m, 2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, -((b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a^2 - b^2))]*Cos[c + d*x]^m*Sin[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2)^2*d*(Cos[c + d*x]^2)^(m/2))`

### 3.774.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3303 `Int[((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrig[(d*sin[e + f*x])^n*(1/((a - b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(a^2 - b^2*sin[e + f*x]^2)^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

**3.774.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(dx + c)}{(a + \cos(dx + c)b)^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2,x)`

**3.774.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(cos(d*x + c)^m/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

**3.774.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.774.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.774.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.774.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.775 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx$

3.775.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6053
3.775.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6054
3.775.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6054
3.775.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6058
3.775.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6059
3.775.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6059
3.775.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6059
3.775.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6060
3.775.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6060

#### 3.775.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = -\frac{a^2 b(1 - 2m) \sec^{-2+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - m)(2 - m)} - \frac{a^2 \sec^{-2+m}(c + dx)(b + a \sec(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - m)} - \frac{b(b^2(2 - m) + 3a^2(3 - m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \frac{6-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sec^{-4+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - m)(4 - m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{a(3b^2(1 - m) + a^2(2 - m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sec^{-3+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - m)(3 - m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-a^2*b*(1-2*m)*sec(d*x+c)^(-2+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(m^2-3*m+2)-a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(-2+m)*(b+a*sec(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-m)-b*(b^2*(2-m)+3*a^2*(3-m))*hypergeom([1/2, 2-1/2*m],[3-1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(-4+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(m^2-6*m+8)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-a*(3*b^2*(1-m)+a^2*(2-m))*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2-1/2*m],[5/2-1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(-3+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(m^2-4*m+3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.775.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\csc(c + dx) \sec^{-4+m}(c + dx) (b^3 m(2 - 3m + m^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + m), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + m), \sec^2(c + dx)))}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^m,x]`

output `(Csc[c + d*x]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-4 + m)*(b^3*m*(2 - 3*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + m)/2, (-1 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2] + (a*(-3 + m)*(6*b^2*(-1 + m)*m*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + m)/2, m/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2] + 2*a*(-2 + m)*(3*b*m*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + m)/2, (1 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2] + a*(-1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/2, (2 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2]))*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/2)*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-3 + m)*(-2 + m)*(-1 + m)*m)`

**3.775.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4329, 25, 3042, 4535, 3042, 4259, 3042, 3122, 4534, 3042, 4259, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3717}$$

$$\int \sec^{m-3}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-3} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^3 dx$$

↓ 4329

$$\frac{\int -\sec^{m-3}(c + dx) (a^2b(1 - 2m) \sec^2(c + dx) + a((2 - m)a^2 + 3b^2(1 - m)) \sec(c + dx) + b((3 - m)a^2 + b^2(1 - m))) dx}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{d(1 - m)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \sec^{m-3}(c + dx) (a^2b(1 - 2m) \sec^2(c + dx) + a((2 - m)a^2 + 3b^2(1 - m)) \sec(c + dx) + b((3 - m)a^2 + b^2(1 - m))) dx}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{d(1 - m)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-3} \left(a^2b(1 - 2m) \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + a((2 - m)a^2 + 3b^2(1 - m)) \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b((3 - m)a^2 + b^2(1 - m))\right) dx}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{d(1 - m)}}$$

↓ 4535

$$\frac{a(a^2(2 - m) + 3b^2(1 - m)) \int \sec^{m-2}(c + dx) dx + \int \sec^{m-3}(c + dx) (a^2b(1 - 2m) \sec^2(c + dx) + b((3 - m)a^2 + b^2(1 - m))) dx}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{d(1 - m)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{a(a^2(2 - m) + 3b^2(1 - m)) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} dx + \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-3} \left(a^2b(1 - 2m) \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + a((2 - m)a^2 + 3b^2(1 - m)) \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b((3 - m)a^2 + b^2(1 - m))\right) dx}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{d(1 - m)}}$$

↓ 4259

$$\frac{\int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-3} \left(a^2b(1 - 2m) \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + b((3 - m)a^2 + b^2(1 - m))\right) dx + a(a^2(2 - m) + 3b^2(1 - m)) \int \sec^{m-2}(c + dx) dx}{\frac{a^2 \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)}{d(1 - m)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{m-3} \left( a^2 b(1-2m) \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b((3-m)a^2 + b^2(1-m)) \right) dx + a(a^2(2-m) + 3b^2(1-m))}{1-m} \\ \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{m-3} \left( a^2 b(1-2m) \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + b((3-m)a^2 + b^2(1-m)) \right) dx - \frac{a(a^2(2-m)+3b^2(1-m)) \sin(c+dx)}{1-m}}{1-m} \\ \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)}$$

↓ 4534

$$\frac{\frac{b(1-m)(3a^2(3-m)+b^2(2-m))}{2-m} \int \sec^{m-3}(c+dx) dx - \frac{a(a^2(2-m)+3b^2(1-m)) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-3}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{1-m} \\ \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{b(1-m)(3a^2(3-m)+b^2(2-m))}{2-m} \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-3} dx - \frac{a(a^2(2-m)+3b^2(1-m)) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-3}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{1-m} \\ \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)}$$

↓ 4259

$$\frac{\frac{b(1-m)(3a^2(3-m)+b^2(2-m))}{2-m} \cos^m(c+dx) \sec^m(c+dx) \int \cos^{3-m}(c+dx) dx - \frac{a(a^2(2-m)+3b^2(1-m)) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-3}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{1-m} \\ \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{b(1-m)(3a^2(3-m)+b^2(2-m))}{2-m} \cos^m(c+dx) \sec^m(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{3-m} dx - \frac{a(a^2(2-m)+3b^2(1-m)) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-3}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{1-m} \\ \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)}$$

---

3.775.  $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{b(1-m)(3a^2(3-m)+b^2(2-m)) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-4}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \frac{6-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) - a(a^2(2-m)+3b^2(1-m)) \sin(c+dx)}{d(2-m)(4-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx)(a \sec(c+dx) + b)}{d(1-m)} \quad 1-m$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^3*Sec[c + d*x]^m,x]`

output `-(a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(-2 + m)*(b + a*Sec[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - m)) + (-((a^2*b*(1 - 2*m)*Sec[c + d*x]^(-2 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 - m))) - (b*(b^2*(2 - m) + 3*a^2*(3 - m))*(1 - m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 - m)/2, (6 - m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-4 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 - m)*(4 - m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (a*(3*b^2*(1 - m) + a^2*(2 - m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 - m)/2, (5 - m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(1 - m)`

### 3.775.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`



rule 4259 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)*((Sin[c + d*x]/b)^(n - 1) Int[1/(Sin[c + d*x]/b)^n, x]), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 4329 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 2)*((d*Csc[e + f*x])^n/(f*(m + n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*(m + n - 1)) Int[(a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - 3)*(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*Simp[a^3*d*(m + n - 1) + a*b^2*d*n + b*(b^2*d*(m + n - 2) + 3*a^2*d*(m + n - 1))*Csc[e + f*x] + a*b^2*d*(3*m + 2*n - 4)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n]) && !(IGtQ[n, 2] && !IntegerQ[m])`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

rule 4535 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(B_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/b Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] + Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]`

### 3.775.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c)b)^3 (\sec^m(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^m,x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^3*sec(d*x+c)^m,x)`

**3.775.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^3)*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.775.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**3*sec(d*x+c)**m,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**3*sec(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**3.775.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.775.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^3 \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^3*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^3*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.775.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.776 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx$

3.776.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.6061
3.776.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.6061
3.776.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	.6062
3.776.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	.6065
3.776.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	.6065
3.776.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	.6066
3.776.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	.6066
3.776.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	.6066
3.776.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	.6067

#### 3.776.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = -\frac{a^2 \sec^{-1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - m)} - \frac{(b^2(1 - m) + a^2(2 - m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sec^{-3+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - m)(3 - m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{2ab \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sec^{-2+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-a^2*sec(d*x+c)^(-1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-m)-(b^2*(1-m)+a^2*(2-m))*hypergeom(
[1/2, 3/2-1/2*m], [5/2-1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(-3+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/
(m^2-4*m+3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*a*b*hypergeom([1/2, 1-1/2*m], [2-1/2*m],
cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(-2+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.776.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \frac{\csc(c + dx) \sec^{-3+m}(c + dx) (b^2(-1 + m)m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + m), \frac{m}{2}, \sec^2(c + dx)\right) + a(-2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^m,x]`

output `(Csc[c + d*x]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-3 + m)*(b^2*(-1 + m)*m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + m)/2, m/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2] + a*(-2 + m)*(2*b*m*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + m)/2, (1 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2] + a*(-1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/2, (2 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-2 + m)*(-1 + m)*m)`

### 3.776.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4275, 3042, 4259, 3042, 3122, 4534, 3042, 4259, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4275} \\
 & \int \sec^{m-2}(c + dx)(b^2 + a^2 \sec^2(c + dx)) dx + 2ab \int \sec^{m-1}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} \left(b^2 + a^2 \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4259}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} \left(b^2+a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \cos^m(c+dx) \sec^m(c+dx) \int \cos^{1-m}(c+dx) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} \left(b^2+a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx + 2ab \cos^m(c+dx) \sec^m(c+dx) \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{1-m} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{\int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} \left(b^2+a^2 \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx - 2ab \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{a^2(2-m)}{1-m}+b^2\right) \int \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-1}(c+dx)}{d(1-m)}}{2ab \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{a^2(2-m)}{1-m}+b^2\right) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-2} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-1}(c+dx)}{d(1-m)}}{2ab \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4259} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{a^2(2-m)}{1-m}+b^2\right) \cos^m(c+dx) \sec^m(c+dx) \int \cos^{2-m}(c+dx) dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-1}(c+dx)}{d(1-m)}}{2ab \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{a^2(2-m)}{1-m}+b^2\right) \cos^m(c+dx) \sec^m(c+dx) \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{2-m} dx - \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-1}(c+dx)}{d(1-m)}}{2ab \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2(2-m)}{1-m} + b^2\right) \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-3}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \frac{5-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \frac{a^2 \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-1}(c+dx)}{d(1-m)}} - \frac{2ab \sin(c+dx) \sec^{m-2}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^2*Sec[c + d*x]^m,x]`

output `-((a^2*Sec[c + d*x]^(-1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - m))) - ((b^2 + (a^2*(2 - m))/(1 - m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 - m)/2, (5 - m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*a*b*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 - m)/2, (4 - m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-2 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 - m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.776.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4259 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)*((Sin[c + d*x]/b)^(n - 1) Int[1/(Sin[c + d*x]/b)^n, x]), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 4275 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*a*(b/d) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n*(a^2 + b^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.776.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c)b)^2 (\sec^m(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^m,x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^2*sec(d*x+c)^m,x)`

### 3.776.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`



**3.776.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**2*sec(d*x+c)**m,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**2*sec(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**3.776.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.776.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^2 \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^2*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^2*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.776.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.777 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.777.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sec^{-2+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sec^{-1+m}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-b*hypergeom([1/2, 1-1/2*m], [2-1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(-2+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-a*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2*m+1/2], [3/2-1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^(-1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.777.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\csc(c + dx) (bm \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + m), \frac{1+m}{2}, \sec^2(c + dx)\right) + a(-1 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + m), \frac{1+m}{2}, \sec^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-1 + m)m}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^m,x]`

output `(Csc[c + d*x]*(b*m*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + m)/2, (1 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2] + a*(-1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/2, (2 + m)/2, Sec[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^(-1 + m)*Sqrt[-Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + m)*m)`

### 3.777.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4274, 3042, 4259, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^m(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & \int \sec^{m-1}(c + dx)(a \sec(c + dx) + b) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-1} \left(a \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4274} \\
 & a \int \sec^m(c + dx) dx + b \int \sec^{m-1}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^m dx + b \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4259} \\
 & a \cos^m(c + dx) \sec^m(c + dx) \int \cos^{-m}(c + dx) dx + b \cos^m(c + dx) \sec^m(c + dx) \int \cos^{1-m}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \cos^m(c + dx) \sec^m(c + dx) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{-m} dx + b \cos^m(c + dx) \sec^m(c + dx) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{1-m} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{a \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-1}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{3-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(1-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{b \sin(c + dx) \sec^{m-2}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2-m}{2}, \frac{4-m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(2-m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^m,x]`

output `-((b*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 - m)/2, (4 - m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-2 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 - m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (a*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 - m)/2, (3 - m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]^(-1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### 3.777.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(d_.)^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4259 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)*((Sin[c + d*x]/b)^(n - 1) Int[1/(Sin[c + d*x]/b)^n, x]), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 4274 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(n_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b/d Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x]`

### 3.777.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c)b) (\sec^m(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^m,x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)*sec(d*x+c)^m,x)`

### 3.777.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### 3.777.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**m,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**3.777.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.777.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int (b \cos(dx + c) + a) \sec(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sec(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.777.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx)) \sec^m(c + dx) dx = \int \left( \frac{1}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((1/cos(c + d*x))^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.778**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}} dx$

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**3.778.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}} dx = -2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}} \right)$$

output `-2*arctan(sin(x)/(1-cos(x))^(1/2)/(a-cos(x))^(1/2))`

**3.778.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}} dx = i\sqrt{2-2\cos(x)} \csc\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \log\left(i\sqrt{2}\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a-\cos(x)}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - Cos[x]]/Sqrt[a - Cos[x]],x]`

output `I*Sqrt[2 - 2*Cos[x]]*Csc[x/2]*Log[I*Sqrt[2]*Cos[x/2] + Sqrt[a - Cos[x]]]`



**3.778.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3254, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{a - \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

↓ 3254

$$2 \int \frac{1}{-\frac{\sin^2(x)}{(1 - \cos(x))(a - \cos(x))} - 1} d \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)}}$$

↓ 217

$$-2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)}}\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - Cos[x]]/Sqrt[a - Cos[x]],x]`

output `-2*ArcTan[Sin[x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[x]]*Sqrt[a - Cos[x]])]`

**3.778.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

### 3.778.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(22) = 44$ .

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\csc(x)(2-2\cos(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{2(-a+\cos(x))}{\cos(x)+1}}\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{(\cos(x)-1)\sqrt{-\frac{2(-a+\cos(x))}{\cos(x)+1}}}$	65

```
input int((1-cos(x))^(1/2)/(a-cos(x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -csc(x)*(2-2*cos(x))^(3/2)*(a-cos(x))^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(-2*(-a+cos(x))/(co
s(x)+1))^(1/2)*2^(1/2))/(cos(x)-1)/(-2*(-a+cos(x))/(cos(x)+1))^(1/2)
```

### 3.778.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{(a-2\cos(x)-1)\sqrt{-\cos(x)+1}}{2\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}\sin(x)}\right)$$

```
input integrate((1-cos(x))^(1/2)/(a-cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output arctan(1/2*(a - 2*cos(x) - 1)*sqrt(-cos(x) + 1)/(sqrt(a - cos(x))*sin(x)))
```

**3.778.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-cos(x))**(1/2)/(a-cos(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(1 - cos(x))/sqrt(a - cos(x)), x)`

**3.778.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((1-cos(x))^(1/2)/(a-cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.778.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs.  $2(22) = 44$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

$$= 4 \arctan \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{a-1} \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} x \right)^2 - \sqrt{a \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} x \right)^4 - \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} x \right)^4 + 2a \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} x \right)^2 + 6 \tan \left( \frac{1}{4} x \right)^2} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((1-cos(x))^(1/2)/(a-cos(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*arctan(-1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a - 1)*tan(1/4*x)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/4*x)^4 - tan(1/4*x)^4 + 2*a*tan(1/4*x)^2 + a - 1) + sqrt(a - 1)))*sin(sin(1/2*x))`

### 3.778.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

input `int((1 - cos(x))^(1/2)/(a - cos(x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((1 - cos(x))^(1/2)/(a - cos(x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.779**  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} dx$

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 3.779.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6078  
 3.779.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6079  
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 3.779.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6081  
 3.779.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6081  
 3.779.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 6081  
 3.779.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6082  
 3.779.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6082

**3.779.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}\sqrt{a-\cos(x)}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} \sqrt{a-\cos(x)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(x)}}$$

output `-2*arctan(sin(x)/(1-cos(x))^(1/2)/(a-cos(x))^(1/2))*((1-cos(x))/(a-cos(x)))^(1/2)*(a-cos(x))^(1/2)/(1-cos(x))^(1/2)`

**3.779.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} dx = -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{-a+\cos(x)}} \sqrt{-a+\cos(x)} \csc\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \log\left(\sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sqrt{-a+\cos(x)}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[(1 - Cos[x])/(a - Cos[x])],x]`

output `-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-1 + Cos[x])/(-a + Cos[x])]*Sqrt[-a + Cos[x]]*Csc[x/2]*Log[Sqrt[2]*Cos[x/2] + Sqrt[-a + Cos[x]]])`

---

3.779.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} dx$

**3.779.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {3042, 4900, 3042, 3254, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4900} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}{\sqrt{a - \cos(x)}} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{a - \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3254} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)} \int \frac{1}{-\frac{\sin^2(x)}{(1 - \cos(x))(a - \cos(x))} - 1} d \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)}}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)} \sqrt{a - \cos(x)}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(x)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[(1 - Cos[x])/(a - Cos[x])], x]`

output `(-2*ArcTan[Sin[x]/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[x]]*Sqrt[a - Cos[x]])]*Sqrt[(1 - Cos[x])/(a - Cos[x])]*Sqrt[a - Cos[x]])/Sqrt[1 - Cos[x]]`

---

3.779.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx$

**3.779.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 217 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3254 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(b/f) Subst[Int[1/(b + d*x^2), x],
x, b*(Cos[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[a + b*Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[c + d*Sin[e + f*x]])], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
&& NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4900 Int[(u_.)*((v_)^(m_.)*(w_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{uu = ActivateTri
g[u], vv = ActivateTrig[v], ww = ActivateTrig[w]}, Simp[(vv^m*ww^n)^FracPar
t[p]/(vv^(m*FracPart[p])*ww^(n*FracPart[p])) Int[uu*vv^(m*p)*ww^(n*p), x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && (!InertTrigFreeQ[v] || !
InertTrigFreeQ[w])
```

**3.779.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)-1}{-a+\cos(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-2(-a+\cos(x))}{\cos(x)+1}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-2(-a+\cos(x))}{\cos(x)+1}} \sqrt{2}}{2}\right) (\cot(x) + \csc(x))$	63

```
input int(((1-cos(x))/(a-cos(x)))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2^(1/2)*((cos(x)-1)/(-a+cos(x)))^(1/2)*(-2*(-a+cos(x))/(cos(x)+1))^(1/2)*a
rctan(1/2*(-2*(-a+cos(x))/(cos(x)+1))^(1/2)*2^(1/2))*(cot(x)+csc(x))
```

3.779.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(x)}{a-\cos(x)}} dx$

**3.779.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx = -\arctan\left(-\frac{(a - 2 \cos(x) - 1)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)-1}{a-\cos(x)}}}{2 \sin(x)}\right)$$

input `integrate(((1-cos(x))/(a-cos(x)))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-arctan(-1/2*(a - 2*cos(x) - 1)*sqrt(-(cos(x) - 1)/(a - cos(x)))/sin(x))`**3.779.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(((1-cos(x))/(a-cos(x)))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt((1 - cos(x))/(a - cos(x))), x)`**3.779.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(((1-cos(x))/(a-cos(x)))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`



**3.779.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

$$= 2 \arctan \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} x \right)^2 + \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} x \right)^2 + a - 1} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} x \right)^3 + \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} x \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(a - \cos(x))$$

input `integrate(((1-cos(x))/(a-cos(x)))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a*tan(1/2*x)^2 + tan(1/2*x)^2 + a - 1))*sgn(tan(1/2*x)^3 + tan(1/2*x))*sgn(a - cos(x))`**3.779.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{a - \cos(x)}} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x) - 1}{a - \cos(x)}} dx$$

input `int((-cos(x) - 1)/(a - cos(x)))^(1/2),x)`output `int((-cos(x) - 1)/(a - cos(x)))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.780 $\int (a+a \cos(c+dx)) \left(-\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx$

3.780.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6083
3.780.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6083
3.780.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6084
3.780.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6085
3.780.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6085
3.780.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6086
3.780.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6086
3.780.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6087
3.780.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6087

#### 3.780.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left(-\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx = \frac{aB \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{aB \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*a*B*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*a*B*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.780.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left(-\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx = \frac{aB(2c + 2 \sin(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*(-1/2*B + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*B*(2*c + 2*Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d)`

**3.780.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a) \left( B \cos(c + dx) - \frac{B}{2} \right) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right) \left( B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \frac{B}{2} \right) dx$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{aB \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{aB \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])*(-1/2*B + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a*B*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (a*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)`

**3.780.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

**3.780.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{Ba(2\sin(dx+c)+\sin(2dx+2c))}{4d}$	26
risch	$\frac{aB\sin(dx+c)}{2d} + \frac{Ba\sin(2dx+2c)}{4d}$	31
norman	$\frac{2Ba \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$	32
parts	$\frac{Ba\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{aBx}{2} + \frac{aB\sin(dx+c)}{2d}$	48
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Ba\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + Ba\sin(dx+c) - Ba(dx+c)}{2d}$	51
default	$\frac{2Ba\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + Ba\sin(dx+c) - Ba(dx+c)}{2d}$	51

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a)*(-1/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*B*a*(2*sin(d*x+c)+sin(2*d*x+2*c))/d`**3.780.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left( -\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{(Ba \cos(dx + c) + Ba) \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*(-1/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*(B*a*cos(d*x + c) + B*a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.780.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left( -\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Bax \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{Bax \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} - \frac{Bax}{2} + \frac{Ba \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Ba \sin(c+dx)}{2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x \left( B \cos(c) - \frac{B}{2} \right) (a \cos(c) + a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*(-1/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((B*a*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + B*a*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 - B*a*x/2 + B*a*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + B*a*sin(c + d*x)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(B*cos(c) - B/2)*(a*cos(c) + a), True))`

**3.780.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left( -\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))Ba - 2(dx + c)Ba + 2 Ba \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*(-1/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*a - 2*(d*x + c)*B*a + 2*B*a*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.780.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left( -\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{Ba \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d} + \frac{Ba \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))*(-1/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*a*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 1/2*B*a*sin(d*x + c)/d`**3.780.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx)) \left( -\frac{B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{Ba(2 \sin(c + dx) + \sin(2c + 2dx))}{4d}$$

input `int(-(B/2 - B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `(B*a*(2*sin(c + d*x) + sin(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(4*d)`

### 3.781 $\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^4 \left(-\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx$

3.781.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6088
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3.781.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6092

#### 3.781.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left(-\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx = \frac{B(a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `1/5*B*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.781.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left(-\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx = \frac{a^4 B (1 + \cos(c + dx))^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*((-4*B)/5 + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(a^4*B*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)`

**3.781.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3228}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4 \left( B \cos(c + dx) - \frac{4B}{5} \right) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^4 \left( B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{4B}{5} \right) dx$$

↓ 3228

$$\frac{B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^4}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*((-4*B)/5 + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(B*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)`

**3.781.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3228 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1), 0]`



### 3.781.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
norman	$\frac{32B a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{5d\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{B a^4 (42 \sin(dx+c) + \sin(5dx+5c) + 8 \sin(4dx+4c) + 27 \sin(3dx+3c) + 48 \sin(2dx+2c))}{80d}$
risch	$\frac{21B a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{40d} + \frac{B a^4 \sin(5dx+5c)}{80d} + \frac{B a^4 \sin(4dx+4c)}{10d} + \frac{27B a^4 \sin(3dx+3c)}{80d} + \frac{3B a^4 \sin(2dx+2c)}{5d}$
derivativedivides	$16B a^4 \left( \frac{\left(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + B a^4 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c) + \frac{14B a^4}{5d}$
default	$16B a^4 \left( \frac{\left(\cos^3(dx+c) + \frac{3\cos(dx+c)}{2}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + B a^4 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c) + \frac{14B a^4}{5d}$
parts	$\frac{B a^4 \left( \frac{8}{3} + \cos^4(dx+c) + \frac{4(\cos^2(dx+c))}{3} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} - \frac{4B a^4 x}{5} - \frac{11B a^4 \sin(dx+c)}{5d} - \frac{4B a^4 \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{5d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^4*(-4/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `32/5*B*a^4/d*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(1+tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^5`

### 3.781.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{(Ba^4 \cos(dx+c))^4 + 4Ba^4 \cos(dx+c)^3 + 6Ba^4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4Ba^4 \cos(dx+c) + Ba^4) \sin(dx+c)}{5d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*(-4/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(B*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 4*B*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 6*B*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*B*a^4*cos(d*x + c) + B*a^4)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

---

3.781.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$

**3.781.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs.  $2(22) = 44$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.81

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{6Ba^4x \sin^4(c+dx)}{5} + \frac{12Ba^4x \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5} - \frac{2Ba^4x \sin^2(c+dx)}{5} + \frac{6Ba^4x \cos^4(c+dx)}{5} - \frac{2Ba^4x \cos^2(c+dx)}{5} - \frac{4Ba^4x}{5} + \\ x(B \cos(c) - \frac{4B}{5})(a \cos(c) + a)^4 \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**4*(-4/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((6*B*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/5 + 12*B*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/5 - 2*B*a**4*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/5 + 6*B*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/5 - 2*B*a**4*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/5 - 4*B*a**4*x/5 + 8*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + 6*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(5*d) + 28*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)**3/(15*d) + B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 2*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/d + 14*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) - 2*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(5*d) - 11*B*a**4*sin(c + d*x)/(5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(B*cos(c) - 4*B/5)*(a*cos(c) + a)**4, True))`

**3.781.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3 \sin(dx + c)^5 - 10 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \sin(dx + c))Ba^4 - 28(\sin(dx + c)^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c))Ba^4 + 3}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*(-4/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/30*(2*(3*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 10*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*sin(d*x + c))*B*a^4 - 28*(sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*B*a^4 + 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*a^4 - 6*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*a^4 - 24*(d*x + c)*B*a^4 - 66*B*a^4*sin(d*x + c))/d`

---

3.781.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$

**3.781.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx \\ &= \frac{Ba^4 \sin(5dx + 5c)}{80d} + \frac{Ba^4 \sin(4dx + 4c)}{10d} + \frac{27Ba^4 \sin(3dx + 3c)}{80d} \\ & \quad + \frac{3Ba^4 \sin(2dx + 2c)}{5d} + \frac{21Ba^4 \sin(dx + c)}{40d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^4*(-4/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/80*B*a^4*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/10*B*a^4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 27/80*B*a^4*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3/5*B*a^4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 21/40*B*a^4*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.781.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^4 \left( -\frac{4B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{32 B a^4 \cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^9 \sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{5d}$$

input `int(-((4*B)/5 - B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `(32*B*a^4*cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^9*sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(5*d)`

### 3.782 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$

3.782.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6093
3.782.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6093
3.782.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6094
3.782.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6095
3.782.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6095
3.782.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6095
3.782.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6096
3.782.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6097
3.782.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6097

#### 3.782.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{B(a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1+n)}$$

output `B*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+n)`

#### 3.782.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{B(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(-((B*n)/(1 + n)) + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(B*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^n*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + n))`

**3.782.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$ , Rules used = {3042, 3228}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^n \left( B \cos(c + dx) - \frac{Bn}{n+1} \right) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^n \left( B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \frac{Bn}{n+1} \right) dx$$

↓ 3228

$$\frac{B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^n}{d(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(-((B*n)/(1 + n)) + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(B*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + n))`

**3.782.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3228 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1), 0]`

---

3.782.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$

**3.782.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{B(a(1+\cos(dx+c)))^n \sin(dx+c)}{d(1+n)}$
norman	$\frac{2B \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) e^{n \ln\left(a + \frac{(1 - \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right))a}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{d(1+n)\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
risc	$B(e^{i(dx+c)})^{-n} (\sin(dx) \cos(c) + \cos(dx) \sin(c)) (e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^{2n} a^n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{-i\pi n \left(\operatorname{csgn}\left(i(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)\right)\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(i(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)\right)}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c))*a)^n*(-B*n/(1+n)+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `B/d/(1+n)*(a*(1+cos(d*x+c)))^n*sin(d*x+c)`**3.782.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^n B \sin(dx + c)}{dn + d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^n*(-B*n/(1+n)+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^n*B*sin(d*x + c)/(d*n + d)`**3.782.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

---

3.782.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2B \left( a - \frac{a \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1} + \frac{a}{\tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1} \right)^n \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{dn \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + dn + d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a \cos(c) + a)^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{n+1} + B \cos(c) \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**n*(-B*n/(1+n)+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*B*(a - a*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1) + a/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1))**n*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(d*n*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d*n + d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a*cos(c) + a)**n*(-B*n/(n + 1) + B*cos(c)), True))`

### 3.782.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. 2(28) = 56.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx =$$

$$\frac{(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 2 \cos(dx + c) + 1)^n B a^n \sin(-(dx + c)(n + 1) + 2n \arctan(\sin(dx + c) + \cos(dx + c)))}{2^{n+1} d (n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^n*(-B*n/(1+n)+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^n*B*a^n*sin(-(d*x + c)*(n + 1) + 2*n*arctan2(sin(d*x + c), cos(d*x + c) + 1)) - (cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*cos(d*x + c) + 1)^n*B*a^n*sin(-(d*x + c)*(n - 1) + 2*n*arctan2(sin(d*x + c), cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/(2^n*d*(n + 1))`

**3.782.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1370 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 7.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1370, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.93

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^n*(-B*n/(1+n)+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -2*(B*(sqrt(-tan(d*x + c))^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*tan(d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - tan(d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 6*tan(d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 7*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 4)*abs(a)/(tan(d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + tan(d*x + c)^2 + tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))^n*tan(-1/4*pi*n*sgn(4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 4*a)*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*pi*n*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 1/4*pi*n*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + pi*n*floor(1/4*sgn(4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 4*a)*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 1/4*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 1/4*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/2) + 1/4*pi*n*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - B*(sqrt(-tan(d*x + c))^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*tan(d*x + c)^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - tan(d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 6*tan(d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 7*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 4)*abs(a)/(tan(d*x + c)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + tan(d*x + c)^2 + tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))^n*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*n*tan(-1/4*pi*n*sgn(4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 4*a)*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*pi*n*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - 1/4*pi*n*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + pi*n*floor(1/4*sgn(4*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 4*a)*sgn(a)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2...))
```

**3.782.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{B \sin(c + dx) (a (\cos(c + dx) + 1))^n}{d (n + 1)}$$

```
input int((B*cos(c + d*x) - (B*n)/(n + 1))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)
```

---

3.782.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{Bn}{1+n} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx$



output  $(B \sin(c + dx) (a (\cos(c + dx) + 1))^n) / (d(n + 1))$

$$3.783 \quad \int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$$

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### 3.783.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{B \sin(c+dx)}{2d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3}$$

output `-1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3`

### 3.783.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{B \sin(c+dx)}{2a^3d(1+\cos(c+dx))^3}$$

input `Integrate[((-3*B)/2 + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(B*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^3*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

---

3.783.  $\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^3} dx$

**3.783.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {3042, 3228}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) - \frac{3B}{2}}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - \frac{3B}{2}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^3} dx$$

↓ 3228

$$-\frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{2d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^3}$$

input `Int[((-3*B)/2 + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(B*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^3)`

**3.783.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3228 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1), 0]`

**3.783.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sec^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) B}{8a^3 d}$	30
risc	$\frac{2iB(e^{3i(dx+c)} - e^{2i(dx+c)})}{da^3(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^5}$	45
derivativdivides	$\frac{B\left(-\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^3}$	48
default	$\frac{B\left(-\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8da^3}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{B \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{8ad} - \frac{3B \left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8ad} - \frac{3B \left(\tan^5\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8ad} - \frac{B \left(\tan^7\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{8ad}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2}$	99

```
input int((-3/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sec(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*B/a^3/d
```

**3.783.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{B \sin(dx + c)}{2(a^3 d \cos(dx + c))^3 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3a^3 d \cos(dx + c) + a^3 d}$$

```
input integrate((-3/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/2*B*sin(d*x + c)/(a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)
```

**3.783.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{B \tan^5\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8a^3d} - \frac{B \tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4a^3d} - \frac{B \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{8a^3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(B \cos(c) - \frac{3B}{2})}{(a \cos(c) + a)^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-3/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-B*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**5/(8*a**3*d) - B*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(4*a**3*d) - B*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(8*a**3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(B*cos(c) - 3*B/2)/(a*cos(c) + a)**3, True))`

**3.783.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{B \left( \frac{15 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} + \frac{10 \sin(dx+c)^3}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right) - \frac{2B \left( \frac{5 \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} - \frac{\sin(dx+c)^5}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^5} \right)}{40d}$$

input `integrate((-3/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/40*(B*(15*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) + 10*sin(d*x + c)^3/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^3 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3 - 2*B*(5*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1) - sin(d*x + c)^5/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)^5)/a^3/d`

**3.783.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{B \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 2B \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + B \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{8a^3d}$$

input `integrate((-3/2*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*(B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(a^3*d)`**3.783.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{-\frac{3B}{2} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{B \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2}{8a^3d}$$

input `int(-((3*B)/2 - B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `-(B*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2 + 1)^2)/(8*a^3*d)`

### 3.784 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx$

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#### 3.784.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx = \frac{2B(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `2/5*B*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### 3.784.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx)\right) dx = \frac{8aB \cos^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*((-3*B)/5 + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(8*a*B*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]^3*sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Sin[(c + d*x)/2])/(5*d)`

**3.784.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {3042, 3228}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} \left( B \cos(c + dx) - \frac{3B}{5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^{3/2} \left( B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \frac{3B}{5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3228}$$

$$\frac{2B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*((-3*B)/5 + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*B*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)`

**3.784.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3228 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1), 0]`



**3.784.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
default	$\frac{8\left(\cos^5\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a^2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)B\sqrt{2}}{5\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}d}$
parts	$\frac{4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)a^2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(2\left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+2\right)\sqrt{2}}{5\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}d} - \frac{4B a^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+2\right)\sqrt{2}}{5\sqrt{a\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}d}$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(3/2)*(-3/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `8/5*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^5*a^2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*B*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`**3.784.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( -\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{2(Ba \cos(dx + c) + Ba)\sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a \sin(dx + c)}}{5d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(-3/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/5*(B*a*cos(d*x + c) + B*a)*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.784.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( -\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{B \left( \int (-3a \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}) dx + \int 2a \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \cos(c + dx) dx + \int 5a \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \cos^2(c + dx) dx \right)}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(-3/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `B*(Integral(-3*a*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a), x) + Integral(2*a*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)*cos(c + d*x), x) + Integral(5*a*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x))/5`

**3.784.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( -\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 5\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 20\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))B\sqrt{a} - 2(\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{5}{2}dx + \frac{5}{2}c) + 5\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{3}{2}dx + \frac{3}{2}c) + 20\sqrt{2}a \sin(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c))}{10d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(-3/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*((sqrt(2)*a*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 5*sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 20*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*B*sqrt(a) - 2*(sqrt(2)*a*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 9*sqrt(2)*a*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*B*sqrt(a))/d`

**3.784.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( -\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} (B a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{5}{2} dx + \frac{5}{2} c) + 3 B a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{3}{2} dx + \frac{3}{2} c) + 2 B a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sin(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)) \sqrt{a}}{10 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(-3/5*B+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*sqrt(2)*(B*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(5/2*d*x + 5/2*c) + 3*B*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c) + 2*B*a*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(a)/d`

**3.784.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( -\frac{3B}{5} + B \cos(c + dx) \right) dx = \int -\left( \frac{3B}{5} - B \cos(c + dx) \right) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(-((3*B)/5 - B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(-((3*B)/5 - B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.785**  $\int \frac{B+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.785.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.785.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{ad}$$

input `Integrate[(B + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/(a*d)`

**3.785.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {2011, 3042, 3125}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + B}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2011}$$

$$\frac{B \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{B \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a} dx}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3125}$$

$$\frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[(B + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[a + a*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.785.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2011 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(v_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
&& EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x,  
a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3125 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*b*(Cos [c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Eq Q[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.785.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
default	$\frac{2B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$
risch	$-\frac{iB\sqrt{2} (e^{i(dx+c)} - 1)(1 + e^{-i(dx+c)})}{\sqrt{a(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 e^{-i(dx+c)}} d}$
parts	$\frac{B\sqrt{2} \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}   1\right)}{d \operatorname{sec}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \operatorname{csgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - \frac{B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + 4a}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} d}$

input `int((B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*2^(1/2)/(a*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.785.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} B \sin(dx + c)}{ad \cos(dx + c) + ad}$$

input `integrate((B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)*B*sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + a*d)`

**3.785.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = B \left( \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `B*(Integral(cos(c + d*x)/sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a), x) + Integral(1/sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a), x))`

**3.785.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19040 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19040, normalized size of antiderivative = 732.31

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(6*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*B/sqrt(a) - (12*sqrt(2)*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^3*sin(d*x + c) - 12*(sqrt(2)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(2))*sin(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^3 - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + ((3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sin(d*x + c)^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)*sin(d*x + c) + 2*(3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*cos(3/2*d*x + 3/2*c)^2 - (8*sqrt(2)*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 3*(sqrt(2)*log(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2...`

### 3.785.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate((B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*B*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))`



**3.785.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{B + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}}{a d (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((B + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*B*sin(c + d*x)*(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))^(1/2))/(a*d*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))`

$$3.786 \quad \int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.786.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6115
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### 3.786.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

output `-2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)`

### 3.786.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B \sin(c+dx)}{3d(a(1+\cos(c+dx)))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((-5*B)/3 + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*B*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(5/2))`

---


$$3.786. \quad \int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.786.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {3042, 3228}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) - \frac{5B}{3}}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) - \frac{5B}{3}}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3228

$$-\frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((-5*B)/3 + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*B*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

**3.786.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3228 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1), 0]`

**3.786.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) B \sqrt{2}}{6 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 a^2 \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$
parts	$\frac{B \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \left(5\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 4a}}{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}\right) a \left(\cos^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 5 \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{a \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{2}}{32 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} d$

input `int((-5/3*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/6/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/a^2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*B*2^(1/2)/(a*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d$$
**3.786.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2 \sqrt{a \cos(dx + c) + a} B \sin(dx + c)}{3 (a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 a^3 d \cos(dx + c) + a^3 d)}$$

input `integrate((-5/3*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output 
$$-2/3*\sqrt{a*\cos(d*x + c) + a}*B*\sin(d*x + c)/(a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c) + a^3*d)$$

---

3.786. 
$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.786.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{B \left( \int \frac{3 \cos(c + dx)}{a^2 \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \cos^2(c + dx) + 2a^2 \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \cos(c + dx) + a^2 \sqrt{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx + \dots \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((-5/3*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `B*(Integral(3*cos(c + d*x)/(a**2*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*a**2*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)*cos(c + d*x) + a**2*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)), x) + Integral(-5/(a**2*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)*cos(c + d*x)**2 + 2*a**2*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)*cos(c + d*x) + a**2*sqrt(a*cos(c + d*x) + a)), x))/3`

**3.786.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-5/3*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.786.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{6 \left( \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1 \right)^2 a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{dsgn}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate((-5/3*B+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*sqrt(2)*B*sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sin(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)^2*a^(5/2)*d*sgn(cos(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))`

---

3.786.  $\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.786.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{-\frac{5B}{3} + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8 B e^{c2i+dx2i} \sqrt{a + a \left( \frac{e^{-c1i-dx1i}}{2} + \frac{e^{c1i+dx1i}}{2} \right)} (e^{c1i+dx1i} 1i - i)}{3 a^3 d (e^{c1i+dx1i} + 1)^5}$$

input `int(-((5*B)/3 - B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `(8*B*exp(c*2i + d*x*2i)*(a + a*(exp(- c*1i - d*x*1i)/2 + exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)/2))^(1/2)*(exp(c*1i + d*x*1i)*1i - 1i))/(3*a^3*d*(exp(c*1i + d*x*1i) + 1)^5)`

### 3.787 $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.787.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6120
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3.787.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6123
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3.787.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6124
3.787.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6124

#### 3.787.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3B(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2\sqrt[6]{2}(5A + 2B)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/6}}$$

```
output 3/5*B*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*2^(1/6)*(5*A+2*B)*(a+a*cos(d
*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/d/
(1+cos(d*x+c))^(7/6)
```

#### 3.787.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{2/3} \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(3 \cdot 2^{5/6} (5A + 4B + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt[6]{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\right)}{5d}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

output  $((a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^{(2/3)}*\text{Sec}[(c + d*x)/2]^{2*(3*2^{(5/6)}*(5*A + 4*B + 2*B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])*(1 - \text{Cos}[d*x - 2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c/2]])]^{(1/6)}*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] - 2*(5*A + 2*B)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, \text{Cos}[(d*x)/2 - \text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c/2]])]^{2}*\text{Sin}[d*x - 2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c/2]])]^{(1/6)})/(20*2^{(5/6)}*d*(1 - \text{Cos}[d*x - 2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Cot}[c/2]])]^{(1/6)})$

### 3.787.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^{2/3} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\ & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 2B) \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 2B) \int \left( \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) a + a \right)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\ & \frac{(5A + 2B)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3} \int (\cos(c + dx) + 1)^{2/3} dx}{5(\cos(c + dx) + 1)^{2/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{(5A + 2B)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3} \int (\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 1)^{2/3} dx}{5(\cos(c + dx) + 1)^{2/3}} + \\ & \quad \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3130} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.787.  $\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$



$$\frac{2\sqrt[6]{2}(5A + 2B) \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right)}{5d(\cos(c + dx) + 1)^{7/6}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(3*B*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*2^(1/6)*(5*A + 2*B)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(7/6))`

### 3.787.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

**3.787.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.787.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.787.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.787.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.787.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.787.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.788 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.788.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6125
3.788.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	6125
3.788.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6126
3.788.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6128
3.788.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6128
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3.788.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6129
3.788.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6129
3.788.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6129

#### 3.788.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3B \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{(4A + B) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt[6]{2}d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

```
output 3/4*B*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*(4*A+B)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2],[3/2],1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(5/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)
```

#### 3.788.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 3.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \left( -6(4A + B) \cot\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\sec^2\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)} + 5(4A + B) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c - dx - 2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right))\right) \right)}{2\sqrt[6]{2}d(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(1/3)*(-6*(4*A + B)*Cot[c/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c/2]^2] + 5*(4*A + B)*Cos[(c - d*x - 2*ArcTan[Tan[c/2]])/2]*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2] + 4*A*Cos[(c + d*x + 2*ArcTan[Tan[c/2]])/2]*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2] + B*Cos[(c + d*x + 2*ArcTan[Tan[c/2]])/2]*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2] + 6*B*Sqrt[Sec[c/2]^2]*Sin[c + d*x] - (4*(4*A + B)*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/6}, {5/6}, Cos[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]]^2]*Sec[c/2]*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]])/Sqrt[Sin[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]]^2))/(8*d*Sqrt[Sec[c/2]^2])`

### 3.788.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}\left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(4A + B) \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + adx} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}(4A + B) \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + adx} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
 & \frac{(4A + B) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1} dx}{4 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.788.  $\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\frac{(4A + B) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 1} dx}{4 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d}$$

↓ 3130

$$\frac{(4A + B) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right)}{2 \sqrt[6]{2d} (\cos(c + dx) + 1)^{5/6}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4d}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(3*B*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + B)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*2^(1/6)*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6))`

### 3.788.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

**3.788.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c) a)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.788.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.788.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt[3]{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.788.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.788.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.788.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`



$$3.789 \quad \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.789.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6130  
 3.789.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6130  
 3.789.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6131  
 3.789.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6133  
 3.789.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6133  
 3.789.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6133  
 3.789.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6134  
 3.789.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6134  
 3.789.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6134

**3.789.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 101

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{(2A-B) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right) \sin(c+dx)}{2^{5/6} d \sqrt[6]{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 3/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)+1/2*(2*A-B)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/6)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)
```

**3.789.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{3 \cdot 2^{5/6} B \sqrt[6]{1-\cos\left(dx-2 \arctan\left(\cot\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin(c+dx)-2(2 A-B) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}-\arctan\left(\cot\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)}{4 d \sqrt[3]{a(1+\cos(c+dx))} \sqrt[6]{\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}-\arctan\left(\cot\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.789.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*2^(5/6)*B*(1 - Cos[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]])^(1/6)*Sin[c + d*x] - 2*(2*A - B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, Cos[(d*x)/2 - ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]]^2]*Sin[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]])/(4*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(1/3)*(Sin[(d*x)/2 - ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]]^2)^(1/6))`

### 3.789.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(2A - B) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + a}} dx + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(2A - B) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a}} dx + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
 & \frac{(2A - B) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.789.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{(2A - B) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 1}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 3130

$$\frac{(2A - B) \sin(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right)}{2^{5/6} d \sqrt[6]{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*B*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)) + ((2*A - B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2^(5/6)*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(1/6)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### 3.789.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

---

3.789.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.789.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c)}{(a + \cos(dx + c)a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(1/3),x)`

**3.789.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.789.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3), x)`

**3.789.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.789.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.789.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**3.790**       $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.790.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6135  
 3.790.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 6135  
 3.790.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6136  
 3.790.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6138  
 3.790.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6138  
 3.790.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6138  
 3.790.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6139  
 3.790.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6139  
 3.790.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6139

**3.790.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(A - B) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{5/6}(A - 2B) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{ad(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

output `3*(A-B)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)-2^(5/6)*(A-2*B)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)`

**3.790.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(4(A - 2B) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}; \frac{5}{6}; \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)}{ad(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output  $(\text{Cos}[(c + d*x)/2]*(4*(A - 2*B)*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{-1/2, -1/6\}, \{5/6\}, \text{Cos}[(d*x)/2 + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c/2]]]^2]*\text{Sec}[c/2]*\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2 + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c/2]]] - \text{Csc}[c/2]*(5*(A - 2*B)*\text{Cos}[(c - d*x - 2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c/2]])/2]*\text{Sec}[c/2] + (A - 2*B)*\text{Cos}[(c + d*x + 2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c/2]])/2]*\text{Sec}[c/2] + 3*((-2*A + 3*B)*\text{Cos}[(d*x)/2] + B*\text{Cos}[c + (d*x)/2])* \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2 + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c/2]]]^2]))/(d*(a*(1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x]))^{2/3}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sec}[c/2]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[(d*x)/2 + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c/2]]]^2])$

### 3.790.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3229, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3229

$$\frac{3(A - B) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(A - 2B) \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + adx}}{a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3(A - B) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(A - 2B) \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + adx}}{a}$$

↓ 3131

$$\frac{3(A - B) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(A - 2B) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1} dx}{a \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3(A - B) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(A - 2B) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 1} dx}{a \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}$$

---

3.790.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3130} \\ \frac{3(A - B) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} - \\ \frac{2^{5/6}(A - 2B) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right)}{ad(\cos(c + dx) + 1)^{5/6}} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output `(3*(A - B)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)) - (2^(5/6)*(A - 2*B)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6))`

### 3.790.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`



**3.790.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c)}{(a + \cos(dx + c)a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*a)^(2/3),x)`

**3.790.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.790.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a(\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(2/3), x)`

**3.790.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.790.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.790.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**3.791**  $\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

3.791.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6140  
 3.791.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6140  
 3.791.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6141  
 3.791.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6142  
 3.791.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6143  
 3.791.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6143  
 3.791.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 6144  
 3.791.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6144  
 3.791.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6145

**3.791.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}B \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{abd}$$

output `B*x/b-2*B*arctan((a-b)^(1/2)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(a+b)^(1/2))*(a-b)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)/a/b/d`

**3.791.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{B\left(a(c + dx) + 2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(-a+b) \tan(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)\right)}{abd}$$

input `Integrate[((b*B)/a + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(B*(a*(c + d*x) + 2*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*ArcTanh[((-a + b)*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/(a*b*d)`

---

3.791.  $\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.791.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {3042, 3214, 3042, 3138, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{B\left(a - \frac{b^2}{a}\right)}{b} \int \frac{1}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{B\left(a - \frac{b^2}{a}\right)}{b} \int \frac{1}{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3138

$$\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{2B\left(a - \frac{b^2}{a}\right)}{bd} \int \frac{1}{(a-b) \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) + a+b} d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{2B\left(a - \frac{b^2}{a}\right)}{bd\sqrt{a-b}\sqrt{a+b}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)$$

input `Int[((b*B)/a + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(B*x)/b - (2*(a - b^2/a)*B*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a - b]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a - b]*b*Sqrt[a + b]*d)`

3.791.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
  
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
  
- rule 3138 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Simp[2*(e/d) Subst[Int[1/(a + b + (a - b)*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`
  
- rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

3.791.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B \left( \frac{a \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b} - \frac{(a-b)(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{da}$	77
default	$\frac{2B \left( \frac{a \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b} - \frac{(a-b)(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}}\right)}{b\sqrt{(a-b)(a+b)}} \right)}{da}$	77
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} B \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + \frac{i\sqrt{-a^2+b^2+a}}{b}\right)}{dba} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} B \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - \frac{i\sqrt{-a^2+b^2-a}}{b}\right)}{dba}$	118

input `int((b*B/a+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*B/a*(1/b*a*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))-(a-b)*(a+b)/b/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))*arctan((a-b)*tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((a-b)*(a+b))^(1/2))`

3.791.  $\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

**3.791.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 B a d x + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} B \log \left( \frac{2 a b \cos(dx+c) + (2 a^2 - b^2) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} (a \cos(dx+c) + b) \sin(dx+c) - a^2 + 2 b^2}{b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 a b \cos(dx+c) + a^2} \right)}{2 a b d} \right], \frac{B a d x - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} B \arctan \left( \frac{a \cos(dx+c) + b}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \sin(dx+c)} \right)}{a b d}$$

input `integrate((b*B/a+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(2*B*a*d*x + sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*B*log((2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + (2*a^2 - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)*sin(d*x + c) - a^2 + 2*b^2)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c) + a^2)))/(a*b*d), (B*a*d*x - sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*B*arctan(-(a*cos(d*x + c) + b)/(sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*sin(d*x + c)))/(a*b*d)]`**3.791.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 17.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \text{NaN} \\ \frac{B \sin(c+dx)}{ad} \\ \frac{x \left( B \cos(c) + \frac{Bb}{a} \right)}{a+b \cos(c)} \\ \frac{Bx}{b} \\ \frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{B \log \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{bd \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} + \frac{B \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{bd \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} - \frac{B \log \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{ad \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} + \frac{B \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}} + \tan \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) \right)}{ad \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b}{a-b}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*B/a+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

---

3.791.  $\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx$

```
output Piecewise((nan, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (B*sin(c + d*x)/(a*d), Eq
(b, 0)), (x*(B*cos(c) + B*b/a)/(a + b*cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (B*x/b, Eq(a, b)
| Eq(a, -b)), (B*x/b - B*log(-sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b)) + tan(c/2 + d*
x/2))/(b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) + B*log(sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a -
b)) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))/(b*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b))) - B*log(-sqrt(-
a/(a - b) - b/(a - b) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))/(a*d*sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b
))) + B*log(sqrt(-a/(a - b) - b/(a - b) + tan(c/2 + d*x/2))/(a*d*sqrt(-a/
(a - b) - b/(a - b))), True))
```

### 3.791.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((b*B/a+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*b^2-4*a^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

### 3.791.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} B |a - b| |a| |b| + (2a^2 + ab) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} B |a - b|) \left( \pi \left[ \frac{dx+c}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] + \arctan \left( \frac{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \sqrt{a^4 - (a^2 + ab)(a^2 - ab)}}{a^2 - ab}}} \right) \right) + (2Ba^3 - Ba^2b - Bab^2 - Ba^4)}{(a-b)a^2b^2 + (a^3 - a^2b)|a||b|} + \frac{\quad}{d}$$

```
input integrate((b*B/a+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

3.791.  $\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$

output  $-\left(\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} B \operatorname{abs}(a - b) \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{abs}(b) + (2a^2 + a^2 b) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} B \operatorname{abs}(a - b) \left(\pi \operatorname{floor}\left(\frac{1}{2}(dx + c)\right) / \pi + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\sqrt{(a^2 + \sqrt{a^4 - (a^2 + a^2 b)(a^2 - a^2 b)})} / (a^2 - a^2 b)}\right)\right) / \left(\left(a - b\right) a^2 b^2 + (a^3 - a^2 b) \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{abs}(b) + (2B a^3 - B a^2 b - B a^2 b^2 - B a \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{abs}(b) + B b \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{abs}(b)) \left(\pi \operatorname{floor}\left(\frac{1}{2}(dx + c)\right) / \pi + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{\sqrt{(a^2 - \sqrt{a^4 - (a^2 + a^2 b)(a^2 - a^2 b)})} / (a^2 - a^2 b)}\right)\right) / (a^2 b^2 - a^2 \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{abs}(b)) / d$

### 3.791.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\frac{bB}{a} + B \cos(c + dx)}{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 B \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}\right)}{b d} + \frac{2 B \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{\cos\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) (a+b)}\right) \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{a b d}$$

input `int((B*cos(c + d*x) + (B*b)/a)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output  $(2*B*\operatorname{atan}(\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)/\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/(b*d) + (2*B*\operatorname{atanh}((\sin(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(b^2 - a^2)^{(1/2)})/(\cos(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + b)))*(b^2 - a^2)^{(1/2)})/(a*b*d)$



$$3.792 \quad \int \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(b+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$$

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### 3.792.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d(b + a \cos(c + dx))}$$

output `sin(d*x+c)/d/(b+a*cos(d*x+c))`

### 3.792.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d(b + a \cos(c + dx))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(b + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.792.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {3042, 3233, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + b)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\left(a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + b\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3233} \\ & \frac{\int 0 dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + b)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\ & \frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d(a \cos(c + dx) + b)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(b + a*Cos[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(b + a*Cos[c + d*x]))`

**3.792.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3233 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e +
f*x])^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))
Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[(a*c - b*d)*(m + 1) - (b*c - a*d)*(
m + 2)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

### 3.792.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{d(b+\cos(dx+c)a)}$	23
risc	$\frac{2i(b e^{i(dx+c)}+a)}{ad(a e^{2i(dx+c)}+2b e^{i(dx+c)}+a)}$	50
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-a-b\right)}$	51
default	$-\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-a-b\right)}$	51
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}-\frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{d}}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)a-b\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-a-b\right)}$	84

```
input int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)/(b+cos(d*x+c)*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output sin(d*x+c)/d/(b+cos(d*x+c)*a)
```

### 3.792.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(dx + c)}{ad \cos(dx + c) + bd}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(b+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output sin(d*x + c)/(a*d*cos(d*x + c) + b*d)
```

**3.792.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(b+a*cos(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.792.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(b+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.792.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 50 vs. 2(22) = 44.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)}{\left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - a - b\right) d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(b+a*cos(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - a - b)*d)`

---

3.792.  $\int \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{(b+a \cos(c+dx))^2} dx$

**3.792.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{(b + a \cos(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d \left( (b - a) \tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)^2 + a + b \right)}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))/(b + a*cos(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `(2*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2))/(d*(a + b - tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)^2*(a - b))`

### 3.793 $\int \frac{3+\cos(c+dx)}{2-\cos(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.793.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx = -x + \frac{5x}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{10 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{2+\sqrt{3}-\cos(c+dx)}\right)}{\sqrt{3}d}$$

output `-x+5/3*x*3^(1/2)+10/3*arctan(sin(d*x+c)/(2-cos(d*x+c)+3^(1/2)))/d*3^(1/2)`

#### 3.793.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx = -x + \frac{10 \arctan\left(\sqrt{3} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{3}d}$$

input `Integrate[(3 + Cos[c + d*x])/(2 - Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-x + (10*ArcTan[Sqrt[3]*Tan[(c + d*x)/2]])/(Sqrt[3]*d)`

**3.793.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3214, 3042, 3136}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)+3}{2-\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+3}{2-\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & 5 \int \frac{1}{2-\cos(c+dx)} dx - x \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 5 \int \frac{1}{2-\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx - x \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3136} \\
 & 5 \left( \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{-\cos(c+dx)+\sqrt{3}+2}\right)}{\sqrt{3}d} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(3 + Cos[c + d*x])/(2 - Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-x + 5*(x/Sqrt[3] + (2*ArcTan[Sin[c + d*x]/(2 + Sqrt[3] - Cos[c + d*x])])/(Sqrt[3]*d))`

## 3.793.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3136 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2]}, Simp[x/q, x] + Simp[(2/(d*q))*ArcTan[b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(a + b*Sin[c + d*x]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && PosQ[a]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## 3.793.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{10\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}\right)}{3}}{d}$	37
default	$\frac{-2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{10\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}\right)}{3}}{d}$	37
risch	$-x + \frac{5i\sqrt{3} \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - \sqrt{3} - 2\right)}{3d} - \frac{5i\sqrt{3} \ln\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + \sqrt{3} - 2\right)}{3d}$	55

input `int((3+cos(d*x+c))/(2-cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))+10/3*3^(1/2)*arctan(tan(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*3^(1/2)))`



**3.793.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{3 dx + 5 \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}\cos(dx+c)-\sqrt{3}}{3\sin(dx+c)}\right)}{3d}$$

input `integrate((3+cos(d*x+c))/(2-cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(3*d*x + 5*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(3))/sin(d*x + c)))/d`**3.793.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx = \begin{cases} -x + \frac{10\sqrt{3}\left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{3}\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) + \pi\left\lfloor\frac{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2}}{\pi}\right\rfloor\right)}{3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(\cos(c)+3)}{2-\cos(c)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((3+cos(d*x+c))/(2-cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((-x + 10*sqrt(3)*(atan(sqrt(3)*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)) + pi*floor((c/2 + d*x/2 - pi/2)/pi))/(3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(cos(c) + 3)/(2 - cos(c)), True))`**3.793.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\left(5\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) - 3\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)\right)}{3d}$$

input `integrate((3+cos(d*x+c))/(2-cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(5*sqrt(3)*arctan(sqrt(3)*sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) - 3*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

**3.793.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3dx - 5\sqrt{3}\left(dx + c + 2 \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}\sin(dx+c) - 3\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{3}\cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{3} - 3\cos(dx+c) + 3}\right)\right) + 3c}{3d}$$

input `integrate((3+cos(d*x+c))/(2-cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*(3*d*x - 5*sqrt(3)*(d*x + c + 2*arctan(-(sqrt(3)*sin(d*x + c) - 3*sin(d*x + c))/(sqrt(3)*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(3) - 3*cos(d*x + c) + 3))) + 3*c)/d`**3.793.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{3 + \cos(c + dx)}{2 - \cos(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\pi - \frac{5\pi\sqrt{3}}{3}}{d} - \frac{\pi + \frac{5\pi\sqrt{3}}{3}}{d}\right) \left(\operatorname{atan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\pi}$$

$$- \frac{dx - \frac{10\sqrt{3}\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{3}\tan\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\right)}{3}}{d}$$

input `int(-(cos(c + d*x) + 3)/(cos(c + d*x) - 2),x)`output `((pi - (5*3^(1/2)*pi)/3)/d - (pi + (5*3^(1/2)*pi)/3)/d)*(atan(tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (d*x)/2)/pi - (d*x - (10*3^(1/2)*atan(3^(1/2)*tan(c/2 + (d*x)/2)))/3)/d`

**3.794**  $\int \frac{aB+bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.794.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

output `2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)*(b/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/2)`

**3.794.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*B + b*B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)])`

**3.794.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {2011, 3042, 3134, 3042, 3132}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2011} \\
 & B \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & B \int \sqrt{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3134} \\
 & \frac{B \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{B \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{a+b}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3132} \\
 & \frac{2B \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right)}{d \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*B + b*B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[a + b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b)])/(d*Sqrt[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)])`

### 3.794.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2011 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[(b/d)^m Int[u*(c + d*v)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
&& EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && (!IntegerQ[n] || SimplerQ[c + d*x,  
a + b*x])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3132 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[a  
+ b]/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2*(b/(a + b))], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[a + b, 0]`

rule 3134 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a +  
b*Sin[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])/(a + b)] Int[Sqrt[a/(a + b) + (  
b/(a + b))*Sin[c + d*x]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2  
, 0] && !GtQ[a + b, 0]`

### 3.794.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} B\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{-\frac{2b}{a - b}}\right) (a - b)$
parts	$\frac{2Ba\sqrt{-\frac{2b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - a - b}{a + b}}{d\sqrt{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}} \operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \middle  \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + (a+b)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{2b\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + a - b}{a - b}}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((B*a+b*B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-2*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a-b)/(a-b))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),(-2*b/(a-b))^{(1/2)})*(a-b)/(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+(a+b)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+a+b)^{(1/2)}/d$

### 3.794.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.19

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= -i\sqrt{2}Ba\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(4a^2-3b^2)}{3b^2}, -\frac{8(8a^3-9ab^2)}{27b^3}, \frac{3b\cos(dx+c)+3ib\sin(dx+c)+2a}{3b}\right) + i\sqrt{2}Ba\sqrt{b}\text{weiers}$$

input `integrate((a*B+b*B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/3*(-I*\sqrt{2}*B*a*\sqrt{b}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*\sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + I*\sqrt{2}*B*a*\sqrt{b}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*\cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*\sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b) + 3*I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*\cos(d*x + c) + 3*I*b*\sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)) - 3*I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(4*a^2 - 3*b^2)/b^2, -8/27*(8*a^3 - 9*a*b^2)/b^3, 1/3*(3*b*\cos(d*x + c) - 3*I*b*\sin(d*x + c) + 2*a)/b)))/(b*d)$

**3.794.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = B \int \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*B+b*B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `B*Integral(sqrt(a + b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.794.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{Bb \cos(dx + c) + Ba}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*B+b*B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*b*cos(d*x + c) + B*a)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.794.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{Bb \cos(dx + c) + Ba}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*B+b*B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*b*cos(d*x + c) + B*a)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.794.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{aB + bB \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 B E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| \frac{2b}{a+b}\right) (a + b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{d \sqrt{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((B*a + B*b*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*B*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, (2*b)/(a + b))*(a + b)*((a + b*cos(c + d*x)) / (a + b))^(1/2))/(d*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`



### 3.795 $\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.795.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6163
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#### 3.795.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(a + b)B \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))}{bd\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

```
output (a+b)*B*AppellF1(1/2,-5/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))
*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
(2/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(A*b-B*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*
x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/
b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.795.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( 5(a^2 - b^2) B \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \sqrt{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`output `(3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(5*(a^2 - b^2)*B*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*Csc[c + d*x] - (5*A*b + 2*a*B)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])*Csc[c + d*x] + 5*b^2*B*Sin[c + d*x]))/(25*b^2*d)`**3.795.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3235} \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(Ab - aB) \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3144} \\
& \frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \\
& \frac{B \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
& \frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \\
& \frac{B(a + b) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{5/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}B(a + b) \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*B*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -5/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(A*b - a*B)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3))`

## 3.795.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 155 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

```
rule 156 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3144 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c +
d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x
)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3235 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m,
x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**3.795.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.795.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.795.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**3.795.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.795.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.795.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.796 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.796.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(a + b)B \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

```
output (a+b)*B*AppellF1(1/2,-4/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))
*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(
1/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(A*b-B*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*
x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/
b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.796.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$3\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 4(-a^2 + b^2) B \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{b(-a^2 + b^2)}{a^2 - b^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`output `(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*(-a^2 + b^2)*B*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)])*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + (4*A*b + a*B)*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*B*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(16*b^2*d)`**3.796.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3235}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.796.  $\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int (a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3} dx}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3144} \\
& \frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \\
& \quad \frac{B \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
& \frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} - \\
& \quad \frac{B(a + b) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}\right)^{4/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}B(a + b) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*B*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -4/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(A*b - a*B)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3))`

## 3.796.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

**3.796.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + \cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.796.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.796.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**3.796.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.796.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.796.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

$$3.797 \quad \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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### 3.797.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}B \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab-aB) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output B*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(A*b-B*a)*AppellF1(1/2,1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.797.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{b(1+\cos(c+dx))}{-a+b}} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( 5(Ab - aB) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b} \right), \right.}{10b^2a}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]`output `(-3*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(5*(A*b - a*B)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)] + 2*B*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))*Csc[c + d*x])/(10*b^2*d)`**3.797.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3235} \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.797.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int (a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3} dx}{b}$$

↓ 3144

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}$$

$$\frac{B \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}$$

↓ 156

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\frac{B \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a + b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}B \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*B*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(A*b - a*B)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

3.797.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

## 3.797.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 155 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

```
rule 156 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3144 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c +
d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x
)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3235 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m,
x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```



**3.797.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c)}{(a + \cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3),x)`

**3.797.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.797.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**3.797.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.797.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**3.797.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**3.798**       $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

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**3.798.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}B \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

output

```
B*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b/d/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(A*b-B*a)*AppellF1(1/2,2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.798.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}}\sqrt{\frac{b(1+\cos(c+dx))}{-a+b}}\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}\left(4(Ab - aB) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a}\right)\right)}{4b^2d}$$

3.798.       $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(-3*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(4*(A*b - a*B)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)] + B*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]))*Csc[c + d*x])/(4*b^2*d)`

### 3.798.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3235} \\
 & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3}} dx}{b} + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3144} \\
 & - \frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \\
 & \frac{B \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.798.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(Ab - aB) \sin(c + dx) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*B*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(A*b - a*B)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.798.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplifierQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplifierQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p])*((b*(e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### 3.798.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c)}{(a + \cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

**3.798.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.798.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**3.798.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.798.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**3.798.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`



### 3.799 $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.799.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2A(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

$$+ \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7b^2d}$$

output

```
2/5*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/b^2/d+10/21*b*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+
10/21*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.799.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 252AE \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2 \right) + 100B \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2 \right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (65B + 42A \cos(c + dx)) \right)}{210d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(252*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(210*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.799.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.799.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3119

---

3.799.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \dots \right)}{b^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

```
output (A*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/b)/b^2
```

**3.799.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

---

3.799.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.799.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b \left(240B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-168A - 360B) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b \left(-8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \dots}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.799.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-25i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 25i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I
*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, we
ierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*
sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I
*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B)*sqrt(
b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**3.799.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.799.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.799.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.799.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.800 $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.800.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6193
3.800.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6194
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3.800.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6197
3.800.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6197
3.800.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6198
3.800.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6198
3.800.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6199
3.800.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6199

#### 3.800.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2A \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2B (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

output

```
2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/3*A*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+6/5*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```



### 3.800.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 9BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(5A + 3B \cos(c + dx)) \right)}{15bd \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/ (15*b*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.800.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

---

3.800.  $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

output  $(A*((2*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + (B*((6*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(3/2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/b/b$

### 3.800.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_.)*(v_.)^{(m_.)}*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

**3.800.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(20A+24B\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\left(-15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)\right)}{15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(-24*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-9*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.800.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cos(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+5i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B}{\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 5*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### 3.800.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.800.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.800.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.800.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.801 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.801.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6200
3.801.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6200
3.801.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6201
3.801.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6203
3.801.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6204
3.801.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6204
3.801.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6204
3.801.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6205
3.801.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6205

#### 3.801.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `2/3*b*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

#### 3.801.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\left(3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)\right)\right)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.801.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{A\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{A\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \\
& \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} + \frac{2AE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2AE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*A*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/b`

### 3.801.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.801.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b\left(-4B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2B\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b d}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b d}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(-4*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.801.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 3i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 3i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} B \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.801.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.801.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

---

3.801.  $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

**3.801.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.801.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.802 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

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3.802.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6206
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#### 3.802.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.802.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right))}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*b*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.802.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & b \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.802.  $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( \frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b \left( \frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b \left( \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((2*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.802.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx._)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])  
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x  
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int  
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.802.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd}$
risch	$-\frac{iB\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)}be^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} - i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{be^{3i(dx+c)}+be^{i(dx+c)}}}\right) + B\left(-\frac{1}{b\sqrt{e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBO  
SE)`

output `-2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(sin(1/2*d*  
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(A*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d  
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2  
*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*  
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`



**3.802.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/d`

**3.802.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.802.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.802.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.802.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.803 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.803.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.803.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( -AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-(A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.803.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

```
output b^2*((2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]) + A*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*S
qrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))
```

### 3.803.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx)*(vm)*(b*(vn)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)
m+n*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3116 Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]n), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])n+1/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + Simp[(n+2)/(b2(n+1)) I
nt[(b*Sin[c + d*x])n+2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] &&
IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3121 Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]n), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])
n/Sin[c + d*x]n Int[Sin[c + d*x]n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]m)*((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x
.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m+1, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.803.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

method	result
default	$\frac{2b\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}b+b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2Ab\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}b+b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}}$

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output 2*b*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.803.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm=
"fracas")
```

```
output (-I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
+ I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(
-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*w
eierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x
+ c))) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstra
ssPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))
*A*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))
```

### 3.803.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)
```

### 3.803.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm=
"maxima")
```

```
output integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)
```



**3.803.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.803.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.804 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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3.804.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6225

#### 3.804.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2bB \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/3*A*b^2*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b*B*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*B*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)$

**3.804.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 3B \sin(c + dx) + A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*b*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.804.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*(A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))))/b)`

### 3.804.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.804.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs. 2(172) = 344.

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1 \right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)$

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+b*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.804.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.804.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.804.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.804.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.804.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`



### 3.805 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

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3.805.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6227
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#### 3.805.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6Ab \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/5*A*b^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*b^2*B*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*b*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b*B*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)$

**3.805.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) \left( -9A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)}{15d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(-9*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sin[c + d*x] + (9*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/2 + 3*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*d)`

**3.805.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b^4 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.805.  $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.805.  $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

$$b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^4 \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b^4*((B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

### 3.805.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.805.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 575 vs. 2(197) = 394.

Time = 8.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 72A \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} - 1 \right) E(\dots)}{\dots}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12 \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} - 1 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right) E(\dots)}{\dots}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.805. \quad \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

output

```

-2/15*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2
)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)
*b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.805.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 9i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 9i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2 * (9A \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5B \cos(dx + c) + 3A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))^3}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm=
"fracas")

```

output

```

1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)
*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*(9*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```

---

3.805.  $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

**3.805.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.805.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.805.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.805.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`



### 3.806 $\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.806.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6234
3.806.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6235
3.806.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6235
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3.806.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6239
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3.806.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6240
3.806.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6240

#### 3.806.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6Ab\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10b^2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10bB\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2A(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}\sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}\sin(c + dx)}{7bd}$$

```
output 2/5*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+10/21*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*b*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+6/5*A*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.806.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 252AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 100B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{210bd \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(252*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(210*b*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

**3.806.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.414$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx}{b}}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{b}}{b}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

```
output (A*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/7)/b/b
```

**3.806.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.806.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^2 \left(240B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-168A - 360B) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^2 \left(-8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.806.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{-25i \sqrt{2} B b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 25i \sqrt{2} B b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 63i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 63i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2(15Bb \cos(dx + c)^2 + 21Ab \cos(dx + c) + 25B^2 b) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*b*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.806.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.806.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.806.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.806.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.807 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.807.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output  $2/5*B*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d+2/3*A*b^2*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3*A*b*\sin(d*x+c)*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d+6/5*b*B*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.807.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 9BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{15d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$



input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/((15*d*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.807.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{5/2} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

```
output A*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c
+ d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + (B*((6*b^2*Sqr
t[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2
*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/b
```

### 3.807.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Ssin
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[
2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3120 Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2
)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3121 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Ssin[c + d*x]
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n) Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.807.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(20A+24B)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^2\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(-24*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-9*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### 3.807.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \text{weiers}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/15*(-5*I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(3/2)}*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(3/2)}*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*b*\cos(d*x + c) + 5*A*b)*\sqrt{b*\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c))/d$

### 3.807.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.807.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.807.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.807.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.808 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

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#### 3.808.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2Ab\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2*A*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.808.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right) \right)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.808.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b \left( A \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( A \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right))^{3/2} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& b \left( A \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( A \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b \left( \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} + \frac{2AE \left( \frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \mid 2 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{2AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\left(\frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((2*A*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/b)`

### 3.808.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx._)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.808.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} b^2\left(-4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}bd}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{2} - 2B\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}bd}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}bd}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/3*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(-4*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+2*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### 3.808.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.808.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*b*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.808.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.808.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.808.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.808.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.809 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

3.809.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6255
3.809.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6256
3.809.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6256
3.809.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6258
3.809.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6259
3.809.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6259
3.809.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6260
3.809.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6260
3.809.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6260

#### 3.809.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.809.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) + A \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2))}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`output `(2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.809.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^2 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((2*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.809.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.809.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d$
risch	$-\frac{iBb\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1\right)} b e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} - \frac{i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)} \sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - i\right)} \sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}} F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b e^{3i(dx+c)} + b e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)}{b\sqrt{e^{i(dx+c)}}} + B\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{b\sqrt{e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(A*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-B*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.809.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + B b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - B b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(-I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/d$$

### 3.809.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**3.809.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.809.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.809.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.810 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

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#### 3.810.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2Ab\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*A*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.810.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( -AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(-(A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

**3.810.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^3 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output  $b^3((2B\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} \operatorname{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / (b d \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]}) + A((-2\sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} \operatorname{EllipticE}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / (b^2 d \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}) + (2 \sin[c + dx]) / (b d \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]}))$

### 3.810.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\operatorname{Int}[(F x_.)(v_.)^{(m_.)}((b_.)(v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b v)^{(m+n)} F x, x], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{b, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\operatorname{Int}[(b_.)\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b d (n+1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 (n+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)]}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3120  $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)]}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3121  $\operatorname{Int}[(b_.)\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b \sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \operatorname{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\operatorname{Int}[(b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_.)]^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_.)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m, x\}$





output `(-I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.810.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.810.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.810.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.810.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.811 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

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#### 3.811.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*b*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.811.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 3B \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(2*b^2*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.811.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^4 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^4 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.811.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b^4*(A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))))/b)`

### 3.811.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.811.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 403 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 6.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} b \left( 2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1 \right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) \left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.811.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

---

3.811.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.811.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.811.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`



**3.811.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.811.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### 3.812 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^5(c+dx) dx$

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3.812.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6276
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#### 3.812.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^5(c+dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{6Ab\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c+dx)}{5d(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sin(c+dx)}{3d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6Ab^2 \sin(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*b^3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*b*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.812.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) \left( -9A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + 5B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sin(c + dx) + (9A \sin[2(c + dx)])/2 + 3A \tan(c + dx)}{15d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(-9*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sin[c + d*x] + (9*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/2 + 3*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*d)`

**3.812.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^5(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^5 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^5 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^5 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.812.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

$$b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^5 \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `b^5*((B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

### 3.812.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b.)*(v.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.812.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 576 vs. 2(202) = 404.

Time = 8.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} b(72A \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1})}{-}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} b(24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E}{-}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.812.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

output

```

-2/15*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(
2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-
1)*b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.812.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} B b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 9i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 9i \sqrt{2} A b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2 * (9 A b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5 B b \cos(dx + c) + 3 A b) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))^3}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm=
"fracas")

```

output

```

1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)
*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*(9*A*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*
sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```

---

3.812.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

**3.812.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.812.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**3.812.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`



**3.812.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

### 3.813 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.813.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6283
3.813.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6284
3.813.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6284
3.813.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6287
3.813.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6288
3.813.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6288
3.813.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6289
3.813.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6289
3.813.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6289

#### 3.813.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10b^3 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2Ab(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

```
output 2/5*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/d+10/21*b^3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Ellipt
icF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10
/21*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+6/5*A*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.813.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 252AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 100B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{210d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(252*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(210*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

**3.813.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{7/2} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \\
B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right) \\
\hline
b \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \\
B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right) \\
\hline
b \\
\downarrow \text{3115} \\
A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \\
B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right) \\
\hline
b \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \\
B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right) \\
\hline
b \\
\downarrow \text{3121} \\
A\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \\
B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right) \\
\hline
b \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
A\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \\
B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right) \\
\hline
b \\
\downarrow \text{3119}
\end{array}$$

---

3.813.  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& B \left( \frac{\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{b} \right) + \\
& A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& B \left( \frac{\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `A*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + (B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/7)/b`

### 3.813.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])  
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x  
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int  
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.813.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3\left(240B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(-168A-360B)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(240*  
B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c  
)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*  
c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+  
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2  
*c),2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(  
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-s  
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)  
*b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.813.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{-25i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 25i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 63i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 63i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2(15Bb^2 \cos^2(dx + c) + 21Ab^2 \cos(dx + c) + 25Bb^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) / d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.813.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.813.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.813.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.813.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`



### 3.814 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.814.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{6b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2bB (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/5*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/3*A*b^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(2)
^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+
6/5*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.814.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 9BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(5A + 3B) \right)}{15d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

**3.814.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b \left( A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( A \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{5/2} dx}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E \left( \frac{1}{2} (c+dx) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2} (c+dx), 2 \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E \left( \frac{1}{2} (c+dx) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*(A*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + (B*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/b)`

### 3.814.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.814.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(20A+24B\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}\right)}{15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b^3\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b}$

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(-24*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-9*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.814.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 5*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.814.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.814.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.814.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.814.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.815 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

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#### 3.815.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx = \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2/3*b^3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2*A*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```



**3.815.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right) \right)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(2*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.815.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^2 \left( A \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.815.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( A \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right))^{3/2} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& b^2 \left( A \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} + \frac{2AE \left( \frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \mid 2 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2AE \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2 \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((2*A*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/b)`

### 3.815.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx)*(v1)^(m1)*(b1*(v2))^(n1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u1, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b1)*sin[(c1) + (d1)*(x1)]^(n1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n-1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n-1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n-2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c1) + (d1)*(x1)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c1) + (d1)*(x1)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b1)*sin[(c1) + (d1)*(x1)]^(n1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])n/Sin[c + d*x]n Int[Sin[c + d*x]n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.815.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^3 \left(-4B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b d$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{2} - 2B\sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b d}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b d$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(-4*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.815.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.815.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.815.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.815.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.815.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.815.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.816 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

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#### 3.816.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2*A*b^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.816.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) + A \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2))}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`**3.816.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^3 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((2*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.816.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.816.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 53.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} \left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d$
risch	$-\frac{iB b^2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1\right)} b e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d} - \frac{i \left( \frac{iA \sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} - i\right)} \sqrt{i e^{i(dx+c)}} F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)} + i\right)}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b e^{3i(dx+c)} + b e^{i(dx+c)}}} + B \left( -\frac{1}{b} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)} b d$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^3*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(A*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-B*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### 3.816.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)))}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(-I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(5/2)}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(5/2)}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) + I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(5/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) - I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(5/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))))/d$$

### 3.816.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output Timed out

**3.816.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.816.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.816.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.817 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

3.817.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6310
3.817.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6311
3.817.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6311
3.817.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6314
3.817.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6314
3.817.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6315
3.817.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6315
3.817.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6316
3.817.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6316

#### 3.817.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*b^3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*A*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.817.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( -AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(-(A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

**3.817.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^4 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^4 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^4 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output  $b^4*((2*B*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + A*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(b*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]))$

### 3.817.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_.)*(v_.)^{(m_.)}*((b_.)*(v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$



### 3.817.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 158.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
default	$\frac{2b^3 \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2Ab^3 \left(-2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*b^3*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.817.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.817.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.817.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.817.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.817.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### 3.818 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^5(c+dx) dx$

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#### 3.818.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b^3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*
x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^3*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-
2*b^2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.818.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3 \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 3B \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(2*b^3*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.818.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^5(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^5 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^5 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.818.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^5 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^5 \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `b^5*(A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))))/b)`

### 3.818.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.818.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs.  $2(179) = 358$ .

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}b^2\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}F(\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}), \sqrt{2})\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)}\right)$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output `2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.818.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`



output  $1/3*(-I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(5/2)}*\cos(dx + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I*\sin(dx + c)) + I*\sqrt{2}*A*b^{(5/2)}*\cos(dx + c)^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I*\sin(dx + c)) - 3*I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(5/2)}*\cos(dx + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I*\sin(dx + c))) + 3*I*\sqrt{2}*B*b^{(5/2)}*\cos(dx + c)^2*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I*\sin(dx + c))) + 2*(3*B*b^2*\cos(dx + c) + A*b^2)*\sqrt{b*\cos(dx + c)}*\sin(dx + c)/(d*\cos(dx + c)^2)$

### 3.818.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output Timed out

### 3.818.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**3.818.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**3.818.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

### 3.819 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^6(c+dx) dx$

3.819.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6324
3.819.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6325
3.819.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6325
3.819.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	6328
3.819.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6329
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#### 3.819.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^6(c+dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{6Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2Ab^5 \sin(c+dx)}{5d (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^4 B \sin(c+dx)}{3d (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6Ab^3 \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2/5*A*b^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*b^4*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*b^2*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.819.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^4 \left( 9A \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - 5B \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) - 5B \sin(c + dx) - \frac{9}{2} A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{15d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(-2*b^4*(9*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 5*B*Sin[c + d*x] - (9*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/2 - 3*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

**3.819.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^6(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^6 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^6 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.819.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^6 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.819.  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^6(c+dx) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^6 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `b^6*((B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

### 3.819.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.819.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs.  $2(204) = 408$ .

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}b^2\left(72A\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{}$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)`

output

```

-2/15*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.819.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - 9i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 9i \sqrt{2} A b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2 * (9 A b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 5 B b^2 \cos(dx + c) + 3 A b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))^3}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm=
"fracas")

```

output

```

1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)
*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*(9*A*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x
+ c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```

---

3.819.  $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$



**3.819.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.819.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**3.819.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**3.819.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^6, x)`

**3.820** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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 3.820.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6333  
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 3.820.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6338  
 3.820.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6338

**3.820.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21bd} + \frac{2A(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^3d}$$

output

```
2/5*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin
(d*x+c)/b^3/d+10/21*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+
10/21*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d+6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c
))^^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.820.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{252A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right) + 100B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + (65B + 42A\cos(c+dx))\sin(2(c+dx))}{210d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(252*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(210*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.820.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{A\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}dx + \frac{B\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}dx}{b}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.820.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3119

---

3.820.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b^3} + A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{b^3}$$

```
input Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (A*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/b)/b^3
```

**3.820.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

---

3.820.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.820.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(240B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-168A - 360B) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(-8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8 \left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2 \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \dots}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

$$3.820. \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.820.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-25i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + 25i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

**3.820.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.820.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^3}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.820.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^3}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.820.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^3(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.821**  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.821.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6339  
 3.821.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6340  
 3.821.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6340  
 3.821.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6343  
 3.821.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6343  
 3.821.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6344  
 3.821.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6344  
 3.821.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6345  
 3.821.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6345

**3.821.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{6B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3bd} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d}$$

```
output 2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d+6/5*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.821.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(9BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(5A+3B\cos(c+dx))\right)}{15d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.821.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{A\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}dx + \frac{B\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.821.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

---

3.821.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

output  $(A*((2*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + (B*((6*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(3/2)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/b)/b^2$

### 3.821.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_.)*(v_.)^{(m_.)}*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

**3.821.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(20A+24B\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\left(-15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}\right)}{15\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)bd}}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-24*B*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-9*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.821.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+5i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm=
"fracas")
```

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 5*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d)`

### 3.821.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.821.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.821.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.821.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^2(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



**3.822**  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.822.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6346  
 3.822.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6346  
 3.822.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6347  
 3.822.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6350  
 3.822.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6350  
 3.822.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6351  
 3.822.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6351  
 3.822.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6352  
 3.822.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6352

**3.822.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3bd}$$

```
output 2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.822.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\left(3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) + B\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)\right)\right)}{3bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.822.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.822.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.822.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{\frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} + \frac{2AE \left( \frac{1}{2} (c+dx) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2AE \left( \frac{1}{2} (c+dx) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2} (c+dx), 2 \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*A*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/b)/b`

## 3.822.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$  FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) * \text{Cos}[c + d * x] * ((b * \text{Sin}[c + d * x])^{(n-1)}) / (d * n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d * x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d * x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d * x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d * x])^n / \text{Sin}[c + d * x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d * x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} * ((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]

**3.822.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(-4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right),\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b}}{\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b}d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-4*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.822.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

### 3.822.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.822.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.822.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.822.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2B\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*B*sin(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(3*b*d) + (2*A*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)) + (2*B*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

$$3.823 \quad \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.823.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6353
3.823.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6353
3.823.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6354
3.823.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6356
3.823.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6356
3.823.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6357
3.823.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6357
3.823.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6357
3.823.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6358

### 3.823.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.823.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right))}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.823.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



**3.823.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.823.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]]], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.823.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)bd}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\operatorname{am}^{-1}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2} \sqrt{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b}}+\frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)bd}}$
risch	$-\frac{iB\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)\sqrt{2}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)be^{-i(dx+c)}}}-\frac{i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{be^{3i(dx+c)}+be^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)be^{-i(dx+c)}}}+B\left(-\frac{2(b)}{b\sqrt{e^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-2*\left(\left(2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^2-1\right)*b*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}*\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}*\left(-2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^2+1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}*\left(A*\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-B*\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)/\left(-b*\left(2*\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}/\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)/\left(\left(2*\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}*d*x+\frac{1}{2}*c\right)^2-1\right)*b\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}/d\right)$$
**3.823.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(b*d)`

### 3.823.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.823.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.823.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.823.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) + B E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right) \right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2) + B*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2)))/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

**3.824** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.824.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6359  
 3.824.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6359  
 3.824.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6360  
 3.824.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6363  
 3.824.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6363  
 3.824.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6364  
 3.824.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6364  
 3.824.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6365  
 3.824.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6365

**3.824.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.824.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2\left(-A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*(-(A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.824.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & b \left( A \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b \left( \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b*((2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + A*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`



## 3.824.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)} / (b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n / \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} * ((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

### 3.824.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b+b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b+b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.824.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### 3.824.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.824.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.824.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.824.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.825**  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.825.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6366  
 3.825.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6367  
 3.825.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6367  
 3.825.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 6370  
 3.825.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6370  
 3.825.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6371  
 3.825.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6371  
 3.825.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6372  
 3.825.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6372

**3.825.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.825.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 3B \sin(c + dx) + A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(2*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.825.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.825.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b^2*(A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))))/b)`

### 3.825.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



### 3.825.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.825.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.825.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.825.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.825.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.825.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.826**  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.826.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6373  
 3.826.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6374  
 3.826.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6374  
 3.826.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 6377  
 3.826.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6378  
 3.826.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6379  
 3.826.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6379  
 3.826.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6380  
 3.826.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6380

**3.826.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2bB \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6A \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output  $2/5*A*b^2*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*b*B*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^(1/2)/\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)$

**3.826.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -9A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 9A \sin(c + dx) + 5B \right)}{15d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`output `(2*(-9*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.826.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3116 \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3116 \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.826.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^3 \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b^3*((B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

## 3.826.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx.)*(v)(m.)((b.)*(v)(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x)](n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + Simp[(n+2)/(b2*(n+1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])(n+2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x)](n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])n/Sin[c + d*x]n Int[Sin[c + d*x]n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x)](m.)*((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.826.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs. 2(196) = 392.

Time = 8.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45



method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} (72A \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} E}{}$
parts	$- \frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} (24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E}{}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/15*(-(-2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1) \\ & *(72*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)) \\ & *(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)) \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2) \\ & *(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)) \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2) \\ & *(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)) \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2) \\ & *(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2))+10*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c) \\ & *\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2) \\ & *\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2)^(1/2)))*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.826.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}{}$$

---

3.826.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(9*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### 3.826.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.826.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.826.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.826.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.827** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.827.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6381  
 3.827.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6382  
 3.827.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6382  
 3.827.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6385  
 3.827.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6386  
 3.827.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6386  
 3.827.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6386  
 3.827.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6387  
 3.827.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6387

**3.827.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{21b^2d} + \frac{2A(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{5b^3d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sin(c+dx)}{7b^4d}$$

```
output 2/5*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin
(d*x+c)/b^4/d+10/21*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
)+10/21*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d+6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.827.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{252A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 100B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)}{210b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`output `(252*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(210*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.827.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{A\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}dx + \frac{B\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}dx}{b}}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{A\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}dx + \frac{B\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}dx}{b}}{b^4} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3119

---

3.827.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \dots \right)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{b^4}$$

```
input Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (A*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/b)/b^4
```

**3.827.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3115 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3119 Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

---

3.827.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.827.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(240B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-168A - 360B)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \dots\right)}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \dots\right)}{5b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

---

3.827.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



**3.827.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-25i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + 63i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))) - 63i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) - i\sin(dx+c))) + 2(15B\cos(dx+c)^2 + 21A\cos(dx+c) + 25B)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}}{b^2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)`

**3.827.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.827.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c) + A)\cos(dx+c)^4}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.827.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.827.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4 (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.828**      
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.828.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6388
3.828.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6388
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**3.828.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3d}$$

```
output 2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d+6/5*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.828.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \left(9BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\right)}{15d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.828.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{b^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.828.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(A*((2*b^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (B*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/b)/b^3`

## 3.828.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot})^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((b_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot}))^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n) \cdot F x, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{\cdot}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \text{Cos}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])^{(n-1)}) / (d \cdot n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])^n / \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

**3.828.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(20A+24B\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\left(-15b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\right)}{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)b\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}\right)}$
parts	

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(-24*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-9*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d}$$

**3.828.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-5i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{b\cos(c+dx)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 5*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d)`

### 3.828.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.828.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`



**3.828.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^3}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.828.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^3(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.829** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.829.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6395
3.829.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6395
3.829.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6396
3.829.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6398
3.829.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6399
3.829.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6399
3.829.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6400
3.829.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6400
3.829.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6400

**3.829.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2d}$$

output `2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.829.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \left( 3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \right)}{3d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

```
output (2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
)
```

### 3.829.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.829.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{A\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2}{\qquad \qquad \qquad} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2}{\qquad \qquad \qquad} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} + \frac{2AE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2}{\qquad \qquad \qquad} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2AE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2}{\qquad \qquad \qquad}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*A*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/b)/b^2`

**3.829.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

3.829.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)\cos[c+d*x]*((b\sin[c+d*x])^{(n-1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b\sin[c+d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}\{n, 1\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{2*n\}$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{-1, n, 1\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{2*n\}$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)+(f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)*((c\_)+(d\_)\sin[(e\_)+(f\_)(x\_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

### 3.829.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2B\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}bd}$

input  $\text{int}(\cos(dx+c)^2*(A+B*\cos(dx+c))/(\cos(dx+c)*b)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{2}{3} \left( (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c))^2 - 1 \right) b \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} / b \left( -4 B \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^4 + 3 A (\sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} (2 \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 1)^{1/2} \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c), 2^{1/2}) + 2 B \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - B (\sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} (2 \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 1)^{1/2} \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c), 2^{1/2}) \right) / (-b (2 \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^4 - \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2))^{1/2} / \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) / ((2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 1) b)^{1/2} / d$

### 3.829.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{3} (-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 3 i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 3 i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} B \sin(dx + c)) / (b^2 d)$

### 3.829.6 SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.829.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.829.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.829.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^2(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.830** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.830.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6401  
 3.830.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6401  
 3.830.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6402  
 3.830.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6404  
 3.830.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6404  
 3.830.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6405  
 3.830.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6405  
 3.830.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6406  
 3.830.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6406

**3.830.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.830.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\right)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.830. 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$



**3.830.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.830.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3120} \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ b \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `((2*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b`

### 3.830.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.830.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}}$
risch	$-\frac{iB\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)\sqrt{2}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)}be^{-i(dx+c)}} - \frac{i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{be^{3i(dx+c)}+be^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)}{db\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)}be^{-i(dx+c)}} + B\left(-\frac{2\left(b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(A*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/b/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.830.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $(-I\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I\sin(dx + c)) + I\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I\sin(dx + c)) + I\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I\sin(dx + c))) - I\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I\sin(dx + c))))/(b^2d)$

### 3.830.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)*(A+B*cos(dx+c))/(b*cos(dx+c)**(3/2), x)`

output Timed out

### 3.830.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(dx+c)*(A+B*cos(dx+c))/(b*cos(dx+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(dx + c) + A)*cos(dx + c)/(b*cos(dx + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.830.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.830.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.831 $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.831.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6407
3.831.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6407
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3.831.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6411
3.831.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6411
3.831.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6411
3.831.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6412
3.831.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6412

#### 3.831.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.831.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\right)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output  $(2*(-(A*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]))/(b*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.831.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + A*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### 3.831.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.831.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\right)E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

**3.831.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))`

**3.831.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.831.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

---

3.831.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

**3.831.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.831.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.832** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.832.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6413  
 3.832.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6413  
 3.832.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6414  
 3.832.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 6416  
 3.832.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6417  
 3.832.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6418  
 3.832.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6418  
 3.832.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6419  
 3.832.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6419

**3.832.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.832.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-3B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\right)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
input Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output  $(2*(-3*B*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 3*B*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + A*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.832.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\ & b \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( A \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `b*(A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/b)`

## 3.832.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)} / (b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n / \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} * ((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

## 3.832.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-\left(-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1\right)b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.832.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) +$$

```
input integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```



output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### 3.832.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.832.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.832.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.832.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.833** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.833.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6420  
 3.833.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6421  
 3.833.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6421  
 3.833.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 6424  
 3.833.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6425  
 3.833.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6426  
 3.833.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6426  
 3.833.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6426  
 3.833.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6427

**3.833.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.833.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -9A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`output `(2*(-9*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.833.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^2 \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.833.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]`

output `b^2*((B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

### 3.833.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.833.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs.  $2(199) = 398$ .

Time = 8.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} (72A \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} E}{}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} (24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E}{}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.833. \quad \int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output

```

-2/15*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.833.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm=
"fricas")

```

output

```

1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)
*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*(9*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```



**3.833.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.833.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.833.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.833.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.834** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.834.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6428  
 3.834.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6429  
 3.834.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6429  
 3.834.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6432  
 3.834.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6433  
 3.834.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6433  
 3.834.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6433  
 3.834.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6434  
 3.834.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6434

**3.834.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{21b^3d} + \frac{2A(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{5b^4d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sin(c+dx)}{7b^5d}$$

```
output 2/5*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin
(d*x+c)/b^5/d+10/21*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Elli
pticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1
/2)+10/21*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d+6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(b*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.834.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{252A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 100B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

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input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(252*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 100*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (65*B + 42*A*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(210*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.834.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{A\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}dx + \frac{B\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}dx}{b}}{b^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{A\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}dx + \frac{B\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}dx}{b}}{b^5} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.834.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{5}{7}b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}\right)}{b}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3119

---

3.834.  $\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \dots \right)}{b^5}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{b^5}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(A*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/b)/b^5`

### 3.834.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_.)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n-1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n-1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n-2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.834.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(240B \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^8\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + (-168A - 360B) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} b \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + 8\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \dots}{5b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(240*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8+(-168*A-360*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(168*A+280*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-42*A-80*B)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-63*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+25*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

$$3.834. \int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.834.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-25i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c)) + \dots}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(-25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 25*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(15*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*A*cos(d*x + c) + 25*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)`

**3.834.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.834.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c) + A)\cos(dx+c)^5}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}} dx$$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^5/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.834.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^5}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^5/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.834.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^5 (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^5*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^5*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.835** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.835.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6435
3.835.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6435
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**3.835.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^3d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^4d}$$

```
output 2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d+6/5*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.835.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(9BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 5A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\right)}{15b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(9*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.835.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))}{b^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{b}}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.835.  $\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{A\left(\frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{B\left(\frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right)}{b^4}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(A*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (B*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/b)/b^4`

## 3.835.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) * \text{Cos}[c + d * x] * ((b * \text{Sin}[c + d * x])^{(n-1)}) / (d * n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d * x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d * x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d * x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \text{Sin}[c + d * x])^n / \text{Sin}[c + d * x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d * x]^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} * ((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

**3.835.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-24B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^6\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+(20A+24B)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-15b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\right)}{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(4\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b}$
parts	

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/15*((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2-1)*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2*(-24*B*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6+(20*A+24*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-10*A-6*B)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-9*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

**3.835.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-5i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 5*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d)`

### 3.835.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.835.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.835.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^4}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.835.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^4(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`



**3.836** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.836.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6442
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**3.836.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3b^3d}$$

output `2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d+2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.836.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(3AE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) + B\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)\right)\right)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*A*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + B*(EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.836.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{b}}{b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.836.  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)\cos[c+d*x]*((b\sin[c+d*x])^{(n-1)}/(d*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b\sin[c+d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}\{n, 1\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{2*n\}$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b\sin[c+d*x])^{n-1}/\sin[c+d*x] \text{Int}[\sin[c+d*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{-1, n, 1\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{2*n\}$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)+(f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)*((c\_)+(d\_)\sin[(e\_)+(f\_)(x\_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

### 3.836.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\left(-4B\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right),\sqrt{2}}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}}-2B\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1}bd$

input  $\text{int}(\cos(dx+c)^3*(A+B*\cos(dx+c))/(\cos(dx+c)*b)^{(5/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{2}{3} \left( (2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c))^2 - 1 \right) b \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 \sqrt{b}^{-2} (-4 B \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^4 + 3 A (\sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} (2 \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 1)^{1/2} \text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c), 2^{1/2}) + 2 B \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - B (\sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2)^{1/2} (2 \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 1)^{1/2} \text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c), 2^{1/2})) / (-b (2 \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^4 - \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2))^{1/2} / \sin(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) / ((2 \cos(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 - 1) b)^{1/2} / d$

### 3.836.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{3} (-i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 3 i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 3 i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2 \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) B \sin(dx + c)) / (b^3 d)$

### 3.836.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.836.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^3}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.836.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^3}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.836.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^3(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.837** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

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**3.837.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.837.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + A \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right))}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]))/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.837.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.837.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$b^2$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$b^2$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `((2*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b^2`

### 3.837.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.837.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}\left(AF\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-BE\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)+1}F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}bd} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-1\right)}}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}}$
risch	$\frac{iB\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)\sqrt{2}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{db^2\sqrt{\left(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1\right)}be^{-i(dx+c)}} - \frac{i\left(\frac{iA\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}-i\right)}\sqrt{ie^{i(dx+c)}}F\left(\sqrt{-i\left(e^{i(dx+c)}+i\right)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{be^{3i(dx+c)}+be^{i(dx+c)}}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)*(A*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/b^2/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.837.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)-\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(b^3*d)`

### 3.837.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.837.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.837.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.837.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^2(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.838**  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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 3.838.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6454  
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 3.838.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6459  
 3.838.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6459  
 3.838.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6459

**3.838.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)
/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.838.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-A\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) + B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)\right)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
input Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (2*(-(A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.838.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.345$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{A \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.838.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{\frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + A*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/b`

**3.838.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.838.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.838.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\right)E\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} - 1\right)\sqrt{-2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)b + b\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.838. \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$



output 
$$\frac{2/b^2*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)))}}}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/((2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### 3.838.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-i\sqrt{2}B\sqrt{b}\cos(dx+c)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c))+i\sqrt{2}A\sqrt{b}\sin(dx+c)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-\sin(dx+c))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(-I*\sqrt{2}*B*\sqrt{b}*\cos(d*x+c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c))+I*\sin(d*x+c))+I*\sqrt{2}*B*\sqrt{b}*\cos(d*x+c)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c))-I*\sqrt{2}*A*\sqrt{b}*\cos(d*x+c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)+I*\sin(d*x+c)))+I*\sqrt{2}*A*\sqrt{b}*\cos(d*x+c)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(d*x+c)-I*\sin(d*x+c)))+2*\sqrt{b}*\cos(d*x+c)*A*\sin(d*x+c)/(b^3*d*\cos(d*x+c))$$

### 3.838.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.838.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.838.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.838.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.839 $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.839.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6460
3.839.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6460
3.839.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6461
3.839.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	6463
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3.839.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6466

#### 3.839.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

#### 3.839.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-3B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + A\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output  $(2*(-3*B*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 3*B*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + A*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/(3*b^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.839.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & A \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & A \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `A*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/b`

3.839.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.839.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. 2(179) = 358.

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1 \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1} F\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 2\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - \left(\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right) \left(2\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) - 1\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

3.839.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d`

### 3.839.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*(3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**3.839.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.839.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`**3.839.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`



**3.839.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.840**  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.840.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6467  
 3.840.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6468  
 3.840.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6468  
 3.840.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 6471  
 3.840.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6472  
 3.840.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6473  
 3.840.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6473  
 3.840.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6473  
 3.840.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6474

**3.840.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{6A \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5d (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3bd (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6A \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.840.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -9A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{15 b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + C$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`output `(2*(-9*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`**3.840.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.414$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.840.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b \left( \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b \left( A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `b*((B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

### 3.840.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.840.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs. 2(201) = 402.

Time = 8.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} (72A \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} E}{}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} (24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})(\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12\sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E}{}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.840. \int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

output

```

-2/15*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d

```

### 3.840.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c)) - \dots}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")

```

output

```

1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)
*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*(9*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)

```

**3.840.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.840.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.840.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`



**3.840.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.841 $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.841.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6475
3.841.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6476
3.841.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6476
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#### 3.841.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{6A\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^4d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3b^2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6A \sin(c + dx)}{5b^3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticF(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-6/5*A*(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2^(1/2)/cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^4/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.841.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -9A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \right)}{15b^3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2), x]`

output `(2*(-9*A*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*b^3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.841.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{7/2}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + \\
 & A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & A \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(B*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/b + A*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))`

3.841.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.841.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 8.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 72A \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 36A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} E \right)}{...}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{-(-2(\cos^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) + 1)b(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))} \left( 24 \cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) (\sin^6(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 12 \sqrt{2(\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} E \right)}{...}$

3.841.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*(-(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^4/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)
*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*b+b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/((2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1)*b)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.841.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-5i \sqrt{2} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

```
input integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(-5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*I*sqrt(2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)
*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 9*I*sqrt(2)*A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrass
Zeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2
*(9*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c))/(b^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

---

3.841.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

**3.841.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.841.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`**3.841.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`



**3.841.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.842**       $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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 3.842.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6484  
 3.842.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6484  
 3.842.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6487  
 3.842.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6487  
 3.842.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6488  
 3.842.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6488  
 3.842.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6488  
 3.842.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6489

**3.842.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d}$$

$$+ \frac{B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 1/4*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+3/8*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/8*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.842.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(36Bc+36Bdx+72A\sin(c+dx)+24B\sin(2(c+dx))+8A\sin(3(c+dx))+3B\sin(4(c+dx)))}{96d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(36*B*c + 36*B*d*x + 72*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*A*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*B*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.842.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int \cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A\int \cos^3(c+dx)dx+B\int \cos^4(c+dx)dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

---

3.842.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{A \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + B*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

## 3.842.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.842.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(6B\sin(dx+c)(\cos^3(dx+c))+8A\sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+9B\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+16A\sin(dx+c)+9B(dx+c))}{24d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(2\sin(dx+c)(\cos^3(dx+c))+3\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c)}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{i(dx+c)}xB}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{5i(dx+c)}B}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{4i(dx+c)}A}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(6*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+9*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+16*A*sin(d*x+c)+9*B*(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.842.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{9B\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-b\right)+2}{48d\cos(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(9*B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x+c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b)+2*(6*B*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+9*B*cos(d*x+c)+16*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(d*cos(d*x+c)),1/24*(9*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x+c)+(6*B*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+9*B*cos(d*x+c)+16*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(d*cos(d*x+c))]`

---

3.842.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$

**3.842.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.842.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c)) + 8 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(4dx + 4c)}{\cos(4dx + 4c)}\right)\right) B\sqrt{b} + 8A\sqrt{b} \left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(4dx + 4c)}{\cos(4dx + 4c)}\right)\right)\right)}{96d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*B*sqrt(b) + 8*A*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/d`

**3.842.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{9B\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^8 + 36B\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^6 + 48A\sqrt{b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^7 - 30B\sqrt{b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{96d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1/24*(9*B*\sqrt{b}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 + 36*B*\sqrt{b}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 48*A*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 30*B*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 54*B*\sqrt{b}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 80*A*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*B*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 36*B*\sqrt{b}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 80*A*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 18*B*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*B*\sqrt{b}*d*x + 48*A*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 30*B*\sqrt{b}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 + 4*d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 4*d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + d)}$$

### 3.842.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (24 B \sin(c + dx) + 80 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 8 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 27 B \sin(3c + 3dx) + 3 B \sin(5c + 5dx) + 72 B d x \cos(c + dx))}{96 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output 
$$(\cos(c + d*x)^{(1/2)}*(b*\cos(c + d*x))^{(1/2)}*(24*B*\sin(c + d*x) + 80*A*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*A*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*B*\sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*B*\sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 72*B*d*x*\cos(c + d*x)))/(96*d*(\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))$$



### 3.843 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.843.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 136

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \frac{Ax \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 1/2*A*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*B*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.843.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (6Ac + 6Adx + 9B \sin(c + dx) + 3A \sin(2(c + dx)) + B \sin(3(c + dx)))}{12d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A*c + 6*A*d*x + 9*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.843.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^3(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{B \int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.843.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.843.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.843.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(2B\sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+3A\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+3A(dx+c)+4B\sin(dx+c))}{6d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+dx+c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{i(dx+c)}xA}{e^{2i(dx+c)+1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{4i(dx+c)}B}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)+1})d} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{3i(dx+c)}A}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)+1})d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+3*A*(d*x+c)+4*B*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.843.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c + dx)}(A + B\cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3A\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - b\right) + 2}{12d\cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/12*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

### 3.843.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 81.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} x \sqrt{b \cos(c)} (A + B \cos(c)) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c) \\ 0 \\ \frac{Ax \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Ax \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} + \frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*(A + B*cos(c))*cos(c)**(3/2), Eq(d, 0)), (0, Eq(c, -d*x + pi/2) | Eq(c, -d*x + 3*pi/2)), (A*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**2/(2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + A*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/2 + A*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*d) + 2*B*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + B*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/d, True))
```

**3.843.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))A\sqrt{b}+B\sqrt{b}(\sin(3dx+3c)+9\sin(\frac{1}{3}\arctan(\sin(3dx+3c)),\cos(3dx+3c)))}{12d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + B*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/d
```

**3.843.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{3A\sqrt{b}dx\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^6+9A\sqrt{b}dx\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^4-6A\sqrt{b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^5+12B\sqrt{b}\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)}{6(d\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^6+3d\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^4+3d\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx+\frac{1}{2}c)^2+d)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/6*(3*A*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 9*A*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 6*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 12*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*A*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 8*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*A*sqrt(b)*d*x + 6*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 3*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + d)
```

**3.843.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (3A \sin(c + dx) + 3A \sin(3c + 3dx) + 10B \sin(2c + 2dx) + B \sin(4c + 4dx) + 12A dx \cos(c + dx))}{12d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*A*sin(c + d*x) + 3*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.844**  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.844.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6497  
 3.844.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6497  
 3.844.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6498  
 3.844.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6499  
 3.844.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6500  
 3.844.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6500  
 3.844.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6501  
 3.844.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6501  
 3.844.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6502

**3.844.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.844.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (4A \sin(c + dx) + B(2(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx))))}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*A*Sin[c + d*x] + B*(2*(c + d*x) + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.844.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (A + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3213}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Bx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*x)/2 + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

3.844.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2031 Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3213 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

3.844.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b (B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+2A \sin(dx+c)+B(dx+c))}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b (\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{i(dx+c)}xB}{e^{2i(dx+c)+1}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{3i(dx+c)}B}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)+1})d} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{2i(dx+c)}A}{(e^{2i(dx+c)+1})d}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)+B*(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

---

3.844.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

**3.844.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{B\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - b\right) + 2(A+B \cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{4d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

**3.844.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} x \sqrt{b \cos(c)} (A + B \cos(c)) \sqrt{\cos(c)} \\ 0 \\ \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^2(c+dx)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*(A + B*cos(c))*sqrt(cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (0, Eq(c, -d*x + pi/2) | Eq(c, -d*x + 3*pi/2)), (A*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)/(d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + B*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**2/(2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + B*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/2 + B*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*d), True))`

**3.844.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))B\sqrt{b}+4A\sqrt{b}\sin(dx+c)}{4d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*sqrt(b) + 4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**3.844.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{B\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 + 2B\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + 4A\sqrt{b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 - 2B\sqrt{b}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}{2\left(d\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 + 2d\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2\right)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*B*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 4*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + B*sqrt(b)*d*x + 4*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + d)
```

**3.844.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (B \sin(c+dx) + 4A \sin(2c+2dx) + B \sin(3c+3dx) + 4B dx \cos(c+dx))}{4d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + 4*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 4*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(4*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.845** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.845.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6503
3.845.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6503
3.845.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6504
3.845.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6505
3.845.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6505
3.845.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6506
3.845.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6506
3.845.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6507
3.845.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6507

**3.845.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ax\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.845.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A(c + dx) + B \sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(c + d*x) + B*SIN[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.845. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.845.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (B*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

**3.845.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**3.845.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}(A(dx+c)+B\sin(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	39
risch	$\frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	52
parts	$\frac{A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	59

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A*(d*x+c)+B*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.845.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{A\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - b\right) + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), (A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))] ]
```



**3.845.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Ax\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x\sqrt{b \cos(c)}(A+B \cos(c))}{\sqrt{\cos(c)}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((A*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)) + B*sqrt(b*cos(c +
d*x))*sin(c + d*x)/(d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), Ne(d, 0)), (x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*A
+ B*cos(c))/sqrt(cos(c)), True))
```

**3.845.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 A \sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + B \sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algori
thm="maxima")
```

```
output (2*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + B*sqrt(b)*sin(d*x +
c))/d
```

**3.845.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.845.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(B \sin(c + dx) + A dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + A*d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**3.846** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.846.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6508  
 3.846.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6508  
 3.846.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6509  
 3.846.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6510  
 3.846.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6511  
 3.846.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6511  
 3.846.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6512  
 3.846.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6512  
 3.846.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6512

**3.846.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Bx\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.846.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(Bdx + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)))\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((B*d*x + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.846. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.846.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \sec(c+dx) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Bx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

3.846.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.846.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))-B(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	52
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	70
risch	$\frac{Bx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$	96

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

3.846. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.846.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs.  $2(52) = 104$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) - B \sqrt{-b} \log\left(2 b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))) - B*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))) + A*sqrt(b)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3))/d]`

**3.846.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.846.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{A\sqrt{b}(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1)) + 4B\sqrt{b} \arctan(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1})}{2d}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d
```

**3.846.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx+c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)
```

**3.846.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

---

3.846.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.847** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.847.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6513  
 3.847.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6513  
 3.847.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6514  
 3.847.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6516  
 3.847.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6516  
 3.847.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6517  
 3.847.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6517  
 3.847.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6517  
 3.847.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6518

**3.847.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output `A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.847.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos(c+dx) + A \sin(c+dx))}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`



output  $(\text{Sqrt}[b \cdot \text{Cos}[c + d \cdot x]] \cdot (B \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x]] \cdot \text{Cos}[c + d \cdot x] + A \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])) / (d \cdot \text{Cos}[c + d \cdot x]^{(3/2)})$

### 3.847.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx + B \int \sec(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{A \int 1 d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d})}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d})}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.847.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 4257 \\ \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.847.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.847.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(-2B \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) + A \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	57
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	71
risch	$\frac{2i \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	113

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2*B*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

### 3.847.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{B\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(\frac{-b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{B\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x+c))^3-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-2*b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^3)+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(d*cos(d*x+c)^2),-(B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))))*cos(d*x+c)^2-sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(d*cos(d*x+c)^2)]`

---

3.847. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.847.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.847.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{B\sqrt{b}(\log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 2\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2\sin(dx + c) + 1)) + 4A\sqrt{b}\sin(2dx + 2c)/(\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**3.847.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

---

3.847.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.847.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.848** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.848.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6519  
 3.848.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6519  
 3.848.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6520  
 3.848.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6522  
 3.848.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6523  
 3.848.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6523  
 3.848.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6524  
 3.848.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6524  
 3.848.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6525

**3.848.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output `1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/2*A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.848.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^2(c+dx) + (A+2B \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx))}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x  
]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.848.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + B \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\left(A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\left(A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.848.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*Tan[c + d*x])/d + A*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.848.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

---

3.848.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.848.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{(A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)-A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+2B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+\sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}(Ae^{3i(dx+c)}-2Be^{2i(dx+c)}-Ae^{i(dx+c)}-2B)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)-A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

---

3.848. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^2(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.848.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ A\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2(2B \cos(dx+c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \right]}{4d \cos(dx+c)^3} - \frac{A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx+c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

**3.848.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.848.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 716 vs.  $2(91) = 182$ .

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 716, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*((4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 8*B*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d
```

**3.848.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.848.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

### 3.848.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.849** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.849.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6526  
 3.849.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6527  
 3.849.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6527  
 3.849.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6530  
 3.849.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6530  
 3.849.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6531  
 3.849.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6531  
 3.849.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6532  
 3.849.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6533

**3.849.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output  $1/2*B*\sin(d*x+c)*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{5/2}+A*\sin(d*x+c)*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{3/2}+1/3*A*\sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{7/2}+1/2*B*\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(d*x+c))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{1/2}/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{1/2}$

**3.849.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(3B \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^2(c+dx) + 3B \sin(c+dx) + 2A(2 + \cos(2(c+dx))) \tan(c+dx))}{6d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 2*A*(2 + Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(6*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

**3.849.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx + B \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.849.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc \left( c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + B \int \csc \left( c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4254 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc \left( c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx - \frac{A \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc \left( c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (A*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

## 3.849.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`
- rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



### 3.849.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
default	$\frac{(-3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+4A \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+4A \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1))}{6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(2(\cos^2(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sin(dx+c)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{B(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}(3B e^{5i(dx+c)}-12A e^{2i(dx+c)}-3B e^{i(dx+c)}-4A)}{3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/d*(-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+4*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)`

### 3.849.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 3B\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2(4A \cos(dx+c)^2 - 3B \cos(dx+c) + 2A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^4 - (4A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3B \cos(dx+c) + 2A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{6d \cos(dx+c)^4}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

### 3.849.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.849.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 957 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 957, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2...`

### 3.849.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.849.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

### 3.850 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

3.850.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6534
3.850.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6535
3.850.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6535
3.850.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6538
3.850.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6538
3.850.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6539
3.850.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6539
3.850.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6539
3.850.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6540

#### 3.850.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{3bBx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{8 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3bB \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{bB \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 1/4*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+3/8*b*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/8*b*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.850.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(36Bc + 36Bdx + 72A \sin(c+dx) + 24B \sin(2(c+dx)) + 8A \sin(3(c+dx)))}{96d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(36*B*c + 36*B*d*x + 72*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*A*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*B*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

**3.850.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^3(c+dx)(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (A + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.850.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx+B\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4dx\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4dx-\frac{A\int(1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4dx-\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\cos^2(c+dx)dx+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)-\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)-\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)-\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}+\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{A\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + B*(Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

## 3.850.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



### 3.850.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
default	$\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(6B\sin(dx+c)(\cos^3(dx+c))+8A\sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+9B\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+16A\sin(dx+c)+9B(dx+c))}{24d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{Ab(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{Bb\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(2\sin(dx+c)(\cos^3(dx+c))+3\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c)}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{3b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{i(dx+c)}xB}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} - \frac{ib\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{5i(dx+c)}B}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{ib\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{4i(dx+c)}}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{24} \frac{b}{d} (\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} (6B\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8A\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 9B\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c) + 16A\sin(dx+c) + 9B(dx+c)) / (\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

### 3.850.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + B\cos(c+dx)) dx = \left[ \frac{9B\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - b\right)}{24d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2b\cos(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - b}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2(6Bb\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8Ab\cos(dx+c)^2 + 9Bb\cos(dx+c) + 16Ab)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{32d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{1}{24} \frac{b}{d} (\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} (9B\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8A\cos(dx+c)^2 + 9B\cos(dx+c) + 16Ab) / (\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{48} \frac{(9B\sqrt{-b})b\cos(dx+c)\log(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - b) + 2(6Bb\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8Ab\cos(dx+c)^2 + 9Bb\cos(dx+c) + 16Ab)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{32d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{1}{24} \frac{b}{d} (\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} (9B\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8A\cos(dx+c)^2 + 9B\cos(dx+c) + 16Ab) / (\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

---

3.850. 
$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + B\cos(c+dx)) dx$$

**3.850.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.850.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{8(b \sin(3dx + 3c) + 9b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx + 3c), \cos(3dx + 3c))))A\sqrt{b} + 3(12b \sin(3dx + 3c) + 9b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx + 3c), \cos(3dx + 3c))))B\sqrt{b}}{9d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(8*(b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*A*sqrt(b) + 3*(12*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*B*sqrt(b))/d`

**3.850.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(9B\sqrt{b}dx \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^8 + 36B\sqrt{b}dx \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^6 + 48A\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^7 + 36A\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^5 + 48B\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^3 + 36A\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^1 + 36B\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^{-1} + 36A\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^{-3} + 36B\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^{-5} + 36A\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^{-7} + 36B\sqrt{b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^{-9})}{9d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(9*B*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 + 36*B*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 48*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 30*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 54*B*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 80*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 36*B*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 80*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 18*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*B*sqrt(b)*d*x + 48*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 30*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*b/(d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 + 4*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 4*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + d)`

### 3.850.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (24 B \sin(c + dx) + 80 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 8 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 27 B \sin(3c + 3dx) + 3 B \sin(5c + 5dx) + 72 B d x \cos(c + dx))}{96 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `(b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*B*sin(c + d*x) + 80*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*B*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 72*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(96*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

### 3.851 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.851.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{Abx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 1/2*A*b*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*b*B*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*A*b*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.851.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(6Ac + 6Adx + 9B \sin(c + dx) + 3A \sin(2(c + dx)) + B \sin(3(c + dx)))}{12d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(6*A*c + 6*A*d*x + 9*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.851.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (A+B \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\left(A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\left(A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.851.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx-\frac{B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)-\frac{B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.851.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.851.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
default	$\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(2B\sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+3A\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+3A(dx+c)+4B\sin(dx+c))}{6d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{Ab\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+dx+c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{Bb(2+\cos^2(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{i(dx+c)}xA}{e^{2i(dx+c)}+1} - \frac{ib\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{4i(dx+c)}B}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{ib\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})e^{3i(dx+c)}}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*b/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+3*A*(d*x+c)+4*B*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.851.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A + B\cos(c+dx)) dx = \left[ \frac{3A\sqrt{-bb}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*A*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.851.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.851.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(2(dx + c)b + b \sin(2dx + 2c))A\sqrt{b} + (b \sin(3dx + 3c) + 9b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx + 3c))))B\sqrt{b}}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(3*(2*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + (b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*B*sqrt(b))/d`

---

3.851.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$



**3.851.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\left(3A\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^6 + 9A\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 - 6A\sqrt{b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 12B\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^5 + 9A\sqrt{b}dx \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + 8B\sqrt{b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^3 + 3A\sqrt{b}dx + 6A\sqrt{b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 12B\sqrt{b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)\right) b / (d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^6 + 3d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^4 + 3d \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + d)}{6} (dt$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/6*(3*A*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 9*A*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 6*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 12*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*A*sqrt(b)*d*x*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 8*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*A*sqrt(b)*d*x + 6*A*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*B*sqrt(b)*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*b/(d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 3*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*d*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + d)
```

**3.851.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (3A \sin(c+dx) + 3A \sin(3c+3dx) + 10B \sin(2c+2dx) + B \sin(4c+4dx) + 12A d x \cos(c+dx))}{12d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

```
input int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)
```

```
output (b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*A*sin(c + d*x) + 3*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**3.852**       $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.852.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6547  
 3.852.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6548  
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**3.852.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{bBx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*b*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.852.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(4A \sin(c + dx) + B(2(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx))))}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*A*Sin[c + d*x] + B*(2*(c + d*x) + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.852.       $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

### 3.852.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Bx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((B*x)/2 + (A*sin[c + d*x])/d + (B*cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

#### 3.852.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3213 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*
(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Co
s[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

### 3.852.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(B\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+2A\sin(dx+c)+B(dx+c))}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	56
parts	$\frac{Ab\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{Bb\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+dx+c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	75
risch	$\frac{bBx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{Ab\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bB\sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$	89

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETUR
NVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)+B*(d*
x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.852.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{B\sqrt{-bb} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/4*(B*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

### 3.852.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 31.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{A(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{Bx(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{Bx(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin^2(c + dx)}{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} \\ \frac{x(b \cos(c))^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + B \cos(c))}{\sqrt{\cos(c)}} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((A*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sin(c + d*x)/(d*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)) + B*x*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sin(c + d*x)**2/(2*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)) + B*x*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/2 + B*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sin(c + d*x)/(2*d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(b*cos(c))**(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c))/sqrt(cos(c)), True))
```

### 3.852.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4 A b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(dx + c) + (2(dx + c)b + b \sin(2dx + 2c)) B \sqrt{b}}{4d}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/4*(4*A*b^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (2*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*sqrt(b))/d
```

**3.852.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.852.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (4 A \sin(c + dx) + B \sin(2c + 2dx) + 2Bd)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(4*A*sin(c + d*x) + B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 2*B*d*x))/ (4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**3.853** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.853.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6552
3.853.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6552
3.853.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6553
3.853.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6554
3.853.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6554
3.853.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6555
3.853.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6555
3.853.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6555
3.853.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6556

**3.853.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Abx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*b*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.853.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A(c + dx) + B \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A*(c + d*x) + B*SIN[c + d*x]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

---

3.853. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.853.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (B*sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

**3.853.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`



**3.853.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(A(dx+c)+B\sin(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	40
risch	$\frac{Abx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{bB\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	54
parts	$\frac{Ab\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{bB\sin(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	61

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A*(d*x+c)+B*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.853.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{A\sqrt{-bb} \cos(dx + c) \log(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c))}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), (A*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**3.853.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 31.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{Ax(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(b \cos(c))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c))}{\cos^{3/2}(c)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((A*x*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2) + B*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sin(c + d*x)/(d*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(b*cos(c))**(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c))/cos(c)**(3/2), True))`**3.853.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 A b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + B b^{3/2} \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(2*A*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + B*b^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`**3.853.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.853.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \sin(c + dx) + A dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + A*d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**3.854** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.854.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6557  
 3.854.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6558  
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 3.854.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6560  
 3.854.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6560  
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 3.854.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6561  
 3.854.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6561

**3.854.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bBx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `b*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.854.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(Bdx + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)))(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((B*d*x + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

**3.854.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Bx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(b*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d)*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

---

3.854.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

3.854.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.854.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))-B(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	53
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bb \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{Bb\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	72
risch	$\frac{bBx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$	99

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

---

3.854. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.854.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) - B \sqrt{-b} b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))) - B*sqrt(-b)*b*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/2*(2*B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))) + A*b^(3/2)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3)/d]
```

**3.854.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.854.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 B b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + (b \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*A*sqrt(b))/d`

### 3.854.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.854.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`



**3.855** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.855.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6562  
 3.855.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6562  
 3.855.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6563  
 3.855.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6565  
 3.855.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6565  
 3.855.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6566  
 3.855.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6566  
 3.855.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6566  
 3.855.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6567

**3.855.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bB \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output `A*b*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+b*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.855.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

---

3.855. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.855.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{A \int 1 d(-\frac{\tan(c+dx)})}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.855.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/Sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.855.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.855.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b(-2B \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) + A \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	58
parts	$\frac{Ab \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} b \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	73
risch	$\frac{2ib \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} + \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	116

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/d*(-2*B*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

### 3.855.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{Bb^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(\frac{-b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2d \frac{B\sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} Ab \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), -(B*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

---

3.855. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.855.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.855.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1) - b \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1)) * B * \sqrt{b} + 4 * A * b^{3/2} * \sin(2 * dx + 2 * c) / (\cos(2 * dx + 2 * c)^2 + \sin(2 * dx + 2 * c)^2 + 2 * \cos(2 * dx + 2 * c) + 1)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*B*sqrt(b) + 4*A*b^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**3.855.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2),x)`

---

3.855.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.855.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.856** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.856.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6568  
 3.856.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6568  
 3.856.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6569  
 3.856.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6571  
 3.856.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6571  
 3.856.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6572  
 3.856.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6572  
 3.856.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6573  
 3.856.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6574

**3.856.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{A b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{b B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/2*A*b*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+b*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/2*A*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.856.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx))}{2d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))`

---

3.856. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.856.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.856.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{B\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 4257 \\
 \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d}+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{B\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((B*Tan[c + d*x])/d + A*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.856.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.856.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{b(A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)-A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+2B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{Ab(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+\sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} (A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 2B e^{2i(dx+c)} - A e^{i(dx+c)} - 2B)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} + \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b/d*(A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)-A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

### 3.856.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + A \sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - (2Bb \cos(dx + c) + Ab) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{2d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

---

3.856.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(2*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

### 3.856.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.856.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 747 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 747, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.79

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*B*b^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - (4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2...`

### 3.856.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.856.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

**3.857** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.857.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6575  
 3.857.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6575  
 3.857.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6576  
 3.857.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6578  
 3.857.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6579  
 3.857.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6579  
 3.857.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6580  
 3.857.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6580  
 3.857.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6581

**3.857.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bB \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

```
output 1/2*b*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+A*b*sin(d*x+c)*
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/2*b*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.857.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(3B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + 3B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{6d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])/cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 2*A*(2 + Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(6*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.857.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.857.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx-\frac{A\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{A\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{A\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d}+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{A\left(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (A*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.857.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 4254 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.857.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
default	$\frac{b(-3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+4A \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c)))}{6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{Ab(2(\cos^2(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sin(dx+c)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{Bb(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}(3Be^{5i(dx+c)}-12Ae^{2i(dx+c)}-3Be^{i(dx+c)}-4A)}{3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*b/d*(-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+4*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)
```

$$3.857. \int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.857.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3 B b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 3 B \sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (4 A b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 B b \cos(dx + c) + 2 A b)}{6 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(4*A*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (4*A*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

**3.857.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`

### 3.857.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`

### 3.858 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.858.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3b^2 B x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b^2 B \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 1/4*b^2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+3/8*b^2*B*x*(
b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+
c)^(1/2)+3/8*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.858.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(36Bc + 36Bdx + 72A \sin(c+dx) + 24B \sin(2(c+dx)) + 8A \sin(3(c+dx)))}{96d \cos^{5/2}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(36*B*c + 36*B*d*x + 72*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*A*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*B*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

**3.858.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^3(c+dx)(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (A + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.858.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{A \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{A(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-(A*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + B*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d))/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

## 3.858.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 204 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



### 3.858.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (6B \sin(dx+c) (\cos^3(dx+c)) + 8A \sin(dx+c) (\cos^2(dx+c)) + 9B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 16A \sin(dx+c) + 9B(dx+c))}{24d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A b^2 (2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \sin(dx+c)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (2 \sin(dx+c) (\cos^3(dx+c)) + 3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 3dx + 3c)}{8d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) e^{i(dx+c)} x B}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) e^{5i(dx+c)} B}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) e^{4i(dx+c)}}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24*b^2/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(6*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+9*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+16*A*sin(d*x+c)+9*B*(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.858.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \left[ \frac{9 B \sqrt{-b} b^2 \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2 b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/48*(9*B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x+c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b)+2*(6*B*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*A*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+9*B*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+16*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(d*cos(d*x+c)),1/24*(9*B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2))*cos(d*x+c)+(6*B*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*A*b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2+9*B*b^2*cos(d*x+c)+16*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(d*cos(d*x+c))]`

---

3.858.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

**3.858.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.858.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{8(b^2 \sin(3dx+3c) + 9b^2 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx+3c), \cos(3dx+3c))))A\sqrt{b} + 3(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(8*(b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*A*sqrt(b) + 3*(12*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b^2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*B*sqrt(b))/d`

**3.858.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{9Bb^{5/2}dx \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^8 + 36Bb^{5/2}dx \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^6 + 48Ab^{5/2} \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)^7 - 3(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1/24*(9*B*b^{(5/2)}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 + 36*B*b^{(5/2)}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 48*A*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 30*B*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 54*B*b^{(5/2)}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 80*A*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 18*B*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 36*B*b^{(5/2)}*d*x*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 80*A*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 18*B*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 9*B*b^{(5/2)}*d*x + 48*A*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 30*B*b^{(5/2)}*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 + 4*d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 4*d*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + d)}$$

### 3.858.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (24 B \sin(c+dx) + 80 A \sin(2c+2dx) + 8 A \sin(4c+4dx) + 27 B \sin(3c+3dx) + 3 B \sin(5c+5dx) + 72 B d x \cos(c+dx))}{96 d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output 
$$(b^2*\cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*\cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*B*\sin(c + d*x) + 80*A*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*A*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*B*\sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*B*\sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 72*B*d*x*\cos(c + d*x)))/(96*d*(\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))$$

**3.859**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.859.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{Ab^2x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d} - \frac{b^2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*A*b^2*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.859.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(6Ac + 6Adx + 9B \sin(c + dx) + 3A \sin(2(c + dx)))}{12d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $((b \cos[c + dx])^{5/2} * (6 * A * c + 6 * A * dx + 9 * B * \sin[c + dx] + 3 * A * \sin[2 * (c + dx)] + B * \sin[3 * (c + dx)])) / (12 * d * \cos[c + dx]^{5/2})$

### 3.859.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^3(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3113}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{B \int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d})}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c + dx) - \sin(c + dx))}{d})}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.859.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow \text{24} \\
 \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.859.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.859.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (2B \sin(dx+c) (\cos^2(dx+c)) + 3A \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 3A(dx+c) + 4B \sin(dx+c))}{6d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	77
parts	$\frac{A b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B b^2 (2 + \cos^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \sin(dx+c)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	90
risch	$\frac{A b^2 x \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{4d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b A \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	13

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{6} b^2 / d (\cos(dx+c) b)^{1/2} (2 B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 A \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 3 A (dx+c) + 4 B \sin(dx+c)) / \cos(dx+c)^{1/2}$$

### 3.859.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{3 A \sqrt{-b} b^2 \cos(dx + c) \log\left(2 b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.859. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

output `[1/12*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*A*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.859.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.859.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3(2(dx + c)b^2 + b^2 \sin(2dx + 2c))A\sqrt{b} + (b^2 \sin(3dx + 3c))B\sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(3*(2*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + (b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*B*sqrt(b))/d`



**3.859.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.859.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (9 B \sin(c + dx) + 3 A \sin(2c + 2 dx))}{12 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(9*B*sin(c + d*x) + 3*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 6*A*d*x))/(12*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**3.860** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.860.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6595  
 3.860.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6595  
 3.860.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6596  
 3.860.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6597  
 3.860.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6597  
 3.860.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6598  
 3.860.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6598  
 3.860.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6599  
 3.860.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6599

**3.860.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*b^2*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d`

**3.860.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(4A \sin(c + dx) + B(2(c + dx) + \sin(2(c + dx))))}{4d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(4*A*Sin[c + d*x] + B*(2*(c + d*x) + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(4*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

---

3.860. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.860.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Bx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((B*x)/2 + (A*sin[c + d*x])/d + (B*cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

**3.860.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3213 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*
*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Co
s[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

### 3.860.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 2A \sin(dx+c) + B(dx+c))}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	58
parts	$\frac{A b^2 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	79
risch	$\frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A b^2 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	95

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETUR
NVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b^2/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)+B*(
d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### 3.860.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{B \sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\right)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algori
thm="fracas")
```

output `[1/4*(B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))*cos(d*x + c) + (B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.860.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.860.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 A b^{5/2} \sin(dx + c) + (2(dx + c)b^2 + b^2 \sin(2dx + 2c))B\sqrt{b}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(4*A*b^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (2*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*sqrt(b))/d`

**3.860.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.860.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (4A \sin(c + dx) + B \sin(2c + 2dx) + 2Bd)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(4*A*sin(c + d*x) + B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 2*B*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**3.861** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.861.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6600  
 3.861.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6600  
 3.861.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6601  
 3.861.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6602  
 3.861.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6602  
 3.861.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6603  
 3.861.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6603  
 3.861.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6603  
 3.861.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6604

**3.861.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^2x\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*b^2*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.861.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A(c + dx) + B \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A*(c + d*x) + B*SIN[c + d*x]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

---

3.861. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.861.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (B*sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

**3.861.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(F*_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`



**3.861.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (A(dx+c) + B \sin(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	42
risch	$\frac{A b^2 x \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	58
parts	$\frac{A b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	65

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^2/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(A*(d*x+c)+B*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**3.861.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{A \sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c) \log(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} + \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), (A*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*B*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**3.861.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.861.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 A b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + B b^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*A*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + B*b^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**3.861.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2),x)`

**3.861.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \sin(c + dx) + A dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + A*d*x))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**3.862** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.862.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6605  
 3.862.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6605  
 3.862.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6606  
 3.862.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6607  
 3.862.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6608  
 3.862.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6608  
 3.862.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6608  
 3.862.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6609  
 3.862.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6609

**3.862.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `b^2*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.862.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(Bdx + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)))(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `((B*d*x + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

---

3.862. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.862.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c + dx)}{d}\right)}{d} + Bx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(b^2*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d)*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

3.862.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.862.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)) - \csc(dx+c)) - B(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	55
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)) b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b (dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	76
risch	$\frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	105

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b^2/d*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

---

3.862. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.862.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) - B \sqrt{-b} b^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))) - B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/2*(2*B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))) + A*b^(5/2)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3))/d]
```

**3.862.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.862.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 B b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + (b^2 \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*A*sqrt(b))/d`

### 3.862.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

### 3.862.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`



**3.863** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.863.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6610  
 3.863.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6610  
 3.863.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6611  
 3.863.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6613  
 3.863.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6613  
 3.863.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6614  
 3.863.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6614  
 3.863.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6614  
 3.863.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6615

**3.863.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+b^2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.863.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))`

---

3.863. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.863.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{A \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.863.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(b^2*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*tan[c + d*x])/d))/sqrt[cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.863.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(sqrt[b*v]/sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**3.863.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2(-2B \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) + A \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	60
parts	$\frac{A b^2 \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	77
risch	$\frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	122

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2/d*(-2*B*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**3.863.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{Bb^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(\frac{-b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2d \frac{B\sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} Ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), -(B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

---

3.863. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.863.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.863.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 A b^{5/2} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{\cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + 1} + (b^2 \log(\cos(dx + c)))$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*A*b^(5/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) + (b^2*log(cos(d*x + c))^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b^2*log(cos(d*x + c))^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)*B*sqrt(b)/d`

**3.863.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2),x)`

---

3.863.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.863.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

**3.864** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.864.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/2*A*b^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.864.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx))}{2d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))`

---

3.864. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.864.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{B \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{B \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.864.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$



$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ \downarrow 4257 \\ \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{array}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((B*Tan[c + d*x])/d + A*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.864.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### 3.864.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 (A (\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) - A (\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) + 2B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + A \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A b^2 (-\cos^2(dx+c) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) + (\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) + \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \dots$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} (A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 2B e^{2i(dx+c)} - A e^{i(dx+c)} - 2B)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

```
input int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b^2/d*(A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)-A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)
```

### 3.864.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + A\sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - (2Bb^2 \cos(dx + c) + Ab^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{2d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

---

3.864.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(A*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

### 3.864.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.864.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 803 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 803, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.92

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(8*B*b^(5/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2
+ 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - (4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x +
2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b^2*sin(4*
d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos
(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2
*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(
2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
+ b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x +
2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin
(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (b^2*cos(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d
*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x +
2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/
2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(
2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b
^2)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(b^2*cos(4*d*
x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c),
cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)
+ cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*...

```

### 3.864.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{11/2}} dx$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algor
ithm="giac")

```

output

```

integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(11/2),
x)

```

**3.864.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`

**3.865** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

3.865.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6623  
 3.865.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6623  
 3.865.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6624  
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**3.865.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/2*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/3*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/2*b^2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.865.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (3 \text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + 3B \cos(c + dx) + 3A)}{6d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]`

---

3.865. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

output  $((b \cos[c + d*x])^{5/2} * (3*B*ArcTanh[\sin[c + d*x]] * \cos[c + d*x]^2 + 3*B*\sin[c + d*x] + 2*A*(2 + \cos[2*(c + d*x)]) * \tan[c + d*x])) / (6*d*\cos[c + d*x]^{9/2})$

### 3.865.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d})}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d})}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.865.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4255 \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 4257 \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]`

output `(b^2*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (A*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.865.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(sqrt[b*v]/sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.865.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2(-3B(\cos^3(dx+c))\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+3B(\cos^3(dx+c))\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+4A\sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c)-1))}{6d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A b^2 (2(\cos^2(dx+c)+1)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b \sin(dx+c)}{3d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{B b^2 (-\cos^2(dx+c))\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c))\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)}{2d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b(3B e^{5i(dx+c)}-12A e^{2i(dx+c)}-3B e^{i(dx+c)}-4A)}{3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^3} + \frac{b^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{b^2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*b^2/d*(-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+4*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)`

---

3.865. 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

**3.865.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ 3 B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 3 B \sqrt{-b} b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (4 A b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 B b^2 \cos(dx + c) + 2 A b) \right]}{6 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algo
ithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/12*(3*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*
x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*
x + c)^3) + 2*(4*A*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b^2)*sq
rt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1
/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*
sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (4*A*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b^2*co
s(d*x + c) + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)
)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]
```

**3.865.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(13/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.865.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1060 vs.  $2(135) = 270$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1060, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algo
rithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/12*(16*(3*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)
)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) - 3*(
3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x
+ 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6
*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*
x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) + 3*(4*(b^2*sin(
4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), c
os(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(
1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2
+ 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4
*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) +
b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arct
an2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2
*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c))) + 1) + (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*s
in(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*
d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) +
b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x ...
```

**3.865.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}{\cos(dx + c)^{13/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

---

3.865.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)/cos(d*x + c)^(13/2), x)`

### 3.865.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2), x)`

**3.866** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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**3.866.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/2*A*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3*B*sin(d*x+c)^3*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.866.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(6Ac + 6Adx + 9B \sin(c+dx) + 3A \sin(2(c+dx)) + B \sin(3(c+dx)))}{12d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x  
]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A*c + 6*A*d*x + 9*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sin[2*(c + d  
*x)] + B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.866.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (A \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.866.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.866.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.866.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(2B \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+3A \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+3A(dx+c)+4B \sin(dx+c))}{6d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	74
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	84
risch	$\frac{Ax(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{3B \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{4d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd}$	120

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/6/d*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(2*B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)+3*A*(d*x+c)+4*B*\sin(d*x+c))/(\cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)$

### 3.866.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3A\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - b\right) - \dots}{12bd \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

3.866.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.866.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.866.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\frac{3(2 dx + 2c + \sin(2 dx + 2c))A}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B(\sin(3 dx + 3c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\frac{\sin(3 dx + 3c)}{\cos(3 dx + 3c)}))}{\sqrt{b}}}{12 d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/sqrt(b) + B*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/sqrt(b))/d`

---

3.866.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.866.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.866.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} (3A\sin(c+dx) + 3A\sin(3c+3dx) + 10B\sin(2c+2dx) + B\sin(4c+4dx))}{12bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*A*sin(c + d*x) + 3*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.867**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.867.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6636  
 3.867.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6637  
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 3.867.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6639  
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 3.867.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6640  
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 3.867.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6640

**3.867.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.867.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(4A \sin(c+dx) + B(2(c+dx) + \sin(2(c+dx))))}{4d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

---

3.867.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(4*A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + B*(2*(c + d*x) + \text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)])))/(4*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### 3.867.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A\sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Bx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]))/\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]],x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((B*x)/2 + (A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/d + (B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]$

## 3.867.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx._)*((a._)*(v_))^(m_)*((b._)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b._)*sin[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d._)*sin[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## 3.867.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 2A \sin(dx+c) + B(dx+c))}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	55
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	73
risch	$\frac{Bx(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd}$	86

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1/2/d*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)+2*A*\sin(d*x+c)+B*(d*x+c))}{(\cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)}$

**3.867.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{B\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-b\right)-2}{4bd\cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/4*(B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**3.867.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 36.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{A\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Bx\sin^2(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Bx\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(A+B\cos(c))\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c)}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((A*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(d*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + B*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + B*x*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + B*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(2*d*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + B*cos(c))*cos(c)**(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(c)), True))
```

---

3.867.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.867.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\frac{(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))B}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4A\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}}}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B/sqrt(b) + 4*A*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d`

**3.867.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.867.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(B\sin(c+dx)+4A\sin(2c+2dx)+B\sin(3c+3dx)+4Bdx\cos(2c+2dx))}{4bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + 4*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 4*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(4*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

---

3.867.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$3.868 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.868.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.6641
3.868.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.6641
3.868.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	.6642
3.868.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	.6643
3.868.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.6643
3.868.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.6644
3.868.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.6644
3.868.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	.6644
3.868.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	.6645

### 3.868.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.868.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A(c+dx)+B \sin(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(c + d*x) + B*SIn[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`



**3.868.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (B*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

**3.868.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**3.868.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(A(dx+c)+B\sin(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	39
risch	$\frac{Ax(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	52
parts	$\frac{A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	59

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A*(d*x+c)+B*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)
```

**3.868.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{A\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-b\right)-2B\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{2bd\cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x+c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b)-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b*d*cos(d*x+c)),(A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x+c)+sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b*d*cos(d*x+c))]
```

**3.868.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(A+B\cos(c))\sqrt{\cos(c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(c)}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((A*x*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)) + B*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(d*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + B*cos(c))*sqrt(cos(c))/sqrt(b*cos(c)), True))`**3.868.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2A\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(2*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + B*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d`**3.868.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

---

3.868.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.868.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(B\sin(2c+2dx)+2Adx\cos(c+dx))}{bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 2*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.869**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

3.869.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6646  
 3.869.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6646  
 3.869.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6647  
 3.869.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6648  
 3.869.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6649  
 3.869.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6649  
 3.869.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6650  
 3.869.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6650  
 3.869.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6650

**3.869.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{Bx\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.869.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(Bdx + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((B*d*x + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.869.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.869.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + Bx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

3.869.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.869.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))-B(dx+c))(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	52
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	70
risch	$\frac{Bx(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd}$	96

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*(2*A*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)`

**3.869.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(52) = 104.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) + B \sqrt{-b} \log \left( 2 b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \right)}{2 b d} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))) + B*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b)/(b*d), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))) + A*sqrt(b)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3))/(b*d)]`

**3.869.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`



**3.869.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{A \left( \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4 B \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$= \frac{\quad}{2d}$$

```
input integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 4*B*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b))/d
```

**3.869.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

```
input integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)
```

**3.869.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

```
input int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)
```

---

3.869.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.870**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.870.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.870.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.870.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.870.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{A \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.870.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.870.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.870.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2B \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) + A \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	57
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	71
risch	$\frac{i e^{-i(dx+c)} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)+i})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)-i})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d}$	109

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2*B*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.870.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2 b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2 b d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), -(B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

3.870. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

**3.870.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)),  
x)`

**3.870.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{B \left( \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4 A \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b}$$

$$2 d$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorith  
m="maxima")`

output `1/2*(B*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(co  
s(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 4*A*sqrt(b)  
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos(2  
*d*x + 2*c) + b))/d`

**3.870.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.870.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.871** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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 3.871.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6657  
 3.871.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6658  
 3.871.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6660  
 3.871.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6661  
 3.871.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6661  
 3.871.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6662  
 3.871.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6662  
 3.871.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6663

**3.871.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.871.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x  
]`

output `(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d  
*x])/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.871.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{B \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.871.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*Tan[c + d*x])/d + A*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### 3.871.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

---

3.871.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.871.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)-A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+2B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+\sin(dx+c))}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(Ae^{2i(dx+c)}-A-4B \cos(dx+c))}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)-A*cos(d*x+c)^2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

---

3.871.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

**3.871.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log \left( -\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} \right) + 2(2B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right]}{4bd \cos(dx + c)^3} + \frac{A \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{2bd \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

**3.871.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.871.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 722 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 722, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*B*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b) - (4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) *A/((2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(b))/d`

**3.871.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.871.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.871.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.872**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.872.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6665  
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**3.872.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)^
3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.872.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3B \operatorname{ArcTanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + 3B \sin(c + dx) + 2A(2 + \cos(2(c + dx))) \tan(c + dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 2*A*(2 + Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.872.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

---

3.872.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + B \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4254 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx - \frac{A \int (\tan^2(c+dx)+1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (A*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

## 3.872.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`
- rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**3.872.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
default	$\frac{-3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+4A \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+}{6d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(2(\cos^2(dx+c)+1) \sin(dx+c)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{B(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1))}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3B e^{4i(dx+c)}-3B-16A \cos(dx+c)-8iA \sin(dx+c))}{6\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2 d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/d*(-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+4*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

**3.872.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2 b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2 (4 A \cos(dx + c)^2}{12 b d \cos(dx + c)^4} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (4 A \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 B \cos(dx + c) + 2 A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{6 b d \cos(dx + c)^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

### 3.872.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.872.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 957 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 957, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.60

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/12*(16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*
x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
+ 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*co
s(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*
x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin
(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(b)) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*
d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(
4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*s
in(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*
d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos
(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(
4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x +
4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*lo
g(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2
(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + ...

```

### 3.872.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.872.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.873** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.873.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6672  
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**3.873.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output  $1/2*A*\cos(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+1/2*A*x*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}-1/3*B*\sin(d*x+c)^3*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

**3.873.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(6Ac+6Adx+9B \sin(c+dx)+3A \sin(2(c+dx)))}{12d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

---

3.873. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output  $(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)*(6*A*c + 6*A*d*x + 9*B*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + 3*A*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + B*\text{Sin}[3*(c + d*x)])})/(12*d*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(3/2)})$

### 3.873.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (A \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

---

3.873.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow \text{24} \\
 \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.873.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.873.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(2B \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+3A \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+3A(dx+c)+4B \sin(dx+c))}{6bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	77
parts	$\frac{A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)}{2db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{3db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	90
risch	$\frac{Ax(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{3B \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{4bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd}$	132

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+3*A*(d*x+c)+4*B*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)`

### 3.873.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3A\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.873. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output `[-1/12*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.873.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.873.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{3(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))A}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B(\sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c))))}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{12 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/b^(3/2) + B*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(3/2))/d`

**3.873.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.873.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(3A\sin(c+dx)+3A\sin(3c+3d*x)+10B\sin(2c+2d*x)+B\sin(4c+4d*x)+12A*d*x*\cos(c+d*x))}{12b^2d(\cos(2c+2d*x)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*A*sin(c + d*x) + 3*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.874** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.874.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6678  
 3.874.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6679  
 3.874.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6680  
 3.874.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6680  
 3.874.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6681  
 3.874.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6681  
 3.874.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6682  
 3.874.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6682

**3.874.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.874.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(4A \sin(c+dx) + B(2(c+dx) + \sin(2(c+dx))))}{4d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(4*A*Sin[c + d*x] + B*(2*(c + d*x) + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

---

3.874. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.874.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A\sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Bx}{2} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*x)/2 + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.874.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.874.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 3213 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*
*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Co
s[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

### 3.874.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 2A \sin(dx+c) + B(dx+c))}{2bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	58
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)}{2db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	79
risch	$\frac{Bx(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b d}$	95

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETUR
NVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/b/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)+B*(d*x+c)
)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)
```

### 3.874.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{B\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

---

3.874. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output `[-1/4*(B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.874.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.874.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))B}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4 A \sin(dx + c)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B/b^(3/2) + 4*A*sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d`



**3.874.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**3.874.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(B\sin(c+dx)+4A\sin(2c+2dx))}{4b^2d(\cos(2c+2dx))}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + 4*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 4*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(4*b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.875** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.875.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6683
3.875.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6683
3.875.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6684
3.875.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6685
3.875.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6685
3.875.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6686
3.875.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6686
3.875.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6686
3.875.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6687

**3.875.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.875.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A(c+dx)+B \sin(c+dx))}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A*(c + d*x) + B*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

---

3.875. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.875.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (B*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.875.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**3.875.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(A(dx+c)+B\sin(dx+c))}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	42
risch	$\frac{Ax(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	58
parts	$\frac{A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(dx+c)}{db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	65

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A*(d*x+c)+B*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)
```

**3.875.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \left[ -\frac{A\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}, \dots \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x+c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b)-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x+c)), (A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x+c)+sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x+c))]
```

**3.875.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 36.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{Ax\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(A+B\cos(c))\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c)}{(b\cos(c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((A*x*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2) + B*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + B*cos(c))*cos(c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(c))**(3/2), True))`**3.875.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{2A\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(2*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + B*sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d`**3.875.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.875.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.875.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \sin(2c + 2dx) + 2A dx \cos(2c + 2dx))}{b^2 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 2*A*d*x*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.876** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.876.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6688  
 3.876.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6688  
 3.876.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6689  
 3.876.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 6690  
 3.876.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6691  
 3.876.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6691  
 3.876.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6691  
 3.876.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6692  
 3.876.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6692

**3.876.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.876.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(Bdx + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))) \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((B*d*x + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

---

3.876. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.876.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B\cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A \int \sec(c+dx) dx + Bx)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Bx\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`



3.876.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (a_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * (b_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} * b^{(n - 1/2)} * (\text{Sqrt}[b * v] / \text{Sqrt}[a * v]) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} * F x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3214  $\text{Int}[(a_{.}) + (b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})] / ((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b * (x/d), x] - \text{Simp}[(b * c - a * d) / d \text{Int}[1 / (c + d * \sin[e + f * x]), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d * x]] / d, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x\}$

3.876.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c)) - B(dx+c))(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	55
parts	$-\frac{2A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \csc(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(dx+c)}{db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b}$	76
risch	$\frac{Bx(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd}$	105

input  $\text{int}(\cos(d * x + c)^{(1/2)} * (A + B * \cos(d * x + c)) / (\cos(d * x + c) * b)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-1/b/d * (2 * A * \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(d * x + c) - \csc(d * x + c)) - B * (d * x + c)) * \cos(d * x + c)^{(1/2)} / (\cos(d * x + c) * b)^{(1/2)}$

**3.876.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{2A\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + B\sqrt{-b}\log(2b\cos(dx+c))}{b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)))) + B*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c) - b))/(b^2*d), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2))) + A*sqrt(b)*log(-(b*cos(d*x+c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c) - 2*b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^3))/(b^2*d)]`

**3.876.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.876.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A\left(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2+2\sin(dx+c)+1)-\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2-2\sin(dx+c)+1)\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B\log(2b\cos(dx+c))}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + 4*B*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2)/d`

### 3.876.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.876.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

$$3.877 \quad \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.877.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6693
3.877.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6693
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### 3.877.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.877.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

---


$$3.877. \quad \int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.877.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec(c + dx) dx)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{A \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.877.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/(b*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.877.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.877.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2B \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))+A \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	60
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b} - \frac{2B(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\operatorname{csc}(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bb}$	77
risch	$\frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}A}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}bd}$	118

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/d*(-2*B*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.877.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{B\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{2b^2d \cos(dx+c)} - \frac{B\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{b^2d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), -(B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**3.877.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/((b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**3.877.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4 A \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^2} + \frac{B(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 1))}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) + B*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2))/d`

**3.877.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/((b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`

---

3.877.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



**3.877.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.878** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.878.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6699
3.878.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6699
3.878.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6700
3.878.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	6702
3.878.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6702
3.878.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6703
3.878.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	6703
3.878.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6704
3.878.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6705

**3.878.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.878.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

---

3.878. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.878.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{B \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{B \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.878.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4257 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*Tan[c + d*x])/d + A*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.878.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.878.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$\frac{A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) - A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) + 2B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + A \sin(dx+c)}{2bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) + (\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) + \sin(dx+c))}{2db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(Ae^{2i(dx+c)} - A - 4B \cos(dx+c))}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/2/b/d*(A*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)-A*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)+2*B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)+A*\sin(d*x+c))/(\cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)}$$

### 3.878.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ A\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right]}{2b^2d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

---

3.878. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

### 3.878.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.878.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 739 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 739, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.37

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*B*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) - (4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A/((b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + ...`

### 3.878.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/((b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.878.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`



**3.879** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.879.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6706  
 3.879.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6706  
 3.879.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6707  
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 3.879.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6710  
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 3.879.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6711  
 3.879.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6711  
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**3.879.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{2bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin^3(c + dx)}{3bd \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.879.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + 3B \sin(c + dx) + 2A(2 + \cos(c + dx))}{6d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

---

3.879. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

output `(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 3*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 2*A*(2 + Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### 3.879.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.879.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4255 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 4257 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (A*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.879.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2032 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.879.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
default	$\frac{-3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+4A \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+}{6bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(2(\cos^2(dx+c)+1) \sin(dx+c)}{3db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{B(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1))}{2db\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 3B - 16A \cos(dx+c) - 8iA \sin(dx+c))}{6b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b/d*(-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+4*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

---

3.879. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

**3.879.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} + 3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^4 - (4 A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 B \cos(dx+c) + 2 A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{6 b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^4}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

**3.879.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.879.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 983 vs.  $2(135) = 270$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 983, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.26

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c))^2 + 9*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(3*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*(3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 6*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 6*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + b)*sqrt(b) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*s...`

**3.879.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

---

3.879.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/((b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.879.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.880** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

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**3.880.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/2*A*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3*B*sin(d*x+c)^3*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.880.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(6Ac + 6Adx + 9B \sin(c+dx) + 3A \sin(2(c+dx)))}{12b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A*c + 6*A*d*x + 9*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.880.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A \int \cos^2(c+dx)dx + B \int \cos^3(c+dx)dx)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.880.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.880.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

---

3.880.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.880.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(2B \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+3A \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+3A(dx+c)+4B \sin(dx+c))}{6b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}$	77
parts	$\frac{A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)}{2d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{B(2+\cos^2(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{3d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}$	90
risch	$\frac{Ax(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{3B \sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{4b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})A \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d}$	132

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b^2/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+3*A*(d*x+c)+4*B*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)`

### 3.880.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3A\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.880. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

output `[-1/12*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*cos(d*x + c) + 4*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.880.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.880.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{3(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))A}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{B(\sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c))))}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{12 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/b^(5/2) + B*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(5/2))/d`

**3.880.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.880.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(3A\sin(c+dx)+3A\sin(3c+3d*x)+10B\sin(2c+2d*x)+B\sin(4c+4d*x)+12A*d*x*\cos(c+d*x))}{12b^3d(\cos(2c+2d*x)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*A*sin(c + d*x) + 3*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.881** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

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 3.881.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6719  
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 3.881.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 6723

**3.881.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.881.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(4A \sin(c+dx) + B(2(c+dx) + \sin(2(c+dx))))}{4b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*A*Sin[c + d*x] + B*(2*(c + d*x) + Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))/(4*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.881. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.881.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A\sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Bx}{2} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*x)/2 + (A*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.881.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.881.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

### 3.881.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + 2A \sin(dx+c) + B(dx+c))}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}$	58
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{B (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) (\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)}{2d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}$	79
risch	$\frac{Bx (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c) (\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d}$	95

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1/2/b^2/d*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)+2*A*\sin(d*x+c)+B*(d*x+c))/(\cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)}$

### 3.881.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{B\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.881.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



output `[-1/4*(B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### 3.881.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.881.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))B}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4 A \sin(dx + c)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B/b^(5/2) + 4*A*sin(d*x + c)/b^(5/2))/d`

**3.881.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**3.881.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(B\sin(c+dx)+4A\sin(2c+2dx))}{4b^3d(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(c + d*x) + 4*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 4*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(4*b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.882**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.882.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.882.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A(c+dx)+B \sin(c+dx))}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*(c + d*x) + B*Sin[c + d*x]))/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.882.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (B*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**3.882.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**3.882.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(A(dx+c)+B\sin(dx+c))}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	42
risch	$\frac{Ax(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	58
parts	$\frac{A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(dx+c)}{d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b}}$	65

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^2/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A*(d*x+c)+B*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)
```

**3.882.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \left[ -\frac{A\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b}\right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}, \dots \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x+c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b)-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x+c)), (A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x+c)+sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*B*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x+c))]
```

**3.882.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.882.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2) + B*sin(d*x + c)/b^(5/2))/d`

**3.882.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2),x)`

**3.882.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} (B\sin(2c+2dx) + 2Adx\cos(c+dx))}{b^3 d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 2*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**3.883** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

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**3.883.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bx\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.883.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(Bdx + A \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)))\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((B*d*x + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

---

3.883. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$



**3.883.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B\cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A \int \sec(c+dx) dx + Bx)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Bx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

3.883.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

3.883.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))-B(dx+c))(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}$	55
parts	$-\frac{2A(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c)-\csc(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{B(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})(dx+c)}{d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b}$	76
risch	$\frac{Bx(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d}$	105

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/b^2/d*(2*A*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)`

---

3.883. 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.883.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{2A\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) + B\sqrt{-b}\log(2b\cos(dx+c))}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}d} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)))) + B*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c) - b))/(b^3*d), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2))) + A*sqrt(b)*log(-(b*cos(d*x+c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c) - 2*b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^3))/(b^3*d)]
```

**3.883.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.883.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A\left(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2+2\sin(dx+c)+1)-\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2-2\sin(dx+c)+1)\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}d}$$

---

3.883.  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2) + 4*B*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2))/d`

### 3.883.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.883.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.884** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

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**3.884.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.884.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos(c+dx) + A \sin(c+dx))}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

---

3.884. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.884.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (A+B\cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (A \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx + B \int \sec(c+dx) dx)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{A \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.884.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.884.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2B \cos(dx+c) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \operatorname{csc}(dx+c)) + A \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	60
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b} - \frac{2B(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cot(dx+c) - \operatorname{csc}(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b b^2}$	77
risch	$\frac{2i(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d}$	122

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b^2/d*(-2*B*cos(d*x+c)*arctanh(cot(d*x+c)-csc(d*x+c))+A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### 3.884.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{B\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{2b^3 d \cos(dx+c)} - \frac{B\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b^3 d \cos(dx+c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x+c))^3-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-2*b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^3)+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^2),-(B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))))*cos(d*x+c)^2-sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x+c)^2)]`



**3.884.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.884.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4A\sqrt{b}\sin(2dx+2c)}{b^3\cos(2dx+2c)^2+b^3\sin(2dx+2c)^2+2b^3\cos(2dx+2c)+b^3} + \frac{B(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2+2\sin(dx+c)+1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2-2\sin(dx+c)+1))}{b^{5/2}}/d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) + B*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2))/d`

**3.884.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2),x)`

**3.884.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.885**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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 3.885.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6740  
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**3.885.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2b^2 d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.885.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx))}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

---

3.885.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

**3.885.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{B \int 1 d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{B \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ \downarrow 4257 \\ \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((B*Tan[c + d*x])/d + A*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.885.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.885.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$\frac{A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) - A(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) + 2B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + A \sin(dx+c)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) + (\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) + \sin(dx+c))}{2d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(A e^{2i(dx+c)} - A - 4B \cos(dx+c))}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/2/b^2/d*(A*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)-A*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)+2*B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)+A*\sin(d*x+c))/(\cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)}$$

### 3.885.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{A\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{2b^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3} + \frac{A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx+c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2b^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3} \right]}{2b^3 d \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

3.885. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

### 3.885.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.885.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*B*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) - (4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A/((b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b...`

### 3.885.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/((b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))), x)`



**3.885.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**3.886**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.886.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6747  
 3.886.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6747  
 3.886.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6748  
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 3.886.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6752  
 3.886.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6753

**3.886.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin^3(c + dx)}{3b^2 d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.886.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + 3A \sin(c + dx))}{6d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

---

3.886.  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

output (Sqrt[Cos[c + d\*x]]\*(3\*B\*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d\*x]]\*Cos[c + d\*x]^2 + 3\*B\*Sin[c + d\*x] + 2\*A\*(2 + Cos[2\*(c + d\*x)])\*Tan[c + d\*x]))/(6\*d\*(b\*Cos[c + d\*x])^(5/2))

### 3.886.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + B \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.886.  $\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4255 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 4257 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{A(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (A*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.886.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2032 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.886.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
default	$\frac{-3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+3B(\cos^3(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+4A \sin(dx+c)(\cos^2(dx+c))+6b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(2(\cos^2(dx+c)+1) \sin(dx+c)}{3d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{B(-(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+(\cos^2(dx+c)) \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1))}{2d b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 3B - 16A \cos(dx+c) - 8iA \sin(dx+c))}{6b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d} + \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d} - \frac{(\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}) B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)b} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b^2/d*(-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3*B*cos(d*x+c)^3*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+4*A*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+2*A*sin(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

---

3.886. 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.886.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} + 3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^4 - (4 A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 B \cos(dx+c) + 2 A) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \right]}{6 b^3 d \cos(dx+c)^4}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (4*A*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

**3.886.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.886.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1033 vs.  $2(135) = 270$ .

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1033, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(3*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*(3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 6*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c))*sqrt(b) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + ...`

**3.886.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/((b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.886.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`



### 3.887 $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.887.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6754
3.887.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6754
3.887.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6755
3.887.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6756
3.887.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6757
3.887.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6757
3.887.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6757
3.887.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6758
3.887.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6758

#### 3.887.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3A(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{13b^4 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3/10*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3], [8/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin
(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/13*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(13/3)*hypergeom(
[1/2, 13/6], [19/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.887.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cot(c + dx) (13A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 10B \cos(c + dx))}{130d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(13*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(130*d)`

### 3.887.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \quad \frac{-\frac{3A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{10bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{13b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

3.887.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

```
output ((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(13/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(13*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2
```

### 3.887.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(F*_)(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.887.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^2(dx + c)) (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

**3.887.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.887.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.887.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.887.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.887.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.888 $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.888.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6759
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3.888.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6763

#### 3.888.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3A(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3/7*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6], [13/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/10*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3], [8/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.888.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cot(c + dx) (10A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 7B \cos(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{70bd}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(10*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(70*b*d)`

### 3.888.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3A \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{7bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{10b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

3.888.  $\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

```
output ((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*
x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(
10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b
^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b
```

### 3.888.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.888.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```



**3.888.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.888.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.888.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.888.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.888.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.889 $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.889.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6765
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3.889.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6767
3.889.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6768

#### 3.889.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3A(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `-3/4*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3],[5/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.889.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{3\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cot(c + dx) (7A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 4B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{28d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(-3*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(1/3)}*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*(7*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + 4*B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(28*d)$

### 3.889.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & A \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\ & \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\ & \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{7b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(1/3)}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]),x]$

output  $(-3*A*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(4/3)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/(4*b*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(7/3)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(7*b^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])$

---

3.889.  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

## 3.889.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.889.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

## 3.889.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.889.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.889.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.889.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.889.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.890 $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.890.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3A \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/4*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.890.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = -\frac{3b \cot(c + dx) \left(4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$



input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(-3*b*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.890.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{\left(b \cos(c + dx)\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{\left(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{4b^2 d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.890.  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((-3*A*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.890.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_.)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.890.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**3.890.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.890.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.890.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

---

3.890.  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

**3.890.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.890.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.891 $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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3.891.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6778
3.891.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6778

#### 3.891.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3B \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/2*A*b*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2], [2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.891.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3b \csc(c + dx) \left( A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 2B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \right)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(3*b*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - 2*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.891.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{5/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{2bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.891.  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(2*b*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])
)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^
2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.891.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.891.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^2(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**3.891.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.891.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.891.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`



**3.891.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.891.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.892 $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

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#### 3.892.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/5*A*b^2*hypergeom([-5/6, 1/2], [1/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*B*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2], [2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.892.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) (2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 5B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{10d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(10*d)`

### 3.892.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{8/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{8/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.892.  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*B*Hypergeometric2
F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b^2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])
^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.892.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx)*(vu)^(mu)*((bv)*(vv))^(nv), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[uu, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((bu)*sin[(cu) + (du)*(xu)]^(nu), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((bu)*sin[(eu) + (fu)*(xu)]^(mu)*((cu) + (du)*sin[(eu) + (fu)*(xu)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.892.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^3(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**3.892.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.892.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.892.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.892.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.892.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.893 $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

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#### 3.893.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c+dx))^{13/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{13b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{16/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{11}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{16b^4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3/13*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(13/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 13/6], [19/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/16*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(16/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 8/3], [11/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.893.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \cot(c+dx) (16A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 13B \cos(c+dx))}{208d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(16*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 13*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 8/3, 11/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(208*d)`

### 3.893.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{13/3} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{3A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{13bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{16/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{11}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{16b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

3.893.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$



```
output ((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(13/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c +
d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(13*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x]
)^(16/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 8/3, 11/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(
16*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2
```

### 3.893.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.893.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^2(dx + c)) (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

**3.893.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + A*b*cos(d*x + c)^3)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.893.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.893.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.893.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.893.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.894 $\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.894.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6789
3.894.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6789
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3.894.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6793

#### 3.894.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{13b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3/10*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3], [8/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin
(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/13*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(13/3)*hypergeom(
[1/2, 13/6], [19/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.894.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \cot(c + dx) \left(13A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 10B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{130bd}$$

```
input Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

```
output (-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(13*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(130*b*d)
```

### 3.894.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \quad \frac{-\frac{3A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{10bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{13b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

---

3.894.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

```
output ((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(13/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(13*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b
```

### 3.894.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.894.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

**3.894.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.894.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.894.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.894.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.894.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`



### 3.895 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.895.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6794
3.895.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6794
3.895.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6795
3.895.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6796
3.895.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6796
3.895.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6797
3.895.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6797
3.895.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6797
3.895.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6798

#### 3.895.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-3/7*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/10*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3],[8/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.895.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cot(c + dx) \left(10A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 7B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{70d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]
```

output  $(-3*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{4/3}*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*(10*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + 7*B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(70*d)$

### 3.895.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{4/3} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{4/3} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{7/3} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\ & \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{7bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\ & \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{10b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{4/3}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]),x]$

output  $(-3*A*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{7/3}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*Sqrt[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{10/3}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(10*b^2*d*Sqrt[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])$

**3.895.3.1** Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.895.4** Maple **[F]**

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.895.5** Fracas **[F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.895.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`output `Timed out`**3.895.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`**3.895.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.895.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.896 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

3.896.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6799
3.896.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6799
3.896.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6800
3.896.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6801
3.896.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6802
3.896.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6802
3.896.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6802
3.896.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6803
3.896.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6803

#### 3.896.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{7bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3/4*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d
*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/
6], [13/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.896.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3b\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \cot(c+dx) (7A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 4B \cos(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{28d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(-3*b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(7*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*B*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(28*d)`

### 3.896.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left(A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{7b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.896.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.896.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`



**3.896.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.896.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.896.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.896.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.896.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.897 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

3.897.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6804
3.897.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6804
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3.897.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6807
3.897.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6807
3.897.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6808
3.897.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6808

#### 3.897.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3Ab \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d
*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/4*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/
3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.897.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3b^2 \cot(c + dx) (4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(-3*b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.897.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^2 \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{4b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.897.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.897.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^2(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**3.897.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.897.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.897.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.897.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.897.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.898 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

3.898.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6809
3.898.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6809
3.898.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6810
3.898.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6811
3.898.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6812
3.898.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6812
3.898.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6812
3.898.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6813
3.898.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6813

#### 3.898.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3bB \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/2*A*b^2*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2], [2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.898.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) (A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 2B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$



input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - 2*B*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(2*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.898.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{A + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{2bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(2*b*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])
)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^
2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.898.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.898.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^3(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**3.898.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.898.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.898.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.898.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.898.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**3.899**       $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.899.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6814  
 3.899.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6814  
 3.899.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6815  
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 3.899.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6818  
 3.899.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6818

**3.899.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{7b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{10b^4 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3/7*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/10*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3],[8/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.899.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx) \cot(c+dx) \left(10A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 7B \cos(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeom}\right)}{70d(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(10*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(70*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.899.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}dx + \frac{B\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}dx + \frac{B\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3A\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{7bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{10/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{10b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

3.899.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

```
output ((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*
x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(
10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b
^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2
```

### 3.899.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.899.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos^2(dx + c))(A + B \cos(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)
```

**3.899.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)/b, x)`

**3.899.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.899.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`



**3.899.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.899.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^2(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**3.900**       $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.900.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6819  
 3.900.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6819  
 3.900.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6820  
 3.900.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6821  
 3.900.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6822  
 3.900.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6822  
 3.900.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6822  
 3.900.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6823  
 3.900.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6823

**3.900.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{4b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{7b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output `-3/4*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3],[5/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.900.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \cot(c+dx) (7A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 4B \cos(c+dx) \text{Hypergeom}}{28bd}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(7*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(28*b*d)`

### 3.900.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}(A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \sqrt[3]{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3A\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{7b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.900.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `((-3*A*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### 3.900.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx)*(vu)^(mu)*((bv)*(vv))^(nv), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[uu, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((bu)*sin[(cu) + (du)*(xu)]^(nu), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((bu)*sin[(eu) + (fu)*(xu)]^(mu)*((cu) + (du)*sin[(eu) + (fu)*(xu)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.900.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c)(A + B \cos(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

**3.900.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)/b, x)`

**3.900.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.900.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.900.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.900.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.901 $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.901.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6824
3.901.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6824
3.901.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6825
3.901.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6826
3.901.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6827
3.901.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6827
3.901.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6827
3.901.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6828
3.901.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6828

#### 3.901.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/4*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.901.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cot(c + dx) (4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.901.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{4b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`



```
output (-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))
```

### 3.901.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.901.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)
```

```
output int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)
```

**3.901.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.901.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**3.901.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.901.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.901.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**3.902**  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.902.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6829  
 3.902.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6829  
 3.902.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6830  
 3.902.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6831  
 3.902.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6831  
 3.902.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6832  
 3.902.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6832  
 3.902.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6832  
 3.902.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6833

**3.902.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/2*A*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2], [2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c)
)^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2]
, [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.902.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3 \csc(c + dx) (A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 2B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

```
input Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]
```

```
output (3*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - 2*B
*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c
+ d*x]^2])/(2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))
```

**3.902.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{5/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output `b*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

---

3.902.  $\int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

## 3.902.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2, x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.902.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

## 3.902.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.902.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

### 3.902.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.902.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

---

3.902.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

**3.902.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)), x)`



### 3.903 $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.903.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6834
3.903.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6834
3.903.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6835
3.903.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6836
3.903.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6836
3.903.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6837
3.903.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6837
3.903.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6837
3.903.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6838

#### 3.903.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/5*A*b*hypergeom([-5/6, 1/2], [1/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/2*B*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2], [2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.903.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \cot(c + dx) (2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 10d \cot(c + dx))}{10d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(3*b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(10*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3))`

**3.903.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{8/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b^2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

---

3.903.  $\int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec^2(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

## 3.903.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2, x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.903.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^2(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c) b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

## 3.903.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.903.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

### 3.903.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.903.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.903.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)), x)`

**3.904**       $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

3.904.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6839  
 3.904.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6839  
 3.904.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6840  
 3.904.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6841  
 3.904.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 6841  
 3.904.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6842  
 3.904.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6842  
 3.904.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6842  
 3.904.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6843

**3.904.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8d(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/8*A*b^2*hypergeom([-4/3, 1/2], [-1/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/5*b*B*hypergeom([-5/6, 1/2], [1/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.904.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) (5A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 8B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin^2(c + dx)]}{40*d*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, 1/2, -1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(40*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3))`

**3.904.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{11/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{11/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{11/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3),x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, 1/2, -1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b^2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

## 3.904.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2, x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.904.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^3(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c) b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

## 3.904.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^3(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fracas")`



output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.904.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

### 3.904.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

### 3.904.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

---

3.904.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

**3.904.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)), x)`

**3.905** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

3.905.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6844  
 3.905.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6844  
 3.905.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6845  
 3.905.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6846  
 3.905.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6847  
 3.905.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6847  
 3.905.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6847  
 3.905.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6848  
 3.905.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6848

**3.905.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{8b^4 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output `-3/5*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.905.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx) \cot(c+dx) (8A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 5B \cos(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{40d(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(8*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(40*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))`

### 3.905.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}(A+B\cos(c+dx))dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}(A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{A\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}dx + \frac{B\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{A\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}dx + \frac{B\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\frac{3A\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{5bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{8/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{8b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

3.905.  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

```
output ((-3*A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2
```

### 3.905.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2030 Int[(F*_)(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.905.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos^2(dx+c))(A+B\cos(dx+c))}{(\cos(dx+c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3), x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3), x)
```

**3.905.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/b^2, x)`

**3.905.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.905.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.905.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.905.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^2(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

### 3.906 $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

3.906.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6849
3.906.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6849
3.906.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6850
3.906.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6852
3.906.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6852
3.906.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6852
3.906.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6853
3.906.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6853
3.906.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6853

#### 3.906.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output `-3/2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.906.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cot(c+dx) (5A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 2B \cos(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{10bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(5*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/((10*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### 3.906.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt[3]{b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{B \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{B \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.906.  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{3A \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `((-3*A*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b^2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### 3.906.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx)*(v1)^(m1)*(b1*(v1))^(n1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u1, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b1)*sin[(c1) + (d1)*(x1)]^(n1), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b1)*sin[(e1) + (f1)*(x1)]^(m1)*((c1) + (d1)*sin[(e1) + (f1)*(x1)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.906.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)(A+B\cos(dx+c))}{(\cos(dx+c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

**3.906.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.906.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.906.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.906.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.906.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

### 3.907 $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

3.907.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6854
3.907.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6854
3.907.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6855
3.907.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6856
3.907.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6857
3.907.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6857
3.907.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6857
3.907.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6858
3.907.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6858

#### 3.907.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd^3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3*A*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/
2], [4/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.907.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c + dx) \left(-2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output  $(-3*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*(-2*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(2*d*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(4/3))$

### 3.907.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & A \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & A \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\ & \frac{3A \sin(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \\ & \frac{3B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]$

```
output (3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*
(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)
*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b^2*d*S
qrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

### 3.907.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.907.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)
```

```
output int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)
```

**3.907.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**3.907.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.907.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`



**3.907.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.907.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**3.908** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

3.908.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6859  
 3.908.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6859  
 3.908.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6860  
 3.908.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6861  
 3.908.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6861  
 3.908.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6862  
 3.908.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6862  
 3.908.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6862  
 3.908.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6863

**3.908.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/4*A*hypergeom([-2/3, 1/2], [1/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3*B*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.908.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3b \cot(c + dx) \left( A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 4 \right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `(3*b*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3))`

**3.908.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{7/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `b*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

---

3.908.  $\int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

## 3.908.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2, x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.908.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

## 3.908.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

### 3.908.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(4/3), x)`

### 3.908.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

### 3.908.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

---

3.908.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

**3.908.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`

**3.909**  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

3.909.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6864  
 3.909.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6864  
 3.909.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6865  
 3.909.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6866  
 3.909.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 6866  
 3.909.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6867  
 3.909.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6867  
 3.909.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6867  
 3.909.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6868

**3.909.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/7*A*b*hypergeom([-7/6, 1/2], [-1/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/4*B*hypergeom([-2/3, 1/2], [1/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.909.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \cot(c + dx) (4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 7B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin^2(c + dx)]}{28d(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `(3*b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(28*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3))`

**3.909.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{10/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{10/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{7bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b^2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`



## 3.909.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2, x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.909.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^2(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c) b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

## 3.909.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

### 3.909.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(4/3), x)`

### 3.909.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

### 3.909.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

---

3.909.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

**3.909.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`

**3.910**       $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

3.910.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6869  
 3.910.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6869  
 3.910.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6870  
 3.910.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6871  
 3.910.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 6871  
 3.910.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6872  
 3.910.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6872  
 3.910.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6872  
 3.910.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6873

**3.910.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10d(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/10*A*b^2*hypergeom([-5/3, 1/2], [-2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/7*b*B*hypergeom([-7/6, 1/2], [-1/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.910.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) (7A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 10B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right]) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}{70d(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `(3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(7*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/3, 1/2, -2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(70*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3))`

**3.910.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{A+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{13/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{13/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{10/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{13/3}} dx + \frac{B \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3}} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{10bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{10/3}} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{7b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{10/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3),x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/3, 1/2, -2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(10/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b^2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))`

---

3.910.  $\int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

## 3.910.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2, x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

## 3.910.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^3(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c) b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

## 3.910.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^3(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

### 3.910.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(4/3), x)`

### 3.910.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

### 3.910.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

---

3.910.  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

**3.910.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x))/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`



### 3.911 $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.911.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6878

#### 3.911.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{A \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \frac{1}{2}(3 + m + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + m + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{B \cos^{2+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(2 + m + n), \frac{1}{2}(4 + m + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 + m + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-A*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m+1/2*n], [3/2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+m+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m+1/2*n], [2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+m+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.911.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(2 + m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \frac{1}{2}(3 + m + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx))}{d(2 + m + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(2 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/2, (3 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(1 + m + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m + n)/2, (4 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(1 + m + n)*(2 + m + n))`

### 3.911.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{m+n}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+n} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{m+n}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m+n+1}(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+n} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+n+1} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{A \sin(c + dx) \cos^{m+n+1}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(m + n + 1), \frac{1}{2}(m + n + 3), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(m + n + 1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \cos^{m+n+2}(c + dx)}{d(m + n + 2)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

```
output ((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(-((A*cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,
(1 + m + n)/2, (3 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m + n)
*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/
2, (2 + m + n)/2, (4 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + m +
n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### 3.911.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2034 Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart
[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)
)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] &&
!IntegerQ[m + n]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

### 3.911.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^m(dx + c)) (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)
```

**3.911.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.911.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \cos^m(c + dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**3.911.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.911.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.911.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.912 $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.912.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6879
3.912.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6880
3.912.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6881
3.912.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6882
3.912.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6882
3.912.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6882
3.912.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6883
3.912.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6883

#### 3.912.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{A(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(3 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{6+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^4 d(4 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n], [5/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 2+1/2*n], [3+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(4+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.912.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = -\frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (A(4 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(4 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{6+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(3 + n)(4 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(3 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(3 + n)*(4 + n))`

### 3.912.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2}(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+3} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+3} dx}{b}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{bd(n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \frac{n+6}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{b^2 d(n+4)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.912.  $\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-((A*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(4 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

### 3.912.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.912.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^2(dx + c)) (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`



**3.912.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**3.912.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.912.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.912.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.912.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.913 $\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.913.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6885
3.913.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6886
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3.913.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6887
3.913.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6888
3.913.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6888

#### 3.913.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{A(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d(2 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(3 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n], [2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n], [5/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.913.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = -\frac{\cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (A(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(2 + n)(3 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(2 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(2 + n)*(3 + n))`

### 3.913.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{A \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx}{b}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{bd(n+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{b^2d(n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.913.  $\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-((A*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(3 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### 3.913.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx)*(vu)^(mu)*((bu)*(vu))^(nu), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[uu, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((bu)*sin[(cu) + (du)*(xu)]^(nu), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((bu)*sin[(eu) + (fu)*(xu)]^(mu)*((cu) + (du)*sin[(eu) + (fu)*(xu)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.913.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.913.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**3.913.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x), x)`

**3.913.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.913.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**3.913.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.914 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

3.914.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6889
3.914.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6889
3.914.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6890
3.914.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6891
3.914.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6892
3.914.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6892
3.914.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6892
3.914.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6893
3.914.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6893

#### 3.914.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{A(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1+n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2d(2+n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n], [3/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n], [2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.914.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (A(2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(1 + n) \cos(c + dx))}{d(1 + n)(2 + n)}$$



input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `-(((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(1 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(1 + n)*(2 + n))`

### 3.914.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & A \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{n+1} dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd(n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\
 & \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{b^2d(n+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $-\left(\frac{A(b\cos[c + dx])^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] \sin[c + dx]}{b d (1+n) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}}\right) - \left(\frac{B(b\cos[c + dx])^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] \sin[c + dx]}{b^2 d (2+n) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}}\right)$

### 3.914.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\operatorname{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \sin[c + dx]^2\right], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \&\& \text{ !IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\operatorname{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)+(f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)} * ((c\_)+(d\_)\sin[(e\_)+(f\_)(x\_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

### 3.914.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input  $\operatorname{int}((\cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*\cos(d*x+c)),x)$

output  $\operatorname{int}((\cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*\cos(d*x+c)),x)$

**3.914.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**3.914.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.914.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**3.914.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**3.914.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.915 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

3.915.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6894
3.915.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6894
3.915.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6895
3.915.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6896
3.915.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6897
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3.915.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6897
3.915.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6898
3.915.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6898

#### 3.915.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{A(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1+n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n],[1+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n],[3/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.915.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \cot(c + dx) (A(1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + Bn \cos(c + dx))}{dn(1 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `-((b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*n*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*n*(1 + n))`

### 3.915.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-1} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b \left( A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( A \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-1} dx + \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b \left( -\frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bdn \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}}{b^2 d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*(-((A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*n*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(1 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.915.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.915.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**3.915.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.915.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**3.915.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`



**3.915.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**3.915.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### 3.916 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

3.916.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6899
3.916.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6899
3.916.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6900
3.916.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6901
3.916.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6902
3.916.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	6902
3.916.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6902
3.916.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6903
3.916.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6903

#### 3.916.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{Ab(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(n-1)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n], [1+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.916.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \csc(c + dx) (An \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(-1 + n))}{d(-1 + n)n}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `-((b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-1 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + n)*n)`

### 3.916.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-2} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( A \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-2} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-1} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd(1-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*n*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.916.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.916.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^2(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**3.916.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.916.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**3.916.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.916.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**3.916.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### 3.917 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

3.917.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6904
3.917.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6904
3.917.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6905
3.917.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6906
3.917.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6907
3.917.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6907
3.917.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6907
3.917.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6908
3.917.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6908

#### 3.917.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{Ab^2(b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^{(-2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1+1/2*n], [1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)+b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^{(-1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}
```

#### 3.917.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(-1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(-2 - n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-2 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `-(((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-2 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/ (d*(-2 + n)*(-1 + n))`

### 3.917.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-3} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( A \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-3} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-2} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-2}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd(2-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2}}{b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(1 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.917.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.917.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c) b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^3(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**3.917.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.917.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.917.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.917.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**3.917.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### 3.918 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

3.918.1 Optimal result . . . . .	6909
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#### 3.918.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{Ab^3(b \cos(c + dx))^{-3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output A*b^3*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(−3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, −3/2+1/2*n], [−1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3−n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(−2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, −1+1/2*n], [1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2−n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.918.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - d(-3 + n))}{d(-3 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `-(((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + n)/2, (-1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-3 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^3*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-3 + n)*(-2 + n))`

### 3.918.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^4 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-4} \left( A + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & b^4 \left( A \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-4} dx + \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^4 \left( A \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-4} dx + \frac{B \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{n-3} dx}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & b^4 \left( \frac{A \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-3}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd(3-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2}}{b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x])*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b^4*((A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + n)/2, (-1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(2 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### 3.918.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.918.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos(dx + c) b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sec^4(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

**3.918.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.918.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.918.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.918.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**3.918.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`



### 3.919 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.919.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6915
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3.919.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6917
3.919.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6917
3.919.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6917
3.919.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6918
3.919.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6918
3.919.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6918

#### 3.919.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2A \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(13 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(9 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*A*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4+1/2*n], [11/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4+1/2*n], [13/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(9+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.919.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \csc(c+dx) (A(9+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7+2n), \frac{1}{4}(11+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + B(7+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1/2, (7+2n)/4, (11+2n)/4, \cos^2(c+dx)\right] + B(7+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1/2, (9+2n)/4, (13+2n)/4, \cos^2(c+dx)\right]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin^2(c+dx)]}{d(7+2n)(9+2n)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(9 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(7 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(7 + 2*n)*(9 + 2*n))`**3.919.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))(b \cos(c+dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} \left(A+B \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(A \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) dx\right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

---

3.919.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{7}{2}} dx \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( -\frac{2A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \frac{1}{4}(2n+11), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+7)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \frac{1}{4}(2n+9), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(9 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.919.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.919.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \left( \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c) \right) (\cos(dx + c) b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.919.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.919.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.919.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.919.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.919.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.919.  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

### 3.920 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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3.920.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	6920
3.920.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6920
3.920.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6922
3.920.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	6922
3.920.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	6922
3.920.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6923
3.920.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6923
3.920.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6923

#### 3.920.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2A \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*A*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n], [9/4+1/2
*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(d*x+c)
^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4+1/2*n], [11/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)
^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.920.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(7 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)) + B(5 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)))}{d(5 + 2n)(7 + 2n)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(7 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(5 + 2*n)*(7 + 2*n))`

### 3.920.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\ & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.920.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} dx \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( -\frac{2A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \frac{1}{4}(2n+9), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.920.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



**3.920.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \left( \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c) \right) (\cos(dx + c) b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.920.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.920.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.920.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.920.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.920.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

---

3.920.  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

### 3.921 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.921.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2A \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*A*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n], [7/4+1/2
*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(d*x+c)
^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n], [9/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^
2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.921.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx = \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \csc(c+dx) (A(5+2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3+2n), \frac{1}{4}(7+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)))}{d(3+2n)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(3 + 2*n)*(5 + 2*n))`**3.921.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx))(b \cos(c+dx))^n dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\ & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}\left(A+B \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(A \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)dx + B \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)dx\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.921.  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( -\frac{2A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.921.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.921.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c)) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}) dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.921.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.921.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.921.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx+c) + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.921.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B \cos(dx+c) + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.921.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.922 \quad \int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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### 3.922.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n], [7/4+1/2
*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*A*(b*cos(d*x
+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n], [5/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.922.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(3 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx) + B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx))}{d(1 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$



input `Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(1 + 2*n)*(3 + 2*n))`

### 3.922.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{2A \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(2n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(2n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*A*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.922.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*(b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])] Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.922.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c))}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.922.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.922.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.922.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.922.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.922.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.923** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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**3.923.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2A(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n], [3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sine(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*(b*cos(d*x
+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n], [5/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)*cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(1+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.923.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (A(1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B)}{d(-1 + 4n^2)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-1 + 4*n^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### 3.923.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

↓ 3227

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( 2A \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 2B \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d(1-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*A*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x]]/(d*(1 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x]]/(d*(1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]])))/cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.923.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx._)*((a._)*(v._))^(m._)*((b._)*(v._))^(n._), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b._)*sin[(c._) + (d._)*(x._)])^(n._), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)])^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.923.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c))}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

**3.923.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.923.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**3.923.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**3.923.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**3.923.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

$$3.924 \quad \int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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### 3.924.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2A(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n], [1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sine(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n], [3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.924.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (A(-1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(-1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-3 + 2n)(-1 + 2n)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-3 + 2*n)*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### 3.924.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( 2A \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \right)}{d(3-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*A*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.924.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx)*(a.)*(v.)^(m.)*(b.)*(v.)^(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*(b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])] Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u., x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]^(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]^(m.)*((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.924.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

**3.924.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.924.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.924.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.924.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**3.924.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.925** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.925.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6945  
 3.925.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6946  
 3.925.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6947  
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 3.925.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6947  
 3.925.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6948  
 3.925.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6948

**3.925.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2A(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -5/4+1/2*n], [-1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2
)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*B*(b*cos(d*
x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n], [1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.925.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (A(-3 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(-5 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-5 + 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (A(3 - 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(5 - 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-5 + 2*n)*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### 3.925.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( 2A \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-5), \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \right)}{d(5-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(5-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$



input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*A*cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.925.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_.)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.925.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c))}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

---

3.925.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.925.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.925.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.925.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.925.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**3.925.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.926** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

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 3.926.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6949  
 3.926.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6950  
 3.926.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6951  
 3.926.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 6952  
 3.926.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 6952  
 3.926.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6952  
 3.926.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6953  
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**3.926.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2A(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -7/4+1/2*n], [-3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*B*(b*cos(d*
x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -5/4+1/2*n], [-1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/
d/(5-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.926.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (A(-5 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(-7 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-7 + 2n) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{csc}(c + dx) (A(-1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + B(-7 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-1 + 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-7 + 2*n)/4, (-3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-7 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-7 + 2*n)*(-5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))`

### 3.926.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx))(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{9}{2}} \left(A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \cos^{n-\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( A \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{9}{2}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( 2A \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-7), \frac{1}{4}(2n-3), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \right)}{d(7-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(7-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x]))/cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*A*cos[c + d*x]^(-7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-7 + 2*n)/4, (-3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/cos[c + d*x]^n`

### 3.926.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx._)*((a._)*(v._))^(m._)*((b._)*(v._))^(n._), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*(b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])] Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b._)*sin[(c._) + (d._)*(x_)])^(n._), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x_)])^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.926.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos(dx + c)b)^n (A + B \cos(dx + c))}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((cos(d*x+c)*b)^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

---

3.926.  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

**3.926.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.926.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.926.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.926.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**3.926.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`



### 3.927 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

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#### 3.927.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3Ab \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \frac{1}{6}(13+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3bB \cos^{3+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \frac{1}{6}(16+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(10+3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*b*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m], [1
3/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*b*B*c
os(d*x+c)^(3+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3+1/2*m], [8/3+1/2*m
], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(10+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.927.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \csc(c + dx) (B(7 + 3m) \cos(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{8}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos(c + dx)))}{d(7 + 3m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(7 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3 + m/2, 8/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + A*(10 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(7 + 3*m)*(10 + 3*m))`**3.927.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cos^m(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.927.  $\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{4}{3}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{7}{3}} dx \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 3122 \\
 \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+7), \frac{1}{6}(3m+13), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+7) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{10}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((-3*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(10/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (10 + 3*m)/6, (16 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(10 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)`

### 3.927.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.927.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (\cos^m(dx+c)) (\cos(dx+c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}} (A+B\cos(dx+c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.927.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx = \int (B\cos(dx+c)+A)(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \cos(dx+c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+A*b*cos(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x+c)^m, x)`

**3.927.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.927.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.927.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.927.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.928 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx$

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3.928.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	6960
3.928.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	6962
3.928.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	6962
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3.928.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6963
3.928.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6963
3.928.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6963

#### 3.928.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3A \cos^{1+m}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \frac{1}{6}(14+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(8+3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m], [11/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3+1/2*m], [7/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(8+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.928.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}(A+B \cos(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \csc(c+dx) (A(8+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + B(8+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \frac{1}{6}(14+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} +$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(8 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(5 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, 7/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(5 + 3*m)*(8 + 3*m))`

### 3.928.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( A \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx) dx \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} dx + B \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{5}{3}} dx \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+5), \frac{1}{6}(3m+11), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{8}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*((-3*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(8/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, (14 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(8 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)`

### 3.928.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`



**3.928.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (\cos^m(dx+c)) (\cos(dx+c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}} (A+B\cos(dx+c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.928.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx = \int (B\cos(dx+c)+A)(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx+c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x+c)^m,x)`

**3.928.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx = \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A+B\cos(c+dx)) \cos^m(c+dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c+d*x))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x))*cos(c+d*x)**m,x)`

**3.928.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.928.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.928.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.929 $\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.929.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3A \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(10 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(4 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(13 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3+1/2*m], [5/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m], [13/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.929.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) (A(7 + 3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4 + 3m), \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)))}{d(4 + 3m)(7 + 3m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(7 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(4 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(4 + 3*m)*(7 + 3*m))`

### 3.929.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\ & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) dx)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.929.  $\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{4}{3}} dx \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 3122 \\
 \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+4), \frac{1}{6}(3m+10), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+4)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((-3*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, (10 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)`

### 3.929.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*(b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])] Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.929.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (\cos^m(dx+c)) (\cos(dx+c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}} (A+B\cos(dx+c)) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**3.929.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (B\cos(dx+c)+A)(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx+c)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x+c)^m,x)`

**3.929.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B\cos(c+dx)) \cos^m(c+dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c+d*x))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x))*cos(c+d*x)**m,x)`

**3.929.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.929.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**3.929.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.930 \quad \int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

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3.930.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6973
3.930.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6973

### 3.930.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/3+1/2*m], [4/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)
* sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*
x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m], [11/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c
)/d/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### 3.930.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) (A(5+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + B(5+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(2+3m)(5+3m)}$$

---

3.930.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$



input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(5 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(2 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(2 + 3*m)*(5 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### 3.930.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-\frac{1}{3}} (A+B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) dx \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-\frac{1}{3}} dx + B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{2}{3}} dx \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.930.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+2), \frac{1}{6}(3m+8), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+5), \frac{1}{6}(3m+8), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*((-3*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)`

### 3.930.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

**3.930.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(\cos^m(dx+c))(A+B\cos(dx+c))}{(\cos(dx+c)b)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3), x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(1/3), x)`

**3.930.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.930.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**3.930.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.930.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**3.930.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**3.931** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

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3.931.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	6977
3.931.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	6978
3.931.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	6978

**3.931.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3A \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(1+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*A*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/6+1/2*m], [7/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sine(d*x+c)/d/(1+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*
x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3+1/2*m], [5/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.931.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) (A(4+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + B(4+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(1+3m)(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(4 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 3*m)/6, (7 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(1 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(1 + 3*m)*(4 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### 3.931.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \int \cos^{m-2/3}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-2/3} (A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \left( A \int \cos^{m-2/3}(c+dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m+1/3}(c+dx) dx \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \left( A \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-2/3} dx + B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+1/3} dx \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \left( -\frac{3A\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+1/3}(c+dx)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{6}(3m+1),\frac{1}{6}(3m+7),\cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+4/3}(c+dx)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{6}(3m+1),\frac{1}{6}(3m+7),\cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.931.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*((-3*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 3*m)/6, (7 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, (10 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)`

### 3.931.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*(b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])] Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.931.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos^m(dx + c))(A + B \cos(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(2/3),x)`

---

3.931.  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

**3.931.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.931.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**3.931.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`



**3.931.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**3.931.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**3.932** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

3.932.1 Optimal result . . . . . 6979  
 3.932.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 6979  
 3.932.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 6980  
 3.932.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 6981  
 3.932.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 6982  
 3.932.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 6982  
 3.932.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 6982  
 3.932.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 6983  
 3.932.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 6983

**3.932.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \cos^m(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(-1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(1-3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output `3*A*cos(d*x+c)^m*hypergeom([1/2, -1/6+1/2*m], [5/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1-3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/3+1/2*m], [4/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.932.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) (A(2+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(-1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) - d(-1+3m)(2+3m))}{d(-1+3m)(2+3m)}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output  $(-3*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(1 + m)}*\text{Csc}[c + d*x]*(A*(2 + 3*m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-1 + 3*m)/6, (5 + 3*m)/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + B*(-1 + 3*m)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + 3*m)*(2 + 3*m)*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(4/3)})$

### 3.932.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx)(A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) dx + B \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx) dx \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{4}{3}} dx + B \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{1}{3}} dx \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m-1), \frac{1}{6}(3m+5), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1-3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+1), \frac{1}{6}(3m+5), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1-3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*((3*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 3*m)/6, (5 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### 3.932.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx)*(a.)*(v.)^(m.)*(b.)*(v.)^(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*(b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])] Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u., x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]^(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]^(m.)*((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

### 3.932.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(\cos^m(dx + c))(A + B \cos(dx + c))}{(\cos(dx + c)b)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(cos(d*x+c)*b)^(4/3),x)`

**3.932.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**3.932.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(4/3), x)`

**3.932.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.932.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c))/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**3.932.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m(A+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x)))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

## APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions . . . . . 6984

## 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

### 4.1.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*           GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
```

```

(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*   is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*   antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A"," "}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A"," "}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.$
      ]
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
      ,
      finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
  ];

  finalresult
]

```



```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
    If[ListQ[expn],
      Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
      If[Head[expn]===Power,
        If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
          ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
          If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
            If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
              1,
              Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
            Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]]],
          If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
            Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
            If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
            If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
            If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
            If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
            If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
            If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
            9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

### 4.1.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000

```

```

#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
#do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
    return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues";
fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

```

```

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
  fi;
  if is_contains_complex(result) then
    if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
      if debug then
        print("both result and optimal complex");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        return "A"," ";
      else
        return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_
        end if
      else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
          print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
      fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
      # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
      if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well"
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A"," ";
      else
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of o
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," )=" ,convert(2*leaf_cou
        fi;
      fi;
    fi;
  fi;

```

```

else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
  fi;
  return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  end if
end proc:

```

```

elif type(expn, ``~`) then
  if type(op(2,expn), 'integer') then
    ExpnType(op(1,expn))
  elif type(op(2,expn), 'rational') then
    if type(op(1,expn), 'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  else
    max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)), ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
  end if
elif type(expn, ``+`) or type(expn, ``*`) then
  max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)), max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(4, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(5, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(6, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif op(0,expn)='int' then
  max(8, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)]))) else
  9
end if
end proc:

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,

```

```

        GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
        EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
    if nops(u)=2 then
        op(2,u)
    else
        apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
    end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
    MmaTranslator[Mma] [LeafCount] (u);
end proc:

```

### 4.1.3 Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#          Port of original Maple grading function by
#          Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#          added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):

```

```
if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
        return True
    else:
        return False
else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
```



```

return 1
elif isinstance(expn,list):
    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,``^`)
    if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
        return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnT
elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,``+`) or type(expn,``*`)
    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

```

*#main function*

```

def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)

    #print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```

#### 4.1.4 SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
```

```

        return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func ," is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func ," is NOT special_function")

    return m

```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric', 'hypergeometric_M', 'hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=", expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-try:
    try:
        if expn.parent() is SR:
            return expn.operator() is None
        if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
            return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
        if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
            return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

        return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        print("Exception, AttributeError in is_atom")
        print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
        return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list:  #isinstance(expn,list):

```

```

    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
    if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)
        return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #instance(expn.args[1],Rational)
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #instance(expn.args[0],Rational)
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #instance(expn,Add) or inst
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print("type(anti)",type(result))
    print("type(optimal)",type(optimal))

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger t
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal." + str(leaf
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order " + str(expnType_resu

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```